

FortiSandbox - Administration Guide

VERSION 2.3.2



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FortiSandbox 2.3.2 Administration Guide

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Change Log

Date	Change Description
2016-11-03	Initial release.
2016-11-09	Updated <i>Appendix C: Create a Customized Virtual Machine > Step 7 Install the Customized VM Image to FortiSandbox and Apply It > CLI command</i> : vm-customized -cf -mproduct.list -t<ftp scp> -s<server_ip> -u<username> -p<password> -f</meta_file_path> -v<custom_vm_name>

Introduction

Fighting today's Advanced Persistent Threats (APTs) requires a multi-layer approach. FortiSandbox offers the ultimate combination of proactive mitigation, advanced threat visibility, and comprehensive reporting. More than just a sandbox, FortiSandbox deploys Fortinet's award-winning, dynamic antivirus and threat scanning technology, dual level sandboxing, and optional integrated FortiGuard cloud queries to beat Advanced Evasion Techniques (AETs) and deliver state-of-the-art threat protection.

Fortinet's dynamic scanning is based on our custom Compact Pattern Recognition Language (CPRL) and ASIC hardware acceleration. The result is fast, powerful detection, unique to Fortinet, that uses a single signature to identify tens of thousands of variations of viral code. FortiSandbox utilizes advanced detection, dynamic antivirus scanning, and threat scanning technology to detect viruses and APTs. It leverages the FortiGuard web filtering database to inspect and flag malicious URL requests, and is able to identify threats that standalone antivirus solutions may not detect.

FortiSandbox works with your existing devices, like FortiGate, FortiWeb, FortiClient and FortiMail, to identify malicious and suspicious files and network traffic. It has a complete extreme antivirus database that will catch viruses that may have been missed.

FortiSandbox can be configured to sniff traffic from the network, scan files on a network share with a pre-defined schedule, quarantine malicious files, and receive files from FortiGate, FortiWeb, FortiMail, and FortiClient. For example, FortiMail 5.2.0 and later allows you to forward email attachments to FortiSandbox for advanced inspection and analysis. Files can also be uploaded directly to it for sandboxing through the web GUI or JSON API. You can also submit a website URL to scan to help you identify web pages hosting malicious content before users attempt to open the pages on their host machines.

FortiSandbox executes suspicious files in the VM host module to determine if the file is High, Medium, or Low Risk based on the behavior observed in the VM sandbox module. The rating engine scores each file from its behavior log (tracer log) that is gathered in the VM module and, if the score falls within a certain range, a risk level is determined.

The following table lists infection types and attacks that are identified by FortiSandbox.

Infection Type	Description
Infector	Infector malware is used to steal system and user information. The stolen information is then uploaded to command and control servers. Once the infector installs on a computer, it attempts to infect other executable files with malicious code.
Worm	Worm malware replicates itself in order to spread to other computers. This type of malware does not need to attach itself to an existing program. Worms, like viruses, can damage data or software.
Botnet	Botnet malware is used to distribute malicious software. A botnet is a collection of Internet-connected programs communicating with other similar programs in order to perform a task. Computers that are infected by botnet malware can be controlled remotely. This type of malware is designed for financial gain or to launch attacks on websites or networks.
Hijack	Hijack malware attempts to hijack the system by modifying important registry keys or system files.

Infection Type	Description
Stealer	Stealer malware is used to harvest login credentials of standalone systems, networks, FTP, email, game servers and other websites. Once the system is infected, the malware can be customized by the attacker.
Backdoor	Backdoor malware installs a network service for remote access to your network. This type of malware can be used to access your network and install additional malware, including stealer and downloader malware.
Injector	Injector malware injects malicious code into system processes to perform tasks on its behalf.
Rootkit	Rootkit malware attempts to hide its components by replacing vital system executables. Rootkits allow malware to bypass antivirus detection as they appear to be necessary system files.
Adware	Adware malware is a software package which attempts to access advertising websites. Adware displays these unwanted advertisements to the user.
Dropper	Dropper malware is designed to install malicious software to the target system. The malware code may be contained within the dropper or downloaded to the target system once activated.
Downloader	Downloader malware attempts to download other malicious programs.
Trojan	Trojan malware is a hacking program which gains privileged access to the operating system to drop a malicious payload, including backdoor malware. Trojans can be used to cause data damage, system damage, data theft or other malicious purposes.
Riskware	Riskware malware has security critical functions which pose a threat to the computer.
Grayware	Grayware malware is a classification for applications that behave in a manner that is annoying or undesirable. Grayware includes spyware, adware, dialers, and remote access tools that are designed to harm the performance of computers on your network.
Unknown	No definitions currently exist for this type of attack.

FortiSandbox scans executable (Windows .exe and .dll script files), JavaScript, Microsoft Office, Adobe Flash, PDF, archives, and other file types the user defines. JavaScript and PDF are the two common software types that malware uses to execute malicious code. For example, JavaScript is often used to create heap sprays and inject malicious code to execute in other software products such as Adobe Reader (PDF).

When a malware is scanned inside a FortiSandbox VM environment, FortiSandbox scans its outgoing traffic for connections to botnet servers and determines the nature of the traffic and connection hosts.

Key features of FortiSandbox include:

- Dynamic Antimalware updates/Cloud query: Receives updates from FortiGuard Labs and send queries to the FortiSandbox Community Cloud in real time, helping to intelligently and immediately detect existing and emerging threats.

- Code emulation: Performs lightweight sandbox inspection in real time for best performance, including certain malware that uses sandbox evasion techniques and/or only executes with specific software versions.
- Full virtual environment: Provides a contained runtime environment to analyze high risk or suspicious code and explore the full threat life cycle.
- Advanced visibility: Delivers comprehensive views into a wide range of network, system and file activity, categorized by risk, to help speed incident response.
- Network Alert: Inspects network traffic for requests to visit malicious sites, establish communications with C&C servers and other activity indicative of a compromise. It provides a complete picture of the victim host's infection cycle.
- Manual analysis: Allows security administrators to manually upload malware samples via the FortiSandbox web GUI or JSON API to perform virtual sandboxing without the need for a separate appliance.
- Optional submission to FortiSandbox Community Cloud: Tracer reports, malicious files and other information may be submitted to FortiSandbox Community Cloud in order to receive remediation recommendations and updated in line protections.
- Schedule scan of network shares: Perform a schedule scan of network shares in Network File System (NFS) v2 to v4 and Common Internet File System (CIFS) formats to quarantine suspicious files.
- Scan job archive: You can archive scan jobs to a network share for backup and further analysis.
- Website URL scan: Scan websites to a certain depth for a predefined time period.
- Cluster supporting High Availability: Provide a non-interruption, high performance system for malware detection.

What's new in FortiSandbox 2.3.2

To view a detailed list of the new features and enhancements in FortiSandbox 2.3.2, please see the FortiSandbox 2.3.2 Release Notes available at the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

About this document

This document describes how to configure and manage your FortiSandbox system and the connected FortiGate/FortiMail devices.

FortiSandbox system documentation assumes that you have one or more Fortinet products such as FortiGate/FortiMail units, the Fortinet system documentation, and you are familiar with configuring your Fortinet devices units before using the FortiSandbox system.



To configure your FortiGate device to submit files to FortiSandbox, your FortiGate must be running FortiOS or FortiOS Carrier version 5.0.4 and later or 5.2.0 and later.
For more information, see [The FortiOS Handbook](#) in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).



To configure your FortiMail email gateway to identify suspicious or high risk files in email and submit them to FortiSandbox, your FortiMail must be running FortiMail version 5.2.0 and later.
For more information, see the *FortiMail 5.2 Administration Guide* in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).



To configure your FortiClient to send files to the FortiSandbox and receive results, your FortiClient must be running FortiClient 5.4.0 and later.
For more information, see the *FortiClient 5.4.0 Administration Guide* in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).



To configure your FortiWeb to submit files for FortiSandbox to evaluate, your FortiWeb must be running 5.4.0 and later
For more information, see the *FortiWeb 5.4.0 Administration Guide* in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

Connecting to the Command Line Interface

The FortiSandbox CLI commands are intended to be used for initial device configuration and troubleshooting. The FortiSandbox device is primarily configured using the GUI. You can enable SSH and Telnet access on the port1 (administration) interface and access the CLI through SSH or Telnet to troubleshoot the device including RAID related hard disk issues. You can also connect to the CLI through the console port.

To connect to the CLI through the console port:

1. Connect the FortiSandbox unit console port to the management computer using the provided console cable.
2. Start a terminal emulation program on the management computer.
3. Use the following settings:

Serial line to connect to	COM1
Speed (baud)	9600
Data bits	8
Stop bits	1
Parity	None
Flow Control	None

4. Press **Open** to connect to the FortiSandbox CLI. The `login as` page is displayed.
5. Type a valid administrator name and press **Enter**.
6. Type the password for this administrator and press **Enter**.

For more information on FortiSandbox CLI commands, see [Appendix A: CLI Reference](#).

Using the GUI

This section describes general information about using the GUI to access the FortiSandbox system from within a web browser. This section also explains common GUI tasks that an administrator does on a regular basis.

GUI overview

The GUI is a user-friendly interface for configuring settings and managing the FortiSandbox unit. The GUI can be accessed from a web browser on any management computer.

Connecting to the GUI

The FortiSandbox unit is configured and managed using the GUI. This section will step you through connecting to the unit via the GUI.



To quickly locate a menu item, you can enter the term in the *Search* bar located at the top of the left side panel.



Information messages for certain pages will be displayed in the *Message Bar* located at the top of the right side panel. Messages will disappear after a few seconds.

To connect to the FortiSandbox GUI:

1. Connect the port1 (administration) interface of the device to a management computer using the provided Ethernet cable.
2. Configure the management computer to be on the same subnet as the internal interface of the FortiSandbox unit:
 - a. Browse to *Network and Sharing Center > Change adapter settings > Local Area Connection Properties > Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties*. These directions may vary based on the version of your operating system.
 - b. Change the IP address of the management computer to 192.168.0.2 and the network mask to 255.255.255.0.
3. Start a supported web browser and browse to `https://192.168.0.99`.
4. Type `admin` in the *Name* field, leave the *Password* field blank, and select *Login*.
You can now proceed with configuring your FortiSandbox unit.



If the network interfaces have been configured differently during installation, the URL and/or permitted administrative access protocols may no longer be in their default state.

Default port information

FortiSandbox treats Port1 as reserved for device management, and Port3 be reserved for the Windows VM to communicate with the outside network. The other ports are used for file input and communication among cluster nodes. In Cluster mode, FortiSandbox uses TCP ports 2015 and 2018 for cluster internal communication.

The following tables list the default open ports for each FortiSandbox interface.

FortiSandbox 3500D and 3000E default ports

Port (Interface)	Type	Default Open Ports
Port1	RJ-45	<p>22 (SSH), 23 (Telnet), 80 and 443 (GUI), 514 (OFTP communication with FortiGate, FortiWeb, FortiClient & FortiMail), SNMP local query port.</p> <p>FortiGuard Distribution Servers (FDS) use 8890 for download. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked by the kernel.</p> <p>FortiGuard Web Filtering servers use UDP port 53 or 8888. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked up by the kernel.</p> <p>The Sandbox Community Cloud uses UPD port 53 or 8888 and TCP port 443. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked up by the kernel.</p> <p>If you configure an internal mail server, internal DNS server, remote syslog server, LDAP server, SNMP managers, NTP server, or override the web filtering server IP address, communication is recommended to be through this interface. Ensure that the applicable routing is configured.</p>
Port2, Port4	RJ-45	No service listens except OFTP.
Port3	RJ-45	No service listens. Reserved for guest VM to communicate with the outside network.
Port5, Port6	SFP+	No service listens except OFTP.

FortiSandbox 3000D default ports

Port (Interface)	Type	Default Open Ports
Port1	RJ-45	<p>22 (SSH), 23 (Telnet), 80 and 443 (GUI), 514 (OFTP communication with FortiGate, FortiWeb, FortiClient & FortiMail). SNMP local query port.</p> <p>FortiGuard Distribution Servers (FDS) use 8890 for download. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked by the kernel.</p> <p>FortiGuard Web Filtering servers use UDP port 53 or 8888. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked up by the kernel.</p> <p>The Sandbox Community Cloud uses UDP port 53 or 8888 and TCP port 443. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked up by the kernel.</p> <p>If you configure an internal mail server, internal DNS server, remote syslog server, LDAP server, SNMP managers, NTP server, or override the web filtering server IP address, communication is recommended to be through this interface. Ensure that the applicable routing is configured.</p>
Port2, Port4	RJ-45	All ports are open.
Port3	RJ-45	All ports are open. Reserved for guest VM to communicate with the outside network.
Port5, Port6	SFP	All ports are open.
Port7, Port8	SFP+	All ports are open.

FortiSandbox 1000D default ports

Port (Interface)	Type	Default Open Ports
Port1	RJ-45	<p>22 (SSH), 23 (Telnet), 80 and 443 (GUI), 514 (OFTP communication with FortiGate, FortiWeb, FortiClient & FortiMail).</p> <p>FortiGuard Distribution Servers (FDS) use 8890 for download. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked by the kernel.</p> <p>FortiGuard Web Filtering servers use UDP port 53 or 8888. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked up by the kernel.</p> <p>The Sandbox Community Cloud uses UDP port 53 or 8888 and TCP port 443. The FortiSandbox will use a random port picked up by the kernel.</p> <p>If you configure an internal mail server, internal DNS server, remote syslog server, LDAP server, SNMP managers, NTP server, or override the web filtering server IP address, communication is recommended to be through this interface. Ensure that the applicable routing is configured.</p>
Port2, Port4, Port5, Port6	RJ-45	All ports are open.
Port3	RJ-45	All ports are open. Reserved for guest VM to communicate with the outside network.
Port7, Port 8	SFP	All ports are open.



All ports mentioned above are the same for both IPv4 and IPv6 protocols..

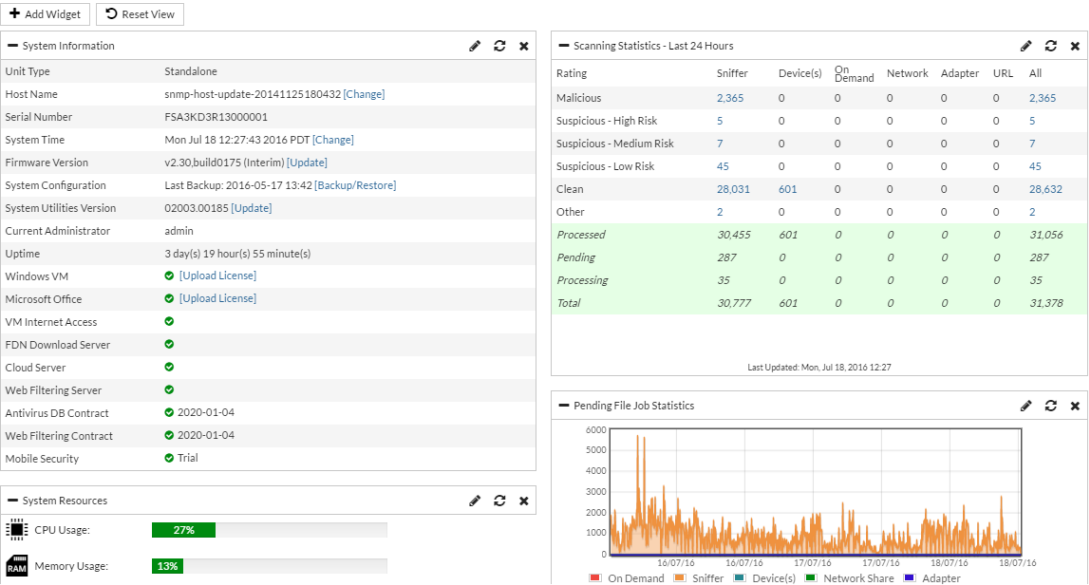


You can dynamically change system firewall rules using the `iptables` CLI command. New rules will be lost after a system reboot.

For more information on FortiSandbox 1000D, FortiSandbox 3000D, FortiSandbox 3500D, and FortiSandbox 3000E interfaces, see [Network on page 45](#).

Dashboard

The System Status dashboard displays widgets that provide information and enable you to configure basic system settings. All of the widgets appear on a single dashboard, which can be customized as desired.



If the unit is the master node in a cluster, the displayed data will be a summary of all nodes in the cluster, otherwise only the individual unit's data is displayed.

The following widgets are available:

System Information	Displays basic information about the FortiSandbox system, such as the serial number, system up time, and license status information.
System Resources	Displays the real-time usage status of the CPU and memory. Hover the cursor over the memory dial to view the total system memory.
Scanning Statistics	Displays a table providing information about the files scanned over a selected time span. This includes Sniffer, Device(s), On Demand, Network, Adapter, and URL.
Scanning Activity	Displays the number of clean, suspicious, and malicious events that have occurred at specific times over a selected time period. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events of the selected type that occurred at that time.
Sniffer Traffic Throughput	Displays sniffed traffic throughput across time.

Top Devices	Displays the total scanning jobs for the top five devices over a selected time interval. Hover the cursor over a bar in the graph to view the exact number of scanning jobs for that device.
Top Critical Logs	Displays recent critical logs, including the time they occurred and a brief description.
Pending Job Statistics	Displays pending scan job numbers for a period of time. This widget allows you to monitor the workload trend on your FortiSandbox.
Disk Monitor	Displays the RAID level and status, disk usage, and disk management information. This widget is only available in hardware based models.

Customizing the dashboard

The FortiSandbox system dashboard can be customized. You can select which widgets to display, where they are located on the page, and whether they are minimized or maximized.

To move a widget

Position your mouse cursor on the widget's title bar, then click and drag the widget to its new location.

To refresh a widget

Select the refresh icon in the widget's title bar to refresh the data presented in the widget.

To add a widget

In the dashboard toolbar, select *Add Widget*, then select the names of widgets that you want to add. To hide a widget, in its title bar, select the close icon.

The following is a list of widgets you can add to your dashboard.

- [System Information](#)
- [System Resources](#)
- [Scanning Statistics](#)
- [Scanning Activity](#)
- [Top Devices](#)
- [Top Critical Logs](#)
- [Pending Job Statistics](#)
- [Disk Monitor](#)
- [Sniffer Traffic Throughput](#)



Multiple widgets of the same type can be added to the dashboard. This can be useful for viewing information over different time intervals.

To edit a widget

Select the edit icon in the widget's title bar to open the edit widget window.

Configure the following information, and then select *OK* to apply your changes:

Custom widget title	Optionally, type a custom title for the widget. Leave this field blank to use the default widget title.
Refresh interval	Enter a refresh interval for the widget, in seconds. Some widget have default refresh values: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Scanning Statistics: 600• Top Devices: 300• Scanning Activity: 300• System Resources: 60• Top Critical Logs: 3600• Disk Monitor: 300
Top Count	Select the number of entries to display in the widget. The top count can be between 5 to 20 entries. This option is only available in the following widgets: <i>Top Devices</i> , <i>Top Critical Logs</i> .
Time Period	Select a time period to be displayed from the drop-down list. The options are: <i>Last 24 hours</i> , <i>Last 7 days</i> , <i>Last 2 weeks</i> . This option is only available on the following widgets: <i>Scanning Statistics</i> , <i>Top Devices</i> , <i>Disk Monitor</i> , and <i>Scanning Activity</i> .
Expand the right panel to full screen	Click the <i>Full Screen</i> button located in the upper right corner to toggle and only view the right side content.

System Information

The *System Information* widget displays various information about the FortiSandbox unit and enables you to configure basic system settings.

This widget displays the following information and options:

Unit Type	The HA cluster status of the device: <i>Standalone</i> , <i>Master</i> , <i>Primary Slave</i> , or <i>Regular Slave</i> . Select <i>[Change]</i> to change the cluster status of the device.
Host Name	The name assigned to this FortiSandbox unit. Select <i>[Change]</i> to edit the FortiSandbox host name.
Serial Number	The serial number of this FortiSandbox unit. The serial number is unique to the FortiSandbox unit and does not change with firmware upgrades. The serial number is used for identification when connecting to the FortiGuard server.
System Time	The current time on the FortiSandbox internal clock or NTP server. Select <i>[Change]</i> to configure the system time.

Firmware Version	<p>The version and build number of the firmware installed on the FortiSandbox unit.</p> <p>To update the firmware, you must download the latest version from the Fortinet Customer Service & Support portal. Select <i>[Update]</i> and select the firmware image to load from the local hard disk or network volume.</p>
System Configuration	<p>The date and time of the last system configuration backup. Select <i>Backup/Restore</i> to browse to the <i>System Recovery</i> page.</p>
System Utilities Version	<p>The current sandbox engine version. Select <i>[Update]</i> to go to the FortiGuard Modules page, where you can upload package files. In this page, you can also override the FortiGuard server address.</p>
Current Administrator	<p>The administrator that is currently logged on to the system.</p>
Uptime	<p>The duration of time that the FortiSandbox unit has been running since it boot up.</p>
Windows VM	<p>Microsoft Windows VM license activation and initialization status. Displays an up icon if the Microsoft Windows VM is activated and initialized. Displays a <i>Caution</i> icon if the Microsoft Windows VM is initializing or having issues. Hover the mouse pointer on the status icon to view detailed information.</p> <p>In addition to the pre-installed default set of Windows VM images, the user can also purchase, download, and install extra Android, Windows 8.1 and Windows 10 image packages. The user should download their license file from the Fortinet Customer Service & Support portal. Then, click the <i>[Upload License]</i> link next to the Windows VM field. Browse to the license file on the management computer and click the Submit button. The system will reboot and activate the newly installed Windows 8.1/10 guest VMs.</p>
Microsoft Office	<p>Microsoft Office product activation status. Select to upload a Microsoft Office license file.</p> <p>Displays an up icon if the Microsoft Office is activated and initialized. Displays a <i>Caution</i> icon if the Microsoft Office is initializing or having issues. Hover the mouse pointer on the status icon to view detailed information. A warning is displayed when the license file is not available or has not been uploaded to FortiSandbox.</p>

VM Internet Access	<p>Displays the status of the FortiSandbox VM accessing the outside network.</p> <p>Displays an up icon if the VM can access the outside network. Displays a caution icon if the VM cannot access the outside network. Hover the mouse pointer on the status icon to view detailed information. If the VM cannot access the outside network, a simulated network (SIMNET) will start by default. SIMNET provides responses of popular network services, like <code>http</code> where certain malware is expected. If the VM internet access is down, beside the down icon, SIMNET status is displayed. Clicking it will enter the VM network configuration page.</p> <p>FortiSandbox VM accesses external network through port3. The next-hop gateway and DNS settings can be configured in <i>Scan Policy > General > Allow Virtual Machines to access external network through outgoing port3</i>.</p>
FDN Download Server	<p>Displays the status of the FDN download server. When the FDN download server is inaccessible, no update packages will be downloaded.</p> <p>Displays an up icon if the system can access the FDN download server. Displays a caution icon if the system cannot access the FDN download server. Hover the mouse pointer on the status icon to view detailed information.</p>
Cloud Server	<p>Displays the status of the Sandbox Community Cloud server.</p> <p>Displays an up icon if the system can access the cloud server. Displays a caution icon if the system cannot access the cloud server. Hover the mouse pointer on the status icon to view detailed information.</p>
Web Filtering Server	<p>Displays the status of the Web Filtering query server.</p> <p>Displays an up icon if the system can access the Web Filtering query server. Displays a caution icon if the system cannot access the Web Filtering query server. Hover the mouse pointer on the status icon to view detailed information.</p>
Antivirus DB Contract	<p>The date that the antivirus database contract expires. If the contract expires within 15 days, a warning icon will appear.</p>
Web Filtering Contract	<p>The date that the web filtering contract expires. If the contract expires within 15 days, a warning icon will appear.</p>
Mobile Security	<p>The date that the Android Sandbox engine contract expires. In this release, the contract follows that of the AntiVirus Database.</p>



Select the edit icon to type a custom widget title and enter the refresh interval. The default refresh interval is 300 seconds.

System Resources

This widget displays the following information and options:

CPU Usage	Gauges the CPU percentage usage.
------------------	----------------------------------

Memory	Gauges the Memory percentage usage.
Reboot/Shutdown	Options to shutdown or reboot the FortiSandbox device.



Select the edit icon to type a custom widget title and enter the refresh interval. The default refresh interval is 30 seconds.

Scanning Statistics

The *Scanning Statistics* widget displays information about the files that have been scanned over a specific time period.

This widget displays the following information:

Rating	The file rating refers to the rating categories.
Sniffer, Device(s), On Demand, Network, Adapter, All	The input type from which the files were received.
Malicious	The number of files scanned for each input type that were found to be malicious in the selected time period. Click the link to view the associated jobs.
Suspicious - High Risk	The number of files scanned for each input type that were found to be suspicious and posed a high risk in the selected time period. Click the link to view the associated jobs.
Suspicious - Medium Risk	The number of files scanned for each input type that were found to be suspicious and posed a medium risk in the selected time period. Click the link to view the associated jobs.
Suspicious - Low Risk	The number of files scanned for each input type that were found to be suspicious and posed a low risk in the selected time period. Click the link to view the associated jobs.
Clean	The number of files scanned for each input type that were found to be clean in the selected time period. Click the link to view the associated jobs.
Other	The number of files for each input type which have an unknown status. Unknown status files include jobs which have timed out, crashed, been canceled by the user through a JSON API call, or been terminated by the system. Click the link to view the associated jobs.
Processed	The total number of files processed for each input type in the selected time period.
Pending	The number of files pending. Pending files are not put in the scan queue.

Processing	The number of files in the scan process.
Total	The total number of files for each input type in the selected time period.
<hr/>	
	Select the edit icon to type a custom widget title, enter the refresh interval, and select the time period. The default refresh interval is 600 seconds. The default time period is the last 24 hours.
<hr/>	
	If the device is the Master node of a cluster, the numbers in this widget are the total numbers of all cluster nodes.

Scanning Activity

The *Scanning Activity* widget shows the number of clean, suspicious, and malicious events that have occurred at specific times over a selected time period.

If the time interval is set to *Last 24 hours*, a bar will be shown for each hour. If it is set to *Last 7 days* or *Last 2 weeks*, a bar will be shown for each day.

Hovering the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph for a brief time will show the exact number of events of the selected type that occurred at that time.

	Select the edit icon to type a custom widget title, enter the refresh interval, and select the time period. The default refresh interval is 300 seconds. The default time period is the last 2 weeks.
--	---

Top Devices

The *Top Devices* widget displays the total number of scanning jobs for the top five devices over a selected time interval.

Hovering the cursor over a bar in the graph for a brief time will show the exact number of scanning jobs for that particular device.

	Select the edit icon to type a custom widget title, enter the refresh interval, top count, and select the time period. The default refresh interval is 300 seconds. The default time period is the last 24 hours.
---	---

Top Critical Logs

The *Top Critical Logs* widget displays recent critical logs, including the time they occurred and a brief description of the event.

	Select the edit icon to type a custom widget title, enter the refresh interval, and top count. The default refresh interval is 3600 seconds.
---	--

Pending Job Statistics

The *Pending Job Statistics* widget displays the total number of pending jobs for on-demand, sniffer, and network share for the past 72 hours.

Hovering the cursor over the graph displays the number of pending jobs for the on-demand, sniffer, and Fortinet devices over a selected time interval.



Select the edit icon to type a custom widget title and enter the refresh interval. The default refresh interval is 900 seconds.

Disk Monitor

Displays the RAID level and status, disk usage, and disk management information. This widget is only available in hardware based models.

This widget displays the following information:

Summary	Disk summary information including RAID level and status.
RAID Level	Displays the RAID level.
Disk Status	Displays the disk status.
Disk Usage	Displays the current disk usage.
Disk Number	Displays the disk number
Disk Size	Displays the disk size.

Sniffer Traffic Throughput

Displays the Sniffer Traffic Throughput in Mb/s across time.

Dashboard Settings

Change the system host name

The *System Information* widget will display the full host name. However, if the host name is longer than 16 characters, the host name in a truncated form ending with a tilde (~) to indicate that additional characters exist, but are not displayed. You can change the FortiSandbox host name as required.

To change the host name:

1. Go to *Dashboard > System Information widget > Host Name*.
2. Click *[Change]*.
3. In the *New Name* field, type a new host name.
The host name may be up to 50 characters in length. It may include US-ASCII letters, numbers, hyphens, and underscores. Spaces and special characters are not allowed.
4. Select *Apply*.

Change the administrator password

By default, you can log in to the GUI using the admin administrator account and no password. It is highly recommended that you add a password to the admin administrator account. For improved

security, you should regularly change the admin administrator account password and the passwords for any other administrator accounts that you add.

To change an administrator's password

The user can click the current login username from the top right corner and select *Change Password* or:

1. Go to *System > Administrators*
2. Select the administrator's account you want to edit
3. Click the *Edit* button in the toolbar
4. Change the password.

Change the GUI idle timeout

By default, the GUI disconnects administrative sessions if no activity takes place for five minutes. This idle timeout is recommended to prevent someone from using the GUI on a PC that has been logged into the GUI and left unattended.

To change the idle timeout length:

1. Go to *System > Admin > Settings*.
2. Change the idle timeout minutes (1 to 480 minutes) as required.
3. Select *OK* to save the setting.



In this page you can also reset all widgets to their default settings.

Configure the system time

The FortiSandbox unit's system time can be changed from the *Dashboard*. You can configure the FortiSandbox system time locally or select to synchronize with an NTP server.

1. In the *System Information widget > System Time*
2. Click *[Update]*.

Time Settings

System Time

2016-03-01 11:17:48 PST

Refresh

Time Zone

(GMT-8:00)Pacific Time(US&Canada)

☐ Set Time

Hour

11

 Minute

17

 Second

48

Month

Mar

 Day

1

 Year

2016

☒ Synchronize with NTP Server

Server

Apply

Back

3. Configure the following settings:

System Time	The date and time according to the FortiSandbox unit's clock at the time that this tab was loaded.
Time Zone	Select the time zone in which the FortiSandbox unit is located.
Set Time	Select this option to manually set the date and time of the FortiSandbox unit's clock, then select the <i>Hour</i> , <i>Minute</i> , <i>Second</i> , <i>Month</i> , <i>Day</i> , and <i>Year</i> fields before you select <i>Apply</i> .
Synchronize with NTP Server	Select this option to automatically synchronize the date and time of the FortiSandbox unit's clock with an NTP server. The synchronization interval is hard-coded to be 5 minutes. You can configure only one NTP server.
Server	Enter the IP address or domain name of an NTP server. To find an NTP server that you can use, go to http://www.ntp.org . Ensure that the applicable routing is configured when an NTP server is used.

- Click *Apply* to apply the changes, then select *OK* in the confirmation dialog box.
You may need to log in again after changing the time.

Microsoft Windows VM license activation

When Fortinet ships FortiSandbox, the Microsoft Windows VM license used by the sandbox is activated. After an RMA or new Windows VM installation, the Windows VM license will be in an unactivated state and need re-activation.



If the user purchases a Windows VM upgrade package to add Windows 8 or 10 support, the downloaded license file should be uploaded here by clicking the *[Upload License]* link.

Microsoft Office license upload and activation

User can purchase add-on Office licenses from Fortinet and upload it in the *System Information* widget.



By default, physical FortiSandbox models are shipped with a certain number of Microsoft Office license keys. Users can purchase more licenses from Fortinet to improve the scan capacity of Microsoft Office files. Users can upload the license file in the *System Information* widget.

To upload a Microsoft Office license

- Go to *Dashboard > System Information widget > Microsoft Office*.
- Click *[Upload License]*.
- Click *Choose File* to browse for the license file on your management computer.
- Click *Submit*.

The FortiSandbox will reboot after the license file is installed. After the license file is installed, you can scan Microsoft Office files including .docx and .pptx file.

Log out of the unit

1. Select your user name from the top right corner of the banner
2. Select *Logout* from the drop down to log out of your administrative session.

If you only close the browser or leave the GUI to browse another web site, you will remain logged in until the idle timeout period elapses.

Visit online help

Click the *Help* icon to visit Online Help.

Update the FortiSandbox firmware

Before any firmware update, complete the following:

- Download the FortiSandbox firmware image and Release Notes document from the [Fortinet Customer Service & Support](#) portal. Review the Release Notes, including the special notices, upgrade information, product integration and support, and resolved and known issues.
- Backup your configuration file. It is highly recommended that you create a system backup file and save it to your management computer.
- Plan a maintenance window to complete the firmware update. If possible, you may want to setup a test environment to ensure that the update does not negatively impact your network.
- Once the update is complete, test your FortiSandbox device to ensure that the update was successful.



Firmware best practice: Stay current on patch releases for your current major release. Only update to a new major release or version when you are looking for specific functionality in the new major release or version. For more information, see the *FortiSandbox Release Notes* or contact Technical Support.

To update the FortiSandbox firmware:

1. Go to *Dashboard > System Information widget > Firmware Version*.
2. Click *[Update]*.
3. Select *Choose File*, locate the firmware image on your management computer
4. Click *Submit* to start the upgrade.

Update the system utilities version

FortiSandbox system utilities include the following FortiGuard modules: Antivirus Scanner, Antivirus Extreme Signature, Antivirus Active Signature, Network Alerts Signature, Sandbox Engine, and Android Analytic and Rating Engines. They can be manually downloaded from the [Fortinet Customer Service & Support portal](#). This page displays the current version of these modules, the last update date and time, and last update status.

To update the FortiSandbox system utilities version:

1. Go to *Dashboard > System Information widget > System Utilities Version*.
2. Click *[Update]*.
3. Click *Choose File* to locate the upload package file on your management computer
4. Click *Submit* to start the upgrade.

Server overrides

By default, FortiSandbox units connect to the FortiGuard Distribution Network (FDN) using a set of default connection settings. You can override these settings to use an IP address or FQDN of a private FortiGuard Distribution Server (FDS), like FortiManager, for these FortiGuard services. When configured, FortiSandbox will query the IP address specified for FortiGuard services.



To use a FortiManager device as a private FDN server, the FortiManager must be running version 5.0.8 and later or version 5.2.0 and later.

To configure an override FDN server to download module updates:

1. Go to *System > FortiGuard*.
2. Select the checkbox beside *Use override FDN server to download module updates* and enter the server IP address or FQDN. If a proxy server is needed to access the FDN server, check the *Use Proxy* box to enable and configure a proxy server.
3. Click *Apply* to save the settings.
4. To schedule an immediate FDN update, click the *Connect FDN Now* button.



The target TCP port 8890 must be opened on your firewall for the updates downloads to work.

To configure an override server for web filtering query:

1. Go to *System > FortiGuard*.
2. Select the checkbox beside *Use override server for web filtering query* and enter the server IP address or FQDN. If a proxy server is needed to access the FDN server, check the *Use Proxy* checkbox to enable and configure a SOCKS5 type proxy server.
3. Click the *Apply* button to save the setting.



The target UDP port 53 must be opened on your firewall for web filtering query to work. FortiGuard web filtering server also listens on UDP port 8888. To use this port, you must put the port number in the *override* field at *Maintenance > FortiGuard*.

To configure an override port to access the FortiSandbox Community Cloud Server

1. Go to *System > FortiGuard*.
2. Select the checkbox beside *Use override server port for community cloud server query* (Ex:8888) and enter 8888. If a proxy server is needed, check the *Use Proxy* checkbox to enable and configure a SOCKS5 type proxy server.
3. Select the *Apply* button to save the setting.



By default, FortiSandbox Community Cloud server listens on UDP port 53 and TCP port 443 for query. User can override UDP port 53 to use port 8888 instead.

Reboot and shutdown the unit

Always reboot and shutdown the FortiSandbox system using the options in the GUI or CLI to avoid potential configuration or hardware problems.

To reboot the FortiSandbox unit:

1. Go to *Dashboard > System Resources widget*.
2. Select *Reboot*.
3. Enter a reason for the reboot in the *Reason* field, and then select *OK* to reboot the unit.
Upon reboot, some databases may take up to ten minutes to be populated.
4. After reboot, the FortiSandbox VM system will initialize again. This initialization can take up to 30 minutes. The Windows VM icon in the *System Information* widget will show a warning sign before the process completes.



It is normal to see the following critical event log in *Log Access* after FortiSandbox boots up:

*The VM system is not running and might need more time to startup.
Please check system logs for more details. If needed, please
reboot system.*



After FortiSandbox is upgraded to a new firmware version, the system might clean up data and a *Database is not ready message* will be displayed. The clean up time depends on the size of historical data.

To shutdown the FortiSandbox unit:

1. Go to *Dashboard > System Resources widget*.
2. Select *Shutdown*.
3. Enter a reason for the shutdown in the *Reason* field.
4. Select *OK* to shutdown the unit.

Backup or restore the system configuration

It is recommended that you create a system backup file as part of your maintenance plan. Always perform a backup before upgrading firmware or making major system configuration changes. Save these configuration backups to your management computer in the event that you need to restore the system after a network event.



The FortiSandbox configuration file is in binary format and manual editing is not supported.

To backup the FortiSandbox configuration:

1. Go to *Dashboard > System Information widget > System Configuration*.
2. Select *Backup/Restore*.
3. Click *Click here* to save your backup file to your management computer.

To restore the FortiSandbox configuration:

1. Go to *Dashboard > System Information widget > System Configuration*.
2. Select *Backup/Restore*.
3. Click *Choose File*, locate the backup file on your management computer, then select *Restore* to load the backup file.
4. Select *OK* in the confirmation dialog box. The system configuration restore process has been started, you will be redirected to the login page once it has completed.



By performing a system restore, all of your current configurations will be replaced with the backup data. The system will reboot automatically to complete the restore operation. Only backup configuration from the previous or same release is supported.

FortiView

The FortiView menu provides access to the following menus:

	The FortiView pages allow you to view and search threats detected by FortiSandbox.
Operation Center	In this page you are able to view malware, which have been detected and what the status is from a security update perspective. This page displays severity levels, victim IP addresses, incident time, threat and current action status.
Threats by Hosts	On this page you can view and drill down all threats grouped by individuals or victim hosts in your organization. This page displays threats by user name or host IP address; the number of threats; the number of suspicious files (if available); and a button to show the victim's threat timeline chart. Select an entry in the table to view detailed information including attacker events, Botnet events, and URL events.
Threats by Files	On this page you can view and drill down all threats grouped by files. This page displays threats by file name, risk, and number of users. Select a filename in the table to view detailed information including user IP, destination, and number of detection times.
Threats by Devices	On this page you can view and drill down all threats grouped by devices. This page displays threats by device, number of malicious files, and number of suspicious files. Select a device in the table to view detailed information including malware name, destination, domain, and number of detection times.
Search	Search by detection time, file MD5, file name, file SHA1 or SHA256, job ID, malware name, rating, service, source IP, user, submit device, or detection OS. You can add multiple search criteria by clicking the search field. If the search criteria is the filename or the file's download domain, you can also do a pattern search.

Operation Center

In this page you are able to view newly detected malware, which have been detected and what the status is from a security update perspective.

When a dynamic signature is sent back to FortiGate, FortiMail, or FortiClient, the status information will be displayed so you can see that it has been done.

When a new antivirus update is received, FortiSandbox will recheck all samples not covered by the standard antivirus package and update its status. Malware detected by FortiSandbox before an antivirus signature is available will be marked as Zero-day.

Last 7 Days

Export Data

Search

Rating

Medium Risk, Hig...

	Severity	Victim IP	Incident Time	Threat Name	Action
	Medium Risk		May 18 2016 10:47:22	Suspicious - Medium	Action Required
	High Risk		May 18 2016 10:28:32	Suspicious - High	Action Required
	High Risk		May 18 2016 10:07:47	Suspicious - High	Action Required
	Medium Risk		May 18 2016 09:54:50	Suspicious - Medium	Action Required
	High Risk		May 17 2016 12:46:49	Suspicious - High	Action Required
	Medium Risk		May 17 2016 12:44:03	Suspicious - Medium	Action Required
	Medium Risk		May 17 2016 12:44:03	Suspicious - Medium	Action Required
	Zero-day		May 17 2016 11:32:50	W32/Injector.CYOQ!tr	Action Required
	Zero-day		May 17 2016 11:32:42	W32/Injector.CYOQ!tr	Action Required

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: 24 Hours, 7 Days, or 4 Weeks.
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters. In this page, several fields, like victim host IP can be the search criteria. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Job	Click the <i>View Jobs</i> icon show the job detail page.
In Cloud	An icon will appear if the malware is available in the FortiSandbox Community Cloud.
In Signature	An icon will appear if the malware is included in the current FortiSandbox generated Malware Package.
Perform Rescan	An icon will appear if the malware has a Malicious rating. Users can perform a Rescan to obtain its Sandboxing behavior details.
Archived File	An icon will appear if the file is an Archived File.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Severity	<p>The severity rating of the malware.</p> <p>Severity levels include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low Risk • Medium Risk • High Risk • Malicious <p>If a file is detected by FortiSandbox first before an antivirus signature is available, the Severity level will be Zero-day.</p>
Victim IP	The IP address of the client that downloaded the malware. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Incident Time	The date and time that the file was received by FortiSandbox. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Threat Name	<p>The name of the virus. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.</p> <p>If the virus name is not available, the malware's Severity will be used as its Threat Name.</p>
Action	<p>Current action applied to the malware. Users use this field to track responses taken towards the incident. Three values are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action Taken • Ignore • Action Required

To view file details:

1. Select a file.
2. Click the click the *View Details* icon.
3. The following basic information and options are available:

Virus Name	The name of the detected virus.
Mark as Clean	<p>Select to mark the file as <i>Clean</i> (false-positive). In the <i>Apply Override Verdict</i> dialog box, enter a comment and select <i>Submit</i> or <i>Submit to Cloud</i> to sen the file to the FortiGuard team for analysis. After a file has an overridden verdict, its future rating will be <i>Clean</i> until you reset the verdict.</p>
FortiGuard Encyclopedia Analysis	Select to view FortiGuard Encyclopedia analysis of the file. This page provides analysis details, detection information, and recommended actions.
Received	The date and time the file was received by FortiSandbox.
Started	The date and time the scan started.
Status	The status of the scan. Status: <i>Done</i> , <i>Canceled</i> , or <i>Timed Out</i> .
Rated By	AV Scanner.
Submit Type	The input source that the file originated from.

Source IP	The virus host IP address.
Destination IP	The IP address of the client that downloaded the virus.
Digital Signature	The digital signature availability status.
Scan Bypass Configuration	When available, the scan bypass configuration will be displayed.
Virus Total	By clicking the Virus Total link, a new page will open to query www.virustotal.com . Only a limited number of queries per minute is allowed without manual interaction with the Virus Total website.
Rescan	If the job has rescan jobs, select <i>Rescan Job ID</i> for subsequent scans.
More Details	View additional file information including the following: File Type, Downloaded From, Filename, File Size (bytes), Sent Over (protocol), Email Sender/Receiver, MD5, SHA1, SHA256, ID, Submitted By, Start Time, Finish Time, Scan Time, Scan Unit, Device that submitted the file, VDOM that submitted this file, Detection OS (N/A), and Infected OS (N/A)..
Behavior Summary	View the file behavior summary. For Malicious files, this part is always <i>No Behaviors Detected</i> .
Print	Click the print icon to print the malware details page information.
Open in New Window	Click the icon to open the page in a new web browser window. A complete detail page will appear. The detailed behavior inside each detected OS will be shown in tabs.
Close	Click to close the <i>View Details</i> dialog box.

Threats by Hosts

In this page you can view and drill down all threats grouped by hosts. The Host can be a user name if it is available or a device that is the target of a threat. This page displays all threats that have occurred to the user during a time period. Click the *View Jobs* icon or double-click an entry in the table to view the second level.

Threats by Hosts - level 1

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: 24 Hours, 7 Days, or 4 Weeks.
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.

Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters. In this page, the threat target host or user name can be the search criteria. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Job	Click the <i>View Jobs</i> icon to drill down the entry.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Host/Username	The device and username. Click the column header to sort the table by this column. Note: A duplicate user name from a different VDOM is considered a different user. For more information about user management, SSO, and VDOMs see The FortiOS Handbook located in the Fortinet Document Library.
Device Name	The device name. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
# of Malicious Files	The number of unique malicious files associated with the user for the time period selected. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
# of Suspicious Files	The number of unique suspicious files associated with the user for the time period selected. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
# of Network Threats	The number of unique network threats (attacker, botnet, and suspicious URL events) associated with the user for the time period selected. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Timeline	View Threat Timeline Chart.
Total Files	The number of files displayed and the total number of files.

Threats by Hosts - level 2

Double-click an entry in the table to view the second level.

The following options are available:

Back	Click <i>Back</i> button to return to the main landing page.
Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: 24 Hours, 7 Days, or 4 Weeks.

Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
View Job	Click the <i>View Jobs</i> icon to drill down the entry.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

The following information is displayed:

Threat Timeline Chart	This chart displays the number of threats and types of threats which occurred to the threat target during the period of time selected in the Time Period drop-down. Hover the mouse pointer over the dots in the chart and more detailed threat information will be displayed.
Summary	The following fields are displayed: Device, IP, Username, Time Period, Total Files, number of: Malicious Files, Suspicious Files, and Network Share Events.
Details	
Malicious Files	Malicious file information including malware name, destination IP address, domain name, and number of detection times. The options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Click the <i>View Jobs > View Details</i> icons to drill down the entry. . b. Click the malware name to view the related FortiGuard Encyclopedia page.
Suspicious Files	Suspicious file information including file name, file type, risk level, its download domain name, destination IP address, and number of detection times. Click the <i>View Jobs > View Details</i> icons to drill down the entry. Right-clicking various field will add filters.
Attacker Events	Attacker event information including attacker name, attack origin address and port, attack destination address and port, and number of detection times. Right-clicking various field will add filters.
Botnet Events	Botnet event information including botnet name, user IP address, user port, destination IP address, destination IP port and number of detection times. Right-clicking various field will add filters.
URL Events	Suspicious URL event information including site category, host or IP address, URL, type, user IP address, user port and number of detection times. Right-clicking various field will add filters.

Threats by Hosts - level 3

The following options are available:

Back	Click the <i>Back</i> button to return to the main landing page.
-------------	--

View Details	Click the <i>View Details</i> icon to view file information. The information displayed in the view details page is dependent on the file type and risk level.
Perform Rescan	Click the icon to rescan the entry. In the <i>Rescan Configuration</i> dialog box you can select to skip Static Scan, AV Scan, Cloud Query, and Sandboxing. Click <i>OK</i> to continue. Click the close icon or select the <i>Close</i> button to close the dialog box. This feature is only available for files with a malicious rating.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

The following information is displayed:

Malicious Files	Displays the date and time that the file was detected, malware name, source IP address, destination IP address, and domain name, if available. Click the malware name to view the related FortiGuard Encyclopedia page. Right-clicking various field will add filters.
Suspicious Files	Displays the date and time that the file was detected, file type, rating, source IP address, destination IP address, domain name, and number of detection times, if available. Right-clicking various field will add filters.

Threats by Hosts - level 4

For more information on the information available in the *View Details* pages for malicious and suspicious files, see [Summary Report on page 133](#) and [Summary Report on page 133](#).



When a file has been rescanned, the results of the rescan are displayed on this page. Select the job ID to view the job details.

To create a snapshot report for all threats by users:

1. Select a time period from the *Time Period* drop-down list.
2. Click the *Filter* field to apply filters to further drill down the information in the report.
3. Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar..
4. In the *Report Generator*, select either PDF or CSV for the report type.
5. Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
6. When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
7. Click the *Cancel* button, to exit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

Threats by Files

In this page you can view and drill down all threats group by malware file name. This page displays threats by filename, rating, and number of targeted users and hosts. Click the *View Jobs* icon or double-click an entry in the table to view the second level.

Threats by Files - level 1

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> .
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Jobs	Click the <i>View Jobs</i> icon to drill down the entry.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Filename	The threat file name. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Rating	The file rating. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
# of Users	The number of users affected. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Total Files	The number of files displayed and the total number of files.

Threats by Files - level 2

The following options are available:

Back	Click the icon to return to the main landing page.
Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> .
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters. You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Click on the equal icon to toggle it to the not equal to icon to change the search criteria. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Jobs	Click the <i>View Jobs</i> icon to drill down the entry.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

The following information is displayed:

Summary of	Summary information including link to FortiGuard Encyclopedia Analysis, source IP address, destination IP address, time period, download location, file type, threat type, submission information, and device information (if available). If the malware appears more than once, the information is from its most recent detection.
Details	Detail information including user IP address, destination IP address, and number of detection times. Select the <i>View Jobs</i> icon, or double-click on the row, to drill down the entry.

Threats by Files - level 3

The following options are available:

Back	Select to return to the main landing page.
View Details	Select the <i>View Details</i> icon to view file information. The information displayed in the view details page is dependent on the file type and risk level.
Perform Rescan	Click the icon to rescan the entry. In the <i>Rescan Configuration</i> dialog box you can select to skip Static Scan, AV Scan, Cloud Query, and Sandboxing. Click <i>OK</i> to continue. Click the close icon or select the <i>Close</i> button to close the dialog box. This feature is only available for files with a malicious rating.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.



When a file has been rescanned, the results of the rescan are displayed in this page. Select the job ID to view the job details.

The following information is displayed:

Detected	The date and time that the file was detected by FortiSandbox. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Filename	Displays the filename.
Source	Displays the source IP address. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Destination	Displays the destination IP address. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Rating	Displays the file rating. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Total Jobs	The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.

Threats by Files - level 4

For more information on about the information available in the View Details pages for malicious and suspicious files, See [Summary Report on page 133](#)

To create a snapshot report for all threats by files:

1. Select a time period from the first drop-down list.
2. Select to apply search filters to further drill down the information in the report.
3. Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar.
4. In the *Report Generator*, select either PDF or CSV for the report type.
5. Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
6. When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
7. Click the *Cancel* button, to exit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

Threats by Devices

In this page you can view and drill down all threats grouped by devices. This page displays device name, number of malicious files, and number of suspicious files. Double-click an entry in the table to view the second level, *View Jobs*.

Threats by Devices - level 1

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> .
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Jobs	Click the <i>View Jobs</i> icon to drill down the entry.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Device	Displays the device name. Click the column header to sort the table by this column. Note: A different VDOM on the same device is considered a different device.
# of Malicious Files	The number of malicious files submitted by the device. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
# of Suspicious Files	The number of suspicious files submitted by the device. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Total Devices	The number of devices displayed and the total number of devices.

Threats by Devices - level 2

The following options are available:

Back	Click the icon to return to the main landing page.
Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> .
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.

Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters. You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Click on the equal icon to toggle it to the not equal to icon to change the search criteria. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

The following information is displayed:

Summary of	Displays a summary of the device type selected..
Details	Detailed information includes device name, selected time period and total number of malicious and suspicious files.
Malicious Files	Malicious file information including malware name, destination IP address, domain name the virus was downloaded from, and number of detection times. Click the <i>View Details</i> icon, or double-click the row, to drill down the entry. Click the malware name to view the related FortiGuard Encyclopedia page. Right-clicking various field will add filters.
Suspicious Files	Suspicious file information including file name, file type, risk level, domain name the virus was downloaded from, destination IP address, and number of detection times. Click the <i>View Details</i> icon, or double-click the row, to drill down the entry. Right-clicking various field will add filters.

Threats by Devices - level 3

The following options are available:

Back	Select to return to the main landing page.
View Details	Select the <i>View Details</i> icon to view file information. The information displayed in the view details page is dependent on the file type and risk level.
Perform Rescan	Click the icon to rescan the entry. In the <i>Rescan Configuration</i> dialog box you can select to skip Static Scan, AV Scan, Cloud Query, and Sandboxing. Click <i>OK</i> to continue. Click the close icon or select the <i>Close</i> button to close the dialog box. This feature is only available for files with a Malicious rating.

Add Search Filter	<p>You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Click on the equal icon to toggle it to the not equal to icon to change the search criteria.</p> <p>Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.</p>
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

The following information is displayed:

Malicious Files	<p>Displays the date and time that the file was detected, malware name, source IP address, destination IP address, and domain name, if available.</p> <p>Click the malware name to view the related FortiGuard Encyclopedia page.</p>
Suspicious Files	<p>Displays the date and time that the file was detected, file type, rating, source IP address, destination IP address, domain name, and number of detection times, if available.</p>

Threats by Devices - level 4

For more information on the information available in the *View Details* pages for malicious and suspicious files, see [Summary Report on page 133](#) and [Summary Report on page 133](#).



When a file has been rescanned, the results of the rescan are displayed in this page. Select the job ID to view the job details.

To create a snapshot report for all threats by devices:

1. Select a time period from the first drop-down list.
2. Select to apply search filters to further drill down the information in the report.
3. Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar. The *Report Generator* window opens.
4. Select either PDF or CSV for the report type. Optionally you can further define the report start/end date and time.
5. Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
6. When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
7. Click the close icon or the *Cancel* button, to quit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

Search

To view all files and search files, go to *FortiView > Search*. You can apply search filters to drill down the information displayed. Filenames and domains can also be searched based on name patterns, and a snapshot report can be created for all search results.

If the device is the Master node of a cluster, all jobs processed by the cluster are available to be searched. If the device is a Slave node of a cluster, only jobs processed by this device are available to be searched.

The following options are available:

Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Search Field	Enter the detection time frame and click to add additional search filters for File MD5, Filename, File SHA1, File SHA256, Job ID, Malware, Rating, Service, Source, User, Device, Infected OS, Domain, Rated by, or Scan Unit. When the search criteria is a <i>Filename</i> or <i>Domain</i> , click the = sign to toggle between the exact and pattern search.
Time Period	Select a time period to apply to the search.
Export to Report	Select to open the Report Generator dialog box. Select to generate a PDF or CSV report. During generation, do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page.
View Details	Click the <i>View Details</i> icon to view file information. The information displayed in the view details page is dependent on the file type and risk level.
Perform Rescan	Click the icon to rescan the entry. In the <i>Rescan Configuration</i> dialog box you can select to skip Static Scan, AV Scan, Cloud Query, and Sandboxing. Click <i>OK</i> to continue. Click the close icon or select the <i>Close</i> button to close the dialog box. This feature is only available for files with a Malicious rating.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

The following information is displayed:

Detected	The date and time that the file was detected by FortiSandbox.
Filename	Displays the name of the file.
Rating	The file rating. The rating can be one or more of the following: Clean, Low Risk, Medium Risk, High Risk, Malicious, or Unknown. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Malware	Displays the malware file name.
Source	Displays the source IP address the file was downloaded from.

Destination	Displays the destination IP address.
Archived File	The icon displays the file is archived.
Archive Submission	The icon displays the file is in archive submission.
Total Jobs	The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.

Network

The Network page provides interface, DNS, and routing management options.

Interfaces

To view and manage interfaces, go to *Network > Interfaces* .

This page displays the following information and options:

Interface	The interface name and description, where applicable. Failover IP will be listed under this field with the following descriptor: (<i>cluster external port</i>).
port1 (administration port)	port1 is hard-coded as the administration interface. You can select to enable or disable HTTP, SSH, Telnet access rights on port1. HTTPS is enabled by default. port1 can be used for Device mode, although a different, dedicated port is recommended.
port2	port2 can be used for Sniffer mode, Device mode, and inter-node communication within a cluster.
port3 (VM outgoing interface)	port3 is reserved for outgoing communication triggered by the execution of the files under analysis. It is recommended to put this interface on an isolated network behind a firewall. One special type of outgoing communication from a guest VM is used to connect to the Microsoft Windows activation server to activate the Windows Sandbox VM product keys. You must enable <i>Allow Virtual Machines to access external network through outgoing port</i> and setup the next hop gateway and DNS server to allow files running inside VMs to access the external network.
port4	port4 can be used for Sniffer mode, Device mode, and inter-node communication within a cluster.
port5/port6	port5 and port 6 can be used for Sniffer mode, Device mode, and inter-node communication within a cluster.
port7/port8	port7 and port8 can be used for Sniffer mode, Device mode, and inter-node communication within a cluster. On FortiSandbox 3000D devices, port7 and port8 are 10G fiber ports. It is therefore recommended that they be used on a master node/primary slave as communications ports with the cluster slaves.
IPv4	The IPv4 IP address and subnet mask of the interface.
IPv6	The IPv6 IP address and subnet mask of the interface.

Interface Status	The state of the interface, one of the following states: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interface is up • Interface is down • Interface is being used by sniffer
Link Status	The link status. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Link up • Link down
Access Rights	The access rights associated with the interface. HTTPS is enabled by default on port1. You can select to enable HTTP, SSH, and Telnet access on port1.
Edit	Select the interface and select <i>Edit</i> from the toolbar to edit the interface.



The FortiSandbox uses port 3 to allow scanned files to access the Internet. The Internet visiting behavior is an important factor to determine if a file is malicious. As malicious files are infectious, you should ensure that the connection for port 3 is able to both access the Internet and be isolated. The connection should not belong to or be able to access any internal subnet that needs to be protected. Fortinet recommends placing this interface on an isolated network behind a firewall.



For more information on FSA-1000D, FSA-3000D, FSA-3500D, FSA-3000E ports, see [Default port information on page 13](#).

Edit an interface

The IPv4/IPv6 address of an interface can be edited by selecting the interface name and clicking the *Edit* button from the toolbar.

Edit the IP address as required, then click *OK* to apply the changes. You can also change the interface status from *Up* to *Down*.



Do not change settings on an interface used for sniffing traffic.

Edit administrative access

The port1 interface is used for administrative access to the FortiSandbox device. HTTPS is enabled by default, but you can edit this interface to enable HTTP, SSH, and Telnet support.

Edit the IP address and the access rights as required, then click *OK* to apply the changes.

Failover IP

Users are able to configure a cluster level fail-over IP, which will be set only on Master node. This fail-over IP can only be set on current Master node through the CLI. It should be in the same subnet of the port's local IP. Clients, such as FortiGates, and should point to the failover IP in order to use the HA functionality.

The Master node Local IP and Primary Slave node will be kept during failover.

Example:

Here is an example to set a fail-over IP for port1.

```
> show
Configured parameters:
Port 1 IPv4 IP: 172.16.69.145/24 MAC: 14:18:77:52:37:72
Port 1 IPv6 IP: 2620:101:9005:69::145/64 MAC: 14:18:77:52:37:72
Port 2 IPv4 IP: 1.1.7.5/24 MAC: 14:18:77:52:37:73
Port 3 IPv4 IP: 192.168.199.145/24 MAC: 14:18:77:52:37:74
IPv4 Default Gateway: 172.16.69.1
> hc-settings -sc -tM -n145 -c3000d-cluster -p1234 -iport2
The unit was successfully configured.
> hc-settings -si -iport1 -a172.16.69.160/24
The external IP address 172.16.69.160 for cluster port1 was set successfully
> hc-settings -l
SN: FSA3KD3R16000xxx
Type: Master
Name: 145
HC-Name: 3000d-cluster
Authentication Code: 1234
Interface: port2
Cluster Interfaces:
port1: 172.16.69.160/255.255.255.0
```

DNS Configuration

The primary and secondary DNS server addresses can be configured from *Network > DNS* . FortiSandbox is configured to use the FortiGuard DNS servers by default.

Static Routing

The static routing page allows you to manage static routes on your FortiSandbox device. Go to *Network > Static Routing* to view the routing list.

The following options are available:

Create New	Select to create a new static route.
Edit	Select a static route in the list and select <i>Edit</i> in the toolbar to edit the entry.
Delete	Select a static route in the list and select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to delete the entry.

The following information is displayed:

IP/Mask	Displays the IP address and subnet mask.
Gateway	Displays the gateway IP address.

Device	Displays the interface associated with the static route.
Number of Routes	Displays the number of static routes configured.

Create a new static route:

1. Click *Create New* from the toolbar.
2. Enter a destination IP address and mask, and a gateway, in their requisite fields.



The destination IP/Mask can be entered in the format 192.168.1.2/255.255.255.0, 192.168.1.2/24, or fe80:0:0:0:0:c0a8:1fe.

3. Select a device (or interface) from the drop-down list.
4. Click *OK* to create the new static route.

Edit a static route:

1. Select a Static Route
2. Click the *Edit* button .
3. Edit the destination IP address and mask, gateway, and device (or interface) as required.
4. Click *OK* to apply the edits to the static route.

Delete a static route or routes:

1. Select one or more Static Routes.
2. Click the *Delete* button from the toolbar.
3. Select *Yes, I'm sure* on the confirmation page to delete the selected route or routes.



Static route entries defined in this page is for the system to use and will not be applied to traffic originating from the guest VM during a file's execution.

System

The System tree menu enables you to manage and configure the basic system options for the FortiSandbox unit. This includes administrator configuration, mail server settings, and maintenance information.

The System menu provides access to the following menus:

Administrators	Configure administrator user accounts.
Certificates	Configure CA certificates, LDAP and RADIUS servers, and other administrative settings.
LDAP Servers	Configure LDAP Servers.
RADIUS Servers	Configure RADIUS Servers.
Mail Server	Configure the Mail Server
SNMP	Configure SNMP.
FortiGuard	Configure FortiGuard.
Login Disclaimer	Configure the Login Disclaimer
Settings	Configure the idle timeout value for the Web UI and CLI interface and Web UI language. You can also reset all widgets to their default state.



Some menus are not displayed on the Slave Nodes in a cluster.

Administrators

The Administrators menu allows you to configure administrator user accounts.

With the exception of the *admin* account, users are only able to view and edit their own information.

The following options are available:

Create New	Select to create a new administrator account.
Edit	Select an administrator account from the list and select <i>Edit</i> in the toolbar to edit the entry.
Delete	Select an administrator account from the list and select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to delete the entry.

Test Login

Select a LDAP/RADIUS administrator account from the list and select *Test Login* to test the user's login settings. If an error occurs, a detailed debug message will display.

The following information is displayed:

Name	Displays the administrator account name.
Type	The administrator type: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Local (Read-Write)• Local (Read-Only)• Local (Device)• LDAP (Read-Write)• RADIUS (Read-Write)
Number of Administrators	Displays the number of administrator accounts configured on the device.

Create a new user:

1. Login as admin, and go to *System > Administrators* .
2. Select + *Create New* from the toolbar .

New Administrator

Administrator:	<input type="text"/>
Password:	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password:	<input type="password"/>
Type:	☒ Local ☐ LDAP ☐ RADIUS
Privilege:	☐ Read-Only ☒ Read-Write ☐ Device
Trusted Host #1:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0"/>
Trusted Host #2:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0"/>
Trusted Host #3:	<input type="text" value="0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0"/>
IPv6 Trusted Host #1:	<input type="text" value="::/0"/>
IPv6 Trusted Host #2:	<input type="text" value="::/0"/>
IPv6 Trusted Host #3:	<input type="text" value="::/0"/>
Comments:	<div><div></div></div>
☐ Download original file	
☐ JSON API	
Language:	<div>English</div>
<div>OKCancel</div>	

3. Configure the following:

Administrator	Enter a name for the new administrator account. The administrator name must be 1 to 30 characters long and may only contain upper-case letters, lower-case letters, numbers, and the underscore character <code>_</code> .
Password	Enter a password for the account. The password must be 6 to 64 characters long and may contain upper-case letters, lower-case letters, numbers, and special characters. This field is available when <i>Type</i> is set to <i>Local</i> .
Confirm Password	Confirm the password for the account. This field is available when <i>Type</i> is set to <i>Local</i> .
Type	Select either Local, LDAP, or RADIUS.
LDAP Server	When <i>Type</i> is <i>LDAP</i> , select the LDAP server from the drop-down list. For information on creating an LDAP server, see LDAP Servers on page 54 .
RADIUS Server	When <i>Type</i> is <i>RADIUS</i> , select the RADIUS server from the drop-down list. For information on creating a RADIUS server, see RADIUS Servers .
Privilege	Select either <i>Read-only</i> , <i>Read-Write</i> or <i>Device</i> . Read-only administrators have a limited set of permissions and cannot edit or change the FortiSandbox configuration. When the privilege is <i>Device</i> , the <i>admin</i> user can assign existing or new devices and/or VDOMs to the user. When the user logs in, only jobs belonging to the assigned devices or VDOMs will be visible. Also, this user has <i>Read-only</i> privileges and can only view job data pages.
Assigned Devices	Assigned devices and/or VDOMs to the user when the user privilege is set to <i>Device</i> . When the user clicks the panel, an Available Devices panel will slide out from the right side. This panel lists all available devices and VDOMs. Users can assign devices and VDOMs to the user by clicking the device serial number or VDOM name. Users can also add or delete user defined devices which have not been seen by the FortiSandbox unit. After editing, click outside the device panel to accept the changes.
Trusted Host 1, Trusted Host 2, Trusted Host 3	Enter up to three IPv4 trusted hosts.
Trusted IPv6 Host 1, Trusted IPv6 Host 2, Trusted IPv6 Host 3	Enter up to three IPv6 trusted hosts.
Comments	Enter an option description comment for the administrator account.

Download original file	Deselect to prevent the user from downloading the original file from the job details pages. When deselected, if the user attempts to download the original file, they will receive an <i>Access Denied</i> error. This setting can only be adjusted by the admin user.
JSON API	Enable to allow users to make JSON API calls. By default, <i>Read-Only</i> users cannot make JSON API calls.
Language	Set the GUI language for the user, either <i>English</i> or <i>Japanese</i> .



Setting trusted hosts for administrators limits what computers an administrator can log in the FortiSandbox unit from. When you identify a trusted host, the FortiSandbox unit will only accept the administrator's login from the configured IP address or subnet. Any attempt to log in with the same credentials from any other IP address or any other subnet will be dropped.

4. Select *OK* to create the new user.

Edit a user account:

1. Login as admin, and go to *System > Administrators*.
2. Select the name of the user you would like to edit and select *Edit* from the toolbar.
3. Edit the account as required and then re-type the new password in the confirmation field.
4. Click *OK* to apply the changes.



When editing an administrative account, you will be required to type the old password before you can set a new password.



Only the admin user can edit its own settings.

Delete one or more user accounts:

1. Login as admin, and go to *System > Administrators*.
2. Select the user account you want to delete.
3. Select *Delete* from the toolbar.
4. Select *Yes, I'm sure* in the confirmation page to delete the selected user or users.

LDAP/RADIUS user test login:

1. Login as admin, and go to *System > Administrators*.
 2. Select a LDAP/RADIUS user to test.
 3. Select *Test Login* from the toolbar.
 4. In the dialog box, enter the user's password.
 5. Click *OK*.
- If an error occurs, a detailed debug message will appear.

Certificates

In this page you can import, view, and delete certificates. Certificates are used for secure connection to an LDAP server, system HTTPS and SSH services. The FortiSandbox has one default certificate firmware.

The following options are available:

Import	Import a certificate.
Service	Select to configure specific certificates for the HTTP and SSH servers.
View	Select a certificate in the list and select <i>View</i> in the toolbar to view the CA certificate details.
Delete	Select a certificate in the list and select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to delete the certificate.

The following information is displayed:

Name	The name of the certificate.
Subject	The subject of the certificate.
Status	The certificate status, active or expired.
Service	HTTPS or SSH service that is using this certificate.

To import a certificate:

1. Go to *System > Certificates*.
2. Select *Import* from the toolbar.
3. Enter the certificate name in the text field.
4. Select *Choose File* and locate the certificate and key files on your management computer.
5. Select *OK* to import the certificate.



Users have the option to import a Password Protected PKCS12 Certificate. To import a PKCS12 Certificate, check the *PKCS12 Format* box upon importing a new certificate and writing down possible passwords.

To view a certificate:

1. Go to *System > Certificates*.
2. Select the certificate from the list and select *View* from the toolbar.

3. The following information is available:

Certificate Name	The name of the certificate.
Status	The certificate status.
Serial number	The certificate serial number.
Issuer	The issuer of the certificate.
Subject	The subject of the certificate.
Effective date	The date and time that the certificate became effective.
Expiration date	The date and time that the certificate expires.

4. Select *OK* to return to the Certificates page.

To delete a CA certificate:

1. Go to *System > Certificates*.
2. Select the certificate from the list and select *Delete* from the toolbar.
3. Select *Yes, I'm sure* in the *Are You Sure* confirmation page.



Firmware certificate(s) cannot be deleted.

LDAP Servers

The FortiSandbox system supports remote authentication of administrators using LDAP servers. To use this feature, you must configure the appropriate server entries in the FortiSandbox unit for each authentication server in your network.

If you have configured LDAP support and require a user to authenticate using an LDAP server, the FortiSandbox unit contacts the LDAP server for authentication. To authenticate with the FortiSandbox unit, the user enters a user name and password. The FortiSandbox unit sends this user name and password to the LDAP server. If the LDAP server can authenticate the user, the FortiSandbox unit successfully authenticates the user. If the LDAP server cannot authenticate the user, the FortiSandbox unit refuses the connection.

The following options are available:

Create New	Select to add an LDAP server.
Edit	Select an LDAP server in the list and select <i>Edit</i> in the toolbar to edit the entry.
Delete	Select an LDAP server in the list and select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to delete the entry.

The following information is displayed:

Name	The LDAP server name.
Address	The LDAP server address.
Common Name	The LDAP common name.
Distinguished Name	The LDAP distinguished name.
Bind Type	The LDAP bind type.
Connection Type	The LDAP connection type.
Number of LDAP servers	The number of LDAP server configured on the device.

To create a new LDAP server:

1. Go to *System > LDAP Servers*.
2. Select + *Create New* from the toolbar.

New LDAP Server

Name:	<input type="text"/>
Server Name/IP:	<input type="text"/>
Port:	<input type="text" value="389"/>
Common Name:	<input type="text"/>
Distinguished Name:	<input type="text"/>
Bind Type:	☒ Simple ☐ Anonymous ☐ Regular
☐ Enable Secure Connection	

OK
Cancel

3. Configure the following settings:

Name	Enter a name to identify the LDAP server. The name should be unique to FortiSandbox.
Server Name/IP	Enter the IP address or fully qualified domain name of the LDAP server.
Port	Enter the port for LDAP traffic. The default port is 389.
Common Name	The common name identifier for the LDAP server. Most LDAP servers use <code>cn</code> . However, some servers use other common name identifiers such as <code>uid</code> .
Distinguished Name	The distinguished name used to look up entries on the LDAP servers use. The distinguished name reflects the hierarchy of LDAP database object classes above the common name identifier.

Bind Type	Select the type of binding for LDAP authentication. The following options are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Simple • Anonymous • Regular
Username	When the <i>Bind Type</i> is set to <i>Regular</i> , type the user name.
Password	When the <i>Bind Type</i> is set to <i>Regular</i> , type the password.
Enable Secure Connection	Select to use a secure LDAP server connection for authentication.
Protocol	When <i>Enable Secure Connection</i> is selected, select either LDAPS or STARTTLS.
CA Certificate	When <i>Enable Secure Connection</i> is selected, select the CA certificate from the drop-down list.

4. Select *OK* to add the LDAP server.

RADIUS Servers

The FortiSandbox system supports remote authentication of administrators using RADIUS servers. To use this feature, you must configure the appropriate server entries in the FortiSandbox unit for each authentication server in your network.

If you have configured RADIUS support and require a user to authenticate using an RADIUS server, the FortiSandbox unit contacts the RADIUS server for authentication. To authenticate with the FortiSandbox unit, the user enters a user name and password. The FortiSandbox unit sends this user name and password to the RADIUS server. If the RADIUS server can authenticate the user, the FortiSandbox unit successfully authenticates the user. If the RADIUS server cannot authenticate the user, the FortiSandbox unit refuses the connection.

The following options are available:

Create New	Select to add a RADIUS server.
Edit	Select a RADIUS server in the list and select <i>Edit</i> in the toolbar to edit the entry.
Delete	Select a RADIUS server in the list and select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to delete the entry.

The following information is displayed:

Name	The RADIUS server name.
Primary Address	The primary server IP address.
Secondary Address	The secondary server IP address.

Port	The port used for RADIUS traffic. The default port is 1812.
Auth Type	The authentication type the RADIUS server requires. The default setting of ANY has the FortiSandbox try all the authentication types. Select one of: <i>ANY</i> , <i>PAP</i> , <i>CHAP</i> , or <i>MSv2</i> .

To add a RADIUS server:

1. Go to *System > RADIUS Servers*.
2. Select + *Create New* from the toolbar.

New RADIUS Server	
Name:	<input type="text"/>
Primary Server Name/IP:	<input type="text"/>
Secondary Server Name/IP:	<input type="text"/>
Port:	<input type="text" value="1812"/>
Auth Type:	☒ Any ☐ PAP ☐ CHAP ☐ MSv2
Primary Secret:	<input type="text"/>
Secondary Secret:	<input type="text"/>
NAS IP:	<input type="text"/>
<div> <input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> </div>	

3. Configure the following settings:

Name	Enter a name to identify the RADIUS server. The name should be unique to FortiSandbox.
Primary Server Name/IP	Enter the IP address or fully qualified domain name of the primary RADIUS server.
Secondary Server Name/IP	Enter the IP address or fully qualified domain name of the secondary RADIUS server.
Port	Enter the port for RADIUS traffic. The default port is 1812.
Auth Type	Enter the authentication type the RADIUS server requires. The default setting of ANY has the FortiSandbox try all the authentication types. Select one of: <i>ANY</i> , <i>PAP</i> , <i>CHAP</i> , or <i>MSv2</i> .
Primary Secret	Enter the primary RADIUS server secret.
Secondary Secret	Enter the secondary RADIUS server secret.
NAS IP	Enter the NAS IP address.

4. Select *OK* to add the RADIUS server.

Mail Server

The Mail Server page allows you to adjust the mail server settings. Go to *System > Mail Server* to view the *Mail Server Settings* page. In this page you can configure notifications for when a malicious file is detected and the weekly report global email list.

The following options can be configured:

SMTP Server Address	Enter the SMTP server address.
Port	Enter the SMTP server port number.
E-Mail Account	Enter the mail server email account. This will be used as the <i>from</i> address.
Login Account	Enter the mail server login account.
Password	Enter the password.
Confirm Password	Confirm the password.
Send notification mail to global email list when malicious file is detected	Select to enable this feature. When enabled, a notification email is sent to the global email list when a malicious file is detected.
What rating of job to send alert email	Select the rating of jobs that are included in the email alerts. Options include: <i>Malicious</i> , <i>High Risk</i> , <i>Medium Risk</i> , and <i>Low Risk</i> .
Global notification mail receivers list (separated by comma)	Enter the email addresses that comprise the global email list.
Notification mail subject template	Enter the subject line for the notification emails.
Send a notification email to the below email list when malicious/suspicious verdict is returned to client device	Select to enable this feature. When enabled, a notification email is sent to a specific email list when a malicious/suspicious file is retrieved by a client device.
Global verdict notification email receivers list (separated by comma)	Enter the email addresses that comprise the global email list.
Use FQDN as unit address for job detail link (default is IP address of Port1)	Use FQDN instead of port1 IP for a job detail link inside alert emails and reports.

FQDN Name	Enter FQDN name.
Send scheduled PDF report	Select Yes to send a report email to the global email list.
Send PDF report to VDOM email address	Select to send PDF report to VDOM email address also. The report will only contain jobs sent from the VDOM. VDOM email address can be set in the VDOM edit page.
Report Schedule Type:	<p>Select the report schedule type. Options include: <i>Hourly</i>, <i>Daily</i>, and <i>Weekly</i>.</p> <p>For different schedule types, different frequency options are displayed. If the schedule type is <i>Daily</i>, the user can set the hour for which the report is generated.</p>
Week Day:	Select the day the report is to be sent.
At hour:	Select the hour interval the report is to be sent.
Include job data before Days (0-28) days:	Select the job data before 0-28 days.
Hours (0-23):	<p>Select the job data before 0-23 hours.</p> <p>For example, if the user wants to include job data from the last two days and three hours before report generation, the user should select two in the Day Field and three in the Hour field.</p>
What rating of job to be included in the detail report	<p>Select the rating of jobs that are included in the reports. Options include: <i>Malicious</i>, <i>High Risk</i>, <i>Medium Risk</i>, <i>Low Risk</i>, and <i>Clean</i>.</p> <p>Because there is a large amount of jobs with a Clean rating, it is recommended to exclude the Clean rating from the detail report.</p>
Global email list to receive summary report (separated by comma)	<p>Enter the email addresses that comprise the summary report global email list.</p> <p>The email addresses will receive reports including jobs from all input sources.</p>
Global email list to receive detail report (separated by comma)	Enter the email addresses that comprise the detail report global email list. The email addresses will receive reports including jobs from all input sources.
OK	Select OK to apply any changes made the mail server configuration.

Send Test Email	Select <i>Send Test</i> to send a test email to the global email list. If an error occurs, the error message will appear at the top of the page and recorded in the System Logs.
Restore Default	Select <i>Restore Default</i> to restore the default mail server settings.

SNMP

SNMP is a method for a FortiSandbox system to monitor your FortiSandbox system on your local computer. You will need an SNMP agent on your computer to read the SNMP information.

Using SNMP, your FortiSandbox system monitors for system events including CPU usage, memory usage, log disk space, interface changes, and malware detection. Go to *System > Config > SNMP* to configure your FortiSandbox system's SNMP settings.

SNMP has two parts - the SNMP agent or the device that is sending traps, and the SNMP manager that monitors those traps. The SNMP communities on the monitored FortiSandbox are hard coded and configured in the SNMP menu.

The FortiSandbox SNMP implementation is read-only — SNMP v1, v2c, v3 compliant SNMP manager applications, such as those on your local computer, have read-only access to FortiSandbox system information and can receive FortiSandbox system traps.

From here you can also download FortiSandbox and Fortinet core MIB files.

Configuring the SNMP agent

The SNMP agent sends SNMP traps that originate on the FortiSandbox system to an external monitoring SNMP manager defined in one of the FortiSandbox SNMP communities. Typically an SNMP manager is an application on a local computer that can read the SNMP traps and generate reports or graphs from them.

The SNMP manager can monitor the FortiSandbox system to determine if it is operating properly, or if there are any critical events occurring. The description, location, and contact information for this FortiSandbox system will be part of the information an SNMP manager will have — this information is useful if the SNMP manager is monitoring many devices, and it will enable faster responses when the FortiSandbox system requires attention.

Go to *System > SNMP* to configure the SNMP agent.

Configure the following settings:

SNMP Agent	Select to enable the FortiSandbox SNMP agent. When this is enabled, it sends FortiSandbox SNMP traps.
Description	Enter a description of this FortiSandbox system to help uniquely identify this unit.
Location	Enter the location of this FortiSandbox system to help find it in the event it requires attention.

Contact	Enter the contact information for the person in charge of this FortiSandbox system.
SNMP v1/v2c	Create new, edit, or delete SNMP v1 and v2c communities. You can select to enable or disable communities in the edit page. The following columns are displayed: Community Name, Queries, Traps, Enable
SNMP v3	Create new, edit, or delete SNMP v3 entries. You can select to enable or disable queries in the edit page. The following columns are displayed: User Name, Security Level, Notification Host, Queries.

Create a new SNMP v1/v2c community:

1. Go to *System > SNMP*.
2. In the SNMP v1/v2c section of the screen select *Create New* from the toolbar.
3. Configure the following settings:

Enable	Select to enable the SNMP community.
Community Name	Enter a name to identify the SNMP community.
Hosts	The list of hosts that can use the settings in this SNMP community to monitor the FortiSandbox system.
IP/Netmask	Enter the IP address and netmask of the SNMP hosts. Select the <i>Add</i> button to add additional hosts.
Queries v1	Enter the port number and select to enable. Enable queries for each SNMP version that the FortiSandbox system uses.
Queries v2c	Enter the port number and select to enable. Enable queries for each SNMP version that the FortiSandbox system uses.
Traps v1	Enter the local port number, remote port number, and select to enable. Enable traps for each SNMP version that the FortiSandbox system uses.
Traps v2c	Enter the local port number, remote port number, and select to enable. Enable traps for each SNMP version that the FortiSandbox system uses.
SNMP Events	Enable the events that will cause the FortiSandbox unit to send SNMP traps to the community. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CPU usage is high • Memory is low • Log disk space is low • Interface IP is changed • Malware is detected

4. Select *OK* to create the SNMP community.

Create a new SNMP v3 user:

1. Go to *System > SNMP*.
2. In the SNMP v3 section of the screen select *Create New* from the toolbar.

3. Configure the following settings:

Username	Enter the name of the SNMPv3 user.
Security Level	Select the security level of the user. Select one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• None• Authentication only• Encryption and authentication
Authentication	Authentication is required when <i>Security Level</i> is either <i>Authentication only</i> or <i>Encryption and authentication</i> .
Method	Select the authentication method. Select either: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• MD5 (Message Digest 5 algorithm)• SHA1 (Secure Hash algorithm)
Password	Enter the authentication password. The password must be a minimum of 8 characters.
Encryption	Encryption is required when <i>Security Level</i> is <i>Encryption and authentication</i> .
Method	Select the encryption method, either DES or AES.
Key	Enter the encryption key. The encryption key value must be a minimum of 8 characters.
Notification Hosts (Traps)	
IP/Netmask	Enter the IP address and netmask. Click the <i>Add</i> button to add additional hosts.
Query	
Port	Enter the port number. Select to <i>Enable</i> the query port.
SNMP V3 Events	Select the SNMP events that will be associated with that user. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• CPU usage is high• Memory is low• Log disk space is low• Interface IP is changed• Malware is detected

4. Select *OK* to create the SNMP community.

MIB files

To download MIB files, scroll to the bottom of the SNMP page, and select the MIB file that you would like to download to your management computer.

FortiGuard

Go to *System > FortiGuard* to view the FortiGuard page.

The following options and information are available:

Module Name	The FortiGuard module name, including: <i>AntiVirus Scanner</i> , <i>AntiVirus Extreme Signature</i> , <i>AntiVirus Active Signature</i> , <i>Network Alerts Signature</i> , <i>Sandbox Engine</i> , <i>Android Analytic Engine</i> , <i>Android Analytic Rating Engine</i> and <i>Traffic Sniffer</i> . All modules automatically install update packages when they are available on the FDN.
Current Version	The current version of the module.
Last Check Time	The time that module last checked for an update.
Last Update Time	The time that module was last updated.
Last Check Status	The status of the last update attempt.
Upload Package File:	<p>Select <i>Browse</i> to locate a package file on the management computer, then select <i>Submit</i> to upload the package file to the FortiSandbox.</p> <p>When the unit has no access to the Fortinet FDN servers, the user can go to the Customer Service and Support site to download package files manually.</p>
FortiGuard Server Settings	
Use override FDN server to download module updates	<p>Select to enable an override FDN server, or FortiManager, to download module update, then enter the server IP address or FQDN in the text box. For more information, see Server overrides on page 1.</p> <p>By default, the closest FDN server according to the unit's time zone is used. Click <i>Connect FDN Now</i> button to schedule an immediate update check.</p>
Use Proxy	Select to enable a Proxy. Configure the Proxy Type (HTTP Connect, SOCKS v4, or SOCKS v5), Server Name, Port, Proxy Username, and Password.
Connect FDN Now	Click the <i>Connect FDN Now</i> button to connect the override FDN server/Proxy.
FortiGuard Web Filter Settings	
Use override server address for web filtering query	<p>Select to enable an override server address for web filtering query, then enter the server IP address (IP address or IP address:- port) or FQDN in the text box. For more information, see Server overrides on page 1.</p> <p>By default, the closest web filtering server according to the unit's time zone is used.</p> <p>If port is not provided, target UDP port 53 will be used.</p>
Use Proxy	Select to enable a Proxy. Configure the SOCKS v5 server name or IP, Port, Proxy Username, and Password.

FortiSandbox Community Cloud Settings

Use override server port for community cloud server query (Ex.8888) Select to enable an override server port for community cloud. Enter the port number in the text box. You can toggle between port 53 and port 8888.

Use Proxy Select to enable a Proxy. Configure the SOCKS v5 server name or IP, Port, Proxy Username, and Password.

Select *Apply* to apply your changes.

Login Disclaimer

Go to *System > Login Disclaimer* to customize the warning message, and to enable or disable the Login Disclaimer.

If enabled, the Login Disclaimer will appear when a user tries to login to the unit.

Settings

Go to *System > Settings* to configure and the administrator account idle timeout, that is, the amount of time after which the user's login session will expire if there is no activity. You can also temporarily change the GUI language to Japanese.



After logging out and then back in, the language will be reset to English. For information on permanently setting a user's language to Japanese, see [Settings on page 64](#).



In this page you can select to reset all widgets in *Dashboard*, *File Detection > Summary Report*, *Network Alerts > Summary Report*, *URL Detection > Summary Report*.

Configure the idle timeout:

1. Go to *System > Settings* .
2. Enter a value between 1 and 480 minutes.
3. Click *OK* to save the setting.

Reset all widgets:

You can reset all the widgets in the Dashboard by clicking the *Reset* button.

Virtual Machine

The FortiSandbox VM host is a based on a modified hypervisor. By default, every unit is installed with Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3 (32-bit), Windows 7 (32-bit), and Windows 7 Service Pack 1 (64-bit) VM images.

VM Host Support:

FSA-1000D	Supports 8 VM hosts.
FSA-3000D	Supports 28 VM hosts
FSA-3500D	Supports 8 VM hosts.
FSA-3000E	Supports 8 VM hosts by default, maximum up to 56 VM hosts

Users can also purchase, download, and install extra Android, Windows 8.1 and Windows 10 image package. Official license is needed to use these extra images. Before an official license is installed, the images cannot be used. FSA-VM is offered in a stackable license model and supports up to 54 VM hosts. The following software is installed on each VM host:

- Adobe Flash Player
- Adobe Reader
- Java Run Time
- MSVC Run Time
- Microsoft .Net Framework
- Microsoft Office software (only on WINXPVM and WIN7X86VM)
- Web Browsers



By default, Fortinet provides license keys for installed Microsoft Office software.

VM Status

Go to *Virtual Machine > VM Status* to view files currently scanned inside the VM. The page displays the file name, and progress.

VM Images

Go to *Virtual Machine > VM Images* to view all installed VM Images and configure the number of instances of each image.

VM Images are grouped to three categories:

Default VMs	Basic set of images installed on FortiSandbox by default.
Optional VMS	Fortinet published new VM images.
Customized VMs	User created images and uploaded to FortiSandbox.

When Fortinet publishes a new version of VM image on its image server, the image will show up in the *Optional VMs* group. A download button will show up in *Status* column. Users can click the button to start downloading. After the image has downloaded, a *Ready to Install* button will be displayed. When the user clicks on it, all downloaded images will start installing. After installation, the system will reboot automatically. Users can also click the *Remove* button to delete a downloaded image.

After an image is installed, its license key will be checked. If no key is available, the image's status will be installed but disabled, until the key is installed and the image is activated. After the image is activated, users can start using it by setting its clone number to be greater than 0. Thereafter, the Image's status will become activated.

VM Images					
Edit Clone Number Delete VM Undelete VM VM Screenshot Enabled VM Types: 4 / 4 Keys: 19 / 25 Clone Number: 25 / 28					
Name	Version	Status	Enabled	Clone #	Extensions
Default VMs (4 / 4)					
WINXPVM1	6	activated		0	exe msi bat cmd vbs ps1 jar abc
WINXPVM	7	activated		5	ppsx ppt pptx xls xlsx doc docx rtf dotx docm dotm xltx xlsx xltm xlsb xlam potx sldx pptm ppsm potm ppam slidm msg dot xlt pps pot
WIN7X86VM	6	activated		7	ppsx ppt pptx xls xlsx doc docx rtf dotx docm dotm xltx xlsx xltm xlsb xlam potx sldx pptm ppsm potm ppam slidm msg dot xlt pps pot
WIN7X64VM	7	activated		7	exe msi vbs bat cmd ps1 jar
Optional VMs (2 / 2)					
WIN10X64VM	1	installed		0	exe msi vbs bat cmd ps1 jar WEBLink
AndroidVM	2	activated		0	apk
Customized VMs (1)					
win7x64newtool	1	activated		6	pdf WEBLink

The following options are available:

Edit Clone Number	Select a VM Image and select <i>Edit Clone Number</i> from the toolbar to edit the entry. Click the green checkmark to save the new number. Then, click the <i>Apply</i> button to apply the changes.
Delete VM	Select a VM Image and select <i>Delete VM</i> from the toolbar to delete the entry. The default set of four Windows VMS (WINXPVM, WINXPVM1, WIN7X86VM, and WIN7X64VM) cannot be deleted. Deleted VMs will only be deleted after the system reboots.
Undelete VM	After deleting a VM you have the option to <i>Undelete the VM</i> to recover it. After the system reboots and the delete action has been completed, the user cannot undelete a VM.
VM Screenshot	Select to take a screenshot of a running VM, and the file name the VM is scanning. The button is only available for <i>admin</i> user.

The following information is displayed:

Enabled VM Types	Max number of VM types that can concurrently run. It cannot exceed four.
Keys	Max number of keys. It cannot exceed 25. Clone numbers of Android VMs and customized VMs do not affect this result.
Clone Number	Max Clone number. It is the number of the installed Windows license. For example, for FSA-3000D, the maximum clone number is 28. While on FSA-1000D and FSA-3500D, it is 8. For FSA-3000E, the maximum clone number is 56.
VM Usage	When clicked, the VM Chart is launched. This chart displays a rough percentage of used clones of this type across time. If the usage percentage is maintained at a high level across time, the user should consider allocating more clone numbers to it.
Name	<p>Name of the VM Image. The name is unique in the system. If the user uploads a new VM image of the same name, the current installation will be replaced.</p> <p>A <i>Chart</i> icon is located beside the <i>Name</i> column on the left side. When you click on the <i>Chart</i> icon, the VM's usage chart will appear.</p>
Version	VM Image version. If a new version of an image is published on the Fortinet Image Server, a <i>New Version Available</i> icon will appear. Users can download, install and activate it.
Status	<p>VM Image status. A VM image can be one of the following statuses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ready to Download • Ready to Upgrade • Downloading (shows a progress bar) • Ready to Install (Install or Remove downloaded image) • Installing • Installed (Disabled) • Installed (No Key Available) • Activated
Enabled	Number of enabled VMs. If an image's clone number is 0, it is disabled. Otherwise it is enabled.
Clone#	VM Clone number. The user can double click the number to edit it, then click the green check mark to save the new number. Click Apply to apply the change. The VM system will initialize again. The total clone number of all VM images cannot exceed the number of installed Windows license(s). For example, for FSA-3000D, the maximum clone number is 28.

Extensions

List of all the file types the VM image is associated with. It means files of these types will be scanned by this VM if these types are determined to enter the job queue. The system decides if they need to be sandboxed.

If prefiltering is turned off for a file type, it will be scanned inside each associated VM type. If prefiltering is turned on, files of this file type will be statically scanned first by an advanced analytic engine and only non-suspicious ones will be scanned inside associated VM type.

File type and VM association can be defined in the *Scan Policy > Scan Profile* page. Users can double click the value to access the *Scan Profile* page to edit the list.

Clone Number for VM Image

By default, the clone number for the VM image(s) is set to the following:

FSA-1000D, FSA-3500D and FSA-3000E

VM Image	Number of Clones
WINXPVM	4
WINXPVM1	0
WIN7X64VM	2
WIN7X86VM	2

FSA-3000D

VM Image	Number of Clones
WINXPVM	14
WINXPVM1	0
WIN7X64VM	7
WIN7X86VM	7

The user can change the default settings according to the majority of file types in their environment. For example, if the majority file type is Office files and WINXPVM is associated with Office files, the user can decrease the clone number of other VM images and increase the clone number of the WINXPVM image.

In a cluster environment, clone numbers should be configured individually on each node as their models might be different.

VM Screenshot

When the user *admin* clicks the *VM Screenshot* button, all currently running guest images along with the processed file name will be displayed. Click the *VM Screenshot* button, then the *PNG Link* button to view a screenshot of running clones. Clicking on the *Refresh* button in upper left corner of the popup window will refresh the running image list.

This feature is useful to troubleshoot issues related to guest images.



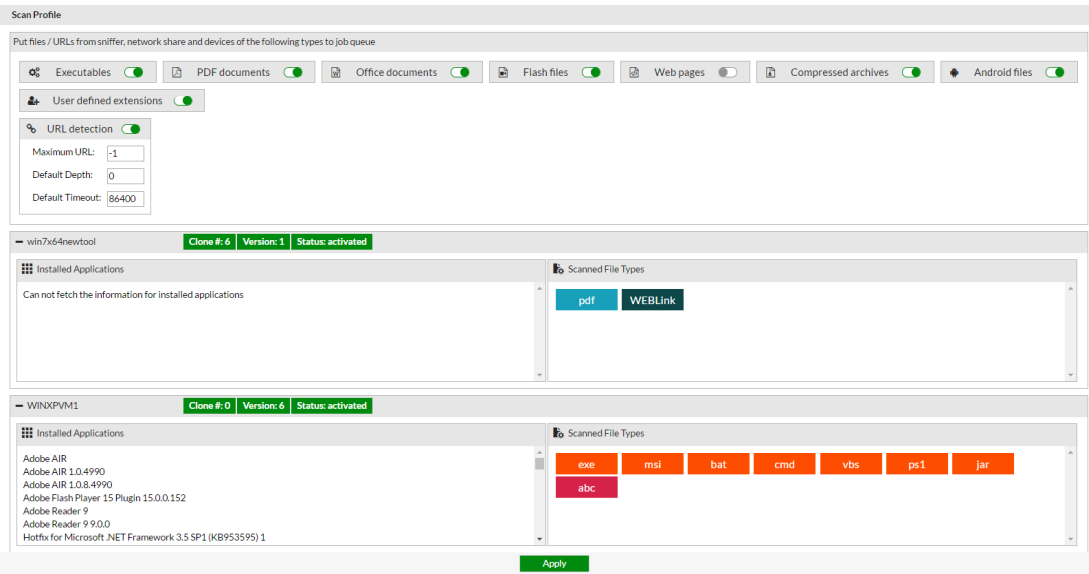
This button is only available when login user is *admin*.

Scan Policy

Scan Profile

The profile page allows you to configure the types of files that are put into the job queue. It also allows you to configure the VM image to scan pre-defined file types and user defined file types.

By default, all Images sections are expanded.



File types

FortiSandbox, by default, supports the following file types:

Executables	<p>BAT, CMD, DLL, EXE, JAR, MSI, PS1, UPX, WSF, and VBS.</p> <p>Most DLL files cannot be executed within a VM, it is recommended to turn on its Pre-Filtering with the following CLI command:</p> <pre>sandboxing-prefilter -e -tdll</pre> <p>Only the DLL files which can be executed inside a VM will be put into the Job Queue. Refer to "URL Category" on page 1 for further information on Pre-Filtering.</p>
Archives	<p>7Z, ARB, BZIP, BZIP2, CAB, EML, GZIP, LZW, RAR, TAR, XZ and more</p>
Scripts	<p>JavaScript/HTML, Batch Script, Power Shell, VBS</p>

Microsoft Office	Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Outlook and more
Adobe	PDF, SWF, Flash
Static Web Files	HTML, JS, URL, LNK
Android File	APK

Scan Profile Part One

The first part of the Scan Profile page is to define file types and URLs that are allowed to enter the job queue if they are from a sniffer, device, adapter and/or network share.



If files or URLs are submitted through On-Demand or RPC JSON API, they will always be put into the job queue, even if their file types are not set to enter the job queue.

To allow a file type to enter the job queue

Click its toggle button on the right side to enable it. If the button is greyed out, files of that type will be dropped.

URL Detection

When URL detection is enabled, it means FortiSandbox will scan URLs (WEBLinks). The user can also define default settings of depth FortiSandbox should visit the URL and the default timeout value that FortiSandbox should stop even when not all web page have been scanned.



If FortiSandbox unit has a long queue of pending jobs, user should consider turning off certain file types to job queue. For example, in most network environment, static web files (JavaScript, html, aspx files etc) and Adobe flash files consist of a big part of all files. When performance issue is met, user can consider turning them off.

If a file type is turned off, files of this type already in the job queue will still be processed. Users can use the `pending-jobs` CLI command or *Scan Input > Job Queue* page to purge them if needed.



To find out number of each file type and input source, user can use CLI command `pending-jobs` or *Scan Input > Job Queue* page.

Scan Profile Part 2

The second part is to define file type and VM image association. Association means files of a certain file type will be sandboxed by the associated VM image. This part shows all installed VM image(s), their clone numbers, version and status.



If a VM type is disabled (clone # is 0), its Clone # field will be red.

To configure association

Click the VM image's name. The left side panel shows installed applications and right side panel shows current associated file types.



Note: for an associated file to be sandboxed in the VM image

- a. Its file type has to be configured to enter a job queue
- b. The VM image has a non-zero clone number (i.e.: it is enabled)

If pre-filtering is *OFF* for a file type, it will be scanned by each associated VM type; if pre-filtering is *ON*, files of this file type will be statically scanned first by an advanced analytic engine and only non-suspicious ones will be scanned by associated VM type. Other files go through all scan steps except the Sandboxing scan step. To improve the system scan capacity, users can turn on the pre-filtering of a file type through the `sandboxing-prefilter` CLI command. For more details, refer to the *FortiSandbox 2.3.2 CLI Reference Guide*.

To edit associated file type

1. Click right side panel and a popup file type list will show up.
2. File types are grouped to different categories. Clicking the category title will toggle associations of all grouped file types. Clicking on individual file type will toggle its own association. When the file type is displayed in full length, it means the file type is associated.



Certain file types, like HTML will not be scanned inside a VM by default. If the user associates it explicitly to a VM, all HTML files will be scanned inside that VM.

Add a user defined extension

Make sure the user defined extension is enabled.

1. Click + sign and type a non-existing extension
2. Click the green check mark. The user can then click on the new extension to toggle its association.

Finalizing the list of Scanned File Types

1. After the user has finished the association configuration, click the *Scanned File Types* panel to finalize the list for double check.
2. Click *Apply* button to apply the changes. User can also click *Apply* button to apply changes directly. Files will then be scanned by associated VM images.



For files with a user defined extension, they will be scanned by a VM image no matter what file types they really are. During scan, the file will be opened with associated software pre-defined by VM image. For example, if FireFox is associated with HTML files, HTML files will be opened by FireFox.

FortiSandbox provides default scan profile settings. To be specific

- WINXPVM: Office files, Adobe Flash files
- WIN7X86VM: Adobe PDF files
- WIN7X64VM: Executable files

In a cluster environment, it is highly recommended that all cluster nodes have the same list of enabled VM images, although it is not enforced.



If cluster nodes do not have the same list of enabled VM images, a warning message will show up on top of the Scan Profile page for five seconds.

The Scan Profile can only be configured on the Master node and the configurations will be synced to slave nodes. Master node will collect all installed VM image information. If a different VM image is only installed on a slave node, the user can still configure on the Master node and the result will be synchronized to that Slave node.



Link file types in Static Web files group is for shortcuts to a webpage or URL. While WEblink types in URL detection group are for URL scans, which follows depth and timeout settings in Scan Profile Part 1



There might be malicious URLs inside Office files and PDF files. Users can choose to scan randomly selected URLs with the original file altogether inside a VM image. To turn this feature *ON*, use the `sandboxing-embeddedurl` CLI command. For more details, refer to the *FortiSandbox 2.3.2 CLI Reference Guide*.

File Scan Priority

Files of different file types and input sources have different processing priority. Priority means, under the same situation, files in the high priority queue will be processed first before those in the low priority queue. This means if a VM image is configured to scan two different job queues, the job queue with high priority will be scanned first and only when this queue is empty, the low priority job queue will be processed. Therefore, it is recommended that different job queues are associated with different VM image(s). In this release, job queue priority is hard coded to be:

```
Files from On-Demand/RPC
sniffer/device submitted executable files
user defined file types
sniffer/device submitted Office files
sniffer/device submitted PDF files
sniffer/device submitted Android files
URLs of all sources
device submitted Adobe flash/web files
sniffer submitted Adobe flash/web files
Adapter submitted files
Network share submitted files
```

General

Go to *Scan Policy > General* to view and configure the General Options.

General Options	
☒	Upload suspicious file information to Sandbox Community Cloud
☒	Allow Virtual Machines to access external network through outgoing port3
Status:	
Port3 IP:	<input type="text"/>
Gateway:	<input type="text"/>
☐	Disable SIMNET if Virtual Machines are not able to access external network through outgoing port3
DNS:	<input type="text"/>
☐	Use Proxy
☒	Enable URL callback detection
☐	Submit suspicious URL to Fortinet WebFilter Service
☒	Enable log event of file submission
☒	Devices
☐	Adapter
☐	Network Share
☒	ICAP
☒	Reject duplicate file from device
☒	Upload statistics data to FortiGuard service
☐	Delete original files of Clean or Other rating after
☒	Delete original files of Malicious or Suspicious rating after
Day:	<input type="text" value="60"/>
Hour:	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Minute:	<input type="text" value="0"/>
☒	Delete all traces of jobs of Clean or Other rating after
Day:	<input type="text" value="60"/>
Hour:	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Minute:	<input type="text" value="0"/>
☐	Delete all traces of jobs of Malicious or Suspicious rating after
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	

The following options are available:

Upload suspicious file information to Sandbox community Cloud	Enable to upload suspicious file information to the Sandbox community Cloud. If enabled, the file checksum, tracer log, verdict, and original files are uploaded.
Allow Virtual Machines to access external network through outgoing port3	<p>Enable to allow Virtual Machines to access external network through the outgoing port3.</p> <p>If the VM cannot access the outside network, a simulated network (SIMNET) will start by default. SIMNET provides responses of popular network services, like <code>http</code> where certain malware is expected. If the VM internet access is down, beside the down icon, SIMNET status is displayed. Clicking it will enter the VM network configuration page.</p> <p>FortiSandbox VM accesses external network through port3. The next-hop gateway and DNS settings can be configured in <i>Scan Policy > General > Allow Virtual Machines to access external network through outgoing port3</i>.</p>
Status	Port3 status.

Gateway	Enter the next hop gateway IP address.
Disable SIMNET if Virtual Machines are not able to access external network through outgoing port3	Enable to disable SIMNET when Virtual Machines are not able to access external network through the outgoing port3.
DNS	DNS server used by VM images when a file is scanned.
Use Proxy	<p>Enable to use the proxy. Configure the Proxy Type, Server Name/IP, Port, Proxy Username, and Proxy Password.</p> <p>When the proxy server is enabled, all the non UDP outgoing traffic started from Sandbox VM will be directed to the proxy server.</p> <p>When a proxy server is used, if the proxy server type is not SOCKS, the system level DNS server is used. If the type is SOCKS5, users need to configure an external DNS server that port3 can access.</p> <p>For other traffic started by FortiSandbox firmware, such as FortiGuard Distribution Network (FDN) upgrades, the configurations should be done under the <i>Network</i> menu.</p>
Proxy Type	<p>Select the proxy type from the drop-down list. The following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HTTP Connect • HTTP Relay • SOCKS v4 • SOCKS v5; requires DNS. <p>UDP protocol is not supported.</p>
Server Name/IP	Enter the proxy server name or IP address.
Port	Enter the proxy server port number.
Proxy Username	Enter a proxy username.
Proxy Password	Enter the proxy password.
Enable URL call back detection	Enable URL call back detection. When enabled, previously detected clean URLs in sniffed traffic are frequently rated.
Submit suspicious URL to Fortinet Web Filter Service	Enable to submit malware downloading URL to the FortiGuard Web Filter Service.

Enable log event of file submission	Enable to log the file submission events of an input source.
Devices	Select to log the file submission events of a device, like FortiGate, FortiMail or FortiClient.
Adapter	Select to log the file submission events from an adapter like a Carbon Black server.
Network Share	Select to log the file submission events when they are from a network share.
ICAP	Select to log the file submission events from an ICAP client.
Log event of file submission from device	Add a log entry when receiving a file from devices.
Reject duplicate file from device	Enable to reject duplicate files from devices.
Upload statistics data to FortiGuard service	Enable to upload statistics data to the FortiGuard service.
Delete original files of Clean or Other rating after	Enable to delete original files of Clean or Other ratings after a specified time. If the time is 0, the original files with either Clean or Other ratings will not be kept on the system.
Day	Enter the day.
Hour	Enter the hour.
Minute	Enter the minute.
Delete original files of Malicious or Suspicious rating after	Enable to delete original files of Malicious or Suspicious ratings after a specified time.
Day	Enter the day.
Hour	Enter the hour.
Minute	Enter the minute.
Delete all traces of jobs of Clean or Other rating after	Enable to delete all traces of jobs of Clean or Other ratings after a specified time.
Day	Enter the day.
Hour	Enter the hour.
Minute	Enter the minute.
Delete all traces of jobs of Malicious or Suspicious after	Enable to delete all traces of jobs of Malicious or Suspicious ratings after a specified time.

Day	Enter the day.
Hour	Enter the hour.
Minute	Enter the minute.



If the user upgrades from a previous version, the user will have to go to *Scan Policy > General* to configure the network settings in order for the Windows VM to be able to access the internet.

If the Windows VM connection is down, the *Dashboard > System Information widget > VM Internet Access field* will reflect this.



By default, job traces of files with a Clean or Other rating will be kept for three days.

How to improve system scan performance

There is a limited number of files that a unit can process within a time period. There are certain ways to improve the unit's scan power

- Only keep jobs with *Clean* rating for a short period. If the user is not concerned about processed files with a *Clean* rating, the user can configure the system to remove them after a short period. This will save the system resource and improve system performance. To do that, go to *Scan Policy > General*, and configure *Delete all traces of jobs of Clean or Other rating after*.
- Turn on *Pre-Filtering* for certain file types. By default, if a file type is associated with a Windows VM image, all files of this file type will be scanned inside it. Sandboxing scans inside Windows VM is a slow and expensive process.

For example, a FSA3000D unit can only scan 560 files/hr inside a VM on average. Users can enable *Pre-Filtering* on certain file types. If it is enabled, files of that file type will be pre-filtered and have a *Clean* rating; only suspicious ones will be scanned inside a VM.

The following file types support *Pre-Filtering*: DLL, PDF, SWF, JS, HTML, URL.

For URL type, if *Pre-filtering* is enabled, only URLs whose web filtering category is *Unrated* will be scanned inside VM.

- Associate every file type to only one VM type. Theoretically, one file should be scanned inside all enabled VM types to get best malware catch rate. However, to improve scan performance, every file type should be associated with only one VM type.
- Allocate clone numbers of each VM type according to distribution of file types.

Each unit can only prepare limited number of guest image clones. The number is determined by installed Windows license keys. Users should allocate clone numbers according to distribution of file types.

For example, if there are a lot of Office files and WINXPVM is associated with Office files, user can decrease clone number of other VM types and increase the clone number of the WINXPVM image. If the user sees a large number of pending jobs, he can use `pending-jobs` CLI command, or go to *Scan Input > Job Queue* page, to find out files of which file type is the most waiting in the queue and increase clone numbers of its associated VM type. See [Job Queue on page 96](#) for more information.

White/Black Lists

White and black lists help improve scan performance and malware catch rate and reduce the false positive and can be appended to, replaced, cleared, deleted, and downloaded. The lists contain the file's checksum values (MD5, SHA1, or SHA256 checksums, and the file's download domain). Users can put trusted domains in the White List to improve performance. *Wild Card* formats, like *.domain, is supported. For example, when the user adds windowsupdate.microsoft.com to the *White Domain List*, all files downloaded from this domain will be rated as *Clean* files immediately. If the user adds *.microsoft.com to the *White Domain List*, all files downloaded from sub-domains of microsoft.com will be rated as *Clean* immediately.

- If a white list entry is hit, the job rating will be *Clean* with a local overwrite flag.
- If a black list entry is hit, the job rating will be *Malicious* with a local overwrite flag. Malware names will be FSA/BL_DOMAIN, FSA/BL_MD5, FSA/BL_SHA1, or FSA/BL_SHA256.
- If the same entry exists on both lists and is hit, the black list will take priority and the file will be rated *Malicious*.

White / Black List	
White Lists:	<div><div>3488567...669c43f</div><div>fpdownl...obe.com</div></div>
Black Lists:	<div><div>3488567...669c43f</div><div>www.google.com</div><div>www.yahoo.com</div><div>cisco.com</div></div>

To manage the White/Black list manually:

1. Go to *Scan Policy > White/Black List*.
2. Click the *White* or *Black* list panel, the *Detail* panel will slide out from the right side.
3. Click the head of each type to expand or collapse the list.
4. Click the + button to add a new entry.
Alternatively, click the *Trash* button to either remove the whole list or remove a single entry.
5. Click outside the *Detail* panel to accept the change.

To manage the White/Black list through files:

1. Go to *Scan Policy > White/Black List*.
2. Click the *File Upload* button for either the *White List* or *Black List*.
3. Select the list type from the drop down menu:
 - *Domain*
 - *MD5*
 - *SHA1*
 - *SHA256*
4. Select the *Action* to take from the drop down menu:
 - *Append*: Add checksums to the list.
 - *Replace*: Replace the list.
 - *Clear*: Remove the list.
 - *Download*: Download the list to the management computer.
 - *Delete*: Delete an entry from the list if the entry is in the uploaded file.

5. If the action is *Download*, click *OK* to download the list file to the management computer.
6. If the action is *Append* or *Replace*, click *Choose File*, locate the checksum file on the management computer, then click *OK*.
7. If the action is *Clear*, click *OK* to remove the list.

YARA Rules

YARA is the third scan engine, which is a pattern matching engine for malware detection. The YARA Rules page allows you to upload your own YARA rules. The rules must be compatible with the 3.x schema and put inside ASCII text files.

The following options are available:

Import	Select to import a YARA rule file.
Edit	Select to edit a YARA rule file.
Delete	Select to delete a YARA rule file.
Change Status	Select to change the status (Active or Inactive) of a YARA rule.

The following information is displayed:

Name	The name of the YARA rule.
File Type	The file type of the YARA rule.
Modify Time	The date and time the YARA rule was last modified.
Size	The size of the YARA rule.
Sha256	The Sha256 number.
Status	The current status (Active or Inactive) of the YARA rule.

To upload YARA Rule File:

1. Go to *Scan Policy > YARA Rules*.
2. Select *Import*.
3. Configure the following settings:

YARA Rule Name	Enter a name for the YARA rule set.
Default Description	Enter a description of the YARA rule set.

Rules Risk Level	Select a rule risk level between 1-10. 0-1: Clean 2-4: Low Risk 5-7: Medium Risk 8-10: High Risk All the YARA rules inside the YARA rule file will share the same risk level.
File Type	Select a File Type to scan against uploaded YARA rules.
YARA Rule File	Choose a text file containing YARA rules.

4. Select *OK* to import rules.
5. After a YARA Rule File is imported, you can select the *Activate/Deactivate* icon to enable/disable the YARA rule.

If you want the same set of rules to match more than one file type, you should import the file more than once; for each import, set a different file type to match.



If a file hits multiple rules, a complicated algorithm is used to calculate the final rating of the file. For example, if a file hits more than one Low Risk YARA rules, the file's verdict can be higher than the Low Risk rating.

To edit a YARA Rule:

1. Go to *Scan Policy > YARA Rules*.
2. Select a YARA Rule.
3. Click the *Edit* button from the toolbar.
4. Configure the following options:

ID	YARA ID Number. You cannot edit this field.
Yara Rule Name	Enter a name for the YARA rule set.
Default Description	Enter a description of the YARA rule set.
Rules Risk Level	Select a rule risk level between 1-10. 0-1: Clean 2-4: Low Risk 5-7: Medium Risk 8-10: High Risk All the YARA rules inside the YARA rule file will share the same risk level.
File Type	Select a File Type to scan against uploaded YARA rules.
YARA Rule File	Choose a text file containing YARA rules.

5. Click *OK* to apply changes.

To delete a YARA rule:

1. Go to *Scan Policy > YARA Rules*.
2. Select a YARA Rule.
3. Select *Delete* from the toolbar.
4. Click *Yes I'm sure* button from the *Are you sure* confirmation box.

To Change the Status of a YARA rule:

1. Go to *Scan Policy > YARA Rules*.
2. Select a YARA Rule.
3. Select *Change Status*.

The status of the selected YARA rule will switch to *Active* or *Inactive* depending on its previous status.

URL Category

Go to *Scan Policy > URL Category* to define specific URL categories as non-suspicious. URLs of these categories will be treated as Clean. By default, the following categories are in the list:

- Drug Abuse
- Explicit Violence
- Abortion
- Other Adult Materials
- Advocacy Organizations
- Gambling
- Extremist Groups
- Pornography
- Dating
- Weapons (sales)
- Homosexuality
- Marijuana
- Alcohol and Tobacco

Benign URL Category

Treat the following URL categories as benign:

☐ Abortion
☐ Advocacy Organizations
☐ Alcohol
☐ Alcohol and Tobacco
☐ Child Abuse
☐ Dating
☐ Discrimination
☐ Drug Abuse
☐ Explicit Violence
☐ Extremist Groups
☐ Gambling
☐ Grayware
☐ Hacking
☐ Homosexuality
☐ Illegal or Unethical
☐ Malicious Websites
☐ Marijuana
☐ Nudity and Risque
☐ Occult
☐ Other Adult Materials
☐ Phishing
☐ Plagiarism
☐ Pornography
☐ Spam URLs
☐ Tobacco
☐ Weapons (Sales)

OK

Supporting URL Pre-Filtering for DLL files

Devices like FortiMail can be configured to send all DLL files inside an Email body to FortiSandbox. By default, all of them will be scanned inside the VM. However, if performance is a concern, users can turn on URL Pre-Filtering.

When URL Pre-Filtering is enabled, it will work together with the Scan Profile settings and URL Category settings.

Scenarios

URL to Job Queue is Disabled

If the URL Category is not defined as *Benign* in the *Scan Policy > URL Category* page, a job will be created and the URL will be rated as *Suspicious* on different levels. Other URLs will be dropped.

URL to Job Queue and URL Pre-Filtering is Enabled

- a. If the category or URL is Unrated, the URL will be scanned inside the VM.
- b. If the URL's category is not defined as Benign in the Scan Policy > URL Category page, a job will be created and the URL will be rated as Suspicious on different levels.
- c. If the URL's category is defined as Benign in the Scan Policy > URL Category page, a job will be created and the URL will be rated as Clean and will not be scanned inside the VM.

URL to Job Queue is Enabled and URL Pre-Filtering is Disabled

In this case, all URLs will be scanned inside the VM.

Job Archive

The Archive page allows you to adjust the archive location settings. Archive location is a network share folder. Archiving job information is useful when processing job files and data with third party tools.

Go to *Scan Policy > Job Archive* to view the *Archive Location* page.

Archive Location	
☐ Enabled	
Mount Type:	CIFS ▾
Server Name/IP:	<input type="text"/>
Share Path:	<input type="text"/>
Username:	<input type="text"/>
Password:	<input type="password"/>
Confirm Password:	<input type="password"/>
File Name:	Scan Job ID as File Name ▾
Folder Structure:	Save all files in the same folder ▾
☐ Save meta data	
☐ Save tracer log	
☐ Save Malicious rating jobs	
☐ Save Suspicious rating jobs	
☐ Save Clean rating jobs	
☐ Save Unknown rating jobs	
<input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Test Connectivity"/> <input type="button" value="Restore Default"/>	

The following options can be configured:

Enabled	Select to enable the job archive feature.
Mount Type	<p>Select the mount type of the network share folder. The following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CIFS • NFSv2 • NFSv3 • NFSv4
Server Name/IP	Enter the server fully qualified domain name (FQDN) or IP address.
Share Path	Enter the file share path in the format of <code>/path1/path2</code> .
Username	Enter a user name. The username should have the write privilege of the remote network share folder.
Password	Enter the password.
Confirm Password	Enter the password a second time for verification.
File Name	<p>Select the file name from the drop-down list. The following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scan Job ID as File Name • Original File Name
Folder Structure	<p>Select the folder structure from the drop-down list. The following options are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Save all files in the same folder • Save file in folders of the scan finish time • Save file in folders of ratings
Save meta data	When selected, the job summary information will be saved.
Save tracer log	When selected, the job's tracer log will be saved.

Save Malicious rating jobs	When selected, files of Malicious rating will be saved.
Save Suspicious rating jobs	When selected, files of Suspicious rating will be saved.
Save Clean rating jobs	When selected, files of Clean rating will be saved.
Save Unknown rating jobs	When selected, files of Unknown rating will be saved.

Malware Package Options

The FortiSandbox can generate antivirus database packages (malware packages) and blacklist URL packages from scan results, and distribute them to FortiGate devices and FortiClient end points for antispyware/antivirus scan and web filtering extension to block and quarantine malware.

This feature requires that:

- The FortiGate device, running FortiOS 5.4 or later, is authorized on the FortiSandbox
- The FortiClient end point is running version 5.4 or later and has successfully connected to the FortiSandbox, and
- FortiSandbox is running version 2.1 or later.

The FortiGate or FortiClient sends a malware package request to FortiSandbox every two minutes that includes its installed version (or 0.0, if none exists). The FortiSandbox receives the request then compares the version with the latest local version number. If the received version is lower, FortiSandbox sends the latest package to the FortiGate or FortiClient. If the versions are the same, then FortiSandbox will display an already-up-to-date message.

A new package is generated when:

- The FortiSandbox has a new malware detection whose rating falls into an already configured rating.
- Malware in the current malware package is older than the time set in the malware package configuration.
- The malware package generation condition is changed in the configuration page.
- The malware's rating has been overwritten locally by a black list, white list, or False Positive/FALSE Negative (FPN) mark.

Configuration

The malware package options allow you to configure how many days worth of data that the malware packages save and the malware ratings that are included in the packages.

To configure Malware Package Options

1. Go to *Scan Policy > Malware Package*.
2. Enter the number of days worth of data that the malware package will include.
3. Select the malware ratings that are included in the packages: *Malicious*, *High Risk*, and/or *Medium Risk*. By default, malware of Malicious and High Risk rating will be added to the package.
4. Select *OK* to apply your changes.

Include past __ day(s) of data. The limit of max days is 365). Enter the number of days.

Include the job data of the following ratings

Malicious Include data with malicious ratings.

High Risk Include data with high risk ratings.

Medium Risk Include data with medium risk ratings.



Because of size limitation, malware packages can only have 100K entries at the most.



By default, only data with a Malicious or High Risk rating will be included in the Malware Package.

URL Package Options

Configuration

URL package contains downloaded URLs of detected malware.

To configure URL packages:

1. Go to *Scan Policy > URL Package*.
2. Select the URL malware ratings whose download URL are included in the packages: *Malicious*, *High Risk*, and/or *Medium Risk*. By default, downloaded URL of malware of *Malicious* and *High Risk* rating will be added to the package.
3. Select *OK* to apply your changes.

Include past __ day(s) of data. The limit of max days is 365). Enter the number of days.

Include the job data of the following ratings

Malicious Include download URLs of malware with malicious ratings.

High Risk Include download URLs of malware with high risk ratings.

Medium Risk Include download URLs of malware with medium risk ratings.



Suspicious URLs detected in the URL scan will not be included in the package. By default, only downloaded URLs of malware with a Malicious or High Risk rating will be included in the URL Package.



Because of size limitations, URL package can only have 1000 entries at the most.

IOC Package

Indicator of Compromise (IOC), in computer forensics, is an artifact observed on a network or in an operating system which indicates a computer intrusion. Typical IOCs are virus signatures and IP addresses, malware files or URLs MD5 hashes, or domain names of botnet command and control servers. In order to share, store and analyze in a consistent manner, Structured Threat Information Expression (STIX™) is commonly adopted by the industry.

FortiSandbox supports IOC in STIX v1.2 format. Two types of IOC packages are generated along with the Malware Package and URL Package:

- a. File Hash Watchlist package contains the Malware's file hash and is generated along with each Malware package. These packages can be downloaded from the *Scan Input > Malware Package* page.
- b. URL Watchlist package contains the Malware's download URL and is generated along with each URL Package. These packages can be downloaded at *Scan Input > URL Package* page.

The following is a example snippet of a File Hash Watchlist ICO package in STIX format:

```
<stix:STIX_Package
  xmlns:FileObj="http://cybox.mitre.org/objects#FileObject-2"
  xmlns:FortiSandbox="http://www.fortinet.com"
  xmlns:cybox="http://cybox.mitre.org/cybox-2"
  xmlns:cyboxCommon="http://cybox.mitre.org/common-2"
  xmlns:cyboxVocabs="http://cybox.mitre.org/default_vocabularies-2"
  xmlns:indicator="http://stix.mitre.org/Indicator-2"
  xmlns:stix="http://stix.mitre.org/stix-1"
  xmlns:stixCommon="http://stix.mitre.org/common-1"
  xmlns:stixVocabs="http://stix.mitre.org/default_vocabularies-1"
  xmlns:ttp="http://stix.mitre.org/TTP-1"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" id="FortiSandbox:Package-
    ba2ad205-b390-40fd-96e4-44c2efaacab1" version="1.2">
<stix:STIX_Header/>
<stix:Indicators>
  <stix:Indicator id="FortiSandbox:indicator-7d3e889e-957c-428c-9f68-
    8e48d3346316" timestamp="2016-08-12T18:25:52.674621+00:00"
    xsi:type='indicator:IndicatorType'>
    <indicator:Title>File hash for Suspected High Risk -
      Riskware</indicator:Title>
    <indicator:Type xsi:type="stixVocabs:IndicatorTypeVocab-1.1">File Hash
      Watchlist</indicator:Type>
    <indicator:Observable id="FortiSandbox:Observable-723483db-a3e0-4de0-93cd-
      5bd37b3c4611">
      <cybox:Object id="FortiSandbox:File-3d9e7590-b479-4352-9a11-
        8fa313cee9f0">
        <cybox:Properties xsi:type="FileObj:FileObjectType">
          <FileObj:Hashes>
```

```

        <cyboxCommon:Hash>
          <cyboxCommon:Type xsi:type="cyboxVocabs:HashNameVocab-
            1.0">SHA256</cyboxCommon:Type>
          <cyboxCommon:Simple_Hash_Value
            condition="Equals">0696e7ec6646977967f2c6f4dcb641473e76b
            4d5c9beb6e433e0229c2accecc5d</cyboxCommon:Simple_Hash_
            Value>
        </cyboxCommon:Hash>
      </FileObj:Hashes>
    </cybox:Properties>
  </cybox:Object>
</indicator:Observable>
<indicator:Indicated_TTP>
  <stixCommon:TTP idref="FortiSandbox:ttp-afa9d28b-9602-4936-8b94-
    93e29cc8830c" xsi:type='ttp:TTPType' />
</indicator:Indicated_TTP>
</stix:Indicator>
</stix:Indicators>
<stix:TTPs>
  <stix:TTP id="FortiSandbox:ttp-afa9d28b-9602-4936-8b94-93e29cc8830c"
    timestamp="2016-08-12T18:25:52.674181+00:00" xsi:type='ttp:TTPType'>
    <ttp:Title>Suspected High Risk - Riskware</ttp:Title>
    <ttp:Behavior>
      <ttp:Malware>
        <ttp:Malware_Instance>
          <ttp:Type xsi:type="stixVocabs:MalwareTypeVocab-1.0">Exploit
            Kits</ttp:Type>
          <ttp:Name>Suspected High Risk - Riskware</ttp:Name>
        </ttp:Malware_Instance>
      </ttp:Malware>
    </ttp:Behavior>
  </stix:TTP>
</stix:TTPs>
</stix:STIX_Package>

```

Scan Input

File Input

FortiSandbox utilizes Fortinet antivirus to scan files for known threats and then executes files in a VM host environment. Unlike traditional sandboxing solutions, FortiSandbox is able to perform local scans to detect sandbox evasion. FortiSandbox also has integrated web filtering to inspect and flag malicious URL requests. Based on the traced output of the OS sandbox, botnet and command & control (C&C/2C) channels are detected and classified.

There are five methods of importing files to your FortiSandbox ; sniffer mode, device mode, adapter, network share, and on demand (including on demand through JSON API call and GUI submission). In sniffer mode, the FortiSandbox sniffs traffic on specified interfaces, reassembles files, and analyzes them. In device mode, your FortiGate, FortiWeb, FortiMail, or FortiClient end points are configured to send all files to your FortiSandbox for analysis and can receive malware packages from the FortiSandbox. Network share allows you to scan files located on a remote file share as scheduled, and quarantine bad files. On demand allows you to upload files, URLs inside a file, or archived files directly to your FortiSandbox for analysis.

FortiSandbox will execute code in a contained virtual environment by simulating human behavior and the output is analyzed to determine the characteristics of the file. Inspection is run post-execution and all aspects of the file are examined. FortiSandbox checks files for the dozens of suspicious characteristics, including but no limited to:

- Known virus downloads
- Registry modifications
- Outbound connections to malicious IP addresses
- Infection of processes
- File system modifications
- Suspicious network traffic

FortiSandbox can process multiple files simultaneously since the FortiSandbox has a VM pool to dispatch files to for sandboxing. The time to process a file depends on hardware and the number of sandbox VMs used to scan the file. It can take 60 seconds to five minutes to process a file.

File and URL On Demand

File On-Demand

To view on-demand files and submit new files to be sandboxed, go to *Scan Input > File On-Demand* . You can drill down the information displayed and apply search filters. You can select to create a PDF or CSV format snapshot report for all on-demand files. Search filters will be applied to the detailed report and will be displayed in the Report Profile section.

On demand allows you to upload various file types directly to your FortiSandbox device. Upon upload, the file is inspected by FortiSandbox in the VM modules. You can then view the results and decide whether or not to install the file on your network.

FortiSandbox has a rescan feature. When a virus file is detected, you can click the *ReScan* icon to rescan the file. This is useful when you want to know the file behavior that is executed on the Microsoft Windows host. You can select to bypass Static Scan, AV Scan, Cloud Query, or Sandboxing in the *Rescan Configuration* dialog box. All rescanned jobs can be found in the On-Demand page.

You can select VM types to do the sandboxing by overwriting what is defined in the Scan Profile. For password protected archive files, write down all possible passwords. If a password protected archive file contains a different password protected archive file, both passwords should be written down.

All files submitted through the JSON API are treated as On-Demand files. Their results will also be shown on this page.



All the files will be scanned with AV scanner. PDF and JavaScript files are run inside a virtual engine only if they are not associated with any VM image. Executable files, some PDF files, Adobe Flash, certain script files and Microsoft Office files are executed in the sandbox if they are associated with a VM image.

Double-click an entry in the table to view the second level, *View Jobs* .

File On-Demand page - level 1

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> . You can select the time period to filter the information displayed in the GUI. This selection is also applied to exported data for the snapshot report.
Submit File	Click the button to submit a new file. You can upload a regular or archived file. Only one level of file compression is supported. All archive files in the archive will be treated as a single file.
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.

Add Search Filter	<p>Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters.</p> <p>When the search filter is Filename, select the equal icon to toggle between exact search and pattern search.</p> <p>You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Select the equal icon to change the search criteria.</p> <p>Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.</p>
View Jobs	<p>Click the icon to view the scan job(s) associated with the entry. In this page you can view detailed information for files scanned. If the file is an archive file, all files in the archive are displayed in this page. Click the back button to return to the on-demand page.</p>
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Submission Time	The date and time that the file was submitted to FortiSandbox. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Filename	The file name.
Submitted By	The name of the administrator that submitted the file. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Rating	<p>Hover over the icon in this column to view the file rating. The rating can be one or more of the following: Clean, Low Risk, Medium Risk, High Risk, Malicious, or Unknown. For archive files, the possible ratings of all files in the archive will be displayed.</p> <p>During the file scan, the rating is displayed as N/A. If a scan times out or is terminated by the system, the file will have an Unknown rating.</p>
Status	The file status can be <i>Queued</i> , <i>In-Process</i> , or <i>Done</i> .
File Count	<p>The number of files associated with the entry. It is in the format of (file count in job queue)/(total files of this submission).</p> <p>The AV rescan feature can increase the total file count of an archive file. For example, an archive file contains 10 files and none of them were rated as Malicious. When an AV rescan is automatically triggered by an antivirus signature update, and one file is detected as malicious, then total file count of the archive file becomes 11.</p>
Rescan Job	This icon indicates that this file is a rescanned version of another file.
Archive Submission	This icon indicates that an archived file has been submitted for scanning.

Total Jobs

The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.



After a file is submitted, the file might not be visible immediately until the file, or any file, inside an archive file is put into a job queue.

To view the scan job(s) associated with the entry:

1. In the right-pane click the *View Jobs* icon or double click on the row. The view jobs page is displayed.



In this page you can view detailed information for files scanned. If the file is an archive file, all files in the archive are displayed in this page.

2. This page displays the following information and options:

Back	Click the back button to return to the on-demand page.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Add Search Filter	<p>Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the cancel icon to the left of the search filter to remove the specific filter. Click the clear all filters icon in the search filter field to clear all filters. When the search filter is Filename, select the equal icon to toggle between exact search and pattern search.</p> <p>You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Select the equal icon to change the search criteria.</p> <p>Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.</p>
View Details	Select the <i>View Details</i> icon to view file information. The information displayed in the view details page is dependent on the file type and risk level.
Rescan Job	This icon indicates that the file is a rescanned version of another file
Filename	The file name.
Rating	<p>The rating can be one or more of the following: Clean, Low Risk, Medium Risk, High Risk, Malicious, Unknown, or N/A.</p> <p>During the file scan, the rating is displayed as N/A. If a scan times out, is canceled, or is terminated by the system, the file will have an Unknown rating.</p>

Infected OS	The OS version of the FortiSandbox VM that was used to detect the file if the rating is not malicious, clean, or unknown. By default, one of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WINXPVM: Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3(32-bit) • WINXPVM1: Microsoft Windows XP Service Pack 3(32-bit) • WIN7X86VM: Microsoft Windows 7 (32 bit) • WIN7X64VM: Microsoft Windows 7 Service Pack 1 (64 bit) When a different set Microsoft Windows VMs detect the malware, the name displayed maybe different.
Start Time	The date and time that the scan started.
Finish Time	The date and time that the scan completed.
Total Jobs	The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

3. Click the *View Details* icon to view file details. The *View Details* page is displayed.
4. This page displays the following basic information and options:

File type	The file type, <i>High Risk Downloader</i> for example. If the rating is Malicious, the virus name will be displayed.
Mark as clean (false positive) / Mark as suspicious (false negative)	Select to mark the file as clean (false positive) or suspicious (false negative). This field is dependent on the file risk type. In the <i>Apply Override Verdict</i> dialog box type a comment and select <i>Submit</i> or <i>Submit to Cloud</i> to send the file to the FortiGuard team for analysis. After a file has an overridden verdict, its future rating will be the overridden one until you reset the verdict.
FortiGuard Encyclopedia Analysis	When the file is malicious, you can click the FortiGuard Encyclopedia Analysis link to view file aliases, analysis, symptoms, and recommended action.
Received	The date and time the file was received by FortiSandbox.
Started	The date and time the scan started.
Status	The status of the scan, Status: <i>Done</i> , <i>Canceled</i> , or <i>Timed Out</i> .
Rated by	Which scan module made the rating decision or the name of the last scan module.
Submit Type	The input source of the file.
Source IP	The source IP address of the file.
Destination IP	The IP address where the file is received.
Digital Signature	If the file has a digital signature.
Scan Bypass Configuration	When available, the scan bypass configuration will be displayed.
Rescan	Select the link to view the original and all rescans. The number is a parent job ID.

Virus Total	By clicking the Virus Total link, a new page will open to query www.virustotal.com . Only a limited number of queries per minute is allowed without manual interaction with the Virus Total website.
More Details	View additional file information including the following: File Type, Packer, Submitted Filename, File Size (bytes), Sent Over (protocol), Email Sender/Receiver (if the file is an Email attachment), MD5, SHA1, SHA256, ID, Submitted By, Start Time, Finish Time, Scan Time, Scan Unit (the unit in a cluster that scans the file), Device, VDOM, Detection OS (VM names that scan the file), and Infected OS (VM names that make the suspicious detection).
Behavior Summary	View the file behavior summary.
When the user clicks the <i>Open in a New Tab</i> or <i>View More</i> button, a complete detail page will appear which contains the following extra information:	
Analysis Details	View the following analysis details for each Detection OS that is launched during the scan. Each Detection OS's detail will be shown in a separate tab. The infected OS will have a VM Infected icon in its tab title.
Captured Packets	Select the <i>Captured Packets</i> button to download the tracer PCAP file to your management computer The packet capture (PCAP) file contains network traffic initiated by the file. You must have a network protocol analyzer installed on your management computer to view this file. The <i>Captured Packets</i> button is not available for all file types.
Screenshot	Download a screenshot image when the file was running in the sandbox. This image is not always available.
Original File	Download the password protected original file (.zip format) to your management computer for further analysis. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i> . Caution: The original file should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment.
Tracer Log	A text file containing detailed information collected inside the Sandbox VM.
Tracer Package	Download the compressed .tar file containing the tracer log and related files. The password protected /backup folder in the tracer log contains information about the program's execution. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i> . Caution: The tracer log should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment.
YARA Hits	If the file hits FortiSandbox internal YARA rules, detailed rule information is displayed.

Behavior Chronology Chart	<p>View the file's behavior over time and its density during its execution.</p> <p>Clean behaviors: green bubble Suspicious behaviors: red, blue or orange bubble</p> <p>The higher the bubble, the more serious the event is.</p> <p>To view the event details, hover the mouse on top of the bubble.</p> <p>If a file scan is scanned with more than one VM type, the VM tab will dynamically switch to the chart for that type.</p> <p>If the file hits any imported YARA rule, a YARA tab will appear with detailed information. Including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The hit rule • Rule's risk level • Rule set name • Link to original YARA rule file
Suspicious Behaviors	A summary of suspicious behaviors, if available.
Botnet Info	The botnet name and target IP address.
Files Created	<p>The executable has been observed to drop some files. Click the <i>Files Created</i> drop-down icon to view the files created by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Files Deleted	<p>This executable has been observed to delete some files. Click the <i>Files Deleted</i> drop-down icon to view the files deleted by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
File Modified	The executable file has been observed to modify some files.
Launched Processes	<p>The executable spawns some processes. Click the <i>Launched Processes</i> drop-down icon to view the processes launched by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Registry Changes	<p>The executable applies autostart registry modifications to be able to start itself automatically. Click the <i>Registry Changes</i> drop-down icon to view the registry changed made by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Network Behaviors	<p>Users that are infected by this executable will notice network connections of different protocols with certain URL/IP addresses. Click the <i>Network Behaviors</i> drop-down icon to view the network behavior of the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p> <p>For all visited web sites, hosts, and domain names, a DNS query is sent. The user can click on them to open the FortiGuard Encyclopedia page to display is detailed information. For certain document files, including PDFs and Office files, if they contain malicious URLs, those URLs are displayed here.</p>

Behaviors In Sequence	The executable file's behavior during execution, in time sequence.
Print	Click the print icon to print the malware details page information.
Open in New Window	Click the icon to open the page in a new web browser window.

- Click the parent job ID icon to view rescan file details. The *View Details* page is displayed
If the parent job is an archive file, all the childrens' file names are included in the Archive Files drop down list. Select child's file name to view its detail
- Click the close icon to close the dialog box.

To create a snapshot report for all on-demand files:

- Select a time period from the first drop-down list.
- Select to apply search filters to further drill down the information in the report.
- Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar. The *Report Generator* window opens.
- Select either PDF or CSV and define the report start and end date and time.
- Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
- When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
- Click the close icon or the *Cancel* button, to quit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

To submit a file to FortiSandbox :

- Click the *Submit File* button from the toolbar.
- You can configure the following:

Skip:	Select one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Static Scan • AV Scan • Cloud Query • Sandboxing
Overwrite Scan Profile Settings to Scan in VM Type:	Select one or more of enabled VM. Enabled VM means its clone number is larger than 0. If no VM type is selected, settings from the Scan Profile page will be used. If VM images are not ready, the VM list will not be displayed.
Select a File	Click the <i>Browse</i> button and locate the sample file or archived sample file on your management computer.
Possible password(s) for archive file:	List all possible passwords contained inside a password protected archive file. One password per line.

- Click the *Submit* button. A confirmation dialog box will be displayed. Click *OK* to continue. The file will be uploaded to FortiSandbox for inspection.

- Click the *Close* button to exit.

The file will be listed in the *On-Demand* page. Once FortiSandbox has completed its analysis, you can select to view the file details.



If the submitted file is an archive file with multiple files, the File Count, Rating and Status values might change until all files have finished scanning.

Job Queue

In this page, users can view the current pending job number, average scan time and arrival rate of each job queue. The associated VM is also displayed for each queue. The user can click the VM name to go to *Scan Profile* page and change its settings.

Users can use this page's information to help make sure each Job Queue is not piling up with too many jobs. If there are a lot of jobs pending in the Job Queue, the user can try to associate it with less VM types and/or allocate more clone numbers to its associated VM types.

To refresh the data, click the Job Queue menu again.

Input Source	File Type	Pending #	Ave Scan Time in Last 24 hrs (s)	Expected Finish Time	Arrival Rate (Last 1 hr)	VM Type (Clone #)
Sniffer	Not assigned files	336				
Device	Executables/DLL/VBS/BAT/PS1/JAR/MSI files	0	38			WIN7X64VM(6) Chart
Sniffer	Executables/DLL/VBS/BAT/PS1/JAR/MSI files	0	40		276	WIN7X64VM(6) Chart
Sniffer	User defined extensions	0	2		17	
Device	Microsoft Office files (Word, Excel, PowerPoint files etc)	0	96			WINXPVM(7) Chart , WIN7X86VM(6) Chart
Sniffer	Microsoft Office files (Word, Excel, PowerPoint files etc)	0	55		15	WINXPVM(7) Chart , WIN7X86VM(6) Chart
Device	PDF files	0	85			win7x64newtool(7) Chart
Sniffer	PDF files	0	89		38	win7x64newtool(7) Chart
Sniffer	Android files	0	4		8	
Device	Adobe Flash files	0	33			WINXPVM(7) Chart
Sniffer	Adobe Flash files	0	35		184	WINXPVM(7) Chart
Sniffer	Static Web files	0	3		46	

The following options are available:

Chart icon

When clicking on the *Chart* icon beside each VM type, the *VM's Usage Chart* will be displayed.

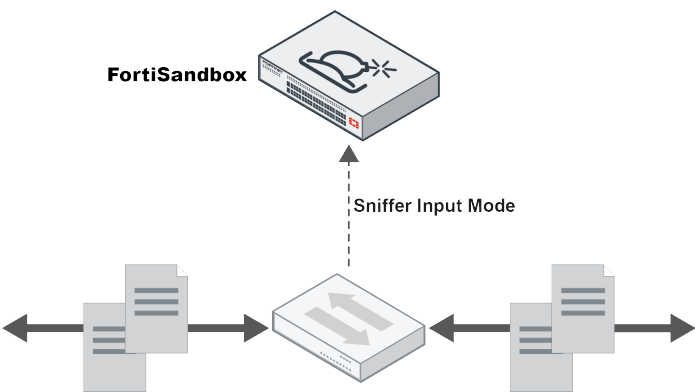
Trash icon

When clicking on the *Trash* icon, beside the Pending Job Number, the job queue will be purged.

The following information is displayed:

Input Source	<p>The type of Input Source. Input source types can be the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On Demand • File RPC • Device • Sniffer • Adapter • Network Share • URL On Demand • URL RPC • URL Device • URL Adapter
File Type	<p>File types can be one of the following values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Executables /DLL/VBS/BAT/PS1/JAR/MSI/WSF files • Microsoft Office files (Word, Excel, Powerpoint etc) • Adobe Flash files • Archive files (extensions: .7z, xz, .bz2, .gz, .tar, .zip, .Z, .kgb, .ace, etc.) • PDF files • Static Web files • Android files • URL detection • User defined extensions • Not assigned files • Not determined files
Pending #	<p>Current pending job number.</p> <p>A <i>Trash Can</i> appears beside the pending job number. If you click on the <i>Trash Can</i> icon, the job queue will be purged.</p>
Ave Scan Time in Last 24 hrs (s)	Average scan time of one file in the last 24 hours, in seconds.
Expected Finish Time	The expected time when the pending jobs will finish.
Arrival Rate (Last 1 hr)	Files put in the Job Queue in the last hour.
VM Type (Clone #)	<p>The VM type with its clone number.</p> <p>A <i>Chart</i> icon appears beside the VM Type (Clone#). If you click on the <i>Chart</i> icon, the VM's usage chart appears. This chart shows a rough percentage of used clones of this VM type across time. If the usage percentage is consistently at a high level across time, the user should consider allocating more clone numbers to it.</p>

Sniffer



Sniffer mode relies on inputs from spanned switch ports. It is the most suitable infrastructure for adding protection capabilities to existing threat protection systems from various vendors.

Sniffer mode enables you to configure your FortiSandbox to sniff all traffic on specified interfaces. When files are received by FortiSandbox , they are executed and scanned within the VM modules. Sniffer mode supports the following protocols: HTTP, FTP, POP3, IMAP, SMTP, SMB and raw TCP protocol. To enable and configure sniffer settings, go to *Scan Input > Sniffer*.



FortiSandbox reserves port1 for device management and port3 for scanned files to access the Internet. Port1, port3 and the port used for cluster internal communication can not be used as a sniffed interface.



The default size for sniffer mode is 2048kB. To change this value, go to *Scan Input > Sniffer*.



In FortiSandbox you can select to sniff multiple interfaces. For example, when FortiSandbox is deployed with a network tap device you can sniff both the incoming and outgoing traffic on separate FortiSandbox interfaces.

Sniffer Settings

☒ Enable file based detection
☒ Enable network alert detection
☐ Keep incomplete files
☒ Enable conserve mode

Max file size: KB (The limit of max file size is 200,000 KB)

Sniffed interfaces:

☒ port2
☒ port4
☐ port5
☐ port6

Service Types:

☒ FTP
☒ HTTP
☒ IMAP
☐ OTHER
☒ POP3
☒ SMB
☒ SMTP

File Types:

☐ All (the following file types and any other file type)
☒ bzp
☒ bzp2
☒ cab
☒ com
☒ doc
☒ exe
☒ flash
☒ gzip
☒ html
☒ jar
☒ java
☒ js
☒ pdf
☒ ppt
☒ rar
☒ tar
☒ zip

OK

Configure the following settings:

Enable file based detection	Select the checkbox to enable file based detection
Enable network alert detection	<p>Select the checkbox to enable network alerts detection. This feature detects sniffed live traffic for connections to botnet servers and intrusion attacks and visited suspicious web sites with Fortinet IPS and Web Filtering technologies.</p> <p>Alerts can be viewed in the <i>System > Network Alerts</i> page.</p> <p>For URL visits, certain categories are treated as not suspicious by default, such as dating. To check the list, go to Scan Policy > URL Category.</p>
Keep incomplete files	Keep files without completed TCP sessions. Select the checkbox to keep incomplete files. Sometimes incomplete files can be useful to detect known viruses.
Enable conserve mode	When conserve mode is enabled, if there are already too many jobs in the pending queue (250K), sniffer will enter conserve mode, during which time only executable (.exe) and MS Office files are extracted.
Maximum file size	<p>The maximum size of files captured by sniffer. Enter a value in the text box. The default value is 2048kB and the maximum file size is 200,000kB.</p> <p>Note: Files that exceed the maximum file size will not be sent to FortiSandbox.</p>
Sniffed Interfaces	Select the interface to monitor.
Service Types	<p>Select the traffic protocol that the sniffer will work on. Options include: <i>FTP</i>, <i>HTTP</i>, <i>IMAP</i>, <i>POP3</i>, <i>SMB</i>, <i>OTHER</i> and <i>SMTP</i>.</p> <p>The <i>OTHER</i> service type is for raw TCP protocol traffic.</p>

File Types Select the file types to extract from traffic. When *All* is checked, all files in the traffic will be extracted.



When an interface is used in sniffer mode, it will lose its IP address. The interface settings cannot be changed.

Device

In Device mode, you can configure your FortiGate or FortiMail devices to send files to your FortiSandbox. For FortiGate, you can select to send all files for inspection. For FortiMail, you can select to send suspicious email attachments to FortiSandbox for inspection or just Suspicious files. When executable files are received by FortiSandbox, they are executed and scanned within the VM modules. FortiSandbox also sends statistics back to the FortiGate and FortiMail. When integrated with FortiGate, the following protocols are supported: HTTP, FTP, POP3, IMAP, SMTP, MAPI, IM, and their equivalent SSL encrypted versions. To view, edit, and authorize FortiGate devices, go to *Scan Input > Device*.

For FortiOS 5.2.3 and later, the FortiGate can query a file's verdict, and retrieve detailed information from FortiSandbox.

The default file size scanned and forwarded by FortiGate is 10MB and the maximum depends on the memory size of the FortiGate. You can change the file size on the FortiGate side using the following CLI command:

```
config firewall profile-protocol-options
edit <name_str>
config http
set oversize-limit <size_int>
end
```



Note: The `profile-protocol-options` setting decides the maximum file size that will be AV scanned on the FortiGate. After a virus scan verdict has been made (Clean or Suspicious), if the file's size is less than `analytics-max-upload` size, it will be set over to FortiSandbox according to *Send All/Suspicious Only* settings on the FortiGate.

For more information on configure the oversize limit for `profile-protocol-options` and `analytics-max-upload`, see the *CLI Reference for FortiOS* in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

The following options are available:

Edit

Select a FortiGate, VDOM, or FortiMail from the list or double click the row to edit device status, permissions, and email settings. Email settings are available at the device level only.

Delete

Select a FortiGate, VDOM, or FortiMail from the list and select *Delete* from the toolbar. When a device is deleted, all of its VDOM entries are also deleted.

This page displays the following:

Device Name	The name of the device and the VDOM that send files to FortiSandbox.
Serial	The FortiGate or FortiMail serial number.
Malicious	The number of malicious files forwarded by the FortiGate or FortiMail to FortiSandbox in the last seven days. Malicious files are not executed in the FortiSandbox VM module as the antivirus scanner has already determined the file status. To view malicious file details, go to <i>System > Dashboard > Malware</i> .
High	The number of high risk files forwarded by the FortiGate or FortiMail to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Medium	The number of medium risk files forwarded by the FortiGate or FortiMail to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Low	The number of low risk files forwarded by the FortiGate or FortiMail to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Clean	The number of clean files forwarded by the FortiGate or FortiMail to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Unknown	The number of files with unknown ratings forwarded by FortiGate or FortiMail to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Malware Pkg	The malware package version currently on the device.
URL Pkg	The URL package versions currently on the device.
Authorized	The authorized field displays a green circle for devices which are allowed and an orange circle for devices which are disallowed.
Status	The status of the FortiGate or FortiMail. This field displays an up icon when the device is connected and a down icon for devices which are disconnected.



FortiSandbox uses a Fortinet proprietary traffic protocol (OFTP) to communicate with connected devices. This communication occurs on TCP port 514.

Supported Devices

In FortiOS, you can configure your FortiGate device to send suspicious files to FortiSandbox for inspection and analysis. FortiGate queries scan results and retrieves scan details. In FortiOS 5.4 and later, FortiGate can also download malware packages as a complimentary AV signature database to block future appearances of the same malware and download URL packages as complimentary web filtering black list.

FortiSandbox supports the following devices:

FortiGate	<p>FortiSandbox is able to perform additional analysis on files that have been AV scanned by your FortiGate. You can configure your FortiGate to send all files or only suspicious files passing through the AV scan.</p> <p>FortiGate can retrieve scan results and details from FortiSandbox, and also receive antivirus and web filtering signatures to supplement the current signature database.</p> <p>When FortiGate learns from FortiSandbox that a terminal is infected, the administrator can push instruction for self-quarantine on a registered FortiClient host.</p>
FortiMail	<p>You can configure your FortiMail to send suspicious, high risk files and suspicious attachments. FortiSandbox is able to perform additional analysis on files that have been scanned by your FortiMail email gateway.</p> <p>Suspicious email attachments include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Suspicious files detected by heuristic scan of the AV engine • Executable files and executable files embedded in archive files • Type 6 hashes (binary hashes) of spam email detected by FortiGuard AntiSpam service. <p>Recent release of FortiMail build can only send suspicious URLs to FortiSandbox to do URL scans and block suspicious emails based on the scan result.</p>
FortiClient	<p>FortiSandbox can accept files from FortiClient to perform additional analysis, while FortiClient holds the files until the scan results are received. FortiClient will also receive additional antivirus signatures from FortiSandbox, generated from scan results, to supplement current signatures.</p>
FortiWeb	<p>You can now use a file upload restriction policy to submit uploaded files to FortiSandbox for evaluation. FortiSandbox evaluates whether the file poses a threat and returns the result to FortiWeb. If FortiSandbox determines that the file is malicious, FortiWeb performs the following tasks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generates an attack log message that contains the result (for example, messages with the Alert action in the illustration). • For 10 minutes after it receives the FortiSandbox results, takes the action specified by the file upload restriction policy. During this time, it does not re-submit the file to FortiSandbox (for example, messages with the Alert_Deny action in the illustration).

To configure a FortiGate to send files to FortiSandbox:

1. On your FortiGate device, go to *System > Config > FortiSandbox*.



Your FortiGate device must be running FortiOS/FortiOS Carrier 5.0.4 or later.

2. Select the checkbox to enable Sandbox inspection. The *FortiSandbox Configuration* page opens.
3. Select *FortiSandbox Appliance*, enter the IP address of your FortiSandbox device, and enter an email address in the *Notifier Email* text box. You can configure your FortiGate to communicate with your FortiSandbox on port1, port2, or port4.



The email entered in the *Notifier Email* field is inherited by FortiSandbox for device level email settings for notifications and weekly reports.

4. Click *Apply* to save the setting.
5. On your FortiSandbox device, go to *Scan Input > Devices*. Your FortiGate device and VDOMs will be listed on this page.



The communication protocol does not include a way for the FortiGate to notify FortiSandbox whether VDOMs are enabled. When VDOMs are disabled on the FortiGate, the files received from the FortiGate will be marked with *vdom=root*.



Since the FortiGate does not explicitly send a list of possible VDOMs to FortiSandbox, the FortiSandbox only learns about a VDOM once it receives a file associated with it. Each of the devices VDOMs listed on this page will only be displayed after the first file has been received from that specific VDOM.

6. Select the checkbox beside the FortiGate and select *Edit* in the toolbar. The *Edit Device Settings* page opens.
7. In the *Permissions* section, select the checkbox beside the *Authorized* field.
8. If VDOMs are enabled on your FortiGate, you can select the checkbox to have new VDOMs inherit authorization based on the device level setting.



If the FortiGate authorization is disabled, all VDOMs under it will not be authorized even if authorization is enabled for a VDOM.

9. Click *OK* to save the setting.
10. On your FortiGate device, select the *Test Connectivity* button. The *Test FortiSandbox Connectivity* dialog box will list the IP address of the FortiSandbox server and the status will show that the service is online.
11. Click *Return* to exit the pop-up dialog box.

To configure your FortiGate to send files to FortiSandbox for inspection:

1. On your FortiGate device, go to *Security Profiles > AntiVirus*. The *Edit AntiVirus Profile* page is displayed.
2. Select the checkbox to send files to FortiSandbox for inspection.
3. Click *Apply* to save the setting.
4. To enable the antivirus security profile, go to *Policy & Objects > Policy > IPv4*, select the applicable firewall policy, and select *Edit* in the toolbar. The *Edit Policy* page is displayed.
5. In the *Security Profiles* section of the *Edit Policy* page, toggle the switch beside *AntiVirus* to *ON* and select the antivirus profile from the drop-down list.
6. Click *OK* to save the setting.



In FortiOS 5.2.3 and later, FortiSandbox statistics can be viewed in *System > FortiView > FortiSandbox*. In older versions of FortiOS (5.0.4 and later), go to *System > Config > FortiSandbox* to view statistics.

To edit FortiGate settings:

1. On your FortiSandbox device, go to *Scan Input > Device*. All FortiGate devices and VDOMs will be listed on this page.



Since the FortiGate does not explicitly send a list of possible VDOMs to FortiSandbox, the FortiSandbox only learns about a VDOM once it receives a file associated with it. Each of the devices VDOMs listed on this page will only be displayed after the first file has been received from that specific VDOM.

2. Select the FortiGate device that you want to edit. The *Edit FortiGate Settings* page opens.
3. Edit the following settings:

Device Status	
Serial Number	The device serial number is displayed.
Alias	The host name of the FortiGate unit. This is a read-only value.
IP	The IP address of the FortiGate is displayed.
Status	The status of the device, either connected or not connected. This field cannot be edited.
Last Modified	The date and time that the FortiGate settings were last changed is displayed.
Last Seen	The date and time that the FortiGate last connected to the FortiSandbox is displayed.
Permissions	
Authorized	Select the checkbox to authorize the FortiGate device. If this field is not checked, files sent from the FortiGate will be dropped. The date and time that the authorization status was changed is displayed.
New VDOMs inherit authorization	Select the checkbox to have new VDOMs inherit the authorization setting configured at the device level.
Email Settings	
Administrator Email	The email address entered in the <i>Notifier Email</i> field configured on the FortiGate device at <i>System > Config > FortiSandbox</i> . You cannot edit this field on the FortiSandbox.
Send Notifications	Select the checkbox to send notifications. When notifications are enabled, you will receive email notifications when a file from your environment has been detected as potential malware. The email will contain a link to the scan job details page.
Send Reports	Select the checkbox to send job detail PDF reports. To receive reports and define report generation frequency, you must configure mail server related settings in <i>System > Config > Mail Server</i> .

4. Click *OK* to save the settings.

To edit VDOM settings:

1. On your FortiSandbox device, go to *Scan Input > Device*. All FortiGate devices and VDOMs will be listed on this page.
2. Select the VDOM that you want to edit.

3. Edit the following settings:

Device Status	
VDOM Serial Number	The device VDOM. This field cannot be edited.
Alias	Enter a name for the FortiGate VDOM. If you have multiple VDOMs configured to send files to FortiSandbox , select an unique name to identify the VDOM.
IP	The IP address of the FortiGate. This field cannot be edited.
Status	The status of the device, either connected or not connected. This field cannot be edited.
Files Transmitted	The total number of files transmitted to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Last Modified	The date and time that the authorization status was changed. This field cannot be edited.
Last Seen	The date and time that the FortiGate VDOM last connected to the FortiSandbox. This field cannot be edited.
Permissions	
Authorized	Select the checkbox to authorize the FortiGate VDOM.
New VDOMs Inherit Authorization	Select the checkbox to authorize the New VDOMs Inherit Authorization. If you enabled to have new VDOMs inherit authorization at the device level, this field will display the device level setting. The date and time that the authorization status was changed is displayed.
Email Settings	
Administrator Email	Enter the Administrator Email address for the VDOM, separated by a comma.
Send Notifications	Select checkbox to send notifications when viruses or malware from this VDOM is detected.
Send PDF Reports	Select checkbox to send PDF reports of jobs. To receive reports and define report generation frequency, you must configure <i>Config > Mail Server</i> page. Also the <i>Send PDF report to VDOM email address</i> in that page should be checked.

4. Click *OK* to save the settings.

FortiMail devices

In FortiMail version 5.2.0 or later, you can configure your FortiMail device to send suspicious files and suspicious attachments to FortiSandbox for inspection and analysis. FortiSandbox statistics for total detected and total clean are displayed on FortiMail.

To configure your FortiMail to send files to FortiSandbox:

1. On your FortiMail device, go to *System > Configuration* and select the *FortiSandbox* tab.
2. Select to enable FortiSandbox inspection, enter the IP address/FQDN of your FortiSandbox device, and enter a value in the Statistics interval text field. You can configure your FortiMail to communicate with your FortiSandbox on port1, port2, or port4.
3. Click *Apply* to save the setting.
4. On your FortiSandbox device, go to *Scan Input > Devices*. Your FortiMail device will be listed on this page.
5. Select the checkbox beside the FortiMail and select *Edit* in the toolbar. The *Edit Device Settings* page opens.
6. In the *Permissions* section, select the checkbox beside the *Authorized* field.
7. Click *OK* to save the setting.
8. On your FortiMail, select the *Test Connectivity* button. The *Test FortiSandbox Connectivity* dialog box will list the IP address of the FortiSandbox server and the status will show the status connected successfully.

Upload suspicious attachments to FortiSandbox

FortiMail version 5.2 includes an option to control whether suspicious attachments captured by an antivirus policy will be sent to FortiSandbox for further analysis.

To send suspicious attachments captured by an AV policy to FortiSandbox :

1. On your FortiMail device, go to *System > Profile > AntiVirus* and select *New* from the toolbar. The *AntiVirus Profile* page opens.
2. Configure the *Domain*, *Profile name*, and *Default action*. Select to enable *Virus scanning* and select to *Upload suspicious attachment to FortiSandbox*.
3. Click *OK* to save the antivirus profile.
4. Apply the antivirus profile to the applicable policies.

Device and VDOM level notifications

When enabling *Send notifications* in the *Edit Device Settings* or *Edit VDOM Settings* page, you will receive an email every time a file from your environment has been detected as potential malware.

Sample notification email

This email will contain a link to the *Scan Job Details* page. You can also view the *View Details* page in the Suspicious, Clean Files, and On-Demand dashboard pages.



You can configure VDOM level notifications for each VDOM sending files to FortiSandbox. To configure global notifications, go to *System > Config > Mail Server*.

Device and VDOM level PDF reports

When enabling *Send PDF reports* in the *Edit Device Settings* or *Edit VDOM Settings* page, you will receive a PDF report by email at defined moment in *Config > Mail Server* page. This email will contain a FortiSandbox Summary Reports PDF. The report lists statistics of scan jobs from the defined previous

time period configured from the *Config > Mail Server* page. This report contains the following information:

- Scanning Statistics: A table listing the number of files processed by FortiSandbox and a breakdown of files by rating.
- Scanning Statistics by Type: A table listing the file type, rating and event count.
- Scanning Activity: A table and graph listing the number of clean, suspicious, and malicious files processed by FortiSandbox per day.
- Top Targeted Hosts: A list of the top targeted hosts.
- Top Malware Files: A list of the top malware programs detected by FortiSandbox.
- Top Infectious URLs: A list of the top infectious URLs detected by FortiSandbox.
- Top Callback Domains: A list of the top call back domains detected by FortiSandbox.



You can configure device and VDOM level reports for each device or VDOM sending files to FortiSandbox.

FortiWeb

To configure FortiWeb to send files to the FortiSandbox and receive results back:

You can configure FortiWeb to submit all files that match your upload restriction rules to FortiSandbox. FortiSandbox evaluates whether the file poses a threat and returns the result to FortiWeb. If FortiSandbox determines that the file is malicious, FortiWeb performs the following tasks:

- Generates an attack log message that contains the result (for example, messages with the Alert action in the illustration).
- For 10 minutes after it receives the FortiSandbox results, takes the action specified by the file upload restriction policy. During this time, it does not re-submit the file to FortiSandbox (for example, messages with the Alert_Deny action in the illustration).

To configure FortiWeb with FortiSandbox:

1. Go to *System > Config > FortiSandbox*.
2. Configure the FortiSandbox Settings.
3. Select *Apply*.

Server IP	Enter the IP address of the FortiSandbox.
Secure Connection	Select to communicate with the specified FortiSandbox using SSL.
Admin Email	Enter the email address that FortiSandbox sends reports and notifications to.
Statistics Interval	Specifies how often FortiWeb retrieves statistics from FortiSandbox. Intervals are in minutes.

FortiClient

FortiClient 5.4 and later can silently connect to FortiSandbox without needing to be authorized.

To view connected FortiClients, go to *Scan Input > FortiClient*.

The following options are available:

Delete	Select a FortiClient from the list and select Delete from the toolbar.
Malware Packages	<p>Select <i>Malware Packages</i> to open the malware packages list.</p> <p>Go to <i>Scan Input > FortiClient</i> and select <i>Malware Packages</i> from the toolbar to view the malware packages list. The following information is shown:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Version: The malware package release version.• Release Time: The malware package release time.• Total: The total number of malware antivirus signatures inside the package. The maximum number of signatures is 100K. <p>To view malware package details, select a package version number and click the <i>View</i> button from the toolbar. The following information is shown:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Detected: The time and date that the item was detected.• Checksum: The file checksum (SHA256).• Rating: The risk rating. <p>Scan job details can be viewed by selecting the <i>Job Detail</i> button in any of the rows.</p> <p>You have the option to download packages containing malware SHA256, SHA1 and MD5.</p>
URL Packages	<p>Select <i>URL Packages</i> to open the URL packages list.</p> <p>Go to <i>Scan Input > FortiClient</i> then select <i>URL Packages</i> from the toolbar to view the URL packages list. The following information is shown:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Version: The malware package release version.• Release Time: The malware package release time.• Total: The total number of malware antivirus signatures inside the package. The maximum number of signatures is 1000. <p>To view URL package details, select a package version number and click the <i>View</i> button from the toolbar. The following information is shown:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Detected: The time and date that the downloaded malware was detected.• URL: The URL the malware is downloaded from.• Rating: The malware's risk rating. <p>Scan job details can be viewed by selecting the <i>Job Detail</i> button in any of the rows.</p> <p>Note: The URL is the malware's download URL. It is not related to URL scan.</p>

This page displays the following information:

FCT Serial	The FortiClient serial number.
Hostname	Hostname.
IP	IP Address.
Malicious	The number of malicious files forwarded by the FortiClient to FortiSandbox in the last seven days. Malicious files are not executed in the FortiSandbox VM module as the antivirus scanner has already determined the file status.
High Risk	The number of high risk files forwarded to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Medium Risk	The number of medium risk files forwarded to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Low Risk	The number of low risk files forwarded to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Clean	The number of clean files forwarded to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Unknown Risk	The number of files with unknown ratings forwarded to FortiSandbox in the last seven days.
Malware Pkg	The malware package currently on the device.
URL Pkg	The URL package versions currently on the device.
User	Current login user on the FortiClient host.

To configure FortiClient to send files to the FortiSandbox and receive results back:

1. Go to the *Realtime Protection* tab in FortiClient.
2. Select *Extended scanning using FortiSandbox*, then enter the FortiSandbox IP address in the text box.
3. If required, select Wait for FortiSandbox results before allowing file access.
4. Select *Identify malware & exploits using signatures or URLs received from FortiSandbox*.
5. Select *OK* to apply your changes.

For more information about configuring FortiClient, see the *FortiClient Administration Guide*, available in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

Adapter

FortiSandbox uses adapters to connect to third party products. Carbon Black/Bit9 server and ICAP client are supported. FortiSandbox automatically create an ICAP adapter which allows FortiSandbox to work as an ICAP server. With an Adapter, FortiSandbox can analyze files downloaded from the Carbon Black server to send notifications of file verdict back to the server, or receive HTTP message from an ICAP client and return a response to it.

The following options are available:

Create New	Create a new adapter.
Edit	Edit an adapter.
Delete	Delete an adapter. ICAP adapter cannot be deleted.

This page displays the following information:

Server Name	The Adapter's name. When the adapter type is ICAP, the value is ICAP.
Vendor Name	Vendor name. When the adapter type is ICAP, the value is ICAP.
Serial	Serial number. When the adapter type is ICAP, the value is ICAP.
FQDN/IP	FQDN/IP address. When the adapter type is ICAP, the value is empty.
Malicious	File and URL count of Malicious rating from this Adapter in the last seven days. Separated by .
High	File and URL count of Highly Suspicious rating from this Adapter in the last seven days. Separated by .
Medium	File and URL count of Medium rating from this Adapter in the last seven days. Separated by .
Low	File and URL count of Low rating from this Adapter in the last seven days. Separated by .
Clean	File and URL count of Clean rating from this Adapter in the last seven days. Separated by .
Unknown	File and URL count of Unknown rating from this Adapter in the last seven days. Separated by .

To create a new adapter:

1. Go to *Scan Input > Adapter*.
2. Click the + *Create New* button from the toolbar.

3. Configure the following:

Vendor Name	Select <i>Carbon Black/Bit9</i> as the vendor name.
Adapter Name	Enter the adapter name.
Server FQDN/IP	Enter the FQDN/IP address of the Carbon Black server.
Token	Enter the token string. Authentication token is assigned by the Carbon Black or ICAP server.
Timeout (seconds)	Enter the timeout value.
Serial	Auto-generated serial number for this adapter. It works as a device serial number to denote file's input device.

4. Click OK to save the entry.

To edit an adapter:

1. Go to *Scan Input > Adapter*.
2. Select an adapter.
3. Click the *Edit* button from the toolbar.
4. Make edits as necessary.

When the adapter type is ICAP, the user can:

- Enable or disable FortiSandbox to work as an ICAP server.
- Define the port for encrypted and non-encrypted communication ports with the client.
- Extract URLs or files from HTTP messages from the client and put them into the Job Queue.

5. Click *OK* to save the entry.

To delete an adapter

1. Go to *Scan Input > Adapter*.
2. Select an adapter.
ICAP adapter cannot be selected.
3. Click the *Delete* button from the toolbar.
4. Click *Yes I'm sure* button from the *Are you sure* confirmation box.



After a Carbon Black adapter is created, FortiSandbox will try to communicate with Carbon Black server. If the connection and authentication is successful, the status column will show a green icon, otherwise a red icon is displayed.



CLI command: `diagnose-debug adapter` can be used to troubleshoot communications with the Carbon Black server.

Configure Carbon Black/Bit9 Server

To be able to configure a Carbon Black (Bit9) server to work with FortiSandbox, you will need to login.

Submitting selected files to FortiSandbox

Computers

Computers connected: 2 Total computers: 2 Current CL version: 862

Saved Views:
(none) Add

Group By:
(none) Ascending

Days Disconnected:
(none)

Show/Hide Filter Show/Hide Columns Export to CSV Refresh Page

Action Search: Go Clear

	Computer Name	Connected	Policy Status	Upgrade Status	Connected Enforcement	Disconnected Enforcement
☐	WORKGROUP\HENRYDU-PC		Up to date	Up to date	Low (Monitor Unapproved)	Low (Monitor Unapproved)
☐	WORKGROUP\WIN-KMIGUGGB6H		Up to date	Up to date	High (Block Unapproved)	High (Block Unapproved)

2 items Page 1/1

- 1. Go to *Assets > Computers*. All computers that are managed by the server will be listed.
- 2. In the left panel, select *Files on Computers*. All files will be listed on this computer.

Assets

Computers

Files

File Catalog

Files on Computers

Devices

Device Catalog

Devices on Computers

Certificates

- 3. Select one or more files.
- 4. Click the *Action button > Analyze with FortiSandbox*. The files will be submitted to FortiSandbox for analysis.

Creating an event rule to automatically submit files to FortiSandbox

Edit Event Rule

General

Rule Name: Analyze All New Files

Description:

Status: ☒ Enabled ☐ Simulate only ☐ Disabled

Select Event Properties

Add filter

Subtype

 is

New unapproved file to computer

Select File Properties

Add filter

Select Process Properties

Add filter

Select Action

Action: Analyze file

Priority: Medium

Use FortiSandbox: ☒

History

Date Created: Feb 11 2016 09:55:19 AM

Created By: admin

Date Modified: Feb 22 2016 07:56:24 PM

Last Modified By: admin

Last Evaluation Time: Feb 22 2016 07:55:45 PM

Last Processed Event: Feb 22 2016 06:28:16 PM

Save & Exit

Save

Cancel

Processed Events (82 items) (click to expand)

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Netskope Exhibit 1005

1. Go to *Rules > Event Rules*.
2. Click the *Create Rule* button.
3. Configure the settings.

How to view analysis results

Go to *Reports > External Notifications*. All files analyzed by FortiSandbox will be listed.

Configure ICAP Client

FortiSandbox can work as an ICAP server with any ProxySG that supports ICAP.

When ICAP client sends a HTTP request to FortiSandbox, FortiSandbox extracts the URL and checks if a verdict is available. If the verdict is not a *Suspicious* rating or not available , a 200 return code is sent back to client so the request can move on on the client side. If the verdict is *Suspicious*, a 403 return code along with a block page is sent back to the client. If no verdict is available, the URL will be put into the Job Queue for a scan. Scan Profile settings will apply.

When the ICAP client sends a HTTP response to FortiSandbox, FortiSandbox extracts file from it and checks if verdicts are available. If verdicts are not *Suspicious* or not available , a 200 return code is sent back to client so the response can be delivered to the endpoint host. If a verdict is *Suspicious*, a 403 return code along with a block page is sent back to the client. If no verdict is available, these files will be put into the Job Queue for a scan. Scan Profile settings will apply.

When ICAP client sends a preview request, FortiSandbox returns a 204 return code, which means it is not supported.

The following is an example ICAP configurations for a SQUID 4.x proxy server, which should be added to the end of `squid.conf` file:

```
cache deny all
icap_enable on
icap_send_client_ip on
icap_send_client_username on
icap_client_username_header X-Authenticated-User
icap_preview_enable off
icap_persistent_connections off
icap_service svcBlocker1 reqmod_precache icap://fortisandbox_ip:port_number/reqmod
    bypass=0 ipv6=off
adaptation_access svcBlocker1 allow all
icap_service svcLogger1 respmod_precache icap://fortisandbox_ip:port_
    number/respmod routing=on ipv6=off
adaptation_access svcLogger1 allow all
### add the following lines to support ssl ###
#icap_service svcBlocker2 reqmod_precache icaps://sandbox_ip:ssl_port_
    number/reqmod bypass=1 tls-flags=DONT_VERIFY_PEER
#adaptation_access svcBlocker2 allow all
#icap_service svcLogger2 respmod_precache icaps://sandbox_ip:ssl_port_
    number/respmod bypass=1 tls-flags=DONT_VERIFY_PEER
#adaptation_access svcLogger2 allow all
```

Network Share

FortiSandbox can scan files stored on a network share and optionally quarantine any malicious files. Go to *Scan Input > Network Share* to view and configure network share information.

Network share scans can be scheduled or run on-demand, and connectivity with the network share can be tested.

The following options are available:

Create New	Select to create a new network share.
Edit	Select an entry from the list and then select <i>Edit</i> in the toolbar to edit the entry selected.
Delete	Select an entry from the list and then select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to remove the entry selected.
Scan	Select an entry from the list and then select <i>Scans</i> in the toolbar to view the scheduled scan entries.
Test Connection	Select an entry from the list and then select <i>Test Connection</i> in the toolbar to test the connection. Result message will be displayed in the top message bar.

The following information is displayed:

Name	The name of the network share.
Scan Scheduled	The scan scheduled status.
Type	The mount type.
Share Path	The file share path.
Quarantine	Displays if the quarantine enabled status.
Enabled	Displays if the network share is enabled. If a network share is disabled, its scheduled scan will not be executed.
Status	Displays the network share status. One of the following states: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Network is Accessible• Network Down

To create a new network share:

1. Go to *Scan Input > Network Share*.
2. Click the + *Create New* button from the toolbar.
3. Configure the following options:

Enabled	Select to enable network share configuration. If network share is not enabled, its scheduled scan will not run.
Network Share Name	Enter the network share name.

Mount Type	Select the mount type from the drop-down list. The following options are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CIFS • NFSv2 • NFSv3 • NFSv4
Server Name/IP	Enter the server fully qualified domain name (FQDN) or IP address.
Share Path	Enter the file share path. In the format /path1/path2
Scan Files Of Specified Pattern	Select to include or exclude files which match a file pattern.
File Pattern Name	Enter the file pattern name.
Username	Enter a user name. For a domain users, use format domain_name\user_name.
Password	Enter the password.
Confirm Password	Enter the password a second time for verification.
Keep A Copy Of Original File On FortiSandbox	Select to keep a copy of the original file on FortiSandbox.
Skip Sandboxing for the same unchanged files	Select to skip Sandboxing on existing files and only Sandbox new files. Existing files will only be scanned by AntiVirus engine and Community Cloud query.
Enable Quarantine of Malicious Files	<p>Select to enable quarantine then select the quarantine location from the drop-down list. Files with a Malicious rating detected will be quarantined in the quarantine location.</p> <p>Quarantined file is placed inside a folder with the name of the Job ID. Inside the folder each quarantined file is renamed with the corresponding Job ID for that particular file and a meta file with more information.</p>
Enable Quarantine of Suspicious - High Risk Files	<p>Select to enable quarantine of <i>Suspicious High Risk</i> files, then select the quarantine location from the drop-down list. Files with a High Risk rating will be quarantined in the quarantine location.</p> <p>Quarantined file is placed inside a folder with the name of the Job ID. Inside the folder each quarantined file is renamed with the corresponding Job ID for that particular file and a meta file with more information.</p>

Enable Quarantine of Suspicious - Medium Risk Files	<p>Select to enable quarantine of <i>Suspicious Medium Risk</i> files, then select the quarantine location from the drop-down list. Files with a Medium Risk rating will be quarantined in the quarantine location.</p> <p>Quarantined file is placed inside a folder with the name of the Job ID. Inside the folder each quarantined file is renamed with the corresponding Job ID for that particular file and a meta file with more information.</p>
Enable Quarantine of Suspicious - Low Risk Files	<p>Select to enable quarantine of <i>Suspicious Low Risk</i> files, then select the quarantine location from the drop-down list. Files with a Low Risk rating will be quarantined in the quarantine location.</p> <p>Quarantined file is placed inside a folder with the name of the Job ID. Inside the folder each quarantined file is renamed with the corresponding Job ID for that particular file and a meta file with more information.</p>
Enable Quarantine of Other rating files	<p>Select to enable quarantine of <i>Other Rating</i> files, then select the quarantine location from the drop-down list. Files with a Other rating , which means the scan was not completed for some reason, will be quarantined in the quarantine location.</p> <p>Quarantined file is placed inside a folder with the name of the Job ID. Inside the folder each quarantined file is renamed with the corresponding Job ID for that particular file and a meta file with more information.</p>
Enable Scheduled Scan	Select to enable scheduled scan. Select the schedule type from the drop-down list. Select the hour from the second drop-down list.
Description	Enter an optional description for the network share entry.

4. Select *OK* to save the entry.

To run a network share scan immediately:

1. Go to *Scan Input > Network Share*
2. Select a share.
3. Select *Scan Now* to run the scan immediately.

To test network share connectivity:

1. Go to *Scan Input > Network*.
2. Select a share.
3. Click *Test Connection* to test connectivity with the network share.

Scans

The *Scans* page shows scheduled scans for the selected network share. To open the *Scans* page, select a network share, then select *Scans* from the toolbar.

The following information is shown:

Back	Go back to the network share page.
Refresh	Refresh the scans page.
Delete	Delete the selected scan.
Total	The total number of scans.
Start	The start time of the scan.
End	The end time of the scan.
Finished	Percentage of files that finished the scan. Click on the number to show details.
Malicious	The number of malicious files discovered. Click on the number to show detected Malicious rating files.
Suspicious	The number of suspicious files discovered. Click on the number to show detected Suspicious rating files.
Clean/Unknown	The number of clean or unknown files detected. Click on the number to show detected Clean/Unknown rating files.
Skipped	The number of skipped files. Click on the number to show skipped files and the reason why the file was skipped.
Quarantined	The number of quarantined files. Click on the number to show quarantined files.
Quarantine Name	The name of the quarantined location where the quarantined files are saved.

Quarantine

Go to *Scan Input > Quarantine* to view the quarantine information.

The following options are available:

Create New	Select to create a new quarantine location.
Edit	Select an entry from the list and then select <i>Edit</i> in the toolbar to edit the entry selected. When editing an entry you can select to test connectivity to ensure that the quarantine location is accessible.
Delete	Select an entry from the list and then select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to remove the entry selected.
Test Connection	Select an entry from the list and then select <i>Test Connection</i> in the toolbar to test the connection. The result will show in the top message panel and will disappear after a few seconds.

The following information is displayed:

Name	The name of the quarantine location.
Type	The mount type.
Share Path	The file share path.
Enabled	Displays if the quarantine location is enabled.
Status	Displays the quarantine access status. One of the following states: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Quarantine is Accessible• Quarantine Down

To create a new quarantine entry:

1. Go to *Scan Input > Quarantine*.
2. Click the + *Create New* button from the toolbar.
3. Configure the following options:

Enabled	Select to enable quarantine location.
Quarantine Name	Enter the quarantine name.
Mount Type	Select the mount type from the drop-down list. The following options are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• CIFS• NFSv2• NFSv3• NFSv4
Server Name/IP	Enter the server fully qualified domain name (FQDN) or IP address.
Share Path	Enter the file share path. In the format /path1/path2.
Username	Enter a user name. For a domain user, use the format domain_name\user_name.
Password	Enter the password.
Confirm Password	Enter the password a second time for verification.
Keep Original File At Current Location	Select to keep the original file at the current location when a file is quarantined from a network share.
Description	Enter an optional description for the quarantine location entry.

4. Select *OK* to save the entry.

To edit a quarantine:

1. Go to *Scan Input > Quarantine*.
2. Select a quarantine.
3. Click the *Edit* button from the toolbar.
4. Make the necessary changes.
5. Click *OK* to save the entry.

To delete a quarantine:

- 1. Go to *Scan Input > Quarantine*.
- 2. Select an quarantine.
- 3. Click the *Delete* button from the toolbar.
- 4. Click *Yes I'm sure* button from the *Are you sure* confirmation box.

Malware Package

Go to *Scan Input > Malware Package*, to view the Malware Package list.

The following options are available:

Refresh	Refresh the Malware Package list.
View	Select a package version number and click the <i>View</i> button from the toolbar. The following information is shown: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Job Detail: View the file's detailed information.• Detected: The time and date that the item was detected.• Checksum: The file checksum (SHA256).• Rating: The risk rating.
Download SHA256 Download SHA1 Download MD5 Download STIX	You have the option to download packages containing malware SHA256, SHA1, MD5, and IOC in STIX format.

This page displays the following:

Version	The malware package release version.
Release Time	The malware package release time.
Total	The total number of malware antivirus signatures inside the package. The maximum number of signatures is 100K.

URL Package

Go to *Scan Input > URL Package*, to view the URL Package list.

The following options are available:

Refresh	Refresh the URL Package list.
----------------	-------------------------------

View	<p>Select a package version number and click the <i>View</i> button from the toolbar. The following information is shown:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Job Detail: View the downloaded file's detailed information. • Mark the URL as False Positive: If marked, the URL will be removed from future URL packages. • Detected: The time and date that the item was detected. • URL: The URL in the package. • Rating: The risk rating of the downloaded file.
Download URL	You have the option to download the malware's download URL. It is not related to URL scan.
Download STIX	You have the option to download the URL Watchlist IOC package in STIX format.

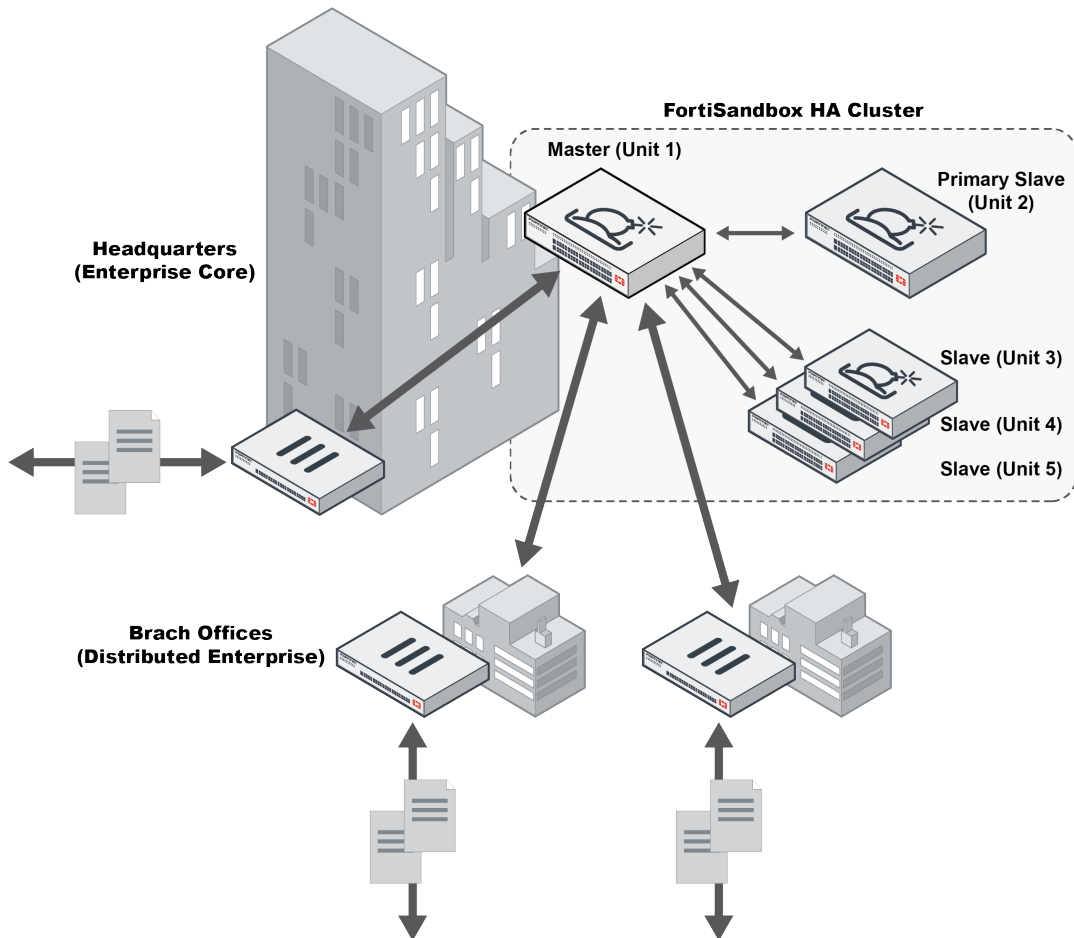
This page displays the following:

Version	The URL package release version.
Release Time	The URL package release time.
Total	The total number of malware antivirus signatures inside the package. The maximum number of signatures is 1000.

HA-Cluster

There are limits to the number of files that a single FortiSandbox can scan in a given time period. To handle heavier loads, multiple FortiSandbox devices can be used together in a load-balancing high availability (HA) cluster.

There are three types of nodes in a cluster: Master, Primary Slave, and Slave.



Master

The Master node (Unit 1 in the diagram) manages the cluster, distributes jobs and gathers the results, and interacts with clients. It can also perform normal file scans. All of the scan related configuration should be done on the master node and they will be broadcasted from the Master node to the other nodes. Any scan related configuration that has been set on a slave will be overwritten.

On the Master node, users can:

- Change a slave node's role (Primary and Regular slave)
- Configure a slave node's network settings
- Upgrade slave nodes
- View VM status page of slave nodes
- Configure FortiGuard settings of slave nodes
- Configure VM images of slave nodes, such as setting clone numbers of each VM image
- Configure a Ping server to frequently check unit's network condition and downgrade itself as a Primary Slave node when necessary to trigger a failover

Although all FSA models can work as a Master node, it is advised to use a FortiSandbox-3000D or above model.

Primary Slave

The Primary Slave node (Unit 2 in the diagram) is for HA support and normal file scans. It monitors the master's condition and, if the master node fails, the primary slave will assume the role of master. The former master will then become a primary slave when it is back up.

The Primary Slave node should be the same model as the Master node.

Slave

The Slave nodes (Units 3 - 5 in the diagram) perform normal file scans and report results back to the master and primary slave. They can also store detailed job information. Slave nodes should have its own network settings and VM image settings.

The Slave nodes can be any FortiSandbox model, including FortiSandbox VM.



The total number of slaves, include the primary slave, can not exceed 100.



It is advised to use FortiSandbox-3000D and above if the job load is heavy.

Centrally manage Slave nodes on the Master node

Users can manage Slave nodes on the Master node.

1. Go to *HA Cluster*.
2. Select the Slave node's serial number.
3. Users can perform any of the following tasks:
 - a. View the Slave node's dashboard.
 - b. Switch the Slave node's role using the *Dashboard > System Information* widget.

- c. Configure the Slave node's network settings (such as its IP address, routing table, DNS and Proxy settings). Configure Slave nodes' network settings for VM external traffic through port3.
- d. Upgrade the Slave node (including firmware, AV database etc.).
- e. View the Slave node's VM Status page.
- f. View and configure Slave node's VM image settings.

Requirements before Configuring a HA Cluster

1. The scan environment on all cluster nodes should be the same.
For example, the same set of Windows VM should be installed on all nodes so the same scan profile can be used.
2. Port3 on all nodes should be connected to the Internet separately.
3. All nodes should be on the same firmware build.
4. Each node should have a dedicated network port for internal cluster communication.
Internal cluster communication includes:
 - job dispatch
 - job result reply
 - setting synchronization
 - cluster topology broadcasting



It's recommended these ports are connected to the same switch and have IP addresses in the same subnet. If the job load is heavy, the 10G fiber port is recommended to be used as the internal communication port.

Master's Role and Slave's Role

On the Master node, all functionalities are turned on. This includes accepting files from different input sources, sending alert emails, and generating malware packages. Scan profiles should also be configured on the Master node and will be synchronized to other nodes. The following information is synchronized from the Master node to all other nodes so they should not be configured on Slave nodes:

- Job cleanup schedule
- FortiGuard page settings
- Malware package generation settings
- VM access to the Internet settings.

Only the *Allow Virtual Machines to access external network through outgoing Port3* status is synchronized. The network settings for Port3 (IP address) and next hop gateway, etc., are not synchronized. They have to be set on each unit separately.

- Black and White lists
- Yara rules
- Scan profile settings

The following information are synchronized from the Master node to Primary Slave nodes only, and are only applied when the Primary Slave node becomes a Master during a failover:

- Users
- Archive server settings

- Sniffer settings
- Mail server settings
- Network settings (including DNS, proxy, and routing tables)
- Scheduled task settings (network share scans, and scheduled report generation)
- Log server settings
- Uploaded certificates
- Devices
- SNMP settings
- Widget settings
- Adapter settings
- Others (login disclaimers)

Configure a cluster level fail-over IP set for Master unit

The user can configure a cluster level fail-over IP for each port except port3 and ports the sniffer is sniffing. This IP set works as an alias IP of the Master node network port. The Master node Local IP set and Primary Slave node are kept during fail-over.

This fail-over IP set should be set on the current Master node through the CLI command `hc-settings`. It should be in the same subnet of each port's local IP. Client devices such as FortiGate should point to this fail-over IP.

Main HA Cluster CLI Commands

CLI Command	Description
<code>hc-settings</code>	Configure the unit as a HA Cluster mode unit. Configure cluster fail-over IP set.
<code>hc-status</code>	List the stats of HA Cluster units.
<code>hc-slave</code>	<i>Add, Update, Remove</i> a slave unit to or from the HA Cluster.
<code>hc-master</code>	Turn on/off the file scan on the Master node and adjust the Master's scan power.

Example configuration

This example shows the steps for setting up an HA cluster using three FortiSandbox 3000D units.

Step 1 - Prepare the hardware

The following hardware will be required:

- Nine cables for network connections
- Three 1/10 Gbps switches
- Three FortiSandbox 3000D units with proper power connections (units A, B, and C).



The master and primary slaves should be on different power circuits.

Step 2 - Prepare the subnets

Prepare three subnets for your cluster (customize as needed):

- Switch A: 192.168.1.0/24: For system management.
 - Gateway address: 192.168.1.1
 - External management IP address: 192.168.1.99
- Switch B: 192.168.2.0/24: For internal cluster communications.
- Switch C: 192.168.3.0/24: For the outgoing port (port 3) on each unit.
 - Gateway address: 192.168.3.1

Step 3 - Setup the physical connections

1. Connect port 1 of each FortiSandbox device to Switch A..
2. Connect port 2 of each FortiSandbox device to Switch B.
3. Connect port 3 of each FortiSandbox device to Switch C.

Step 4 - Configure the master

1. Power on the device (Unit A), and log into the CLI (see [Connecting to the Command Line Interface on page 11](#)).
2. Configure the port IP addresses and gateway address with the following commands:

```
set port1-ip 192.168.1.99/24
set port2-ip 192.168.2.99/24
set port3-ip 192.168.3.99/24
```
3. Configure the device as the master node and its cluster fail-over IP for Port1 with the following commands:

```
hc-settings -sc -tM -nMasterA -cTestHCsystem -ppassw0rd -iport2
hc-settings -si -iport1 -a192.168.1.98/24
```

See [Appendix A - CLI Reference on page 1](#) for more information about the CLI commands.
4. Review the cluster status with the following command:

```
hc-status -l
```

Other ports on the device can be used for file inputs.

Step 5 - Configure the primary slave

1. Power on the device (Unit B), and log into the CLI.
2. Configure the port IP addresses and gateway address with the following commands:

```
set port1-ip 192.168.1.100/24
set port2-ip 192.168.2.100/24
set port3-ip 192.168.3.100/24
```
3. Configure the device as the primary slave node with the following commands:

```
hc-settings -s -tP -nPslaveB -iport2
hc-settings -l
hc-slave -a -s192.168.2.99 -ppassw0rd
```
4. Review the cluster status with the following command:

```
hc-status -l
```

Step 6 - Configure the normal slave

1. Power on the device (Unit C), and log into the CLI.
2. Configure the port IP addresses and gateway address with the following commands:

```
set port1-ip 192.168.1.101/24
set port2-ip 192.168.2.101/24
```

```
set port3-ip 192.168.3.101/24
```

3. Configure the device as a slave node with the following commands:

```
hc-settings -s -tR -nSlaveC -iport2
hc-settings -l
hc-slave -a -s192.168.2.99 -ppassw0rd
```

4. Review the cluster status with the following command:

```
hc-status -l
```

Step 7 - Configure other settings

VM Image settings and network settings, such as default gateway, static route, and DNS servers etc., should be configured on each unit individually. Scan related settings, such as the scan profile, should be set on Master unit only; they will be synchronized to the Slave node. For more details, refer to [Master's Role and Slave's Role on page 123](#).

Step 8 - Finish

The HA cluster can now be treated like a single, extremely powerful standalone FortiSandbox unit.

In this example, files are submitted to, and reports and logs are available over IP address 192.168.1.99.



FortiSandbox 3500D unit has been configured as a cluster system, with blade 1 configured as the Master node, blade 2 as the Primary Slave node and the other blades as Regular Slave nodes.

What happens during a failover

The Master node and Primary Slave nodes send heartbeats to each other to detect if their peers are alive. If the Master node is not accessible, such as rebooting, a fail-over will occur. Users can also configure a Ping server to frequently check the unit's network condition and downgrade itself to Primary Slave type when the condition is appropriate to trigger a failover. The failover logic handles two different scenarios:

Scenario	Description
Objective node available	<p>The Object node is a slave (either Primary or Regular) that can justify the new Master. For example, if a cluster is consisted of one Master node, one Primary Slave node, and one Regular Slave node, the Regular Slave node is the objective node.</p> <p>After a Primary Slave node takes over the Master role, and the new role is accepted by the Object node, the original Master node will accept the decision when it is back online.</p> <p>After the original Master is back online, it will become a Primary Slave node.</p>

Scenario	Description
No Objective node available	<p>This occurs when the cluster's internal communication is down.</p> <p>For example, the cluster contains one Master node and one Primary Slave node and the Master node reboots; or the internal cluster communication is down due to a failed switch, all Primary Slave nodes become the Master (more than one Master unit).</p> <p>When the system is back online, the unit with the largest Serial Number will keep the Master role and the other will return back to a Primary Slave.</p>

When the new Master is decided, it will:

1. Restart the main controller to rebuild the scan environment.
2. Apply all the setting synchronized from the original Master except port3 IP and the internal cluster IP of the original Master.

After a failover occurs, the original Master might become a Primary Slave node and the following will be reset:

Port1 IPv4 IP	192.168.0.99
IPv6	Empty

It keeps its original Port3 IP and internal cluster communication IP. All other interface ports will be shutdown as it becomes a slave node. Some functionalities will be turned off such as Email Alerts. If the user wants to re-configure its settings, such as the interface IP, the user must do that through the CLI command or the Master's Central Management page.



As the new Master takes over, the network settings of the management port (port1) and the port that client devices communicate with, will switch to it. As the new Master starts up all the services, clients may experience a temporary service interruption.

Upgrading or rebooting a Cluster

Upgrading or rebooting a Cluster has to be done by logging into each device or through the Master unit's central management interface by going into each device's dashboard page. You must upgrade the cluster in the following order:

1. Slave devices
2. Primary Slave
3. Master



If you are upgrading from 2.1 to 2.2, you have to reconfigure the cluster on the master because 2.2 brings new features, such as redesigned scan profile, clone number for each VM, and isolated port3 configuration.



It is highly recommended to setup cluster level fail-over IP set so the fail-over between Master and Primary Slave can occur smoothly. If the user does not want the fail-over to happen, the user can change the Primary Slave unit role to Regular Slave. You can either do this through the UI dashboard or the CLI prior to the fail-over, then change the role back after the unit boots up.

In-line mode

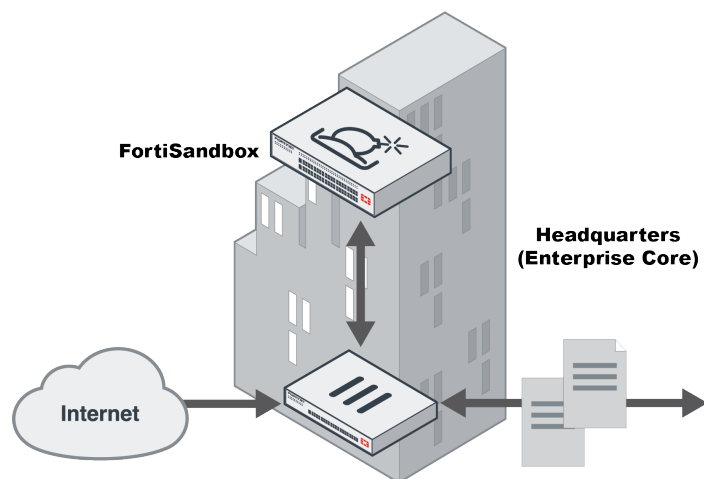


FortiSandbox can be configured in an HA cluster to increase the number of files that can be scanned in a given time period and add redundancy.

In-line mode in core environments

FortiGate, FortiMail, or FortiClient can be configured to submit either only suspicious files or all files to the FortiSandbox for inspection. This seamless integration reduces network complexity and expands the applications and protocols supported, including those that are SSL encrypted such as HTTPS.

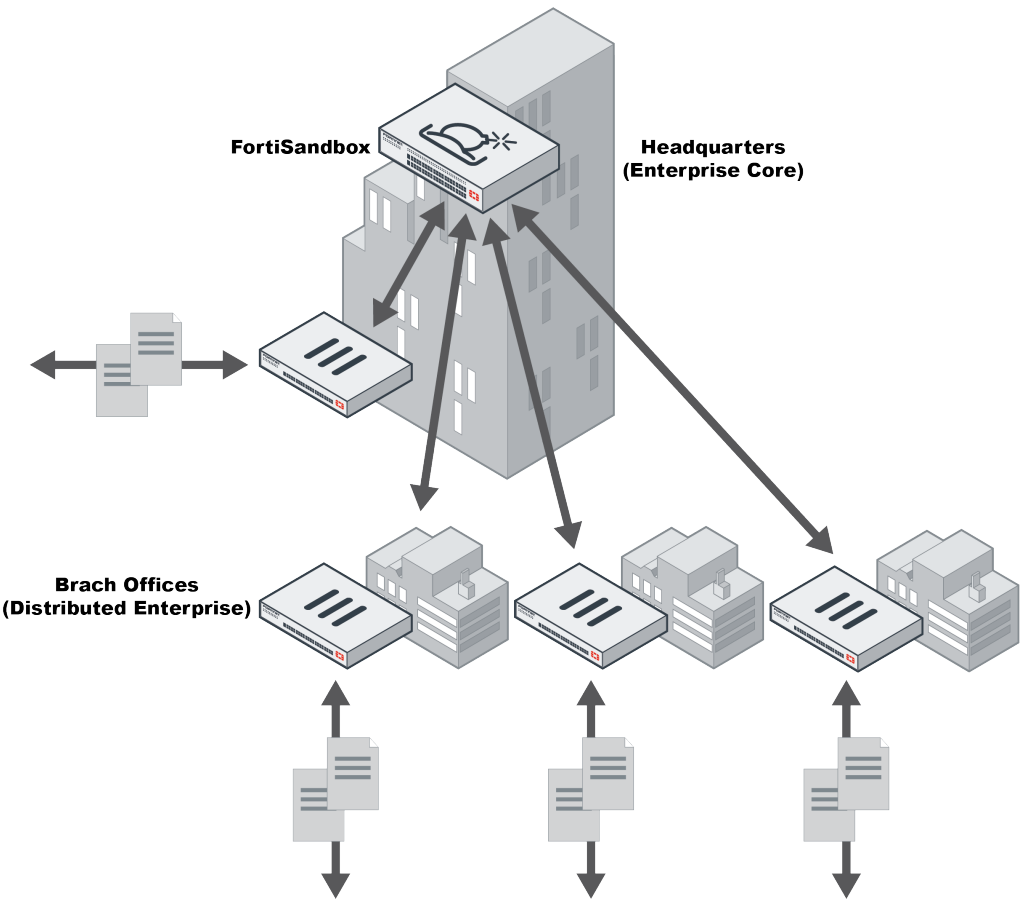
Integration in core environment topology



In-line mode in distributed enterprise environments

This deployment is attractive for organizations that have distributed environments, where FortiGate and FortiMail devices, along with FortiClient endpoints, are deployed in the branch offices and submit suspicious files to a centrally located FortiSandbox. This setup yields the benefits of the lowest total cost of ownership, and protects against threats in remote locations.

Integration in distributed environment topology



Health Check

The Health Check page is only available on the Master node. Users can use the HA Health Check to set up a Ping server to ensure the network condition between client devices and FortiSandbox is always up. If not, the Master node will downgrade itself to a Primary Slave node if there is at least one Primary Slave node existing, a failover will occur after the configured period elapses. If no Primary Slave node exists, the Master node will keep its Master role.

The following options are available:

Create New	Create a new health check Ping server.
Edit	Edit a health check Ping server.
Delete	Delete a health check Ping server.

This page displays the following information:

Interface	The interface port to connect to the Ping server.
Remote Server	IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the remote Ping server.
Ping	Enable or disable sending the Ping packet to the remote server to ensure the network connection is up.
TCP Echo	Enable or disable sending TCP Echo packet to ensure the network connection to the remote sever is up.
Interval	Time interval in seconds (30-180 seconds) to send a Ping or TCP Echo packets.
Failover Threshold	Failover threshold (3-120 times). After a certain number of consecutive missing responses of Ping or TCP Echo packets, the Master node will downgrade itself as a Primary Slave if there is an existing Primary Slave node.

To create a new HA Health Check

1. Go to *HA-Cluster > Health Check*.
2. Click + *Create New* from the tool bar.
3. Configure the settings.
4. Click *Ok*.

To edit a HA Health Check

1. Go to *HA-Cluster > Health Check*.
2. Select the Health Check you want to edit.
3. Click the *Edit* button from the toolbar.
4. Edit the settings.
5. Click *Ok*.

To delete a HA Health Check

1. Go to *HA-Cluster > Health Check*.
2. Select the Health Check you want to delete.
3. Click the *Delete* button from the toolbar.
4. Click the *Yes, I'm sure* button to delete the Health Check.

Job Summary

The Job Summary page shows job statistics data of each node in a cluster. It is only available on the Master node.

To view a HA Job Summary

1. Go to *HA-Cluster > Job Summary*.
2. Select either *File* or *URL* button to view file-based scan results and URL scan results..

The following information is shown:

Time Period Drop down	Select the period of time over which the data was collected from the drop down. You have the following options: <i>Last 24 Hours</i> , <i>Last 7 Days</i> , and <i>Last 4 Weeks</i> .
Serial Number	The serial number of the device in the cluster.
Pending	The number of files in the job queue waiting to be scanned.
Malicious	The number of malicious files detected.
Suspicious	The number of suspicious files detected.
Clean	The number of clean files detected.
Other	Other files that have been scanned and have an Unknown rating.

Select a number from the Malicious, Suspicious, Clean or Other columns to view details about those specific files.

Status

The Status page shows the basic information of cluster nodes.

To view a HA Status

1. Go to *HA-Cluster > Status*.

The following information is shown:

Serial Number	The serial number of the device in the cluster.
Type	The type of the device: <i>Master</i> , <i>Primary Slave</i> , or <i>Regular Slave</i> .
Alias	The device's alias.
IP Address	The device's internal communication IP address.
Status	The status of the device: <i>Active</i> or <i>Inactive</i> .



The total number of cluster members are shown at the bottom of the list. This number cannot exceed 101, including the master.

HA Cluster Information

On a Master, you can select a Slave to view and manage the following information pertaining to that Slave:

For more detailed information regarding each section, click on the respective link.

- [System Status Dashboard](#): The following widgets are displayed: System Information, Scanning Statistics, System Resources, and Disk Monitor.
- [Interfaces on page 45](#)
- [Static Routing on page 47](#)
- [DNS Configuration on page 47](#)
- [General on page 73 \(VM Network\)](#)
- [FortiGuard on page 62](#)
- [VM Status on page 65](#)
- [VM Images on page 65](#)

Scanning Statistics by Type	Displays a table providing information about file types, rating, and event count for a selected device over a selected time period.
Top Targeted Hosts	<p>Displays a chart providing the number of infection events for specific hosts that have occurred for a selected device over a selected time period.</p> <p>Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the chart to view the exact number of infection events that have occurred for the host selected.</p> <p>Selecting the infected host allows you to drill down to the job details.</p>
File Scanning Activity	<p>Displays the number of clean, suspicious, and malicious events that have occurred at specific times over a selected time period for the selected device.</p> <p>Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events of the selected type that occurred at that time.</p>
Top Infectious URLs	<p>Displays a chart providing the top infectious URLs that have been detected over a selected time period.</p> <p>Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the chart to view the exact number of infection events that have occurred for the malware selected.</p>
Top Malware	<p>Displays a chart providing the number of infection events for specific malware that have occurred for a selected device over a selected time period.</p> <p>Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the chart to view the exact number of infection events that have occurred for the malware selected.</p> <p>Selecting the malware name allows you to drill down to the job details related to them.</p>
Top Callback Domains	<p>Displays a chart providing the top callback domains that have been detected over a selected time period. Callback domains are hosts that files visit when executing in VM.</p> <p>Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the chart to view the exact number of infection events that have occurred for the malware selected.</p>
Top File Types	Displays a chart providing the top file types that have been detected over a selected time period. When <i>Scanned by Sandboxing</i> is selected, only files that have finished sandboxing will be counted.

Customizing the summary report page

The FortiSandbox summary reports page can be customized. You can select the device and time period in the toolbar to display specific information. You can also select which widgets to display, where they are located in the page, and whether they are minimized or maximized.

To move a widget

Position your mouse cursor on the widget's title bar, then click and drag the widget to its new location.

To refresh a widget

Click the refresh icon in the widget's title bar to refresh the data presented in the widget.

To add a widget

In the dashboard toolbar, select *Add Widget*, then select the names of widgets that you want to add. To hide a widget, in its title bar, select the *Close* icon.



Multiple widgets of the same type can be added to the dashboard. This can be useful for viewing information over different refresh time intervals.

To edit a widget

Click the edit icon in the widget's title bar to open the edit widget settings window. Configure the following information, and then select *OK* to apply your changes:

Custom widget title	Optionally, enter a custom title for the widget. Leave this field blank to use the default widget title.
Refresh interval	Enter a refresh interval for the widget, in seconds. The widgets have default refresh values: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Scanning Statistics</i>: 3600 seconds• <i>Scanning Statistics by Type</i>: 3600 seconds• <i>Top Malware</i>: 3600 seconds• <i>Scanning Activity</i>: 300 seconds• <i>Top Targeted Hosts</i>: 10 seconds• <i>Top Infectious URLs</i>: 3600 seconds• <i>Top Callback Domains</i>: 3600 seconds
Top Count	Select the number of entries to display in the widget. The top count can be between 5 to 20 entries. This setting is available in all widgets except <i>Scanning Statistics</i> , <i>Scanning Statistics by Type</i> , and <i>Scanning Activity</i> .

Analysis Details

For each job, when the user clicks the View Details icon, the Job Detail page will pop up and it includes additional file information for analysis. For some files submitted, you can select to download the PCAP file, the original file, a tracer package, and VM screenshot.

Captured Packets (PCAP) file

You can select to download the captured packets file in the analysis details page. The tracer log file may contain a tracer.pcap file. The PCAP file provides network analysis of the file behavior.



To open the PCAP file, you must have a network protocol analyzer installed on your management computer.

The following information is displayed in a PCAP file:

No.	The entry number.
Time	The packet timestamp.
Source	Displays the source IP address.
Destination	Displays the destination IP address.
Protocol	The Internet protocol suite (IP) protocol.
Length	The packet length.
Info	Detailed information about the packet.
Frame	Select a frame and select the drop-down list to view frame information including Ethernet, IP, TCP source and destination.

Original File

If your account has the required privileges, you can select to download the password protected original file (.zip format) in the analysis details page for further analysis. Users with Admin permissions can configure which account has the privilege to download the original file.



The original file should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment. The original file may be quarantined by your antivirus solution.



The default password for the original file is *fortisandbox*.

Tracer Package

You can select to download the tracer log file in the analysis details page. This file is saved in a .tar.gz format.



The tracer log should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment. The tracer log may be quarantined by your antivirus solution.



The default password for the password protected /backup folder in the tracer log is *fortisandbox*.

The following files are included:

backup folder	This folder contains the original suspicious file and its dropped files. It is zipped within the compressed file.
screensnap folder	This folder contains a screenshot of the suspicious file when the tracer stops.
signature folder	Internal Use Only

VM screenshots

You can select to download the VM screenshots in the analysis details page. Select the *Screenshot* button to download a screenshot image. VM screenshots provide a visual reference of the file activities during its execution in the FortiSandbox host VM modules. VM screenshots are also available in the Tracer log screensnap folder.

Malicious Files

Malicious files are viruses that have been detected by the antivirus scanner. To view malicious files, go to *File Detection > Malicious Files*. You can drill down the information displayed and apply search filters. You can select to create a PDF or CSV format snapshot report for all malicious files or based on the input type. Search filters will be applied to the detailed report and will be displayed in the Report Profile section.

FortiSandbox has a rescan feature. When a new antivirus signature is available, FortiSandbox will perform a second antivirus scan of all the jobs from last 48 hours whose ratings are *Clean* or *Low Risk Suspicious* using the new signatures. Detected viruses will be displayed in this page with a *ReScan* icon beside the *View Details* icon. The original, clean details can still be viewed for a rescanned file that is found to be malicious in the job detail page of the rescanned file by clicking the original job ID. Users can also select the *ReScan* icon to perform a manual rescan of the file. You can select to skip Static Scan, AV Scan, Cloud Query, and Sandboxing in the rescan settings.



Virus behavior information is not collected as viruses are detected by the AV scanner. The rescan feature allows you to see how a virus behaves while it is being executed inside a VM.

Last 24 HoursAllExport DataSearch

Filter...

	Detected	Malware	Source	Destination	Domain
	Mar 01 2016 09:38:58	PossibleThreat...	208.91.115.12	208.91.113.110	be7c120facba6b9aba374eb99d9fb6c2...
	Mar 01 2016 09:38:42	PossibleThreat...	208.91.115.12	152.99.235.16	http://152.99.235.16/sys/cab/rsa.exe
	Mar 01 2016 09:38:34	PossibleThreat...	208.91.115.12	208.91.113.110	be7c120facba6b9aba374eb99d9fb6c2...
	Mar 01 2016 09:38:11	PossibleThreat...	208.91.115.12	208.91.113.110	be7c120facba6b9aba374eb99d9fb6c2...
	Mar 01 2016 09:27:30	EICAR_TEST_F...	208.91.115.11	46.38.237.220	http://http-evader.semantic-gap.de/-BNB...
	Mar 01 2016 09:27:26	EICAR_TEST_F...	208.91.115.11	46.38.237.220	http://http-evader.semantic-gap.de/-BNB...
	Mar 01 2016 09:27:14	EICAR_TEST_F...	208.91.115.11	46.38.237.220	http://http-evader.semantic-gap.de/-BNB...

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> . You can select the time period to filter the information displayed in the GUI. This selection is also applied to exported data for the snapshot report.
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the entries displayed.

Add Search Filter	<p>Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the close icon in the search filter field to clear all search filters.</p> <p>When the search criteria is Domain, select the equal icon to toggle between exact search and pattern search.</p> <p>You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Select the equal icon to change the search criteria.</p> <p>Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.</p>
View Details	Click the <i>View Details</i> icon to view the file description and analysis details. The information displayed is dependent on the file selected.
Perform Rescan	Click the icon to rescan the entry. In the <i>Rescan Configuration</i> dialog box you can select to skip Static Scan, AV Scan, Cloud Query, and Sandboxing. Click <i>OK</i> to continue. Click the close icon or the <i>Close</i> button to close the dialog box.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Detected	The date and time that the file was detected by FortiSandbox. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Malware	<p>The name of the virus. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.</p> <p>Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.</p> <p>Click an entry in the column to view the related FortiGuard Encyclopedia page.</p>
Source	The virus host IP address. Use the column filter to sort entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Destination	The IP address of the client that downloaded the virus. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Domain	The URL address where the virus was downloaded. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Rescan Job	This icon indicates that a rescan job was scheduled for this file and has completed. Hover the mouse pointer over the icon to view the number of completed rescans.
Total Jobs	The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.

To view file details:

1. Select a file.
2. Click the *View Details* icon.

3. The following basic information and options are available:

Virus Name	The name of the detected virus.
Mark as Clean	Select to mark the file as <i>Clean</i> (false-positive). In the <i>Apply Override Verdict</i> dialog box, enter a comment and select <i>Submit</i> or <i>Submit to Cloud</i> to sen the file to the FortiGuard team for analysis. After a file has an overridden verdict, its future rating will be <i>Clean</i> until you reset the verdict.
FortiGuard Encyclopedia Analysis	Select to view FortiGuard Encyclopedia analysis of the file. This page provides analysis details, detection information, and recommended actions.
Received	The date and time the file was received by FortiSandbox.
Started	The date and time the scan started.
Status	The status of the scan. Status: <i>Done</i> , <i>Canceled</i> , or <i>Timed Out</i> .
Rated By	AV Scanner.
Submit Type	The input source that the file originated from.
Source IP	The virus host IP address.
Destination IP	The IP address of the client that downloaded the virus.
Digital Signature	The digital signature availability status.
Scan Bypass Configuration	When available, the scan bypass configuration will be displayed.
Virus Total	By clicking the Virus Total link, a new page will open to query www.virustotal.com . Only a limited number of queries per minute is allowed without manual interaction with the Virus Total website.
Rescan	If the job has rescan jobs, select <i>Rescan Job ID</i> for subsequent scans.
More Details	View additional file information including the following: Downloaded From, Packer, Filename, File Size (bytes), Sent Over (protocol), Email Sender/Receiver, MD5, SHA1, SHA256, ID, Submitted By, Start Time, Finish Time, Scan Time, Scan Unit, Device that submitted the file, VDOM that submitted this file, Detection OS (N/A), and Infected OS (N/A)..
Behavior Summary	View the file behavior summary. For Malicious files, this part is always <i>No Behaviors Detected</i> .
When the user clicks the <i>Open in a New Tab</i> or <i>View More</i> button, a complete detail page will appear which contains the following extra information:	
Original File	Click the <i>Original File</i> button to download the password protected original file (.zip format) to your management computer for further analysis. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i> . Caution: The original file should only be unzipped in a management computer in an analysis environment.

Print	Click the print icon to print the malware details page information.
Open in New Window	Click the icon to open the page in a new web browser window.
Close	Click to close the <i>View Details</i> dialog box.

4. Click the close icon to close the dialog box.

To rescan a file:

1. Select a file.
2. Click the *Perform Rescan* icon.
3. You can select to skip *Static Scan*, *AV Scan*, *Cloud Query*, and *Sandboxing*.
4. Click *OK* to start the rescan.
5. Click the close icon or select the *Close* button to close the dialog box.



Rescan results are found in the *Scan Input > File On-Demand* page and in the *View Details* page.

To create a snapshot report for all malicious files:

1. Select a time period from the first drop-down list.
2. Select the input device from the second drop-down list.
3. Select to apply search filters to further drill down the information in the report.
4. Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar. The *Report Generator* window opens.
5. Select either PDF or CSV for the report type. Optionally you can further define the report start/end date and time.
6. Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
7. Click the close icon or select the *Cancel* button, to quit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

Suspicious Files

Suspicious files are files that exhibited suspicious behavior in the sandbox. To view suspicious files, go to *File Detection*. You can drill down the information displayed and apply search filters. You can select to create a PDF or CSV format snapshot report for all suspicious files or based on the input type. Search filters will be applied to the detailed report and will be displayed in the Report Profile section.

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> . You can select the time period to filter the information displayed in the GUI. This selection is also applied to exported data for the snapshot report.
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the entries displayed.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the close icon in the search filter field to clear all search filters. When the search criteria is Domain, select the equal icon to toggle between exact search and pattern search. You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Select the equal icon to change the search criteria. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Details	Click the <i>View Details</i> icon to view the file description and analysis details. The information displayed is dependent on the file selected.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Detected	The date and time that the file was detected by FortiSandbox. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Type	The malware file type. Check or uncheck file types in the header to display or hide file types. Use the column filters to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Rating	The risk level of the file. High Risk, Medium Risk, and Low Risk files are files which have suspicious behaviors. The rating engine scores each file from its behavior log (tracer log) gathered in the VM module. If the score is within a certain range, a risk level is determined. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Source	The IP address of the host where the file was downloaded. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.

Destination	The IP address of the client that downloaded the file. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Domain	The domain URL where the file was downloaded. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Infected OS	The VM name that detected the file as suspicious. If the results are retrieved from the FortiSandbox Cloud and the infected OS information is not available this value will be <i>N/A</i> .
Total Jobs	The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.

To view file details:

1. Select a file.
2. Click the *View Details* icon.
3. The following information and options are available:

File type	The file type, <i>High Risk Downloader</i> for example.
Mark as clean (false positive) / Mark as suspicious (false negative)	Select to mark the file as clean (false positive) or suspicious (false negative). This field is dependent on the file risk type. In the <i>Apply Override Verdict</i> dialog box type a comment and select <i>Submit</i> or <i>Submit to Cloud</i> to send the file to the FortiGuard team for analysis. After a file has an overridden verdict, its future rating will be the overridden one until you reset the verdict.
Received	The date and time the file was received by FortiSandbox.
Started	The date and time the scan started.
Status	The status of the scan. Status: <i>Done</i> , <i>Canceled</i> , <i>Timed Out</i> .
Rated by	Which scan module made the rating decision, such as the FortiSandbox Community Cloud, Static File Scan or VM Engine.
Submit Type	The input source of the file such as FortiMail.
Source IP	The malware host IP address.
Destination IP	The IP address of the client that downloaded the virus.
Digital Signature	The digital signature availability status.
Scan Bypass Configuration	When available, the scan bypass configuration will be displayed.
Virus Total	By clicking the Virus Total link, a new page will open to query www.virustotal.com . Only a limited number of queries per minute is allowed without manual interaction with the Virus Total website.
Rescan	Select the link to view the original and all rescans. The number is a parent job ID which is a random unique number generated from the timestamp.

More Details	<p>View additional file information including the following: File Type, Download From, Packer, Filename, File Size (bytes), Sent Over (protocol), Email Sender/Receiver, MD5, SHA1, SHA256, ID, Submitted By, Start Time, Finish Time, Scan Time, Scan Unit, Device that submitted this file, VDOM that submitted this file, Detection OS (VM images that scanned this file), and Infected OS (VM image name that detected this malware).</p> <p>If the file is from FortiMail, Email related information, such as the Email Sender, Receiver, and Subject will also be shown.</p>
Behavior Summary	View the file behavior summary.
<p>When the user clicks the <i>Open in a New Tab</i> or <i>View More</i> button, a complete detail page will appear which contains the following extra information:</p>	
Analysis Details	View the following analysis details for each Detection OS that is launched during the scan. Each Detection OS's detail will be shown in a separate tab. The Infected OS will have a VM Infected icon in its tab title.
Behavior Chronology Chart	<p>View the file's behavior over time and its density during its execution.</p> <p>Clean behaviors: green bubble Suspicious behaviors: red, blue or orange bubble</p> <p>The higher the bubble, the more serious the event is.</p> <p>To view the event details, hover the mouse on top of the bubble.</p> <p>If a file scan is scanned with more than one VM type, the VM tab will dynamically switch to the chart for that type.</p> <p>If the file hits any imported YARA rule, a YARA tab will appear with detailed information. Including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The hit rule • Rule's risk level • Rule set name • Link to original YARA rule file
Captured Packets	<p>Select the <i>Captured Packets</i> button to download the tracer PCAP file to your management computer.</p> <p>The packet capture (PCAP) file contains network traffic initiated by the file. You must have a network protocol analyzer installed on your management computer to view this file.</p> <p>The <i>Captured Packets</i> button is not available for all file types.</p>
Screenshot	Download a screenshot image when the file was running in the sandbox. This image is not always available.

Original File	<p>Download the password protected original file (.zip format) to your management computer for further analysis. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i>.</p> <p>Caution: The original file should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment.</p>
Tracer Log	A text file containing detailed information collected inside the Sandbox VM.
Tracer Package	<p>Download the compressed .tar file containing the tracer log and related files. The password protected /backup folder in the tracer log contains information about the program's execution. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i>.</p> <p>Caution: The tracer log should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment.</p>
YARA Hits	If the file hits FortiSandbox internal YARA rules, detailed information is displayed.
Suspicious Behaviors	A summary of suspicious behaviors, if available.
Botnet Info	The botnet name and target IP address.
Files Created	<p>The executable has been observed to drop some files.</p> <p>Click the <i>Files Created</i> drop-down icon to view the files created by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Files Deleted	<p>This executable has been observed to delete some files.</p> <p>Click the <i>Files Deleted</i> drop-down icon to view the files deleted by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
File Modified	The executable file has been observed to modify some files.
Launched Processes	<p>The executable spawns some processes.</p> <p>Click the <i>Launched Processes</i> drop-down icon to view the processes launched by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Registry Changes	<p>The executable applies autostart registry modifications to be able to start itself automatically.</p> <p>Click the <i>Registry Changes</i> drop-down icon to view the registry changed made by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Network Behaviors	<p>Users that are infected by this executable will notice HTTP connections with certain URL/IP addresses.</p> <p>Click the <i>Network Behaviors</i> drop-down icon to view the network behavior of the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p> <p>For certain document files, if they contain malicious URLs, those URLs are displayed here. Users can select a URL to display its detailed information, like rating history and visit volume history.</p>
Behaviors In Sequence	The executable file's behavior during execution, in time sequence.
Print	Click the print icon to print the malware details page information.
Open in New Window	Click the icon to open the page in a new web browser window.

4. Click the close icon to close the dialog box.

To create a snapshot report for all suspicious files:

1. Select a time period from the first drop-down list.
2. Select the input device from the second drop-down list.
3. Select to apply search filters to further drill down the information in the report.
4. Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar. The *Report Generator* window opens.
5. Select either PDF or CSV for the report type. Optionally you can further define the report start/end date and time.
6. Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
7. Click the close icon or the *Cancel* button, to quit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

Clean/Unknown Files

To view clean and unknown files, go to *File Detection > Clean/Unknown Files*. You can drill down the information displayed and apply search filters. Files with an unknown rating display the *Unknown Rating* icon beside *View Details*.

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> . You can select the time period to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
File Type	Select the file type from the drop-down list.
Export Data	Click the <i>Export Data</i> button to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report varies. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the entries displayed.

Add Search Filter	<p>Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the close icon in the search filter field to clear all search filters.</p> <p>When the search criteria is Domain, select the equal icon to toggle between exact search and pattern search.</p> <p>You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Select the equal icon to change the search criteria.</p> <p>Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.</p>
View Details	Click the <i>View Details</i> icon to view the file description and analysis details.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Detected	The date and time that the file was detected by FortiSandbox. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
Filename	The file name. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Source	The IP address of the host where the file was downloaded. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Destination	The IP address of the client that downloaded the file. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.
Domain	The domain URL where the file was downloaded. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order. Right-click an entry in the column to add a search filter.

To view file details:

1. Select a file.
2. Click the *View Details* icon.
3. The following information and options are available:

File type	The file type, <i>Clean zip</i> for example.
Mark as clean (false positive) / Mark as suspicious (false negative)	<p>Select to mark the file as clean (false positive) or suspicious (false negative). This field is dependent on the file risk type. In the <i>Apply Override Verdict</i> dialog box type a comment and select <i>Submit</i> or <i>Submit to Cloud</i> to send the file to the FortiGuard team for analysis.</p> <p>After a file has an overridden verdict, its future rating will be the overridden one until you reset the verdict.</p>
Received	The date and time the file was received by FortiSandbox.

Rated by	Which scan module made the rating decision.
Submit Type	The input source of the file.
Source IP	The file's host IP address.
Destination IP	The IP address of the client that downloaded the file.
Digital Signature	The digital signature availability status.
Scan Bypass Configuration	When available, the scan bypass configuration will be displayed.
Virus Total	By clicking the Virus Total link, a new page will open to query www.virustotal.com . Only a limited number of queries per minute is allowed without manual interaction with the Virus Total website.
Rescan	Select the link to view the original and all rescan jobs if this job is a rescanned job of a Malicious file.
More Details	View additional file information including the following: Filename, File Size (bytes), Sent Over (protocol), MD5, SHA1, SHA256, ID, Submitted By, Start Time, Finish Time, Scan Time, Scan Unit, Device (that submitted this file), VDOM (that submitted this file), Detection OS, and Infected OS (always N/A). If the file is from FortiMail, Email related information, such as Email Sender, Receiver, and Subject will also be shown.
Behavior Summary	View the file behavior summary.
Analysis Details	View the following analysis details for each Detection OS that is launched during the scan. Each Detection OS's detail will be shown in a separate tab.
File Type	The file type. On-demand supports all file types.
Downloaded From	The file download path. FortiSandbox will display N/A if the file was submitted via On-Demand.
Behavior Chronology Chart	View the file's behavior over time and its density during its execution. Clean behaviors: green bubble To view the event details, hover the mouse on top of the bubble. If a file scan is scanned with more than one VM type, the VM tab will dynamically switch to the chart for that type.
Captured Packets	Select the <i>Captured Packets</i> button to download the tracer PCAP file to your management computer. The packet capture (PCAP) file contains network traffic initiated by the file. You must have a network protocol analyzer installed on your management computer to view this file. The <i>Captured Packets</i> button is not available for all file types.
Screenshot	Download a screenshot image when the file was running in the sandbox. This image is not always available.

Original File	<p>Download the password protected original file (.zip format) to your management computer for further analysis. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i>.</p> <p>Caution: The original file should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment.</p>
Tracer Log	A text file containing detailed information collected inside the Sandbox VM.
Tracer Package	<p>Download the compressed .tar file containing the tracer log and related files. The password protected /backup folder in the tracer log contains information about the program's execution. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i>.</p> <p>Caution: The tracer log should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment.</p>
Files Created	<p>The executable has been observed to drop some files.</p> <p>Click the <i>Files Created</i> drop-down icon to view the files created by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Files Deleted	<p>This executable has been observed to delete some files.</p> <p>Click the <i>Files Deleted</i> drop-down icon to view the files deleted by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
File Modified	The executable file has been observed to modify some files.
Launched Processes	<p>The executable spawns some processes.</p> <p>Click the <i>Launched Processes</i> drop-down icon to view the processes launched by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Registry Changes	<p>The executable applies autostart registry modifications to be able to start itself automatically.</p> <p>Click the <i>Registry Changes</i> drop-down icon to view the registry changed made by the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p>
Network Behaviors	<p>Users that are infected by this executable will notice HTTP connections with certain URL/IP addresses.</p> <p>Click the <i>Network Behaviors</i> drop-down icon to view the network behavior of the file. This field may not be available for all file types.</p> <p>For certain document files, if they contain malicious URLs, those URLs are displayed here. Users can select a URL to display its detailed information, like rating history and visit volume history.</p>
Behaviors In Sequence	The executable file's behavior during execution, in time sequence.
Print	Click the print icon to print the malware details page information.
Open in New Window	Click the icon to open the page in a new web browser window.

- Click the close icon to close the dialog box.

To create a snapshot report for all clean/unknown files:

1. Select a time period from the first drop-down list.
2. Select the file type from the second drop-down list.
3. Select to apply search filters to further drill down the information in the report.
4. Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar. The *Report Generator* window opens.
5. Select either PDF or CSV for the report type. Optionally you can further define the report start/end date and time.
6. Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
7. Click the close icon or the *Cancel* button, to quit the report generator.



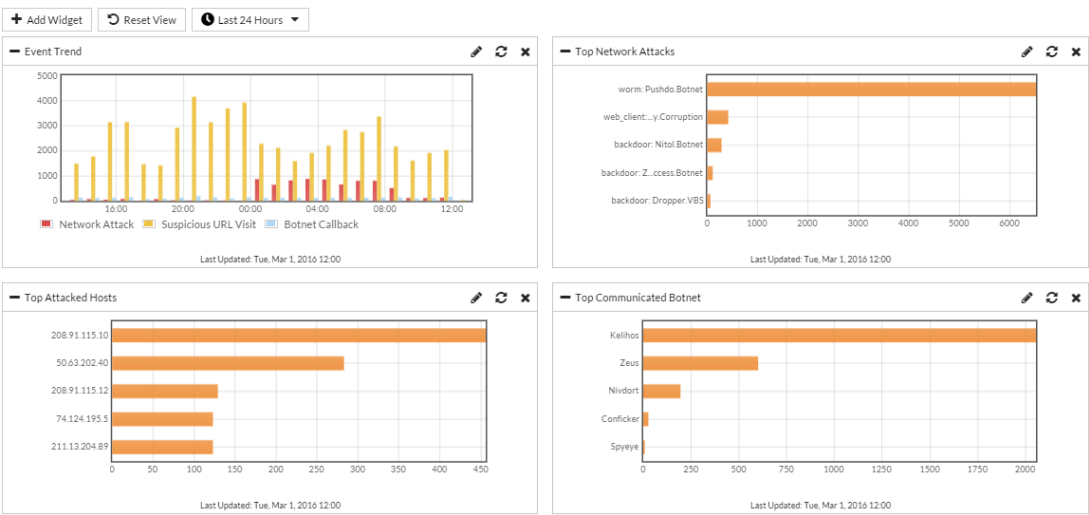
In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

Network Alerts

Network Alerts allows you to view network based activity. You must enable network alerts detection in *Scan Input > Sniffer*. Sniffed data is scanned by the IPS engine to populate data on this page. You can select to view data for a specific time period. In the Networks Alerts page, you can view alerts (Attacker, Botnet, and URL), and drill down the information displayed and apply search filters.

Summary Report

The *Summary Reports* page provides a page similar to the *System* dashboard. You can add and customize widgets in this page. By selecting the time period, you can customize what data is displayed. To view the summary reports page go to *Network Alerts > Summary Report*.



The following options are available:

Add Widget	Click the button to add widgets to the summary report page.
Reset View	Click the button to restore widgets to the default setting. A confirmation dialog box will be displayed, select <i>OK</i> to continue.
Time period	Select a time period to be displayed from the drop-down list. The options are: <i>Last 24 hours</i> , <i>Last 7 days</i> , <i>Last 2 weeks</i> .

The following widgets are available:

Event Trend	Displays a table providing information about the number of network attacks, suspicious URL visits, and Botnet callbacks over a period of time. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events that occurred at that time.
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Top Network Attacks	Displays a table providing information about the number and type of network attacks. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events that occurred at that time.
Top Attacked Hosts	Displays a table providing information about the top attacked hosts on your network. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events that occurred at that time.
Top Communicated Botnet	Displays a table providing information about the top communicated botnets on your network. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events that occurred at that time.
Top Botnet Infected Hosts	Displays a table providing information about the top botnet infected hosts on your network. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events that occurred at that time.
Top Visited Suspicious URL Hosts	Displays a table providing information about the top visited suspicious URL hosts. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events that occurred at that time.
Top Hosts Visiting Suspicious URL	Displays a table providing information about the top hosts visiting suspicious URLs. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events that occurred at that time.

Customizing the summary report page

The FortiSandbox summary reports page can be customized. You can select the time period in the toolbar to display specific information. You can also select which widgets to display, where they are located on the page, and whether they are minimized or maximized.

To move a widget

Position your mouse cursor on the widget's title bar, then click and drag the widget to its new location.

To refresh a widget

Click the refresh icon in the widget's title bar to refresh the data presented in the widget.

To add a widget

In the dashboard toolbar, select *Add Widget*, then select the names of widgets that you want to add. To hide a widget, in its title bar, select the *Close* icon.

To edit a widget

Click the edit icon in the widget's title bar to open the edit widget settings window.

Configure the following information, and then select *OK* to apply your changes:

Custom widget title	Optionally, enter a custom title for the widget. Leave this field blank to use the default widget title.
Refresh interval	<p>Enter a refresh interval for the widget, in seconds. Set the field to 0 to disable. The widgets have default refresh values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Event Trend</i>: 3600 seconds • <i>Top Network Attacks</i>: 3600 seconds • <i>Top Attacked Hosts</i>: 3600 seconds • <i>Top Communicated Botnet</i>: 3600 seconds • <i>Top Botnet Infected Hosts</i>: 3600 seconds • <i>Top Visited Suspicious URL Hosts</i>: 3600 seconds • <i>Top Hosts Visiting Suspicious URLs</i>: 3600 seconds
Top Count	Select the number of entries to display in the widget. The top count can be between 5 to 20 entries. This setting is available in all widgets except <i>Event Trend</i> .

Network Alerts

FortiSandbox scans sniffed traffic for connections to botnet servers using the botnet database and attack traffic using the IPS signature database. FortiSandbox then compares this traffic against the Web Filter database.

To view network alerts (Attacker, Botnet, and URL), go to *Network Alerts*. You can drill down the information displayed and apply search filters. You can select to create a PDF or CSV format snapshot report for specific types of network alert files. Search filters will be applied to the detailed report and will be displayed in the Report Profile section.

Last 24 Hours	Attacker	Export Data	Search
Filter ...			
Detected	Backdoor	Source	Destination
Mar 01 2016 12:02:21	backdoor: Nitol.Botnet	208.91.115.11	50.63.202.40
Mar 01 2016 12:02:11	backdoor: Nitol.Botnet	208.91.115.11	50.63.202.40
Mar 01 2016 12:01:38	backdoor: Nitol.Botnet	208.91.115.11	50.63.202.40
Mar 01 2016 12:01:07	backdoor: Nitol.Botnet	208.91.115.11	50.63.202.40
Mar 01 2016 11:58:42	applications3: Malicious.JavaScript.Obfuscation.Code.Packer.Detection	190.36.171.72	208.91.115.10
Mar 01 2016 11:58:04	backdoor: Nitol.Botnet	208.91.115.11	50.63.202.40

This page has the following options:

Time Period	<p>Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i>, <i>7 Days</i>, or <i>4 Weeks</i>.</p> <p>You can select the time period to filter the information displayed in the GUI. This selection is also applied to exported data for the snapshot report.</p>
Alert Type	<p>Select Attacker, Botnet, or URL from the drop-down list. You can select the alert type to filter the information displayed in the GUI. This selection is also applied to exported data for the snapshot report.</p>

Attacker	<p>When selecting <i>Attacker</i> from the drop-down list, the following information is displayed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detected: The date and time that the attack was detected by FortiSandbox. • Backdoor: The name of the attack. • Source: The attacker's IP address. • Destination: The attacked host IP address. <p>All columns include a filter to allow you to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.</p>
Botnet	<p>When selecting <i>Botnet</i> from the drop-down list, the following information is displayed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detected: The date and time that the botnet contact was detected by FortiSandbox. • Name: The botnet name. • Source: The IP address of the infected host. • Destination: The botnet command and control IP address. <p>The <i>Detected</i>, <i>Name</i>, and <i>Source</i> columns include a filter to allow you to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.</p> <p>By default, FortiSandbox queries the public FDN service for the URL category. You can override the server address in the <i>System > Maintenance > FortiGuard</i> page.</p>
URL	<p>When selecting <i>URL</i> from the drop-down list, the following information is displayed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detected: The date and time that the malicious URL was visited. • Rating: The severity of the visiting activity. • Category: The URL's web filtering category. • Host: The host IP address. The first level domain name of the URL. • URL: The visited URL address. • Type: The URL type, http or https • Source: The IP address of the host who visited the malicious URL. <p>The <i>Detected</i>, <i>Category</i>, <i>Hostname</i>, <i>URL</i>, <i>Type</i>, and <i>Source</i> columns include a filter to allow you to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.</p> <p>Tip: Certain URL categories are set as Benign by default. To view and change, go to Scan Policy > URL Category</p>
Export Data	<p>Select to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.</p>
Refresh	<p>Click the icon to refresh the log message list.</p>
Search	<p>Show or hide the search filter field.</p>

Add Search Filter

Click the search filter field to add search filters. Click the close icon in the search filter field to remove the search filter.

You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Click on the equal icon to toggle it to the not equal to icon to change the search criteria.

Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.

To create a snapshot report for all network alert files:

1. Select a time period from the first drop-down list.
2. Select Attacker, Botnet, or URL from the second drop-down list.
3. Select to apply search filters to further drill down the information in the report.
4. Click the *Export Data* button in the toolbar. The *Report Generator* window opens.
5. Select either PDF or CSV for the report type. Optionally you can further define the report start/end date and time.
6. Click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
When the report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
7. Click the close icon or the *Cancel* button, to quit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

URL Detection

Summary Report

The *Summary Report* page provides a page similar to the *System* dashboard. You can add and customize widgets in this page. By selecting a time period, you can customize what data is displayed. To view the summary report page go to *URL Detection > Summary Report*.



Job data of URLs submitted through On-Demand or JSON API are also included in the Summary Report.

The following options are available:

Add Widget	Click the button to add widgets to the summary report page.
Reset View	Click the button to restore widgets to the default setting. A confirmation dialog box will be displayed, select <i>OK</i> to continue.
Time Period	Select a time period to be displayed from the drop-down list. The options are: <i>Last 24 hours</i> , <i>Last 7 days</i> , <i>Last 2 weeks</i> .
Device	Click the button to filter for a specific device.

The following widgets are available:

Scanning Statistics	Displays a table providing information about the URLs scanned per OS for a selected time period. Clicking on the number in the widget will drill down to the associated job list.
Scanning Statistics by Type	Displays a table proving information about URL types, rating, and event count for a selected time period. Clicking on the number in the widget will drill down to the associated job list.
Scanning Activity	Displays the number of clean, suspicious, and malicious events that have occurred at specific times over a selected time period. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the graph to view the exact number of events of the selected type that occurred at that time.
Top Infectious URLs	Displays a chart providing the top infectious URLs that have been detected over a selected time period. Hover the cursor over a colored portion of a bar in the chart to view the exact number of infection events that have occurred for the malware selected. Clicking on the URL in the widget will drill down to the associated job list.

Customizing the summary report page

The FortiSandbox summary reports page can be customized. You can select the time period in the toolbar to display specific information. You can also select which widgets to display, where they are located in the page, and whether they are minimized or maximized.

To move a widget

Position your mouse cursor on the widget's title bar, then click and drag the widget to its new location.

To refresh a widget

Click the refresh icon in the widget's title bar to refresh the data presented in the widget.

To add a widget

In the dashboard toolbar, select *Add Widget*, then select the names of widgets that you want to add. To hide a widget, in its title bar, select the *Close* icon.



Multiple widgets of the same type can be added to the dashboard. This can be useful for viewing information over different refresh time intervals.

To edit a widget

Click the edit icon in the widget's title bar to open the edit widget settings window.

Configure the following information, and then select *OK* to apply your changes:

Custom widget title	Optionally, enter a custom title for the widget. Leave this field blank to use the default widget title.
Refresh interval	Enter a refresh interval for the widget, in seconds. The widgets have default refresh values: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Scanning Statistics</i>: 3600 seconds• <i>Scanning Statistics by Type</i>: 3600 seconds• <i>Scanning Activity</i>: 300 seconds• <i>Top Infectious URLs</i>: 3600 seconds
Top Count	Select the number of entries to display in the widget. The top count can be between 5 to 20 entries. This setting is available in the <i>Top Infectious URLs</i> widget.

Suspicious URLs

Suspicious URLs are URLs that exhibited suspicious behavior in the sandbox. To view Suspicious URLs, go to *URL Detection > Suspicious URLs*. You can drill down the information displayed and apply search filters.



This page only shows URLs with suspicious ratings that are submitted through the Fortinet device, like FortiMail and the JSON API.

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> . You can select the time period to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
Export Data	Select to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the entries displayed.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. When the search criteria is <i>URL</i> or the <i>Submitted Filename</i> , click the equals sign to toggle between exact and pattern search. Click the close icon in the search filter field to clear all search filters. You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Details	Select the <i>View Details</i> icon to view job information.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Submitted Time	The date and time that the URL was submitted to the FortiSandbox. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
URL	The URL that was submitted.
Rating	The rating can be one or more of the following: Low Risk, Medium Risk, or High Risk.
Submitted Filename	The submitted filename associated with the URL. Click the column header to sort the table by this column. If the URL is from the body of an Email, and submitted by FortiMail, the Email's session ID is used as the Submitted Filename.
Submitted By	The device that submitted the URL to be scanned. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Infected OS	The OS version of the FortiSandbox VM that was used to make the Suspicious verdict
Total Jobs	The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.

Clean/Unknown URLs

To view clean and unknown URL, go to *URL Detection > Clean/Unknown URLs*. You can drill down the information displayed and apply search filters. URLs with an unknown rating display the *Unknown Rating* icon beside *View Details*.



This page only shows URLs with clean or unknown ratings that are submitted through a Fortinet device, like FortiMail and the JSON API.

The following options are available:

Time Period	Select the time period from the drop-down list. Select one of the following: <i>24 Hours</i> , <i>7 Days</i> , or <i>4 Weeks</i> . You can select the time period to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
Export Data	Select to create a PDF or CSV snapshot report. The time to generate the report is dependent on the number of events selected. Do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page during report generation.
Search	Show or hide the search filter field.
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the entries displayed.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. When the search criteria is <i>URL</i> or <i>Submitted Filename</i> , click the equals sign to toggle between exact and pattern search. Click the close icon in the search filter field to clear all search filters. You can right-click various fields in this page to be added as search filters to drill down the data displayed. The search filter will be displayed below the search filter field. Click the close icon beside the search filter to remove the filter. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
View Details	Select the <i>View Details</i> icon to view job information.
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

This page displays the following information:

Submitted Time	The date and time that the URL was submitted to the FortiSandbox. Use the column filter to sort the entries in ascending or descending order.
URL	The URL that was submitted.

Submitted Filename	The submitted filename associated with the URL. Click the column header to sort the table by this column. If the URL is from the body of an Email, and submitted by FortiMail, the Email's session ID is used as the Submitted Filename.
Submitted by	The user that submitted the URL to be scanned. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Infected OS	N/A

Search

To view all URLs and search URLs, go to *URL Detection > Search*. You can apply search filters to drill down the information displayed.

Detection

2016-02-29 12...

to 2016-03-01 12...

	Submitted Time	URL	Rating	Submitted Filename	Submitted By	Infected OS
	 Feb 29 2016 17:19:58	 http://schneeeifelmusikanten.de/	 N/A	bad_url.txt	admin	N/A
	 Feb 29 2016 17:19:58	 http://www.world-plants.co.uk/	 N/A	bad_url.txt	admin	N/A
	 Feb 29 2016 17:19:57	 http://trevalon.co.uk/	 N/A	bad_url.txt	admin	N/A
	 Feb 29 2016 17:19:57	 http://munkavedelminagyker.com/	 N/A	bad_url.txt	admin	N/A
	 Feb 29 2016 17:19:57	 http://drpinna.com/	 N/A	bad_url.txt	admin	N/A
	 Feb 29 2016 17:19:57	 http://www.bairescat.com/	 N/A	bad_url.txt	admin	N/A
	 Feb 29 2016 17:19:57	 http://www.mynewscomer.com/?p=186	 N/A	bad_url.txt	admin	N/A

The following options are available:

Refresh	Click the refresh icon to refresh the entries displayed after applying search filters.
Search Field	Click the search filter field to add search filters. When the search criteria is a <i>Submitted Filename</i> or <i>URL</i> , click the equals sign to toggle between exact and pattern search. Click the close icon beside the search criteria to remove the filter. Search filters can be used to filter the information displayed in the GUI.
Export to Report	Select to open the Report Generator dialog box. Select to generate a PDF or CSV report. During generation, do not close the dialog box or navigate away from the page.
View Details	Select the <i>View Details</i> icon to view job information. See Search on page 159 .
Pagination	Use the pagination options to browse entries displayed.

The following information is displayed:

Submitted Time	The date and time that the URL was submitted to FortiSandbox. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
-----------------------	--

URL	The URL that was submitted.
Rating	The URL rating. The rating can be one or more of the following: Clean, Low Risk, Medium Risk, High Risk, or N/A. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Submitted Filename	The submitted filename associated with the URL. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Submitted By	The user or device that submitted the URL.
Infected OS	The VM name that rated the URL as Suspicious. Click the column header to sort the table by this column.
Total Jobs	The number of jobs displayed and the total number of jobs.

To create a snapshot report for all search results:

1. Select to apply search filters.
2. Select the generate to report button. The *Report Generator* window opens.
3. Select either PDF or CSV and click the *Generate Report* button to create the report.
4. When report generation is completed, select the *Download* button to save the file to your management computer.
5. Click the close icon or the *Cancel* button, to quit the report generator.



In this release, the maximum number of events you can export to PDF report is 50,000; the maximum number of events you can export to CSV report is 150,000.

View details

Select the *View Details* icon to open the job details dialog box for a URL scan.

The following information and options are available:

Print	Print the details.
Open in new tab	Open the details in a new tab in your browser.
Rating	The rating of the URL.
Received	The date and time the URL was received by the unit.
Rated By	The method by which the URL was rated, such as the VM Engine.
Submit Type	How the URL was submitted such as, <i>On-Demand</i> .
Depth	The recursive depth to which the URL was examined.
Timeout	The timeout period. When the timeout period passes, the scan will stop even though not all the web pages have been scanned.

More Details	Additional information, including: URL, ID, Submitted By, Submitted Filename, Start Time, Scan Unit, Finish Time, Scan Time, Detection OS (the VMs that scanned this URL), Infected OS (the VM name that made the Suspicious verdict).
Behavior Summary	A brief summary of the behavior of the URL.
Analysis Details	Details of the analysis for each Detection OS that is launched during the scan, including Files Created, Files Deleted, Files Modified, Launch Processes, Network Behaviors, and Behaviors in Sequence. Each Detection OS's detail will be shown in a separate tab. From this section, various files can be downloaded: Captured Packets, Original File, Tracer Package, Tracer Log, and a Screenshot of the URL.
Captured Packets	Select the <i>Captured Packets</i> button to download the tracer PCAP file to your management computer. The packet capture (PCAP) file contains network traffic initiated by the file. You must have a network protocol analyzer installed on your management computer to view this file. The <i>Captured Packets</i> button is not available for all file types.
Screenshot	Download a screenshot image when the URL was running in the sandbox. This image is not always available.
Tracer Log	A text file containing detailed information collected inside the Sandbox VM.
Tracer Package	Download the compressed <code>.tar</code> file containing the tracer log and related files. The password protected <code>/backup</code> folder in the tracer log contains information about the program's execution. The default password for this file is <i>fortisandbox</i> . Caution: The tracer log should only be unzipped on a management computer in an analysis environment.
Suspicious Behaviors	A summary of suspicious behaviors, if available.
Botnet Info	The botnet name and target IP address.
Files Created	The URL has been observed to drop some files. Click the <i>Files Created</i> drop-down icon to view the files created during the scan. This field may not be available for all URLs.
Files Deleted	This URL has been observed to delete some files. Click the <i>Files Deleted</i> drop-down icon to view the files deleted during the scan. This field may not be available for all file types.
File Modified	The URL file has been observed to modify some files.
Launched Processes	The URL spawns some processes. Click the <i>Launched Processes</i> drop-down icon to view the processes launched during the scan.

Registry Changes	Click the <i>Registry Changes</i> drop-down icon to view the registry changed during the scan.
Network Behaviors	Click the <i>Network Behaviors</i> drop-down icon to view the network behavior of the URL.
Behaviors In Sequence	The URL's behavior during execution, in time sequence.
Print	Click the print icon to print the malware details page information.
Open in New Window	Click the icon to open the page in a new web browser window.



If the URL is submitted by FortiMail, Email sender/receiver and the subject will be shown as well.

Log & Report

The Log & Reports menu allows you to view and download all logs collected by the device, access reports, and generate reports. You can log locally to FortiSandbox, a remote syslog server, or FortiAnalyzer/FortiManager.

About Logs

Log Details

To view more details about a specific log in the log list, simply select that log. A log details pane at the bottom of the window.

The log details pane contains the same information as the log message list, except with a full message in lieu of a shortened one.

Logging Levels

FortiSandbox logs can be Emergency (reserved), Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Information, or Debug. The following table provides example logs for each log level.

Log Level	Descrip- tion	Example Log Entry
Alert	Imme- diate action is required.	Suspicious URL visit domain.com from 192.12.1.12 to 42.156.162.21:80.
Critical	Func- tionality is affected.	System database is not ready. A program should have started to rebuild it and it shall be ready after a while.
Error	An erro- neous con- dition exists and func- tionality is probably effected.	Errors that occur when deleting certificates.
Warning	Func- tionality might be affected.	Submitted file AVSInstallPack.exe is too large: 292046088.

Log Level	Description	Example Log Entry
Information	General information about system operations.	LDAP server information that was successfully updated.
Debug	Detailed information useful for debugging purposes.	Launching job for file. jobid=2726271637747836543 filename=log md5-5=ebe5ae2bec3b653c2970e8cec9f5f1d9 sha1-1=06ea6108d02513f0d278ecc8d443df86dac2885b sha256-d678da5-5fb9ea3ee20af779a4ae13c402585ebb070edcf20091cb20509000f74b

Raw logs

Raw logs can be downloaded and saved to the management computer using the *Download Raw Logs* button. The raw logs will be saved as a text file with the extension *.log.gz*. The user can search the system log for more information.

Sample raw logs file content

```
itime=1458669062 date=2016-03-22 time=17:51:02 logid=1220000020 type=event
subtype=unknown pri=alert user=system ui=system action=rating status=success
reason=none letype=6 msg=fname=v32.cab jobid=2725911139058114340
sha1=f61045626e5f4f74108fb6b15dde284fe0249370
sha256=f75fca6300e48ec4876661314475cdd7f38d4c73e87dfb5a423ef34a7ce0154f
rating=Clean scantime=11 malwarename=N/A srcip=204.79.197.200
dstip=208.91.115.250 protocol=HTTP device=()
url=http://officecdn.microsoft.com/pr/492350f6-3a01-4f97-b9c0-c7c6ddf67d60/Office/Data/v32.cab
itime=1458669062 date=2016-03-22 time=17:51:02 logid=0106000001 type=event
subtype=system pri=debug user=system ui=system action=controller
status=success reason=none letype=6 pid=8605 msg="Sandboxing environment is
not available for job 2725913445926977878, file type: htm, file extension:
htm"
itime=1458669062 date=2016-03-22 time=17:51:02 logid=1220000020 type=event
subtype=unknown pri=alert user=system ui=system action=rating status=success
reason=none letype=6 msg=fname=0_22_93_0_0_2_0_0_1.html
jobid=2725913445926977878 sha1=098a2ca8d81979f2bb281af236f9baa651d557d5
sha256=424c62eaaa4736740e43f5c7376ec6f209b0d3df0e0cadcc94324280eafa101f
rating=Clean scantime=12 malwarename=N/A srcip=125.39.193.250
dstip=208.91.115.12 protocol=HTTP device=() url=http://all.17k.com/lib/book/0_
22_93_0_0_2_0_0_1.html
```



For detailed log format information, please refer to the *FortiSandbox 2.3.2 Log Reference* available on the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

Log Categories

In FortiSandbox, logs are group into different categories

All Events	Shows all logs.
System Events	Shows system level logs, like user creation and FDN downloads.
VM Events	Shows logs related to a VM system, such as VM initialization.
Job Events	Shows logs related to scans. Users can trace the scan flow of each file or URL.
HA-Cluster Events	Shows logs related to cluster configuration and fail overs.
Notification Events	Shows logs related to email alerts and SNMP traps.

<div> Download Log History Logs Search </div> <div> Filter ... </div>					
#	Date/Time	Level	User	Message	
1	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=db726186ae7a48cb5fdecfb1ed74164eca66cb021c82fed5b186...	
2	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=bdb781a171f405a5db9daf0b775ba16e3d9d90a9ea84abf867...	
3	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=f9d1e4ddea48b41df0f3c9cb96939195349c77fb6efd66d1d4a4...	
4	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=81cc1b42edcc03e3a335651dc6296ac0f38360c70334d9eee6...	
5	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=dc5b2a59fdd3f64b8d8b61dc978af3ba45910e73f0c0c7c32173...	
6	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=4388620b7ee1a7d3468fb0bac72ec6800deef9e2039e9fa4cd68...	
7	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=c9d6be39edbf46084af2e6e8f5f06ef00f33217f11dd89d7fb3...	
8	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=b399e0631bb16bf6b1f596c1c16158f3a31e43409d8d2d39fb8f...	
9	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=82a321031c0f9c44acf253c7f98f6bada792a0e9fc241f794e66e...	
10	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=497bf0734786d19ac7ead2a25dffdc3584cef26023b3b98c157c...	
11	2016-03-01 12:06:14	debug	system	HC: distributed file to unit FSA3KD3R13000001 (master itself), sha256=160927d0b11b4cc3ec38a25a7a9ae12b1ebddc8bc214312853...	

The following options are available:

Download Raw Log	Select to download a file containing the raw logs to the management computer.
History Logs	Enable to include historical logs in Log Search.
Refresh	Select to refresh the log message list.
Add Search Filter	Click the search filter field to add search filters. Users can select different categories to search the logs. The Search feature is not case sensitive.
Pagination	Use these controls to jump or scroll to other pages. The total number of pagers and logs is also shown.

The following information is displayed:

#	Log number.
Date/Time	The time that the log message was created.
Level	The level of the log message. The available logging levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Alert: Immediate action is required. Critical: Functionality is affected. Error: Functionality is probably affected. Warning: Functionality might be affected. Information: Information about normal events. Debug: Information used for diagnosis or debugging.

User	The user to which the log message relates. User can be a specific user or system.
Message	Detailing log message.

Log Servers

FortiSandbox logs can be sent to a remote syslog server, common event type (CEF) server, or FortiAnalyzer. Go to *Log & Reports > Log Servers* to create new, edit, and delete remote log server settings. You can configure up to 30 remote log server entries.

The following options are available:

Create New	Select to create a new log server entry.
Edit	Select a log server entry in the list and select <i>Edit</i> in the toolbar to edit the entry.
Delete	Select a log server entry in the list and select <i>Delete</i> in the toolbar to delete the entry.

This page displays the following information:

Name	The name of the server entry.
Server Type	The server type. One of the following options: CEF, syslog , or FortiAnalyzer.
Server Address	The log server address.
Port	The log server port number.
Status	The status of the log server, <i>Enabled</i> or <i>Disabled</i> .

To create a new server entry:

1. Go to *Log & Reports > Log Servers*.
2. Select + *Create New* from the toolbar.
3. Configure the following settings:

Name	Enter a name for the new server entry.
Type	Select <i>Log Server Type</i> from the drop-down list.
Log Server Address	Enter the log server IP address or FQDN.
Port	Enter the port number. The default port is 514.
Status	Select to enable or disable sending logs to the server.

Log Level

Select to enable the logging levels to be forwarded to the log server.

The following options are available:

- Enable Alert Logs
- Enable Critical Logs
- Enable Error Logs
- Enable Warning Logs
- Enable Information Logs
- Enable Debug Logs

4. Select *OK* to save the entry.



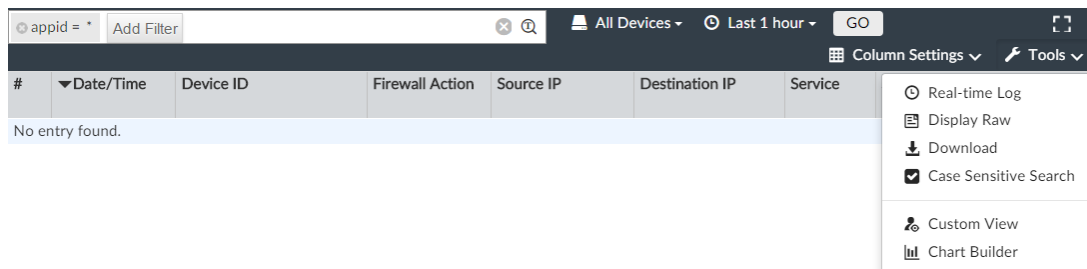
You can forward FortiSandbox logs to a FortiAnalyzer running 5.2.0 or later.

To edit or delete a syslog server, FortiAnalyzer, new common event entry

1. Go to *Log and Report > Log Servers*.
2. Select a syslog server, FortiAnalyzer, or new common event entry.
3. Click the *Edit* or *Delete* button from the toolbar.
 - a. Make the necessary edits.
 - b. Click the *Yes, I'm sure* button to delete the entry.

Viewing Logs in FortiAnalyzer

To view FortiSandbox logs in your FortiAnalyzer



1. Login to your FortiAnalyzer
2. Select FortiSandbox from the *Select an ADOM* prompt.
3. Click the *Log View* tile.

The following options are available:

Add Filter

Enter a search term to search the log messages. You can also right-click an entry in one of the columns and select to add a search filter. Select *GO* in the toolbar to apply the filter. Not all columns support the search feature.

Device

Select the device in the drop-down list.

Time Period	Select a time period from the drop-down list. Options include: <i>Last 30 mins</i> , <i>Last 1 hour</i> , <i>Last 4 hours</i> , <i>Last 12 hours</i> , <i>Last 1 day</i> , <i>Last 7 days</i> , <i>Last N hours</i> , <i>Last N days</i> , or <i>Custom</i> .
GO	Select to apply the time period and limit to the displayed log entries. A progress bar is displayed in the lower toolbar.
Column Settings	Select specific columns to be displayed. You can also reset the columns to its default.
Tools	The tools button provides options for changing the manner in which the logs are displayed, and search and column options.
Real-time Log	FortiSandbox does not support <i>Real-time Log</i> .
Display Raw	Select to change view from formatted display to raw log display.
Download	Select to download logs. A download dialog box is displayed. Select the log file format, compress with gzip, the pages to include and select <i>Apply</i> to save the log file to the management computer. This option is only available when viewing logs in formatted display.
Case Sensitive Search	Select to enable case sensitive search.
Chart Builder	Select to create a custom chart.
Display Details button	Detailed information on the log message selected in the log message list. The item is not available when viewing raw logs. <i>Log Details</i> are only displayed when enabled in the <i>Tools</i> menu.
Search Scope	Select the maximum number of log entries to be displayed from the drop-down list. Options include: <i>1000</i> , <i>5000</i> , <i>10000</i> , <i>50000</i> , or <i>All</i> .

This page displays the following information:

Logs	The columns and information shown in the log message list will vary depending on the selected log type and the view settings. Right-click on various columns to add search filters to refine the logs displayed. When a search filter is applied, the value is highlighted in the table and log details.
Status Bar	Displays the log view status as a percentage.
Pagination	Adjust the number of logs that are listed per page and browse through the pages.

Customizing the log view

The log message list can show raw or formatted. The columns in the log message list can be customized to show only relevant information in your preferred order.

To View Raw and Formatted Logs

By default, formatted logs are displayed. The selected log view will affect available view options. You cannot customize the columns when viewing raw logs.

To view raw logs:

Go to *Tools* and select *Display Raw* from the drop-down menu from the toolbar.

To view formatted logs:

Go to *Tools* and select *Display Formatted* from the drop-down menu from the toolbar.

Columns

The columns displayed in the log message list can be customized and reordered as needed. Filters can also be applied to the data in a column.

To customize the displayed columns:

1. In the log message list view, click *Column Settings* in the toolbar.
2. From the drop-down list that is displayed, select a column to hide or display.



The available column settings will vary based on the device and log type selected.

3. To add more columns, select *More Columns*. In the *Column Settings* dialog box that opens, you can show or hide columns by selecting and deselecting the
4. columns.
5. To reset to the default columns, click *Reset to Default*.
6. Click *OK* to apply your changes.

To change the order of the displayed columns:

Place the cursor in the column header area, and then move a column by dragging and dropping.

To filter column data:

1. You can filter log summaries by using the *Add Filter* box in the toolbar or by right-clicking an entry and selecting a context-sensitive filter.
2. Specify filters in the Add Filter box.

Use Regular Search. In the selected summary view, click in the Add Filter box, select a filter from the dropdown list, and type a value. You can click on an operator to use it, such as greater than (>), less than (<), OR, and NOT. You can add multiple filters at a time, and connect them with "and" or "or".

Use Advanced Search. Click the Switch to Advanced Search icon at the end of the Add Filter box. In Advanced Search mode, you provide the whole search criteria (log field names and values) by typing. Click Switch to Regular Search icon to go back to regular search.



From the *Tools* drop-down menu in the tool bar, you can use the Case Sensitive Search check box to specify whether you want Log View to treat the filter value that you type case-sensitive or not.

3. In the Device list, select a device.
4. In the Time list, select a time period.
5. Click Go.

To filter log summaries by using the right-click menu:

In a log message list view, right-click an entry, and select a filter criteria. The search criteria with a icon will return entries that match the filter values, while the search criteria with a icon will return entries that negate the filter values.

Depending on the column in which your mouse is located when you right-click, Log View will use the column value of the selected entry as the filter criteria. This context-sensitive filter is only available for certain columns.



For additional information, see the *FortiAnalyzer Administration Guide* in the [Fortinet Document Library](#).

Report Access

Report Access lists all Executive Summary and Threat Activity reports including their statuses and the user that generated the report. You can download and delete the PDF reports in this page.



Report pages are not visible on the Slave node in a cluster.

Generate reports

To generate reports on demand, go to *Logs & Reports > Report Generate*.

You can generate executive summary and threat activity reports for a specified time period.

The following options are available:

Generate Report	Generate a report.
Download Report	Download a report.
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the entries displayed.
Delete	Delete a report.

This page displays the following information:

Time Period	Time period of data the report includes.
Report Type	Type of report.
Size	Report size.
Status	Status of the report.
User	Who generated the report.

Appendix A - Reset a Lost Password

Periodically a situation arises where the FortiSandbox needs to be accessed or the admin account's password needs to be changed but no one with the existing password is available. If you have physical access to the device and a few other tools the password can be reset.



This procedure will require the reboot of the FortiSandbox unit.

You will need:

- Console cable
- Terminal software such as Putty.exe (Microsoft Windows) or Terminal (Mac OS X)
- Serial number of the FortiSandbox device

To reset the FortiSandbox password:

1. Connect the computer to the FortiSandbox via the Console port on the back of the unit.
2. Start a terminal emulation program on the management computer.
3. Select the COM port and use the following settings:

Speed (baud)	9600
Data bits	8
Stop bits	1
Parity	None
Flow Control	None

4. Press `Open` to connect to the FortiSandbox CLI.
5. The FortiSandbox should then respond with its name or hostname. (If it does not try pressing `Enter`)
6. Reboot the FortiSandbox using the power button.
7. Wait for the FortiSandbox name and login prompt to appear.
8. Type in the username: `maintainer`.
9. The password is `bcpb` + the serial number of the firewall. (The letters of the serial number are in UPPERCASE format, Example: `bcpbFSA3KD3R13000024`)



On the FortiSandbox 3000D, after the device boots, you have ten minutes to type in the username and password. You may opt to have the credentials ready in a text editor, and then copy and paste them into the login screen. There is no indicator of when your time runs out so it is possible that it might take more than one attempt to succeed.

10. Now you should be connected to the FortiSandbox. To change the admin password, enter the following CLI commands:
`admin-pwd-reset <password_string>`
11. You can now proceed to log in to the FortiSandbox using admin and the password you set in the previous step.

Appendix B - Hot Swapping Hard Disks

If a hard disk on a FortiSandbox unit fails, it must be replaced. FortiSandbox devices support hardware RAID and the hard disk can be replaced while the FortiSandbox unit is running, also known as hot swapping. The default RAID level is RAID-10 (FSA-3000D) or RAID-1 (FSA-1000D).

To identify which hard disk failed the following diagnostic commands are available:

<code>hardware-info</code>	Display general hardware status information. Use this command to view CPU, memory, disk, and RAID information, and system time settings.
<code>disk-attributes</code>	Display system disk attributes.
<code>disk-errors</code>	Display any system disk errors.
<code>disk-health</code>	Display disk health information.
<code>disk-info</code>	Display disk hardware status information.
<code>raid-hwinfo</code>	Display RAID hardware status information.

To hot-swap a hard disk on a device that supports hardware RAID, simply remove the faulty hard disk and replace it with a new one.



Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage FortiSandbox equipment. Only perform the procedures described in this document from an ESD workstation. If no such station is available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an anti-static wrist or ankle strap and attaching it to an ESD connector or to a metal part of a FortiSandbox chassis.

When replacing a hard disk, you need to first verify that the new disk has the same size as those supplied by Fortinet and has at least the same capacity as the old one in the FortiSandbox unit. Installing a smaller hard disk will affect the RAID setup and may cause data loss. Due to possible differences in sector layout between disks, the only way to guarantee that two disks have the same size is to use the same brand and model.

The size provided by the hard drive manufacturer for a given disk model is only an approximation. The exact size is determined by the number of sectors present on the disk.

The FortiSandbox unit will automatically add the new disk to the current RAID array. The status appears on the console. The RAID Management page will display a green check mark icon for all disks and the *RAID Status* area will display the progress of the RAID re-synchronization/rebuild.



Once a RAID array is built, adding another disk with the same capacity will not affect the array size until you rebuild the array by restarting the FortiSandbox unit.

Appendix C - Create a Customized Virtual Machine Image using Pre-Configured VMs



Customers purchases licenses from Microsoft distributors. In FSA-1000D, FSA-3000D, FSA-3500D and VM, the maximum number of clones allowed for the whole system is limited by the Windows license shipped.

For FSA-3000E, the maximum number of clones running is limited by the Windows license and the number of stacked licenses provided by Fortinet. A customized VM can have up to 48 clones.

The guest VM images published by Fortinet might not reflect the user’s working environment. For example, on current Windows 8 and Windows 10 images, no Microsoft Office software is installed. FortiSandbox allows user to create their own guest image, install software running in their environment and upload the image to the unit to scan files. This document provides step-by-step instructions on how to create and utilize them.

You can choose to use the VMs provided by Fortinet or by creating your own. If you would like to create your own VMs see [Appendix D - Create a Customized Virtual Machine Image using your own ISO on page 177](#).

Fortinet prepared a base set of supported VM images for customers to create their own customized images more easily. These images have complete VirtualBox configurations and necessary software. What customer needs to do:

- a. Download and install Oracle VM Virtual Box 5.X.XX and open the base image.
- b. Activate the base Windows image with valid license key.
- c. Install software and components that meet their environment on the base image.

For detailed instructions, please refer to steps below. These base images can be downloaded from:

VM Download	Size	32 or 64 bit image
https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/V5Win10Entx64.zip	4.8G	64
https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/V5Win10Entx86.zip	3.7G	32
https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/V5Win7EntSP1x64.zip	3.4G	64
https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/V5Win7ProSP1x86.zip	2.7G	32
https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/V5Win81Entx64.zip	3.8G	64
https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/V5Win81Entx86.zip	2.7G	32
https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/V5WinXpSp3.zip	704Mb	32

Their checksum value can be found at: <https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/md5.txt>

1. Download and Install Oracle VM Virtual Box 5.X

VirtualBox 5.X can be downloaded from <https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/VirtualBox-5.0.26-108824-Win.exe>. The checksum value can be found at <https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/md5.txt>

For help with VirtualBox installation and troubleshooting, please refer to [The Virtual Box Manual](#).



VirtualBox is an open source software and licensed under GNU General Public License V2 license. The detailed information of its license can be found at https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Licensing_FAQ

Mac OS is not supported.

2. Install Software and Components on the Customized VM Image

After a customized VM image is installed, the user can install applications and components required in their environment. They can be but not limited to the following list:

- .Net Framework
- Microsoft Office suite
- Adobe Acrobat Reader
- Oracle Java Run Time

There are two ways to install them:

- a. Put their installers on a computer in management network that VM image can download through http, ftp protocols or network share. This requires network settings of VM image to be configured to access hosting computer.
- b. Package their installation package as an ISO file in the VirtualBox Manager, select the VM image, click Settings button or right click on the VM image name to open Settings page. Go to the Storage page > *Empty optical drive node* > *disk icon* > Chose a *virtual CD/DVD disk file*, select the *ISO file*. Then inside the VM image, go to *drive D* to install the software.



After installation of a software or component, go to *Control Panel* > *Add or Remove Programs on Windows XP* *Control Panel* > *Programs and Features* in Windows 7, 8, and 10 to verify that the installation is successful.



Automatic update of software should be disabled. For details, please refer to software's manual. For example, to disable automatic update on Acrobat Adobe Reader, refer to <https://helpx.adobe.com/acrobat/kb/automatic-updates---acrobat-reader.html>

Use a text editor and create a meta file, enter in the installed applications for this VM image. The meta file will be used later and its content is displayed in the *Scan Profile* > *Installed Applications* of FortiSandbox.



Certain software needs to be configured to associate with the file types as the default application. For example, Adobe Reader needs to be launched after installation to be the default PDF application.

For Windows 10, the default web browser is *Windows Edge* which FortiSandbox does not currently support. It is recommended to change the default web browser to be *Internet Explorer*. To do that:

1. Go to *Start > Settings > System > Default apps*.
2. Click Web Browser in the right pane and select Internet Explorer.



Fortinet is not responsible for software's support and their license rights.

3. Setup FortiSandbox Tracer Engine Launcher

1. Open an editor, such as Notepad and type in the following scripts:

```
@echo off
:checker
    if not exist d:\launcher.bat (
        echo Wait for d:\launcher.bat
        rem sleep 5
        ping -n 5 127.0.0.1 >nul
        goto checker
    )
start /min d:\launcher.bat
```

2. Save the file as `autorun.bat` on your *Desktop*.
3. Find the `autorun.bat` file on your *Desktop*, and *Right-click > Cut*.
4. On Windows XP and Windows 7, go to *Start > All Programs > Startup > Right-click > Open All Users*. Windows Explorer will open. Paste the `autorun.bat` file.
On Windows 8 and Windows 10, go to *Start > Run...*, enter `shell:startup` to open the startup folder. paste the `autorun.bat` file.



The `D:\` directory for the `autorun.bat` file is created after the VM image is uploaded.

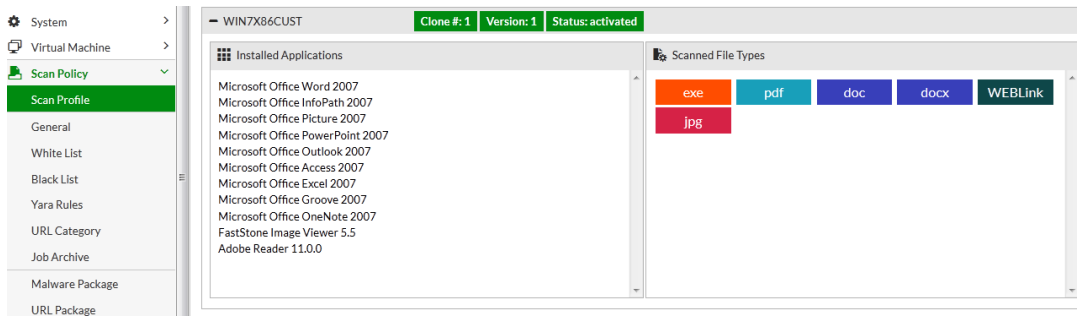
4. Install the Customized VM Image to FortiSandbox and Apply It

1. Put the VM image's `.vdi` file and its meta file from **Step 4** to a server that supports `ftp` or `scp` protocol.
2. In the FortiSandbox CLI interface:
 - a. execute CLI command `vm-customized` as follows:

```
vm-customized -cn -t<ftp|scp> -s<server_ip> -u<username> -p<password> -f</vdi_file_path> -o<Windows_type> -v<custom_vm_name>
```
 - b. If a customized VM image of the same name exists on the unit, the installation will fail. Go to the *VM Image* page and set its clone number to 0. Click *Apply* to disable existing images. Use `-r` to replace the existing one with new one. The *Scan Profile* settings for the image will be inherited.
 - c. The installation process can take up to one hour, depending on unit model and network speed. If installation fails or stops unexpectedly, execute the command again.
 - d. It is optional to upload the meta file. The information in the meta file will be displayed in the *Installed Applications* area in *Scan Profile* page of the FortiSandbox. To install it, execute CLI command `vm-customized` as follows:

```
vm-customized -cf -mproduct.list -t<ftp|scp> -s<server_ip> -u<username> -p<password> -f</meta_file_path> -v<custom_vm_name>
```

The `custom_vm_name` should be the same as step a.
 - e. The unit will reboot after installation.
3. After unit reboots, user can enable it by setting up its clone number to be more than 0 in the *VM Image* page and associate file types in the *Scan Profile* page to scan files.



For example, the above is a Windows 7 customized image. It has an image file editor called *FastStone Image Viewer* and it is associated to open JPG files. The user can create a *User defined extension* for JPG files and associate it to this customized image. Subsequently, all JPG files will be scanned by this customized image and opened by the FastStone Image Viewer.

Appendix D - Create a Customized Virtual Machine Image using your own ISO



Customers purchases licenses from Microsoft distributors. In FSA-1000D, FSA-3000D, FSA-3500D and VM, the maximum number of clones allowed for the whole system is limited by the Windows license shipped.

For FSA-3000E, the maximum number of clones running is limited by the Windows license and the number of stacked licenses provided by Fortinet. A customized VM can have up to 48 clones.

The guest VM images published by Fortinet might not reflect the user's working environment. For example, on current Windows 8 and Windows 10 images, no Microsoft Office software is installed. FortiSandbox allows user to create their own guest image, install software running in their environment and upload the image to the unit to scan files. This document provides step-by-step instructions on how to create and utilize them.

You can choose to use the VMs provided by Fortinet or by creating your own. If you would like to create a customized image using pre-configured VMs see [Appendix C - Create a Customized Virtual Machine Image using Pre-Configured VMs on page 173](#).

1. Download and Install Oracle VM Virtual Box 5.X

VirtualBox 5.X can be downloaded from <https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/VirtualBox-5.0.26-108824-Win.exe>. The checksum value can be found at <https://fsavm.fortinet.net/vmtools/md5.txt>

For help with VirtualBox installation and troubleshooting, please refer to [The Virtual Box Manual](#).



VirtualBox is an open source software and licensed under GNU General Public License V2 license. The detailed information of its license can be found at https://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Licensing_FAQ

Mac OS is not supported.

2. Prepare the Operating System Installation Package

In FortiSandbox 2.3.2, the following operating systems can be used to build a customized VM image.

- Microsoft Windows XP 32/64 bit
- Microsoft Windows 7 32/64 bit
- Microsoft Windows 8.1 32/64 bit
- Microsoft Windows 10 32/64 bit

The installation package of above operating systems should be packaged as an ISO file. The ISO file should be copied to the host installed with VirtualBox.



The English edition is required.



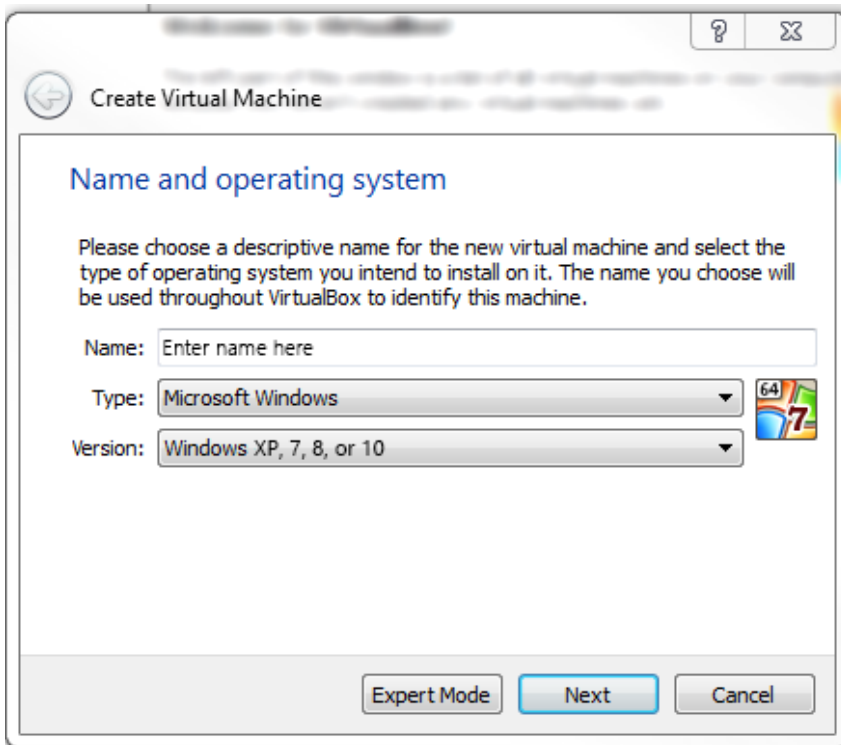
The Windows Operating System is available from Microsoft and Microsoft Channel Partners. Fortinet does not provide their installation package, their support or their license rights.



To support 64-bit operating systems, hardware virtualization must be enabled on motherboard BIOS on the host installed with VirtualBox.

3. Create a Customized Image in Virtual Box

1. Launch Virtual Box and click *New*.



2. Enter a meaningful name for the new image. The name cannot be more than 15 characters. In the *Type* field > *Microsoft Windows* > select the *OS version*.

The following VM image names are reserved by Fortinet and should not be used by customized images.

- WINXPVM
- WINXPVM1
- WIN7X86VM
- WIN7X64VM
- WIN81X86VM
- WIN81X64VM
- WIN10X86VM
- WIN10X64VM



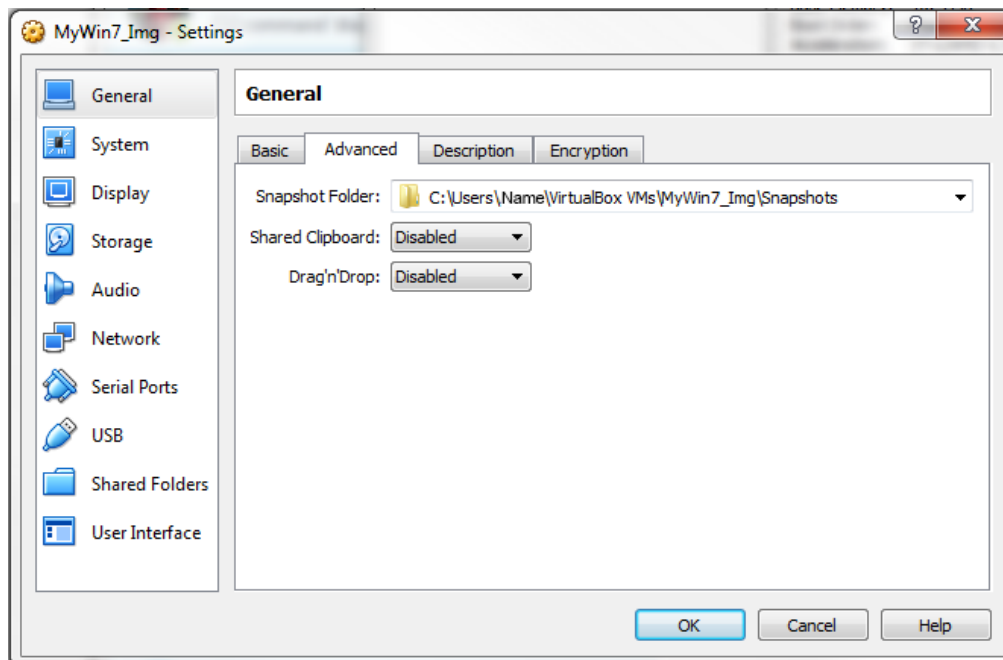
3. Click *Next*.
4. In the *Memory Size* page, allocate the base memory size.

Windows XP	512MB
Windows 7,8,10	1024MB

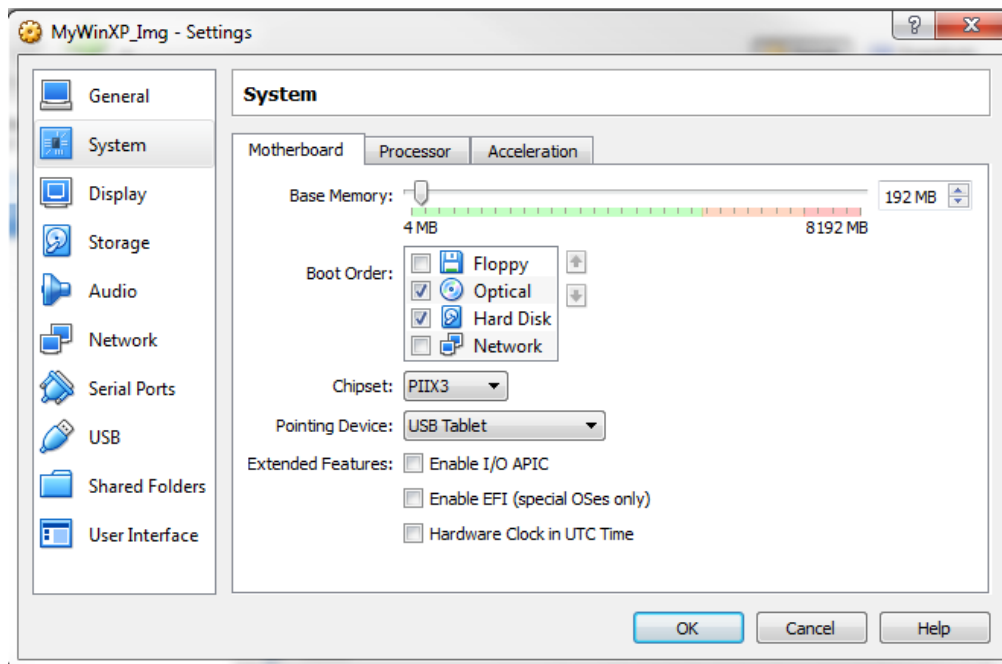
Click *Next*.

5. In the *Hard Drive* page, select *Create a virtual hard drive now* and click *Create*.
6. In the *Hard drive file type* page, select *VirtualBox Disk Image (.vdi) format*. Click *Next*.
7. In the *Storage on physical hard drive* page, select *Dynamically allocated*. Click *Next*.
8. In the *File location and size* page, set the path of the virtual disk file (optionally) and allocation 20GB virtual disk size for the VM. Click *Create*. The VM will be created and will appear in the left pane.
9. Click the *Settings* button or right click on the VM image name to configure the VM image settings defined below:

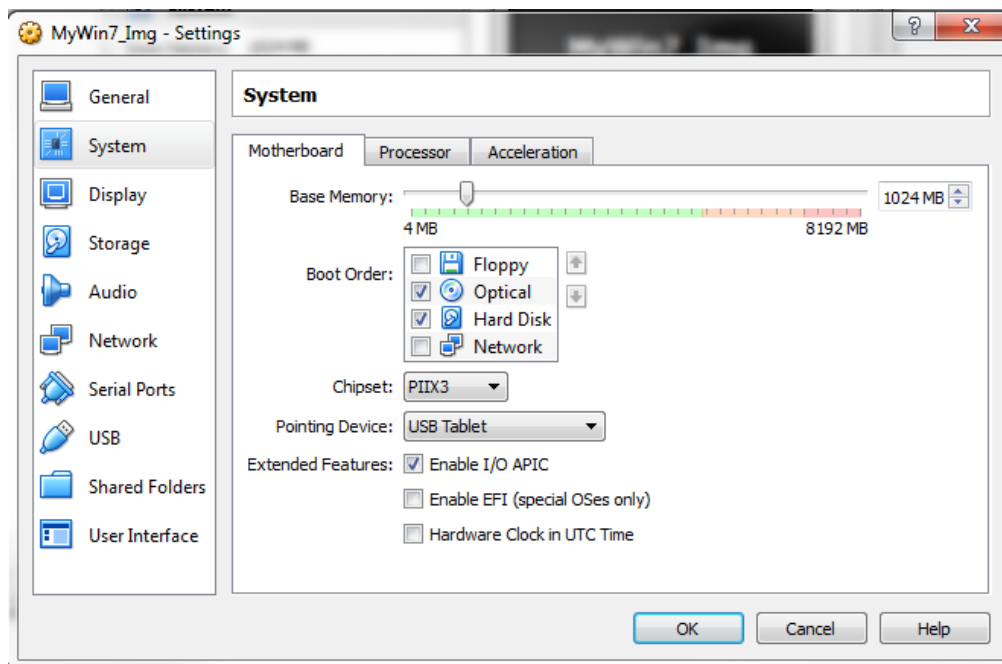
- a. Go to *General > Advanced*, and apply the following settings:



- b. Go to *System > Motherboard*, and apply the following settings:
For Windows XP:



For Windows 7,8,10:



Processor Tab

Processor(s)	1
Execution Cap	100
Enable PAE/NX	Check the box

Acceleration Tab

**Enable VT-x/
AMD-C**

Check the box

Enable Nested Paging

Check the box

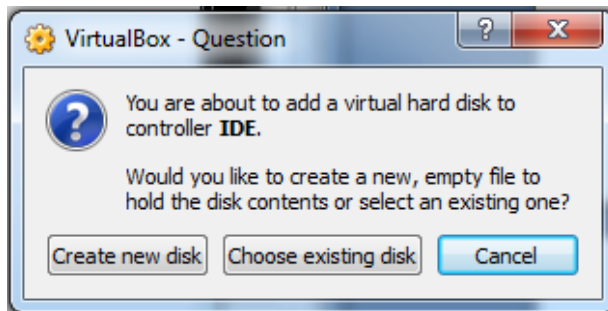
- c. Go to *Display*, keep the default settings.
- d. Go to *Storage*, and apply the following settings:

If the operating system is Windows XP:

- i. Click *Controller: IDE*, set *Type* to *PIIX 4* and *enable Use host I/O cache*.
- ii. Click on the *Empty Optical Drive* node, make sure the *CD/DVD Drive* is set as the *IDE Secondary Master*.
- iii. Click the  icon > *Choose a virtual CD/DVD disk file*, select the *ISO file* containing the operating system installation package.

If the operating system is Windows 7,8,10:

- i. Click *Controller: SATA node*, right click > *Remove Controller* to remove it.
- ii. Right click in the *Storage Tree* panel, and choose *Add IDE Controller*.
- iii. Click the  *Add Hard Disk* icon. The following prompt will appear:



- iv. Click *Choose Existing Disk* and select the *virtual disk file (*.vdi)* that was created in the previous steps.
 - v. Click *Controller: IDE*, set *Type* to *PIIX4*, and *enable Use host I/O cache*.
 - vi. Click on the *Empty Optical Drive* node, make sure the *CD/DVD Drive* is set as the *IDE Secondary Master*.
 - vii. Click the  icon > *Choose a virtual CD/DVD disk file*, select the *ISO file* containing the operating system installation package.
- e. Go to *Audio*, and uncheck the *Enable Audio* checkbox.
 - f. Go to *Network*, and apply the following settings:

If the operating system is Windows XP:

Adapter 1 Tab

Network Adapter

Check the box

Attached to	NAT
Adapter Type	Intel PRO/1000T Server (82543GC)
MAC Address	080027C83864
Cable Connected	Check the box

Adapter 2 Tab	
Network Adapter	Check the box
Attached to	NAT
Adapter Type	Intel PRO/1000T Server (82543GC)
MAC Address	080027C83980
Cable Connected	Check the box

If the Operating System is Windows 7,8,10:

Adapter 1 Tab	
Network Adapter	Check the box
Attached to	NAT
Adapter Type	Intel PRO/1000MT Server (82545EM)
MAC Address	080027C83864
Cable Connected	Check the box

Adapter 2 Tab	
Network Adapter	Check the box
Attached to	NAT
Adapter Type	Intel PRO/1000MT Server (82545EM)
MAC Address	080027C83980
Cable Connected	Check the box

- g. Go to *Serial Ports*, keep the default settings.
 - h. Go to *USB*, *uncheck the Enable USB Controller* checkbox.
 - i. Go to *Shared Folders*, make sure no shared folders exist.
10. Click OK to apply the settings.



11. In the *VirtualBox Manager* page, click the  icon to turn on the image. The operating system will start installing. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the installation.

4. Install Software and Components on the Customized VM Image

After a customized VM image is installed, the user can install applications and components required in their environment. They can be but not limited to the following list:

- .Net Framework
- Microsoft Office suite
- Adobe Acrobat Reader
- Oracle Java Run Time

There are two ways to install them:

- a. Put their installers on a computer in management network that VM image can download through http, ftp protocols or network share. This requires network settings of VM image to be configured to access hosting computer.
- b. Package their installation package as an ISO file in the VirtualBox Manager, select the VM image, click Settings button or right click on the VM image name to open Settings page. Go to the Storage page > *Empty optical drive node* > *disk icon* > Chose a *virtual CD/DVD disk file*, select the *ISO file*. Then inside the VM image, go to *drive D* to install the software.



After installation of a software or component, go to *Control Panel* > *Add or Remove Programs on Windows XP* *Control Panel* > *Programs and Features* in Windows 7, 8, and 10 to verify that the installation is successful.



Automatic update of software should be disabled. For details, please refer to software's manual. For example, to disable automatic update on Acrobat Adobe Reader, refer to <https://helpx.adobe.com/acrobat/kb/automatic-updates---acrobat-reader.html>

Use a text editor and create a meta file, enter in the installed applications for this VM image. The meta file will be used later and its content is displayed in the *Scan Profile* > *Installed Applications* of FortiSandbox.



Certain software needs to be configured to associate with the file types as the default application. For example, Adobe Reader needs to be launched after installation to be the default PDF application.

For Windows 10, the default web browser is *Windows Edge* which FortiSandbox does not currently support. It is recommended to change the default web browser to be *Internet Explorer*. To do that:

1. Go to *Start* > *Settings* > *System* > *Default apps*.
2. Click Web Browser in the right pane and select Internet Explorer.



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5. Modify the VM Image Environment

If the operating system is Windows XP:

1. Go to *Control Panel > Security Center* and disable Windows Automatic Updates.
2. Disable any installed antivirus software.
3. Navigate to the *Start Menu > right click on My computer > click Properties*

In *Hardware* tab, click *Driver Signing* button and select *Ignore – Install the software anyway and don't ask for my approval*.

In *Advanced* tab, click the *Error Reporting* button and check *Disable the Error Reporting function*. Also, uncheck *But notify me when critical errors occur*.

In *System Restore* tab, make sure the *System Restore* function is *off*.

4. Make sure the built-in Administrator account is enabled. Open a command prompt and execute `net user Administrator /active: yes`.
5. Setup Administrator auto-login:
 - a. Open a command prompt and enter `control userpasswords2`. This will open the User Accounts page.
 - b. Uncheck *Users must enter a user name and password to use this computer* to ensure the Administrator has automatic login privileges
 - c. Click *Apply*.
 - d. Use *Administrator* as the login account, password is optional.
 - e. Go to the *User Accounts > Advanced* tab.
 - f. Under *Advanced User Manager > click the Advanced* button to open the `lusrmgr` page.
 - g. Click the *Users* folder to select the *Administrator* and edit its properties.
 - h. Make sure its password never expires.
6. Open a command prompt and enter `powercfg -h off` to disable host hibernation if it is supported.
7. Go to *Control Panel > Display Properties*, navigate to *Screen Saver* tab and select *None* from the Screen Saver dropdown menu.
8. Go to *Control Panel > Network Connection*, and rename the following:

Local Area Connection 1	renamed to:	eth0
	MAC Address	080027C83864
Local Area Connection 2	renamed to:	eth1
	MAC Address	080027C83980

9. Go to the *Start* menu, execute *Run...* and enter `%TEMP%`. This will open the `%TEMP%` folder. Delete everything in the folder.



To maximize catch rate, it is recommended the Windows Firewall is disabled. To do that, go to *Control Panel > Security Center > Windows Firewall* and turn it off.

If the operating system is Windows 7:

1. Turn off Windows automatic update. Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Windows Update > Change*. From the dropdown menu, select *Never check for updates*.
2. Disable Windows Defender or any installed antivirus software. Go to *Start* menu and type *Windows Defender* to locate and launch it. Click *Tools > Options > Administrator*, uncheck *Use this program* check box, click *Save*.
3. Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Action Center > Change Action Center* settings, uncheck every item. Click *Problem Reporting* settings, check *Never check for solution*.
4. Run a command prompt as the *Administrator* and enter `powercfg -h off` to disable host hibernation.
5. Go to *Control Panel > Appearance and Personalization > Change screen saver*, select *(None)* from the *Screen Saver* dropdown list.
6. Make sure Administrator account is enabled. Go to the *Start* menu, search command prompt. Right click on it and launch it as the *Administrator*. Execute `net user Administrator /active: yes`.
7. Setup auto-login for the *Administrator* account.
 - a. Open a command prompt and type in `control userpasswords2`. This will open the *User Accounts* page.
 - b. Make sure the Administrator account has the automatically login privilege by un-checking option *Users must enter a user name and password to use this computer*.
 - c. Click *Apply*.
 - d. Use *Administrator* as the login account, password is optional.
 - e. Go to *User Accounts > Advanced* tab.
 - f. Under the *User Accounts > Advanced tab > Advanced User Management > click the Advanced button* button to open the `lusrmgr` page.
 - g. Click on the *Users Folder* to select *Administrator* and edit its properties.
 - h. Make sure its password never expires.
8. Go to *Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change Adapter* settings, rename the following:

Ethernet 1	renamed to:	eth0
	MAC Address	080027C83864
Ethernet 2	renamed to:	eth1
	MAC Address	080027C83980
9. Go to the *Start* menu, execute *Run...* and enter `%TEMP%`. This will open the `%TEMP%` folder. Delete everything in the folder to save disk space.
10. If the Windows Firewall is On, go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Windows Firewall > Advanced Settings*. If the Windows Firewall is Off, these steps are not necessary.

- a. Click on *Inbound Rules > Add New Rule > click Program*.
- b. Check *This Program Path* and type: `c:\Windows\System32\ftp.exe`. Then, click *Next*.
- c. Check *Allow the Connection*, then click *Next*.
- d. Provide a name for the rule such as *Allow FTP*.
- e. Click *Finish*.

Follow these steps to create Outbound Rules for the same executable.

To maximize the catch rate, it is recommended to configure the following settings:

Turn off Windows Firewall

Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Windows Firewall > Customize Settings* page and turn it off for both private and public networks.

Turn off UAC (User Account Control Settings)

Search for *UAC* in *Start* menu, open the *Change the User Account Control Setting*, move the slider to *Never*, click *OK*.



Use public profile for all unidentified networks

Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Administrative Tools > Local Security Policy > Network List Manager Policies > right click on Unidentified Networks > Properties*, change *Location Type* to *Public*, click *OK*.

Turn off system protection for hard drive

Go to the *Start* menu, right click on *Computer > Properties > System protection > System Protection tab > Protection Settings > Local Disk (C:) > Configure*, check *Turn off system protection*, click *OK*.

If the operating system is Windows 8:

1. Turn off Windows automatic update. Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Windows Update > Change Settings*. Change the dropdown menu to *Never Check for Updates*.
2. Disable Windows Defender or any installed antivirus software. Go to the *Start* menu and type *Windows Defender* to locate and launch the program. Go to *Settings > Real Time Protection* and uncheck the *Turn on Real-Time Protection*.
3. In the *Control Panel > System Security > Action Center* page, expand the *Maintenance* section. Click on the settings under the *Check for solutions to problem reports*, select *Never check for solution* to disable the *Action Center* notifications. In the *Action Center > Change Action Center Settings* page, uncheck every item and click *OK*.
4. Run a command prompt as Administrator and enter `powercfg-h off` to disable the host hibernation.
5. Right click on the *Desktop* and select *Personalize*. Navigate to the *Screen Saver* settings. Change the Screen Saver dropdown list to *None* to disable the Screen Saver.
6. Make sure the Administrator account is enabled. Go to the *Start* Menu and search for the *Command Prompt*. Right click on it and launch it as the Administrator. Execute `net user Administrator /active: yes`.
7. Set up auto-login for the Administrator account.
 - a. Open a command prompt and enter `control userpasswords2`. The *User Accounts* page will open.

- b. Make sure the *Administrator* has automatically login privilege enabled by unchecking the *Users must enter a user name and password to use this computer* option.
 - c. Click *Apply*.
 - d. User the *Administrator* as the login account. The password is optional.
 - e. Go to *User Accounts > Advanced tab*.
 - f. Go to *Advanced User Management > click the Advanced button* to open the `lusrmgr` page.
 - g. Click on the *Users* folder, and select *Administrator* to edit its properties
 - h. Make sure its password never expires.
8. Go to *Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network Sharing > Change Adapter settings*, rename the following:

Ethernet 1	renamed to:	<code>eth0</code>
	MAC Address	080027C83864
Ethernet 2	renamed to:	<code>eth1</code>
	MAC Address	080027C83980

9. Go to *Start menu > enter Run...> enter %TEMP%* and press enter. The `%TEMP%` folder will appear. Delete everything in the folder.
10. Go to *Control Panel > Appearance and Personalization > Taskbar and Navigation*.
11. In the *Navigation* tab, check *When I sign in or close all apps on a screen, go to the desktop instead of Start in the Start screen area* checkbox. Click *OK* to save the change.

To maximize the catch rate, it is recommended to configure the following settings:

Turn off Windows Firewall

Go to *Control Panel > Windows Firewall*. Select *Turn off Windows Firewall* for both public and private networks.

Turn off UAC (User Account Control Settings)

Search for *UAC* in *Start* menu, open the *Change the User Account Control Setting*, move the slider to *Never*, click *OK*.



Use public profile for all unidentified networks

Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Administrative Tools > Local Security Policy > Network List Manager Policies > right click on Unidentified Networks > Properties*, change *Location Type* to *Public*, click *OK*.

Turn off system protection for hard drive

Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > System*, click *Change Settings* next to the Computer name, domain and workgroup settings section. Navigate to *System Protection* tab, select *Configure...*, and select *Disable system protection*.

If the operating system is Windows 10:

1. Disable *Windows Defender* or any installed antivirus software. Go to the *Start > type Windows Defender* to locate and launch the program. Go to *Settings > Real-Time Protection* and uncheck *Turn on Real-Time Protection*.
2. Go to *Start > execute Run...* and enter `gpedit.msc` and click *OK*. The *Local Group Policy Editor* will open.
3. In the left pane, go to *Computer Configuration > Administrative Templates > Windows Components > Windows Defender*. In the right pane, double click on the *Turn off Windows Defender* policy to edit it. Click *OK* to save the change.
4. Go to *Start > Settings > System > Notifications & Actions*. Turn off all notifications.
5. Open a command prompt as the *Administrator*, enter `powercfg-h off` to disable hibernation.
6. Right click on the *Desktop* and select *Personalize*. Navigate to the *Screen Saver* setting and change the Screen Saver dropdown list to *None* to disable the Screen Saver.
7. Make sure the Administrator account is enabled. Go to *Start > search Command Prompt > right click on the application* to launch it as the Administrator. Execute `net user Administrator /active: yes`.
8. Setup auto-login for the Administrator account.
 - a. Open the command prompt and type in `control userpasswords2`. The *User Accounts* page will appear.
 - b. Make sure the Administrator account automatically login privilege enabled by unchecking the *Users must enter a user name and password to use this computer* option.
 - c. Click *Apply*.
 - d. Use *Administrator* as the login account; the password is optional.
 - e. Go to *Users Accounts > Advanced tab*.
 - f. Go to *Advanced User Management > click the Advanced button* to launch the `lusrmgr` page.
 - g. Click on the *Users* folder to select the *Administrator* to edit its properties.
 - h. Make sure its password never expires.
9. Go to *Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change Adapter settings*. Rename the following:

Ethernet 1	renamed to:	eth0
	MAC Address	080027C83864
Ethernet 2	renamed to:	eth1
	MAC Address	080027C83980

11. Go to *Start > execute Run... > enter %TEMP%*. The `%TEMP%` folder will appear. Delete everything in the folder.

To maximize the catch rate, it is recommended to configure the following settings:

Turn off Windows Firewall

Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Windows Firewall*. Select *Turn off Windows Firewall* for both public and private networks.

Turn off UAC (User Account Control Settings)

Search for *UAC* in *Start* menu, open the *Change the User Account Control Setting*, move the slider to *Never*, click *OK*.



Use public profile for all unidentified networks

Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > Administrative Tools > Local Security Policy > Network List Manager Policies > right click on Unidentified Networks > Properties*, change *Location Type* to *Public*, click *OK*.

Turn off system protection for hard drive

Go to *Control Panel > System and Security > System*, click *Change Settings* next to the Computer name, domain and workgroup settings section. Navigate to *System Protection* tab, select *Configure...*, and select *Disable system protection*.

6. Setup FortiSandbox Tracer Engine Launcher

1. Open an editor, such as Notepad and type in the following scripts:

```
@echo off
:checker
    if not exist d:\launcher.bat (
        echo Wait for d:\launcher.bat
        rem sleep 5
        ping -n 5 127.0.0.1 >nul
        goto checker
    )
start /min d:\launcher.bat
```

2. Save the file as *autorun.bat* on your *Desktop*.
3. Find the *autorun.bat* file on your *Desktop*, and *Right-click > Cut*.
4. On Windows XP and Windows 7, go to *Start > All Programs > Startup > Right-click > Open All Users*. Windows Explorer will open. Paste the *autorun.bat* file.
On Windows 8 and Windows 10, go to *Start > Run...*, enter *shell:startup* to open the startup folder. paste the *autorun.bat* file.



The *D:* directory for the *autorun.bat* file is created after the VM image is uploaded.

7. Install the Customized VM Image to FortiSandbox and Apply It

1. Put the VM image's *.vdi* file and its meta file from **Step 4** to a server that supports *ftp* or *scp* protocol.
2. In the FortiSandbox CLI interface:
 - a. execute CLI command *vm-customized* as follows:

```
vm-customized -cn -t<ftp|scp> -s<server_ip> -u<username> -p<password> -f</vdi_file_path> -o<Windows_type> -v<custom_vm_name>
```

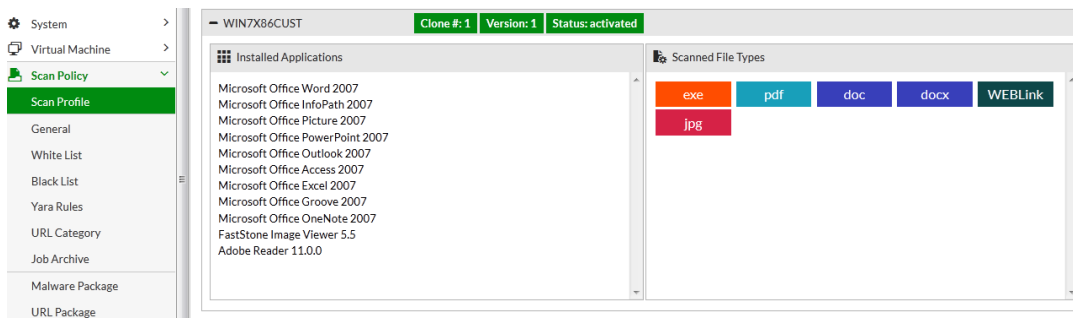
- b. If a customized VM image of the same name exists on the unit, the installation will fail. Go to the *VM Image* page and set its clone number to 0. Click *Apply* to disable existing images. Use `-r` to replace the existing one with new one. The *Scan Profile* settings for the image will be inherited.
- c. The installation process can take up to one hour, depending on unit model and network speed. If installation fails or stops unexpectedly, execute the command again.
- d. It is optional to upload the meta file. The information in the meta file will be displayed in the *Installed Applications* area in *Scan Profile* page of the FortiSandbox. To install it, execute CLI command `vm-customized` as follows:

```
vm-customized -cf -mproduct.list -t<ftp|scp> -s<server_ip> -u<username> -p<password> -f</meta_file_path> -v<custom_vm_name>
```

The `custom_vm_name` should be the same as step a.

- e. The unit will reboot after installation.

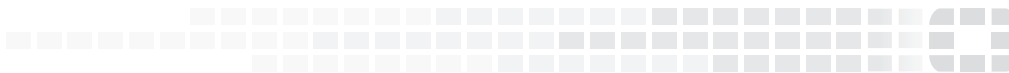
3. After unit reboots, user can enable it by setting up its clone number to be more than 0 in the *VM Image* page and associate file types in the *Scan Profile* page to scan files.



For example, the above is a Windows 7 customized image. It has an image file editor called *FastStone Image Viewer* and it is associated to open JPG files. The user can create a *User defined extension* for JPG files and associate it to this customized image. Subsequently, all JPG files will be scanned by this customized image and opened by the FastStone Image Viewer.



High Performance Network Security



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