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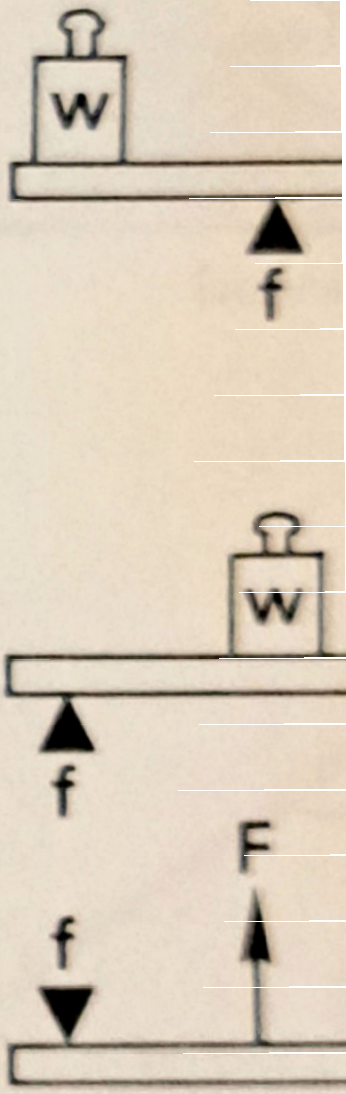
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Exhibit 2052, page 2

leveling staff," "leveling pole."
ĕv′ə-lər) *n.* A member of an English radical political
active in the 1640's that advocated universal male
arliamentary democracy, and religious tolerance.
ch (lē′vən). A lake occupying eight square miles in
l Scotland.
ər, lē′vər) *n.* **1.** A simple **machine** *(see)* consisting of a
, typically a metal bar, pivoted on a fixed fulcrum.
cting handle used to adjust or operate a mechanism.
s of accomplishment. —*tr.v.* **levered, -vering, -vers.**
or lift with a lever. [Middle English *lever, levour,*
French *levier, leveor,* from *lever,* to raise, from Latin
m *levis,* light. See **legwh-** in Appendix.*]
(lĕv′ər-ĭj, lē′vər-) *n.* **1.** The action of a lever. **2.** The
l advantage of a lever. **3.** Positional advantage;
ct effectively.
ĕv′ər-ĭt) *n.* A young hare, especially one less than a
[Middle English, from Norman French *leveret,*
of *levre,* variant of Old French *lievre,* hare, from
(stem *lepor-*). See **leporine.**]
en (lā′vər-kōō′zən). A city of West Germany, in
rn North Rhine-Westphalia. Population, 103,000.
(lə-vĕ-ryā′), **Urbain Jean Joseph.** 1811–1877.
ronomer.
ī′). A son of Jacob and Leah. Genesis 29:34.
joining."]
′) *n.* A tribe of Israel descended from Levi.
(lĕv′ē-ə-bəl) *adj.* Liable to be levied or levied on.



lever
Three basic t
lever; f is the
and F is the for
to raise a we

size/zh vision/ə about, item, edible, gallop, circus/
r. bon. *Follows main vocabulary. †Of obscure origin.

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Exhibit 2052, page 3