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re·wash
re·weave
re·weigh
re·wet
re·wire
re·wrap
re·zone

're \(ə)r\ *vb* (1591) : ARE ⟨you*'re* right⟩

REA *abbr* Rural Electrification Administration

re·ab·sorb \ˌrē-əb-ˈsȯrb, -ˈzȯrb\ *vt* (ca. 1774) : to take up (something previously secreted or emitted) ⟨sugars *~ed* in the kidney⟩; *also* : RESORB 2

[1]reach \ˈrēch\ *vb* [ME *rechen*, fr. OE *rǣcan;* akin to OHG *reichen* to reach, Lith *raižytis* to stretch oneself] *vt* (bef. 12c) **1 a** : to stretch out : EXTEND **b** : THRUST **2 a** : to touch or grasp by extending a part of the body (as a hand) or an object ⟨couldn't ~ the apple⟩ **b** : to pick up and draw toward one : TAKE **c** (1) : to extend to ⟨the shadow *~ed* the wall⟩ (2) : to get up to or as far as : come to ⟨your letter *~ed* me yesterday⟩ ⟨his voice *~ed* the last rows⟩ ⟨they hoped to ~ an agreement⟩ **d** (1) : ENCOMPASS (2) : to make an impression on (3) : to communicate with **3** : to hand over : PASS ~ *vi* **1 a** : to make a stretch with or as if with one's hand **b** : to strain after something **2 a** : PROJECT, EXTEND ⟨his land *~es* to the river⟩ **b** : to arrive at or come to something ⟨as far as the eye could ~⟩ **3** : to sail on a reach — **reach·able** \ˈrē-chə-bəl\ *adj* — **reach·er** *n*

[2]reach *n* (1536) **1** : a continuous stretch or expanse; *esp* : a straight portion of a stream or river **2 a** (1) : the action or an act of reaching (2) : an individual part of a progression or journey **b** (1) : a reachable distance ⟨within ~⟩ (2) : ability to reach ⟨had a long ~⟩ **c** : an extent or range esp. of knowledge or comprehension **3** : a bearing shaft or coupling pole; *esp* : the rod joining the hind axle to the forward bolster of a wagon **4** : the tack sailed by a ship with the wind coming just forward of the beam or with the wind directly abeam or abaft the beam **5** : ECHELON, LEVEL — usu. used in pl. ⟨the upper *~es* of academia⟩

reach–me–down \ˈrēch-mē-ˌdaůn\ *adj or n* (1862) *chiefly Brit* : HAND-ME-DOWN

re·act \rē-ˈakt\ *vb* [NL *reactus*, pp. of *reagere*, fr. L *re-* + *agere* to act — more at AGENT] *vi* (1644) **1** : to exert a reciprocal or counteracting force or influence — often used with *on* or *upon* **2** : to change in response to a stimulus **3** : to act in opposition to a force or influence — usu. used with *against* **4** : to move or tend in a reverse direction **5** : to undergo chemical reaction ~ *vt* : to cause to react

re·ac·tance \rē-ˈak-tən(t)s\ *n* (ca. 1893) : the part of the impedance of an alternating-current circuit that is due to capacitance or inductance or both and that is expressed in ohms

re·ac·tant \-tənt\ *n* (ca. 1920) : a substance that enters into and is altered in the course of a chemical reaction

re·ac·tion \rē-ˈak-shən\ *n* (ca. 1611) **1 a** : the act or process or an instance of reacting **b** : resistance or opposition to a force, influence, or movement; *esp* : tendency toward a former and usu. outmoded political or social order or policy **2** : a response to some treatment, situation, or stimulus ⟨her stunned ~ to the news⟩; *also* : such a response expressed verbally ⟨critical ~ to the play⟩ **3** : bodily response to or activity aroused by a stimulus: **a** : an action induced by vital resistance to another action; *esp* : the response of tissues to a foreign substance (as an antigen or infective agent) **b** : depression or exhaustion due to excessive exertion or stimulation **c** : heightened activity and overaction succeeding depression or shock **d** : a mental or emotional disorder forming an individual's response to his or her life situation **4** : the force that a body subjected to the action of a force from another body exerts in the opposite direction **5 a** (1) : chemical transformation or change : the interaction of chemical entities (2) : the state resulting from such a reaction **b** : a process involving change in atomic nuclei

re·ac·tion·ary \rē-ˈak-shə-ˌner-ē\ *adj* (1840) : relating to, marked by, or favoring reaction; *esp* : ultraconservative in politics — **reactionary** *n* — **re·ac·tion·ary·ism** \-ˌi-zəm\ *n*

re·ac·tive \rē-ˈak-tiv\ *adj* (1794) **1** : of, relating to, or marked by reaction or reactance **2 a** : readily responsive to a stimulus **b** : occurring as a result of stress or emotional upset ⟨~ depression⟩ — **re·ac·tive·ly** *adv* — **re·ac·tive·ness** *n* — **re·ac·tiv·i·ty** \(ˌ)rē-ˌak-ˈti-və-tē\ *n*

re·ac·tor \rē-ˈak-tər\ *n* (1890) **1** : one that reacts **2** : a device (as a coil, winding, or conductor of small resistance) used to introduce reactance into an alternating-current circuit **3 a** : a vat for an industrial chemical reaction **b** : a device for the controlled release of nuclear energy (as for producing heat)

[1]read \ˈrēd\ *vb* **read** \ˈred\; **read·ing** \ˈrē-diŋ\ [ME *reden* to advise, interpret, read, fr. OE *rǣdan;* akin to OHG *rātan* to advise, Skt *rādhnoti* he achieves, prepares] *vt* (bef. 12c) **1 a** (1) : to receive or take in the sense of (as letters or symbols) esp. by sight or touch (2) : to study the movements of (as lips) with mental formulation of the communication expressed (3) : to utter aloud the printed or written words of ⟨~ them a story⟩ **b** : to learn from what one has seen or found in writing or printing **c** : to deliver aloud by or as if by reading; *specif* : to utter interpretively **d** (1) : to become acquainted with or look over the contents of (as a book) (2) : to make a study of ⟨~ law⟩ (3) : to read the works of **e** : to check (as copy or proof) for errors **f** (1) : to receive and understand (a voice message) by radio (2) : UNDERSTAND, COMPREHEND **2 a** : to interpret the meaning or significance of ⟨~ palms⟩ **b** : FORETELL, PREDICT ⟨able to ~ his fortune⟩ **3** : to recognize or interpret as if by reading: as **a** : to learn the nature of by observing outward expression or signs ⟨*~s* him like a book⟩ **b** : to note the action or characteristics of in order to anticipate what will happen ⟨a good canoeist *~s* the rapids⟩ ⟨a golfer *~ing* a green⟩; *also* : to predict the movement of (a putt) by reading a green **c** : to anticipate by observation of an opponent's position or movement ⟨~ a blitz⟩ **4 a** : to attribute a meaning to (as something read) : INTERPRET ⟨how do you ~ this passage⟩ **b** : to attribute (a meaning) to something read or considered ⟨~ a nonexistent meaning into her words⟩ **5** : to use as a substitute for or in preference to another word or phrase in a particular passage, text, or version ⟨~ *hurry* for *harry*⟩ — often used to introduce a clarifying substitute for a euphemistic or misleading word or phrase ⟨a friendly, ~ nosy, coworker⟩ **6** : INDICATE ⟨the thermometer *~s* zero⟩ **7** : to interpret (a musical work) in performance **8 a** : to acquire (information) from storage; *esp* : to sense the meaning of (data) in recorded and coded form — used of a computer or data processor **b** : to read the coded information on (as a floppy disk) ~ *vi* **1 a** : to perform the act of reading words : read something **b** (1) : to learn something by reading (2) : to pursue a course of study **2 a** : to yield a particular meaning or impression when read **b** : to be readable or read in a particular manner or to a particular degree ⟨this book *~s* smoothly⟩ **3** : to consist of specific words, phrases, or other similar elements ⟨a passage that *~s* differently in older versions⟩ — **read between the lines** : to understand more than is directly stated — **read the riot act** **1** : to order a mob to disperse **2 a** : to order or warn to cease something **b** : to protest vehemently **c** : to reprimand severely

[2]read \ˈred\ *adj* (1586) : instructed by or informed through reading

[3]read \ˈrēd\ *n* (1825) **1** *chiefly Brit* : a period of reading ⟨it was a night . . . for a ~ and a long sleep —William Sansom⟩ **2** : something (as a book) that is read ⟨a novel that's a good ~⟩ **3** : the action or an instance of reading

read·able \ˈrē-də-bəl\ *adj* (15c) : able to be read easily: as **a** : LEGIBLE **b** : interesting to read ⟨a highly ~ novel⟩ — **read·abil·i·ty** \ˌrē-də-ˈbi-lə-tē\ *n* — **read·able·ness** \ˈrē-də-bəl-nəs\ *n* — **read·ably** \-blē\ *adv*

read·er \ˈrē-dər\ *n* (bef. 12c) **1 a** : one that reads **b** : one appointed to read to others: as (1) : LECTOR (2) : one chosen to read aloud selected material in a Christian Science church or society **c** (1) : PROOFREADER (2) : one who evaluates manuscripts (3) : one who reads periodical literature to discover items of special interest or value **d** : an employee who reads and records the indications of meters **e** : a teacher's assistant who reads and marks student papers **2** *Brit* : one who reads lectures or expounds subjects to students **3 a** : a device for projecting a readable image of a transparency **b** : a unit that scans material recorded (as on punch cards) for storage or computation **4 a** : a book for instruction and practice esp. in reading **b** : ANTHOLOGY

read·er·ly \-lē\ *adj* (1959) : of, relating to, or typical of a reader

read·er·ship \-ˌship\ *n* (1719) **1 a** : the office or position of a reader **b** : the quality or state of being a reader **2** : the mass or a particular group of readers ⟨a magazine's ~⟩

read·i·ly \ˈre-də-lē\ *adv* (14c) : in a ready manner: as **a** : without hesitating : WILLINGLY ⟨~ accepted advice⟩ **b** : without much difficulty : EASILY ⟨for reasons that anyone could ~ understand⟩

reading *n* (bef. 12c) **1** : the act of reading **2 a** : material read or for reading **b** : extent of material read **3 a** : a particular version **b** : data indicated by an instrument **4 a** : a particular interpretation of something (as a law) **b** : a particular performance of something (as a musical work) **5** : an indication of a certain state of affairs ⟨a study to get some ~ of shoppers' preferences⟩

reading desk *n* (1703) : LECTERN

reading frame *n* (1965) : a sequence of nucleotide triplets that is potentially translatable into a polypeptide and that is determined by the placement of a codon that initiates translation

read–only memory *n* (1961) : ROM

read·out \ˈrēd-ˌaůt\ *n* (1652) **1** : the process of reading **2 a** : the process of removing information from an automatic device (as an electronic computer) and displaying it in an understandable form **b** : the information removed from such a device and displayed or recorded (as by magnetic tape or printing device) **c** : an electronic device that presents information in visual form **3** : the radio transmission of data or pictures from a space vehicle

read out *vt* (1600) **1 a** : to read aloud **b** : to produce a readout of **2** : to expel from an organization or group

[1]ready \ˈre-dē\ *adj* **read·i·er; -est** [ME *redy;* akin to OE *gerǣde* ready, Goth *garaiths* arranged] (13c) **1 a** : prepared mentally or physically for some experience or action **b** : prepared for immediate use ⟨dinner is ~⟩ **2 a** : willingly disposed : INCLINED ⟨~ to agree to his proposal⟩ **b** : likely to do something indicated ⟨a house that looks ~ to collapse⟩ **3** : displayed readily and spontaneously ⟨a ~ wit⟩ **4** : immediately available ⟨had ~ cash⟩ ***syn*** see QUICK — **read·i·ness** *n* — **at the ready** : ready for immediate use ⟨kept guns *at the ready*⟩

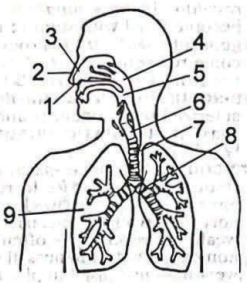
[2]ready *vt* **read·ied; ready·ing** (14c) : to make ready

ready box *n* (1942) : a box placed near a gun (as on a ship) to hold ammunition kept ready for immediate use

respiratory quotient *n* (ca. 1890) : a ratio indicating the relation of the volume of carbon dioxide given off in respiration to that of the oxygen consumed

respiratory syncytial virus *n* (1961) : a paramyxovirus (species *Human respiratory syncytial virus* of the genus *Pneumovirus*) that is responsible for severe respiratory diseases (as bronchopneumonia and bronchiolitis) in children and esp. in infants — abbr. *RSV*

respiratory system *n* (1888) : a system of organs functioning in respiration and in humans consisting esp. of the nose, nasal passages, pharynx, larynx, trachea, bronchi, and lungs



respiratory system: *1* nostril, *2* nose, *3* nasal cavity, *4* nasopharynx, *5* oropharynx, *6* larynx, *7* trachea, *8* bronchus, *9* lung

re·spire \ri-'spī(-ə)r\ *vb* **re·spired; re·spir·ing** [ME, fr. L *respirare*, fr. *re-* + *spirare* to blow, breathe] *vi* (15c) **1** : BREATHE; *specif* : to inhale and exhale air successively **2** *of a cell or tissue* : to take up oxygen and produce carbon dioxide through oxidation ~ *vt* : BREATHE

res·pi·rom·e·ter \ˌres-pə-'rä-mə-tər\ *n* (ca. 1883) : an instrument for studying the character and extent of respiration — **res·pi·ro·met·ric** \-rō-'me-trik\ *adj* — **res·pi·rom·e·try** \-'rä-mə-trē\ *n*

[1]re·spite \'res-pət *also* ri-'spīt, *Brit usu* 'res-ˌpīt\ *n* [ME *respit*, fr. AF, fr. ML *respectus*, fr. L, act of looking back — more at RESPECT] (13c) **1** : a period of temporary delay **2** : an interval of rest or relief

[2]respite *vt* **re·spit·ed; re·spit·ing** (14c) **1** : to grant a respite to **2** : PUT OFF, DELAY

[3]respite *adj* (1978) : providing or being temporary care in relief of a primary caregiver ⟨~ care⟩ ⟨a ~ worker⟩

re·splen·dence \ri-'splen-dən(t)s\ *n* (15c) : the quality or state of being resplendent : SPLENDOR

re·splen·den·cy \-dən(t)-sē\ *n* (ca. 1611) : RESPLENDENCE

re·splen·dent \-dənt\ *adj* [ME, fr. L *resplendent-, resplendens*, prp. of *resplendēre* to shine back, fr. *re-* + *splendēre* to shine — more at SPLENDID] (15c) : shining brilliantly : characterized by a glowing splendor ⟨meadows ~ with wildflowers —*Outdoor World*⟩ *syn* see SPLENDID — **re·splen·dent·ly** *adv*

[1]re·spond \ri-'spänd\ *n* [ME *respounde*, lit., reply, fr. AF *respuns, respunt* response] (15c) : an engaged pillar supporting an arch or closing a colonnade or arcade

[2]respond *vb* [alter. of ME *respounden*, fr. AF *respundre*, fr. L *respondēre* to promise in return, answer, fr. *re-* + *spondēre* to promise — more at SPOUSE] *vi* (1572) **1** : to say something in return : make an answer ⟨~ to criticism⟩ **2 a** : to react in response ⟨~*ed* to a call for help⟩ **b** : to show favorable reaction ⟨~ to surgery⟩ **3** : to be answerable ⟨~ in damages⟩ ~ *vt* : REPLY — **re·spond·er** \-'spän-dər\ *n*

[1]re·spon·dent \ri-'spän-dənt\ *n* [L *respondent-, respondens*, prp. of *respondēre*] (1528) **1** : one who responds: as **a** : one who maintains a thesis in reply **b** (1) : one who answers in various legal proceedings (as in equity cases) (2) : the prevailing party in the lower court **c** : a person who responds to a poll **2** : a reflex that occurs in response to a specific external stimulus — compare OPERANT

[2]respondent *adj* (1726) **1** : making response : RESPONSIVE; *esp* : being a respondent at law **2** : relating to or being behavior or responses to a stimulus that are followed by a reward ⟨~ conditioning⟩ — compare OPERANT 3

re·sponse \ri-'spän(t)s\ *n* [ME & L; ME *respounce*, fr. AF *respuns, respounce*, fr. L *responsum* reply, fr. neut. of *responsus*, pp. of *respondēre*] (14c) **1** : an act of responding **2** : something constituting a reply or a reaction: as **a** : a verse, phrase, or word sung or said by the people or choir after or in reply to the officiant in a liturgical service **b** : the activity or inhibition of previous activity of an organism or any of its parts resulting from stimulation **c** : the output of a transducer or detecting device resulting from a given input *syn* see ANSWER

re·spon·si·bil·i·ty \riˌspän(t)-sə-'bi-lə-tē\ *n, pl* **-ties** (1737) **1** : the quality or state of being responsible: as **a** : moral, legal, or mental accountability ⟨take ~ for your actions⟩ **b** : RELIABILITY, TRUSTWORTHINESS **2** : something for which one is responsible : BURDEN ⟨has neglected his *responsibilities*⟩

re·spon·si·ble \ri-'spän(t)-sə-bəl\ *adj* [AF *responsable*, fr. *respuns*] (1643) **1 a** : liable to be called on to answer **b** (1) : liable to be called to account as the primary cause, motive, or agent ⟨a committee ~ for the job⟩ (2) : being the cause or explanation ⟨mechanical defects were ~ for the accident⟩ **c** : liable to legal review or in case of fault to penalties **2 a** : able to answer for one's conduct and obligations : TRUSTWORTHY **b** : able to choose for oneself between right and wrong **3** : marked by or involving responsibility or accountability ⟨~ financial policies⟩ **4** : politically answerable; *esp* : required to submit to the electorate if defeated by the legislature — used esp. of the British cabinet — **re·spon·si·ble·ness** *n* — **re·spon·si·bly** \-blē\ *adv*
syn RESPONSIBLE, ANSWERABLE, ACCOUNTABLE, AMENABLE, LIABLE mean subject to being held to account. RESPONSIBLE implies holding a specific office, duty, or trust ⟨the bureau *responsible* for revenue collection⟩. ANSWERABLE suggests a relation between one having a moral or legal obligation and a court or other authority charged with oversight of its observance ⟨an intelligence agency *answerable* to Congress⟩. ACCOUNTABLE suggests imminence of retribution for unfulfilled trust or violated obligation ⟨elected officials are *accountable* to the voters⟩. AMENABLE and LIABLE stress the fact of subjection to review, censure, or control by a designated authority under certain conditions ⟨laws are *amenable* to judicial review⟩ ⟨not *liable* for the debts of the former spouse⟩.

re·spon·sions \ri-'spän(t)-shənz\ *n pl* [ME *responcioun* response, sum to be paid, fr. AF or ML; AF *responsion*, fr. ML *responsion-, responsio*, fr. L, answer, fr. *respondēre*] (1813) : an examination formerly required for matriculation as an undergraduate at Oxford

re·spon·sive \ri-'spän(t)-siv\ *adj* (15c) **1** : giving response : constituting a response : ANSWERING ⟨a ~ glance⟩ ⟨~ aggression⟩ **2** : quick to respond or react appropriately or sympathetically : SENSITIVE **3** : using responses ⟨a ~ liturgy⟩ — **re·spon·sive·ly** *adv* — **re·spon·sive·ness** *n*

re·spon·so·ry \-'spän(t)s-(ə-)rē\ *n, pl* **-ries** [ME, fr. ML *responsorium*, fr. L *respondēre*] (15c) : a set of versicles and responses sung or said after or during a lection

re·spon·sum \ri-'spän(t)-səm\ *n, pl* **-sa** \-sə\ [NL, fr. L, reply, response] (1896) : a written decision from a rabbinic authority in response to a submitted question or problem

res pu·bli·ca \'rās-'pü-bli-ˌkä\ *n* [L — more at REPUBLIC] (ca. 1898) **1** : COMMONWEALTH, STATE, REPUBLIC **2** : COMMONWEAL

re·sen·ti·ment \rə-ˌsän-tē-'mänⁿ\ *n* [F, resentment, fr. *ressentir* to resent, fr. MF *resentir* — more at RESENT] (1941) : deep-seated resentment, frustration, and hostility accompanied by a sense of being powerless to express these feelings directly

[1]rest \'rest\ *n* [ME, fr. OE; akin to OHG *rasta* rest and perh. to OHG *ruowa* calm] (bef. 12c) **1** : REPOSE, SLEEP; *specif* : a bodily state characterized by minimal functional and metabolic activities **2 a** : freedom from activity or labor **b** : a state of motionlessness or inactivity **c** : the repose of death **3** : a place for resting or lodging **4** : peace of mind or spirit **5 a** (1) : a rhythmic silence in music (2) : a character representing such a silence **b** : a brief pause in reading **6** : something used for support — **at rest** **1** : resting or reposing esp. in sleep or death **2** : QUIESCENT, MOTIONLESS **3** : free of anxieties

[2]rest *vi* (bef. 12c) **1 a** : to get rest by lying down; *esp* : SLEEP **b** : to lie dead **2** : to cease from action or motion : refrain from labor or exertion **3** : to be free from anxiety or disturbance **4** : to sit or lie fixed or supported ⟨a column ~*s* on its pedestal⟩ **5 a** : to remain confident : TRUST ⟨cannot ~ on that assumption⟩ **b** : to be based or founded ⟨the verdict ~*ed* on several sound precedents⟩ **6** : to remain for action or accomplishment ⟨the answer ~*s* with you⟩ **7** *of farmland* : to remain idle or uncropped **8** : to bring to an end voluntarily the introduction of evidence in a law case ~ *vt* **1** : to give rest to **2** : to set at rest **3** : to place on or against a support **4** : to cause to be firmly fixed ⟨~*ed* all hope in his child⟩ **5** : to desist voluntarily from presenting evidence pertinent to (a case at law) — **rest·er** *n*

[3]rest *n* [ME *reste*, lit., stoppage, short for *areste*, fr. AF *arest*, fr. *arester* to arrest] (14c) : a projection or attachment on the side of the breastplate of medieval armor for supporting the butt of a lance

[4]rest *n* [ME, fr. AF *reste*, fr. *rester* to remain, fr. L *restare*, fr. *re-* + *stare* to stand — more at STAND] (15c) : something that remains over : REMAINDER ⟨ate the ~ of the candy⟩ — **for the rest** : with regard to remaining issues or needs

rest area *n* (1971) : an area adjacent to a highway at which restrooms and refreshments are usu. available

re·start \(ˌ)rē-'stärt\ *vt* (1749) **1** : to start anew **2** : to resume (as an activity) after interruption ~ *vi* : to resume operation — **re·start** \'rē-ˌstärt, (ˌ)rē-'\ *n* — **re·start·able** \-'stär-tə-bəl\ *adj*

re·state \(ˌ)rē-'stāt\ *vt* (ca. 1713) : to state again or in another way

re·state·ment \-mənt\ *n* (1803) **1** : something that is restated **2** : the act of restating

res·tau·rant \'res-tə-ˌränt, -tränt *also* -t(ə-)rənt, -tərnt\ *n* [F, fr. prp. of *restaurer* to restore, fr. L *restaurare*] (1819) : a business establishment where meals or refreshments may be purchased

res·tau·ra·teur \ˌres-tə-rə-'tər\ *also* **res·tau·ran·teur** \-ˌrän-\ *n* [F *restaurateur*, fr. LL *restaurator* restorer, fr. L *restaurare*] (1796) : the operator or proprietor of a restaurant

rest·ed \'res-təd\ *adj* (15c) : having had sufficient rest or sleep

re·ste·no·sis \ˌres-tə-'nō-səs, ˌrē-stə-\ *n* [NL] (1954) : the reoccurrence of stenosis in a blood vessel or heart valve after it has been treated with apparent success

rest·ful \'rest-fəl\ *adj* (14c) **1** : marked by, affording, or suggesting rest and repose ⟨a ~ color scheme⟩ **2** : being at rest : QUIET *syn* see COMFORTABLE — **rest·ful·ly** \-fə-lē\ *adv* — **rest·ful·ness** *n*

rest home *n* (1925) : an establishment that provides housing and general care for the aged or the convalescent

rest house *n* (1807) : a building used for shelter by travelers

rest·ing \'res-tiŋ\ *adj* (14c) **1** : being or characterized by dormancy : QUIESCENT ⟨a ~ spore⟩ ⟨bulbs in the ~ state⟩ **2** : not undergoing or marked by division : VEGETATIVE ⟨a ~ nucleus⟩

res·ti·tute \'res-tə-ˌtüt, -ˌtyüt\ *vb* **-tut·ed; -tut·ing** [L *restitutus*, pp. of *restituere*] *vt* (ca. 1500) **1** : to restore to a former state or position **2** : GIVE BACK; *esp* : REFUND ~ *vi* : to undergo restitution

res·ti·tu·tion \ˌres-tə-'tü-shən, -'tyü-\ *n* [ME *restitucioun*, fr. AF, fr. L *restitution-, restitutio*, fr. *restituere* to restore, fr. *re-* + *statuere* to set up — more at STATUTE] (14c) **1** : an act of restoring or a condition of being restored: as **a** : a restoration of something to its rightful owner **b** : a making good of or giving an equivalent for some injury **2** : a legal action serving to cause restoration of a previous state

res·tive \'res-tiv\ *adj* [ME *restyf*, fr. AF *restif*, fr. *rester* to stop, resist, remain] (15c) **1** : stubbornly resisting control : BALKY **2** : marked by impatience or uneasiness : FIDGETY *syn* see CONTRARY — **res·tive·ly** *adv* — **res·tive·ness** *n*

rest·less \'rest-ləs\ *adj* (bef. 12c) **1** : lacking or denying rest : UNEASY ⟨a ~ night⟩ **2** : continuously moving : UNQUIET ⟨the ~ sea⟩ **3** : characterized by or manifesting unrest esp. of mind ⟨~ pacing⟩; *also* : CHANGEFUL, DISCONTENTED — **rest·less·ly** *adv* — **rest·less·ness** *n*

restless legs syndrome *n* (1976) : a nervous disorder characterized by aching, crawling, or creeping sensations of the legs that occur esp. at night usu. when lying down (as before sleep) and cause a compelling urge to move the legs — called also *restless legs, restless leg syndrome*

rest mass *n* (1914) : the mass of a body exclusive of additional mass the body acquires by its motion according to the theory of relativity

re·stor·able \ri-'stȯr-ə-bəl\ *adj* (ca. 1611) : fit for restoring or reclaiming

re·stor·al \-əl\ *n* (ca. 1611) : RESTORATION

res·to·ra·tion \ˌres-tə-'rā-shən\ *n* (14c) **1** : an act of restoring or the condition of being restored: as **a** : a bringing back to a former position or condition : REINSTATEMENT ⟨the ~ of peace⟩ **b** : RESTITUTION **c** : a restoring to an unimpaired or improved condition ⟨the ~ of a painting⟩ **d** : the replacing of missing teeth or crowns **2** : something that is restored; *esp* : a representation or reconstruction of the original form (as of a fossil or a building) **3** *cap* **a** : the reestablishing