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(54) RADIAL MENUS WITH BEZEL GESTURES

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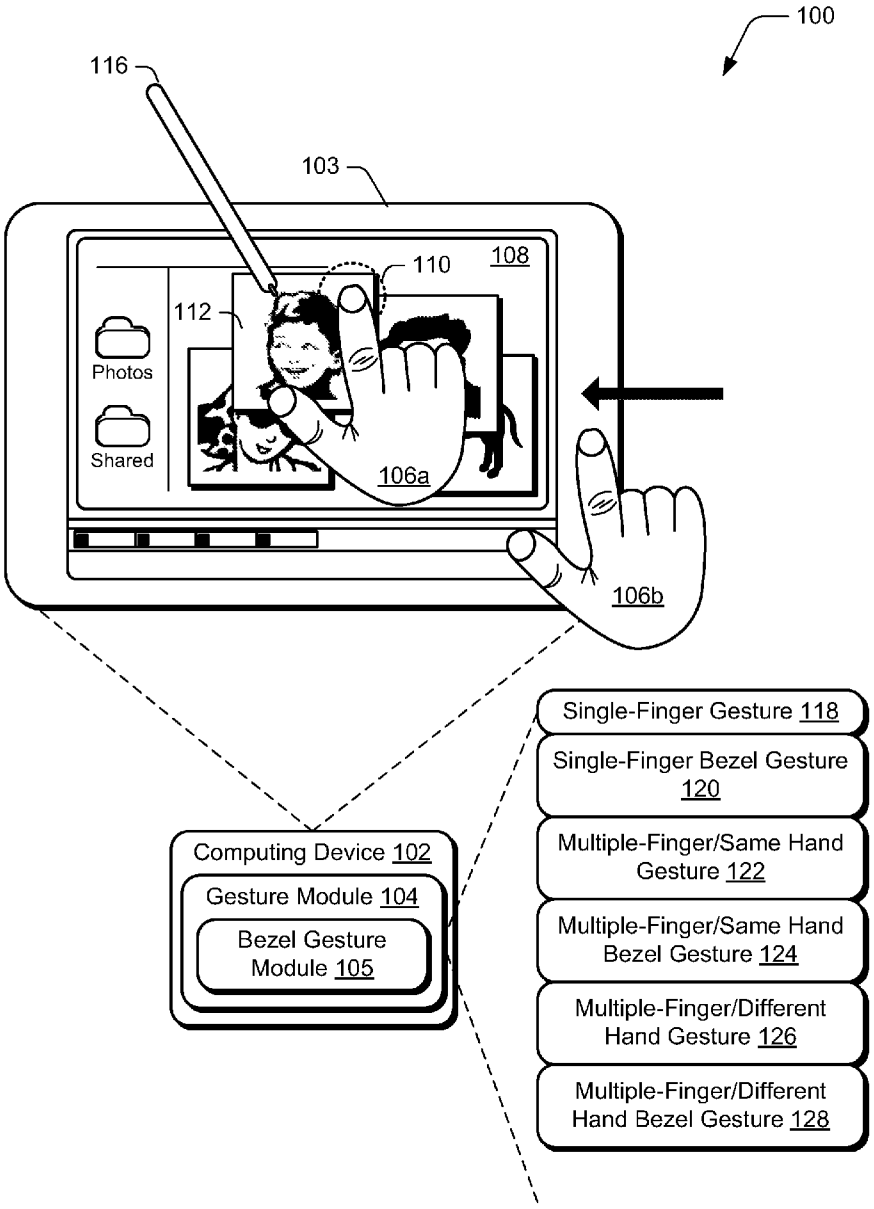
(57) **ABSTRACT**

Bezel gestures for touch displays are described. In at least some embodiments, the bezel of a device is used to extend functionality that is accessible through the use of so-called bezel gestures. In at least some embodiments, off-screen motion can be used, by virtue of the bezel, to create screen input through a bezel gesture. Bezel gestures can include single-finger bezel gestures, multiple-finger/same-hand bezel gestures, and/or multiple-finger, different-hand bezel gestures.



APPLE 1006

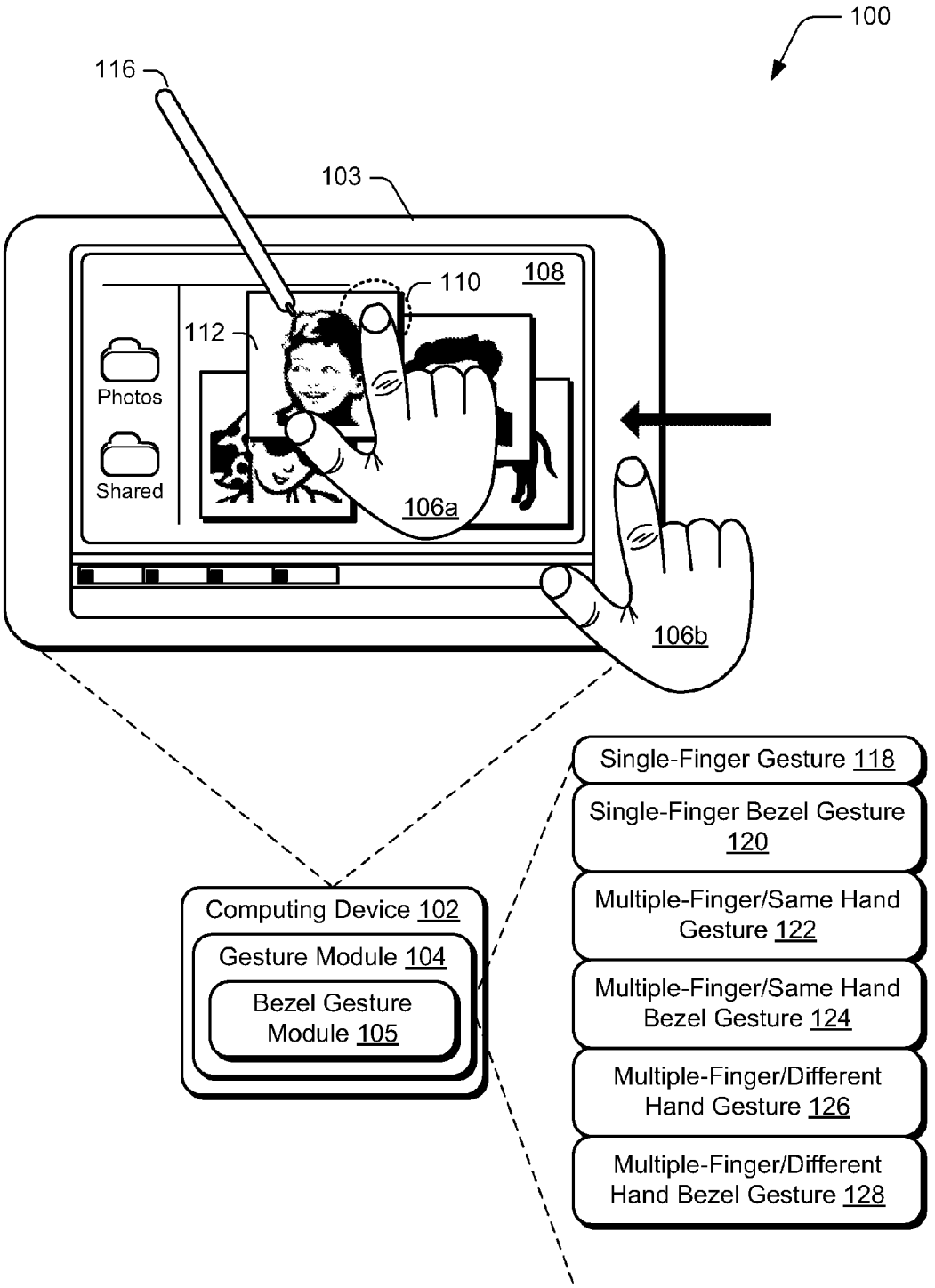

100
116
103
110
108
112
Photos
Shared
106a
106b
Computing Device 102
Gesture Module 104
Bezel Gesture Module 105
Single-Finger Gesture 118
Single-Finger Bezel Gesture 120
Multiple-Finger/Same Hand Gesture 122
Multiple-Finger/Same Hand Bezel Gesture 124
Multiple-Finger/Different Hand Gesture 126
Multiple-Finger/Different Hand Bezel Gesture 128

Fig. 1

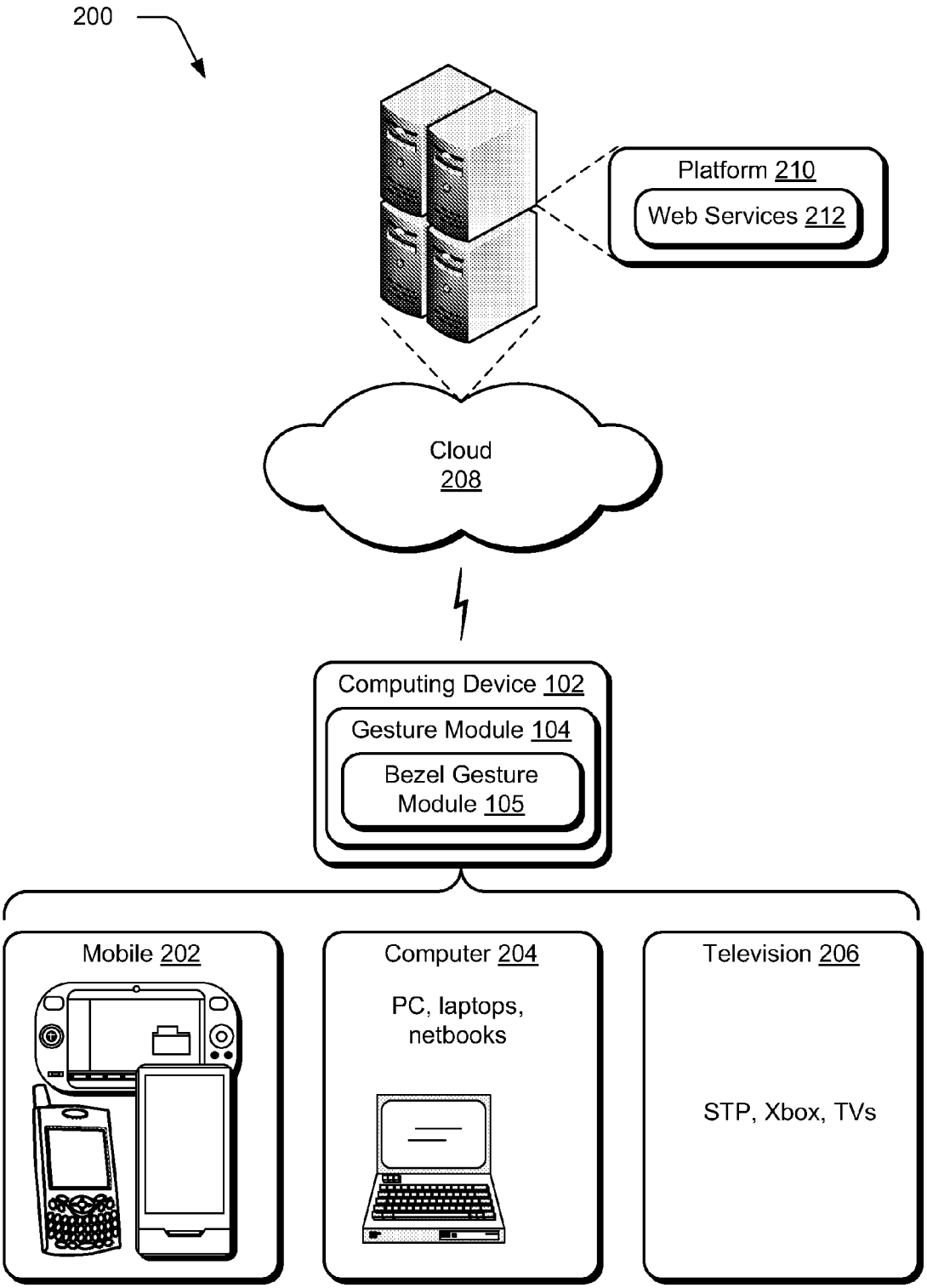

200
Platform 210
Web Services 212
Cloud
208
Computing Device 102
Gesture Module 104
Bezel Gesture
Module 105
Mobile 202
Computer 204
PC, laptops,
netbooks
Television 206
STP, Xbox, TVs

Fig. 2

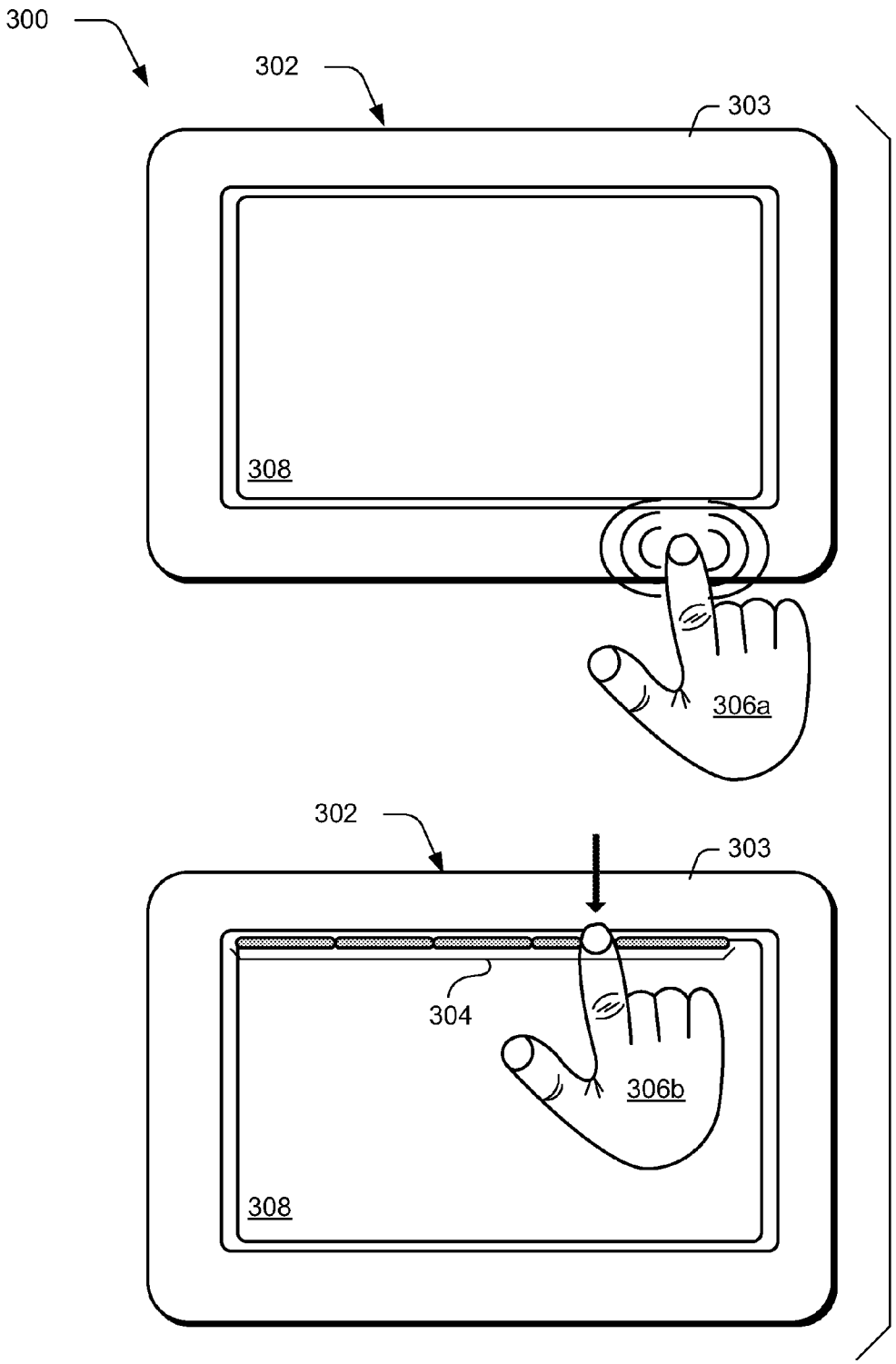


Fig. 3

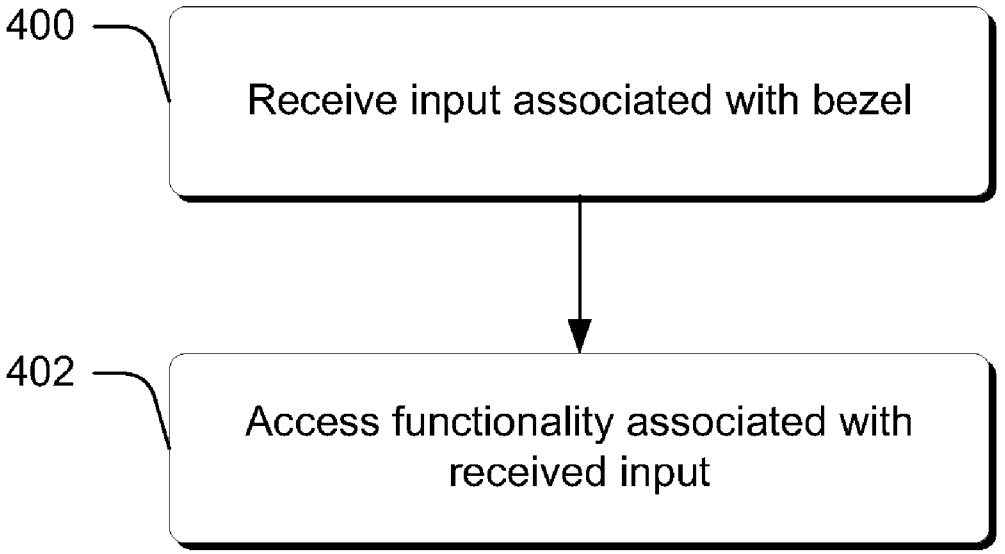

400
Receive input associated with bezel
402
Access functionality associated with received input

Fig. 4

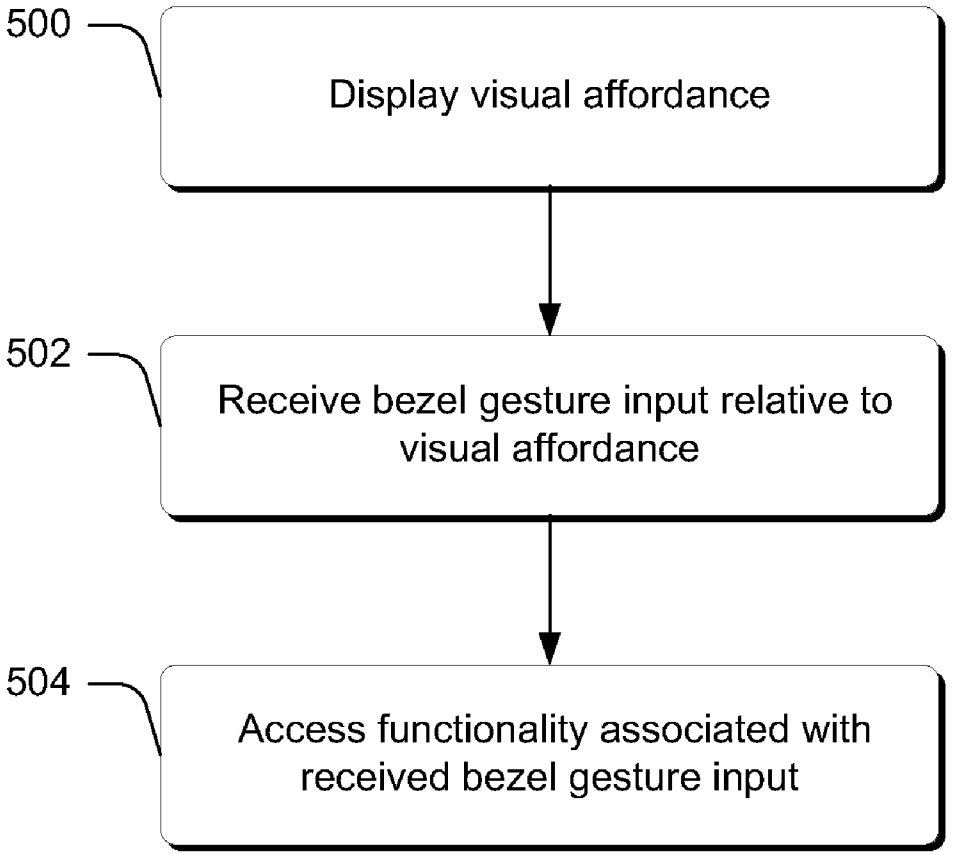

500
Display visual affordance
502
Receive bezel gesture input relative to visual affordance
504
Access functionality associated with received bezel gesture input

Fig. 5

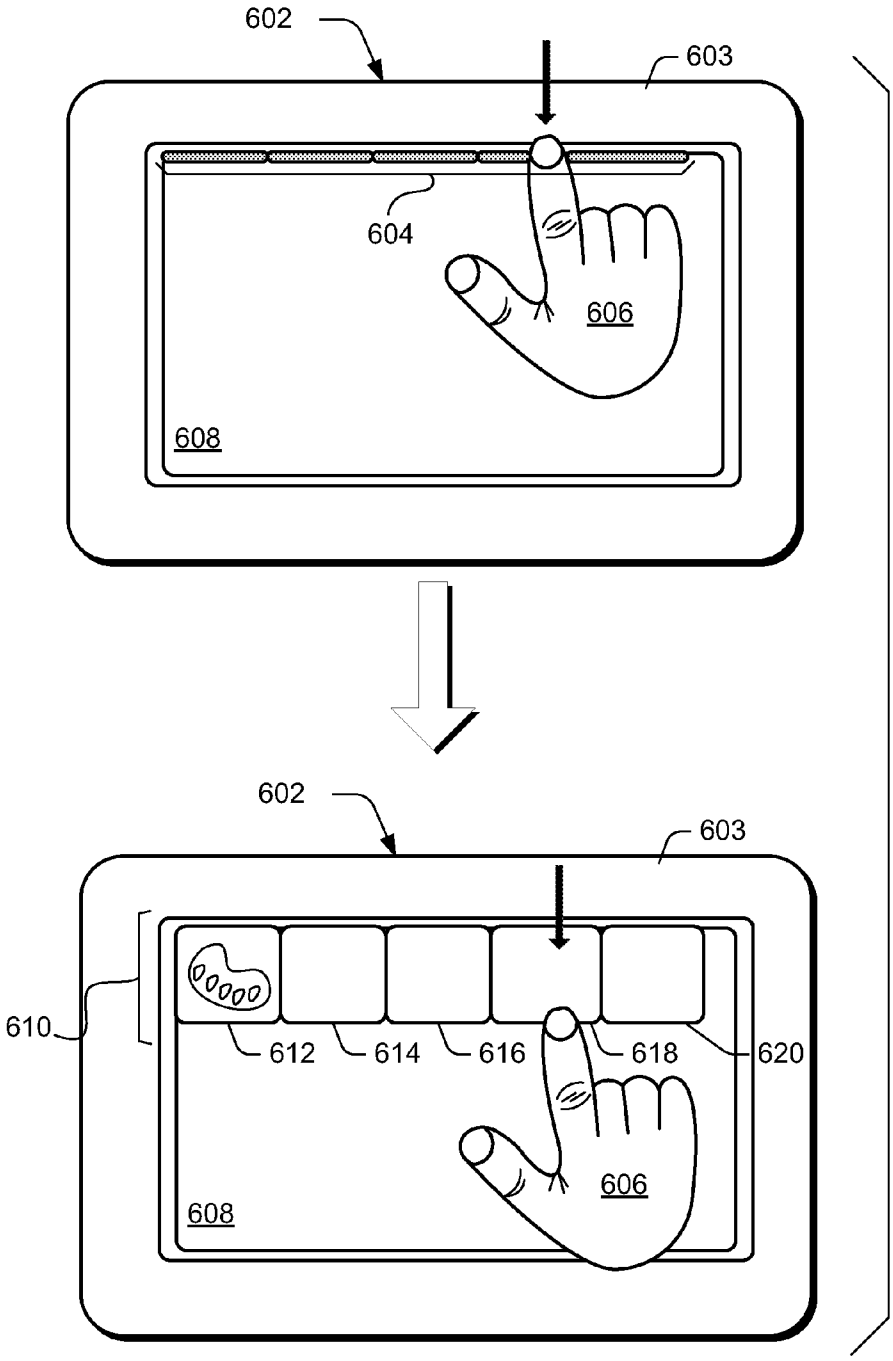


Fig. 6

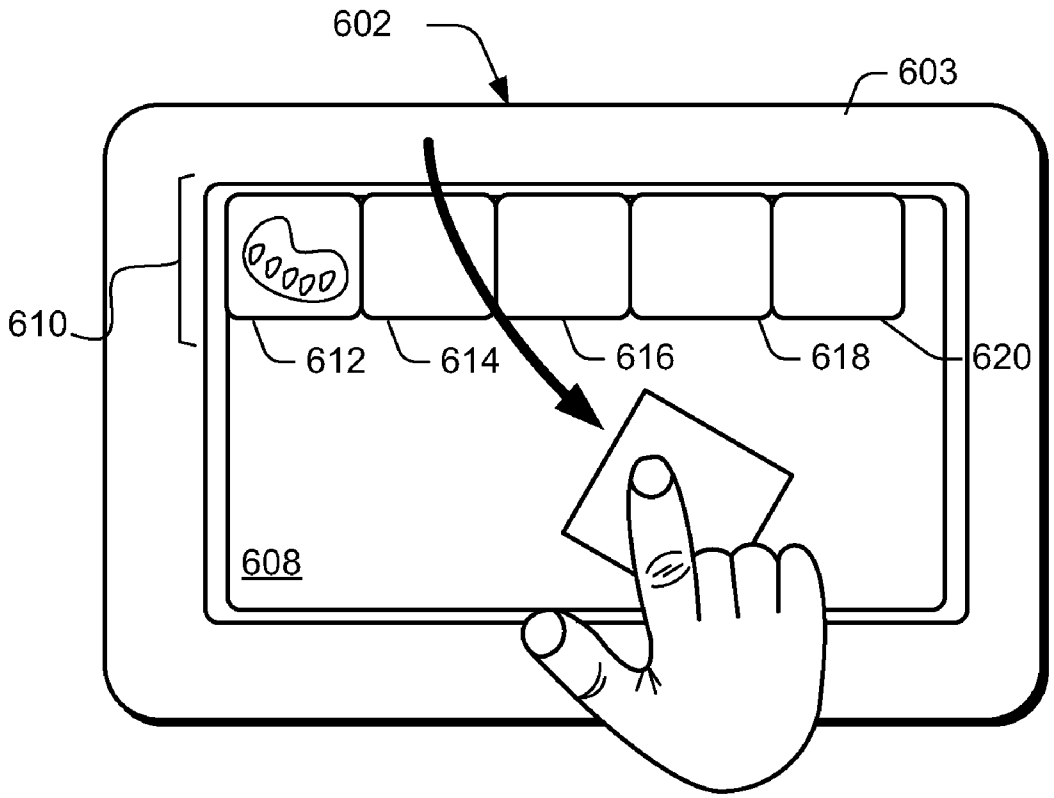


Fig. 7

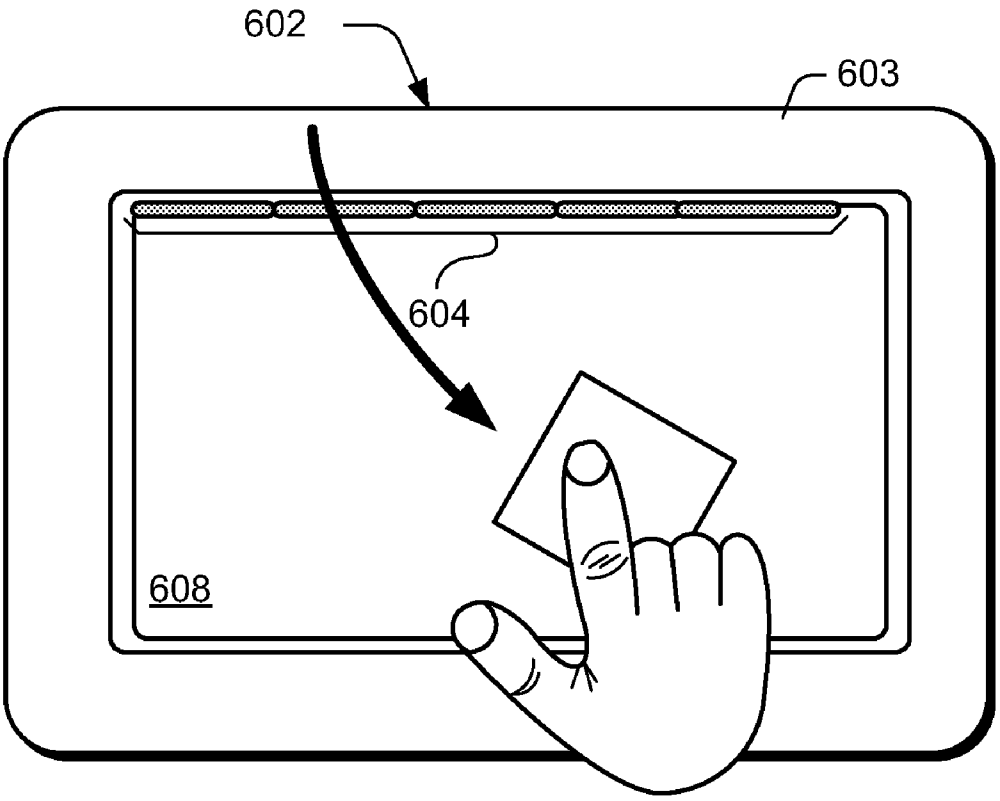


Fig. 8

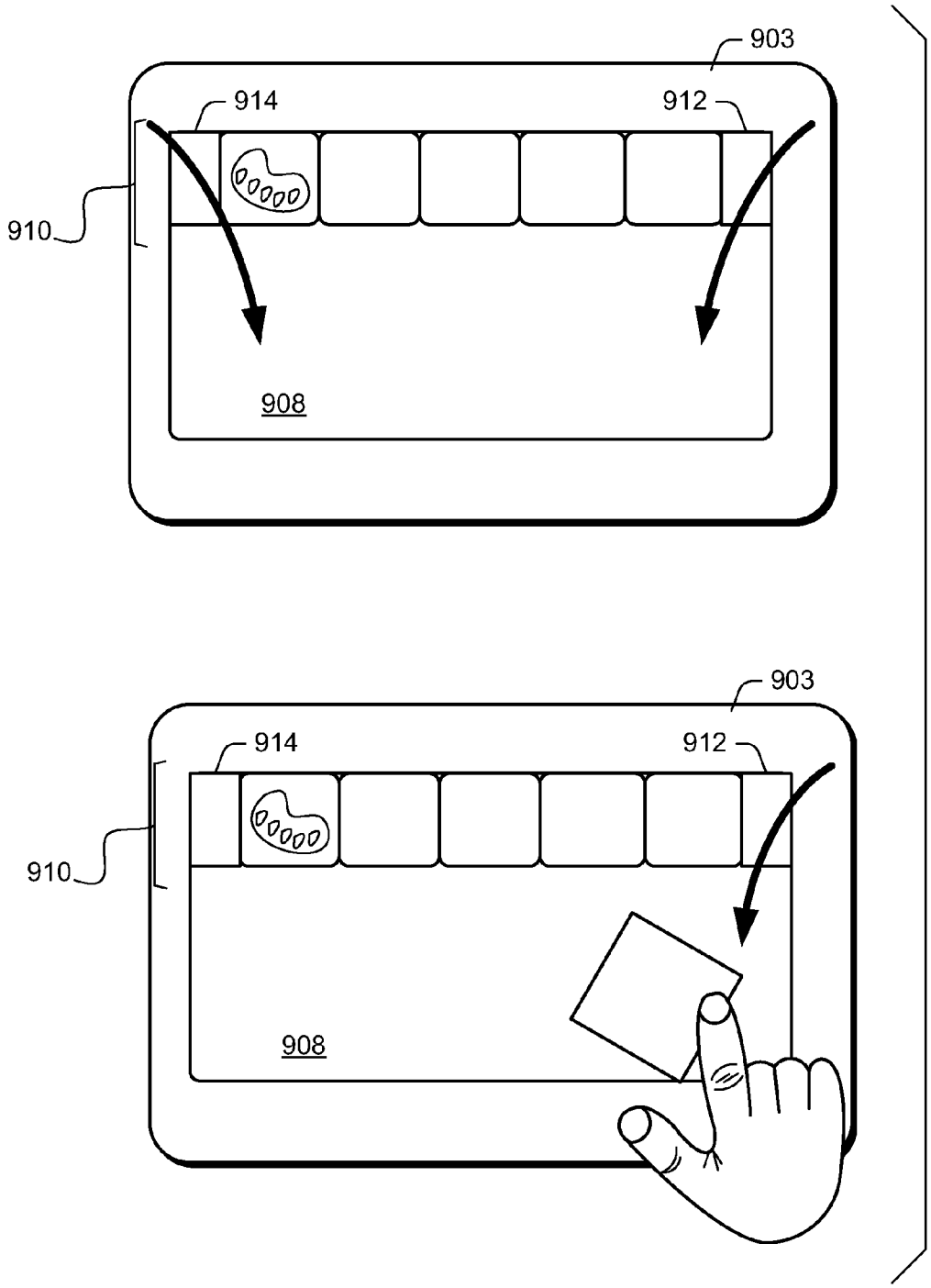


Fig. 9

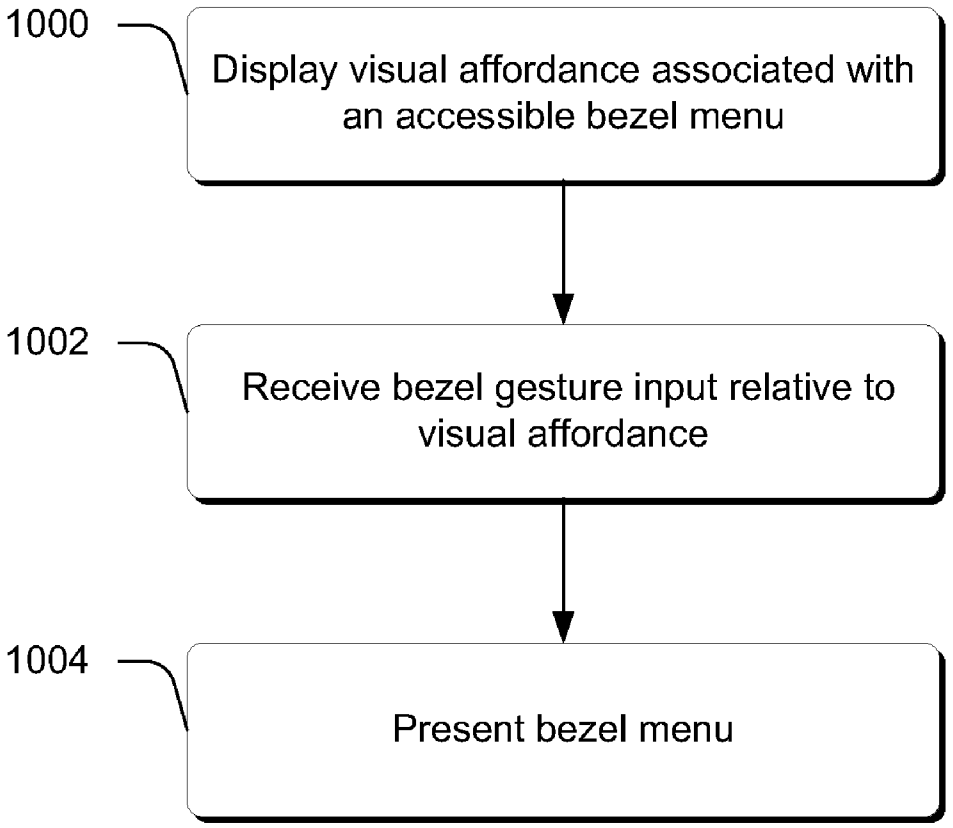

1000
Display visual affordance associated with an accessible bezel menu
1002
Receive bezel gesture input relative to visual affordance
1004
Present bezel menu

Fig. 10

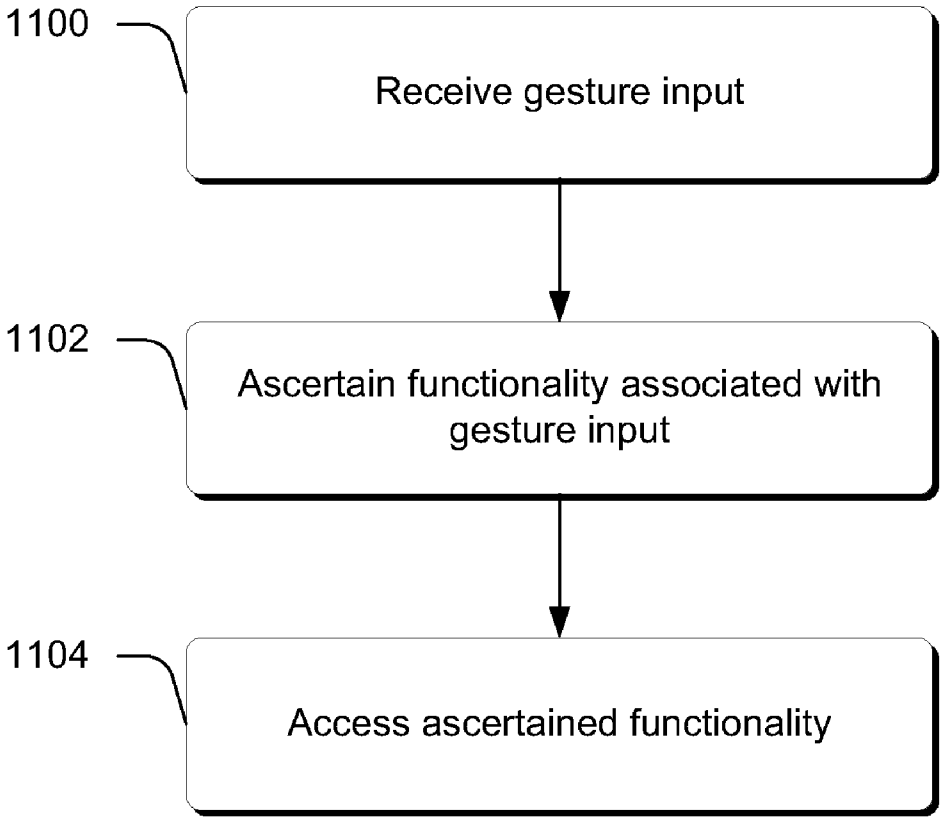

1100
Receive gesture input
1102
Ascertain functionality associated with gesture input
1104
Access ascertained functionality

Fig. 11

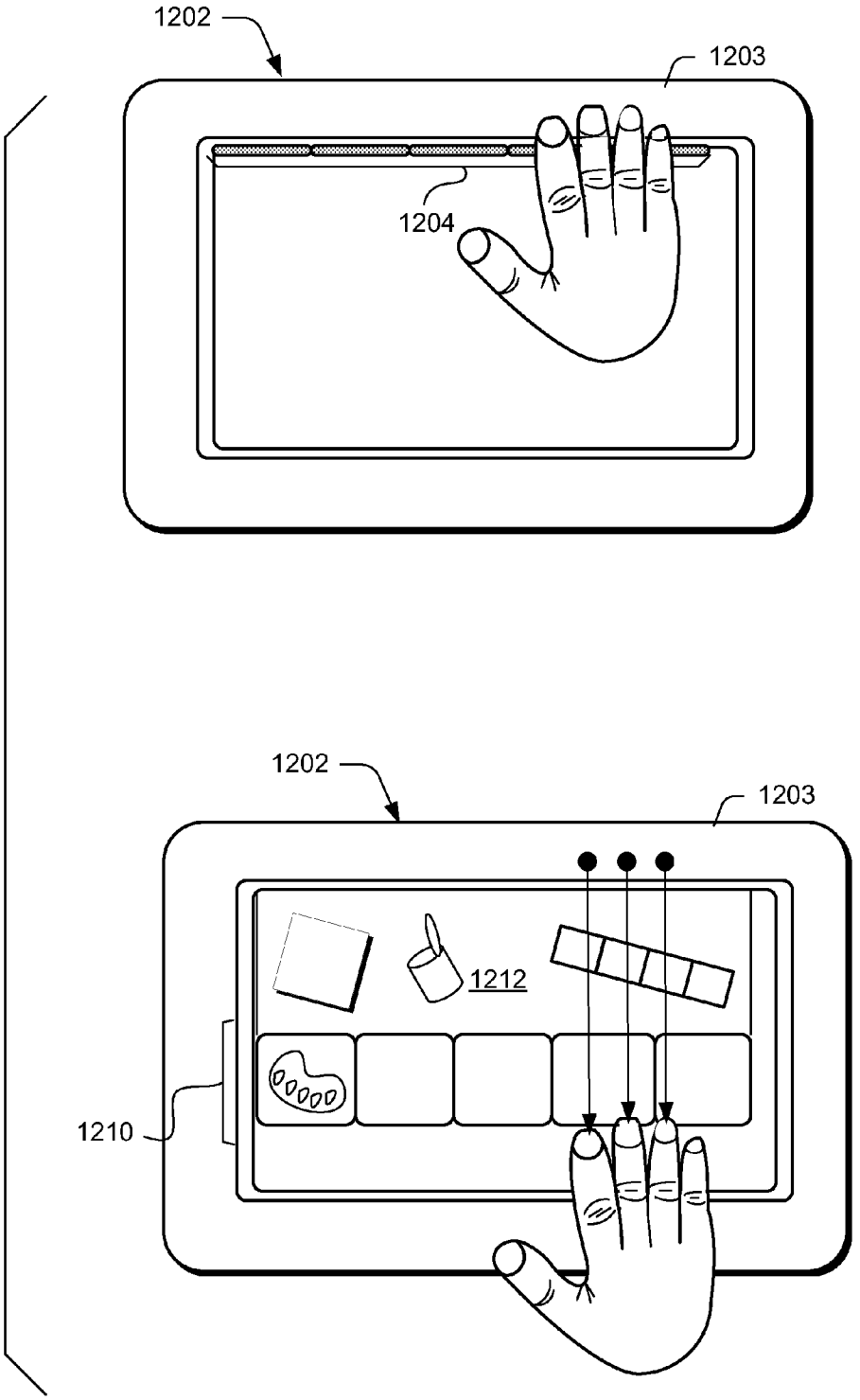


Fig. 12

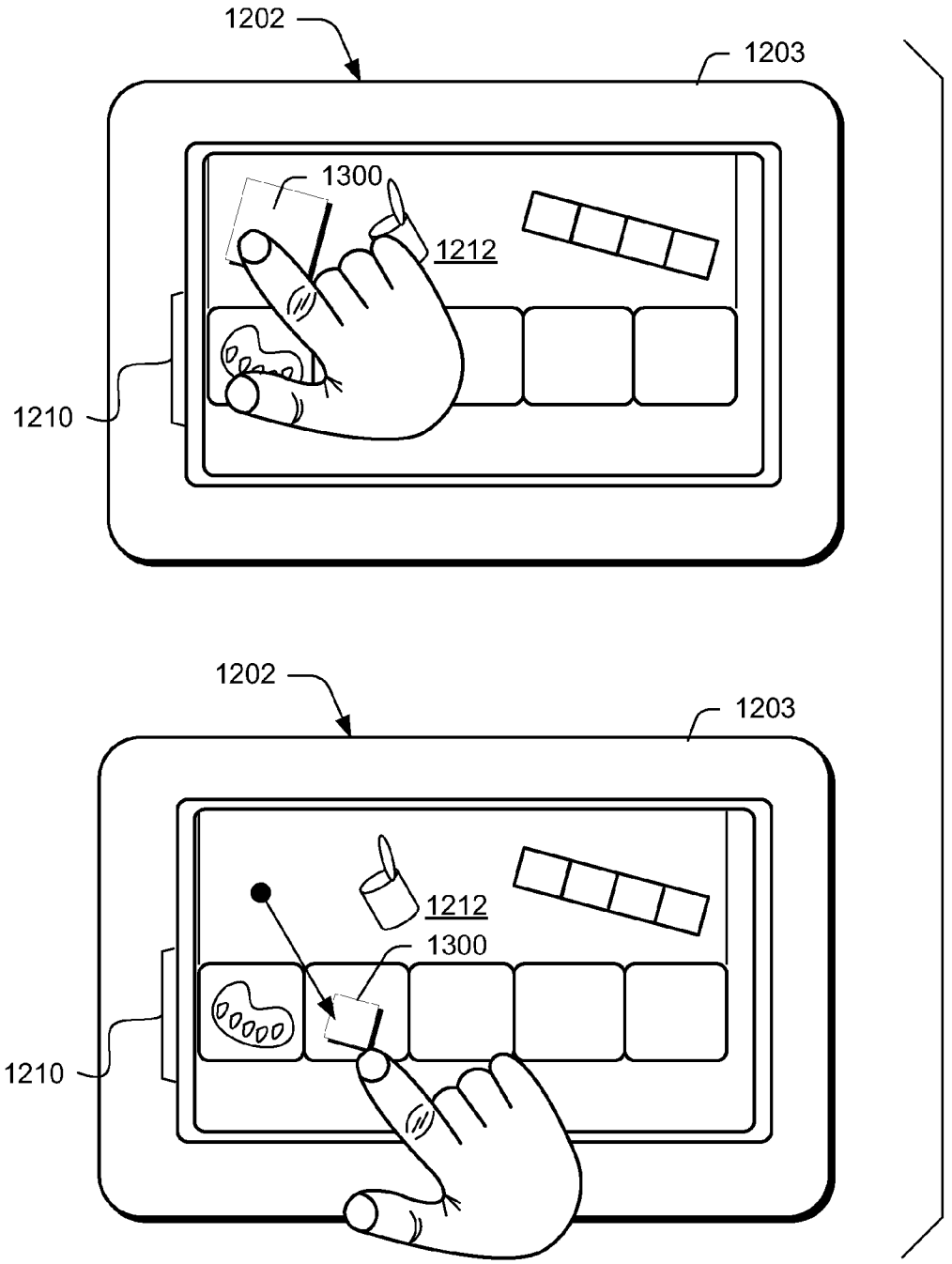


Fig. 13

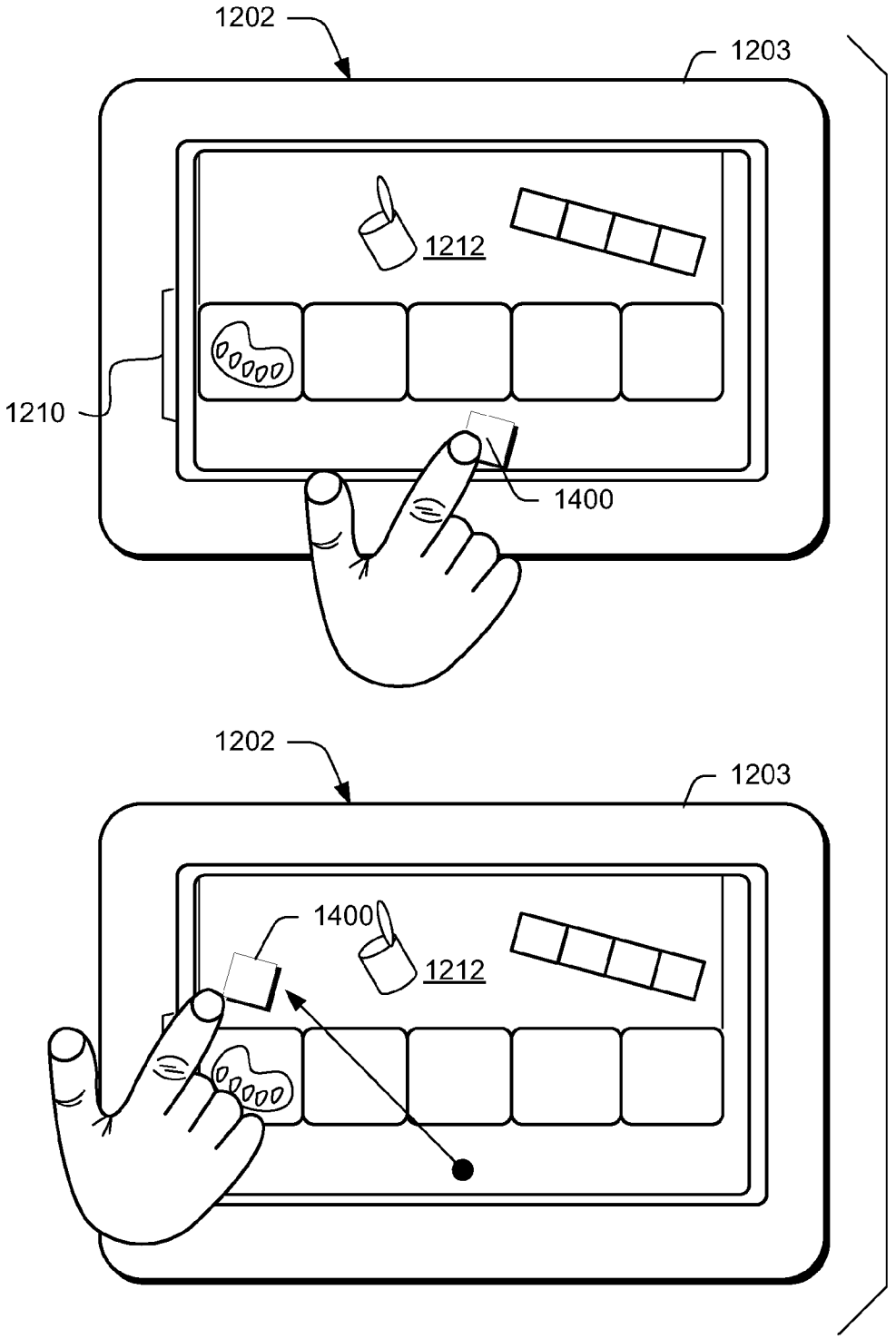


Fig. 14

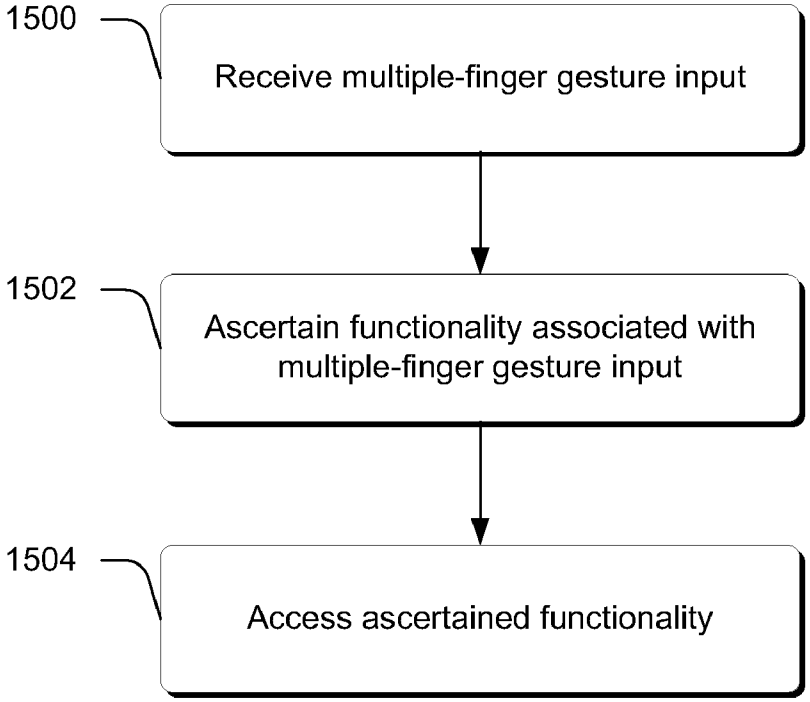

1500
Receive multiple-finger gesture input
1502
Ascertain functionality associated with multiple-finger gesture input
1504
Access ascertained functionality

Fig. 15

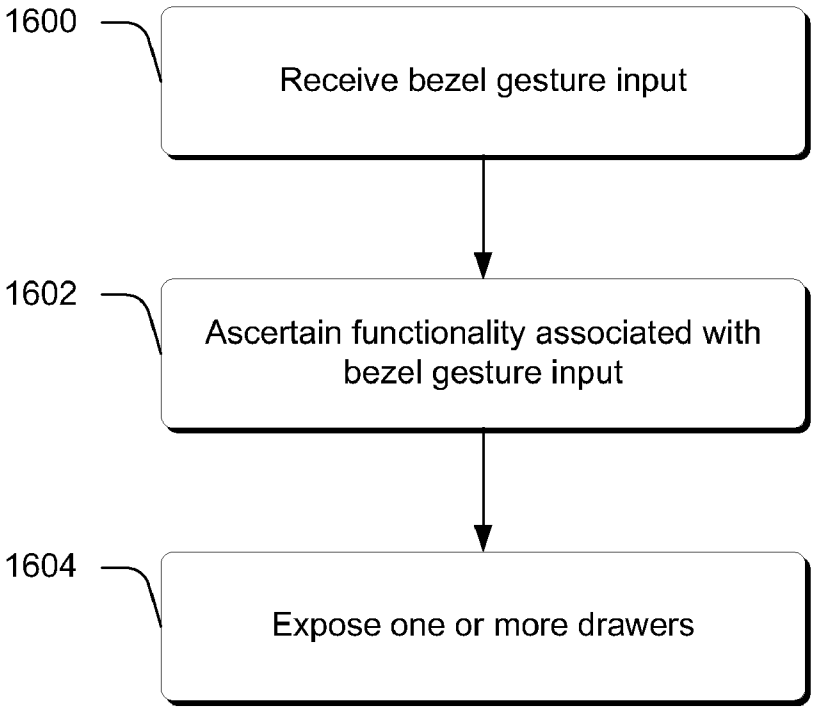
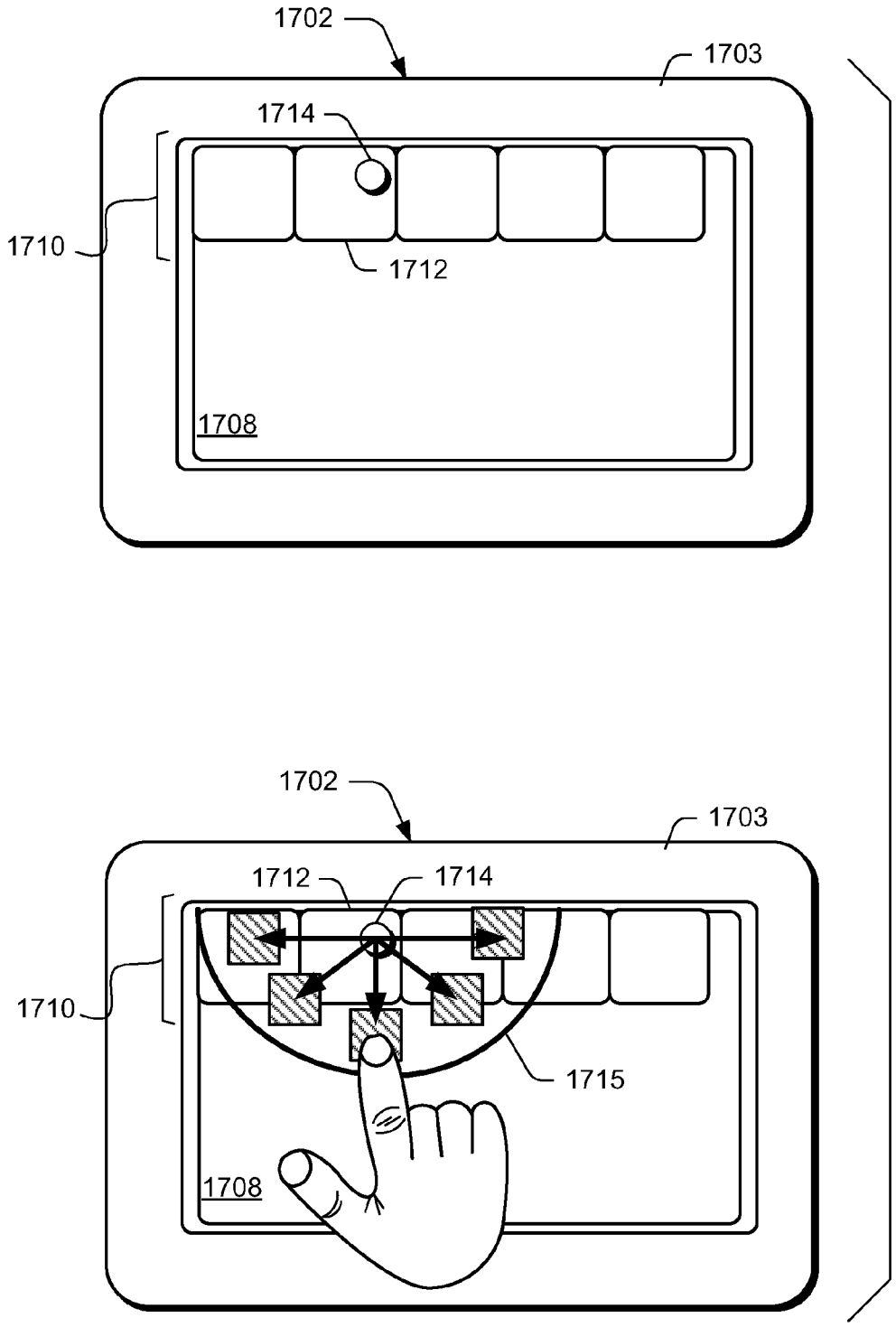

1600
Receive bezel gesture input
1602
Ascertain functionality associated with bezel gesture input
1604
Expose one or more drawers

Fig. 16


1702
1703
1714
1710
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1708
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1715
1708

Fig. 17

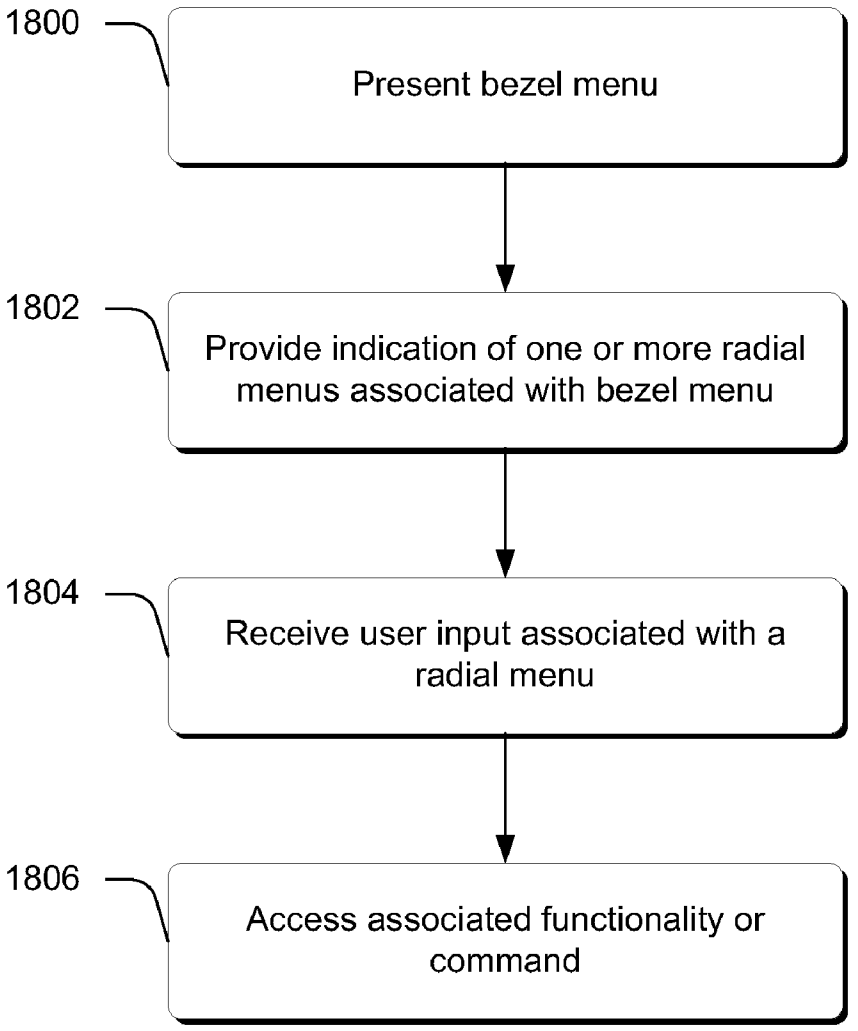

1800
Present bezel menu
1802
Provide indication of one or more radial menus associated with bezel menu
1804
Receive user input associated with a radial menu
1806
Access associated functionality or command

Fig. 18

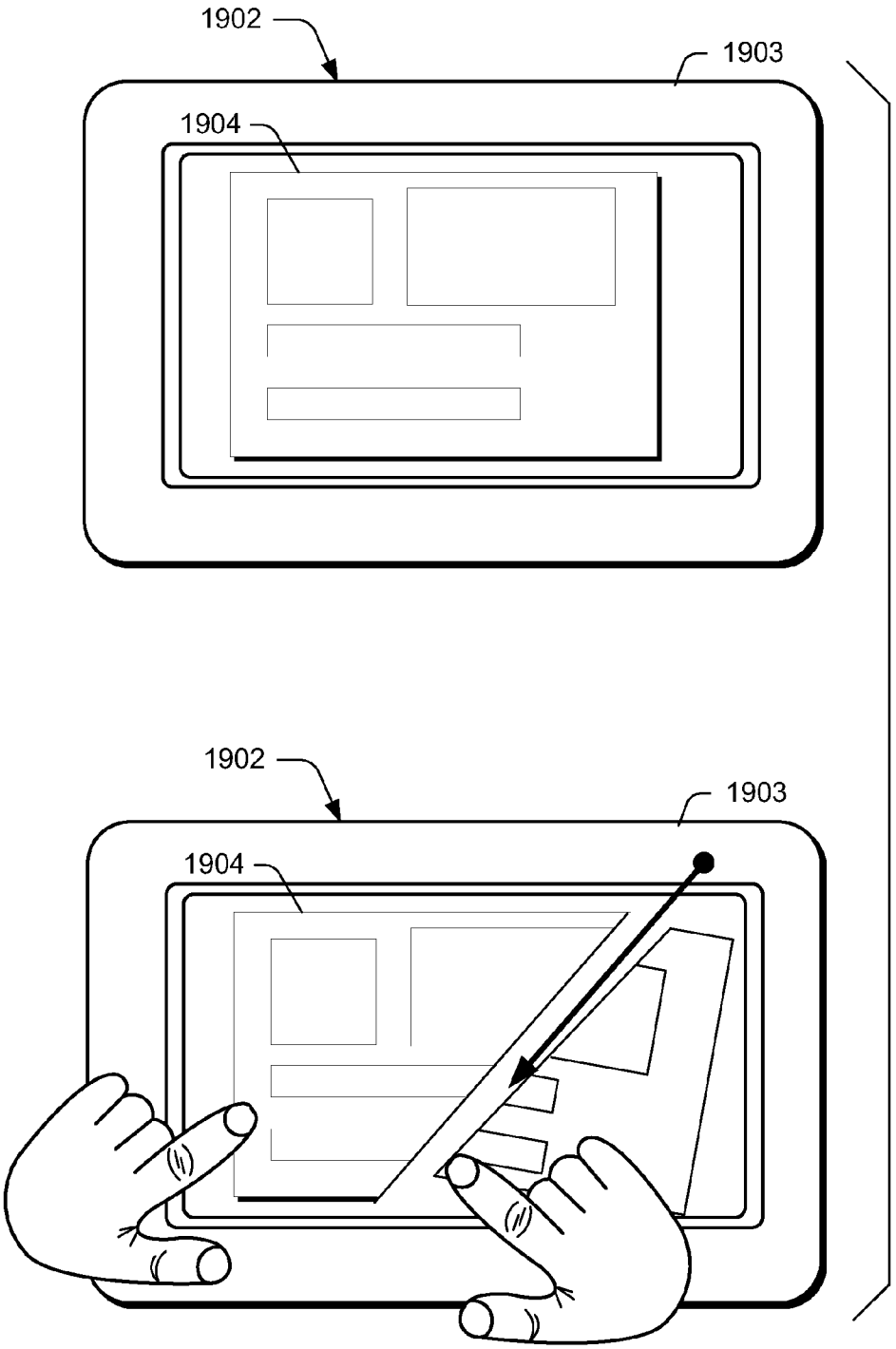


Fig. 19

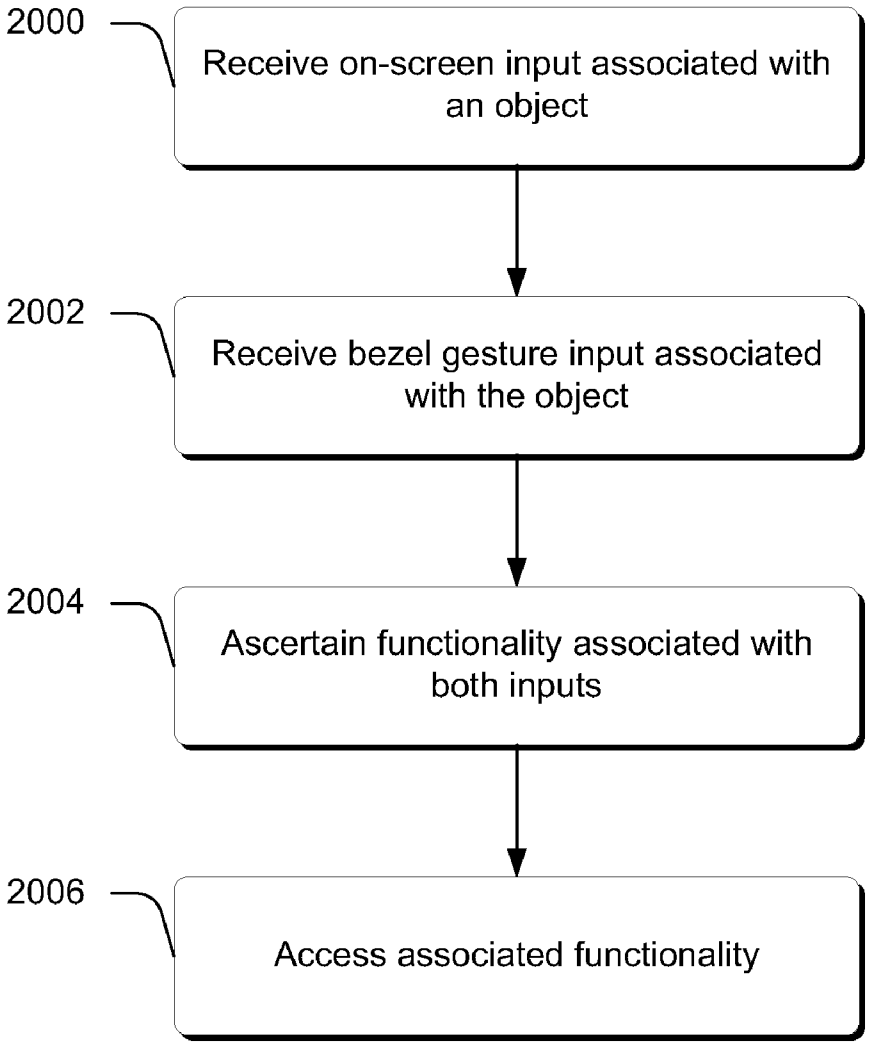

2000
Receive on-screen input associated with an object
2002
Receive bezel gesture input associated with the object
2004
Ascertain functionality associated with both inputs
2006
Access associated functionality

Fig. 20

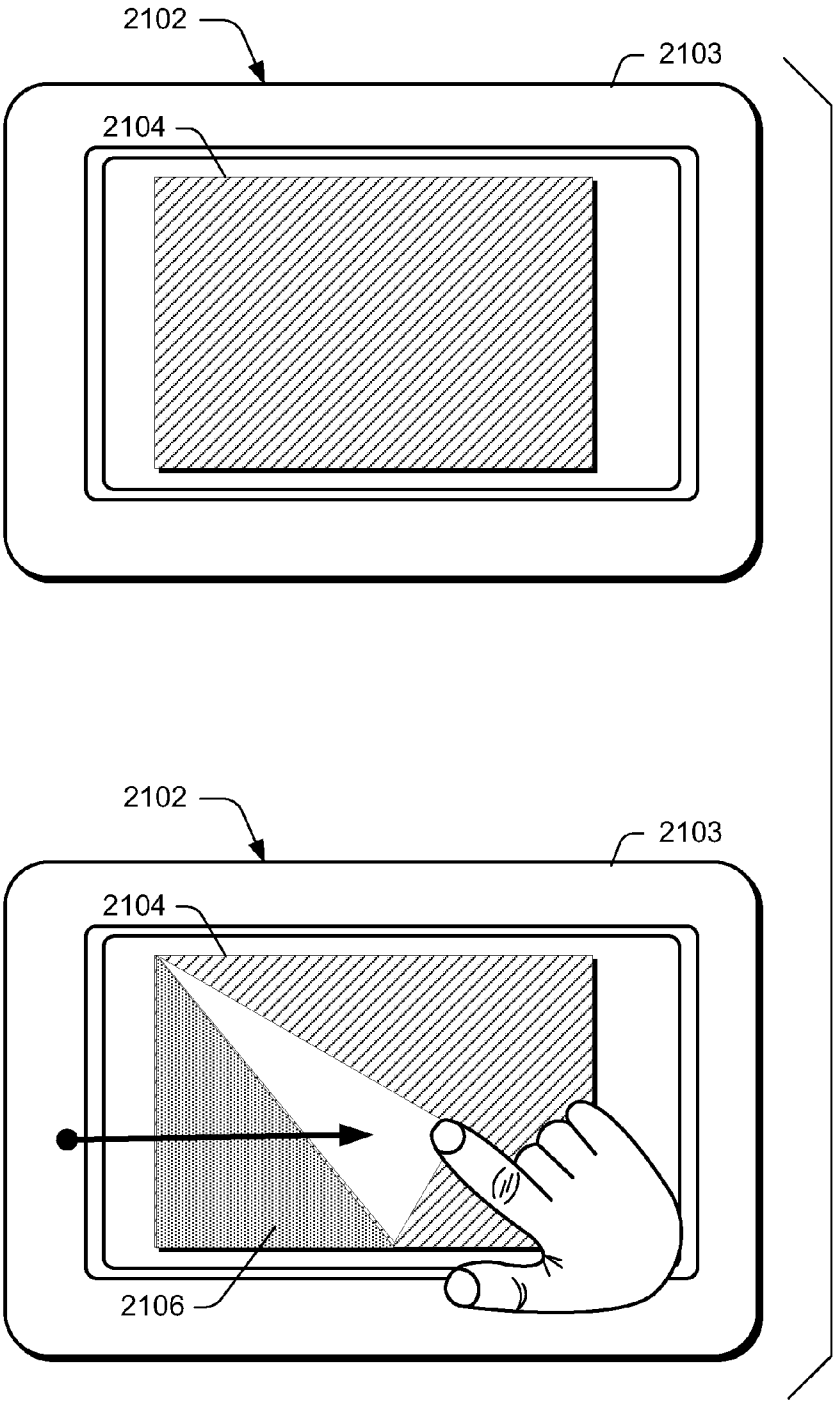


Fig. 21

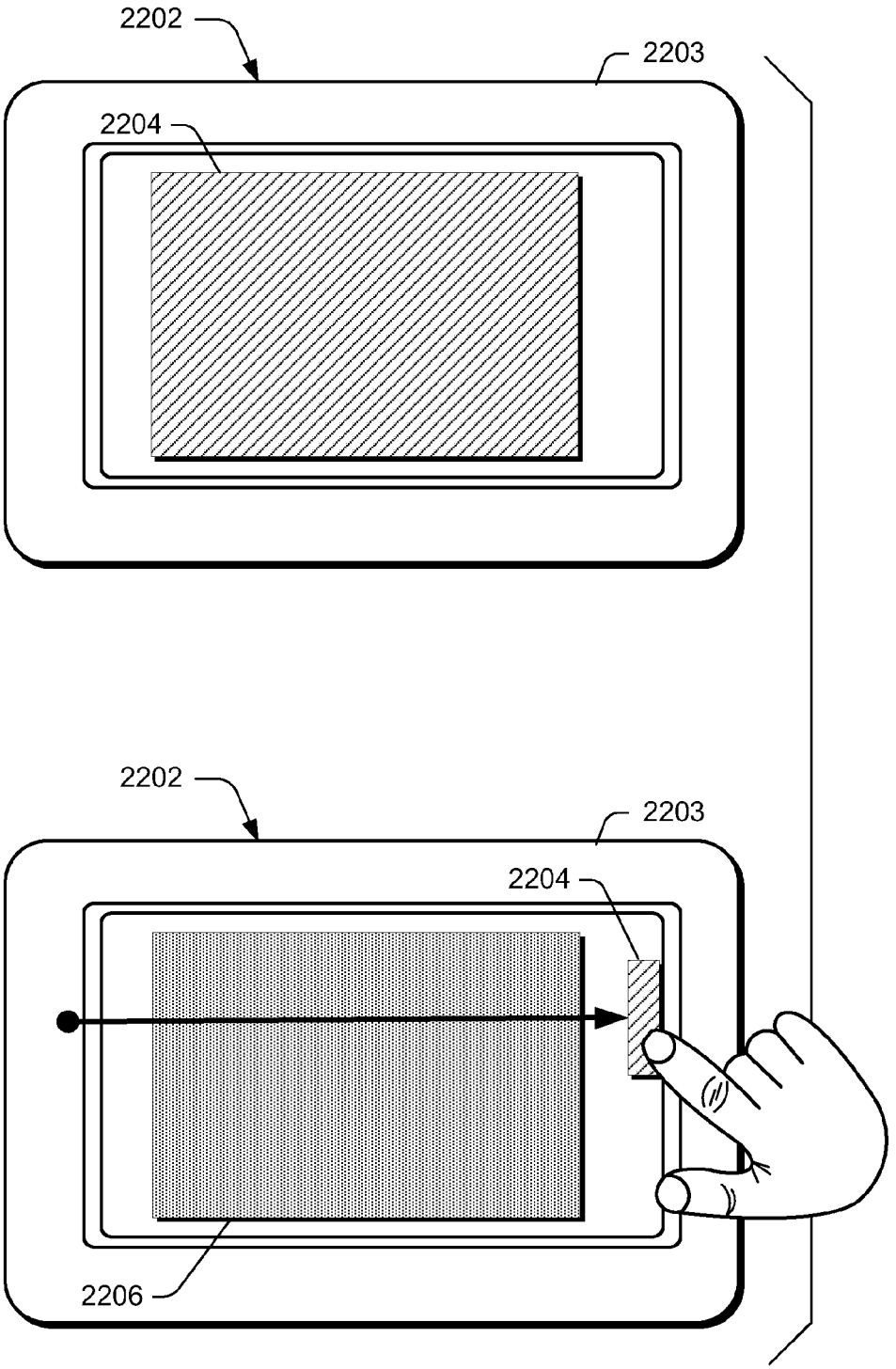
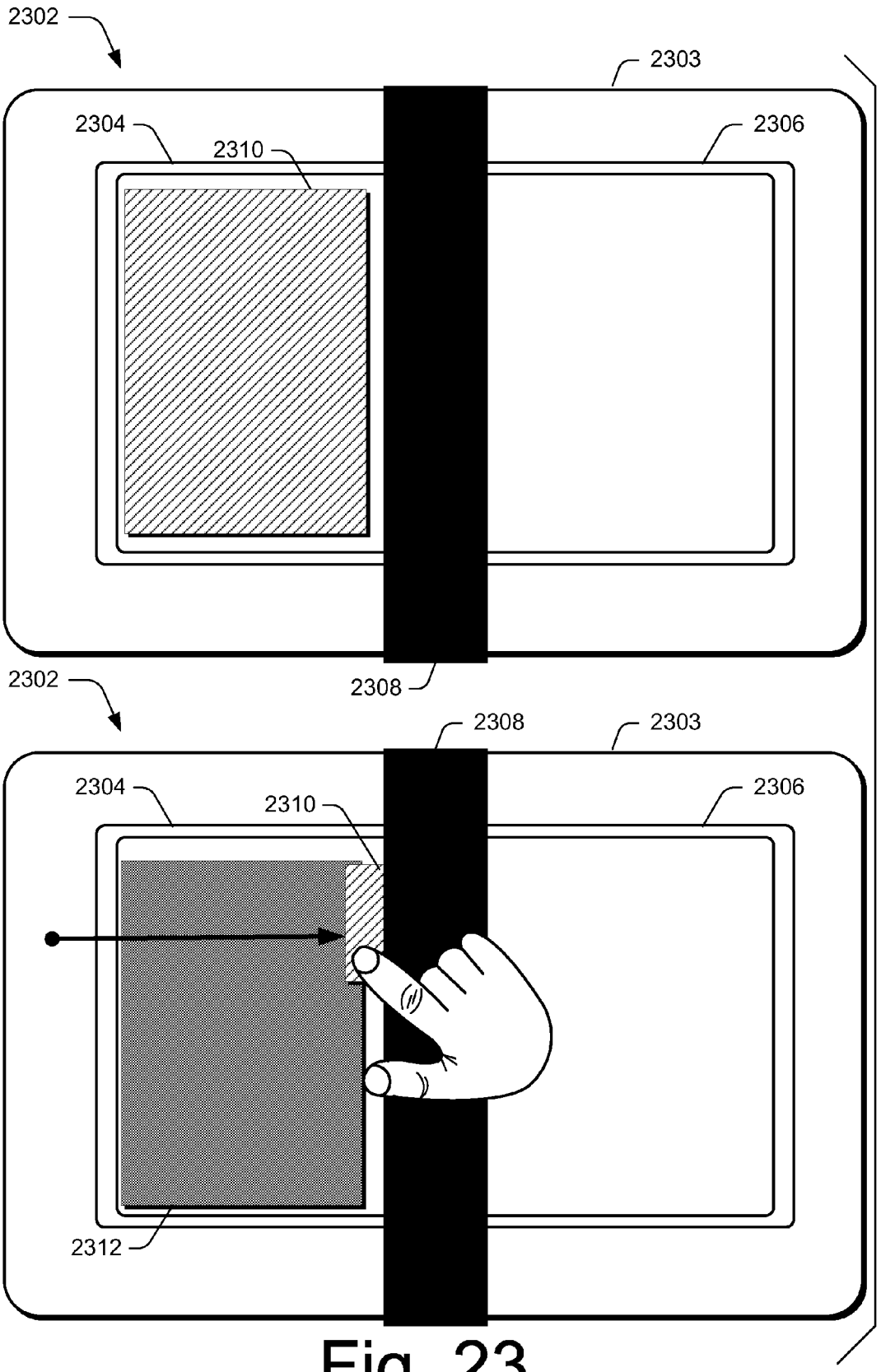


Fig. 22


2302
2303
2304
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2306
2308
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2306
2312

Fig. 23

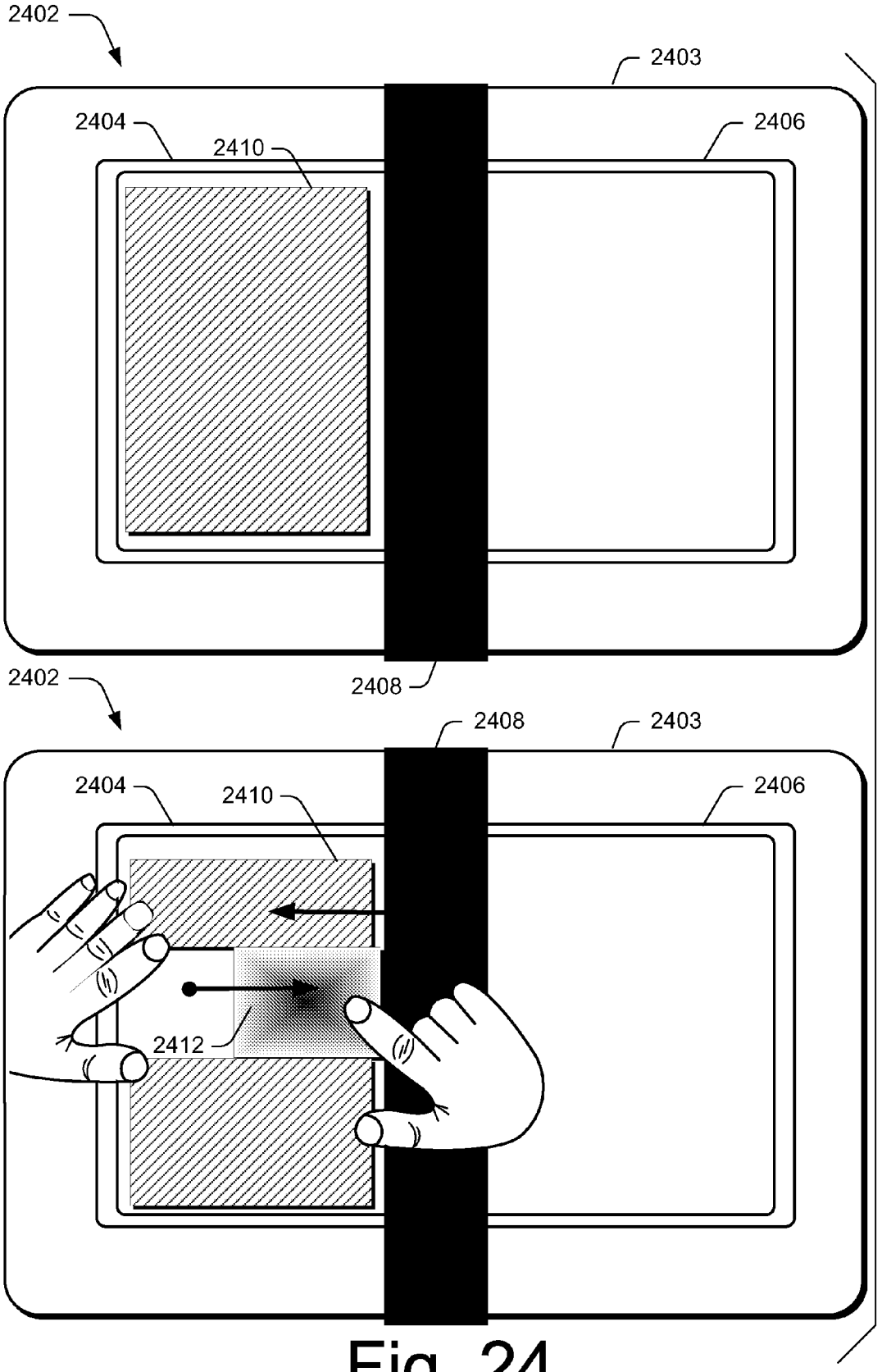
2402
2403
2404
2410
2406
2408
2402
2408
2403
2404
2410
2406
2412

Fig. 24

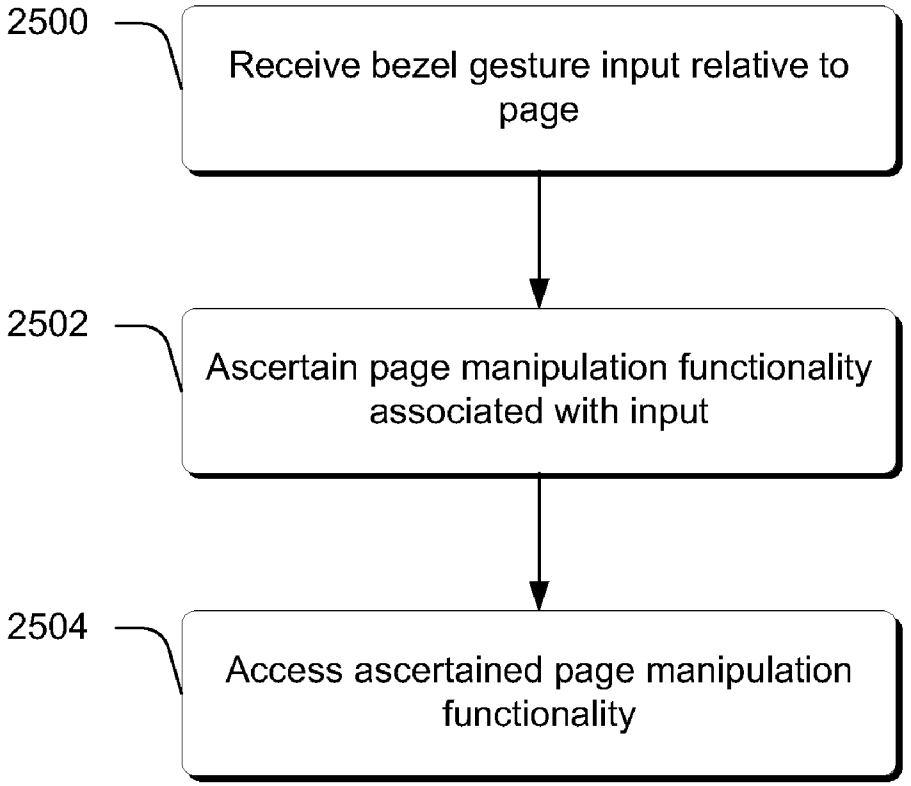
2500
Receive bezel gesture input relative to page
2502
Ascertain page manipulation functionality associated with input
2504
Access ascertained page manipulation functionality

Fig. 25

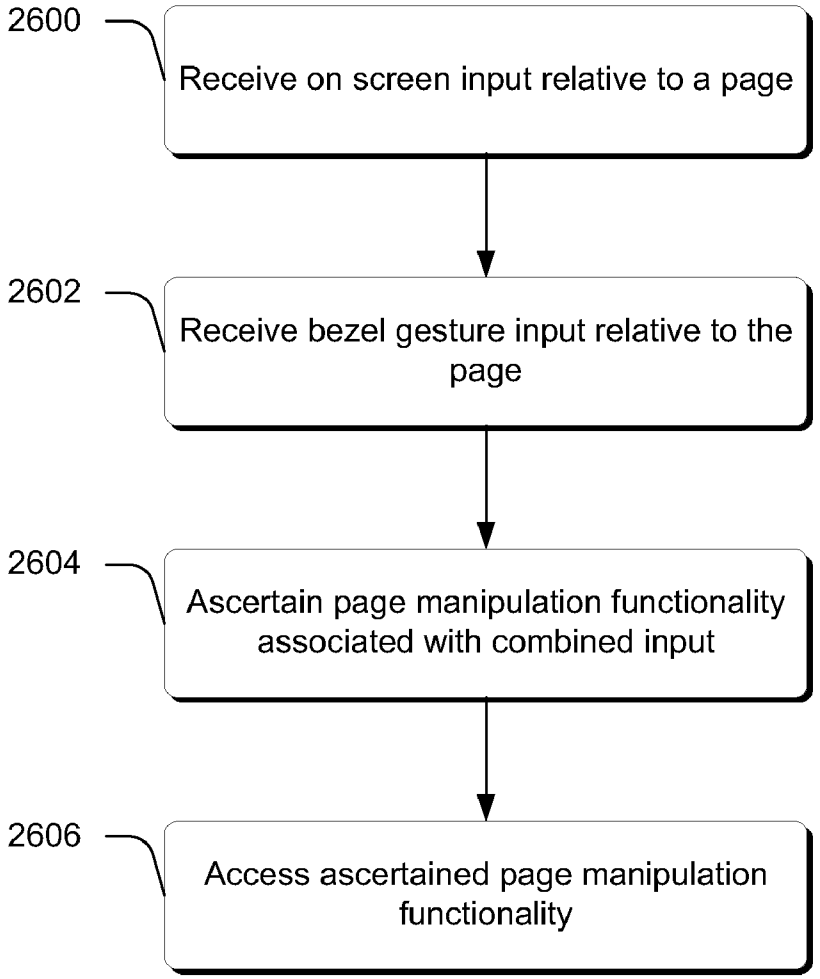
2600
Receive on screen input relative to a page
2602
Receive bezel gesture input relative to the page
2604
Ascertain page manipulation functionality associated with combined input
2606
Access ascertained page manipulation functionality

Fig. 26

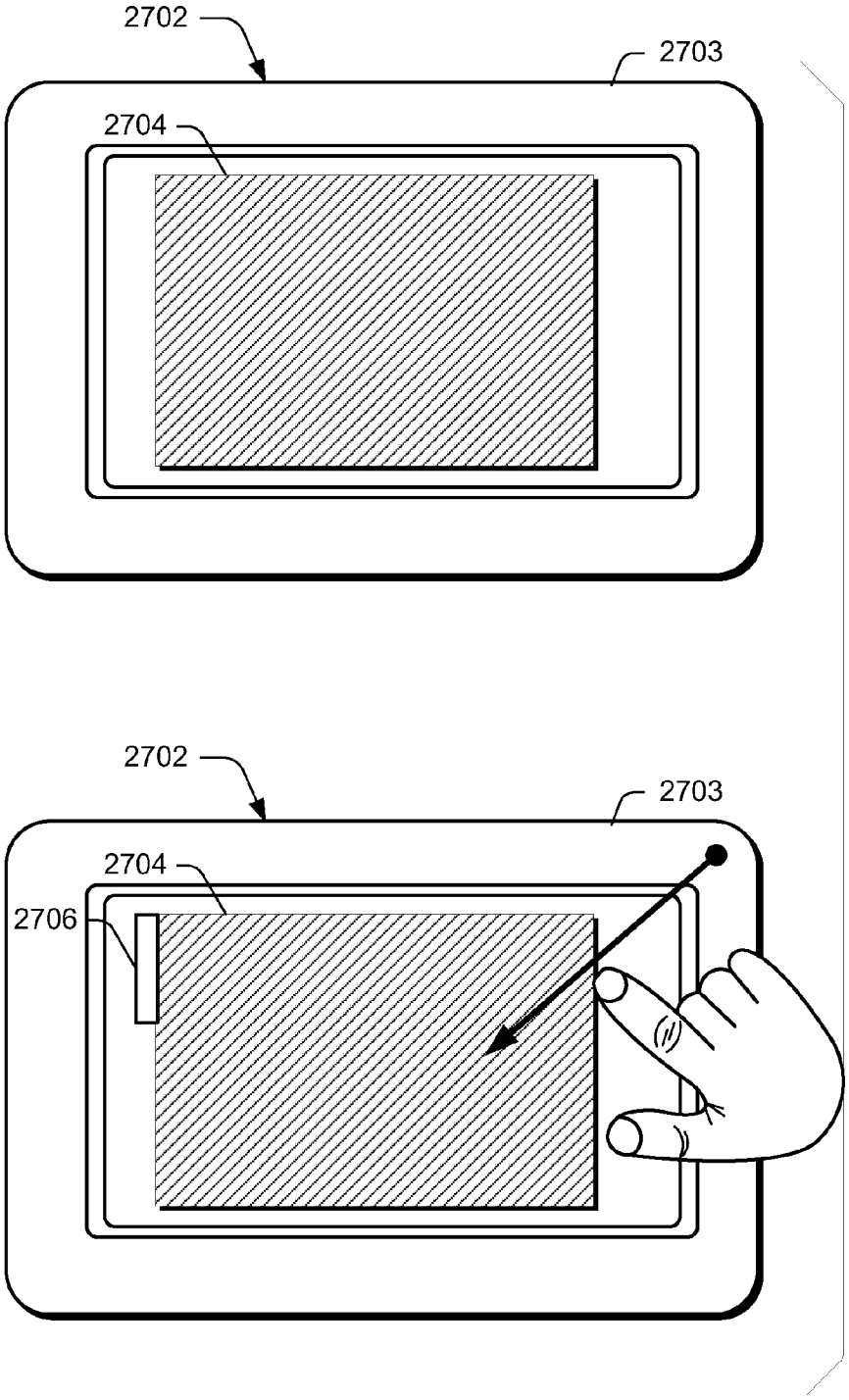

Fig. 27

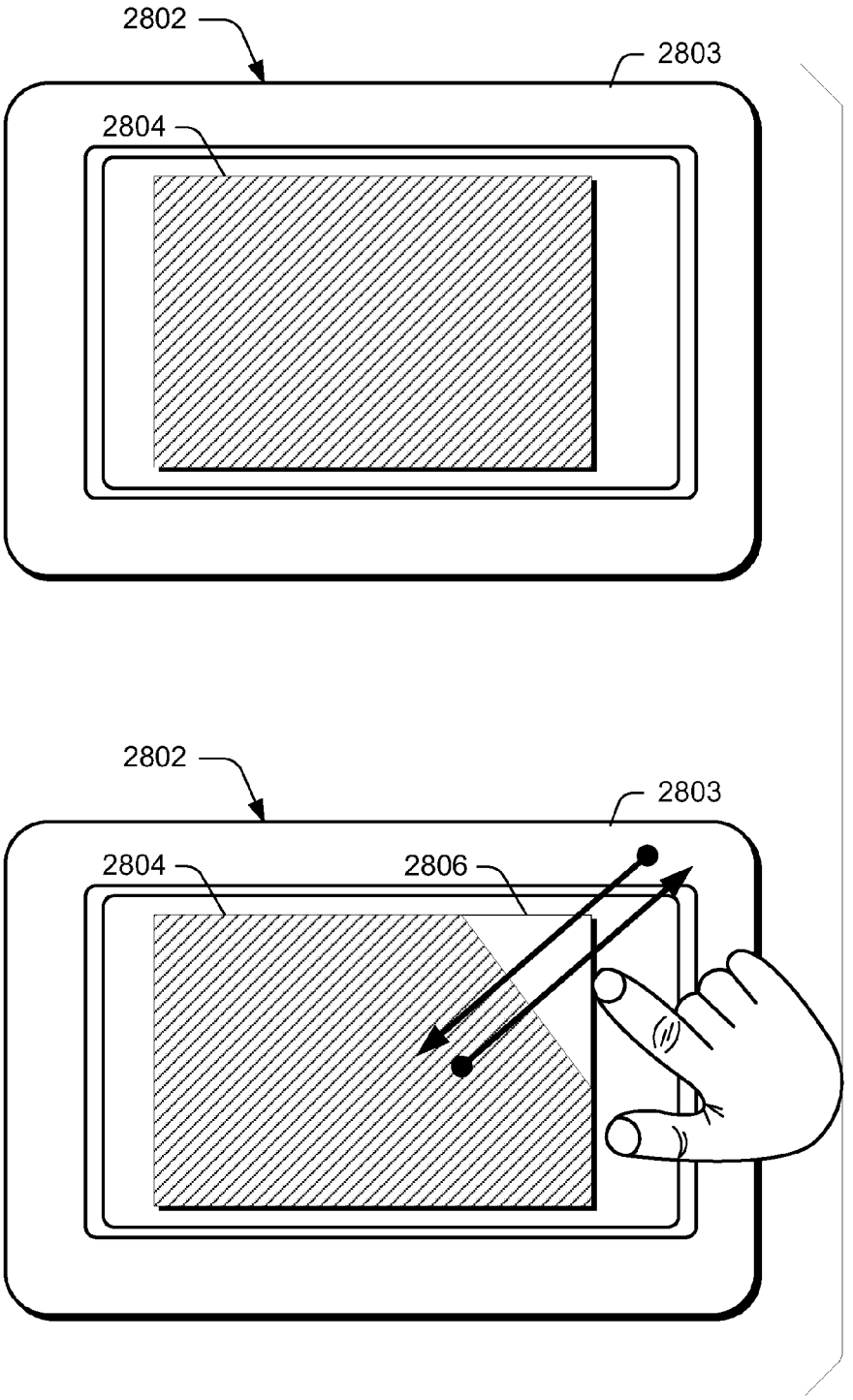

Fig. 28

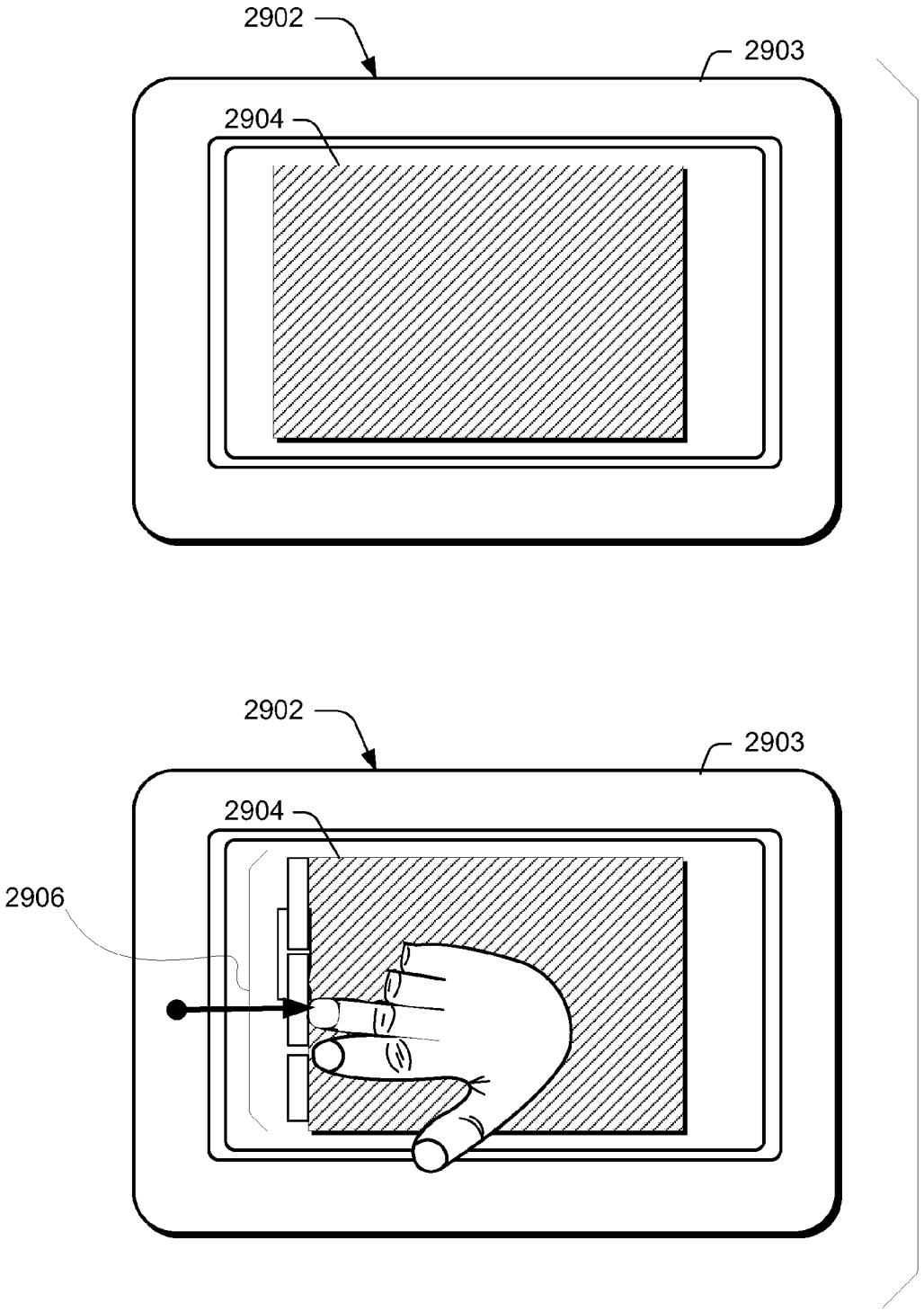

Fig. 29

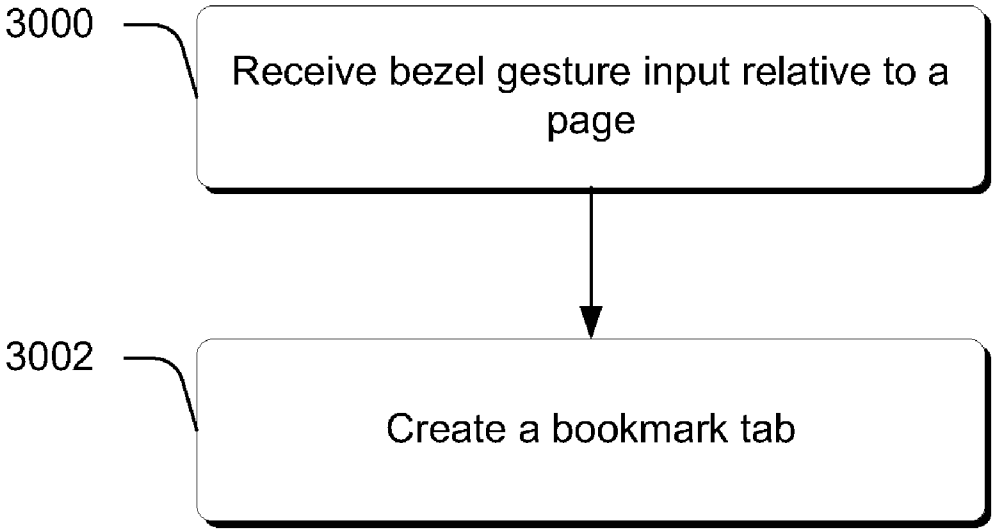
3000
Receive bezel gesture input relative to a page
3002
Create a bookmark tab

Fig. 30

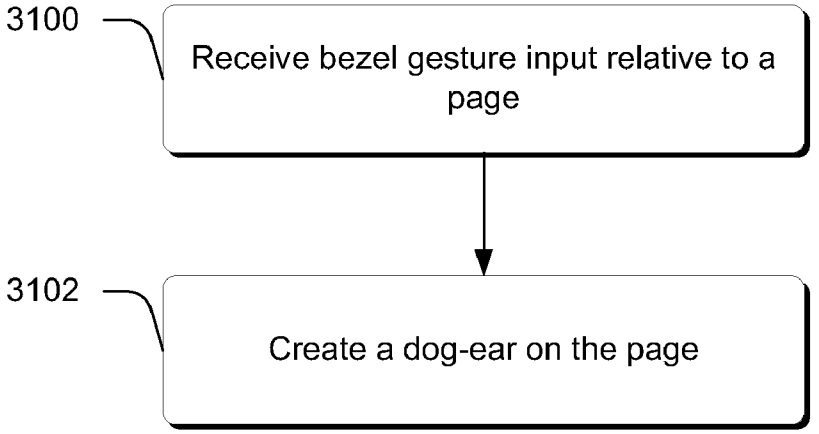
3100
Receive bezel gesture input relative to a page
3102
Create a dog-ear on the page

Fig. 31

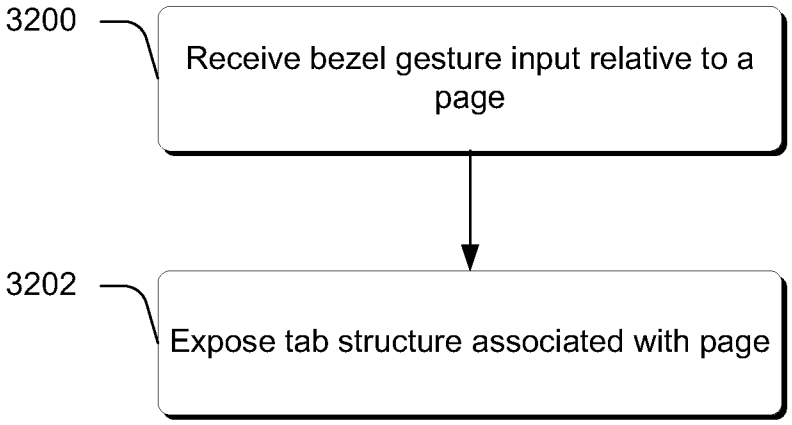
3200
Receive bezel gesture input relative to a page
3202
Expose tab structure associated with page

Fig. 32

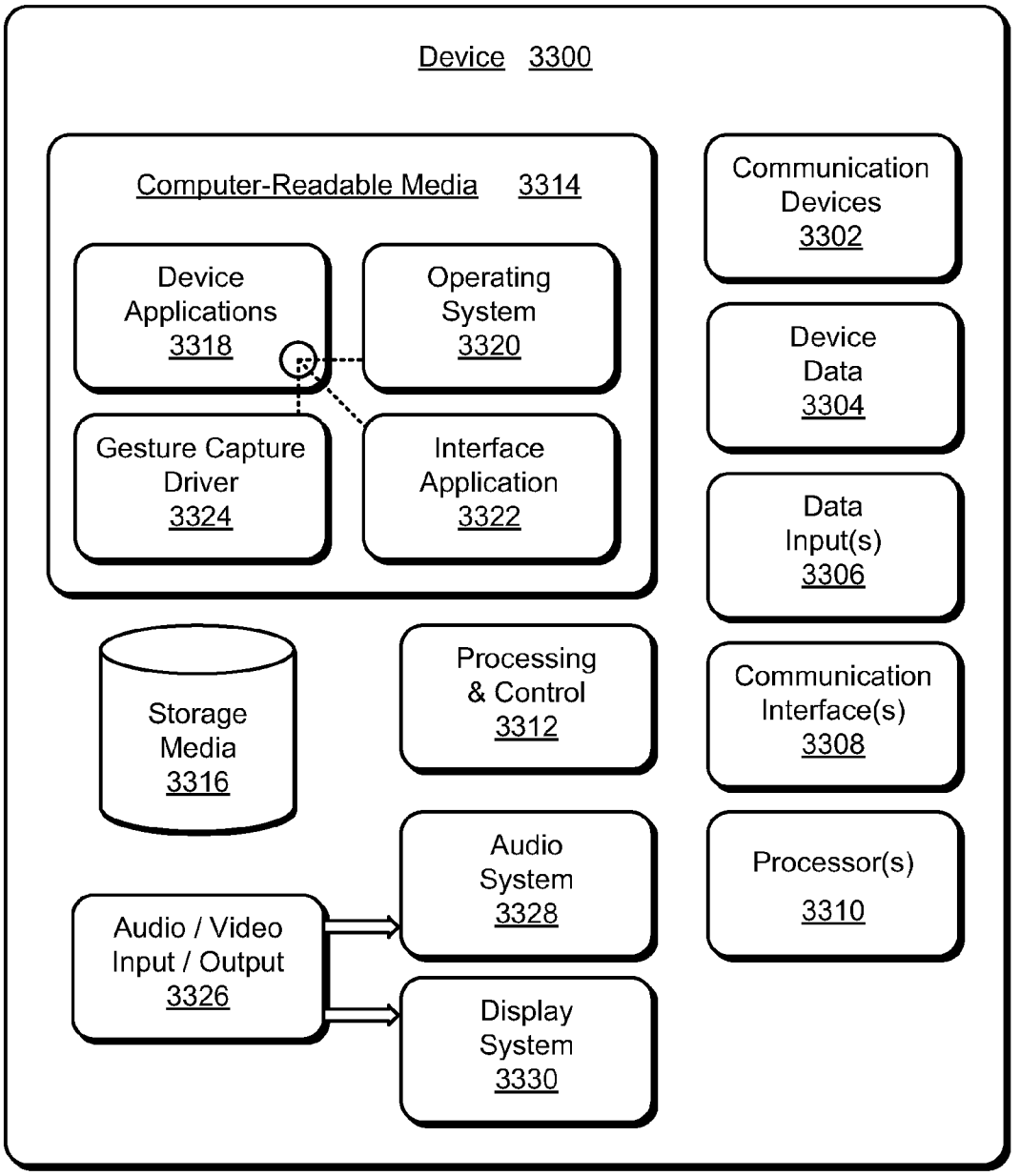
Device 3300
Computer-Readable Media 3314
Device Applications 3318
Operating System 3320
Gesture Capture Driver 3324
Interface Application 3322
Communication Devices 3302
Device Data 3304
Data Input(s) 3306
Storage Media 3316
Processing & Control 3312
Communication Interface(s) 3308
Audio System 3328
Processor(s) 3310
Audio / Video Input / Output 3326
Display System 3330

Fig. 33

RADIAL MENUS WITH BEZEL GESTURES

BACKGROUND

[0001] One of the challenges that continues to face designers of devices having user-engageable displays, such as touch displays, pertains to providing enhanced functionality for users, without necessarily permanently manifesting the functionality as part of the "chrome" of a device's user interface. This is so, not only with devices having larger or multiple screens, but also in the context of devices having a smaller footprint, such as tablet PCs, hand-held devices, smaller multi-screen devices and the like.

SUMMARY

[0002] This Summary is provided to introduce a selection of concepts in a simplified form that are further described below in the Detailed Description. This Summary is not intended to identify key features or essential features of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended to be used as an aid in determining the scope of the claimed subject matter.

[0003] Bezel gestures for touch displays are described. In at least some embodiments, the bezel of a device is used to extend functionality that is accessible through the use of so-called bezel gestures. In at least some embodiments, off-screen motion can be used, by virtue of the bezel, to create screen input through a bezel gesture. Bezel gestures can include single-finger bezel gestures, multiple-finger/same-hand bezel gestures, and/or multiple-finger, different-hand bezel gestures.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] The detailed description is described with reference to the accompanying figures. In the figures, the left-most digit(s) of a reference number identifies the figure in which the reference number first appears. The use of the same reference numbers in different instances in the description and the figures may indicate similar or identical items.

[0005] FIG. **1** is an illustration of an environment in an example implementation in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0006] FIG. **2** is an illustration of a system in an example implementation showing FIG. **1** in greater detail.

[0007] FIG. **3** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0008] FIG. **4** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0009] FIG. **5** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0010] FIG. **6** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0011] FIG. **7** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0012] FIG. **8** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0013] FIG. **9** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0014] FIG. **10** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0015] FIG. **11** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0016] FIG. **12** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0017] FIG. **13** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0018] FIG. **14** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0019] FIG. **15** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0020] FIG. **16** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0021] FIG. **17** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0022] FIG. **18** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0023] FIG. **19** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0024] FIG. **20** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0025] FIG. **21** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0026] FIG. **22** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0027] FIG. **23** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0028] FIG. **24** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0029] FIG. **25** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0030] FIG. **26** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0031] FIG. **27** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0032] FIG. **28** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0033] FIG. **29** illustrates an example computing device in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0034] FIG. **30** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0035] FIG. **31** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0036] FIG. **32** is a flow diagram that describes the steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments.

[0037] FIG. **33** illustrates an example computing device that can be utilized to implement various embodiments described herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0038] Overview

[0039] Bezel gestures for touch displays are described. In at least some embodiments, the bezel of a device is used to extend functionality that is accessible through the use of so-called bezel gestures. In at least some embodiments, off-screen motion can be used, by virtue of the bezel, to create screen input through a bezel gesture. Bezel gestures can include single-finger bezel gestures, multiple-finger/same-hand bezel gestures, and/or multiple-finger, different-hand bezel gestures.

[0040] In the following discussion, a variety of different implementations are described that involve bezel gestures, or gestures associated with bezel gestures, to initiate and/or implement functions on a computing device. In this way, a user may readily access enhanced functions of a computing device in an efficient and intuitive manner.

[0041] In the following discussion, an example environment is first described that is operable to employ the gesture techniques described herein. Example illustrations of the ges-

tures and procedures are then described, which may be employed in the example environment, as well as in other environments. Accordingly, the example environment is not limited to performing the example gestures and the gestures are not limited to implementation in the example environment.

[0042] Example Environment

[0043] FIG. **1** is an illustration of an environment **100** in an example implementation that is operable to employ bezel gestures and other techniques described herein. The illustrated environment **100** includes an example of a computing device **102** that may be configured in a variety of ways. For example, the computing device **102** may be configured as a traditional computer (e.g., a desktop personal computer, laptop computer, and so on), a mobile station, an entertainment appliance, a set-top box communicatively coupled to a television, a wireless phone, a netbook, a game console, a hand-held device, and so forth as further described in relation to FIG. **2**. Thus, the computing device **102** may range from full resource devices with substantial memory and processor resources (e.g., personal computers, game consoles) to a low-resource device with limited memory and/or processing resources (e.g., traditional set-top boxes, hand-held game consoles). The computing device **102** also includes software that causes the computing device **102** to perform one or more operations as described below.

[0044] Computing device **102** includes a bezel **103** that forms part of the device's housing. The bezel is made up of the frame structure adjacent the device's display, also referred to as display device **108** below. Computing device **102** includes a gesture module **104** and a bezel gesture module **105** that forms part of the gesture module **104**. The gesture modules can be implemented in connection with any suitable type of hardware, software, firmware or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the gesture modules are implemented in software that resides on some type of tangible, computer-readable medium examples of which are provided below.

[0045] Gesture module **104** and bezel gesture module **105** are representative of functionality that recognizes gestures and bezel gestures, respectively, and causes operations to be performed that correspond to the gestures. The gestures may be recognized by modules **104**, **105** in a variety of different ways. For example, the gesture module **104** may be configured to recognize a touch input, such as a finger of a user's hand **106***a* as proximal to display device **108** of the computing device **102** using touchscreen functionality. In addition, bezel gesture module **105** can be configured to recognize a touch input, such as a finger of a user's hand **106***b*, that initiates a gesture on or adjacent bezel **103** and proceeds onto display device **108**. Any suitable technology can be utilized to sense an input on or adjacent bezel **103**. For example, in at least some embodiments, the digitizer or sensing elements associated with display device **108** can extend underneath bezel **103**. In this instance, technologies such as capacitive field technologies, as well as others, can be utilized to sense the user's input on or adjacent to the bezel **103**.

[0046] Alternately or additionally, in embodiments in which display device **108** does not extend underneath bezel **103**, but rather lies flush with the bezel, bezel gesture module **105** can detect the changing contact profile of the user's finger as it emerges onto display device **108** from bezel **103**. Alternately or additionally, approaches that utilize the centroid of the user's touch profile can be utilized to detect a changing centroid contact profile that is suggestive of a bezel gesture. Further, techniques for fingerprint sensing can be employed. Specifically, if the sensing substrate is sensitive enough to determine ridges of the finger or fingers contacting the display, then the orientation of the finger(s) as well as the fact that the fingerprint is clipped by the bezel can be detected. Needless to say, any number of different techniques can be utilized to sense a user's input relative to the bezel **103**. The touch input may also be recognized as including attributes (e.g., movement, selection point, etc.) that are usable to differentiate the touch input from other touch inputs recognized by the gesture modules **104**, **105**. This differentiation may then serve as a basis to identify a gesture from the touch inputs and consequently an operation that is to be performed based on identification of the gesture. This yields the general benefit that gestures that start from the bezel and enter onto the screen are, in general, distinguishable from other ostensibly similar gestures that access on-screen content, since there is no reason for users to position their fingers starting partially or fully off-screen if their intent is to interact with something on the screen. Hence, normal direct manipulative gestures, even for objects near the screen boundaries, are still possible and do not interfere with bezel gestures and vice versa.

[0047] For example, a finger of the user's hand **106***a* is illustrated as selecting **110** an image **112** displayed by the display device **108**. Selection **110** of the image **112** and subsequent movement of the finger of the user's hand **106***a* may be recognized by the gesture module **104**. The gesture module **104** may then identify this recognized movement as indicating a "drag and drop" operation to change a location of the image **112** to a point in the display at which the finger of the user's hand **106***a* was lifted away from the display device **108**. Thus, recognition of the touch input that describes selection of the image, movement of the selection point to another location, and then lifting of the finger of the user's hand **106***a* may be used to identify a gesture (e.g., drag-and-drop gesture) that is to initiate the drag-and-drop operation.

[0048] A variety of different types of gestures may be recognized by the gesture modules **104**, **105** such as gestures that are recognized from a single type of input (e.g., touch gestures such as the previously described drag-and-drop gesture) as well as gestures involving multiple types of inputs. For example, modules **104**, **105** can be utilized to recognize single-finger gestures and bezel gestures, multiple-finger/same-hand gestures and bezel gestures, and/or multiple-finger/different-hand gestures and bezel gestures.

[0049] For example, the computing device **102** may be configured to detect and differentiate between a touch input (e.g., provided by one or more fingers of the user's hand **106***a*, **106***b*) and a stylus input (e.g., provided by a stylus **116**). The differentiation may be performed in a variety of ways, such as by detecting an amount of the display device **108** that is contacted by the finger of the user's hand **106** versus an amount of the display device **108** that is contacted by the stylus **116**.

[0050] Thus, the gesture modules **104**, **105** may support a variety of different gesture techniques through recognition and leverage of a division between stylus and touch inputs, as well as different types of touch inputs.

[0051] Accordingly, the gesture modules **104**, **105** may support a variety of different gestures. Examples of gestures described herein include a single-finger gesture **118**, a single-finger bezel gesture **120**, a multiple-finger/same-hand gesture **122**, a multiple-finger/same-hand bezel gesture **124**, a mul-

tiple-finger/different hand gesture **126**, and a multiple-finger/different-hand bezel gesture **128**. Each of these different types of bezel gestures is described below.

[0052] FIG. **2** illustrates an example system showing the gesture module **104** and bezel gesture module **105** of FIG. **1** as being implemented in an environment where multiple devices are interconnected through a central computing device. The central computing device may be local to the multiple devices or may be located remotely from the multiple devices. In one embodiment, the central computing device is a "cloud" server farm, which comprises one or more server computers that are connected to the multiple devices through a network or the Internet or other means.

[0053] In one embodiment, this interconnection architecture enables functionality to be delivered across multiple devices to provide a common and seamless experience to the user of the multiple devices. Each of the multiple devices may have different physical requirements and capabilities, and the central computing device uses a platform to enable the delivery of an experience to the device that is both tailored to the device and yet common to all devices. In one embodiment, a "class" of target device is created and experiences are tailored to the generic class of devices. A class of device may be defined by physical features or usage or other common characteristics of the devices. For example, as previously described the computing device **102** may be configured in a variety of different ways, such as for mobile **202**, computer **204**, and television **206** uses. Each of these configurations has a generally corresponding screen size and thus the computing device **102** may be configured as one of these device classes in this example system **200**. For instance, the computing device **102** may assume the mobile **202** class of device which includes mobile telephones, music players, game devices, and so on. The computing device **102** may also assume a computer **204** class of device that includes personal computers, laptop computers, netbooks, and so on. The television **206** configuration includes configurations of device that involve display in a casual environment, e.g., televisions, set-top boxes, game consoles, and so on. Thus, the techniques described herein are may be supported by these various configurations of the computing device **102** and are not limited to the specific examples described in the following sections.

[0054] Cloud **208** is illustrated as including a platform **210** for web services **212**. The platform **210** abstracts underlying functionality of hardware (e.g., servers) and software resources of the cloud **208** and thus may act as a "cloud operating system." For example, the platform **210** may abstract resources to connect the computing device **102** with other computing devices. The platform **210** may also serve to abstract scaling of resources to provide a corresponding level of scale to encountered demand for the web services **212** that are implemented via the platform **210**. A variety of other examples are also contemplated, such as load balancing of servers in a server farm, protection against malicious parties (e.g., spam, viruses, and other malware), and so on.

[0055] Thus, the cloud **208** is included as a part of the strategy that pertains to software and hardware resources that are made available to the computing device **102** via the Internet or other networks. For example, the gesture modules **104**, **105** may be implemented in part on the computing device **102** as well as via a platform **210** that supports web services **212**.

[0056] For example, the gesture techniques supported by the gesture modules may be detected using touchscreen functionality in the mobile configuration **202**, track pad functionality of the computer **204** configuration, detected by a camera as part of support of a natural user interface (NUI) that does not involve contact with a specific input device, and so on. Further, performance of the operations to detect and recognize the inputs to identify a particular gesture may be distributed throughout the system **200**, such as by the computing device **102** and/or the web services **212** supported by the platform **210** of the cloud **208**.

[0057] Generally, any of the functions described herein can be implemented using software, firmware, hardware (e.g., fixed logic circuitry), manual processing, or a combination of these implementations. The terms "module," "functionality," and "logic" as used herein generally represent software, firmware, hardware, or a combination thereof. In the case of a software implementation, the module, functionality, or logic represents program code that performs specified tasks when executed on a processor (e.g., CPU or CPUs). The program code can be stored in one or more computer readable memory devices. The features of the gesture techniques described below are platform-independent, meaning that the techniques may be implemented on a variety of commercial computing platforms having a variety of processors.

[0058] In the discussion that follows, various sections describe example bezel gestures and gestures associated with bezel gestures. A first section entitled "Use of Bezel as an Input Mechanism" describes embodiments in which a computing device's bezel can be used as an input mechanism. Following this, a section entitled "Using Off-Screen Motion to Create On-Screen Input" describes how a motion away from a device's screen can be utilized, through gestures, to create on-screen input. Next, a section entitled "Use of Multiple Fingers for Gesturing" describes how multiple fingers can be utilized to provide gestural input. Following this section, a section entitled "Radial Menus" describes embodiments in which radial menus can be utilized to provide a robust collection of input options. Next, a section entitled "On and Off Screen Gestures and Combinations—Page/Object Manipulation" describes various types of gestures and combinations that can be utilized to manipulate pages and/or objects. Last, a section entitled "Example Device" describes aspects of an example device that can be utilized to implement one or more embodiments.

[0059] Use of Bezel as an Input Mechanism

[0060] In one or more embodiments, the bezel of a device can be utilized as an input mechanism. For example, in instances in which the display device extends under the bezel, a user's finger or other input mechanism can be sensed when it hovers over or physically engages the bezel. Alternately or additionally, the bezel can include sensing mechanisms, such as infrared mechanisms as well as others, that sense a user's finger or other input mechanism hovering over or physically engaging the bezel. Any combination of inputs relative to the bezel can be used. For example, to provide various inputs to the device, the bezel can be tapped one or more times, held, slid over, hovered over and/or any combination of these or other inputs.

[0061] As an example, consider the following. Many selection, manipulation, and context menu activation schemes utilize a distinction between a device's background canvas and objects that appear on the canvas. Using the bezel as an input mechanism can provide a way to access a page in the background canvas, even if the page itself is covered by many closely-spaced objects. For example, tapping on the bezel may provide a mechanism to deselect all objects. Holding on

the bezel could be used to trigger a context menu on the page. As an example, consider FIG. **3** which illustrates an example environment **300** that includes a computing device **302** having a bezel **303** and a display device **308**. In this instance, a finger on user's hand **306***a* is tapping on bezel **303**. By tapping on the bezel, the user's input is sensed and an associated functionality that is mapped to the input can be provided. In the above example, such functionality might deselect all objects appearing on display device **308**. In addition, input can be received at different locations on the bezel and can be mapped to different functionality. For example, input received on the right side of the bezel might be mapped to a first functionality; input received on the left side of the bezel might be mapped to a second functionality and so on. Furthermore, input received in different regions of a bezel side might be mapped to different functionality or to no functionality at all depending on the orientation of the device and how the user is holding it. Some bezel edges may be left unassigned or may be insensitive to touch-and-hold, so that inadvertent operations will not be triggered. Thus, any one particular side of the bezel might be utilized to receive input and, accordingly map that input to different functionality depending on what region of the bezel receives the input. It is to be appreciated and understood that input received via the bezel can be received independent of any input received via hardware input devices, such as buttons, track balls, and other instrumentalities that might be located on an associated device. Further, in at least some embodiments, input received via the bezel can be the only user input that is utilized to ascertain and access a particular functionality. For example, input received solely on the bezel can provide the basis by which device functionality can be accessed. Further, in some embodiments, orientation sensors (e.g. accelerometers) may be used as an input to help decide which bezel edges are active. In some embodiments quick, intentional tap remains available, but only touch and hold is ignored to differentiate from simply holding the device with a finger that happens to be resting on the bezel.

[0062] Alternately or additionally, in at least some embodiments, a visual affordance can be utilized to provide a hint or indication of accessible functionality associated with the bezel. Specifically, a visual affordance can be utilized to indicate functionality that is accessible by virtue of a bezel gesture. Any suitable type of visual affordance can be utilized. As an example, consider again FIG. **3**. There, a visual affordance in the form of a semi-transparent strip **304** provides an indication that additional functionality can be accessed through utilization of a bezel gesture. The visual affordance can take any suitable form and can be located at any suitable location on display device **308**. Furthermore, the visual affordance can be exposed in any suitable way. For example, in at least some embodiments, input received via the bezel can be used to expose or display the visual affordance. Specifically, in at least some embodiments, a "peek out" visual affordance can be presented responsive to detecting a hover over, or a physical engagement of the device's bezel. The "peek out" visual affordance can, in at least some embodiments, be deselected by the user such that the "peek out" is hidden.

[0063] In this particular example, the additional functionality associated with semi-transparent strip **304** resides in the form of a so-called bezel menu which is accessible using a bezel gesture. Specifically, in one or more embodiments, the bezel menu can be accessed through a gesture in which a finger of user's hand **306***b* touches the bezel and then moves across the bezel and onto the display device **308** in the direction of the illustrated arrow. This can allow the bezel menu to be dropped down as will be described in more detail below.

[0064] Accordingly, various embodiments can use the bezel itself as an input mechanism, as in the first example above. Alternately or additionally, various other embodiments can use the bezel in connection with a visual affordance that provides a clue to the user that additional functionality can be accessed by virtue of a bezel gesture.

[0065] FIG. **4** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0066] Step **400** receives an input associated with a bezel. Any suitable type of input can be received, examples of which are provided above. Step **402** accesses functionality associated with the received input. Any suitable type of functionality can be accessed. By virtue of providing a variety of different types of recognizable inputs (e.g., taps, tap combinations, tap/hold combinations, slides, etc), and mapping those recognizable inputs to different types of functionalities, a robust collection of user input mechanisms can be provided.

[0067] FIG. **5** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0068] Step **500** displays a visual affordance on a display device associated with a computing device. Any suitable type of visual affordance can be utilized, an example of which is provided above. Step **502** receives a bezel gesture input relative to the visual affordance. Any suitable type of bezel gesture input can be utilized. Step **504** accesses functionality associated with the received bezel gesture input. Any suitable type of functionality can be accessed, an example of which is provided above and described in more detail below.

[0069] Having considered examples in which the bezel can be used as an input mechanism, consider now various embodiments that can utilize off-screen or off-display motion to create screen or display input.

[0070] Using Off-Screen Motion to Create On-Screen Input

[0071] In at least some embodiments, off-screen to on-screen motion (or vice versa) can be utilized as a mechanism to expose a menu or to access some other type of functionality. The off-screen motion or input can be provided, as indicated above, relative to the device's bezel. Any suitable type of bezel gesture input can be provided in order to effectuate the off-screen to on-screen motion. For example, bezel gestures or inputs can, by way of example and not limitation, start or end on the bezel, cross or recross the bezel, cross at different locations of the bezel (e.g., the corners, or particular ranges of coordinates along a particular edge), and/or occur on one or more bezels associated with multiple screens (with the possibility of different semantics depending on the screen or edge thereof). Further, bezel inputs can include, by way of example and not limitation, a single-contact drag (finger or

pen), two-contact drag (two fingers), and/or a hand-contact drag (multiple fingers/whole hand/multiple or single fingers on different hands). For example, pinch gestures from off-screen space (i.e. originating on the bezel) can be utilized and mapped to different functionalities. For example, bezel gestures with multiple contacts entering from different edges of the screen can have different semantics. Specifically, two fingers entering from adjacent edges of the bezel (i.e. spanning a corner) might be mapped to a zoom out operation that zooms out on a page to show an extended workspace or canvas. Two fingers entering from opposite edges, with either one hand (if the screen is small enough), or two hands (one finger from each hand) can be mapped to a different functionality. Multiple fingers entering on one edge of the bezel and one finger entering from an adjacent or opposite edge of the bezel might be mapped to a different functionality. Additionally, multiple fingers entering from two or more edges can further be mapped to additional functionality.

[0072] As another example, consider FIG. **6**. There, device **602** includes a bezel **603** and a visual affordance **604** that is rendered on display device **608**. As noted above, visual affordance **604**, in the form of a semi-transparent strip, can be utilized to provide a hint or indication of accessible functionality, in this case a bezel menu, associated with the bezel.

[0073] In one or more embodiments, the bezel menu can be accessed through a bezel gesture in which a finger of user's hand **606** touches the bezel and then moves across the bezel and onto the display device **608** in the direction of the illustrated arrow. This can allow bezel menu **610** to be dropped down at which time it can become fully opaque.

[0074] In the illustrated and described embodiment, bezel menu **610** includes multiple selectable icons or slots **612**, **614**, **616**, **618**, and **620**. Each of the icons or slots is associated with a different functionality such as, for example, paint functionality, pen functionality, note functionality, object creation, object editing, and the like. It is to be appreciated and understood, that any type of functionality can be associated with the icons or slots.

[0075] In the illustrated and described environment, bezel menu **610** can enable a user to access and activate commands, tools, and objects. The bezel menu can be configured to respond to both touch input and pen input. Alternately or additionally, the bezel menu can be configured to respond only to touch input.

[0076] In at least some embodiments, different gestural modes can be utilized to access functionality associated with the bezel menu **610**. For example, one gestural mode can be a novice mode, and another gestural mode can be an expert mode.

[0077] In the novice mode, after the user gestures to reveal the bezel menu **610**, the user can lift their finger, whereupon the bezel menu can remain open for a configurable interval (or indefinitely). The user may then tap on a desired item associated with one of the icons or slots **612**, **614**, **616**, **618**, and **620**. Through this gesture, the functionality associated with a particular icon or slot can be accessed. For example, tapping on a particular icon or slot may cause an object to be created on the canvas associated with display device **608**. In at least some embodiments, in the novice mode, objects that are accessed from the bezel menu appear in default locations on the canvas. The user may close the bezel menu by sliding it back off of the screen (an on-screen-to-offscreen gesture) or by tapping outside of the bezel menu, without activating any function.

[0078] In the expert mode, once the user is familiar with the location of commonly used items accessible from the bezel menu, the user can perform a continuous finger-drag that crosses through the slot or icon and onto the canvas to create and drag an associated object (or tool, or interface mode) to a specific desired position or path, in a single transaction. The user can then let go of the object and interact with it. As an example, consider FIG. **7**. There, the user has performed a bezel gesture that has dragged across icon or slot **614** to access functionality associated with a post-it note and has positioned the corresponding note on the canvas as indicated. At this point, the user can lift a finger and annotate the digital post-it as desired using an associated pen. In at least some embodiments, the bezel menu **610** may or may not remain fully open after a particular functionality has been accessed.

[0079] In at least some other embodiments, in the expert mode, the bezel menu may not necessarily be revealed at all in order to access functionality associated with an icon or slot. Rather, a bezel gesture that crosses the visual affordance at a location that corresponds to a particular icon or slot may access functionality associated with the icon or slot. As an example, consider FIG. **8**. There, visual affordance **604** is illustrated. Notice that the bezel gesture crosses over a portion of the visual affordance that corresponds to icon or slot **614** (FIG. **7**). Notice also that by virtue of this bezel gesture, a corresponding post-it note has been accessed. This feature can be implemented by using a time delay, e.g. ⅓ second, and considering the location of the user's finger before actually deciding whether to deploy the bezel menu responsive to a bezel gesture. The idea here is that the bezel menu stays hidden unless the user pauses, or just pulls out the menu, without completing a drag-off of the desired item. This is accomplished using a time delay before the bezel menu starts to slide out. Hence, once users are familiar with a particular operation on the bezel menu, they can rapidly drag through it to create and position an object without ever having to be distracted by the opening of the visual menu itself. This can encourage expert performance based on ballistic motion driven by procedural memory, rather than visually guided performance based on direct manipulation of a widget. The concept succeeds because the novice way of using it helps to learn and encourage the expert way of working with it.

[0080] As but one example of how this can work in accordance with one embodiment, consider the following. When the finger is observed to cross from the screen bezel into a slot of the bezel menu, a timer is started. No other immediate visual feedback occurs. When the timer expires, if the finger is still in the region occupied by the bezel menu, the bezel menu slides out and tracks with the user's finger. When the user's finger lifts inside the bezel menu area, it stays posted. This is the novice mode described above. The user can lift a finger to inspect all slots, and tap on the desired one to create the desired object (rather than dragging it). The user can also touch down and drag an item onto the canvas from the novice mode. If the finger has slid past a threshold distance or region, then the bezel menu remains closed but the function indicated by the slot that was crossed is activated, e.g. a post-it is created and starts following the user's finger. This is the expert mode described above. An implementation consideration is that the slot that is selected by the expert mode gesture can be determined by the location at which the finger crosses the screen edge.

[0081] In at least some embodiments, the bezel menu can be scrollable in order to provide access to the additional

functionality. For example, the bezel menu can have left and right arrows on either side to enable scrollability. Alternately or additionally, a single or multi-finger drag that is orthogonal to the opening direction of the bezel menu can scroll it, without the need for any arrows.

[0082] In at least some embodiments, the bezel menu can create space for additional slots or icons. For example, by reducing the width of slots or icons that appear at the edge of the bezel menu, additional slots or icons can be added. As an example, consider FIG. **9**.

[0083] There, a device includes a bezel **903** and a bezel menu **910** that appears on display device **908**. Additional slots or icons **912**, **914** appear in the bezel menu **910**. Notice that the slots or icons **912**, **914** have a reduced width relative to other slots or icons. In this example, the width is reduced by about one half. In order to access objects associated with slots or icons **912**, **914**, a bezel gesture can be used that drags over the slot or icon from the side of the device as shown. In some embodiments, the corner slots or icons can have a special status. For example, the corner slots or icons may be permanently assigned to a particular functionality and may not be customizable.

[0084] Accordingly, bezel menus can be used to expose functionality to a user in a manner that does not permanently cause screen real estate to be occupied or require the use of a dedicated hardware button.

[0085] FIG. **10** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0086] Step **1000** displays a visual affordance associated with an accessible bezel menu. An example of a suitable visual affordance is given above. Step **1002** receives a bezel gesture input relative to the visual affordance. Any suitable bezel gesture can be utilized, an example of which is provided above. Step **1004** presents, responsive to receiving the bezel gesture input, a bezel menu. Any suitable bezel menu can be utilized. In at least some embodiments, the bezel menu can be presented simply by virtue of receiving a bezel gesture without necessarily displaying a visual affordance. Alternately or additionally, the visual affordance may fade in when the user's finger or pen hovers above an associated bezel edge.

[0087] FIG. **11** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0088] Step **1100** receives a gesture input. The input can be received relative to a bezel menu or a visual affordance associated with a bezel menu. Any suitable gesture input can be received. For example, the gesture input can comprise an input that does not use or incorporate the bezel. An example of this was provided above in the discussion of FIG. **6** relative to a user tapping on an exposed portion of the bezel menu. Alternately or additionally, the gesture input can comprise a bezel gesture input. An example of this was provided above in the discussion of FIGS. **7-9**. Step **1102** ascertains a functionality associated with the gesture input. Step **1104** accesses the functionality that was ascertained in step **1102**. Examples of how this can be done are provided above.

[0089] The examples above illustrate gestures, including bezel gestures that utilize a single finger. In other embodiments, more than one finger can be utilized in connection with gestures including bezel gestures.

[0090] Use of Multiple Fingers for Gesturing

[0091] In one or more embodiments, multiple fingers can be utilized for gesturing, including bezel gesturing. The multiple fingers can reside on one hand or, collectively, on both hands. The use of multiple fingers can enable multiple numbers of touches to be mapped to different functionalities or objects associated with functionalities. For example, a two-finger gesture or bezel gesture might be mapped to a first functionality or a first object associated therewith, and a three-finger gesture or bezel gesture might be mapped to a second functionality or a second object associated therewith. As an example, consider FIG. **12**.

[0092] There, device **1202** includes a bezel **1203** and a visual affordance **1204** that is rendered on the display device. As noted above, visual affordance **1204**, in the form of a semi-transparent strip, can be utilized to provide a hint or indication of accessible functionality, in this case a bezel menu **1210**, associated with the bezel.

[0093] As noted above, the bezel menu **1210** can be accessed through a bezel gesture in which a finger of the user's hand touches the bezel and then moves across the bezel and onto the display device to drag the bezel menu down.

[0094] In one or more embodiments, bezel menu **1210** can be exposed and further extended into a drawer illustrated at **1212**. In the illustrated and described embodiment, the following bezel gesture can be used to expose drawer **1212**. First, a user touches down with one or more fingers on or near the bezel **1203**. This is illustrated in the top-most portion of FIG. **12**. From there, the user can drag multiple fingers onto the display device as illustrated in the bottom-most portion of FIG. **12**, thereby exposing drawer **1212**. In at least some embodiments, no objects are created, by default, when multiple fingers simultaneously cross the bezel menu. That is, in these embodiments, a multi-finger gesture as described above indicates that the drawer **1212** is being accessed. Drawer **1212** can have additional objects such as those that are illustrated. Additional objects can include, by way of example and not limitation, additional tools, colors, and various other objects. In addition, in at least some embodiments, drawer **1212** can be utilized to store and/or arrange various items. Items can be arranged or rearranged in any suitable way such as, by direct manipulation by the user, e.g. by dragging and dropping an object within the drawer.

[0095] In at least some embodiments, lifting the hand may leave the drawer open until it is later closed by way of a similar gesture in the opposite direction. In at least some embodiments, bezel menu **1210** can be customized using, for example, contents from drawer **1212**. As an example, consider FIG. **13**.

[0096] There, a user can change the default assignment of tools and/or objects to the main bezel menu slots via a drag and drop operation. For example, in the top-most portion of FIG. **13**, a user touches down on a new tool **1300**. The user then proceeds to drag tool **1300** into or onto one of the slots of bezel menu **1210**. This gesture causes the object previously associated with the slot to be replaced with the new object dropped by the user.

[0097] Alternately or additionally, the user can also drag content from the page or canvas into the drawer **1212**. As an example, consider FIG. **14**. There, the user has touched down on an object **1400** on the page or canvas and has dragged the object into drawer **1212**. By lifting the finger, the object **1400** is deposited into the drawer **1212**.

[0098] It is to be appreciated and understood that while one drawer has been described above, various other embodiments can utilize multiple drawers. For example, other edges of the display device can be associated with different drawers. These different drawers may hold different tools, objects, or other content. On dual or multiple-screen devices, the drawers for each screen edge may be identical or may be differentiated. In at least some embodiments, the multiple drawers may also be accessed on each screen edge by sliding orthogonal to the direction that the drawer is opened. This can be done either by a single touch, and/or multiple touches. If the bezel menu extends all the way to the screen edges, it can also be done by a bezel gesture from the orthogonal edge.

[0099] In the embodiment described just above, multiple touches were used to access drawer **1212**. Specifically, as illustrated in FIG. **12**, three touches were used to access the illustrated drawer. In one or more embodiments, different numbers of touches can be utilized to access different drawers. For example, two touches can be mapped to a first drawer, three touches can be mapped to a second drawer, four touches can be mapped to a third drawer, and so on. Alternately or additionally, the spacing between multiple touches and variances therebetween can be mapped to different functionalities. For example, a two-finger touch with a first spacing might be mapped to a first functionality; and, a two-finger touch with a second, greater spacing might be mapped to a second different functionality.

[0100] FIG. **15** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0101] Step **1500** receives multiple-finger gesture input. Any suitable type of gesture can be utilized including, by way of example and not limitation, bezel gesture input such as that described above. Step **1502** ascertains a functionality associated with the multiple-finger gesture input. Examples of functionalities are described above. Step **1504** accesses the ascertained functionality. Examples of how this can be done are described above.

[0102] FIG. **16** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0103] Step **1600** receives a bezel gesture input. Examples of bezel gesture inputs are described above. Step **1602** ascertains a functionality associated with the bezel gesture input. In this particular embodiment, the functionality associated with the bezel gesture input is one that is associated with accessing one or more drawers. Step **1604** exposes one or more drawers for the user. Examples of how this can be done are described above.

[0104] Radial Menus

[0105] In at least some embodiments, so-called radial menus can be utilized in connection with menus such as bezel menus. Although radial menus are described, other types of menus can be used without departing from the spirit and scope of the claimed subject matter. For example, pull down menus can be used in conjunction with bezel menus. One of the general ideas associated with radial menus is that a user can touch down at a certain location and stroke or slide their finger a certain direction to access and implement a particular functionality or menu command. The presence of a radial menu can be indicated by a small icon associated with a larger icon or slot of the bezel menu. As an example, consider FIG. **17**.

[0106] There, device **1702** includes a bezel **1703** and a bezel menu **1710** that has been exposed on display device **1708** as described above. In the illustrated and described embodiment, bezel menu **1710** includes multiple selectable icons or slots, one of which is designated at **1712**. Each of the icons or slots is associated with a different functionality such as, for example, paint functionality, pen functionality, note functionality, object creation, object editing, and the like. It is to be appreciated and understood, that any type of functionality can be associated with the icons or slots.

[0107] As noted above, bezel menu **1710** can enable a user to access and activate commands, tools, and objects. The bezel menu can be configured to respond to both touch input and pen input. Alternately or additionally, the bezel menu can be configured to respond only to touch input. In the illustrated and described embodiment, icon or slot **1712** includes a radial menu icon **1714** that gives a clue to the user that one or more radial menus, for example radial menu **1715**, is associated with this particular icon or slot. In the illustrated and described embodiment, the radial menu **1715** can be accessed in any suitable way, e.g. through a pen or touch. For example, in at least some embodiments, the radial menu **1715** can be accessed by hovering a pen over or near radial menu icon **1714**. Alternately or additionally, a pen or finger can be used to pull down the radial menu **1715**. Alternately or additionally, the radial menus **1715** can be accessed through a tap-and-hold of the pen or finger on or near the radial menu icon **1714**. In some embodiments, tapping on the radial menu icon triggers a default action which may or may not be different than the action associated with tapping on the bezel menu slot.

[0108] Once the radial menu **1715** is exposed, the user can access various functionalities or commands by touching down on or near radial menu icon **1714** and stroking in a particular direction. In the illustrated and described embodiment, five different directions are indicated by the arrows. Each direction corresponds to a different functionality or command. Each functionality or command is represented, in the drawing, by a cross-hatched square. In at least some embodiments, each icon or slot **1712** has a default functionality or command. By selecting a particular radial menu functionality or command, the default functionality or command may be replaced by the selected functionality or command.

[0109] In at least some embodiments, the number of options presented by a radial menu can change depending on the location of the corresponding slot or icon with which the radial menu is associated. For example, in the illustrated and described embodiment, slot or icon **1712** includes five options for the user. Radial menus associated with slots or icons that appear at the ends of the bezel menu **1710** may have fewer options due to spacing constraints. Alternately or additionally, radial menus associated with slots or icons that appear as part of an exposed drawer may have more selectable options.

[0110] In at least some embodiments, radial menus can be implemented to include both a novice mode and an expert mode. In the novice mode, the radial menu can be fully exposed to enable users who are unfamiliar with its accessible functionalities or commands to be visually guided through the selection process. In the expert mode, intended for users who are familiar with the content and behavior of radial menus, the radial menu might not be exposed at all. Rather, a quick touch-and-stroke gesture associated with an icon or slot, such as icon **1712**, may enable the radial menu's functionality or command to be accessed directly.

[0111] FIG. **18** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0112] Step **1800** presents a bezel menu. Examples of bezel menus are provided above. Step **1802** provides an indication of one or more radial menus associated with the bezel menu. In the illustrated and described embodiment, the indication resides in the form of a radial menu icon that appears on a slot or icon of the bezel menu. Step **1804** receives user input associated with one of the radial menus. Examples of how this can be done are provided above. For example, in at least some embodiments, a radial menu can be visually presented to the user so that the user can then touch and stroke in a particular direction to provide the input. Alternately or additionally, a radial menu need not necessarily be visually presented. Rather, a user who is familiar with the radial menu's content and behavior can correspondingly gesture, as described above, to provide the input. Step **1806** accesses, responsive to the received user input, and the associated functionality or command.

[0113] In one or more embodiments, the bezel menu may or may not be rotated when the screen orientation is rotated. For example, in some instances it may be desirable to not rotate a bezel menu when the screen orientation is rotated. This may be particularly relevant in applications where the content should not be rotated, e.g., a journal page or a sketch pad where the user rotates the screen to afford different drawing angles. In other instances, it may be desirable to rotate the bezel menu when the screen orientation is rotated. By default, it may be desirable to support the same number of bezel menu slots on all four edges of the screen so that menu items can be rotated from the long edge or screen to the short edge of the screen without losing some items.

[0114] Alternately or additionally, bezel menus can be customizable per screen orientation to enable different numbers of slots to be used on the long and short edges of the screen. In some instances, some edges of the screen may be left without bezel items depending on the screen orientation. For example, the left and bottom edges, for a right-handed individual, may be more likely to be swiped by accident, and may be left without bezel menus if desired.

[0115] On and Off Screen Gestures and Combinations—Page/Object Manipulation

[0116] In one or more embodiments, on and off screen gesture combinations can be utilized to manipulate pages and/or other objects. For example, combinations of on and off screen gestures can include gestures in which input is received on the screen relative to an object using one hand, and additional input in the form of a bezel gesture is received relative to the object using the same or a different hand. Any suitable type of gesture combinations can be used. As an example, consider FIG. **19**.

[0117] There, a device **1902** includes a bezel **1903**. A page **1904** is displayed on the display device (not designated). In the illustrated and described embodiment, a tear operation is performed using a combination of on and off screen gestures. Specifically, in the bottommost portion of FIG. **19**, a user's left hand or left index finger holds an object which, in this example, comprises page **1904**. Using the right hand, the user initiates a bezel gesture starting on bezel **1903** and moving in the direction of the indicated arrow through a portion of page **1904**. By virtue of using a single finger to indicate the tear operation, a partial tear of the page is performed. A tear operation can be implemented by creating a bitmap of the portion of the page that has been torn away and rendering only that portion of the page that was not torn away. Alternately or additionally, an object can be created to represent the torn-away portion. In this created object, objects appearing in the torn-away portion can be created to represent items appearing on the page.

[0118] In one or more other embodiments, a tear operation can be implemented using multiple fingers. In these embodiments, the multiple finger input can be mapped to an operation that completely tears a page out of the canvas or book in which the page appears.

[0119] In at least some embodiments, the direction of tearing can carry with it different semantics. For example, a top-to-bottom tear may tear out and delete a page. A bottom-to-top tear may tear out and allow dragging of the page to a new location.

[0120] FIG. **20** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0121] Step **2000** receives on-screen input associated with an object. Any suitable type of on-screen input can be received including, by way of example and not limitation, single-finger input and/or multiple-finger input. Step **2002** receives a bezel gesture input associated with the object. Any suitable type of bezel gesture input can be received including, by way of example and not limitation, single-finger input and/or multiple-finger input. Step **2004** ascertains functionality associated with both inputs. Step **2006** accesses the associated functionality. Any suitable type of functionality can be associated with the combination of on-screen and bezel gesture inputs, an example of which is provided above.

[0122] Other page manipulations can be provided through the use of gestures, including bezel gestures. For example, page flipping and page saving (also termed "page pocketing") can be provided as described below.

[0123] As an example, consider FIG. **21**. There, a device **2102** includes a bezel **2103** and a page **2104**. As shown in the bottommost portion of FIG. **21**, a user can flip to a previous page by using a bezel gesture that starts on bezel **2103** and proceeds rightward across the screen in the direction of the arrow. Doing so reveals the previous page **2106**. Likewise, to turn to the next page, a user would utilize a similar bezel gesture, but only in the opposite direction. Using the page flipping gesture, the user's finger can lift at any suitable location on the screen.

[0124] In one or more embodiments, the semantics of page flipping gestures can vary from that described above. For example, in some instances a page flipping gesture can be initiated as described above. However, if the user pauses with their finger on the screen, multiple pages can be flipped through. Alternately or additionally, pausing the finger on the screen in the middle of a page flipping gesture can cause additional controls, such as section tabs, command palettes, or a bezel menu to appear.

[0125] Alternately or additionally, in at least some embodiments, the further a user's finger progresses across the screen, the more pages can be flipped. Alternately or additionally, multiple pages can be flipped by initiating the page flipping gesture as described above, and then moving the finger in a circular motion, either clockwise or counterclockwise. In this instance, clockwise motion would represent forward flipping, and counterclockwise motion would represent backwards flipping. In this implementation, a circle may be fitted to the last N samples of motion. The speed of motion can be a function of the diameter of the circle. Note that in this implementation, the user does not have to circle around any particular location on the screen, or even to draw a well formed circle at all. Rather, any curvilinear motion can get mapped to page flipping in an intuitive manner, while also allowing the user to easily stop and reverse course to flip in the opposite direction.

[0126] In at least some embodiments, a similar gesture can be used to save or "pocket" a page. In these embodiments, rather than the gesture terminating on the screen, as in the page flipping example, the gesture can terminate on a bezel portion or other structure that lies across the screen from where the gesture originated. As an example, consider FIGS. **22** and **23**.

[0127] There, a device **2202** includes a bezel **2203** and a page **2204**. As shown in the bottommost portion of FIG. **22**, a user can save or pocket a page by using a bezel gesture that starts on bezel **2203** and proceeds rightward across the screen in the direction of the arrow to a bezel portion that lies opposite of where the gesture originated. Doing so reveals another page **2206**. In one or more embodiments, a distance threshold can be defined such that, prior to the threshold, the page flipping experience, such as that described and shown in FIG. **21** can be provided. After the defined distance threshold, a different page-saving or page-pocketing experience can be provided. For example, in the FIG. **22** illustration, page **2204** has been reduced to a thumbnail. The page-saving or page-pocketing experience can be provided by a combination of passing the minimum distance threshold after a minimum timeout, such as ⅓ second, when most page flipping gestures would have been completed. In at least some embodiments, if the user lifts their finger prior to reaching the opposite-side bezel, a page flipping operation can be presumed.

[0128] FIG. **23** illustrates a device **2302** that includes a bezel **2303** and two separate display screens **2304**, **2306** separated by a spine **2308**. Spine **2308** can be considered as comprising part of the bezel or physical structure of the device. A page **2310** is illustrated as being displayed on display screen **2304**.

[0129] As shown in the bottommost portion of FIG. **23**, a user can save or pocket a page by using a bezel gesture that starts on bezel **2303** and proceeds rightward across the screen in the direction of the arrow to spine **2308** that lies across the screen **2304** from where the gesture originated. Doing so reveals another page **2312**. In one or more embodiments, a distance threshold can be defined such that, prior to the threshold, the page flipping experience, such as that described and shown in FIG. **21** can be provided. After the defined distance threshold, a different page-saving or page-pocketing experience can be provided. For example, in the FIG. **23** illustration, page **2310** has been reduced to a thumbnail. The page-saving or page-pocketing experience can be provided after a minimum timeout, such as ⅓ second, when most page flipping gestures would have been completed. In at least some embodiments, if the user lifts their finger prior to reaching the spine **2308**, a page flipping operation can be presumed.

[0130] In one or more embodiments, portions of pages can be saved or pocketed. As an example, consider FIG. **24**. There, a device **2402** includes a bezel **2403** and two separate display screens **2404**, **2406** separated by a spine **2408**. Spine **2408** can be considered as comprising part of the bezel or physical structure of the device. A page **2410** is illustrated as being displayed on display screen **2404**.

[0131] As shown in the bottommost portion of FIG. **24**, a user can save or pocket a portion of the page by using a bezel gesture. First, two fingers of a user's hand (in this case the left hand) sweep onto the screen from the bezel. In this particular instance, the user's left-hand initiates the bezel gesture from the spine **2408** and moves in the direction of the top-most arrow. The region between the fingers—here illustrated at **2412**—is then highlighted. The user's other hand can then sweep across the highlighted area to tear out the highlighted portion of the page and pocket or save the highlighted portion as shown. In one or more embodiments, this gesture can be supported on any of the four edges of the screen, thus allowing horizontal or vertical strips to be torn from either screen by either right-handed or left-handed users. In at least some embodiments, the torn portion of the page can have two torn edges and two clean-cut edges to distinguish it from pocketed pages or other pocketed objects.

[0132] FIG. **25** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0133] Step **2500** receives bezel gesture input relative to a page. Step **2502** ascertains page manipulation functionality associated with the input. Any suitable type of page manipulation functionality can be ascertained, examples of which are provided above. Step **2504** accesses the ascertained page manipulation functionality.

[0134] FIG. **26** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0135] Step **2600** receives on-screen input relative to a page. Any suitable type of input can be received. In at least some embodiments, the received screen input comprises a touch input or a stylus input. Step **2602** receives a bezel gesture input relative to the page. Any suitable type of bezel gesture input can be received, examples of which are provided above. Step **2604** ascertains page manipulation functionality associated with the combined input. Examples of page manipulation functionality are provided above. Step

2606 accesses the ascertained page manipulation functionality for purposes of implementing the functionality relative to the page.

[0136] Thus, page flipping and page saving operations can be unified through the use of bezel gestures that included at least some common aspects. Unification of these two operations yields simplicity and facilitates discoverability for users.

[0137] In one or more embodiments, other page manipulation operations can be implemented through the use of bezel gestures. As an example, consider FIG. **27**. There, a device **2702** includes a bezel **2703**. A page **2704** is displayed on the display device (not designated). In the illustrated and described embodiment, a bookmark tab can be created through the use of a bezel gesture. Specifically, as shown in the bottommost portion of FIG. **27**, a bookmark tab **2706** can be created by initiating a gesture on the bezel **2703** and moving on to page **2704**. In the illustrated and described embodiment, the bezel gesture that creates the bookmark tab originates on a corner of the bezel as shown. Any suitable location on the bezel can be utilized for creating a bookmark tab.

[0138] Alternately or additionally, bezel gestures can be utilized to dog-ear a page. As an example, consider FIG. **28**. There, a device **2802** includes a bezel **2803**. A page **2804** is displayed on the display device (not designated). In the illustrated and described embodiment, a dog-ear can be created through the use of a bezel gesture. Specifically, as shown in the bottommost portion of FIG. **28**, a dog-ear **2806** can be created by initiating a gesture on the bezel **2803** and moving onto page **2804** and then exiting the page in an opposite direction as illustrated by the arrows. In the illustrated and described embodiment, the bezel gesture that creates the dog-ear originates on a corner of the bezel as shown. Any suitable location on the bezel can be utilized for creating a dog-ear. For example, in other embodiments, a dog-ear can be created through a bezel gesture that cuts across a corner of the page.

[0139] In one or more embodiments, gestures can be utilized to expose tabs such as user-created or predefined tabs in a document. As an example, consider FIG. **29**. There, a device **2902** includes a bezel **2903**. A page **2904** is displayed on the display device (not designated). In one or more embodiments, tabs can be exposed by utilizing a bezel gesture that pulls at the edge of page **2904** as shown to expose a tab structure **2906**. As the bezel gesture moves onto the screen, the page is pulled slightly to the right to expose tab structure **2906**. In this instance, the gesture includes two or more fingers that are held together as shown, rather than with a gap therebetween.

[0140] In one or more embodiments, continuing to drag the page can reveal further structure. For example, continuing to drag the page can expose a table organizational view to the left of page **2904**. In at least some embodiments, continuing the gesture across the entire page can save or pocket the entire page as described above.

[0141] FIG. **30** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0142] Step **3000** receives a bezel gesture input relative to a page. Step **3002** creates a bookmark tab relative to the page, responsive to receiving the bezel gesture input. Examples of how this can be done are provided above.

[0143] FIG. **31** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0144] Step **3100** receives a bezel gesture input relative to a page. Step **3102** creates a dog-ear on the page, responsive to receiving the bezel gesture input. Examples of how this can be done are provided above.

[0145] FIG. **32** is a flow diagram that describes steps in a method in accordance with one or more embodiments. The method can be implemented in connection with any suitable hardware, software, firmware, or combination thereof. In at least some embodiments, the method can be implemented in connection with a system such as those systems that are described above and below.

[0146] Step **3200** receives a bezel gesture input relative to a page. Step **3202** exposes tab structure associated with the page. Examples of how this can be done are provided above.

[0147] Example Device

[0148] FIG. **33** illustrates various components of an example device **3300** that can be implemented as any type of portable and/or computer device as described with reference to FIGS. **1** and **2** to implement embodiments of the gesture techniques described herein. Device **3300** includes communication devices **3302** that enable wired and/or wireless communication of device data **3304** (e.g., received data, data that is being received, data scheduled for broadcast, data packets of the data, etc.). The device data **3304** or other device content can include configuration settings of the device, media content stored on the device, and/or information associated with a user of the device. Media content stored on device **3300** can include any type of audio, video, and/or image data. Device **3300** includes one or more data inputs **3306** via which any type of data, media content, and/or inputs can be received, such as user-selectable inputs, messages, music, television media content, recorded video content, and any other type of audio, video, and/or image data received from any content and/or data source.

[0149] Device **3300** also includes communication interfaces **3308** that can be implemented as any one or more of a serial and/or parallel interface, a wireless interface, any type of network interface, a modem, and as any other type of communication interface. The communication interfaces **3308** provide a connection and/or communication links between device **3300** and a communication network by which other electronic, computing, and communication devices communicate data with device **3300**.

[0150] Device **3300** includes one or more processors **3310** (e.g., any of microprocessors, controllers, and the like) which process various computer-executable or readable instructions to control the operation of device **3300** and to implement the gesture embodiments described above. Alternatively or in addition, device **3300** can be implemented with any one or combination of hardware, firmware, or fixed logic circuitry that is implemented in connection with processing and control circuits which are generally identified at **3312**. Although not shown, device **3300** can include a system bus or data transfer system that couples the various components within the device. A system bus can include any one or combination

of different bus structures, such as a memory bus or memory controller, a peripheral bus, a universal serial bus, and/or a processor or local bus that utilizes any of a variety of bus architectures.

[0151] Device **3300** also includes computer-readable media **3314**, such as one or more memory components, examples of which include random access memory (RAM), non-volatile memory (e.g., any one or more of a read-only memory (ROM), flash memory, EPROM, EEPROM, etc.), and a disk storage device. A disk storage device may be implemented as any type of magnetic or optical storage device, such as a hard disk drive, a recordable and/or rewriteable compact disc (CD), any type of a digital versatile disc (DVD), and the like. Device **3300** can also include a mass storage media device **3316**.

[0152] Computer-readable media **3314** provides data storage mechanisms to store the device data **3304**, as well as various device applications **3318** and any other types of information and/or data related to operational aspects of device **3300**. For example, an operating system **3320** can be maintained as a computer application with the computer-readable media **3314** and executed on processors **3310**. The device applications **3318** can include a device manager (e.g., a control application, software application, signal processing and control module, code that is native to a particular device, a hardware abstraction layer for a particular device, etc.). The device applications **3318** also include any system components or modules to implement embodiments of the gesture techniques described herein. In this example, the device applications **3318** include an interface application **3322** and a gesture-capture driver **3324** that are shown as software modules and/or computer applications. The gesture-capture driver **3324** is representative of software that is used to provide an interface with a device configured to capture a gesture, such as a touchscreen, track pad, camera, and so on. Alternatively or in addition, the interface application **3322** and the gesture-capture driver **3324** can be implemented as hardware, software, firmware, or any combination thereof.

[0153] Device **3300** also includes an audio and/or video input-output system **3326** that provides audio data to an audio system **3328** and/or provides video data to a display system **3330**. The audio system **3328** and/or the display system **3330** can include any devices that process, display, and/or otherwise render audio, video, and image data. Video signals and audio signals can be communicated from device **3300** to an audio device and/or to a display device via an RF (radio frequency) link, S-video link, composite video link, component video link, DVI (digital video interface), analog audio connection, or other similar communication link. In an embodiment, the audio system **3328** and/or the display system **3330** are implemented as external components to device **3300**. Alternatively, the audio system **3328** and/or the display system **3330** are implemented as integrated components of example device **3300**.

[0154] Conclusion

[0155] Bezel gestures for touch displays have been described. In at least some embodiments, the bezel of a device is used to extend functionality that is accessible through the use of bezel gestures. In at least some embodiments, off-screen motion can be used, by virtue of the bezel, to create screen input through a bezel gesture. Bezel gestures can include single-finger bezel gestures, multiple-finger/same-hand bezel gestures, and/or multiple-finger, different-hand bezel gestures.

[0156] Although the embodiments have been described in language specific to structural features and/or methodological acts, it is to be understood that the embodiments defined in the appended claims are not necessarily limited to the specific features or acts described. Rather, the specific features and acts are disclosed as example forms of implementing the claimed embodiments.

What is claimed is:

1. A method comprising:

presenting a bezel menu on a device;

providing an indication of one or more radial menus associated with the bezel menu;

receiving user input associated with one of the radial menus; and

accessing, responsive to the user input, a functionality associated with the radial menu.

2. The method of claim **1**, wherein the indication appears on a slot or icon of the bezel menu.

3. The method of claim **1** further comprising prior to receiving the user input, presenting the radial menu relative to which the user input is to be received.

4. The method of claim **1**, wherein the user input comprises a touch and stroke in a particular direction.

5. The method of claim **1**, wherein the receiving is performed without visually presenting the radial menu.

6. The method of claim **1** further comprising prior to receiving the user input, presenting the radial menu relative to which the user input is to be received, wherein the radial menu includes visual indicia associated with different functionalities or commands.

7. The method of claim **1** further comprising prior to receiving the user input, presenting the radial menu relative to which the user input is to be received, wherein the presenting is performed responsive to a hover input over or near the indication.

8. The method of claim **1**, wherein a number of options presented by a radial menu varies depending on a location of a corresponding slot or icon of the bezel menu with which the radial menu is associated.

9. The method of claim **1**, wherein at least one radial menu is associated with an exposable drawer associated with the bezel menu.

10. The method of claim **1**, wherein the one or more radial menus are implemented to include a novice mode in which radial menus are visually presented in order to enable access to associated functionalities or commands, and an expert mode in which radial menus are not visually presented in order to enable access to associated functionalities or commands.

11. One or more computer readable storage media comprising computer executable instructions which, when executed, implement a method comprising:

presenting a bezel menu;

providing an indication of one or more radial menus associated with the bezel menu;

receiving user input associated with one of the radial menus; and

accessing, responsive to the user input, a functionality associated with the radial menu.

12. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11**, wherein the indication appears on a slot or icon of the bezel menu.

13. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11** further comprising prior to receiving the user input, presenting the radial menu relative to which the user input is to be received.

14. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11**, wherein the user input comprises a touch and stroke in a particular direction.

15. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11**, wherein the receiving is performed without visually presenting the radial menu.

16. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11** further comprising prior to receiving the user input, presenting the radial menu relative to which the user input is to be received, wherein the radial menu includes visual indicia associated with different functionalities or commands.

17. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11** further comprising prior to receiving the user input, presenting the radial menu relative to which the user input is to be received, wherein the presenting is performed responsive to a hover operation over or near the indication.

18. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11**, wherein a number of options presented by a radial menu varies depending on a location of a corresponding slot or icon of the bezel menu with which the radial menu is associated.

19. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11**, wherein at least one radial menu is associated with an exposable drawer associated with the bezel menu.

20. The one or more computer readable storage media of claim **11**, wherein the one or more radial menus are implemented to include a novice mode in which radial menus are visually presented in order to enable access to associated functionalities or commands, and an expert mode in which radial menus are not visually presented in order to enable access to associated functionalities or commands.

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