



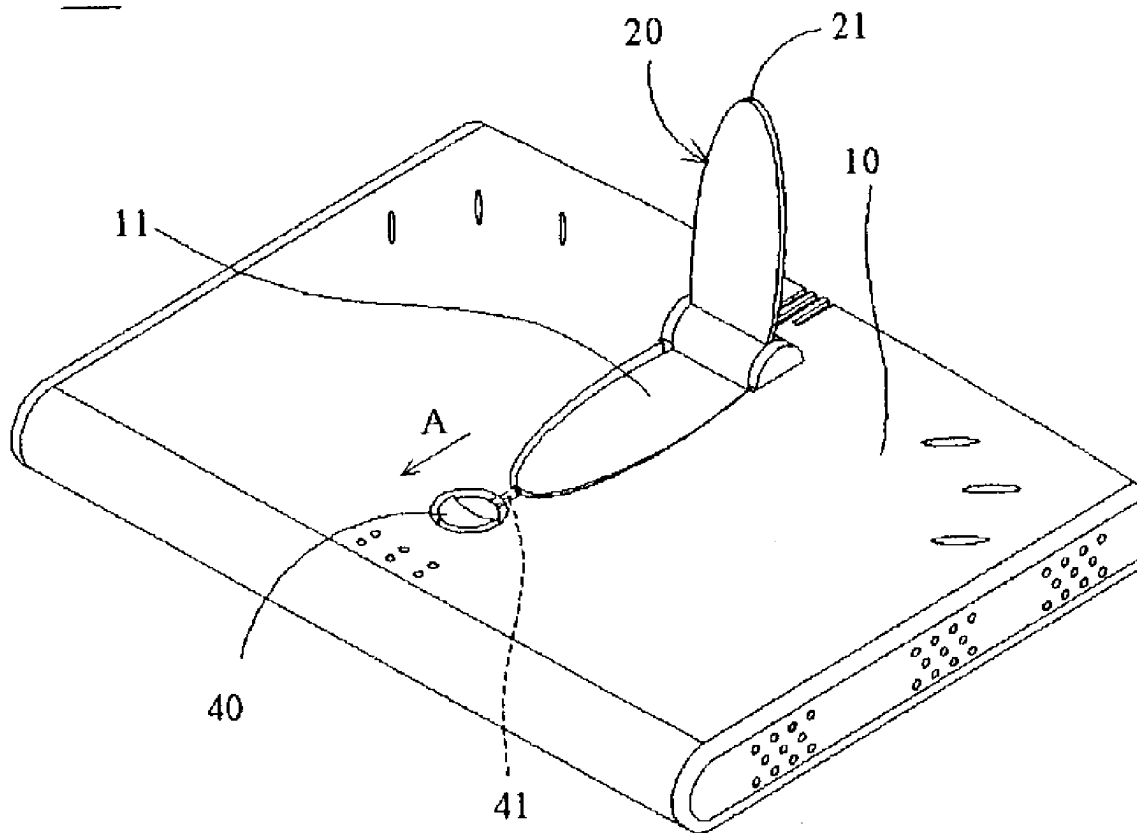
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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication** (10) **Pub. No.: US 2004/0155822 A1**
Lien (43) **Pub. Date: Aug. 12, 2004**(54) **ANTENNA ASSEMBLY AND WIRELESS COMMUNICATION DEVICE**(52) **U.S. Cl. 343/702**(76) **Inventor: Tai Tung Lien, Miaoli (TW)**(57) **ABSTRACT**

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An antenna assembly and a wireless communication device of the invention are disclosed. The wireless communication device includes a casing, an antenna body, a rotary assembly, and a moving member. The antenna body is mounted in a concave portion of the casing for generating electromagnetic signals. The antenna body is rotated at a predetermined angle. The rotary assembly, connected to the antenna body, rotates the antenna body. The moving member, mounted on the casing, immobilizes or releases the antenna body. Therefore, users can rotate the antenna body simply by moving the moving member.

100

100

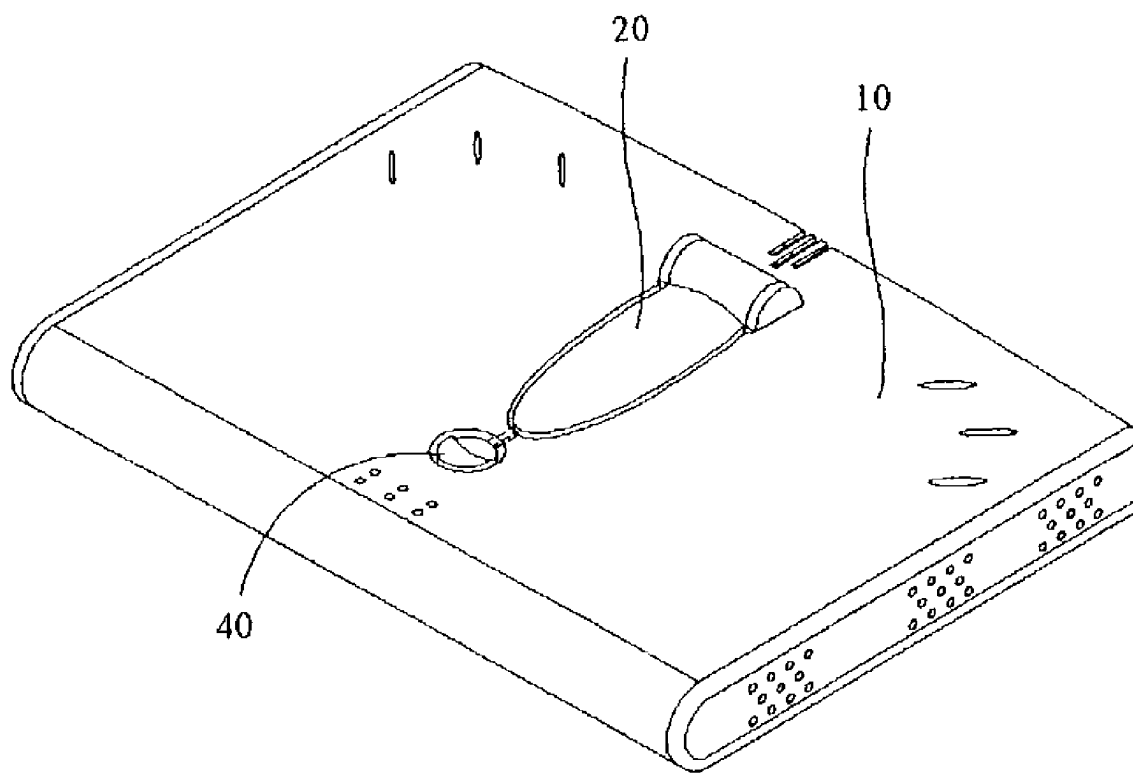


FIG. 1a

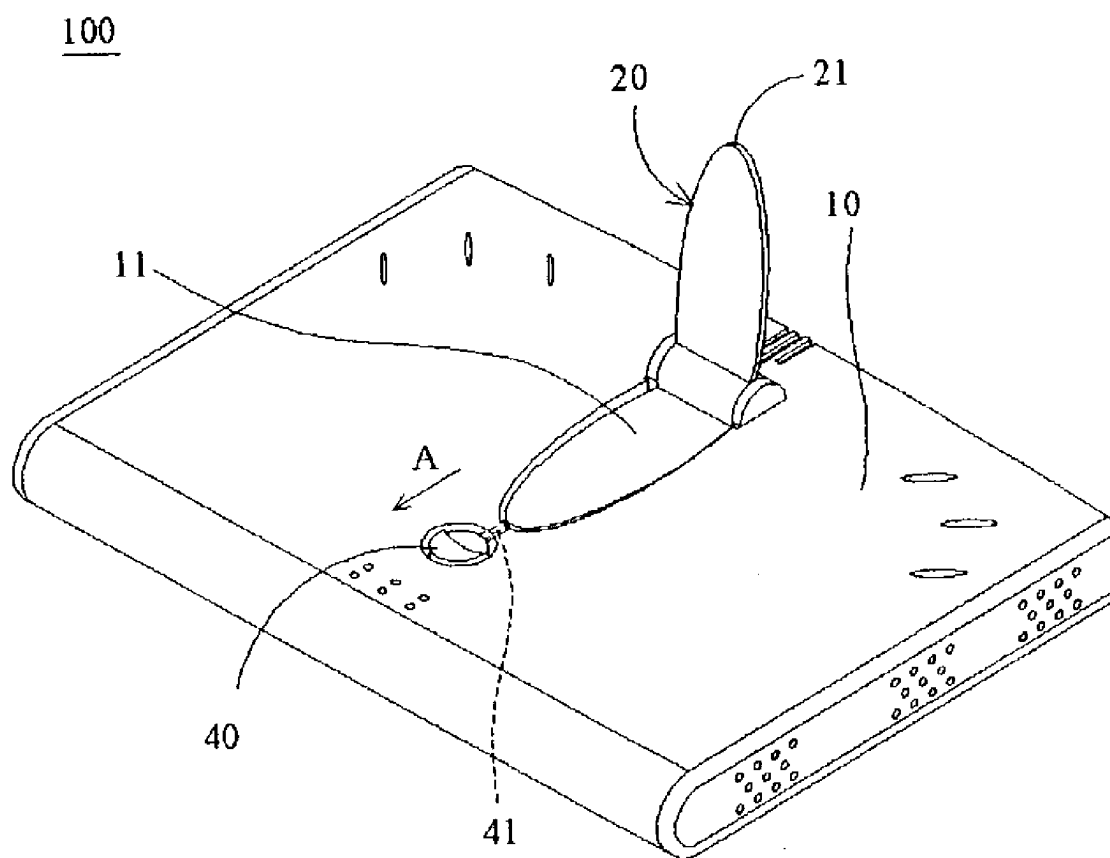


FIG. 1b

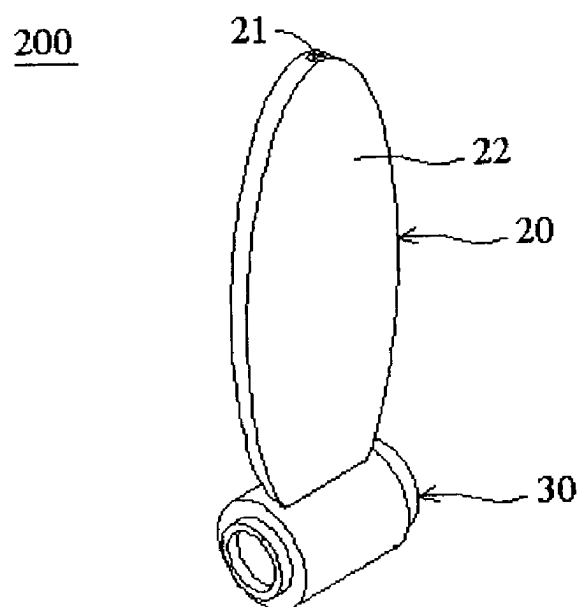


FIG. 2a

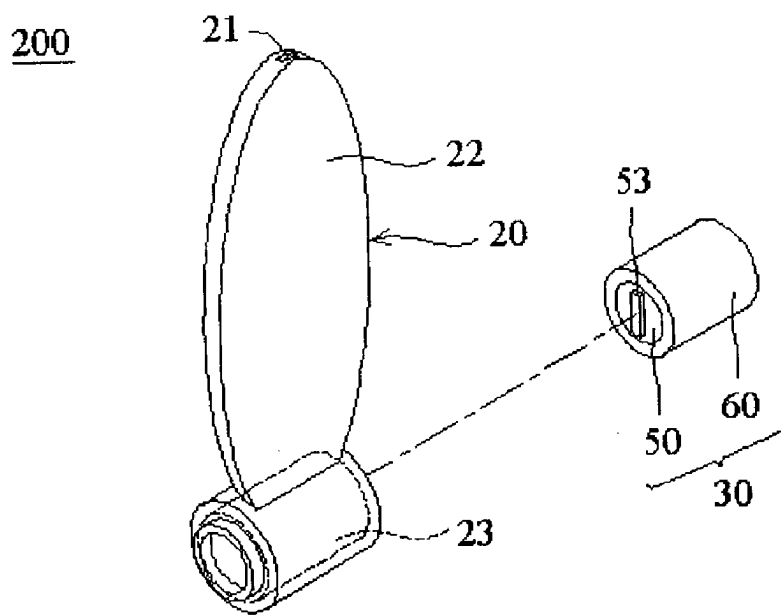


FIG. 2b

200

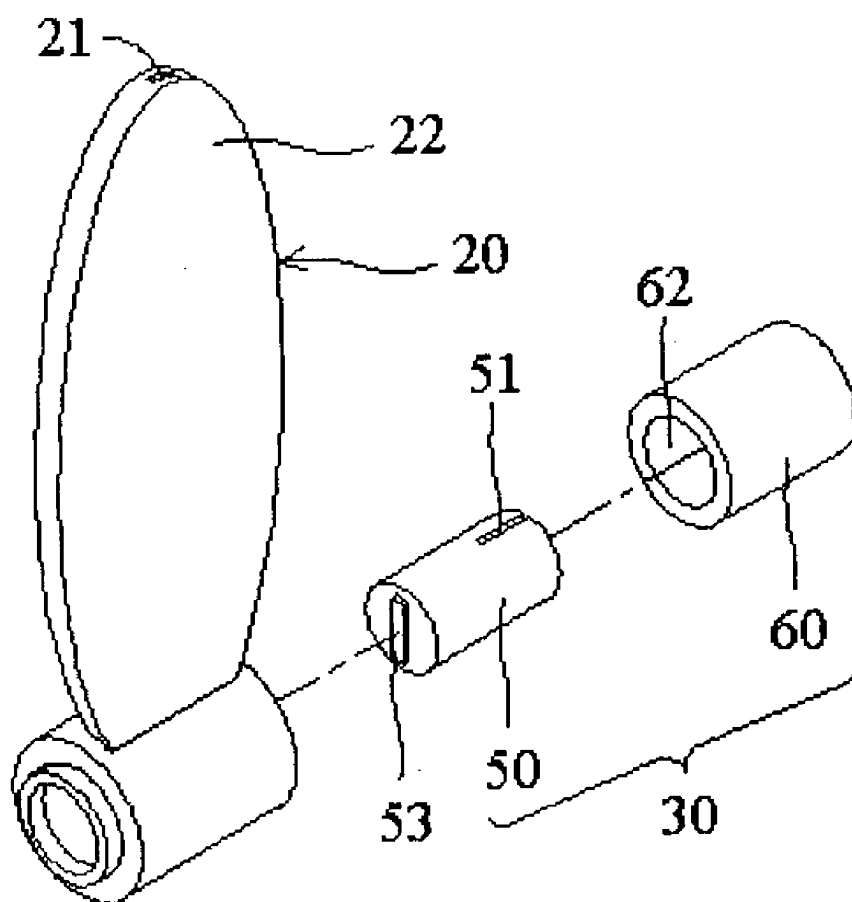


FIG. 2c

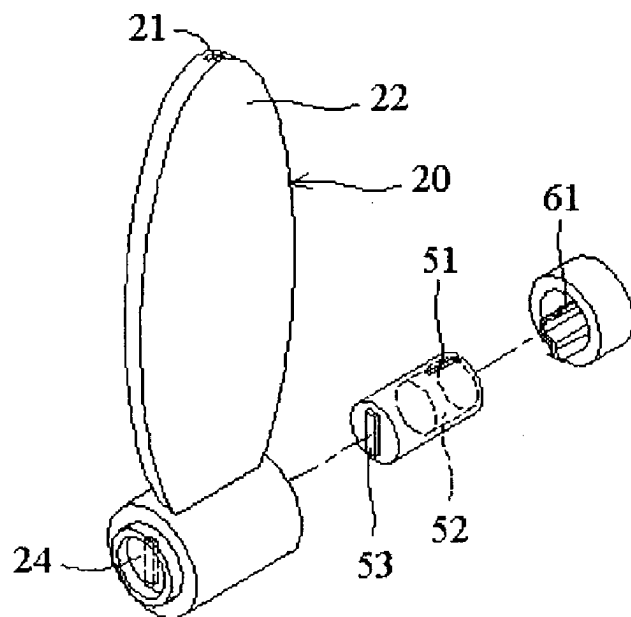


FIG. 3a

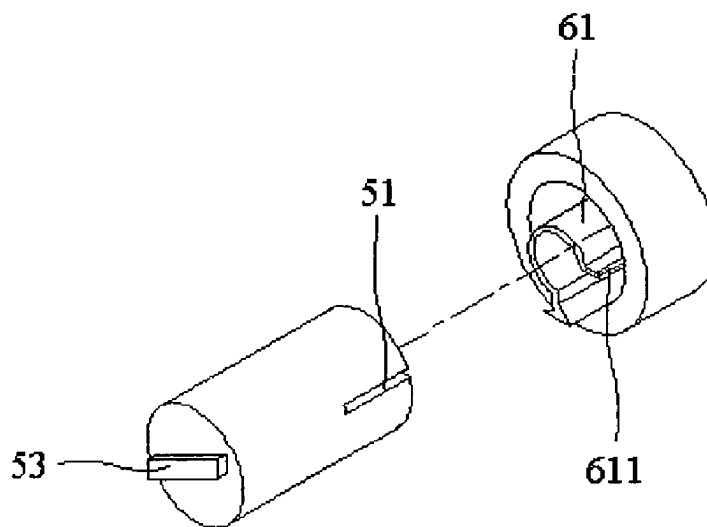


FIG. 3b

ANTENNA ASSEMBLY AND WIRELESS COMMUNICATION DEVICE

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0001] 1. Field of the Invention

[0002] The invention relates to a wireless communication device; in particular, a wireless communication device with an automatic antenna assembly.

[0003] 2. Description of the Related Art

[0004] Wireless communication devices, such as wireless bridges, are more and more popular, providing many conveniences. In the wireless communication device, an antenna is a necessary unit.

[0005] In the conventional wireless communication device, the antenna is manually rotated to a predetermined position. However, it is a very inconvenient operation for the user.

[0006] In addition, since the wireless communication device is a hi-tech product, the manual rotation does not match its image.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] In order to address the disadvantages of the aforementioned wireless communication device, the invention provides a wireless communication device with an automatic antenna assembly.

[0008] The invention provides a wireless communication device, including a casing, an antenna body, a rotary assembly, and a moving member. The antenna body is mounted in a concave portion of the casing for generating electromagnetic signals. The antenna body is rotated at a predetermined angle. The rotary assembly, connected to the antenna body, rotates the antenna body. The moving member, mounted on the casing, immobilizes or releases the antenna body.

[0009] In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the antenna body includes a first hole mounted at a front end of the antenna body such that when a first protrusion of the moving member is inserted into the first hole, the antenna body is immobilized, and when the first protrusion of the moving member is disengaged from the first hole, the antenna body is released.

[0010] In another preferred embodiment of the invention, the rotary assembly includes a rotating member and a sleeve such that the rotating member is engaged with the antenna body and the sleeve is engaged with the rotating member respectively.

[0011] Furthermore, the rotating member includes a groove, and the sleeve includes a bending portion inserted into the groove, so the antenna body is rotated at the predetermined angle when the antenna body via the rotating member deforms the bending portion.

[0012] Furthermore, the rotating member includes a first hollow portion and a second protrusion. Thus, the first hollow portion is received the bending portion, and the second protrusion is inserted into a second hole of the antenna body.

[0013] Furthermore, the rotating member and the sleeve are received into a second hollow portion of the antenna body.

[0014] In another preferred embodiment, the predetermined angle is approximately 90 degree.

[0015] The invention also provides an antenna assembly for a wireless communication device. The antenna assembly includes an antenna body, a rotary assembly, and a moving member. The antenna body, having a first hole, generates electromagnetic signals, and rotates at a predetermined angle. The rotary assembly is connected to the antenna body for rotating the antenna body. The moving member, having a first protrusion, immobilizes or releases the antenna body. Thus, the antenna body is immobilized when the first protrusion is inserted into the first hole, and the antenna body is released when the first protrusion is disengaged from the first hole.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0016] The invention is hereinafter described in detail with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

[0017] **FIG. 1a** is a schematic view of a wireless communication device as disclosed in the embodiment, wherein an antenna body is located at a first position, and a moving member is located at a third position;

[0018] **FIG. 1b** is another schematic view of a wireless communication device as disclosed in the invention, wherein the antenna body is located at a second position, and the moving member is located at a fourth position;

[0019] **FIG. 2a** is a schematic view of an antenna assembly in **FIG. 1a**;

[0020] **FIG. 2b** is another schematic view of the antenna assembly, wherein the antenna body and a rotary assembly are separated;

[0021] **FIG. 2c** is another schematic view of the antenna assembly, wherein a sleeve and a rotating member are separated;

[0022] **FIG. 3a** is another schematic view of the antenna assembly, wherein the sleeve is partially cut; and

[0023] **FIG. 3b** is a schematic view of the sleeve and the rotating member in **FIG. 2c**, wherein a bending portion of the sleeve is deformed.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0024] Referring to **FIG. 1a** and **FIG. 2b**, a wireless communication device **100**, as disclosed in the embodiment of the invention, includes a casing **10**, an antenna body **20**, a rotary assembly **30**, and a moving member **40**. An antenna assembly **200**, as disclosed in the embodiment, includes an antenna body **20**, a rotary assembly **30**, and a moving member **40**.

[0025] The casing **10** is a basic unit of the wireless communication device **100**, and includes required devices of the wireless communication device **100** therein. Since the required devices are the same as those of the conventional wireless communication device, their description is omitted.

In addition, the casing **10** includes a concave portion **11** for receiving the antenna body **20**.

[0026] The antenna body **20** is a transmission interface between the wireless communication device **100** and the environment, generating and transmitting electromagnetic signals. The antenna body **20** is mounted on the casing **10** in a manner such that the antenna body **20** is rotated between a lowered position (as shown in **FIG. 1a** and hereinafter referred to as a first position) and an upright position (as shown in **FIG. 1b** and hereinafter referred to as a second position). That is, the antenna body **20** is rotated at a predetermined angle. For example, the predetermined angle is approximately at a range of 90 degree but not limited to 90 degree. Referring to **FIG. 2b**, the antenna body **20** includes a first hole **21**, a main portion **22**, and a second hollow portion **23**. The first hole **21** is formed at a front end of the antenna body **20**. When the antenna body **20** is located at the first position, the main portion **22** is located in the concave portion **11** of the casing **10**. Furthermore, the rotary assembly **30** is received into the second hollow portion **23**.

[0027] The moving member **40** is used for immobilizing or releasing the antenna body **20**. The moving member **40** is mounted on the casing **10** in a manner such that it is rotated between an engagement position (as shown in **FIG. 1a** and hereinafter referred to as a third position) and a separation position (as shown in **FIG. 1b** and hereinafter referred to as a fourth position). The moving member **40** includes a first protrusion **41** to be inserted into the first hole **21** of the antenna body **20**. Thus, when the moving member **40** is located at the third position, the first protrusion **41** is inserted into the first hole **21** to immobilize the antenna body **20** at the first position. Furthermore, when the moving member **40** is located at the fourth position, the first protrusion **41** is disengaged from the first hole **21**, and therefore the antenna body **20** is released and rotated round the rotary assembly **30** toward the second position.

[0028] The rotary assembly **30** is disposed in the casing **10**, and is connected with the antenna body **20** to rotate the antenna body **20** as shown in **FIG. 2a**. Referring to **FIG. 2a**, **FIG. 2b**, **FIG. 2c**, **FIG. 3a**, and **FIG. 3b**, the rotary assembly **30** includes a rotating member **50** and a sleeve **60**.

[0029] The rotating member **50** includes a groove **51**, a first hollow portion **52**, and a second protrusion **53**. The second protrusion **53** is inserted into the second hole **24** of the antenna body **20** so that the rotating member **50** is combined with the antenna body **20** and is rotated along with the antenna body **20**.

[0030] The sleeve **60** is disposed in the second hollow portion **23** of the antenna body **20**, and is fixed in the casing **10** at one end. The sleeve **60** includes a bending portion **61** and a third hollow portion **62**. The bending portion **61** is integrally formed on the sleeve **60**. When the sleeve **60** is combined with the rotating member **50**, the bending portion **61** is received in the first hollow portion **52** of the rotating member **52**, and an end portion **611** of the bending portion **61** is located in the groove **51** of the rotating member **50**, and the whole rotating member **50** is received in the third hollow portion **62**.

[0031] As stated above, when the moving member **40** is located at the third position, the antenna body **20** via the rotating member **50** deforms the bending portion **61** of the

sleeve **60**. At this time, the bending portion **61** forms a 270-degree arc as shown in **FIG. 3b**. When the moving member **40** is located at the fourth position, the bending portion **61** is released. At this time, the bending portion **61** forms a 180-degree arc as shown in **FIG. 3a** to rotate the antenna body **20** to the second position via the rotating member **50**.

[0032] It is noted that the bending portion **61** is made of elastic material; therefore, when the bending portion **61** is subjected to external force, it is deformed.

[0033] It is understood that the antenna body **20** is provided with flush lubricating material in the second hollow portion **23** to allow smooth rotation of the sleeve **60**, and the sleeve **60** is also provided with flush lubricating material in the third hollow portion **62** to allow smooth rotation of the rotating member **50**. Therefore, the antenna body **20** rotates smoothly.

[0034] Before the antenna body **20** is raised, the moving member **40** is moved toward a direction as shown in an arrow A of **FIG. 1b**. Then, the first protrusion **41** of the moving member **40** is disengaged from the first hole **21** of the antenna body **20**. So, the bending portion **61** of the sleeve **60** of the rotary assembly **30** is released to rotate the antenna body **20** to the second position via the rotating member **50**.

[0035] When the raised-up antenna body **20** is pressed down, the first protrusion **41** of the moving member **40** is inserted into the first hole **21** of the antenna body **20**. Thus, the antenna body **20** is returned to the casing **10**.

[0036] As stated above, the user can raise the antenna body **20** simply by moving the moving member **40**; thus, it is more convenient than rotating the antenna body manually.

[0037] Furthermore, since the main portion **22** of the antenna body **20** can be disposed in the concave portion **11** of the casing **10**, the appearance of the wireless communication device **100** is neater and more appealing.

[0038] It is noted that the design of the antenna assembly of the wireless communication device as disclosed in the embodiment is also applicable to wireless bridge and others.

[0039] While the invention has been particularly shown and described with reference to a preferred embodiment, it will be readily appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that various changes and modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. It is intended that the claims be interpreted to cover the disclosed embodiment, those alternatives which have been discussed above, and all equivalents thereto.

What is claimed is:

1. A wireless communication device comprising:

a casing;

an antenna body mounted in a concave portion of said casing for generating and transmitting electromagnetic signals, wherein said antenna body is rotated at a predetermined angle;

a rotary assembly connected to said antenna body for rotating said antenna body; and

a moving member mounted on said casing for immobilizing or releasing said antenna body.

2. The wireless communication device as recited in claim 1, wherein said antenna body comprises a first hole mounted at a front end of the antenna body such that when a first protrusion of the moving member inserted into the first hole, the antenna body is immobilized, and when the first protrusion of the moving member is disengaged from the first hole, the antenna body is released.

3. The wireless communication device as recited in claim 1, wherein said rotary assembly comprises a rotating member and a sleeve that said rotating member is engaged with said antenna body and said sleeve is engaged with the rotating member respectively.

4. The wireless communication device as recited in claim 3, wherein said rotating member comprises a groove and said sleeve, said sleeve comprising a bending portion inserted into said groove such that said antenna body is rotated to said predetermined angle when said antenna body via said rotating member deforms said bending portion.

5. The wireless communication device as recited in claim 3, wherein said rotating member comprises a first hollow portion and a second protrusion, whereby said first hollow portion is received said bending portion and the second protrusion is inserted into a second hole of the antenna body.

6. The wireless communication device as recited in claim 3, wherein said rotating member and said sleeve are received into a second hollow portion of the antenna body.

7. The wireless communication device as recited in claim 1, wherein said predetermined angle is approximately at a range of 0 to 90 degree.

8. An antenna assembly, for used in a wireless communication device, comprising:

an antenna body having a first hole for generating and transmitting electromagnetic signals, wherein said antenna body is rotated to a predetermined angle;

a rotary assembly connected to said antenna body for rotating said antenna body; and

a moving member for immobilizing or releasing said antenna body, providing a first protrusion, whereby said antenna body is immobilized when said first protrusion is inserted into said first hole and said antenna body is released when said first protrusion is disengaged from said first hole.

9. The antenna assembly as recited in claim 8, wherein said rotary assembly comprises a rotating member and a sleeve, said sleeve having a bending portion and a third hollow portion, whereby said sleeve is engaged with said rotating member and said rotating member is engaged with said antenna body.

10. The antenna assembly as recited in claim 9, wherein said rotating member comprises a groove, a first hollow portion, and a second protrusion, whereby said groove and said first hollow portion are inserted by the bending portion such that said antenna body via said rotating member deforms said bending portion when said antenna body is rotated to said predetermined angle, and said second protrusion is inserted into a second hole of said rotary assembly.

11. The antenna assembly as recited in claim 9, wherein said rotating member and said sleeve are inserted into a second hollow portion of said antenna body.

12. The antenna assembly as recited in claim 9, wherein said third hollow portion of said sleeve comprises a lubricating material for smoothing said rotating member.

13. The antenna assembly as recited in claim 8, wherein said predetermined angle is approximately at a range of 0 to 90 degree.

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