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Eleventh Edition

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ELEVENTH
EDITION



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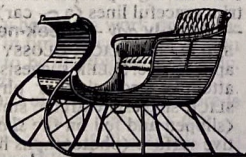
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- compare REM SLEEP, SLOW-WAVE SLEEP 2: a state resembling sleep: as a: a state of torpid inactivity b: DEATH (put a pet cat to ~); also: TRANCE, COMA c: the closing of leaves or petals esp. at night d: a state marked by a diminution of feeling followed by tingling (my foot's gone to ~) e: the state of an animal during hibernation 3 a: a period spent sleeping b: NIGHT c: a day's journey 4: crusty matter present in the corner of an eye upon awakening — **sleep-like** \-līk\ *adj*
- sleep** *vb* \slept\ / **sleep-ing** *vi* (bef. 12c) 1: to rest in a state of sleep 2: to be in a state (as of quiescence or death) resembling sleep 3: to have sexual relations — usu. used with *with* ~ *vt* 1: to be slumbering in (sleep the sleep of the dead) 2: to get rid of or spend in or by sleep (~ away the hours) (~ off a headache) 3: to provide sleeping accommodations for (the boat ~s six)
- sleep apnea** *n* (1975): apnea that recurs during sleep and is caused esp. by obstruction of the airway or a disturbance in the brain's respiratory center
- sleep around** *vi* (1928): to engage in sex promiscuously
- sleep-away** \slep-ə-wā\ *adj* (1971): providing accommodations for overnight sleep and extended stay away from home (~ camps)
- sleep-er** \sle-pər\ *n* (12c) 1: one that sleeps 2: a piece of timber, stone, or steel on or near the ground to support a superstructure, keep railroad rails in place, or receive floor joists: STRINGPIECE 3: SLEEPING CAR 4: someone or something unpromising or unnoticed that suddenly attains prominence or value (the low-budget film became the summer's ~) 5: children's pajamas usu. with feet — usu. used in pl. 6 chiefly Brit; a small earring or stud worn to keep the hole of a pierced ear from closing 7: MOLE 4
- sleeping cell** *n* (1958): a terrorist cell whose members work under cover in an area until sent into action
- sleep-in** \slep-in\ *adj* (1951): that lives at the place of employment (~ maid)
- sleep in** *vi* (1827) 1: to sleep where one is employed 2 a: OVER-SLEEP b: to sleep late intentionally
- sleeping bag** *n* (1850): a bag that is warmly lined or padded for sleeping outdoors or in a camp or tent
- Sleeping Beauty** *n* (1729): a princess of a fairy tale who is awakened from an enchanted sleep by the kiss of a prince
- sleeping car** *n* (1839): a railroad passenger car having berths for sleeping
- sleeping giant** *n* (1970): one that has great but unrealized or newly emerging power
- sleeping partner** *n* (ca. 1785) chiefly Brit: SILENT PARTNER
- sleeping pill** *n* (1664): a drug and esp. a barbiturate that is taken as a tablet or capsule to induce sleep
- sleeping porch** *n* (1915): a porch or room having open sides or many windows arranged to permit sleeping in the open air
- sleeping sickness** *n* (1875) 1: a serious disease that is prevalent in much of tropical Africa, is marked by fever, headache, lethargy, confusion, and sleep disturbances, and is caused by either of two trypanosomes (*Trypanosoma brucei gambiense* and *T. b. rhodesiense*) transmitted by tsetse flies 2: any of various viral encephalitides or encephalomyelitis of which lethargy or somnolence is a prominent feature
- sleep-less** \slep-ləs\ *adj* (15c) 1: not able to sleep (lay ~ with fever) 2: affording no sleep (~ nights) 3: unceasingly active or operative (~ casinos) — **sleep-less-ly** *adv* — **sleep-less-ness** *n*
- sleep out** *vi* (1818): to sleep outdoors
- sleep-over** \slep-ō-ver\ *n* (1965) 1: an overnight stay (as at another's home) 2: an instance of hosting a sleeper in one's home
- sleep-walk** \slep-wōk\ *vi* (1842) 1: to walk while or as if while asleep 2: to proceed in a passive often lethargic manner (~ed through the workday) — **sleepwalk** *n* — **sleep-walker** \-wō-kər\ *n*
- sleep-wear** \-wer\ *n* (1935): NIGHTCLOTHES
- sleepy** \sle-pē\ *adj* **sleep-i-er**; **-est** (13c) 1 a: ready to fall asleep b: of, relating to, or characteristic of sleep 2: sluggish as if from sleep: LETHARGIC; also: having little activity (a ~ coastal village) 3: sleep-inducing — **sleep-i-ly** \-pē-lē\ *adv* — **sleep-i-ness** \-pē-nəs\ *n*
- sleepy-head** \sle-pē-hed\ *n* (1577): a sleepy person
- sleet** \slet\ *n* [ME *slete*; akin to MHG *slöz* hailstone] (13c): frozen or partly frozen rain — **sleety** \sle-tē\ *adj*
- sleet** *vi* (14c): to shower sleet
- sleeve** \slev\ *n* [ME *sleve*, fr. OE *stiefe*; perh. akin to OE *slēfan* to slip (clothes) on, *slūpan* to slip, OHG *slōfan*, L *lubricus* slippery] (bef. 12c) 1 a: a part of a garment covering an arm b: SLEEVELET 2 a: a tubular part (as a hollow axle or a bushing) designed to fit over another part b: an open-ended flat or tubular packaging or cover; esp: JACK-ET 3c(2) — **sleeved** \slevd\ *adj* — **sleeve-less** \slev-ləs\ *adj* — **on one's sleeve**: in an honest and open manner — used with *wear* (wears his emotions on his sleeve) — **up one's sleeve**: held secretly in reserve (has a few tricks up her sleeve)
- sleeve-let** \slev-lət\ *n* (1889): a covering for the forearm to protect clothing from wear or dirt
- sleigh** \slā\ *n* [D *slee*, alter. of *slede*; akin to MD *slede* sled] (1703): an open usu. horse-drawn vehicle with runners for use on snow or ice
- sleigh** *vi* (ca. 1729): to drive or travel in a sleigh
- sleigh bed** *n* (1902): a bed common esp. in the first half of the 19th century having a solid headboard and footboard that roll outward at the top
- sleigh bell** *n* (1772): any of various bells commonly attached to a sleigh or to the harness of a horse drawing a sleigh: as a: CASCABEL 2 b: a hemispherical bell with an attached clapper
- sleight** \sli:t\ *n* [ME, fr. ON *slægth*, fr. *slæg* sly — more at *SLY*] (14c) 1: deceitful craftiness; also: STRATAGEM 2: DEXTERITY, SKILL
- sleight of hand** (1593) 1 a: a cleverly executed trick or deception b: a conjuring trick requiring manual dexterity 2 a: skill and dexterity in conjuring tricks b: adroitness in deception
- slender** \slen-dər\ *adj* [ME *slendre*, *slendre*, fr. AF *esclendre*] (14c) 1 a: spare in frame or flesh; esp: gracefully slight b: small or narrow in circumference or width in proportion to length or height 2: limit-
- ed or inadequate in amount or scope: MEAGER (people of ~ means) *syn* see THIN — **slender-ly** *adv* — **slender-ness** *n*
- slender-ize** \-də-rīz\ *vi* -ized; -iz-ing (1923): to make slender
- slept** *past* and **past part** of SLEEP
- sleuth** \slu:th\ *n* [short for *sleuthhound*] (1872): DETECTIVE
- sleuth** *vi* (1900): to act as a detective: search for information ~ *vt*: to search for and discover
- sleuth-hound** \slu:th-haund\ *n* [ME (Sc) *sleuth hund*, a kind of blood-hound, fr. ME *sleuth*, *sloith*, *sloth* track of an animal or person (fr. ON *slōth* + *hund* hound] (1850): DETECTIVE
- S level** *n* (1951) 1: the highest of three standardized British examinations in a secondary school subject used as a qualification for university entrance; also: successful completion of an S-level examination in a particular subject — called also *Scholarship level*; compare A LEVEL, O LEVEL 2 a: the level of education required to pass an S-level examination b: a course leading to an S-level examination
- slew** *past* of SLAY
- slew** *also* **slue** \slū\ *vb* [origin unknown] *vt* (ca. 1769) 1: to turn (as a telescope or a ship's spar) about a fixed point that is usu. the axis 2: to cause to skid: VEER (~ a car around a turn) ~ *vi* 1: to turn, twist, or swing about: PIVOT 2: SKID
- slew** *n* [perh. fr. Ir *slua* army, host, throng, fr. OIr *sluag*; akin to Lith *slauyti* to tend] (1839): a large number (a ~ of books)
- slice** \slis\ *vb* **sliced**; **slice-ing** [ME *sklicen*, fr. AF *esclicer* to splinter, of Gmc origin; akin to OHG *sfizan* to tear apart — more at *SLIT*] *vt* (1551) 1: to cut with or as if with a knife 2: to stir or spread with a slice 3: to hit (a ball) so that a slice results 4: INTERPRET, CONSTRUCT — used in phrases like *any way you slice it* ~ *vi* 1: to slice something 2: to move with a cutting action (the ship *sliced* through the waves) — **slice-able** \slis-ə-bəl\ *adj* — **slice-r** *n*
- slice** *n* [ME *sclice*, *slise*, fr. AF *esclicer* splinter, fr. *esclicer*] (1613) 1 a: a thin flat piece cut from something b: a wedge-shaped piece (as of pie or cake) 2: a spatula for spreading paint or ink 3: a serving knife with wedge-shaped blade (a fish ~) 4: a flight of a ball that deviates from a straight course in the direction of the dominant hand of the player propelling it; also: a ball following such a course — compare HOOK 5 a: PORTION, SHARE b: SEGMENT, SAMPLE
- slice-of-life** *adj* (ca. 1934): of, relating to, or marked by the accurate transcription (as into drama) of a segment of actual life experience
- slick** \slik\ *vb* [ME *sliken*, fr. OE **slician*; akin to OHG *slīhan* to glide] *vt* (14c): to make sleek or smooth ~ *vi*: SPRUCE — usu. used with *up*
- slick** *adj* [ME *sluke*; akin to OE **slician*] (14c) 1 a: having a smooth surface: SLIPPERY (~ wet leaves) b: having surface plausibility or appeal: GLOSSY (~ advertising) c: based on stereotype: TRITE (~ stories soon forgotten) 2 *archaic*: SLEEK 1 3 a: characterized by subtlety or nimble wit: CLEVER; esp: WILY (~ a swindler) b: DEFT, SKILLFUL (a ~ ballplayer) 4: extremely good: FIRST-RATE *syn* see SLEEK, SLY — **slick** *adv* — **slick-ly** *adv* — **slick-ness** *n*
- slick** *n* (1849) 1 a: something that is smooth or slippery; esp: a smooth patch of water covered with a film of oil b: a film of oil 2: an implement for producing a smooth or slick surface 3: a shrewd untrustworthy person 4: a popular magazine printed on coated stock and intended to appeal to sophisticated readers 5: an automobile tire made without a tread for maximum traction (as in drag racing) 6 *slang*: a military helicopter without armaments that is used to transport troops or light cargo
- slick-ear** \slik-ēr\ *n* (1914): a range animal lacking an earmark
- slick-en-side** \sli-kən-sid\ *n* [E dial. *slicken* smooth (fr. **stick*) + E *side*] (1822): a smooth often striated surface produced on rock by movement along a fault or a subsidiary fracture — usu. used in pl.
- slick-er** \sli-kər\ *n* (1881) 1 [*stick*]: OILSKIN; broadly: RAINCOAT 2 [*stick* to defraud cleverly] a (1): a clever crook: SWINDLER (2): SLICKSTER b: a city dweller esp. of natty appearance or sophisticated mannerisms
- slick-rock** \slik-räk\ *n* (1925): smooth wind-polished rock
- slick-ster** \slik-stər\ *n* (1965): a slick untrustworthy person
- slide** \slid\ *vb* **slid** \slid\; **slid-ing** \slī-dīŋ\ [ME, fr. OE *slīdan*; akin to MHG *sliden* to slide] *vi* (bef. 12c) 1 a: to move smoothly along a surface: SLIP b: to coast over snow or ice c of a base runner in baseball: to fall or dive feetfirst or headfirst when approaching a base 2 a: to slip or fall by loss of footing b: to change position or become dislocated: SHIFT 3 a: to slither along the ground: CRAWL b: to stream along: FLOW 4 a: to move or pass smoothly or easily (slid into the prepared speech) b: to pass unnoticed or unremarked (let the criticism ~) 5 a: to pass unobtrusively: STEAL b: to pass by gradations esp. downward (the economy *slid* from recession to depression) ~ *vt* 1 a: to cause to glide or slip b: to traverse in a sliding manner 2: to put unobtrusively or stealthily (slid the bill into his hand)
- slide** *n* (1570) 1 a: an act or instance of sliding b (1): a musical grace of two or more small notes (2): PORTAMENTO 2: a sliding part or mechanism: as a (1): a U-shaped section of tube in the trombone that is pushed out and in to produce the tones between the fundamental and its harmonics (2): a short U-shaped section of tube in a brass instrument that is used to adjust the pitch of the instrument or of individual valves b (1): a moving piece (as the ram of a punch press) that is guided by a part along which it slides (2): a guiding surface (as a feeding mechanism) along which something slides c: SLIDING SEAT 3 a: the descent of a mass of earth, rock, or snow down a hill or mountainside b: a dislocation in which one rock mass in a mining lode has slid on another: FAULT 4 a (1): a slippery surface for coasting (2): a chute with a slippery bed down which children slide in play b: a channel or track on which something is slid c: a sloping trough down which objects are carried by gravity (a log ~) 5 a: a flat piece of glass or plastic on which an object is mounted for microscopic examination b: a photographic transparency on a small plate or film mounted for projection 6: BOTTLENECK 3
- slide fastener** *n* (1934): ZIPPER
- slid-er** \slī-dər\ *n* (1530) 1: one that slides 2: a freshwater turtle (*Trachemys scripta* *scripta* *Pseudemys scripta*) chiefly of the southeastern U.S.; esp: one (*T. scripta elegans*) usu. having a red stripe behind each eye and often sold as a pet 3: a fast baseball pitch that breaks slightly in the same direction as a curve 4: a very small meat sandwich typically served on a bun; esp: a small hamburger



sleigh