

DICTIONARY
OF
COMPUTER
SCIENCE,
ENGINEERING,
AND TECHNOLOGY

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF

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CRC Press

Boca Raton London New York Washington, D.C.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data

Dictionary of computer science, engineering, and technology / edited by Phillip Laplante.

p. cm.

Includes bibliographical references and index.

ISBN 0-8493-2691-5 (alk. paper)

1. Computer science—Dictionaries. 2. Engineering—Dictionaries. 3.

Technology—Dictionaries. I. Laplante, Phillip A.

QA76.15.D5258 2000

004'.03—dc21

00-052882

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International Standard Book Number 0-8493-2591-5
Library of Congress Card Number 00-052882

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

admissibility condition in artificial intelligence and optimization theory, the necessity that the heuristic measure never overestimates the cost of the remaining search path, thus ensuring that an optimal solution will be found.

ADT See abstract data type.

advanced manufacturing system (AMS) modern manufacturing system combining computer assisted design, automation, robotics, and humans in a manner that maximizes product quality, optimizes production costs, and increases the flexibility of the means of production.

adversary the input sequence can be thought of as being generated by an adversary that uses information about the past moves of the on-line algorithm to choose inputs that maximize the ratio between the cost to the algorithm and the optimal cost.

aerodynamic head See disk head.

afferent filter a filter acting on information coming in to a receiving system.

affine function a geometric image transformation including one or more translations, rotations, scales, and shears that is represented by a 4×4 matrix allowing multiple geometric transformations in one transform step. Affine transformations are purely linear and do not include perspective or warping transformations. *Affine functions* are functions of several variables which can be defined as

$$f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \\ = c_0 + c_1x_1 + c_2x_2 + \dots + c_nx_n$$

where c_i are known constants.

affine map See affine function.

affine transform See function.

affordance information present in the environment and available for processing, and which is related to invariants within that environment.

after image a copy of a database object after it is updated.

agent (1) a computational entity that acts on behalf of other entities in an autonomous fashion.

(2) in the client-server model, the part of the system that performs information preparation and exchange on behalf of a client or server. Especially in the phrase "intelligent agent" it implies some kind of automatic process which can communicate with other agents to perform some collective task on behalf of one or more humans.

agent-based system an application whose components are agents. See agent.

aggregate class a class that contains an aggregation of other objects.

aggregate function a function supported in SQL (not expressible in the relational algebra) that applies mathematical functions to a collection of values. Examples include average, count, sum, etc.

aggregate traffic in an analytic model that has multiple classes of service, or multiple chains of customers, the aggregate traffic is the combined traffic from one or more classes of service. In this case, the performance metrics obtained are for the combination of classes. A class may be aggregated (combined) with another when no performance metrics are desired for the class, or when individual class measurements are difficult to obtain.

aggregation a whole-part relationship in which the whole object has emergent and resultant properties and the relationship is asymmetric and irreflexive at the instance level.

AGI See address generation interlock.

Aiken, Howard Hathaway (1900–1973) Born: Hoboken, New Jersey.

Aiken is best known as the inventor of the Mark I and Mark II computers. While not commercially successful, these machines were significant in the development of the modern com-