



US 20090174680A1

(19) **United States**

(12) **Patent Application Publication**

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(10) **Pub. No.: US 2009/0174680 A1**

(43) **Pub. Date: Jul. 9, 2009**

(54) **PORTABLE MULTIFUNCTION DEVICE,
METHOD, AND GRAPHICAL USER
INTERFACE FOR VIEWING AND MANAGING
ELECTRONIC CALENDARS**

Related U.S. Application Data

(60) Provisional application No. 61/033,780, filed on Mar. 4, 2008, provisional application No. 61/019,295, filed on Jan. 6, 2008.

Publication Classification

(51) **Int. Cl.**
G06F 3/041 (2006.01)
(52) **U.S. Cl.** **345/173**
(57) **ABSTRACT**

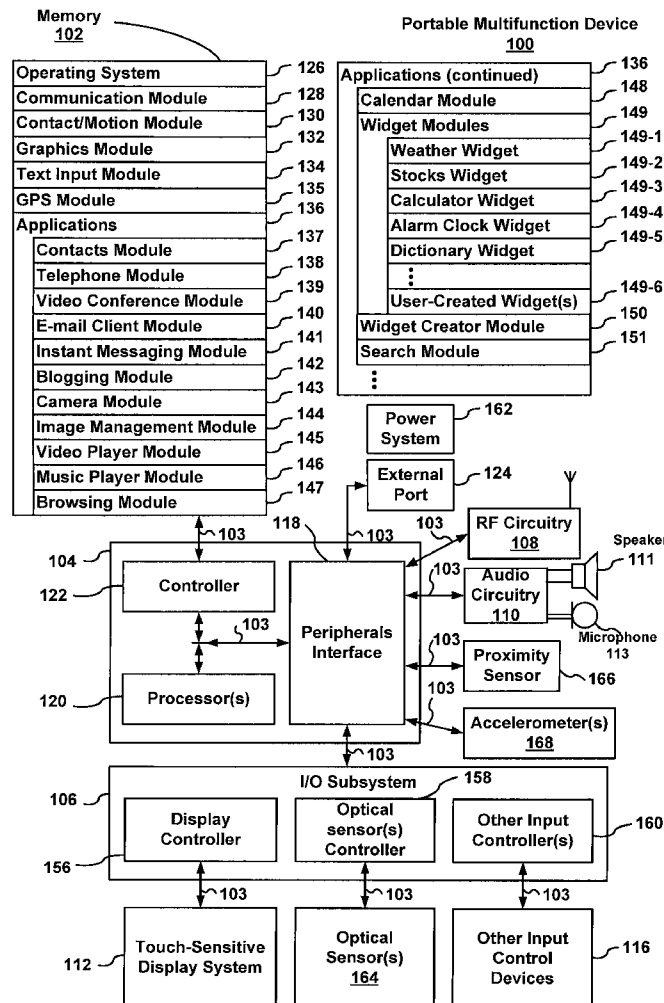
In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display. The touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view. The computer-implemented method includes executing a calendar application. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, a calendar is displayed for a first time period in the portrait view. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, a calendar is displayed for a second time period in the landscape view. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

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(21) Appl. No.: **12/242,856**

(22) Filed: **Sep. 30, 2008**



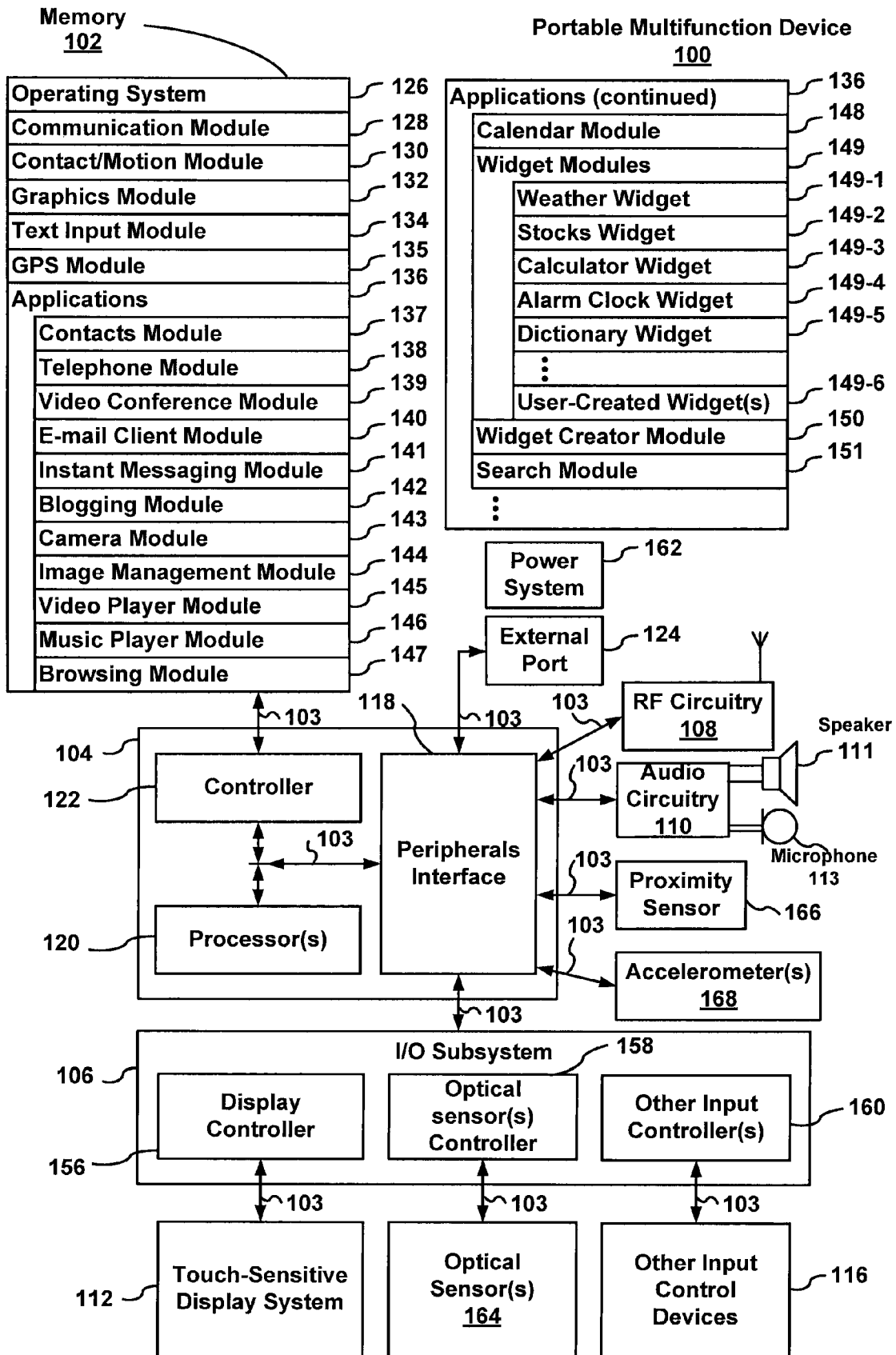


Figure 1A

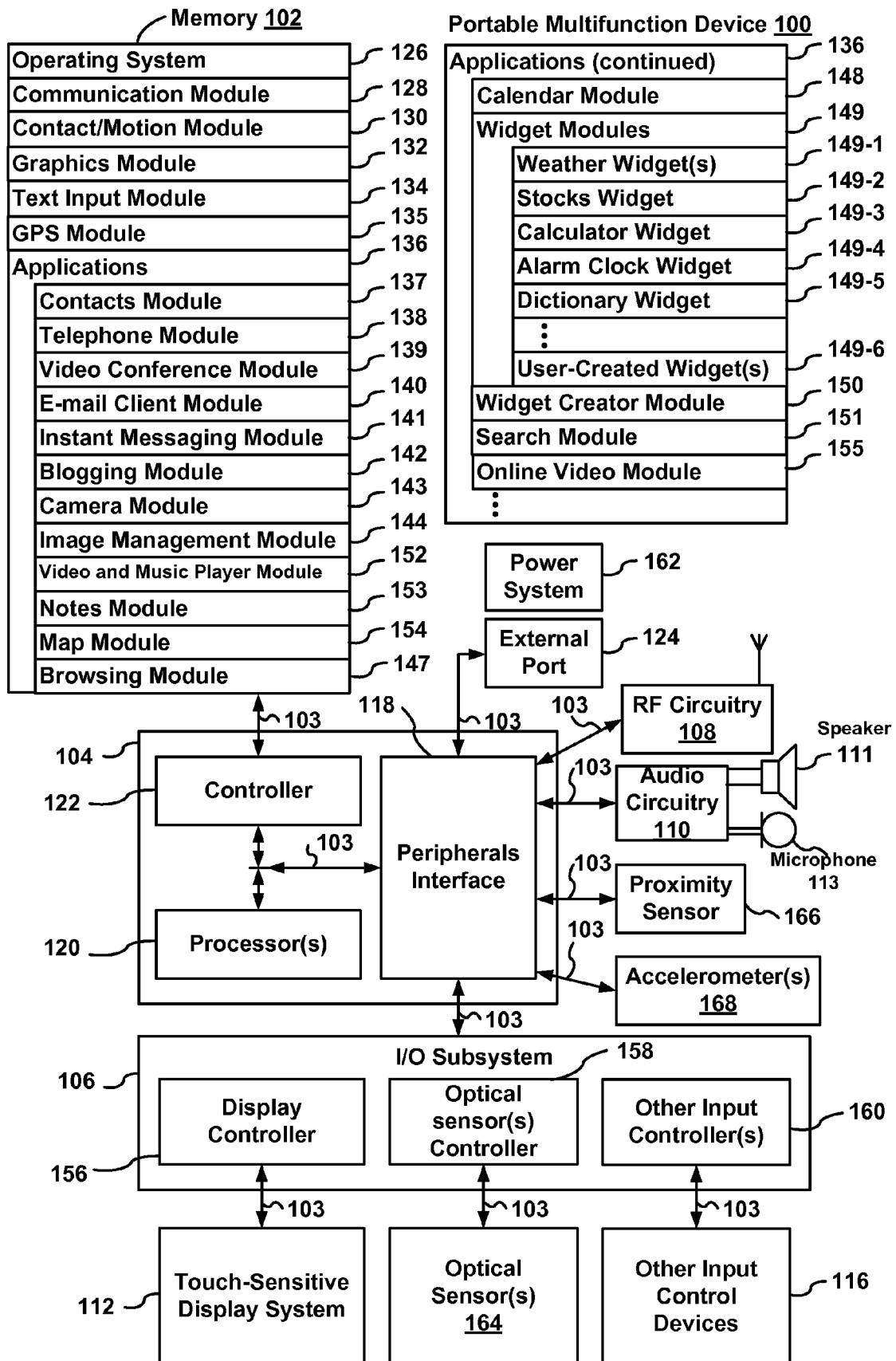


Figure 1B

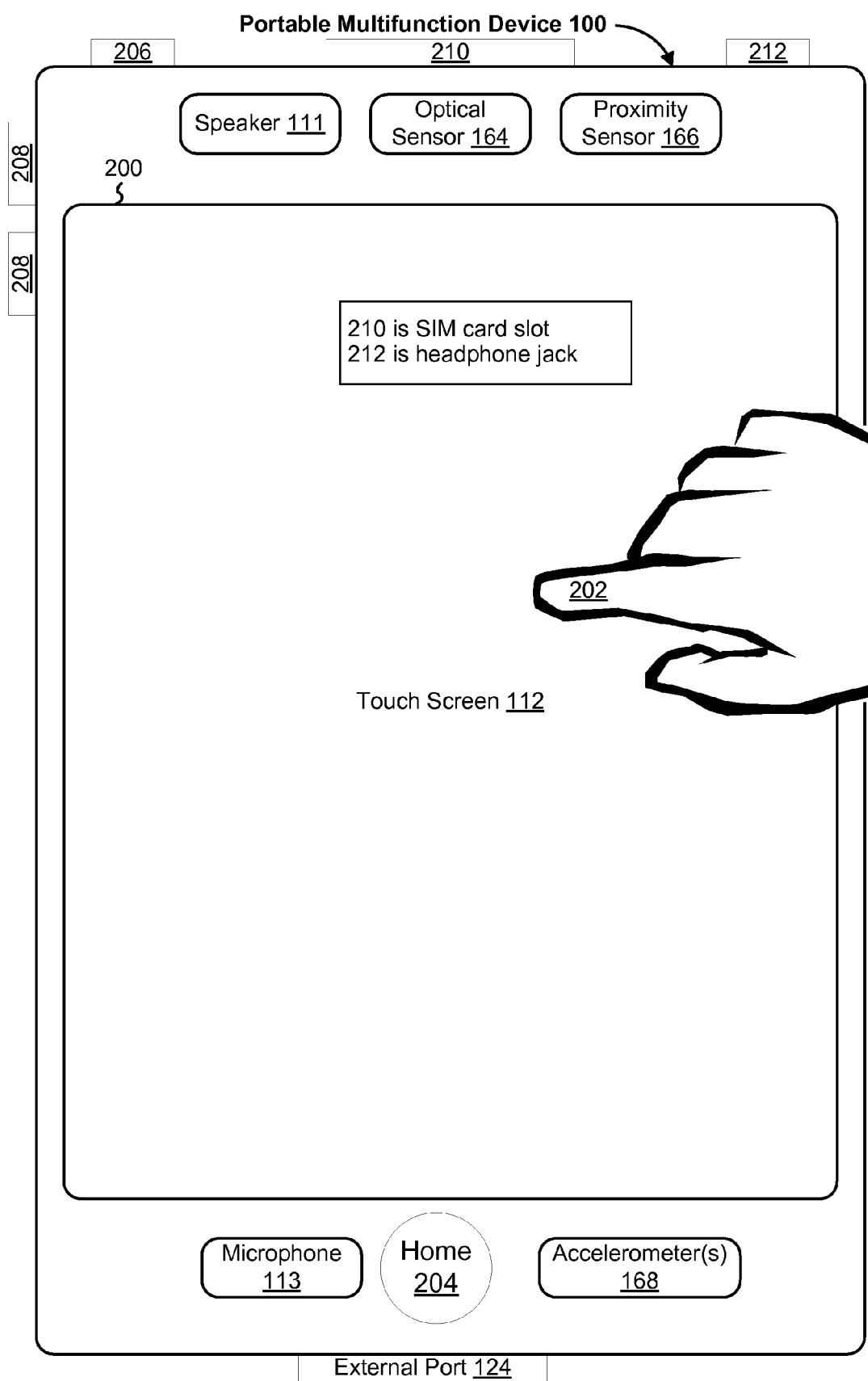


Figure 2

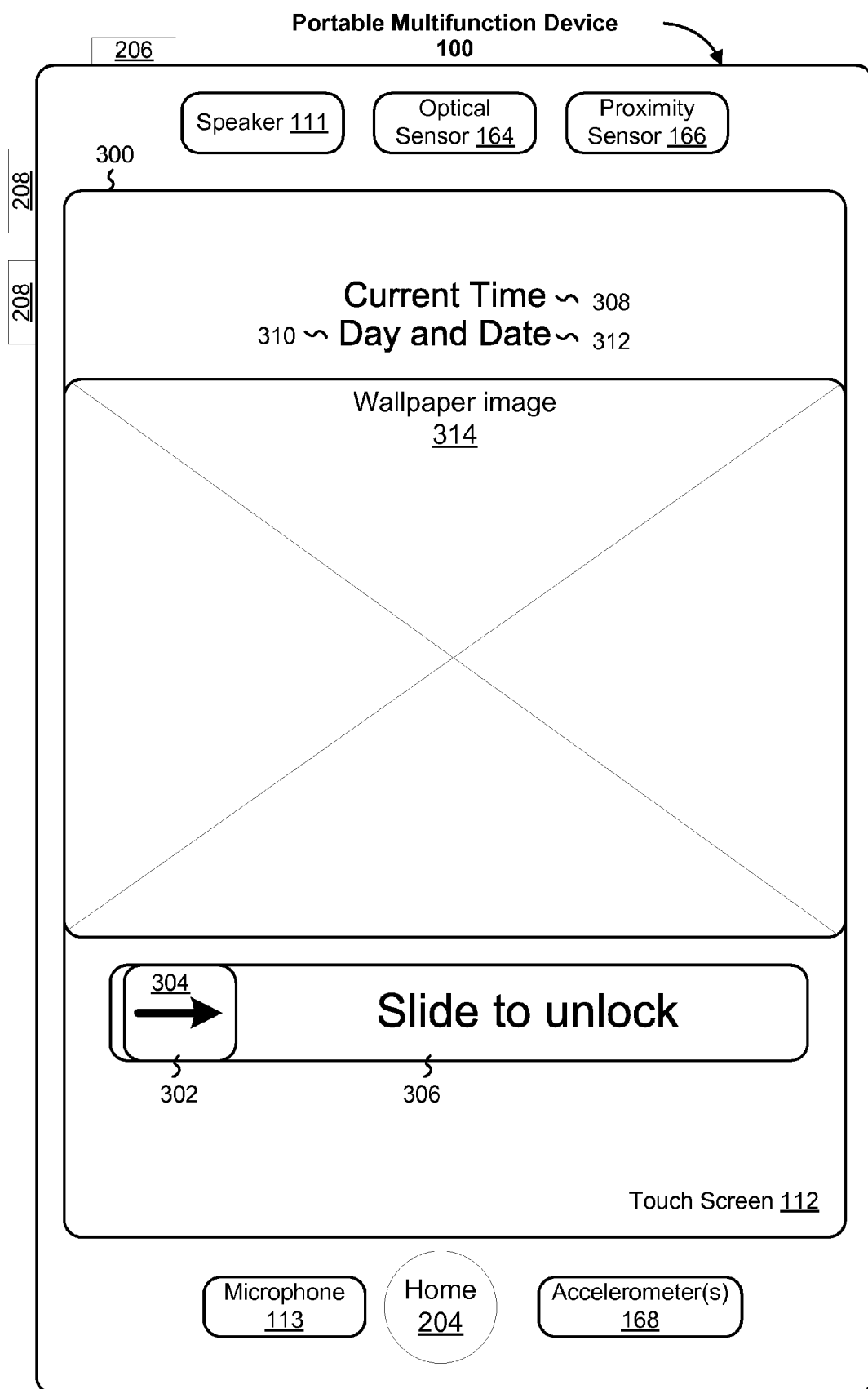


Figure 3

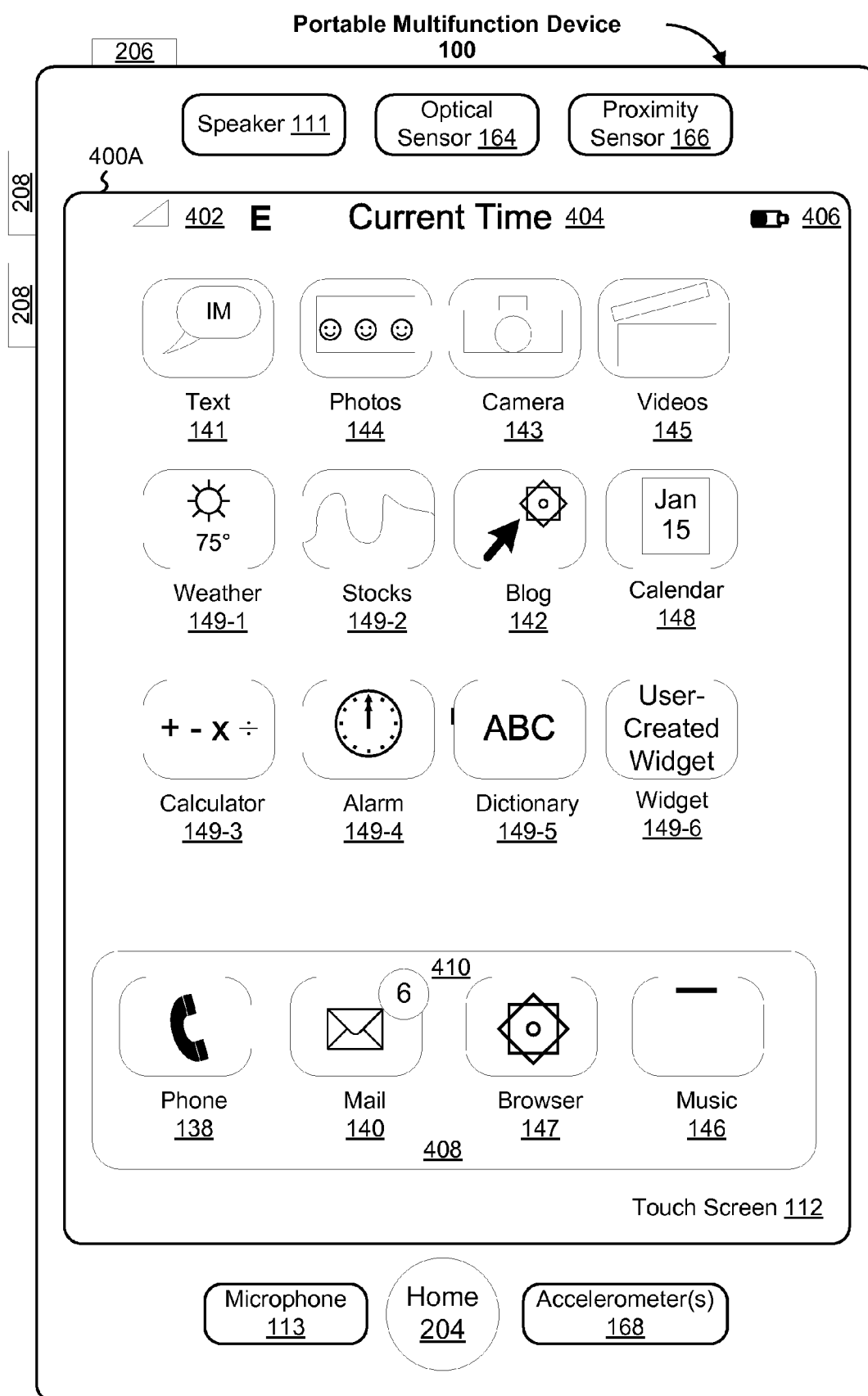


Figure 4A

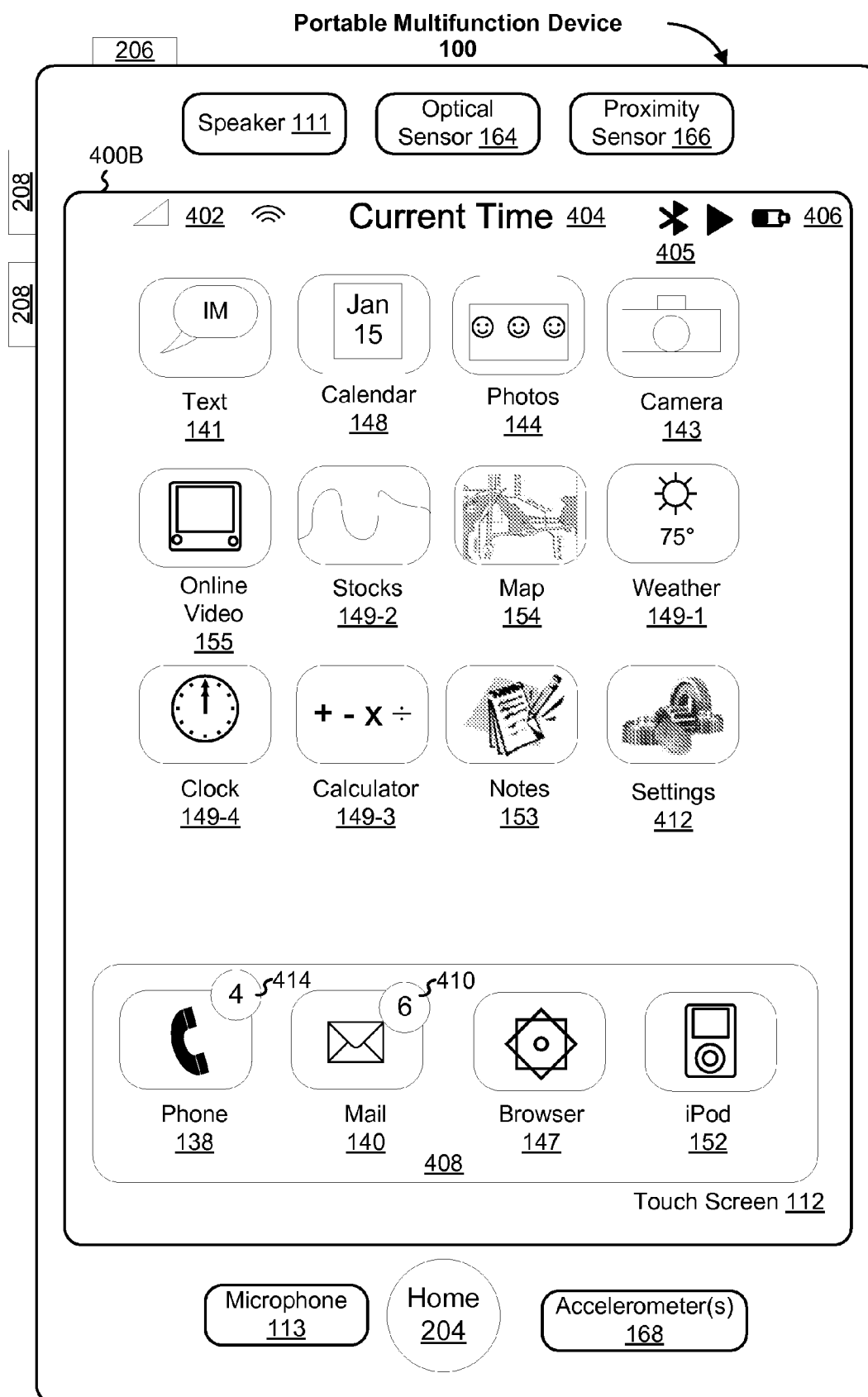


Figure 4B

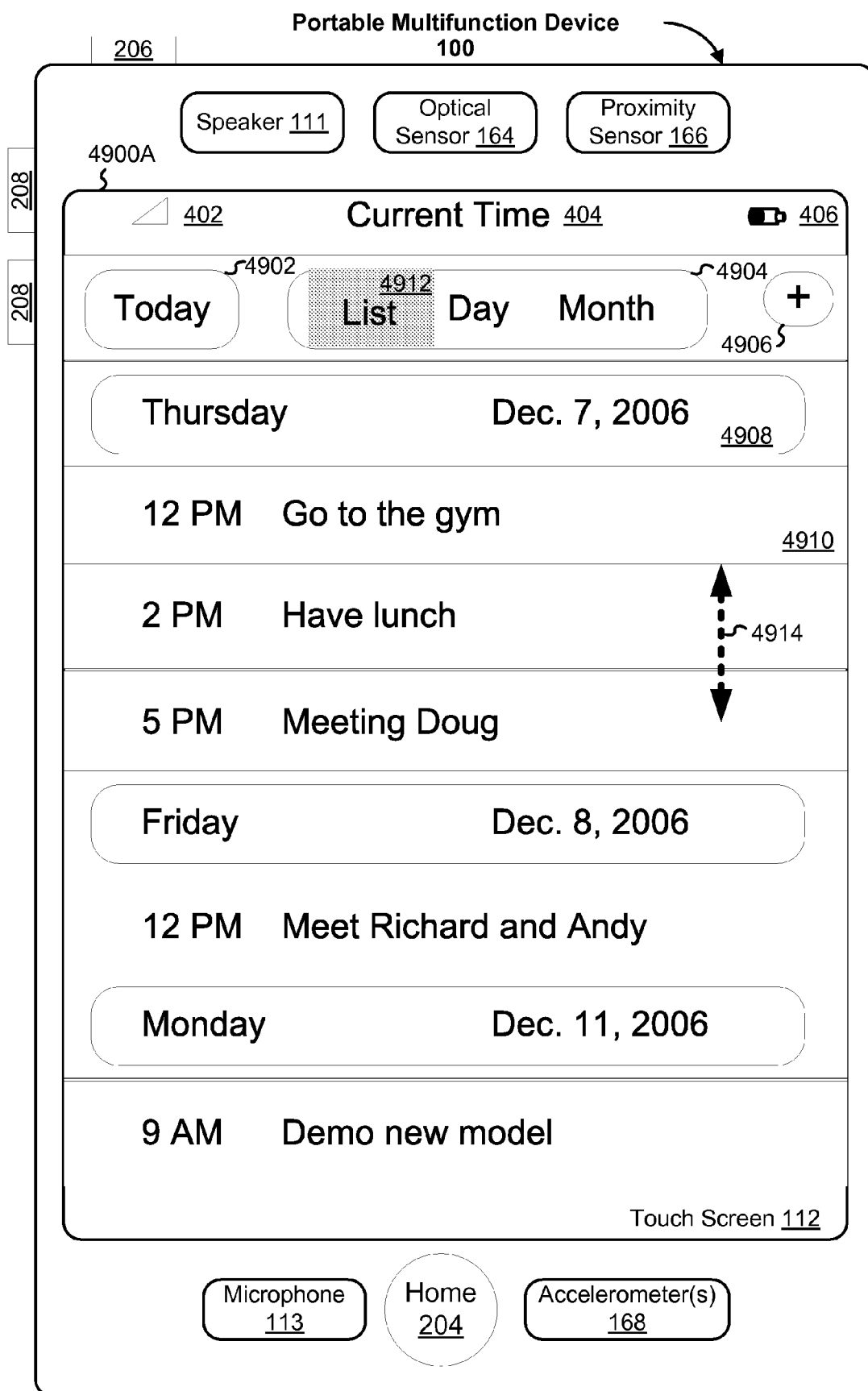


Figure 5A

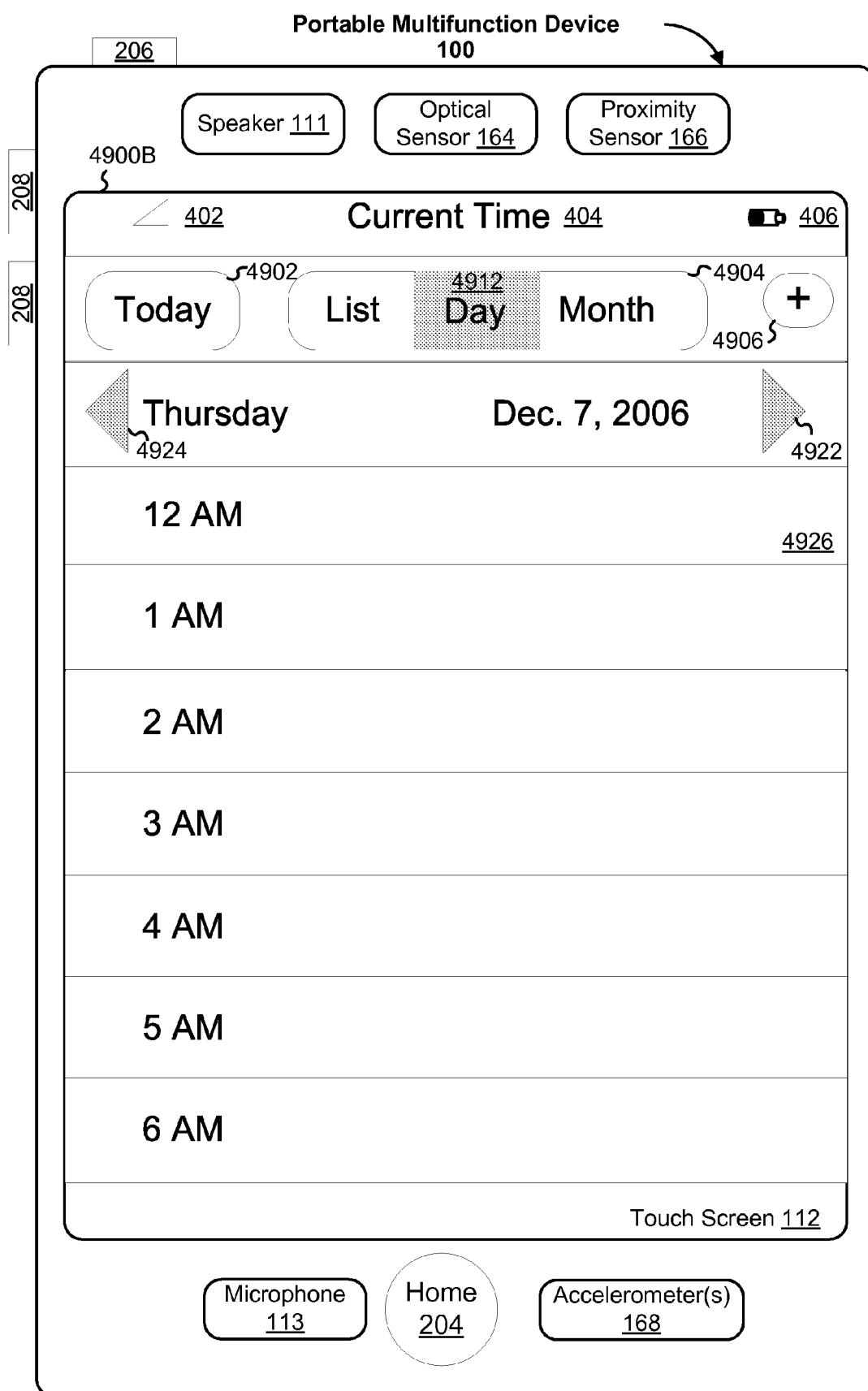


Figure 5B

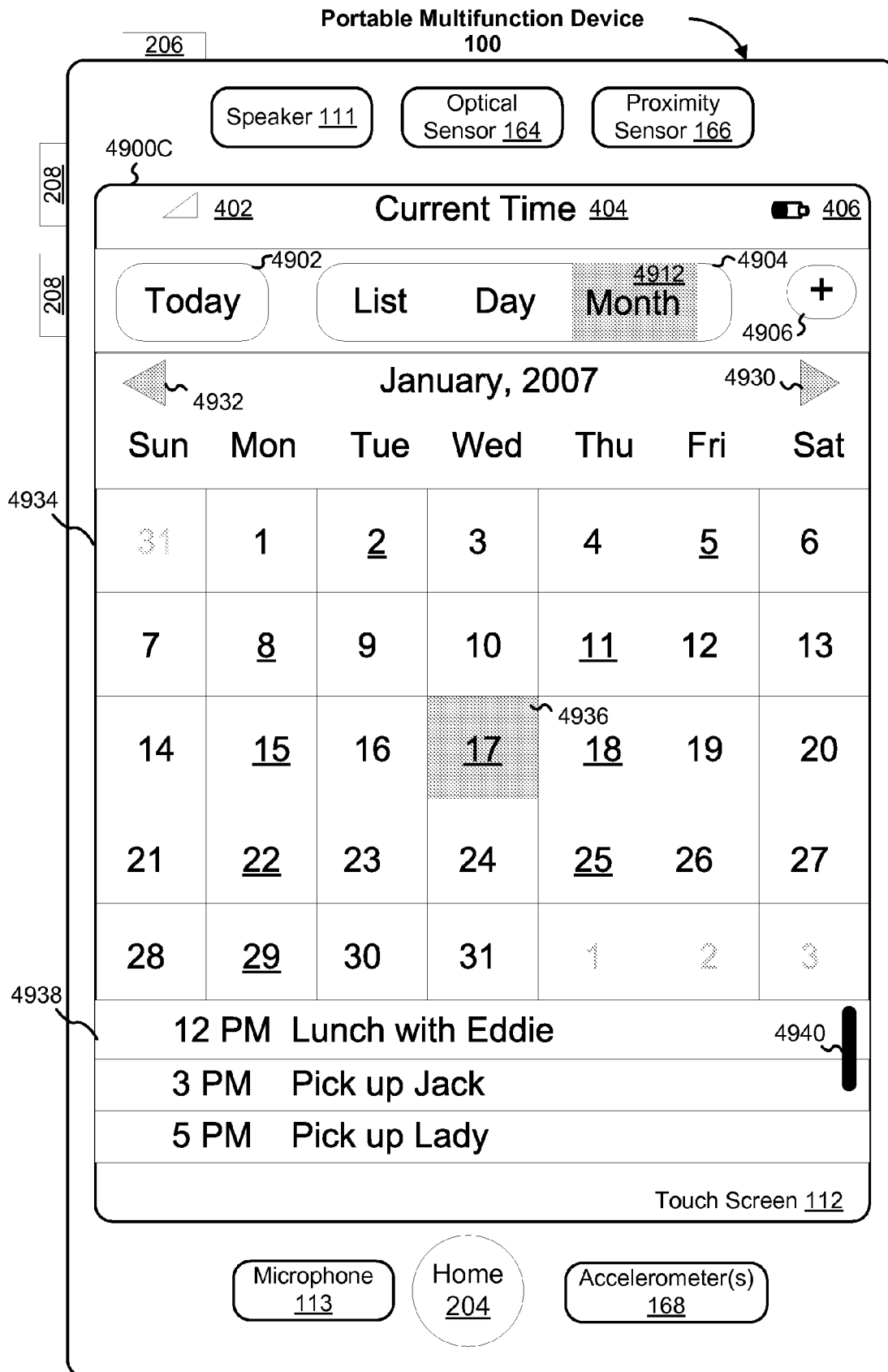


Figure 5C

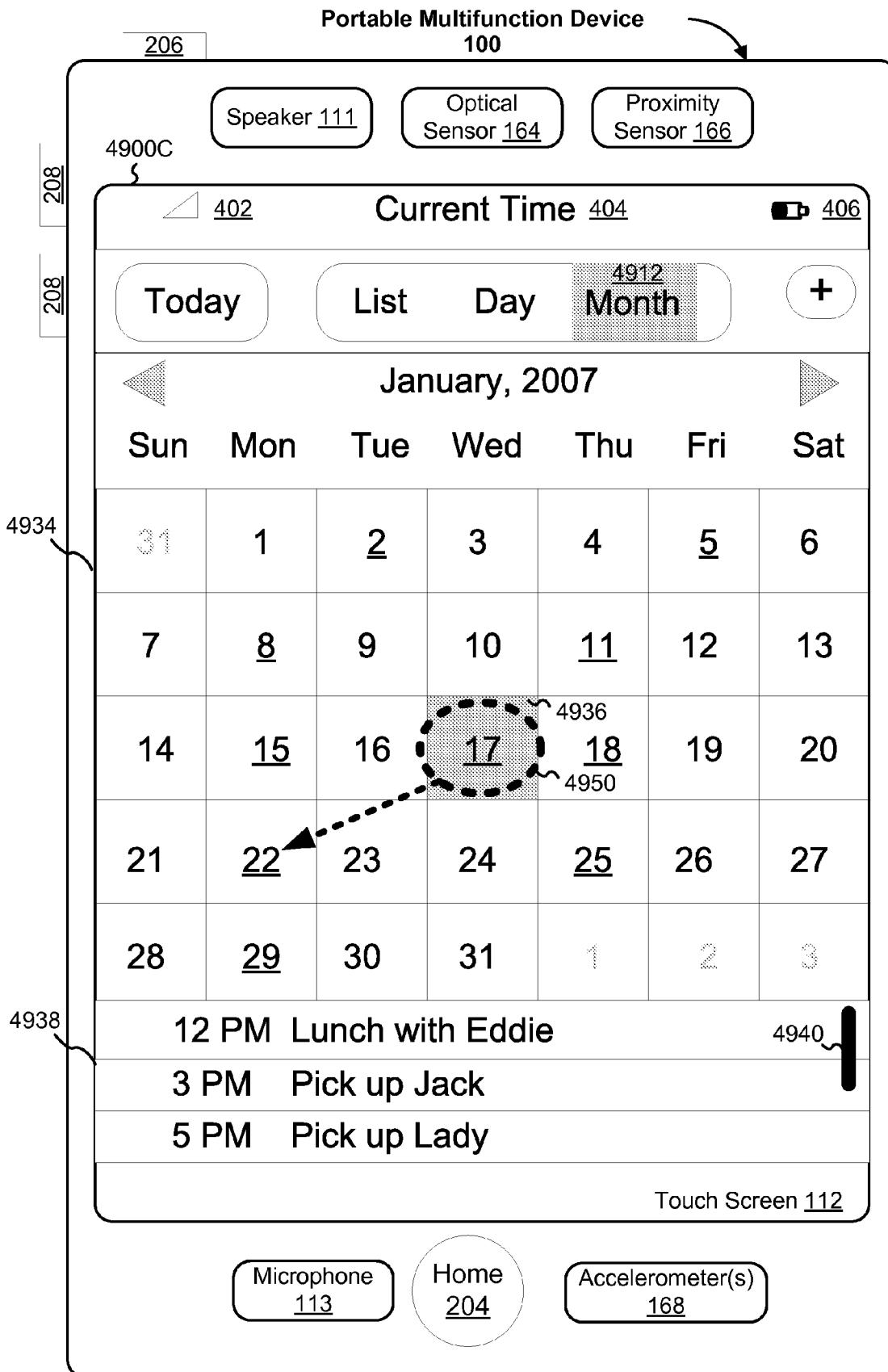




Figure 5E



Figure 5F

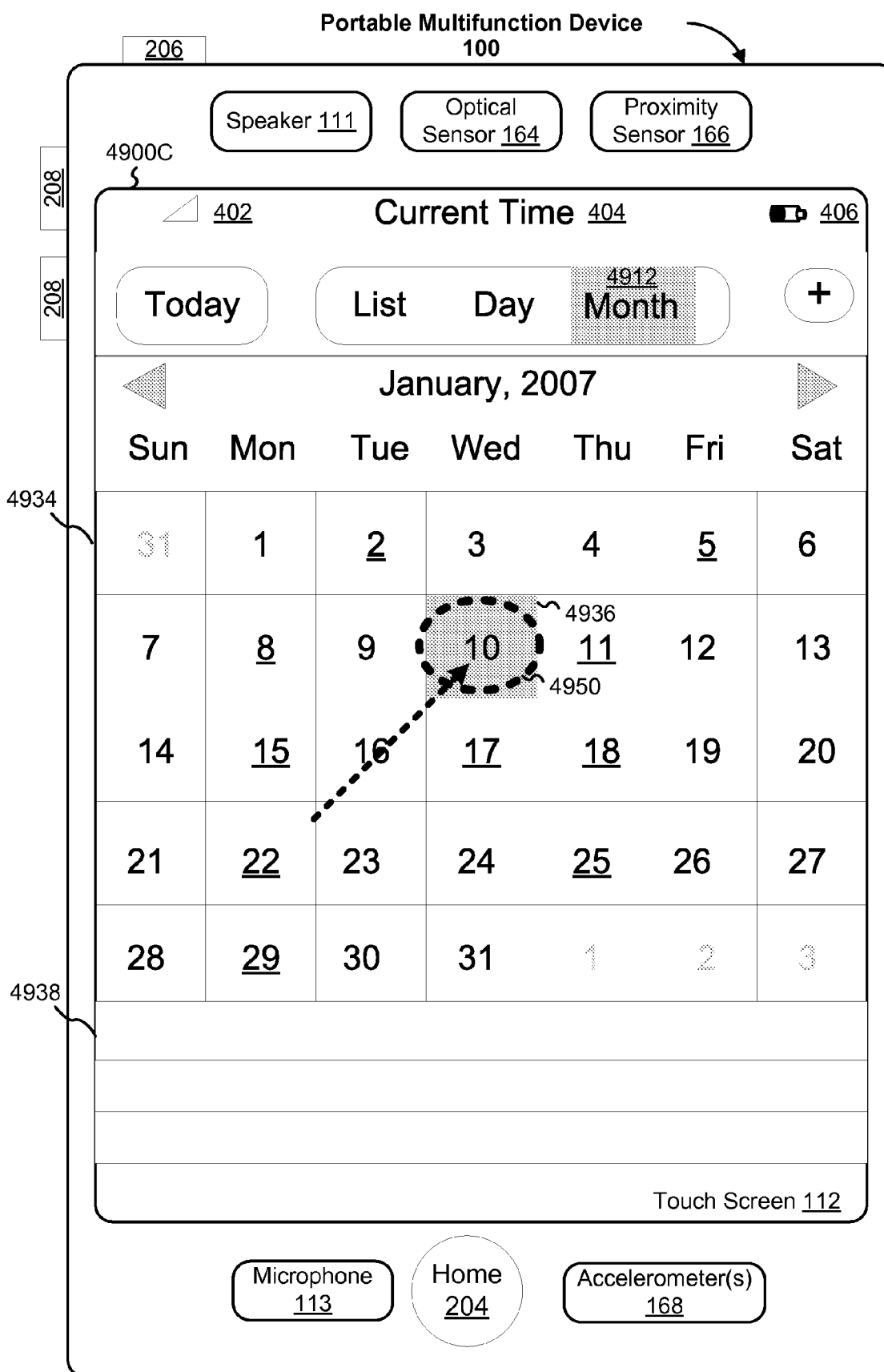


Figure 5G

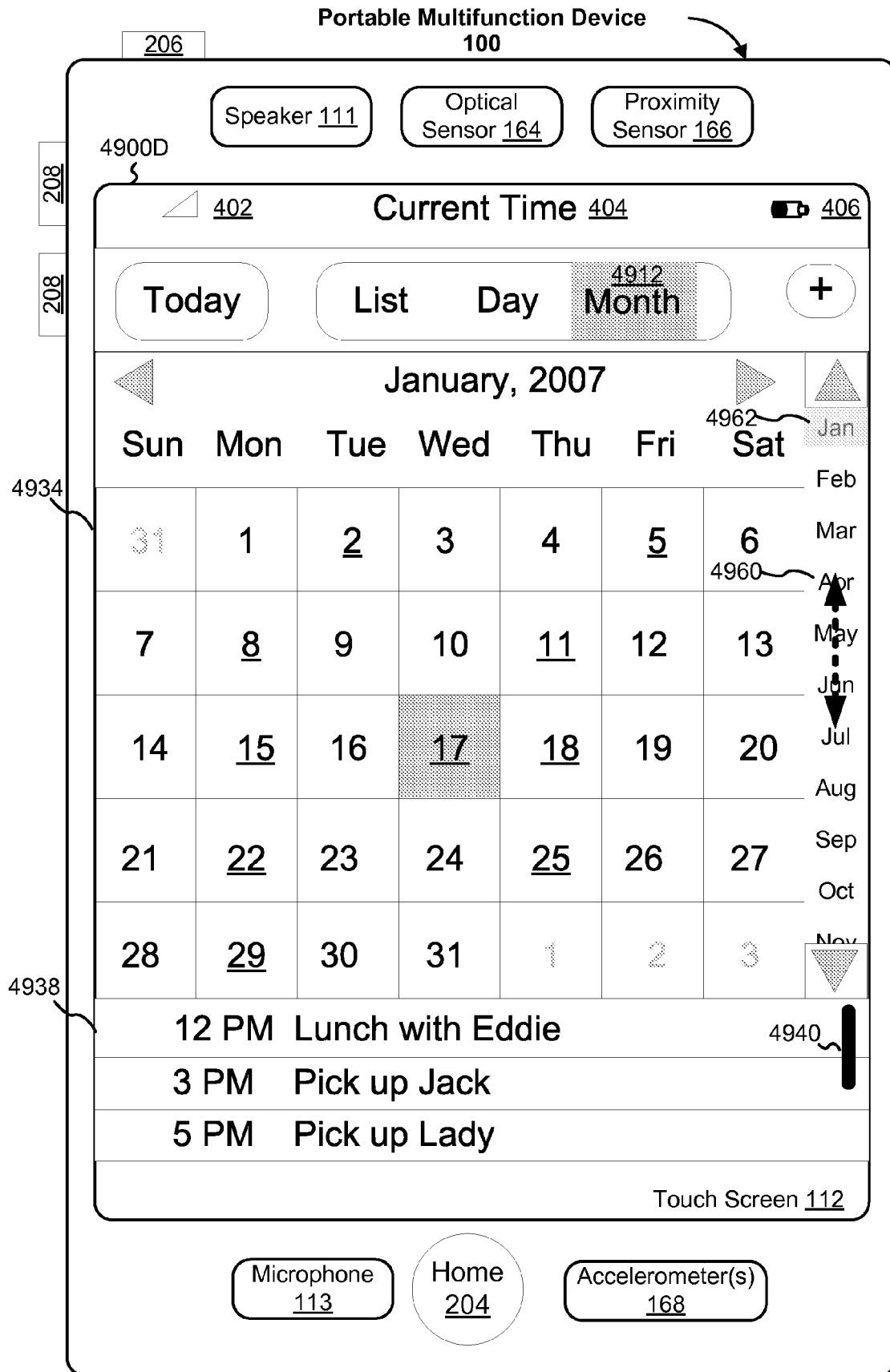


Figure 5H

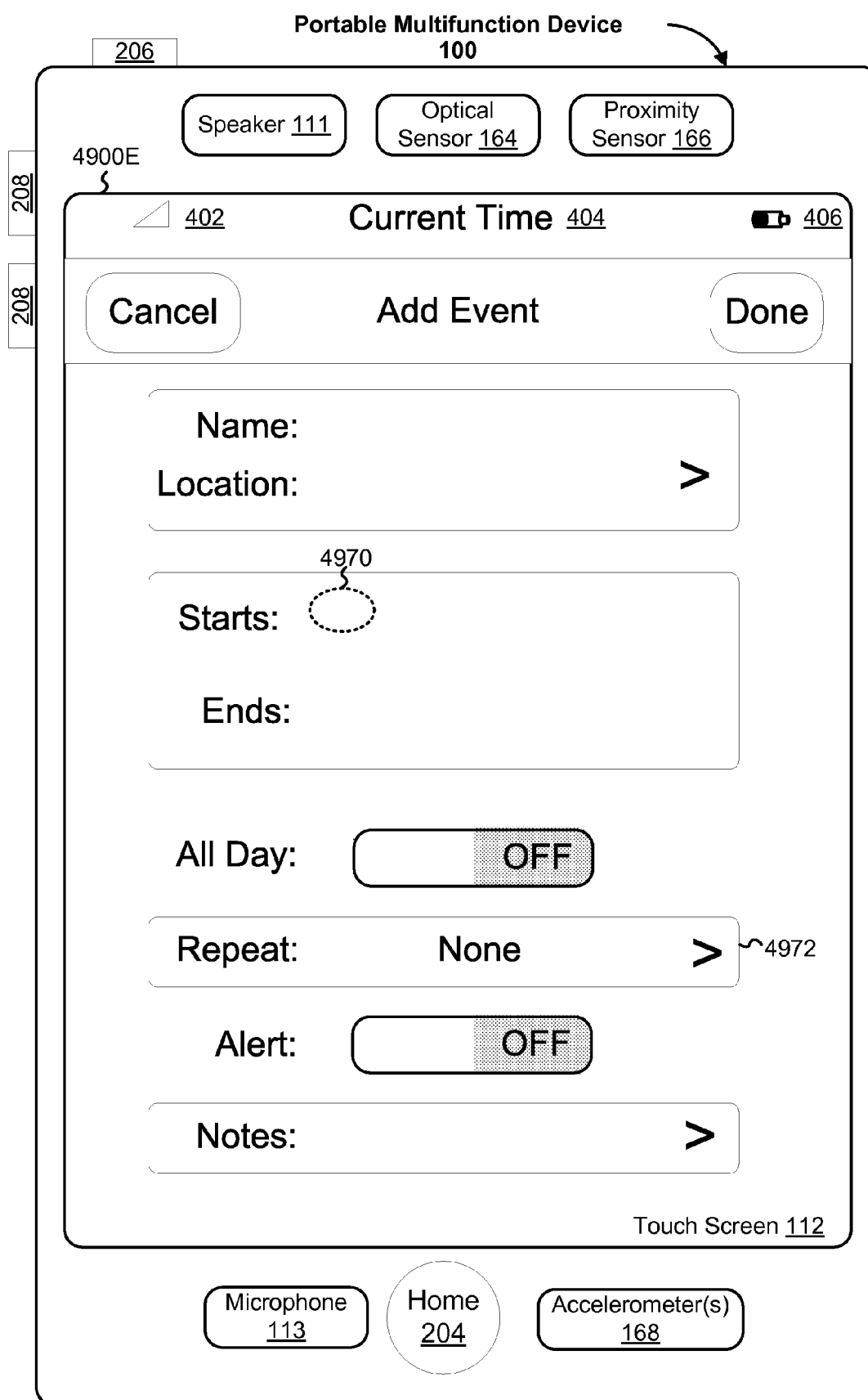


Figure 5I

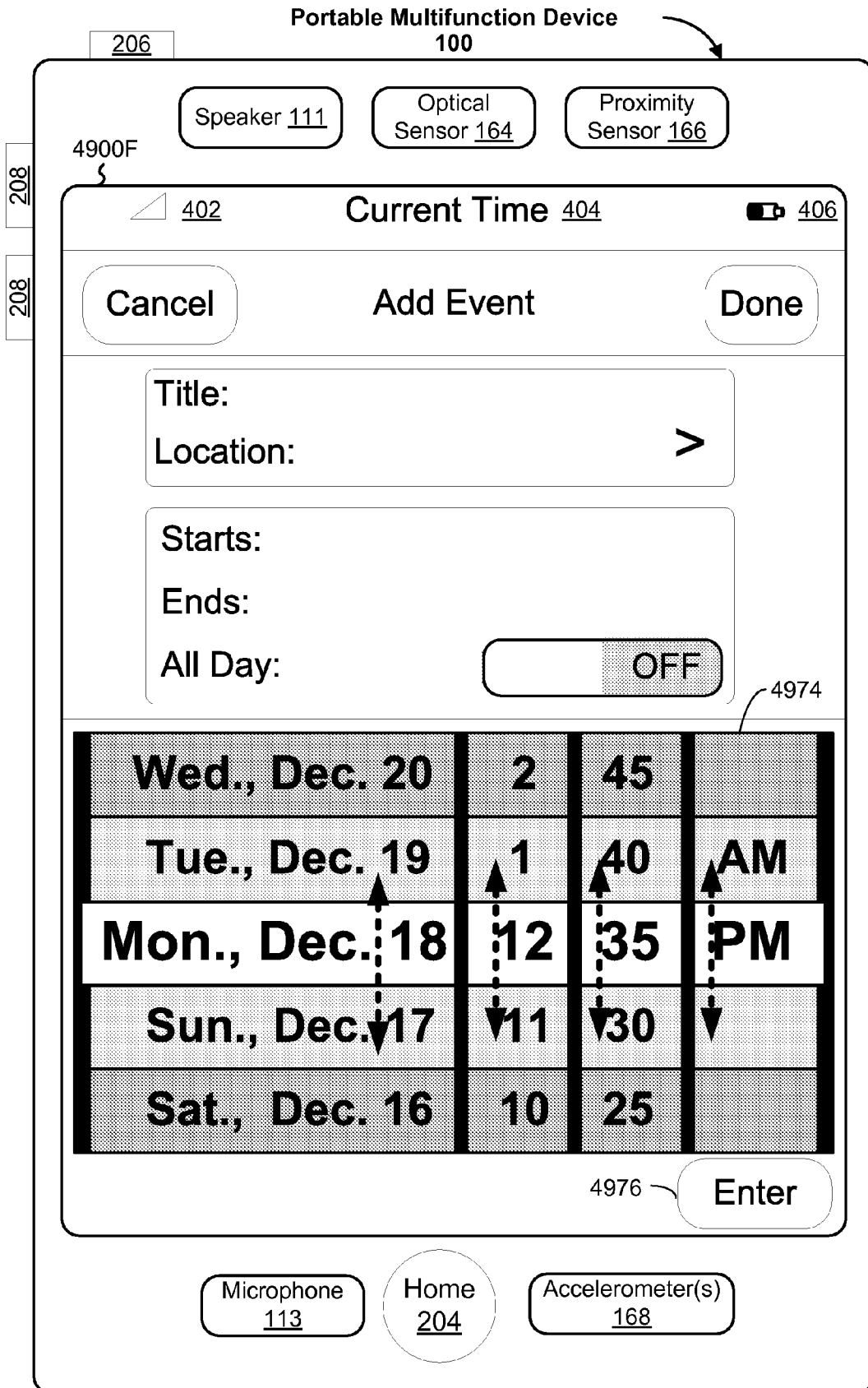


Figure 5J

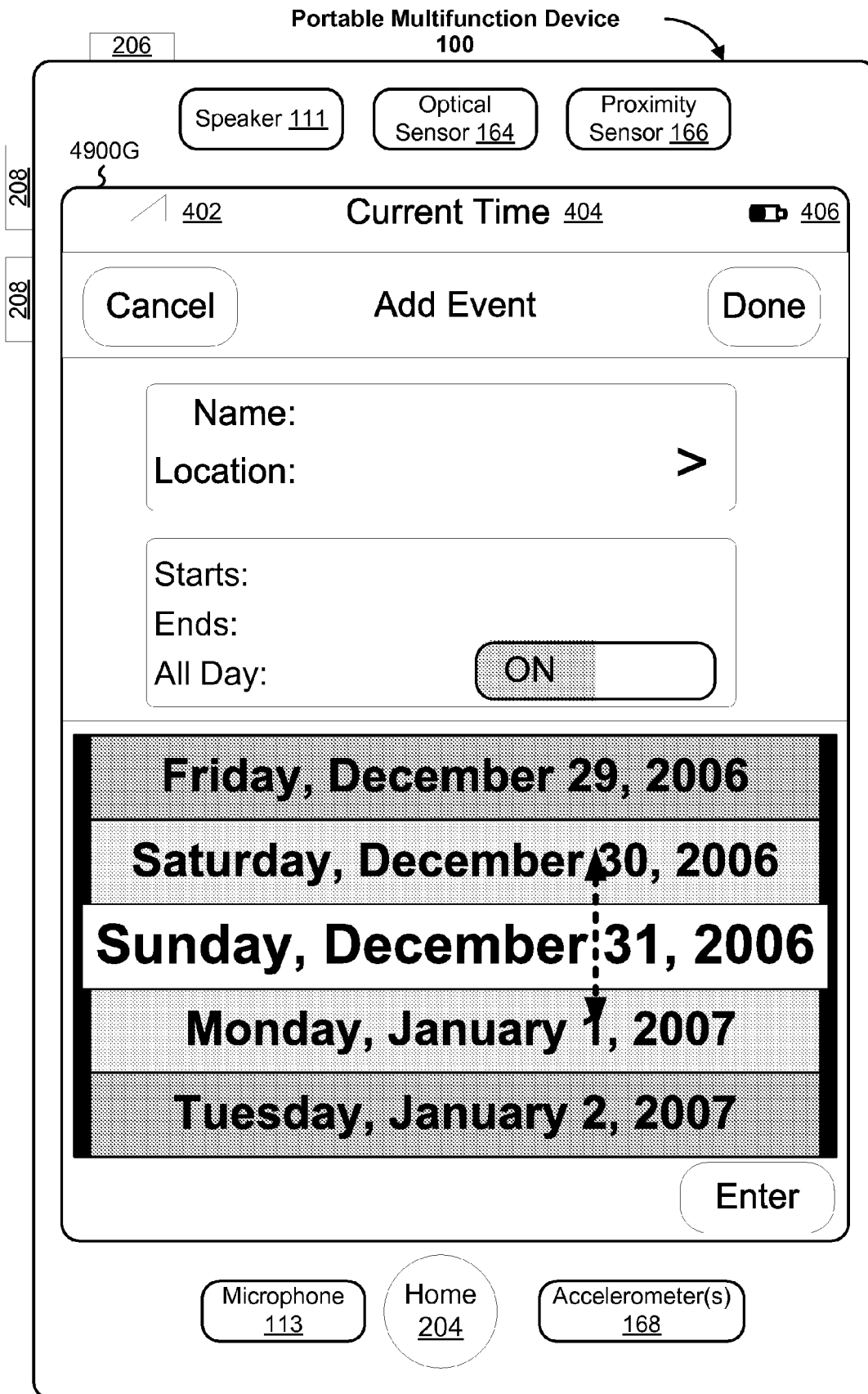


Figure 5K

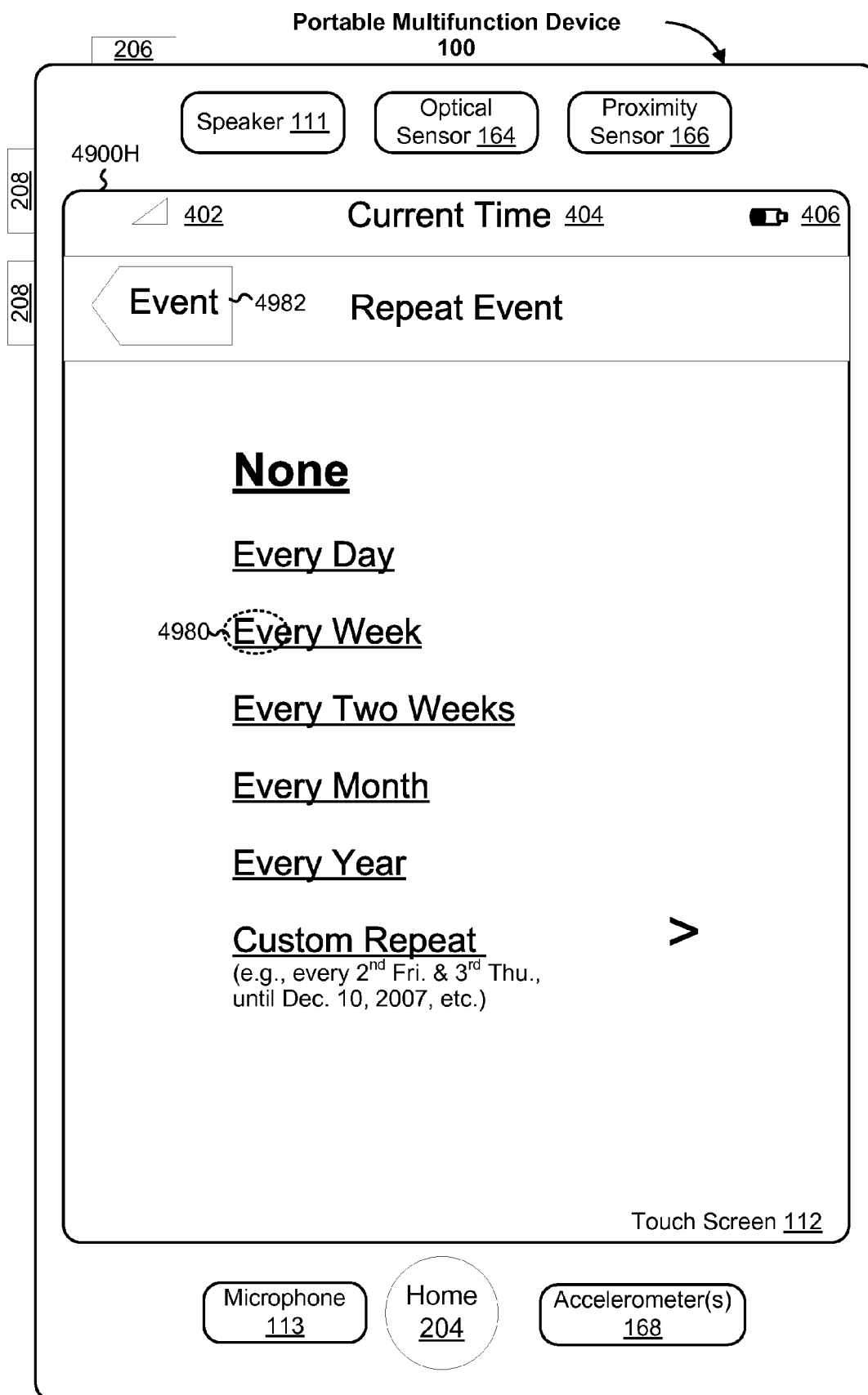


Figure 5L

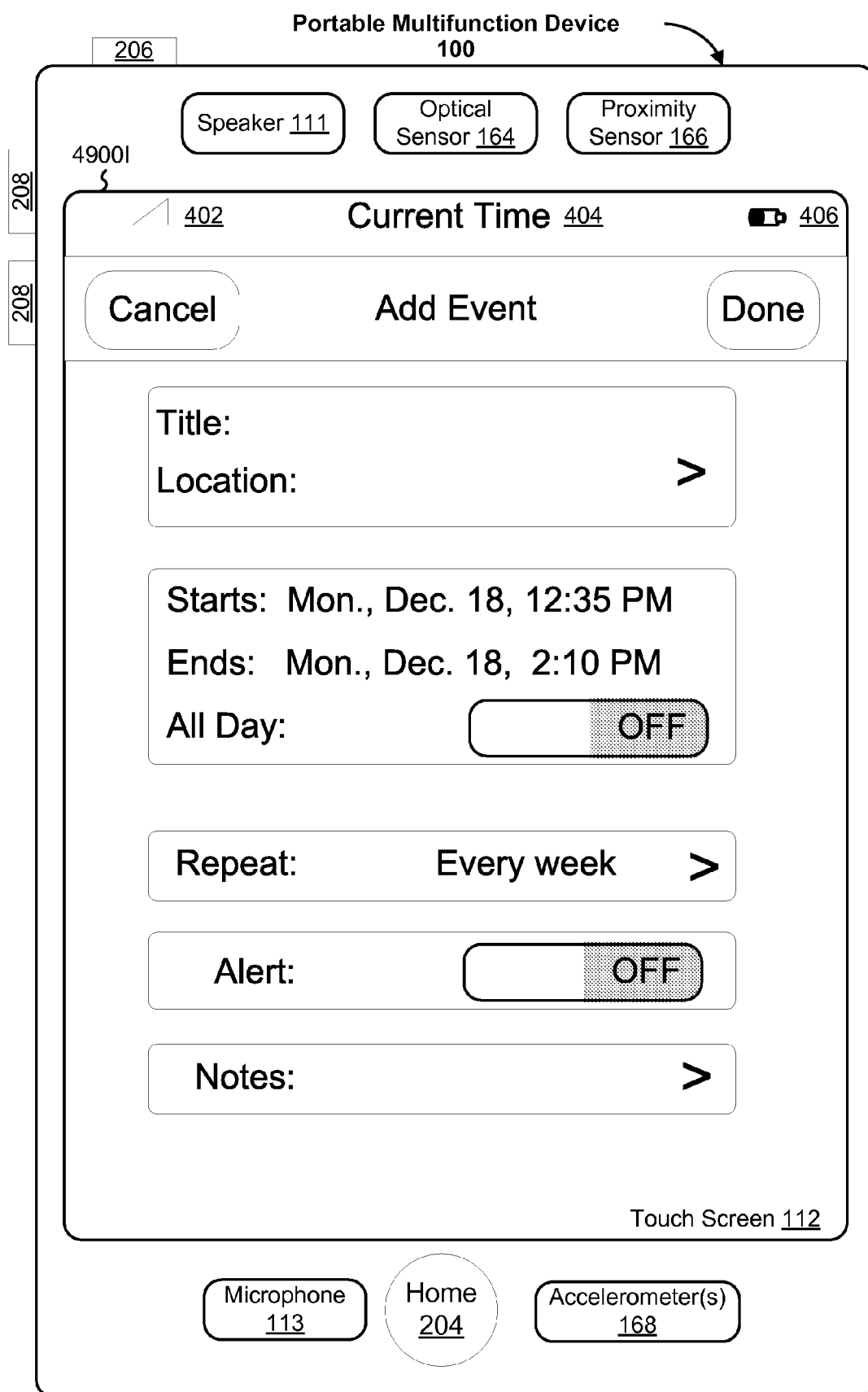


Figure 5M

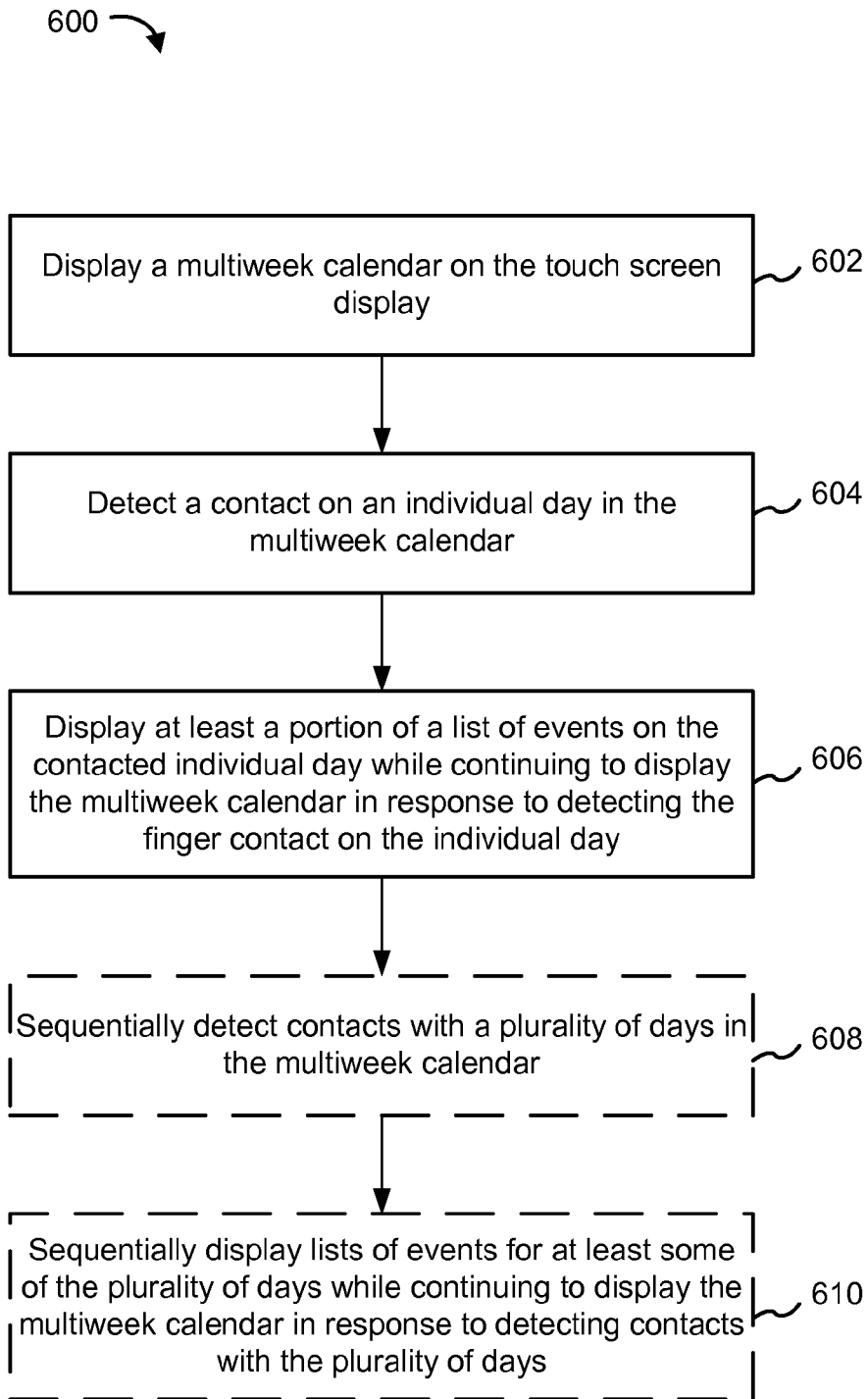
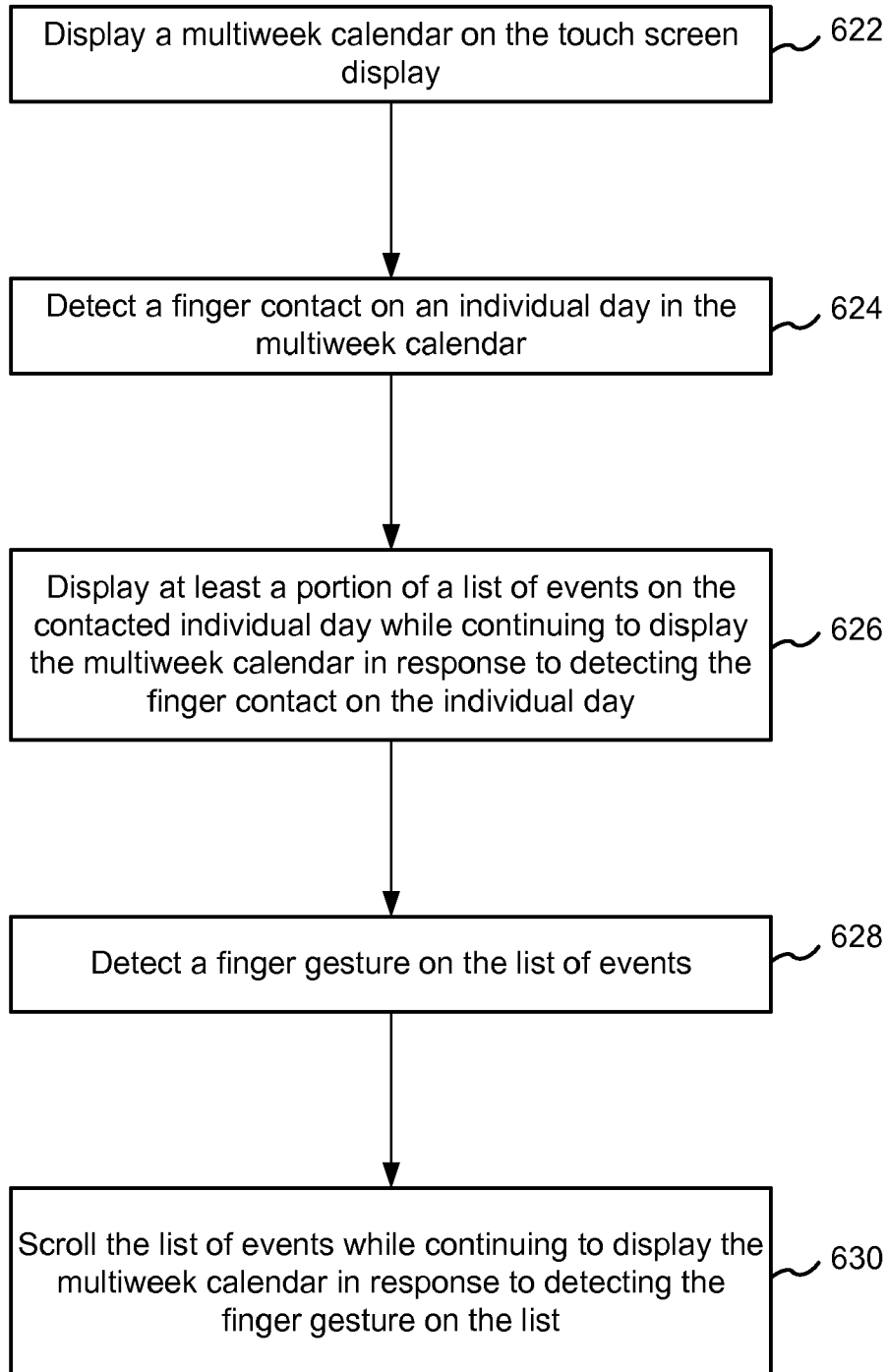


Figure 6A

620 **Figure 6B**

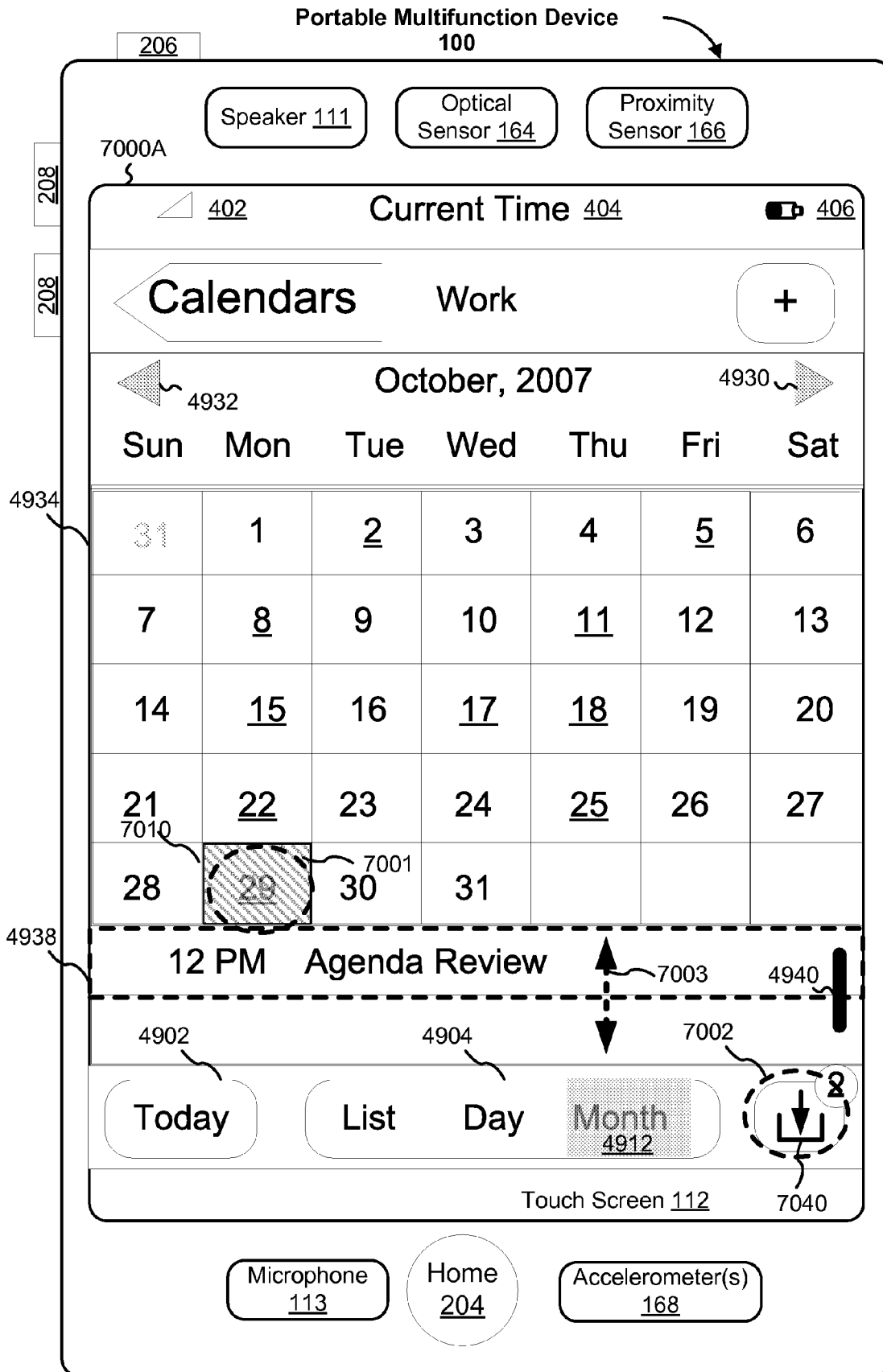


Figure 7A

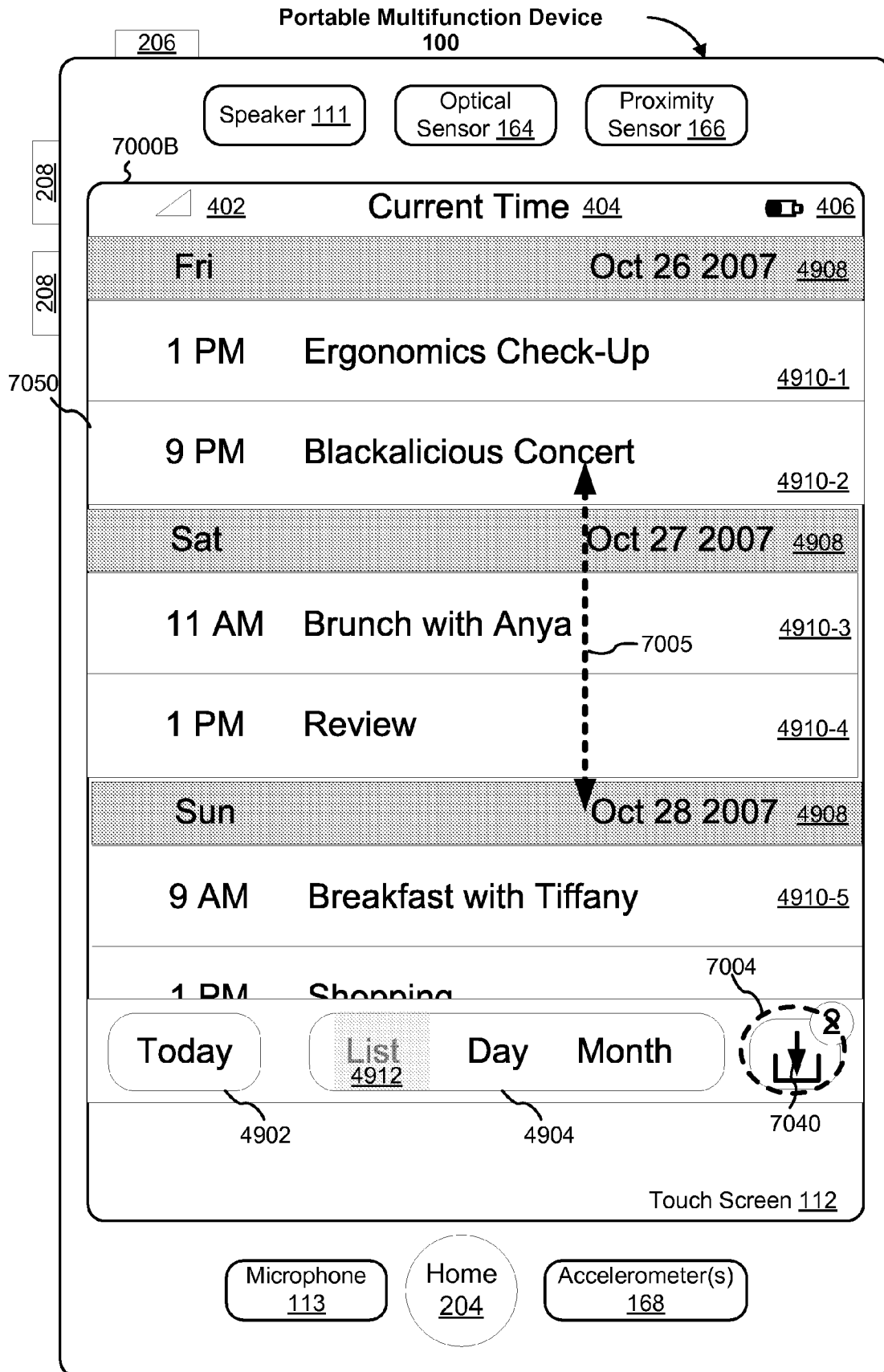


Figure 7B



Figure 7C

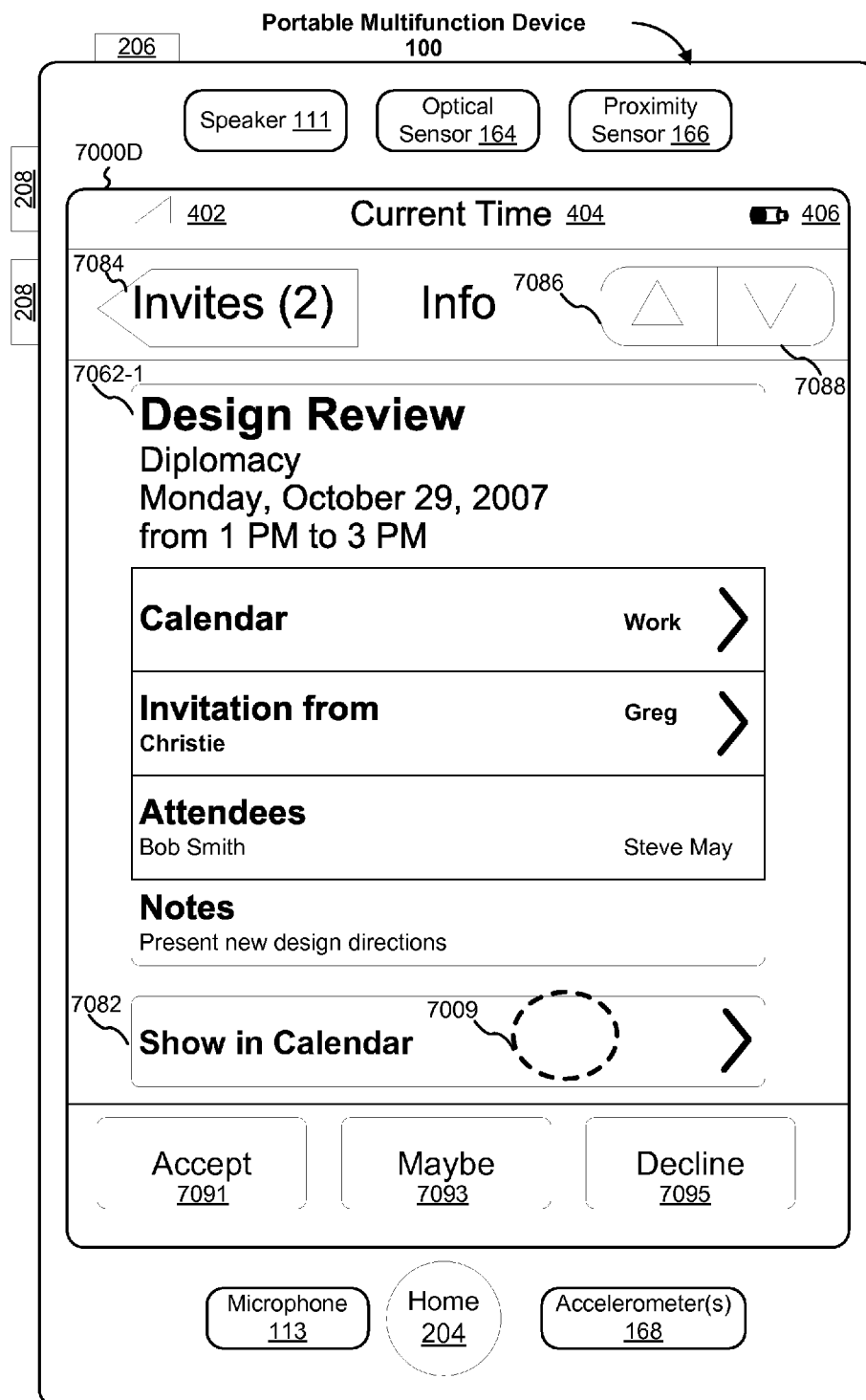


Figure 7D

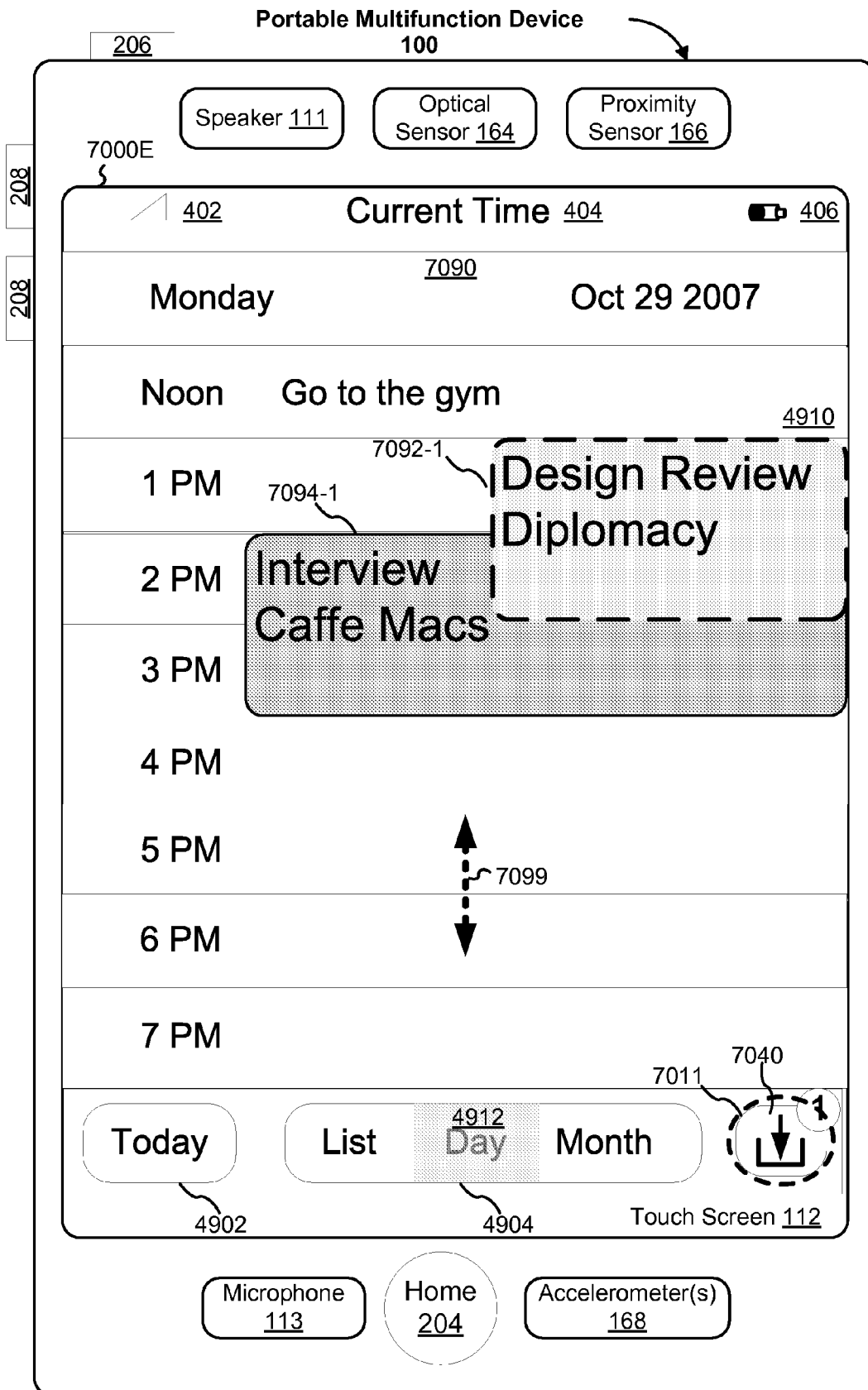


Figure 7E

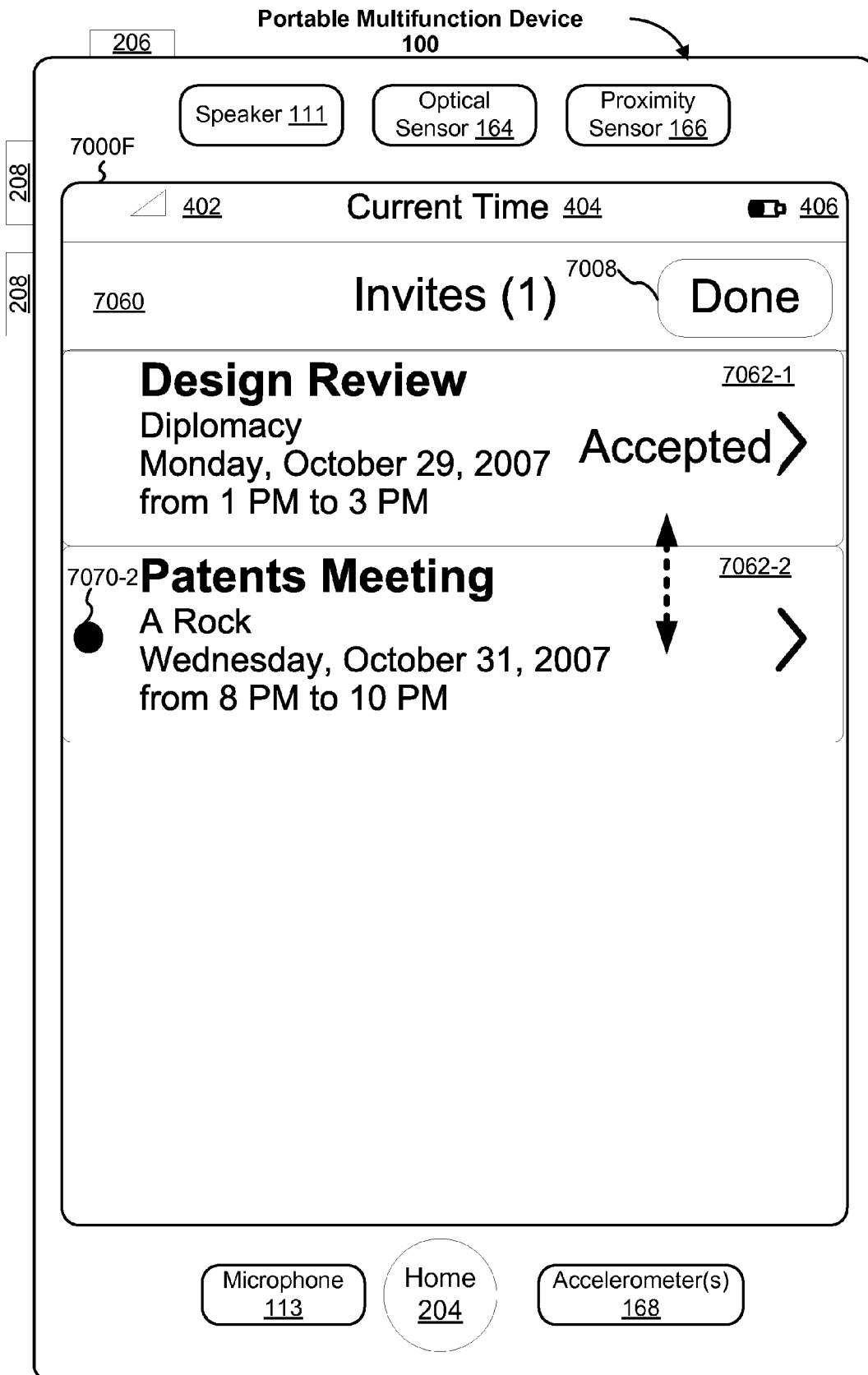


Figure 7F

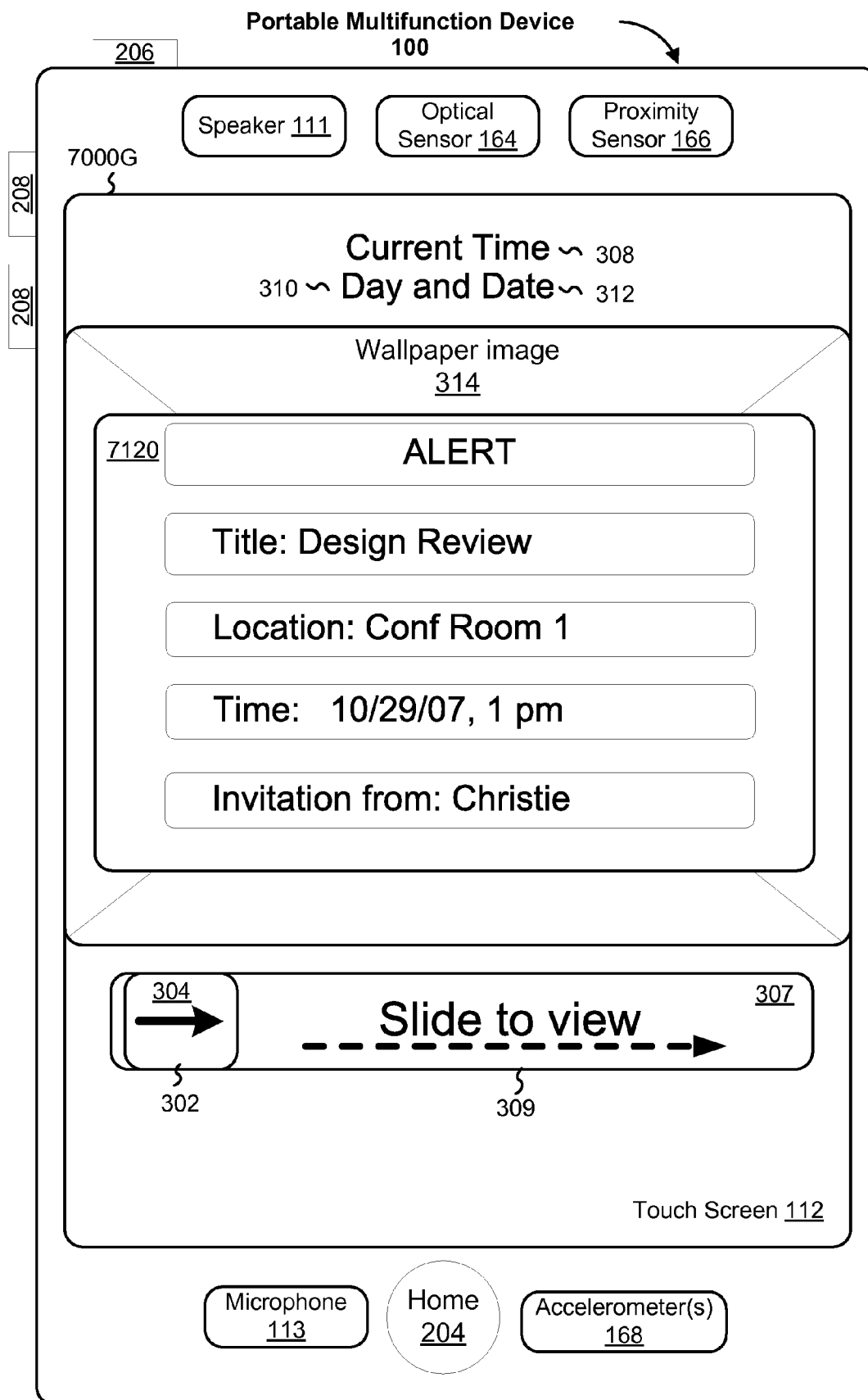


Figure 7G

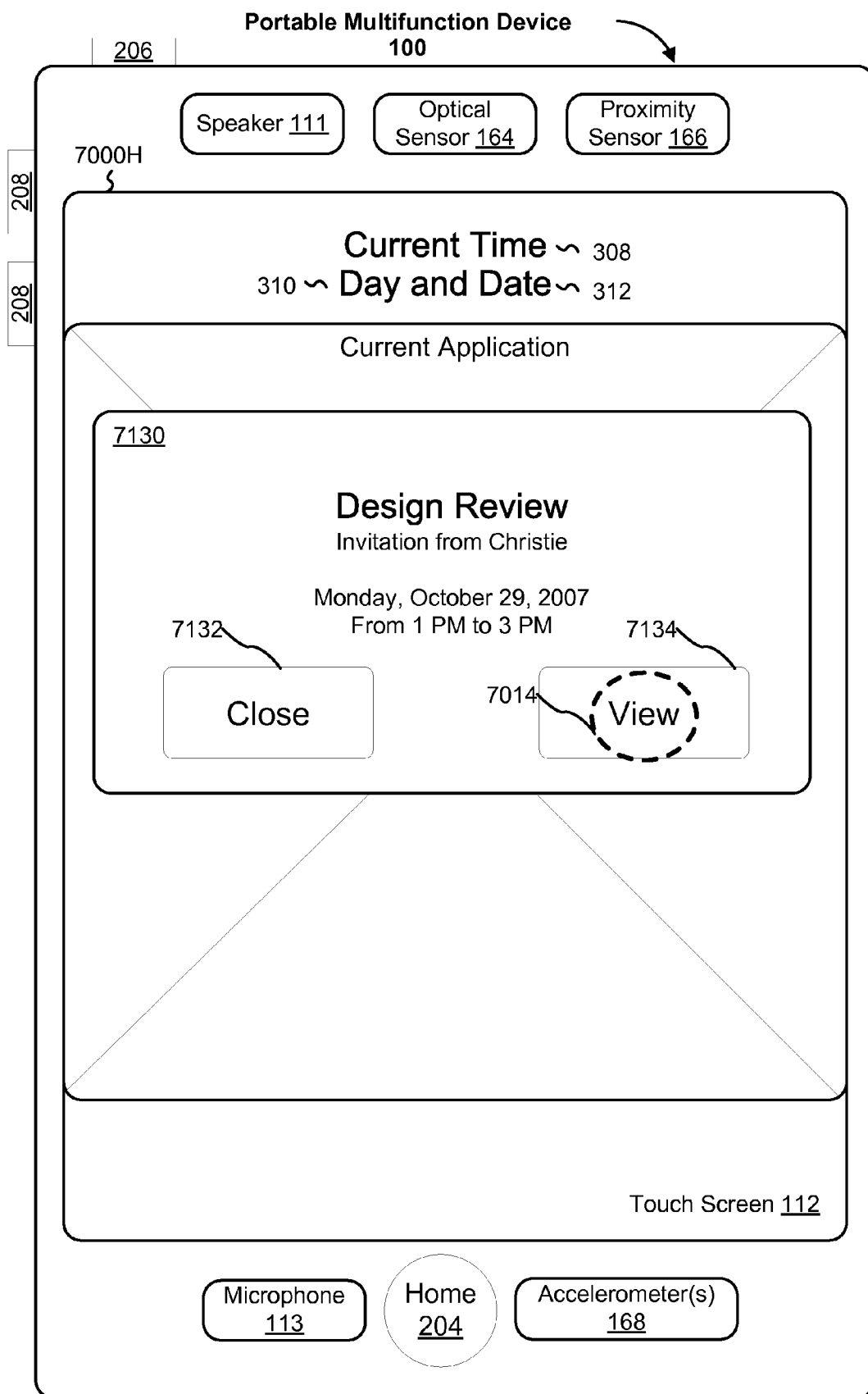


Figure 7H



Figure 71



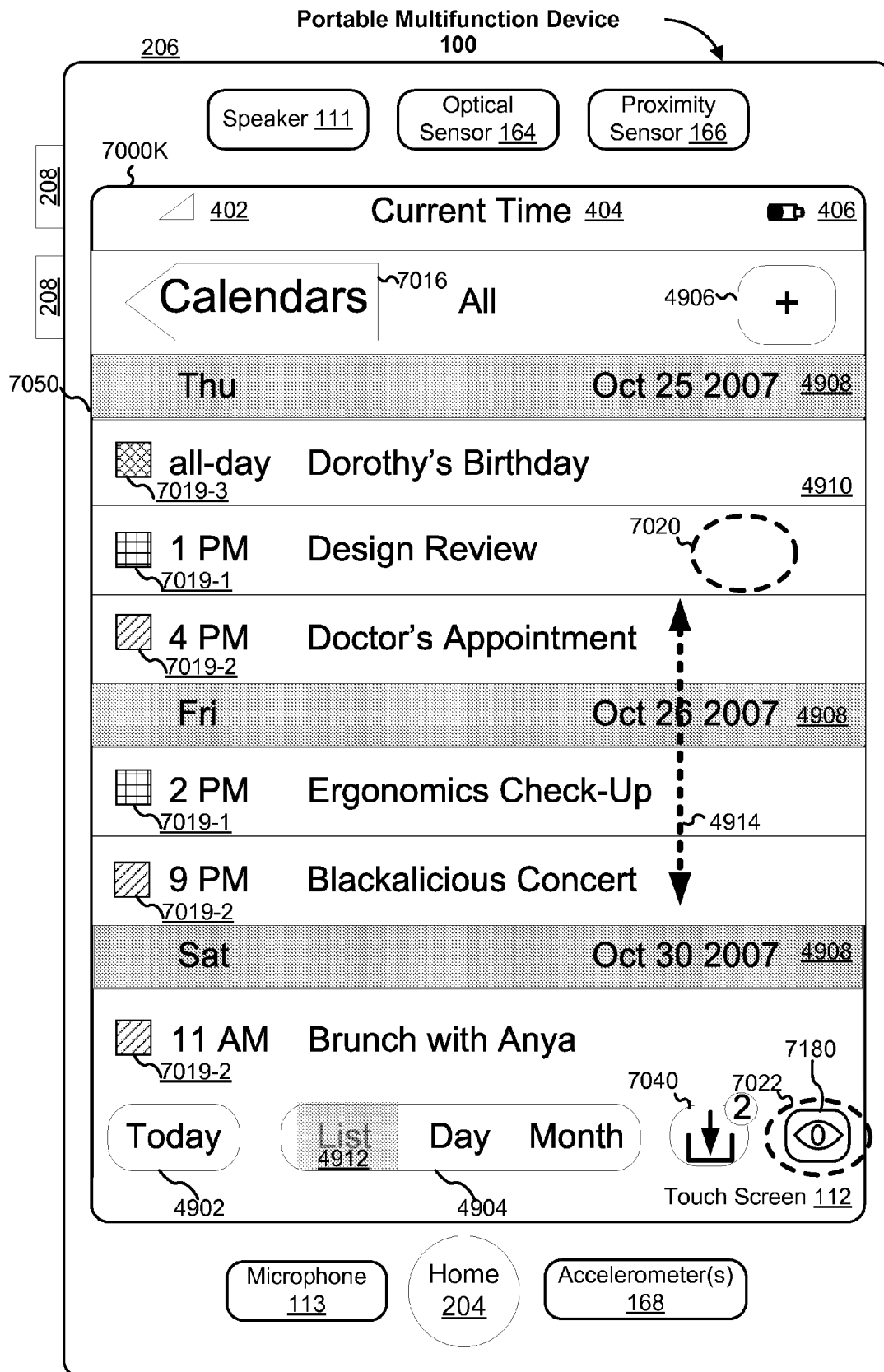


Figure 7K

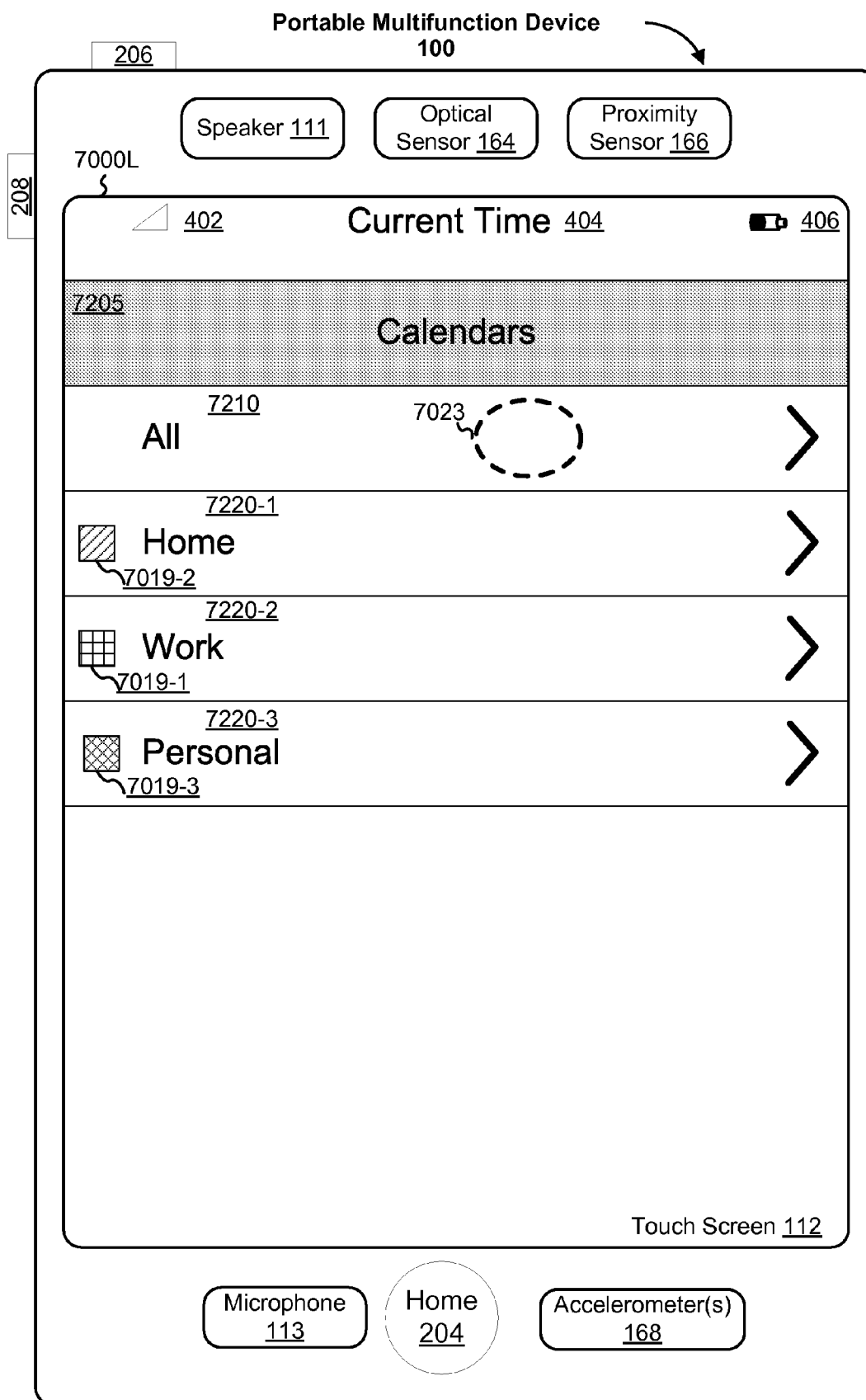


Figure 7L

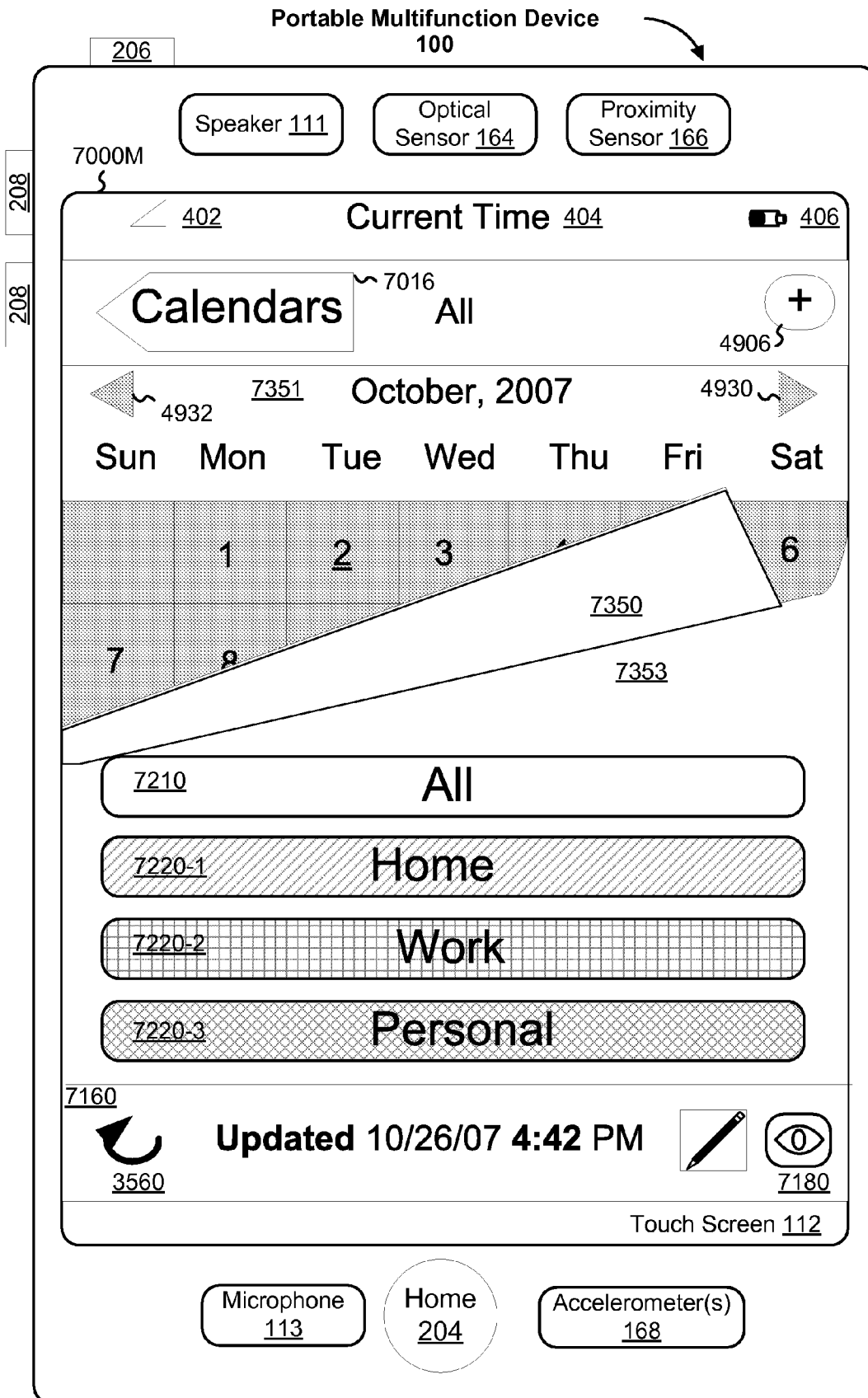


Figure 7M

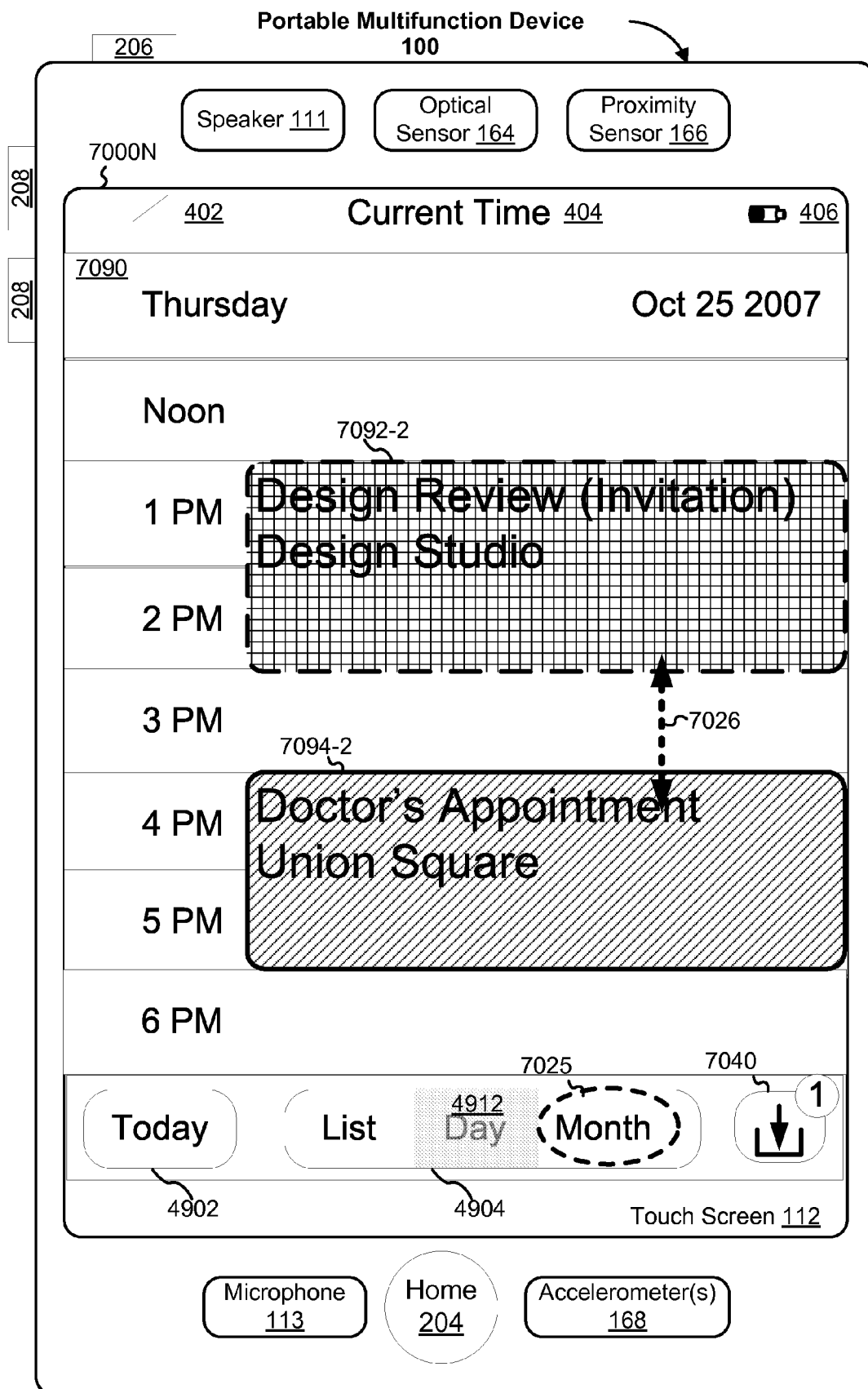


Figure 7N



Figure 70

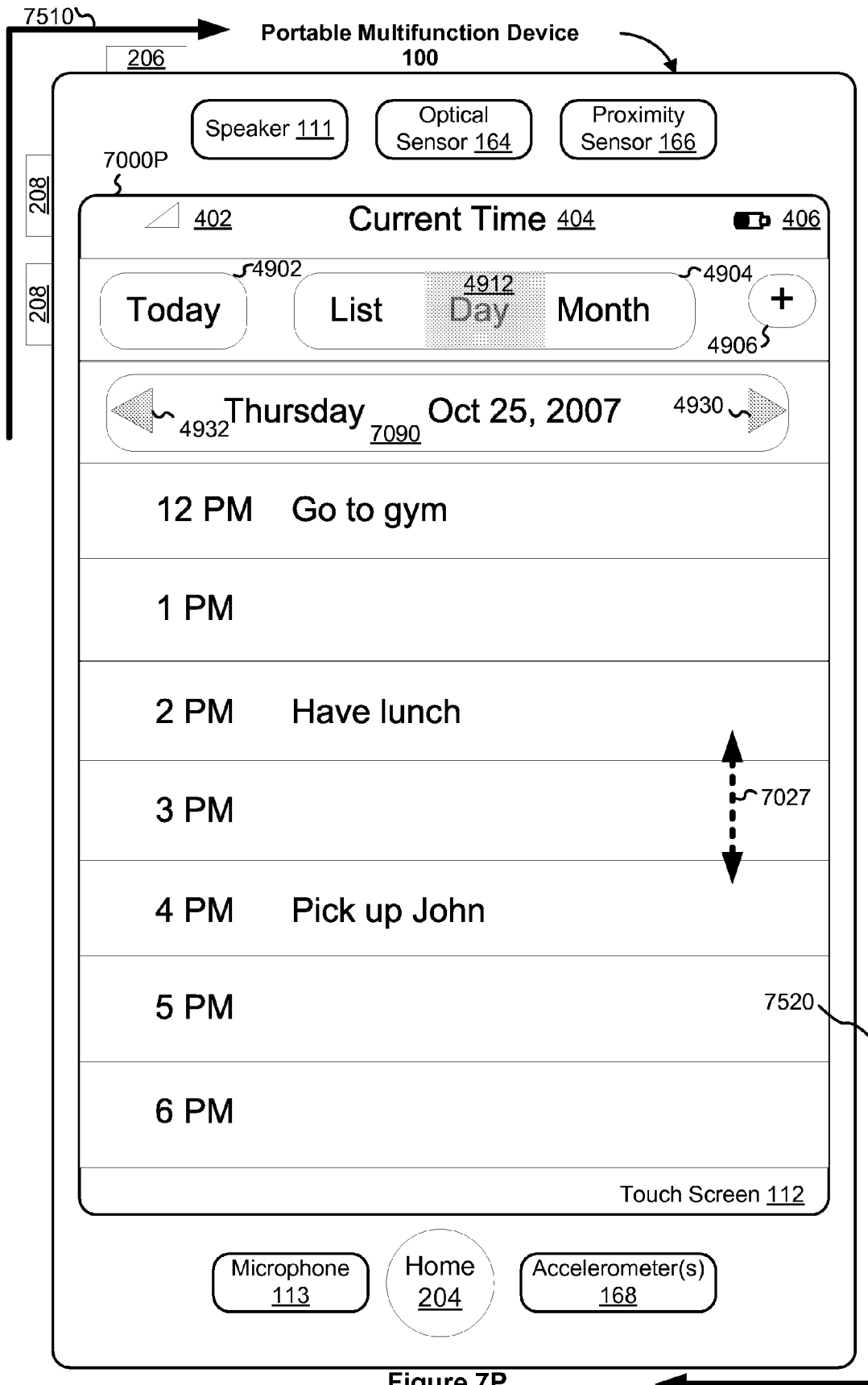


Figure 7P

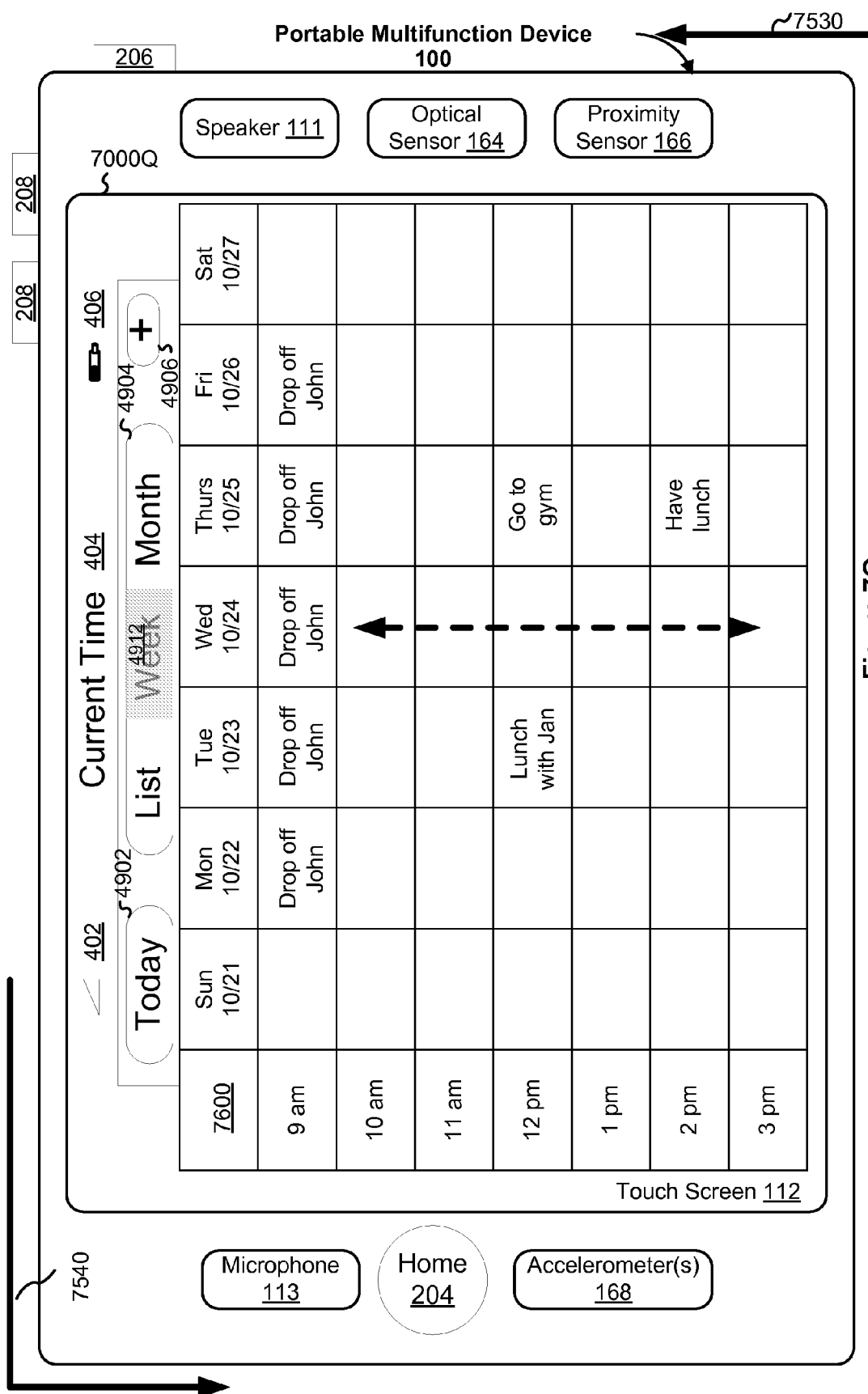


Figure 7Q

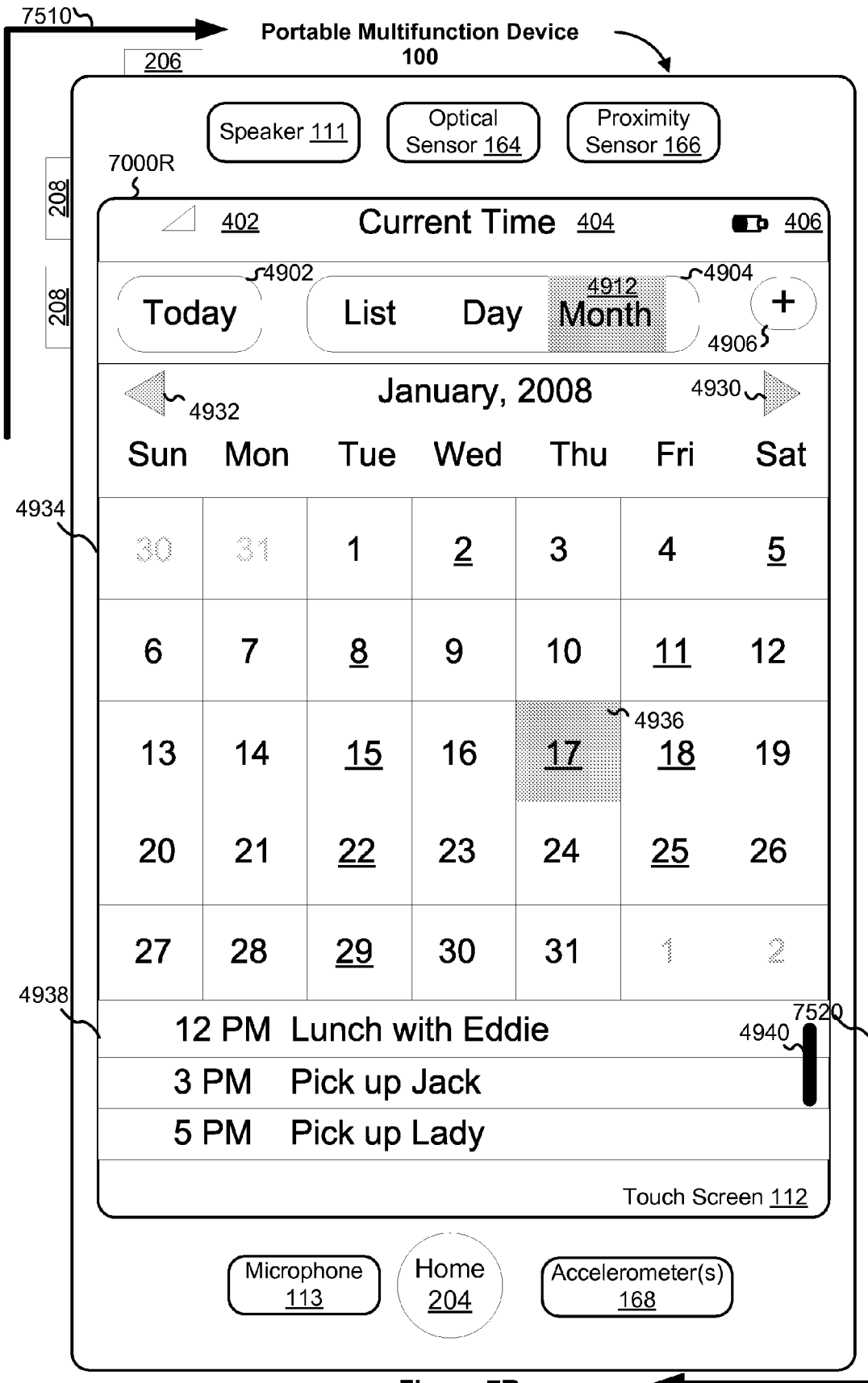
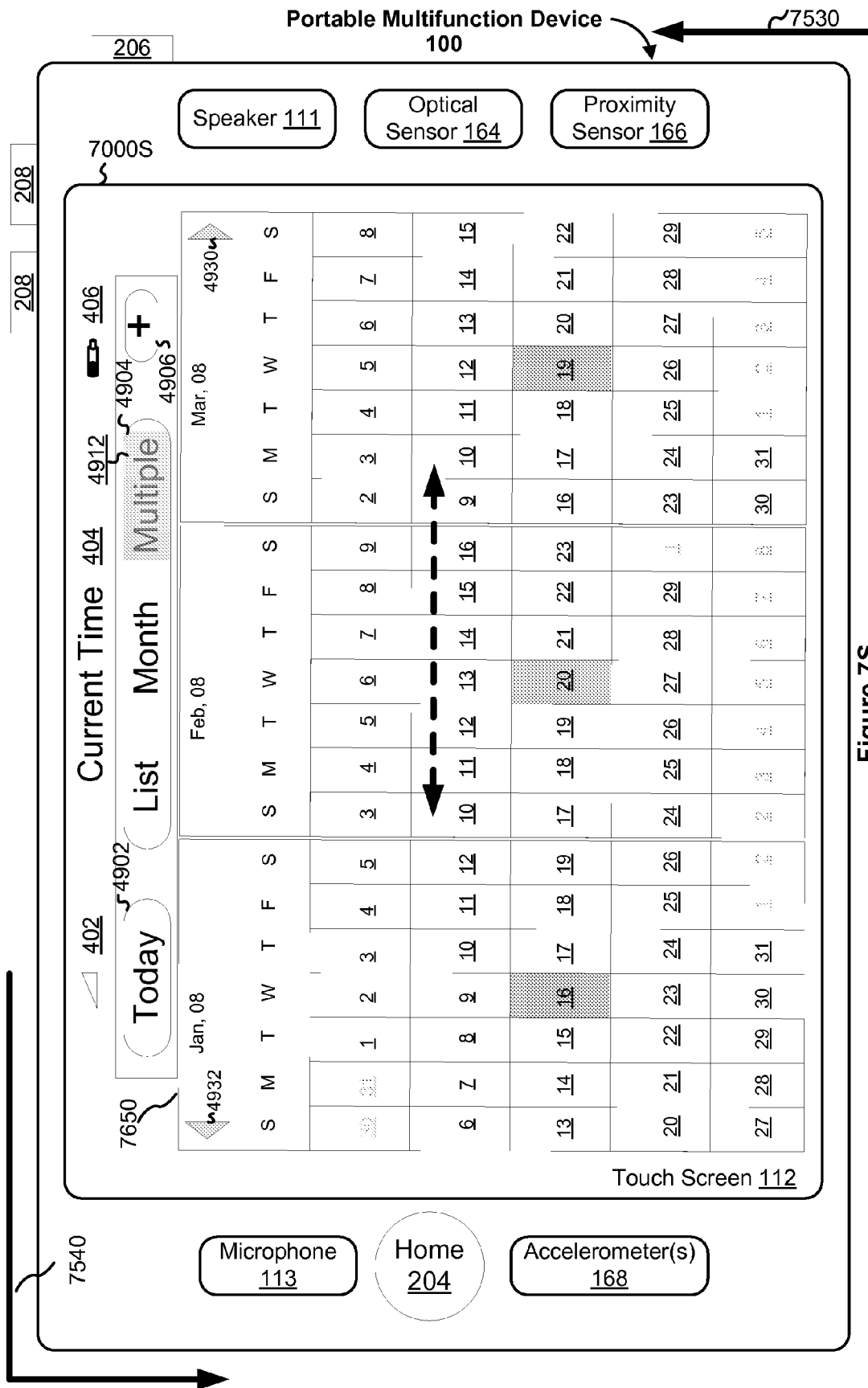


Figure 7R



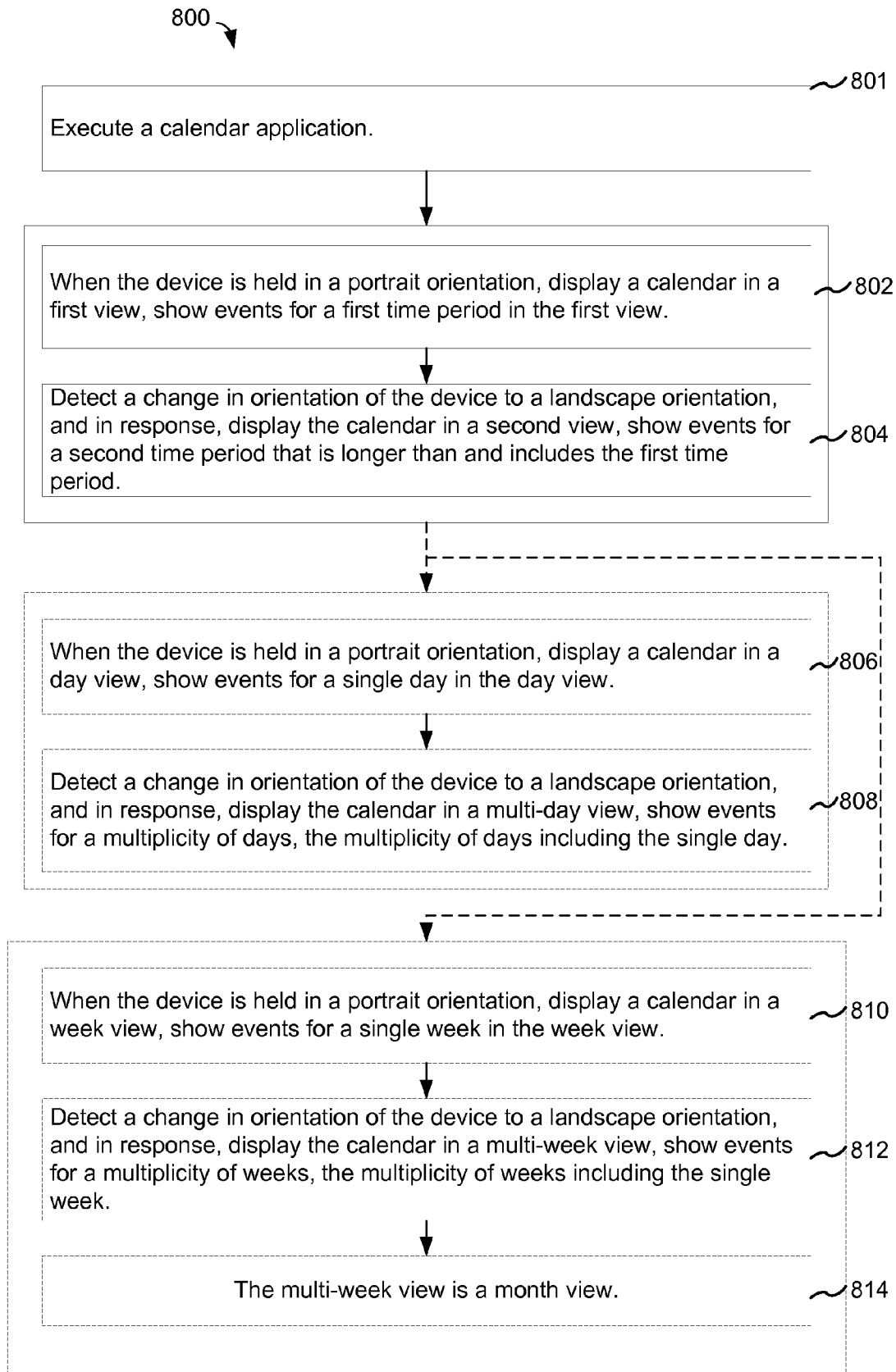


Figure 8A

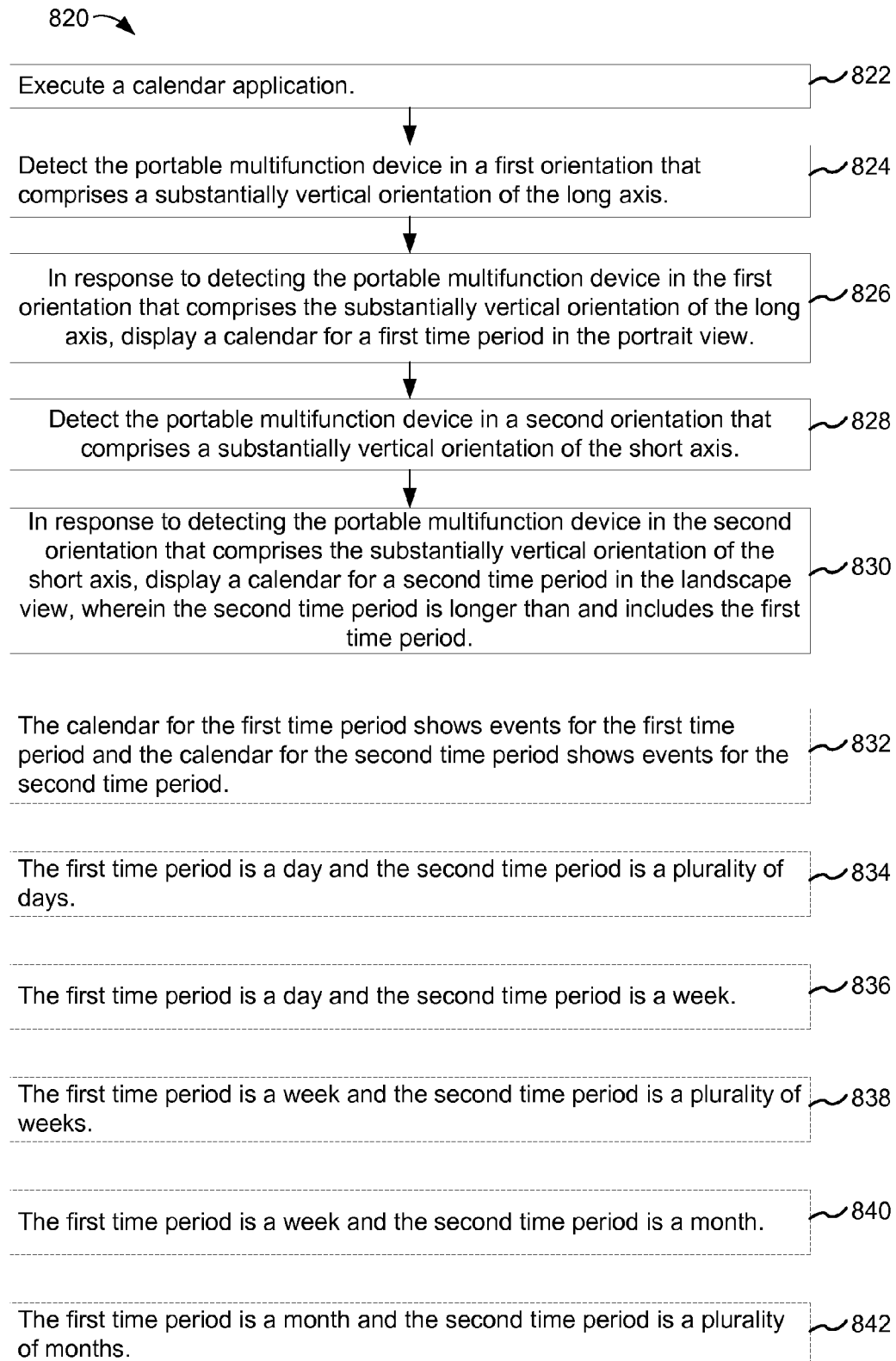


Figure 8B

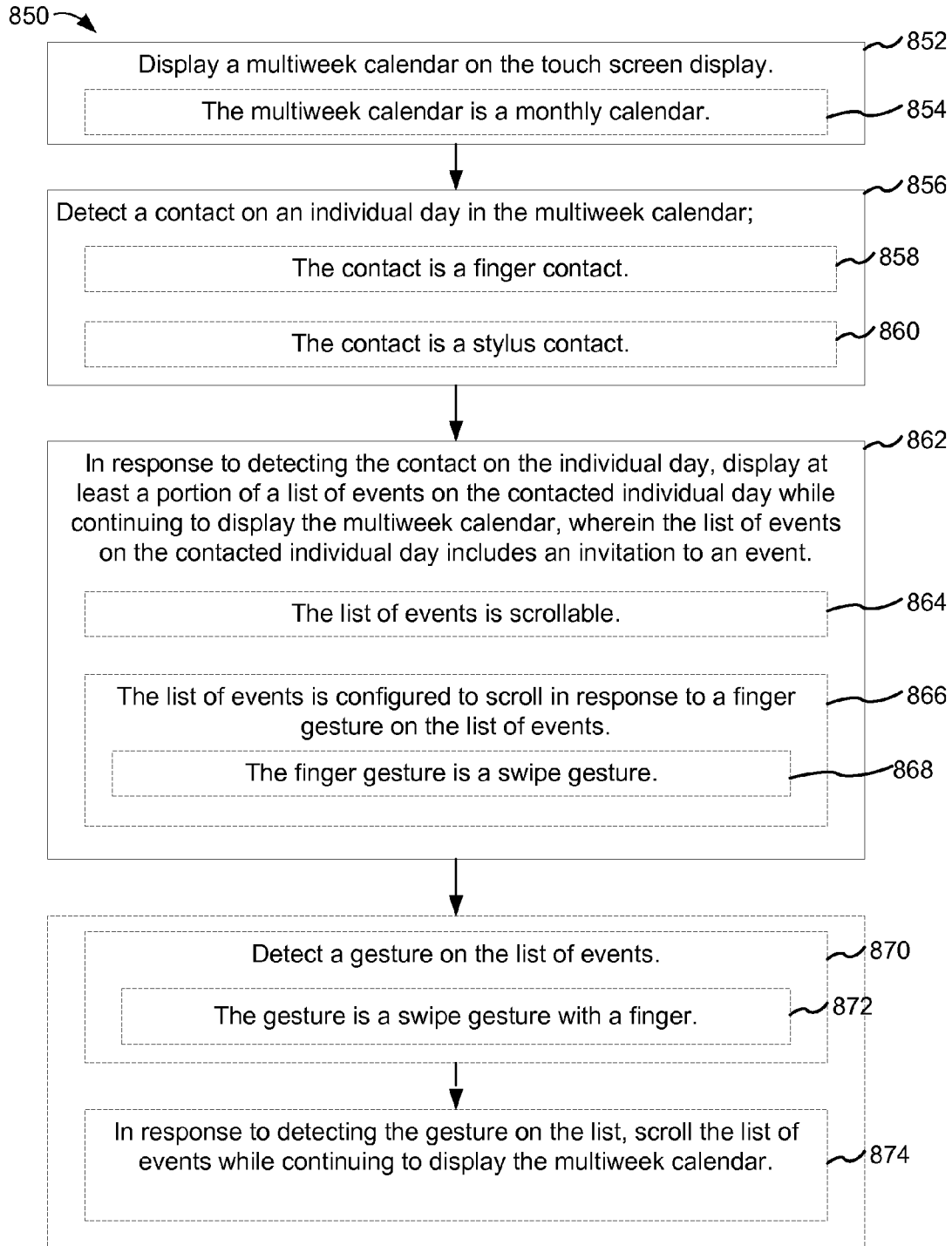


Figure 8C

880

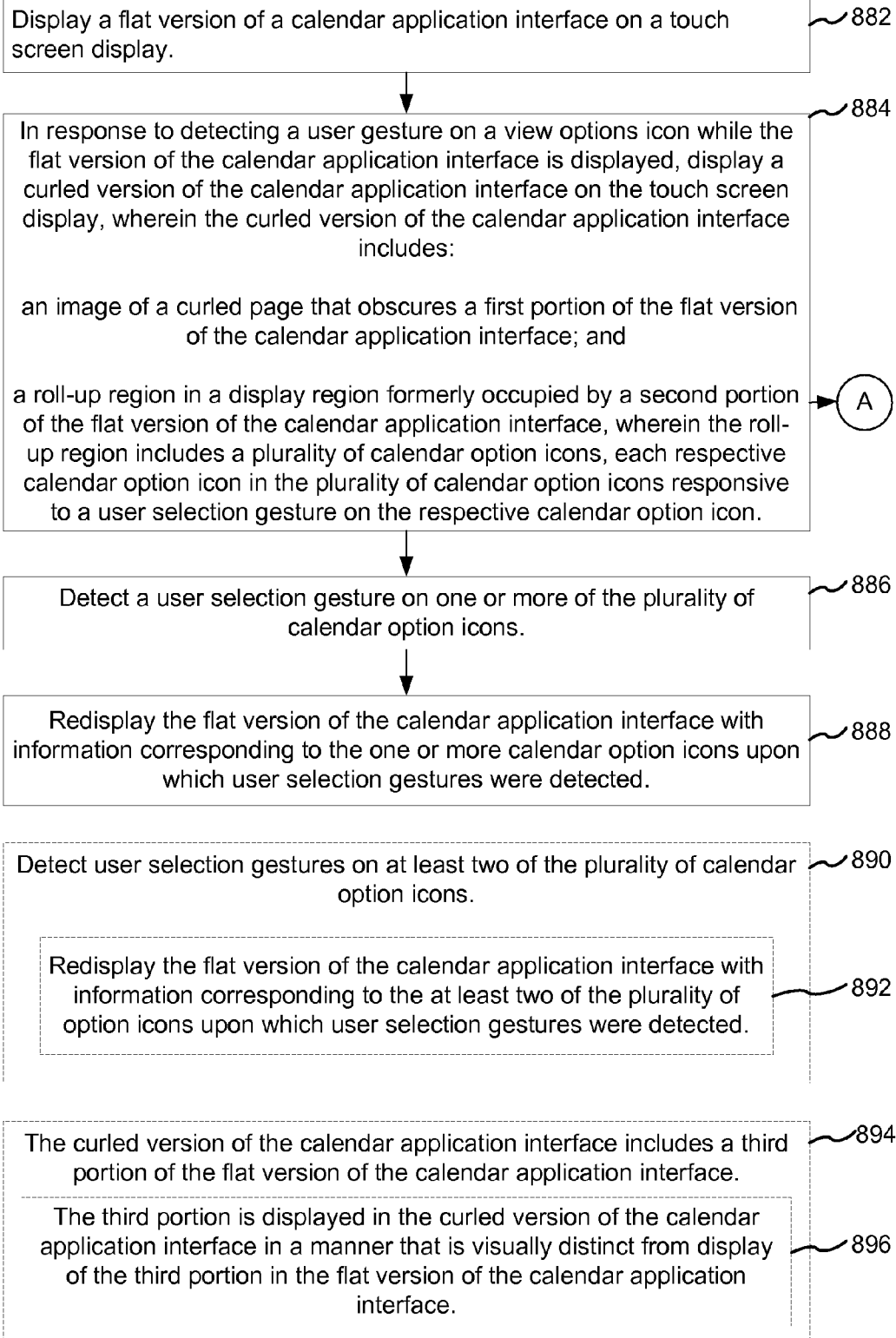


Figure 8D

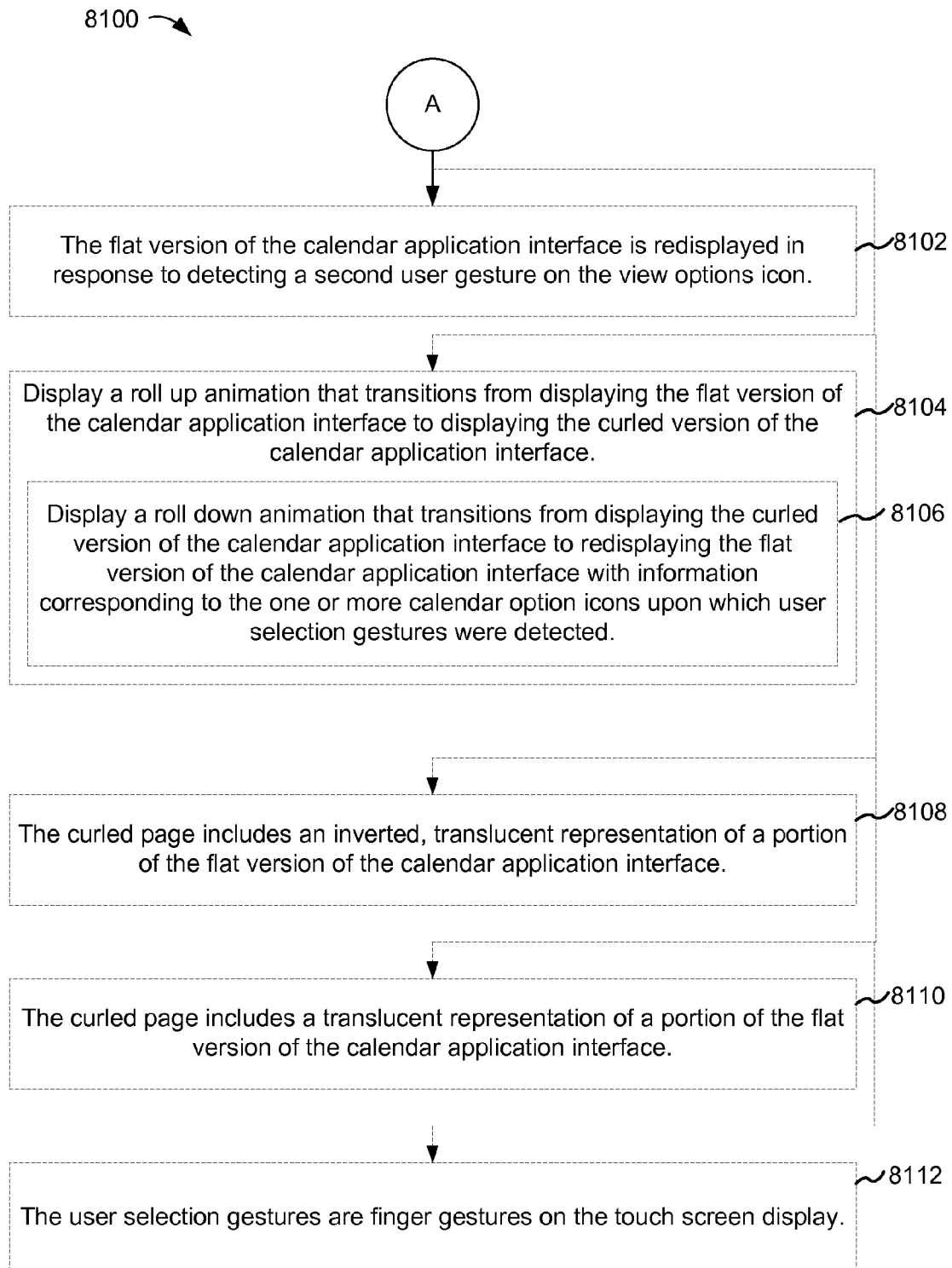


Figure 8E

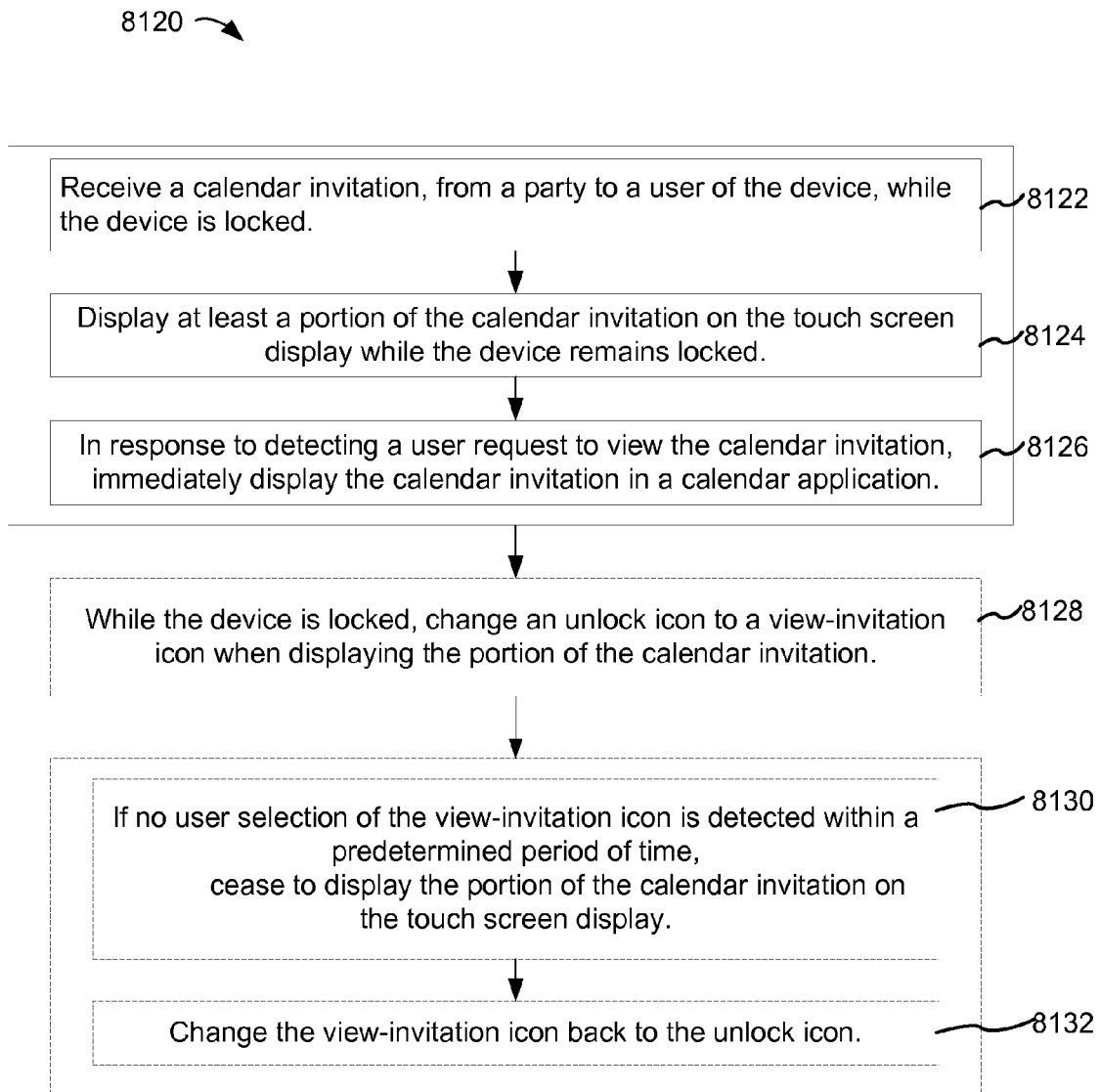


Figure 8F

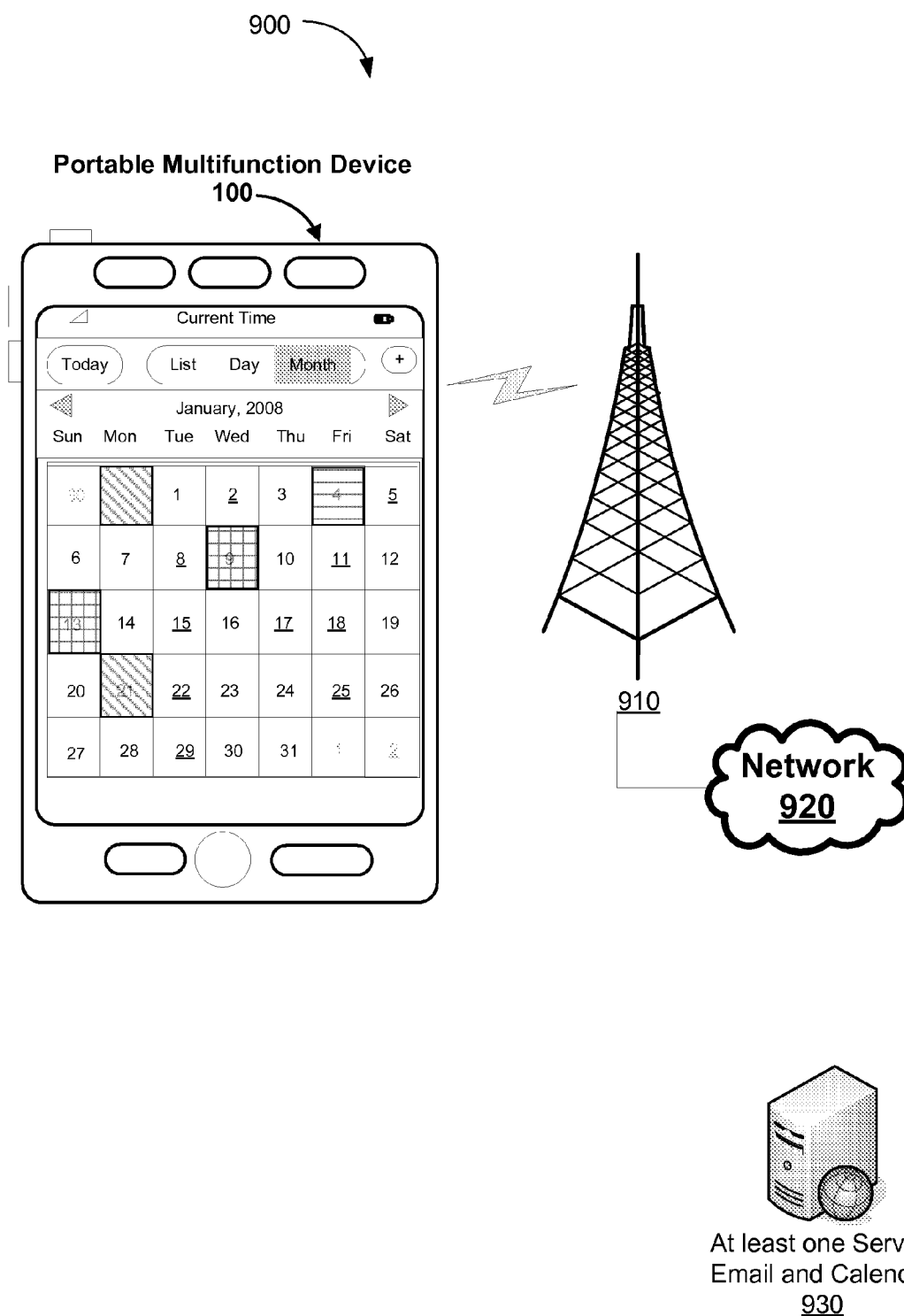


Figure 9

PORTABLE MULTIFUNCTION DEVICE, METHOD, AND GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE FOR VIEWING AND MANAGING ELECTRONIC CALENDARS

RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application Nos. 61/033,780, "Portable Multifunction Device, Method, and Graphical User Interface for Viewing and Managing Electronic Calendars," filed Mar. 4, 2008, and 61/019,295, "Portable Multifunction Device, Method, and Graphical User Interface for Displaying and Selecting Application Options," filed Jan. 6, 2008. Both of applications are incorporated by reference in their entirety.

[0002] This application is related to the following applications: (1) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/188,182, "Touch Pad For Handheld Device," filed on Jul. 1, 2002; (2) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/722,948, "Touch Pad For Handheld Device," filed on Nov. 25, 2003; (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/643,256, "Movable Touch Pad With Added Functionality," filed on Aug. 18, 2003; (4) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/654,108, "Ambidextrous Mouse," filed on Sep. 2, 2003; (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/840,862, "Multipoint Touchscreen," filed on May 6, 2004; (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/903,964, "Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices," filed on Jul. 30, 2004; (7) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/038,590, "Mode-Based Graphical User Interfaces For Touch Sensitive Input Devices" filed on Jan. 18, 2005; (8) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/057,050, "Display Actuator," filed on Feb. 11, 2005; (9) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/367,749, "Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device," filed Mar. 3, 2006; (10) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/850,635, "Portable Multifunction Device," filed Sep. 5, 2007; (11) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/969,800, "Modal Change Based on Orientation of a Portable Multifunction Device," filed Jan. 4, 2008; (12) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/969,786, "System and Method for Viewing and Managing Calendar Entries," filed Jan. 4, 2008; and (14) U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/019,293, "Portable Electronic Device with Conversation Management for Incoming Instant Messages," filed Jan. 6, 2008. All of these applications are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

[0003] The disclosed embodiments relate generally to portable electronic devices, and more particularly, to portable devices for viewing and managing electronic calendars.

BACKGROUND

[0004] As portable electronic devices become more compact, and the number of functions performed by a given device increases, it has become a significant challenge to design a user interface that allows users to easily interact with a multifunction device. This challenge is particularly significant for handheld portable devices, which have much smaller screens than desktop or laptop computers. This situation is unfortunate because the user interface is the gateway through which users receive not only content but also responses to user actions or behaviors, including user attempts to access a device's features, tools, and functions. Some portable communication devices (e.g., mobile telephones, sometimes called mobile phones, cell phones, cellular telephones, and

the like) have resorted to adding more pushbuttons, increasing the density of push buttons, overloading the functions of pushbuttons, or using complex menu systems to allow a user to access, store and manipulate data. These conventional user interfaces often result in complicated key sequences and menu hierarchies that must be memorized by the user.

[0005] Many conventional user interfaces, such as those that include physical pushbuttons, are also inflexible. This is unfortunate because it may prevent a user interface from being configured and/or adapted by either an application running on the portable device or by users. When coupled with the time consuming requirement to memorize multiple key sequences and menu hierarchies, and the difficulty in activating a desired pushbutton, such inflexibility is frustrating to most users.

[0006] Portable electronic devices often include a calendar application to keep track of meetings or appointments. Generally, the calendars on these devices may be viewed according to a monthly format, which displays a respective month, a daily format, which displays a respective day, or a weekly format, which displays a respective week. In some of these calendars, a listing of agenda, or calendar entry items, may be viewed in list format. These formats are typically viewed separately, and switching between them is often cumbersome and inconvenient.

[0007] Some portable devices are also able to receive and respond to calendar invitations and/or display simultaneously entries from multiple calendars (e.g., a work calendar and a personal calendar). But the user interfaces for these functions are cryptic and non-intuitive for many users.

[0008] Accordingly, there is a need for portable multifunction devices with more transparent and intuitive user interfaces for displaying and managing calendars and calendar entries on a touch screen display that are easy to use, configure, and/or adapt.

SUMMARY

[0009] The above deficiencies and other problems associated with user interfaces for portable devices are reduced or eliminated by the disclosed portable multifunction device. In some embodiments, the device has a touch-sensitive display (also known as a "touch screen" or "touch screen display") with a graphical user interface (GUI), one or more processors, memory and one or more modules, programs or sets of executable instructions stored in the memory for performing multiple functions. In some embodiments, the user interacts with the GUI primarily through finger contacts and gestures on the touch-sensitive display. In some embodiments, in addition to providing a calendar, the functions may include telephoning, video conferencing, e-mailing, instant messaging, blogging, digital photographing, digital videoing, web browsing, digital music playing, and/or digital video playing. Instructions for performing these functions may be included in a computer program product configured for execution by one or more processors.

[0010] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method includes executing a calendar application on a portable electronic device having a touch screen display. The executing includes: when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a first view and showing events for a first time period in the first view. The executing also includes: detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, dis-

playing the calendar in a second view and showing events for a second time period that is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0011] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable electronic device includes: a touch screen display; one or more processors; memory; and one or more programs. The one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors. The one or more programs include: instructions for, when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a first view, showing events for a first time period in the first view; and instructions for detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displaying the calendar in a second view, showing events for a second time period that is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0012] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer readable storage medium has stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable electronic device with a touch screen display, cause the device to: when the device is held in a portrait orientation, display a calendar in a first view, showing events for a first time period in the first view; and detect a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, display the calendar in a second view, showing events for a second time period that is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0013] In accordance with some embodiments, a graphical user interface on a portable electronic device with a touch screen display includes: a calendar with a first view that shows events for a first time period and a second view that shows events for a second time period. When the device is held in a portrait orientation, the calendar is displayed in the first view that shows events for the first time period. In response to detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, the calendar is displayed in a second view that shows events for the second time period. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0014] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: means for, when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a week view, showing events for a single week in the week view; and means for detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displaying the calendar in a multiweek view, showing events for a multiplicity of weeks, the multiplicity of weeks including the single week.

[0015] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display. The touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view. The computer-implemented method includes executing a calendar application. The portable multifunction device is detected in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, a calendar is displayed for a first time period in the portrait view. The portable multifunction device is detected in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the

short axis, a calendar is displayed for a second time period in the landscape view. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0016] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device includes a touch screen display, one or more processors, memory, and one or more programs. The touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view. The one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors. The one or more programs include: instructions for executing a calendar application; instructions for detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis; instructions for displaying a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis; instructions for detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis; and instructions for displaying a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0017] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer readable storage medium has stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display (wherein the touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view), cause the device to: execute a calendar application; detect the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis; display a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis; detect the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis; and display a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0018] In accordance with some embodiments, a graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: a calendar application; a calendar for a first time period; and a calendar for a second time period. The touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, the calendar for the first time period is displayed in the portrait view. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, the calendar for a second time period is displayed in the landscape view. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0019] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display (wherein the touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view) includes: means for executing a calendar application; means for detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that com-

prises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis; means for displaying a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis; means for detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis; and means for displaying a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

[0020] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display. The computer-implemented method includes: displaying a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display; detecting a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar; and, in response to detecting the contact on the individual day, displaying at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar. The list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

[0021] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device includes: a touch screen display; one or more processors; memory; and one or more programs. The one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors. The one or more programs include: instructions for displaying a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display; instructions for detecting a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar; and instructions for displaying at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar in response to detecting the contact on the individual day. The list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

[0022] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer readable storage medium has stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the portable multifunction device to: display a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display; detect a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar; and, in response to detecting the contact on the individual day, display at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar. The list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

[0023] In accordance with some embodiments, a graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: a calendar application; a multiweek calendar including a plurality of days; and a list of events associated with at least one of the plurality of days, the list of events including at least one invitation to an event. In response to detecting a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar, at least a portion of the list of events on the contacted individual day are displayed while continuing to display the multiweek calendar.

[0024] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: means for displaying a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display; means for detecting a contact on an individual day of the multiweek calendar; and means for displaying at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual

day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar in response to detecting the contact on the individual day. The list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

[0025] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display. The computer-implemented method includes: displaying a flat version of a calendar application interface, and, in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, displaying a curled version of the calendar application interface. The curled version of the calendar application interface includes an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, and a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. The roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon. The computer-implemented method also includes: detecting a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons, and redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0026] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable computing device includes: a touch screen display; one or more processors; memory; and one or more programs. The one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors. The one or more programs include: instructions for displaying a flat version of a calendar application interface; instructions for displaying a curled version of the calendar application interface in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed. The curled version of the calendar application interface includes: an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, and a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. The roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon. The one or more programs also include: instructions for detecting a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and instructions for redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0027] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer readable storage medium has stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the portable multifunction device to: display a flat version of a calendar application interface; and display a curled version of the calendar application interface in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed. The curled version of the calendar application interface includes: an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar

application interface, and a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. The roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon. The instructions also cause the portable multifunction device to: detect a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and redisplay the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0028] In accordance with some embodiments, a graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes a flat version of a calendar application interface; a calendar options icon; and a curled version of the calendar application interface. The curled version of the calendar application interface includes an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, and a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. The roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon. In response to detecting a user gesture on the calendar options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, the curled version of the calendar application interface is displayed. In response to detecting user selection gestures on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons, the flat version of the calendar application interface is redisplayed with information corresponding to the one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0029] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: means for displaying a flat version of a calendar application interface; and means for displaying a curled version of the calendar application interface in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed. The curled version of the calendar application interface includes: an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, and a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. The roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon. The device also includes: means for detecting a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and means for redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0030] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer-implemented method is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display. The computer-implemented method includes: receiving a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked; displaying at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and, in

response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, immediately displaying the calendar invitation in a calendar application.

[0031] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable computing device includes: a touch screen display; one or more processors; memory; and one or more programs. The one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors. The one or more programs include: instructions for receiving a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked; instructions for displaying at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and instructions for immediately displaying the calendar invitation in a calendar application in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation.

[0032] In accordance with some embodiments, a computer readable storage medium has stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the portable multifunction device to: receive a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked; display at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and, in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, immediately display the calendar invitation in a calendar application.

[0033] In accordance with some embodiments, a graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: a calendar application; and at least a portion of a calendar invitation. In response to receiving the calendar invitation from a party to a user of the device while the device is locked, at least the portion of the calendar invitation is displayed on the touch screen display while the device remains locked. In response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, the calendar invitation is immediately displayed in the calendar application.

[0034] In accordance with some embodiments, a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display includes: means for receiving a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked; means for displaying at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and means for immediately displaying the calendar invitation in a calendar application in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation.

[0035] Thus, the invention provides an intuitive, easy-to-use interface for displaying and managing calendars and calendar entries on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0036] For a better understanding of the aforementioned embodiments of the invention as well as additional embodiments thereof, reference should be made to the Description of Embodiments below, in conjunction with the following drawings in which like reference numerals refer to corresponding parts throughout the figures.

[0037] FIGS. 1A and 1B are block diagrams illustrating portable multifunction devices with touch-sensitive displays in accordance with some embodiments.

[0038] FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device having a touch screen in accordance with some embodiments.

[0039] FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary user interface for unlocking a portable electronic device in accordance with some embodiments.

[0040] FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrate exemplary user interfaces for a menu of applications on a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments.

[0041] FIGS. 5A-5M illustrate exemplary user interfaces for displaying and managing calendar entries in accordance with some embodiments.

[0042] FIGS. 6A-6B are flow diagrams of processes for displaying and managing calendar entries in accordance with some embodiments.

[0043] FIGS. 7A-7S illustrate exemplary user interfaces for accessing a calendar application on a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments.

[0044] FIG. 8A-8F are flow diagrams illustrating methods of operating a calendar application in accordance with some embodiments.

[0045] FIG. 9 is a schematic diagram of a communications system that provides infrastructure support for a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

[0046] Reference will now be made in detail to embodiments, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings. In the following detailed description, numerous specific details are set forth in order to provide a thorough understanding of the present invention. However, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the present invention may be practiced without these specific details. In other instances, well-known methods, procedures, components, circuits, and networks have not been described in detail so as not to unnecessarily obscure aspects of the embodiments.

[0047] It will also be understood that, although the terms first, second, etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, these elements should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element from another. For example, a first gesture could be termed a second gesture, and, similarly, a second gesture could be termed a first gesture, without departing from the scope of the present invention.

[0048] The terminology used in the description of the invention herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting of the invention. As used in the description of the invention and the appended claims, the singular forms “a”, “an” and “the” are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. It will also be understood that the term “and/or” as used herein refers to and encompasses any and all possible combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. It will be further understood that the terms “comprises” and/or “comprising,” when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

[0049] Embodiments of a portable multifunction device, user interfaces for such devices, and associated processes for using such devices are described. In some embodiments, the device is a portable communications device such as a mobile telephone that also contains other functions, such as PDA and/or music player functions.

[0050] The user interface may include a physical click wheel in addition to a touch screen or a virtual click wheel displayed on the touch screen. A click wheel is a user-interface device that may provide navigation commands based on an angular displacement of the wheel or a point of contact with the wheel by a user of the device. A click wheel may also be used to provide a user command corresponding to selection of one or more items, for example, when the user of the device presses down on at least a portion of the wheel or the center of the wheel. Alternatively, breaking contact with a click wheel image on a touch screen surface may indicate a user command corresponding to selection. For simplicity, in the discussion that follows, a portable multifunction device that includes a touch screen is used as an exemplary embodiment. It should be understood, however, that some of the user interfaces and associated processes may be applied to other devices, such as personal computers and laptop computers, that may include one or more other physical user-interface devices, such as a physical click wheel, a physical keyboard, a mouse and/or a joystick.

[0051] In addition to a calendar application, the device may support a variety of other applications, such as one or more of the following: a telephone application, a video conferencing application, an e-mail application, an instant messaging application, a blogging application, a digital camera application, a digital video camera application, a web browsing application, a digital music player application, and/or a digital video player application.

[0052] The various applications that may be executed on the device may use at least one common physical user-interface device, such as the touch screen. One or more functions of the touch screen as well as corresponding information displayed on the device may be adjusted and/or varied from one application to the next and/or within a respective application. In this way, a common physical architecture (such as the touch screen) of the device may support the variety of applications with user interfaces that are intuitive and transparent.

[0053] The user interfaces may include one or more soft keyboard embodiments. The soft keyboard embodiments may include standard (QWERTY) and/or non-standard configurations of symbols on the displayed icons of the keyboard, such as those described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/459,606, “Keyboards For Portable Electronic Devices,” filed Jul. 24, 2006, and Ser. No. 11/459,615, “Touch Screen Keyboards For Portable Electronic Devices,” filed Jul. 24, 2006, the contents of which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. The keyboard embodiments may include a reduced number of icons (or soft keys) relative to the number of keys in existing physical keyboards, such as that for a typewriter. This may make it easier for users to select one or more icons in the keyboard, and thus, one or more corresponding symbols. The keyboard embodiments may be adaptive. For example, displayed icons may be modified in accordance with user actions, such as selecting one or more icons and/or one or more corresponding symbols. One or more applications on the portable device may utilize common and/or different keyboard embodiments. Thus, the keyboard embodiment used may be tailored to at least some of the applications. In some embodiments, one or more keyboard embodiments may be tailored to a respective user. For example, one or more keyboard embodiments may be tailored to a respective user based on a word usage history (lexicography, slang, individual usage) of the respective user. Some of

the keyboard embodiments may be adjusted to reduce a probability of a user error when selecting one or more icons, and thus one or more symbols, when using the soft keyboard embodiments.

[0054] Attention is now directed towards embodiments of the device. FIGS. 1A and 1B are block diagrams illustrating portable multifunction devices **100** with touch-sensitive displays **112** in accordance with some embodiments. The touch-sensitive display **112** is sometimes called a “touch screen” for convenience, and may also be known as or called a touch-sensitive display system. The device **100** may include a memory **102** (which may include one or more computer readable storage mediums), a memory controller **122**, one or more processing units (CPU's) **120**, a peripherals interface **118**, RF circuitry **108**, audio circuitry **110**, a speaker **111**, a microphone **113**, an input/output (I/O) subsystem **106**, other input or control devices **116**, and an external port **124**. The device **100** may include one or more optical sensors **164**. These components may communicate over one or more communication buses or signal lines **103**.

[0055] It should be appreciated that the device **100** is only one example of a portable multifunction device **100**, and that the device **100** may have more or fewer components than shown, may combine two or more components, or a may have a different configuration or arrangement of the components. The various components shown in FIGS. 1A and 1B may be implemented in hardware, software or a combination of both hardware and software, including one or more signal processing and/or application specific integrated circuits.

[0056] Memory **102** may include high-speed random access memory and may also include non-volatile memory, such as one or more magnetic disk storage devices, flash memory devices, or other non-volatile solid-state memory devices. Access to memory **102** by other components of the device **100**, such as the CPU **120** and the peripherals interface **118**, may be controlled by the memory controller **122**.

[0057] The peripherals interface **118** couples the input and output peripherals of the device to the CPU **120** and memory **102**. The one or more processors **120** run or execute various software programs and/or sets of instructions stored in memory **102** to perform various functions for the device **100** and to process data.

[0058] In some embodiments, the peripherals interface **118**, the CPU **120**, and the memory controller **122** may be implemented on a single chip, such as a chip **104**. In some other embodiments, they may be implemented on separate chips.

[0059] The RF (radio frequency) circuitry **108** receives and sends RF signals, also called electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry **108** converts electrical signals to/from electromagnetic signals and communicates with communications networks and other communications devices via the electromagnetic signals. The RF circuitry **108** may include well-known circuitry for performing these functions, including but not limited to an antenna system, an RF transceiver, one or more amplifiers, a tuner, one or more oscillators, a digital signal processor, a CODEC chipset, a subscriber identity module (SIM) card, memory, and so forth. The RF circuitry **108** may communicate with networks, such as the Internet, also referred to as the World Wide Web (WWW), an intranet and/or a wireless network, such as a cellular telephone network, a wireless local area network (LAN) and/or a metropolitan area network (MAN), and other devices by wireless communication. The wireless communication may use any of

a plurality of communications standards, protocols and technologies, including but not limited to Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM), Enhanced Data GSM Environment (EDGE), high-speed downlink packet access (HSDPA), wideband code division multiple access (W-CDMA), code division multiple access (CDMA), time division multiple access (TDMA), Bluetooth, Wireless Fidelity (Wi-Fi) (e.g., IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and/or IEEE 802.11n), voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), Wi-MAX, a protocol for email (e.g., Internet message access protocol (IMAP) and/or post office protocol (POP)), instant messaging (e.g., extensible messaging and presence protocol (XMPP), Session Initiation Protocol for Instant Messaging and Presence Leveraging Extensions (SIMPLE), and/or Instant Messaging and Presence Service (IMPS)), and/or Short Message Service (SMS)), or any other suitable communication protocol, including communication protocols not yet developed as of the filing date of this document.

[0060] The audio circuitry **110**, the speaker **111**, and the microphone **113** provide an audio interface between a user and the device **100**. The audio circuitry **110** receives audio data from the peripherals interface **118**, converts the audio data to an electrical signal, and transmits the electrical signal to the speaker **111**. The speaker **111** converts the electrical signal to human-audible sound waves. The audio circuitry **110** also receives electrical signals converted by the microphone **113** from sound waves. The audio circuitry **110** converts the electrical signal to audio data and transmits the audio data to the peripherals interface **118** for processing. Audio data may be retrieved from and/or transmitted to memory **102** and/or the RF circuitry **108** by the peripherals interface **118**. In some embodiments, the audio circuitry **110** also includes a headset jack (e.g. **212**, FIG. 2). The headset jack provides an interface between the audio circuitry **110** and removable audio input/output peripherals, such as output-only headphones or a headset with both output (e.g., a headphone for one or both ears) and input (e.g., a microphone).

[0061] The I/O subsystem **106** couples input/output peripherals on the device **100**, such as the touch screen **112** and other input/control devices **116**, to the peripherals interface **118**. The I/O subsystem **106** may include a display controller **156** and one or more input controllers **160** for other input or control devices. The one or more input controllers **160** receive/send electrical signals from/to other input or control devices **116**. The other input/control devices **116** may include physical buttons (e.g., push buttons, rocker buttons, etc.), dials, slider switches, joysticks, click wheels, and so forth. In some alternate embodiments, input controller(s) **160** may be coupled to any (or none) of the following: a keyboard, infrared port, USB port, and a pointer device such as a mouse. The one or more buttons (e.g., **208**, FIG. 2) may include an up/down button for volume control of the speaker **111** and/or the microphone **113**. The one or more buttons may include a push button (e.g., **206**, FIG. 2). A quick press of the push button may disengage a lock of the touch screen **112** or begin a process that uses gestures on the touch screen to unlock the device, as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,549, “Unlocking a Device by Performing Gestures on an Unlock Image,” filed Dec. 23, 2005, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. A longer press of the push button (e.g., **206**) may turn power to the device **100** on or off. The user may be able to customize a functionality of one

or more of the buttons. The touch screen **112** is used to implement virtual or soft buttons and one or more soft keyboards.

[0062] The touch-sensitive touch screen **112** provides an input interface and an output interface between the device and a user. The display controller **156** receives and/or sends electrical signals from/to the touch screen **112**. The touch screen **112** displays visual output to the user. The visual output may include graphics, text, icons, video, and any combination thereof (collectively termed “graphics”). In some embodiments, some or all of the visual output may correspond to user-interface objects, further details of which are described below.

[0063] A touch screen **112** has a touch-sensitive surface, sensor or set of sensors that accepts input from the user based on haptic and/or tactile contact. The touch screen **112** and the display controller **156** (along with any associated modules and/or sets of instructions in memory **102**) detect contact (and any movement or breaking of the contact) on the touch screen **112** and converts the detected contact into interaction with user-interface objects (e.g., one or more soft keys, icons, web pages or images) that are displayed on the touch screen. In an exemplary embodiment, a point of contact between a touch screen **112** and the user corresponds to a finger of the user.

[0064] The touch screen **112** may use LCD (liquid crystal display) technology, or LPD (light emitting polymer display) technology, although other display technologies may be used in other embodiments. The touch screen **112** and the display controller **156** may detect contact and any movement or breaking thereof using any of a plurality of touch sensing technologies now known or later developed, including but not limited to capacitive, resistive, infrared, and surface acoustic wave technologies, as well as other proximity sensor arrays or other elements for determining one or more points of contact with a touch screen **112**.

[0065] A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of the touch screen **112** may be analogous to the multi-touch sensitive tablets described in the following U.S. Pat. No. 6,323,846 (Westerman et al.), U.S. Pat. No. 6,570,557 (Westerman et al.), and/or U.S. Pat. No. 6,677,932 (Westerman), and/or U.S. Patent Publication 2002/0015024A1, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. However, a touch screen **112** displays visual output from the portable device **100**, whereas touch sensitive tablets do not provide visual output.

[0066] A touch-sensitive display in some embodiments of the touch screen **112** may be as described in the following applications: (1) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/381,313, “Multipoint Touch Surface Controller,” filed May 2, 2006; (2) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/840,862, “Multipoint Touchscreen,” filed May 6, 2004; (3) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 10/903,964, “Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices,” filed Jul. 30, 2004; (4) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/048,264, “Gestures For Touch Sensitive Input Devices,” filed Jan. 31, 2005; (5) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/038,590, “Mode-Based Graphical User Interfaces For Touch Sensitive Input Devices,” filed Jan. 18, 2005; (6) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,758, “Virtual Input Device Placement On A Touch Screen User Interface,” filed Sep. 16, 2005; (7) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,700, “Operation Of A Computer With A Touch Screen Interface,” filed Sep. 16, 2005; (8) U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/228,737, “Activating Virtual Keys Of A Touch-Screen Virtual Keyboard,” filed Sep. 16, 2005; and (9) U.S. patent appli-

cation Ser. No. 11/367,749, “Multi-Functional Hand-Held Device,” filed Mar. 3, 2006. All of these applications are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

[0067] The touch screen **112** may have a resolution in excess of 100 dpi. In an exemplary embodiment, the touch screen has a resolution of approximately 160 dpi. The user may make contact with the touch screen **112** using any suitable object or appendage, such as a stylus, a finger, and so forth. In some embodiments, the user interface is designed to work primarily with finger-based contacts and gestures, which are much less precise than stylus-based input due to the larger area of contact of a finger on the touch screen. In some embodiments, the device translates the rough finger-based input into a precise pointer/cursor position or command for performing the actions desired by the user.

[0068] In some embodiments, in addition to the touch screen, the device **100** may include a touchpad (not shown) for activating or deactivating particular functions. In some embodiments, the touchpad is a touch-sensitive area of the device that, unlike the touch screen, does not display visual output. The touchpad may be a touch-sensitive surface that is separate from the touch screen **112** or an extension of the touch-sensitive surface formed by the touch screen.

[0069] In some embodiments, the device **100** may include a physical or virtual click wheel as an input control device **116**. A user may navigate among and interact with one or more graphical objects (henceforth referred to as icons) displayed in the touch screen **112** by rotating the click wheel or by moving a point of contact with the click wheel (e.g., where the amount of movement of the point of contact is measured by its angular displacement with respect to a center point of the click wheel). The click wheel may also be used to select one or more of the displayed icons. For example, the user may press down on at least a portion of the click wheel or an associated button. User commands and navigation commands provided by the user via the click wheel may be processed by an input controller **160** as well as one or more of the modules and/or sets of instructions in memory **102**. For a virtual click wheel, the click wheel and click wheel controller may be part of the touch screen **112** and the display controller **156**, respectively. For a virtual click wheel, the click wheel may be either an opaque or semitransparent object that appears and disappears on the touch screen display in response to user interaction with the device. In some embodiments, a virtual click wheel is displayed on the touch screen of a portable multi-function device and operated by user contact with the touch screen.

[0070] The device **100** also includes a power system **162** for powering the various components. The power system **162** may include a power management system, one or more power sources (e.g., battery, alternating current (AC)), a recharging system, a power failure detection circuit, a power converter or inverter, a power status indicator (e.g., a light-emitting diode (LED)) and any other components associated with the generation, management and distribution of power in portable devices.

[0071] The device **100** may also include one or more optical sensors **164**. FIGS. 1A and 1B show an optical sensor coupled to an optical sensor controller **158** in I/O subsystem **106**. The optical sensor **164** may include charge-coupled device (CCD) or complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS) phototransistors. The optical sensor **164** receives light from the environment, projected through one or more lens, and converts the light to data representing an image. In conjunction

with an imaging module **143** (also called a camera module), the optical sensor **164** may capture still images or video. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the back of the device **100**, opposite the touch screen display **112** on the front of the device, so that the touch screen display may be used as a viewfinder for either still and/or video image acquisition. In some embodiments, an optical sensor is located on the front of the device so that the user's image may be obtained for videoconferencing while the user views the other video conference participants on the touch screen display. In some embodiments, the position of the optical sensor **164** can be changed by the user (e.g., by rotating the lens and the sensor in the device housing) so that a single optical sensor **164** may be used along with the touch screen display for both video conferencing and still and/or video image acquisition.

[0072] The device **100** may also include one or more proximity sensors **166**. FIGS. 1A and 1B show a proximity sensor **166** coupled to the peripherals interface **118**. Alternately, the proximity sensor **166** may be coupled to an input controller **160** in the I/O subsystem **106**. The proximity sensor **166** may perform as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/241,839, "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device," filed Sep. 30, 2005; Ser. No. 11/240,788, "Proximity Detector In Handheld Device," filed Sep. 30, 2005; Ser. No. 11/620,702, "Using Ambient Light Sensor To Augment Proximity Sensor Output"; Ser. No. 11/586,862, "Automated Response To And Sensing Of User Activity In Portable Devices," filed Oct. 24, 2006; and Ser. No. 11/638,251, "Methods And Systems For Automatic Configuration Of Peripherals," which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. In some embodiments, the proximity sensor turns off and disables the touch screen **112** when the multifunction device is placed near the user's ear (e.g., when the user is making a phone call). In some embodiments, the proximity sensor keeps the screen off when the device is in the user's pocket, purse, or other dark area to prevent unnecessary battery drainage when the device is a locked state.

[0073] The device **100** may also include one or more accelerometers **168**. FIGS. 1A and 1B show an accelerometer **168** coupled to the peripherals interface **118**. Alternately, the accelerometer **168** may be coupled to an input controller **160** in the I/O subsystem **106**. The accelerometer **168** may perform as described in U.S. Patent Publication No. 20050190059, "Acceleration-based Theft Detection System for Portable Electronic Devices," and U.S. Patent Publication No. 20060017692, "Methods And Apparatuses For Operating A Portable Device Based On An Accelerometer," both of which are hereby incorporated herein by reference in their entirety. In some embodiments, information is displayed on the touch screen display in a portrait view or a landscape view based on an analysis of data received from the one or more accelerometers. For example, in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in an orientation that comprises a vertical or substantially vertical orientation (e.g., within a predetermined number of degrees (such as 20, 30, 40 or 45 degrees) of being vertical) of the long axis of the touch screen display, the device may display an application interface in a portrait view (e.g., UI **7000P**, FIG. 7P). Conversely, in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in an orientation that comprises a vertical or substantially vertical orientation (e.g., within a predetermined number of degrees (such as 20, 30, 40 or 45 degrees) of being vertical) of the short axis of the touch screen display, the device may display an application interface in a landscape view.

[0074] In some embodiments, the software components stored in memory **102** may include an operating system **126**, a communication module (or set of instructions) **128**, a contact/motion module (or set of instructions) **130**, a graphics module (or set of instructions) **132**, a text input module (or set of instructions) **134**, a Global Positioning System (GPS) module (or set of instructions) **135**, and applications (or set of instructions) **136**.

[0075] The operating system **126** (e.g., Darwin, RTXC, LINUX, UNIX, OS X, WINDOWS, or an embedded operating system such as VxWorks) includes various software components and/or drivers for controlling and managing general system tasks (e.g., memory management, storage device control, power management, etc.) and facilitates communication between various hardware and software components.

[0076] The communication module **128** facilitates communication with other devices over one or more external ports **124** and also includes various software components for handling data received by the RF circuitry **108** and/or the external port **124**. The external port **124** (e.g., Universal Serial Bus (USB), FIREWIRE, etc.) is adapted for coupling directly to other devices or indirectly over a network (e.g., the Internet, wireless LAN, etc.). In some embodiments, the external port is a multi-pin (e.g., 30-pin) connector that is the same as, or similar to and/or compatible with the 30-pin connector used on iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.) devices.

[0077] The contact/motion module **130** may detect contact with the touch screen **112** (in conjunction with the display controller **156**) and other touch sensitive devices (e.g., a touchpad or physical click wheel). The contact/motion module **130** includes various software components for performing various operations related to detection of contact, such as determining if contact has occurred, determining if there is movement of the contact and tracking the movement across the touch screen **112**, and determining if the contact has been broken (i.e., if the contact has ceased). Determining movement of the point of contact may include determining speed (magnitude), velocity (magnitude and direction), and/or an acceleration (a change in magnitude and/or direction) of the point of contact. These operations may be applied to single contacts (e.g., one finger contacts) or to multiple simultaneous contacts (e.g., "multitouch"/multiple finger contacts). In some embodiments, the contact/motion module **130** and the display controller **156** also detects contact on a touchpad. In some embodiments, the contact/motion module **130** and the controller **160** detects contact on a click wheel.

[0078] The graphics module **132** includes various known software components for rendering and displaying graphics on the touch screen **112**, including components for changing the intensity of graphics that are displayed. As used herein, the term "graphics" includes any object that can be displayed to a user, including without limitation text, web pages, icons (such as user-interface objects including soft keys), digital images, videos, animations and the like.

[0079] The text input module **134**, which may be a component of graphics module **132**, provides soft keyboards for entering text in various applications (e.g., contacts **137**, e-mail **140**, IM **141**, blogging **142**, browser **147**, and any other application that needs text input).

[0080] The GPS module **135** determines the location of the device and provides this information for use in various applications (e.g., to telephone **138** for use in location-based dialing, to camera **143** and/or blogger **142** as picture/video meta-

data, and to applications that provide location-based services such as weather widgets, local yellow page widgets, and map/navigation widgets).

[0081] The applications 136 may include the following modules (or sets of instructions), or a subset or superset thereof:

- [0082] a contacts module 137 (sometimes called an address book or contact list);
- [0083] a telephone module 138;
- [0084] a video conferencing module 139;
- [0085] an e-mail client module 140;
- [0086] an instant messaging (IM) module 141;
- [0087] a blogging module 142;
- [0088] a camera module 143 for still and/or video images;
- [0089] an image management module 144;
- [0090] a video player module 145;
- [0091] a music player module 146;
- [0092] a browser module 147;
- [0093] a calendar module 148;
- [0094] widget modules 149, which may include weather widget 149-1, stocks widget 149-2, calculator widget 149-3, alarm clock widget 149-4, dictionary widget 149-5, and other widgets obtained by the user, as well as user-created widgets 149-6;
- [0095] widget creator module 150 for making user-created widgets 149-6;
- [0096] search module 151;
- [0097] video and music player module 152, which merges video player module 145 and music player module 146;
- [0098] notes module 153;
- [0099] map module 154; and/or
- [0100] online video module 155.

[0101] Examples of other applications 136 that may be stored in memory 102 include other word processing applications, JAVA-enabled applications, encryption, digital rights management, voice recognition, and voice replication.

[0102] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the contacts module 137 may be used to manage an address book or contact list, including: adding name(s) to the address book; deleting name(s) from the address book; associating telephone number(s), e-mail address(es), physical address(es) or other information with a name; associating an image with a name; categorizing and sorting names; providing telephone numbers or e-mail addresses to initiate and/or facilitate communications by telephone 138, video conference 139, e-mail 140, or IM 141; and so forth.

[0103] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the telephone module 138 may be used to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to a telephone number, access one or more telephone numbers in the address book 137, modify a telephone number that has been entered, dial a respective telephone number, conduct a conversation and disconnect or hang up when the conversation is completed. As noted above, the wireless communication may use any of a plurality of communications standards, protocols and technologies.

[0104] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, microphone 113, touch screen 112,

display controller 156, optical sensor 164, optical sensor controller 158, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, contact list 137, and telephone module 138, the videoconferencing module 139 may be used to initiate, conduct, and terminate a video conference between a user and one or more other participants.

[0105] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the e-mail client module 140 may be used to create, send, receive, and manage e-mail. In conjunction with image management module 144, the e-mail module 140 makes it very easy to create and send e-mails with still or video images taken with camera module 143.

[0106] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and text input module 134, the instant messaging module 141 may be used to enter a sequence of characters corresponding to an instant message, to modify previously entered characters, to transmit a respective instant message (for example, using a Short Message Service (SMS) or Multimedia Message Service (MMS) protocol for telephony-based instant messages or using XMPP, SIMPLE, or IMPS for Internet-based instant messages), to receive instant messages and to view received instant messages. In some embodiments, transmitted and/or received instant messages may include graphics, photos, audio files, video files and/or other attachments as are supported in a MMS and/or an Enhanced Messaging Service (EMS). As used herein, "instant messaging" refers to both telephony-based messages (e.g., messages sent using SMS or MMS) and Internet-based messages (e.g., messages sent using XMPP, SIMPLE, or IMPS).

[0107] In conjunction with RF circuitry 108, touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, image management module 144, and browsing module 147, the blogging module 142 may be used to send text, still images, video, and/or other graphics to a blog (e.g., the user's blog).

[0108] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, optical sensor(s) 164, optical sensor controller 158, contact module 130, graphics module 132, and image management module 144, the camera module 143 may be used to capture still images or video (including a video stream) and store them into memory 102, modify characteristics of a still image or video, or delete a still image or video from memory 102.

[0109] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, text input module 134, and camera module 143, the image management module 144 may be used to arrange, modify or otherwise manipulate, label, delete, present (e.g., in a digital slide show or album), and store still and/or video images.

[0110] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, audio circuitry 110, and speaker 111, the video player module 145 may be used to display, present or otherwise play back videos (e.g., on the touch screen or on an external, connected display via external port 124).

[0111] In conjunction with touch screen 112, display system controller 156, contact module 130, graphics module 132, audio circuitry 110, speaker 111, RF circuitry 108, and browser module 147, the music player module 146 allows the user to download and play back recorded music and other sound files stored in one or more file formats, such as MP3 or

AAC files. In some embodiments, the device **100** may include the functionality of an MP3 player, such as an iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.).

[0112] In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, and text input module **134**, the browser module **147** may be used to browse the Internet, including searching, linking to, receiving, and displaying web pages or portions thereof, as well as attachments and other files linked to web pages.

[0113] In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, e-mail module **140**, and browser module **147**, the calendar module **148** may be used to create, display, modify, and store calendars and data associated with calendars (e.g., calendar entries, to do lists, etc.).

[0114] In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, and browser module **147**, the widget modules **149** are mini-applications that may be downloaded and used by a user (e.g., weather widget **149-1**, stocks widget **149-2**, calculator widget **149-3**, alarm clock widget **149-4**, and dictionary widget **149-5**) or created by the user (e.g., user-created widget **149-6**). In some embodiments, a widget includes an HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) file, a CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) file, and a JavaScript file. In some embodiments, a widget includes an XML (Extensible Markup Language) file and a JavaScript file (e.g., Yahoo! Widgets).

[0115] In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, and browser module **147**, the widget creator module **150** may be used by a user to create widgets (e.g., turning a user-specified portion of a web page into a widget).

[0116] In conjunction with touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, and text input module **134**, the search module **151** may be used to search for text, music, sound, image, video, and/or other files in memory **102** that match one or more search criteria (e.g., one or more user-specified search terms).

[0117] In conjunction with touch screen **112**, display controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, and text input module **134**, the notes module **153** may be used to create and manage notes, to do lists, and the like.

[0118] In conjunction with RF circuitry **108**, touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, text input module **134**, GPS module **135**, and browser module **147**, the map module **154** may be used to receive, display, modify, and store maps and data associated with maps (e.g., driving directions; data on stores and other points of interest at or near a particular location; and other location-based data).

[0119] In conjunction with touch screen **112**, display system controller **156**, contact module **130**, graphics module **132**, audio circuitry **110**, speaker **111**, RF circuitry **108**, text input module **134**, e-mail client module **140**, and browser module **147**, the online video module **155** allows the user to access, browse, receive (e.g., by streaming and/or download), play back (e.g., on the touch screen or on an external, connected display via external port **124**), send an e-mail with a link to a particular online video, and otherwise manage online videos in one or more file formats, such as H.264. In some

embodiments, instant messaging module **141**, rather than e-mail client module **140**, is used to send a link to a particular online video. Embodiments of user interfaces and associated processes using online video module **155** are described further below.

[0120] Each of the above identified modules and applications correspond to a set of instructions for performing one or more functions described above. These modules (i.e., sets of instructions) need not be implemented as separate software programs, procedures or modules, and thus various subsets of these modules may be combined or otherwise rearranged in various embodiments. For example, video player module **145** may be combined with music player module **146** into a single module (e.g., video and music player module **152**, FIG. 1B). In some embodiments, memory **102** may store a subset of the modules and data structures identified above. Furthermore, memory **102** may store additional modules and data structures not described above.

[0121] In some embodiments, the device **100** is a device where operation of a predefined set of functions on the device is performed exclusively through a touch screen **112** and/or a touchpad. By using a touch screen and/or a touchpad as the primary input/control device for operation of the device **100**, the number of physical input/control devices (such as push buttons, dials, and the like) on the device **100** may be reduced.

[0122] The predefined set of functions that may be performed exclusively through a touch screen and/or a touchpad include navigation between user interfaces. In some embodiments, the touchpad, when touched by the user, navigates the device **100** to a main, home, or root menu from any user interface that may be displayed on the device **100**. In such embodiments, the touchpad may be referred to as a “menu button.” In some other embodiments, the menu button may be a physical push button or other physical input/control device instead of a touchpad.

[0123] FIG. 2 illustrates a portable multifunction device **100** having a touch screen **112** in accordance with some embodiments. The touch screen may display one or more graphics within user interface (UI) **200**. In this embodiment, as well as others described below, a user may select one or more of the graphics by making contact or touching the graphics, for example, with one or more fingers **202** (not drawn to scale in the figure). In some embodiments, selection of one or more graphics occurs when the user breaks contact with the one or more graphics. In some embodiments, the contact may include a gesture, such as one or more taps, one or more swipes (from left to right, right to left, upward and/or downward) and/or a rolling of a finger (from right to left, left to right, upward and/or downward) that has made contact with the device **100**. In some embodiments, inadvertent contact with a graphic may not select the graphic. For example, a swipe gesture that sweeps over an application icon may not select the corresponding application when the gesture corresponding to selection is a tap.

[0124] The device **100** may also include one or more physical buttons, such as “home” or menu button **204**. As described previously, the menu button **204** may be used to navigate to any application **136** in a set of applications that may be executed on the device **100**. Alternatively, in some embodiments, the menu button is implemented as a soft key in a GUI in touch screen **112**.

[0125] In one embodiment, the device **100** includes a touch screen **112**, a menu button **204**, a push button **206** for powering the device on/off and locking the device, volume adjust-

ment button(s) **208**, a Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) card slot **210**, a head set jack **212**, and a docking/charging external port **124**. The push button **206** may be used to turn the power on/off on the device by depressing the button and holding the button in the depressed state for a predefined time interval; to lock the device by depressing the button and releasing the button before the predefined time interval has elapsed; and/or to unlock the device or initiate an unlock process. In an alternative embodiment, the device **100** also may accept verbal input for activation or deactivation of some functions through the microphone **113**.

[0126] Attention is now directed towards embodiments of user interfaces (“UI”) and associated processes that may be implemented on a portable multifunction device **100**.

[0127] FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary user interface for unlocking a portable electronic device in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, user interface **300** includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0128] Unlock image **302** that is moved with a finger gesture to unlock the device;

[0129] Arrow **304** that provides a visual cue to the unlock gesture;

[0130] Channel **306** that provides additional cues to the unlock gesture;

[0131] Time **308**;

[0132] Day **310**;

[0133] Date **312**; and

[0134] Wallpaper image **314**.

[0135] In some embodiments, the device detects contact with the touch-sensitive display (e.g., a user’s finger making contact on or near the unlock image **302**) while the device is in a user-interface lock state. The device moves the unlock image **302** in accordance with the contact. The device transitions to a user-interface unlock state if the detected contact corresponds to a predefined gesture, such as moving the unlock image across channel **306**. Conversely, the device maintains the user-interface lock state if the detected contact does not correspond to the predefined gesture. As noted above, processes that use gestures on the touch screen to unlock the device are described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,549, “Unlocking A Device By Performing Gestures On An Unlock Image,” filed Dec. 23, 2005, and Ser. No. 11/322,550, “Indication Of Progress Towards Satisfaction Of A User Input Condition,” filed Dec. 23, 2005, which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety. In addition, as described below with respect to FIG. 7G, an unlock icon (e.g., image **302**, arrow **304**, and “slide to unlock” channel **306**) may be changed to a view-invitation icon (e.g., image **302**, arrow **304**, and “slide to view” channel **307**) when the device receives a calendar invitation while the device is locked.

[0136] FIGS. 4A and 4B illustrate exemplary user interfaces for a menu of applications on a portable multifunction device in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, user interface **400A** includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0137] Signal strength indicator(s) **402** for wireless communication(s), such as cellular and Wi-Fi signals;

[0138] Time **404**;

[0139] Battery status indicator **406**;

[0140] Tray **408** with icons for frequently used applications, such as:

[0141] Phone **138**, which may include an indicator **414** of the number of missed calls or voicemail messages;

[0142] E-mail client **140**, which may include an indicator **410** of the number of unread e-mails;

[0143] Browser **147**; and

[0144] Music player **146**; and

[0145] Icons for other applications, such as:

[0146] IM **141**;

[0147] Image management **144**;

[0148] Camera **143**;

[0149] Video player **145**;

[0150] Weather **149-1**;

[0151] Stocks **149-2**;

[0152] Blog **142**;

[0153] Calendar **148**;

[0154] Calculator **149-3**;

[0155] Alarm clock **149-4**;

[0156] Dictionary **149-5**; and

[0157] User-created widget **149-6**.

[0158] In some embodiments, user interface **400B** includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0159] **402, 404, 406, 141, 148, 144, 143, 149-3, 149-2, 149-1, 149-4, 410, 414, 138, 140, and 147**, as described above;

[0160] Map **154**;

[0161] Notes **153**;

[0162] Settings **412**, which provides access to settings for the device **100** and its various applications **136**, as described further below;

[0163] Video and music player module **152**, also referred to as iPod (trademark of Apple Computer, Inc.) module **152**; and

[0164] Online video module **155**, also referred to as YouTube (trademark of Google, Inc.) module **155**.

[0165] In some embodiments, UI **400A** or **400B** displays all of the available applications **136** on one screen so that there is no need to scroll through a list of applications (e.g., via a scroll bar). In some embodiments, as the number of applications increase, the icons corresponding to the applications may decrease in size so that all applications may be displayed on a single screen without scrolling. In some embodiments, having all applications on one screen and a menu button enables a user to access any desired application with at most two inputs, such as activating the menu button **204** and then activating the desired application (e.g., by a tap or other finger gesture on the icon corresponding to the application).

[0166] In some embodiments, UI **400A** or **400B** provides integrated access to both widget-based applications and non-widget-based applications. In some embodiments, all of the widgets, whether user-created or not, are displayed in UI **400A** or **400B**. In other embodiments, activating the icon for user-created widget **149-6** may lead to another UI that contains the user-created widgets or icons corresponding to the user-created widgets.

[0167] In some embodiments, a user may rearrange the icons in UI **400A** or **400B**, e.g., using processes described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/459,602, “Portable Electronic Device With Interface Reconfiguration Mode,” filed Jul. 24, 2006, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety. For example, a user may move application icons in and out of tray **408** using finger gestures.

[0168] In some embodiments, UI **400A** or **400B** includes a gauge (not shown) that displays an updated account usage metric for an account associated with usage of the device

(e.g., a cellular phone account), as described in U.S. patent application Ser. No. 11/322,552, "Account Information Display For Portable Communication Device," filed Dec. 23, 2005, which is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety.

[0169] FIGS. 5A-5M illustrate exemplary user interfaces for displaying and managing calendar entries. FIG. 5A illustrates UI 4900A, which displays a calendar in a list-view mode. UI 4900A includes the following elements or a subset or superset thereof:

- [0170] 402, 404, and 406, as described above;
- [0171] today icon 4902;
- [0172] display mode icon 4904;
- [0173] add calendar entry icon 4906;
- [0174] day headers 4908; and
- [0175] calendar entries 4910.

[0176] The highlighted portion 4912 of the display mode icon 4904 indicates which view of the calendar is being displayed. As shown in FIG. 5A, a list view of the calendar is being displayed, and therefore, the highlighted portion 4912 corresponds to the list view. In some embodiments, a respective calendar may be displayed in a list, day, or multiweek view. The multiweek view may include a monthly view. The appropriate section of the display mode icon 4904 is highlighted according to which view of the calendar is being displayed. The term "highlight" is used here to mean displaying in a visually distinctive manner, such as changing one or more of the following: background color, background fill pattern, bolding, underlining, font color, font, etc.

[0177] A user may perform a finger contact within the display mode icon 4904 on, or within the area immediately surrounding the desired calendar view to display.

[0178] UI 4900A also includes a today icon 4902, which when activated, for example by a finger contact, initiates display of today's events in the then active calendar view (e.g., in the list, day, or month view). When a user selects the today icon 4902, the corresponding calendar for the current day is displayed.

[0179] UI 4900A also includes an add calendar entry icon 4906. The add calendar entry icon 4906 allows a user to add calendar entries to a desired day. As will be described later, FIGS. 5I-5M illustrate exemplary user interfaces for adding a calendar entry.

[0180] In some embodiments, UI 4900A includes a list calendar, which includes day headers 4908 and calendar entries 4910. The day header 4908 appears above the corresponding calendar entry or entries for a particular day. In some embodiments, days without any calendar entries are not displayed on the user interface.

[0181] A user may scroll through the calendar by making a vertical finger swipe 4914 anywhere on the list calendar.

[0182] FIG. 5B illustrates UI 4900B, which displays a calendar in a day-view mode. UI 4900A includes the following elements or a subset or superset thereof:

- [0183] 402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, and 4906 as described above;
- [0184] day forward icon 4922 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap of the icon) displays the day-view of the calendar for the following day;
- [0185] day backward icon 4924 that when activated (e.g., by a finger tap of the icon) displays the day-view of the calendar for the preceding day; and
- [0186] time slots 4926.

[0187] FIG. 5C illustrates UI 4900C, which displays a calendar in a month-view mode. UI 4900A includes the following elements or a subset or superset thereof:

- [0188] 402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, and 4906 as described above;
- [0189] month forward icon 4930 that when activated (e.g. by a finger tap of the icon) displays the month-view of the calendar for the following month;
- [0190] month backward icon 4932 that when activated (e.g. by a finger tap of the icon) displays the month-view of the calendar for the preceding month;
- [0191] monthly calendar 4934 that includes calendar day icon 4936;
- [0192] list of events 4938; and
- [0193] vertical bar 4940, which indicates the portion of the list 4938 being displayed.

[0194] UI 4900C a calendar in month-view mode is displayed while simultaneously displaying a list of events 4938 for a selected day. In some embodiments, a respective selected day is indicated by highlighting (e.g., day icon 4936 is highlighted in FIG. 5C).

[0195] At a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, a multiweek calendar is displayed on the touch screen display. A contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar is detected, and in response to detecting the contact on the individual day, at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day is displayed while continuing to display the multiweek calendar (FIG. 5C).

[0196] In some embodiments, the contact is a finger contact on or near the touch screen display. In some other embodiments, the contact is a stylus contact on or near the touch screen display.

[0197] In some embodiments, the multiweek calendar is a monthly calendar, as illustrated in FIGS. 5C-5H.

[0198] As will be described in FIGS. 5D-5G, a user may change the list of events 4938 being displayed by making a finger contact on the touch screen 112 within the grid of the monthly calendar 4934. As shown in FIG. 5D, a user starts with the user's finger touching the highlighted calendar day icon, as indicated by finger contact area 4950. As seen in FIG. 5D, the list of events 4938 corresponds to the highlighted calendar day icon 4936. The user continues with finger contact 4950 and moves, or scrubs, the user's finger along the touch screen 112 within the grid of the monthly calendar 4934 in the direction of the arrow, as demonstrated in FIG. 5D. As the user's finger contact 4950 stops on a particular day, the list of events 4938 being displayed changes accordingly, as shown in FIG. 5E.

[0199] In some embodiments, the list of events 4938 is scrollable. In some embodiments, the list of events is configured to scroll in response to a finger gesture on the list of events. In some embodiments, the finger gesture is a swipe gesture.

[0200] A gesture on the list of events is detected, and in response to detecting the gesture on the list, list of events scrolls while continuing to display the multiweek calendar. In some embodiments, the gesture is a gesture with a finger.

[0201] In some embodiments, contacts with a plurality of days in the multiweek calendar is sequentially detected, and in response to detecting contacts with the plurality of days, lists of events are sequentially displayed for at least some of the plurality of days while continuing to display the multiweek calendar. In some embodiments, the sequentially detected contacts correspond to movement of a single, unbro-

ken finger contact with the touch screen display, also known as scrubbing, as described above.

[0202] In some embodiments, in response to detecting contacts with the plurality of days, the plurality of days in the multiweek calendar is sequentially highlighted.

[0203] In some embodiments, when a user's finger contact continues to scrub along the touch screen 112 (see FIG. 5F) to a calendar day icon 4936 with no corresponding calendar entries, and the finger contact movement stops on such day, no list of events is shown, as illustrated in FIG. 5G.

[0204] In some embodiments, indicia for each day in the multiweek calendar that has at least one event is displayed. In some embodiments, the calendar day icon 4936 may indicate whether or not the corresponding day contains calendar entries. In some embodiments, calendar days containing corresponding calendar entries are indicated with an underscore below the date in the calendar day icon 4936, as shown in FIGS. 5C-5H.

[0205] FIG. 5H illustrates UI 4900D, which displays a calendar in a month-view mode according to some embodiments. UI 4900D includes many of the same features as US 4900C, and also includes month scroll bar 4960. The monthly calendar being displayed corresponds to the highlighted month in the month scroll bar. When a user performs a vertical finger swipe on the month scroll bar 4960, this allows the highlighted portion 4962 of the month scroll bar 4960 to vertically scroll through the months in the month scroll bar 4960. Accordingly, the corresponding monthly calendar is also displayed depending on which month in the month scroll bar is highlighted.

[0206] FIGS. 5I-5M illustrate exemplary user interfaces for adding calendar entries. In some embodiments, when a user selects the add calendar icon 4906, as shown in FIGS. 5A-5H, the UI 4900E is displayed (FIG. 5I). When a user makes a contact, for example on contact point 4970, and the contact point requires time entry, the UI 4900F (FIG. 5J) is displayed. UI 4900F includes wheels of time 4974. Vertical finger swipes (as represented by vertical doubled headed arrows in FIG. 5J) may be performed along each vertical column (e.g., a date, hour, minute, or AM/PM column) thereby causing the entries to rotate accordingly. Once the desired time entry is reached, enter icon 4976 may be selected and the appropriate time entry is displayed in the appropriate field in UI 4900I (FIG. 5M). In some embodiments, once the desired time entry is reached, the appropriate time entry is displayed in the appropriate field in UI 4900I (FIG. 5M) without needing to select an enter icon.

[0207] In some embodiments, if a user desires to enter an all day event, UI 4900G is displayed (FIG. 5K). Finger swipes are performed within the wheel and the date rotates accordingly.

[0208] In some embodiments, if repeat icon 4972 in FIG. 5I is selected, UI 4900H is displayed (FIG. 5L). A user may have the entry entered for the same time every week by selected at contact point 4980. Alternately, the user may have the entry entered for the same time at another interval (e.g., every day, every two weeks, every month, every year, or a custom repeat interval) as indicated by a different user selection within the repeat event UI 4900H. When the event icon 4982 (FIG. 5L) is selected, the appropriate repeat information is displayed in UI 4900I (FIG. 5M).

[0209] FIGS. 6A illustrates a flow diagram of a process 600 for displaying and managing calendar entries in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the

process 600 is performed by a portable electronic device with a touch screen display. The device displays a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display (602), e.g., UI 4900C of FIG. 5C. If a user touches a desired day on the multiweek display, the device detects the finger contact on that individual day in the multiweek calendar (604). As a response to the finger contact on the individual day, the device displays at least a portion of a list of events 4938 on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar (606).

[0210] In some embodiments, if a user sequentially contacts the touch screen display on a plurality of days, the device sequentially detects the contact with the plurality of days in the multiweek calendar (608). In response to detecting the contacts, the device sequentially displays lists of events for at least some of the plurality of days while continuing to display the multiweek calendar (610), e.g., FIGS. 5D-5G.

[0211] FIG. 6B illustrates a flow diagram of a process 620 for displaying and managing calendar entries in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the process 620 is performed by a portable electronic device with a touch screen display. The device displays a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display (622), e.g., UI 4900C of FIG. 5C. If a user touches a desired day on the multiweek display, the device detects the finger contact on that individual day in the multiweek calendar (624). As a response to the finger contact on the individual day, the device displays at least a portion of a list of events 4938 on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar (626). If a finger gesture is detected on the list of events being displayed (628), the device scrolls through the list of events while continuing to display the multiweek calendar (630).

[0212] FIGS. 7A-7S illustrate exemplary user interfaces for accessing a calendar application on a portable multifunction device 100 in accordance with some embodiments. An overview of these user interfaces is provided below.

[0213] FIG. 7A shows a device held in a portrait orientation, displaying a multiweek month view (e.g., for October, 2007). The figure shows detecting a contact 7001 on an individual day 7010 (e.g., Oct 29, 2007) and displaying at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar. The list of events on the contacted individual day 7010 (e.g., Oct 29, 2007) includes an invitation to the event (the agenda review). In response to detecting a contact 7001 (e.g. a finger gesture or a stylus) on a given day on the calendar, the device displays events listed on the corresponding day, including invitations to events. The list of events on any given day is scrollable, in response to detecting a gesture on the list of events. The gesture may be a finger gesture, such as a swipe gesture 7003. In some embodiments, a contact 7002 is detected on an invitation inbox icon 7040, which initiates display of an invitation inbox (e.g., as shown in FIG. 7C).

[0214] FIG. 7B shows a device held in a portrait orientation (with a substantially vertical orientation of a long axis of the touch screen) displaying a list view of daily events for a multiplicity of days. The list is vertically scrollable to permit a user to see events on earlier or later days. A set of icons are provided to initiate display of "Today" events, and to initiate display of events in a list view, day view or month view, in response to detecting a user gesture on the corresponding icon. An icon 7040 is provided for accessing an invitation inbox and for displaying of a number of unread calendar invitations. In some embodiments, a contact gesture 7004 is

detected on the invitation inbox icon **7040**, which initiates display of an invitation inbox (e.g., as shown on FIG. 7C).

[0215] FIG. 7C shows a device held in a portrait orientation, displaying an exemplary list (inbox) of calendar invitations received by the device. In this list, there are two exemplary calendar invitations, first a design review invitation **7062-1**, and second a patent meeting invitation **7062-2**. In the present example, both invitations are marked as unread, as indicated by the dot **7070** to the left side of each calendar invitation. In response to detecting a user gesture on the “Done” button **7008** in the title bar, the device exits from the calendar invitation inbox. In FIG. 7C, in response to detecting a user selection gesture **7007** on the design review invitation **7062-1**, the device displays details of the invitation, as shown in FIG. 7D.

[0216] FIG. 7D shows a device displaying information details of an exemplary invitation, the design review invitation **7062-1**. These details include the title of the meeting, location (Diplomacy room), date, time, sender of the invitation (Christie), attendees, and notes regarding the meeting. The calendar invitation also includes a “Show in calendar” icon **7082** which if activated by the user (e.g., by finger gesture **7009**) initiates display of the invitation in the user’s calendar (e.g., as shown in FIG. 7E). The calendar invitation also includes icons for the user to accept (**7091**) the meeting, to indicate that the user may attend (**7093**), and to decline (**7095**) the meeting. In some embodiments, the accept icon **7091** is green, the maybe icon **7093** is orange, and the decline **7095** icon is red.

[0217] FIG. 7E shows an exemplary day view (e.g., for October 29, 2007) with an exemplary calendar invitation shown as a tentative calendar event **7092-1** (e.g., the design review meeting in Diplomacy room from 1 pm to 3 pm). This exemplary calendar invitation corresponds to the design review invitation discussed in FIGS. 7C-7D. The day view of FIG. 7E is vertically scrollable **7099** to permit a user to see events earlier and later in the day. In FIG. 7E, the tentative calendar event **7092-1** for the design review meeting is in conflict with a scheduled event, i.e., the interview meeting **7094-1** from 2 pm to 4 pm. In response to detecting a gesture **7011** on the invitation inbox icon **7040**, the device **100** initiates display of the invitation inbox (e.g., UI **7000F**, FIG. 7F).

[0218] FIG. 7F shows an exemplary list of calendar invitations received by the device. In this list, as described above, there are two calendar invitations **7062**, first a design review invitation, and second a patent meeting invitation. In FIG. 7F, the design review invitation is marked as read (there is no dot **7070-1** for this invitation) and the word “Accepted” is displayed, which indicates that the user has accepted this invitation. The patent meeting calendar invitation is marked as unread, as indicated by the dot **7070-2**. The number of outstanding invitations has decreased from two in FIG. 7C to one in FIG. 7F, as the design review meeting has been read and accepted (FIG. 7D).

[0219] FIG. 7G shows an exemplary locked device displaying details of a calendar invitation from a party to a user of the device. An exemplary unlock icon **309** that includes image **302**, arrow **304**, and “slide to unlock” channel **306** (FIG. 3) has been replaced by an exemplary view-invitation icon **309** that includes image **302**, arrow **304**, and “slide to view” channel **307**. If the device detects a user request to view the calendar invitation (e.g., a swipe gesture on image **302** in “slide to view” channel **307**), the device immediately displays the calendar invitation in a calendar application, for example,

as shown in FIG. 7D. In some embodiments, detecting a view-invitation gesture causes the device to display the invitation inbox (FIG. 7C) instead of the invitation (FIG. 7D). If no user activation of the view-invitation icon is detected within a predetermined period of time, the device ceases to display the portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display, and changes the view-invitation icon back to the unlock icon.

[0220] FIG. 7H shows a calendar invitation alert **7130** displayed over a current application while the device is unlocked. The calendar invitation alert is displayed in response to receipt by the device of a calendar invitation from a party to a user of the device. The calendar invitation alert displays at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display. The alert includes icons to close (**7132**) the alert or to view (**7134**) the calendar invitation. In response to detecting a finger gesture **7014** on “View” icon **7134**, the device displays the invitation in a calendar application (e.g., FIG. 7D). In some embodiments, in response to detecting a finger gesture **7014** on “View” icon **7134**, the device displays the invitation inbox (FIG. 7C).

[0221] FIG. 7I shows an exemplary calendar invitation icon **7150** in an email sent by a party (e.g., Greg) to the user of the device. In some embodiments, the calendar invitation icon shows the time of the meeting (1 pm Monday), and the title of the meeting (Design Review). In response to detecting a finger gesture **7015** on calendar invitation icon **7150**, the device displays the corresponding invitation in a calendar application (e.g., FIG. 7D). In some embodiments, in response to detecting a finger gesture **7015** on calendar invitation icon **7150**, the device displays the invitation inbox (FIG. 7C). In some embodiments, an area **7160** contains information as to when the inbox was last updated and a refresh button **3560** to initiate refreshing the email inbox.

[0222] FIG. 7J shows a device **100** in a portrait orientation, displaying a multiweek calendar view for a month time period with a scrollable list **4938** of calendar events for a particular day (e.g., October 29, 2007). The multi week calendar view is flat (appears as a flat page) and the scrollable list shows events from different types of calendars (e.g., a home calendar, a work calendar, and a personal calendar), as indicated by the three different calendar indicia symbols **7019** next to the events. In some embodiments, the multiweek view also includes a view options icon **7180**. In some embodiments, in response to detecting a user gesture **7018** on the view options icon **7180**, the device displays a curled up version of the calendar interface (e.g., FIG. 7M). In some embodiments, in response to detecting a user gesture **7028** on a Calendars icon **7016**, the device displays a calendar options menu, as shown in FIG. 7L.

[0223] FIG. 7K shows a device **100** in a portrait orientation displaying a list view of a multiday calendar having a plurality of event types. In some embodiments, each event type is coded (e.g., color or pattern coded with calendar indicia symbols **7019**) for ease of recognition. In some embodiments, in response to detecting a finger gesture (e.g., swipe gesture **4914**), the device scrolls the list of events on the multiday calendar. In response to detecting a finger gesture on an event (e.g., gesture **7020** on the design review event), the device initiates display of corresponding details for the event. In some embodiments, in response to detecting a user gesture **7022** on the view options icon **7180**, the device displays a curled up version of the calendar interface (e.g., FIG. 7M). In

some embodiments, in response to detecting a user gesture on a Calendars icon **7016**, the device displays a calendar options menu, as shown in FIG. 7L.

[0224] FIG. 7L shows a device **100** displaying a calendar options menu. In some embodiments, in response to detecting a selection gesture on a calendar option, events from the selected calendar are displayed. In some embodiments, in response to detecting selection gestures on two or more of the calendar options, events from the selected calendars are displayed. In some embodiments, in response to detecting a selection gesture (e.g., a finger tap gesture **7023**) on the “All” calendars option, events from all of the calendars are displayed. In some embodiments, each event is color coded or pattern coded with calendar indicia symbols **7019** so that a user will recognize the calendar from which each event comes.

[0225] FIG. 7M shows a device **100** displaying a curled up page of a multiweek calendar view, with a view options menu also shown. In some embodiments, the curled up page is shown in response to detecting a user gesture on the view options icon **7180** (e.g., in FIG. 7J or FIG. 7K). In the curled up version of the calendar interface, an image **7350** of a bent, folded, or otherwise curled page is displayed, which obscures a first part of the flat version of the calendar application interface. A roll-up region **7353** is displayed over an area formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. The roll-up region **7353** includes calendar option icons (e.g., **7210**, **7220-1**, **7220-2**, and **7220-3**). In response to detecting user selection gestures on one or more of the calendar option icons a flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed with events corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected. For example, if a user selects “work,” then calendar events from the work calendar will be displayed on the flat version of the calendar interface. In some embodiments, if a user selects “work” and “home,” then calendar events from the work and home calendars will be displayed on the flat version of the calendar interface. In some embodiments, a portion of the curled version is displayed in a manner distinct from how that portion is displayed in the flat version. In some embodiments, the curled page is displayed as a translucent representation of a portion of the flat version of the calendar interface. In the curled-up page view, in response to detecting user selection of the view options icon **7180**, a flat view is re-displayed, for example, the flat view of FIG. 7J.

[0226] FIG. 7N shows a device **100** displaying a single day calendar having a plurality of event types, including an invitation shown as a tentative calendar event **7092-2**. In FIG. 7N, there is an invitation from 1 pm to 3 pm for a design review from the work calendar. There is a doctor’s appointment **7094-2** from 4 pm to 6 pm from the home calendar. The single day calendar of FIG. 7N is scrollable in response to a gesture **7026**. A set of icons **4902**, **4904** are provided to initiate display of “Today” events, and to initiate display of events in a list view, day view or month view, in response to detecting a user gesture on the corresponding icon. An icon **7040** is provided for accessing an invitation inbox and for displaying a number of unread calendar invitations. In FIG. 7N, in response to detecting a user gesture **7025** on the “Month” view, the device initiates display of the month view (e.g., FIG. 7O).

[0227] FIG. 7O shows a device **100** displaying a multiweek calendar **4934** along with a list **4938** of events for a selected

day (e.g., October 25, 2007). The list of events includes events from a plurality of calendars. FIG. 7O displays two events on the day of October 25, 2007. These events are coded to indicate the calendar from which the event came. One of the events is a calendar invitation from the work calendar, namely the design review at 1 pm. The other event is a calendar appointment from the home calendar, namely the doctor’s appointment at 4 pm. The event list is scrollable in response to a user gesture. The event list changes in response to a user contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar, while continuing to display the multiweek calendar. In some embodiments, the list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event (e.g. tentative calendar event **7092-2**, FIG. 7O).

[0228] FIG. 7P shows a device held in a portrait orientation displaying a calendar view for a first time period (e.g., a day). In some embodiments, the portrait orientation corresponds to a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis of the touch screen. The day view is scrollable in response to a user gesture **7027**, permitting a user to see a plurality of events in a day. In response to detecting the device in a landscape orientation, the device changes to a landscape calendar view of a second time period (e.g., a week, FIG. 7Q).

[0229] FIG. 7Q shows a device held in a landscape orientation displaying a multiday calendar view for a time period longer than the day view of the portrait orientation of FIG. 7P. In some embodiments, the landscape orientation corresponds to a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis of the touch screen. In some embodiments, the multiday view is a week view. In some embodiments, the week view is scrollable in response to a user gesture, permitting a user to easily view all of the hours in a week. In some embodiments, if the device in a portrait orientation shows a week view, then in response to detecting rotation of the device to a landscape orientation, the device displays a multiweek view, such as a month view. In some embodiments, if the device in a portrait orientation shows a multiweek view, then in response to rotating the device to a landscape orientation, the device displays a view of a plurality of months.

[0230] FIG. 7R shows a device **100** held in a portrait orientation displaying a multiweek calendar view for a month time period. In some embodiments, the portrait orientation corresponds to a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis of the touch screen. In response to detecting the device in a landscape orientation, the device changes to a landscape calendar view of a second time period (e.g., FIG. 7S, a calendar that displays multiple months that include the multiple weeks in FIG. 7R).

[0231] FIG. 7S shows a device held in a landscape orientation displaying a multi-month calendar view for a time period longer than the multi-week view of the portrait orientation of FIG. 7R. In some embodiments, the landscape orientation corresponds to a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis of the touch screen. In some embodiments, the multi-month view is a three-month view. In some embodiments, the multi-month view is scrollable in response to a user gesture, permitting a user to see months earlier and later than a currently displayed view. In some embodiments, if the device in a portrait orientation shows a multi-week view (e.g., FIG. 7R), then in response to detecting rotation of the device to a landscape orientation, the device displays a multi-month view, such as a three month view (e.g., FIG. 7S). In some embodiments, if the device in a portrait orientation shows a

multiweek view, then in response to rotating (7510, 7520) the device to a landscape orientation, the device displays a view of a plurality of months.

[0232] The user interfaces in FIGS. 7A-7S are used to illustrate the processes described below with respect to FIGS. 8A-8F. Additional details on these user interfaces are provided below.

[0233] In some embodiments, UI 7000A (FIG. 7A) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0234] 402, 404, 406, 4912, 4930, 4932, 4934, 4938, 4902, 4904, and 4940, as described above; and

[0235] an invitation inbox selector 7040, that when activated (e.g. by a finger tap 7002) initiates display of an invitation inbox interface (e.g., UI 7000C, FIG. 7C).

[0236] In some embodiments, the inbox selector 7040 displays the number of unread calendar invitations in the inbox (e.g., “2” in FIG. 7A).

[0237] In some embodiments, UI 7000B (FIG. 7B) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0238] 402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4908, 4912, and 7040, as described above; and

[0239] a scrollable (e.g., in response to a swipe gesture 7005) calendar list view 7050 that displays a list of events 4910 and the time period (e.g., day 4908) with which the events are associated.

[0240] In some embodiments, UI 7000C (FIG. 7C) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0241] 402, 404, and 406, as described above;

[0242] a calendar invitation inbox 7060 that displays a list of calendar invitations 7062 and, in some embodiments, details (e.g., day, time, location) for the calendar invitations;

[0243] Calendar invitation(s) 7062 or portion(s) thereof;

[0244] Done icon 7008 that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture) initiates exiting the calendar invitation inbox; and

[0245] Unread calendar invitation indicia 7070 that indicate that the corresponding calendar invitation has not been read.

[0246] In some embodiments, calendar invitation inbox 7060 includes a title bar that displays the number of unread invitations (e.g., Invites(2)). In some embodiments, in response to detecting a gesture on the list of calendar invitations (e.g., finger swipe gesture 7006 on invitation 7062-1), the device scrolls the list. In some embodiments, in response to detecting a gesture on a calendar invitation (e.g., finger tap gesture 7007 on invitation 7062-1), the device initiates display of an interface (e.g., UI 7000D, FIG. 7D) that provides details of the selected calendar invitation.

[0247] In some embodiments, UI 7000D (FIG. 7D) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0248] 402, 404, 406, and 7062, as described above;

[0249] a “show in calendar” icon 7082 that when activated (e.g., by finger gesture 7009) initiates display of the invitation in a calendar (e.g., as shown in FIG. 7E);

[0250] a “return to calendar invitation inbox” icon 7084 that when activated (e.g., by finger gesture) initiates display of the calendar invitation inbox (e.g., FIG. 7C);

[0251] a “previous invitation” icon 7086 that when activated (e.g., by finger gesture) initiates display of the previous calendar invitation in the calendar invitation inbox;

[0252] a “next invitation” icon 7088 that when activated (e.g., by finger gesture) initiates display of the next calendar invitation in the calendar invitation inbox;

[0253] an “accept invitation” icon 7091 that when activated (e.g., by finger gesture) initiates acceptance of calendar invitation (e.g., 7062-1);

[0254] a “maybe” icon 7093 that when activated (e.g., by finger gesture) initiates tentative acceptance of calendar invitation (e.g., 7062-1); and

[0255] a “decline invitation” icon 7095 that when activated (e.g., by finger gesture) initiates rejection of calendar invitation (e.g., 7062-1).

[0256] In some embodiments, UI 7000E (FIG. 7E) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0257] 402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4910, 4912, and 7040, as described above;

[0258] a calendar day view 7090; and

[0259] a calendar invitation (e.g., 7062-1 from UI 7000C, FIG. 7C) shown as a tentative calendar event 7092-1, where a dotted border, the word “Invitation,” or other visual indicator shows the tentative nature of event 7092; and

[0260] a scheduled calendar event 7094-1, which may conflict with a tentative calendar event (e.g., event 7094-1 overlaps with event 7092-1 between 2-3 pm).

[0261] In some embodiments, UI 7000F (FIG. 7F) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0262] 402, 404, 406, 7008, 7060, 7062, and 7070, as described above.

[0263] In this example, a user has accepted the first meeting 7062-1. As a result the first meeting 7062-1 is marked as accepted, and the unread indicator 7070 for the first meeting is no longer present. The number of unread invitations indicated in the top bar has been reduced from two to one.

[0264] In some embodiments, UI 7000G (FIG. 7G) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0265] 302, 304, 307, 308, 310, 312, and 314, as described above;

[0266] an alert 7120 indicating a new calendar invitation has been received, which may be displayed over a wall-paper image 314 while the device 100 is in a locked mode; and

[0267] view-invitation icon 309 that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture on image 302) initiates display of an interface (e.g., UI 7000D, FIG. 7D) giving details of the calendar invitation.

[0268] In some embodiments, detecting a view-invitation gesture causes the device to display the invitation inbox (FIG. 7C) instead of the invitation (FIG. 7D).

[0269] In some embodiments, UI 7000H (FIG. 7H) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:

[0270] 308, 310, and 312, as described above;

[0271] an alert 7130 indicating a new calendar invitation has been received, displayed over a current application while the device 100 is in an unlocked mode; and

[0272] a close icon 7132 that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture) ceases display of the alert 7130; and

- [0273] a view icon **7134** that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture **7014**) initiates display of an interface (e.g., UI **7000D**, FIG. 7D) giving details of the calendar invitation.
- [0274] In some embodiments, detecting a gesture **7014** on view icon **7134** causes the device to display the invitation inbox (FIG. 7C) instead of the invitation (FIG. 7D).
- [0275] In some embodiments, UI **7000I** (FIG. 7I) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0276] **402, 404, 406, 7084, 7086, and 7088**, as described above;
 - [0277] an email **7140**;
 - [0278] a calendar invitation icon **7150** that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture **7015**) initiates display of a invitation in a calendar application (e.g., FIG. 7D); and
 - [0279] a refresh icon **3560** that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture) initiates a refresh of the inbox.
- [0280] In some embodiments, UI **7000J** (FIG. 7J) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0281] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4906, 4912, 4930, 4932, 4934, and 7040**, as described above;
 - [0282] a view options icon **7180** that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture **7018**) initiates display of a calendar options menu with a curled up version of the calendar interface (e.g., FIG. 7M) or other calendar options menu (e.g., FIG. 7L);
 - [0283] a calendar options icon **7016** that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture **7028**) initiates display of a calendar options menu with a curled up version of the calendar interface (e.g., FIG. 7M) or other calendar options menu (e.g., FIG. 7L); and
 - [0284] calendar indicia symbols **7019** that indicate which calendar an event comes from (e.g., an event from a work calendar includes symbol **7019-1**, an event from a home calendar includes symbol **7019-2**, and an event from a personal calendar includes symbol **7019-3**).
- [0285] In some embodiments, UI **7000J** (FIG. 7J) includes view options icon **7180** (activated by a finger gesture **7018**) or calendar options icon **7016**, but not both.
- [0286] In some embodiments, UI **7000K** (FIG. 7K) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0287] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4908, 4910, 4912, 7040, 7050, 7016, 7180**, as described above.
- [0288] In some embodiments, UI **7000L** (FIG. 7L) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0289] **402, 404, and 406**, as described above;
 - [0290] a calendar option menu **7205**;
 - [0291] an all calendar option icon **7210** that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture **7023**) initiates display of a calendar (e.g., FIG. 7J or FIG. 7K) that shows events from all of the individual calendars; and
 - [0292] individual calendar option icons **7220** that when activated (e.g., by a finger gesture) initiates display of a calendar that shows events from the corresponding individual calendar;
- [0293] In some embodiments, UI **7000M** (FIG. 7M) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0294] **402, 404, 406, 4906, 4930, 4932, 3560, 7016, and 7180**, as described above;
 - [0295] a portion **7351** of a flat version of a calendar application interface;
 - [0296] an image **7350** of a bent, folded, or otherwise curled page that obscures a portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface; and
 - [0297] a roll-up region **7353** in a display region formerly occupied by a another portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, wherein the roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons (e.g., **7210, 7220-1, 7220-2, and 7220-3**).
- [0298] In some embodiments, UI **7000N** (FIG. 7N) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0299] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4912, 7040, 7090, 7092, 7094** as described above.
- [0300] In some embodiments, UI **7000O** (FIG. 7O) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0301] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4912 4930, 4932, 4934, 4938, 4940, 7040, 7092, and 7094**, as described above.
- [0302] In some embodiments, UI **7000P** (FIG. 7P) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0303] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4906, 4912, 4930, 4932, and 7090**, as described above.
- [0304] In some embodiments, UI **7000Q** (FIG. 7Q) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0305] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4906, and 4912** as described above; and
 - [0306] a calendar in landscape orientation displaying a scrollable multiday view **7600**, for a time period longer than and including the day view of the portrait orientation of FIG. 7P.
- [0307] In some embodiments, in response to detecting rotation of the device (e.g., **7530** and **7540**) from a landscape orientation to a portrait orientation, the device displays a single-day calendar in a portrait orientation, such as that of UI **7000P**, FIG. 7P.
- [0308] In some embodiments, UI **7000R** (FIG. 7R) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0309] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4906, 4912, 4930, 4932, 4934, 4938, and 4940**, as described above.
- [0310] In some embodiments, in response to detecting rotation of the device (e.g., **7510** and **7520**) from a portrait orientation to a landscape orientation, the device displays a multi-month calendar in a landscape orientation, such as that of UI **7000S**, FIG. 7S.
- [0311] In some embodiments, UI **7000S** (FIG. 7S) includes the following elements, or a subset or superset thereof:
- [0312] **402, 404, 406, 4902, 4904, 4906, 4912, 4930, and 4932**, as described above; and
 - [0313] a calendar in landscape orientation displaying a scrollable multi-month view **7650**, for a time period longer than and including the multi-week view of the portrait orientation of FIG. 7R.
- [0314] In some embodiments, in response to detecting rotation of the device (e.g., **7530** and **7540**) from a landscape orientation to a portrait orientation, and in response to the rotation, the device displays a multiweek calendar for a duration less than the multi-month calendar in a portrait orientation, such as that of UI **7000R**, FIG. 7R.
- [0315] The user interfaces in FIGS. 7A-7S are used to illustrate the processes described below with respect to Figure(s) 8A-8F.

[0316] FIG. 8A is flow diagram illustrating a method 800 of operating a calendar application in accordance with some embodiments. The method 800 is performed on a portable electronic device with a touch screen display (e.g., portable multifunction device 100). The method 800 provides a simple and intuitive way for a user to switch between a first calendar time period and a second longer time period. This is a convenient way to change the time period viewed without having to access menus or engage in other combinations of actions.

[0317] The portable electronic device executes (801) a calendar application. When the device is held in a portrait orientation, the device displays (802) a calendar in a first view, showing events for a first time period in the first view (e.g., UI 7000P, FIG. 7P). The device detects (804) a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displays the calendar in a second view, showing events for a second time period that is longer than and includes the first time period (e.g., UI 7000Q, FIG. 7Q).

[0318] In some embodiments, when the device is held in a portrait orientation, the device displays (806) a calendar in a day view, showing events for a single day in the day view (e.g., UI 7000P, FIG. 7P). The device detects (808) a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displays the calendar in a multiday view, showing events for a multiplicity of days, the multiplicity of days including the single day (e.g., UI 7000Q, FIG. 7Q).

[0319] In some embodiments, when the device is held in a portrait orientation, the device displays (810) a calendar in a week view, showing events for a single week in the week view. The device detects (812) a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displays the calendar in a multiweek view, showing events for a multiplicity of weeks, the multiplicity of weeks including the single week. In some embodiments, the multiweek view is a month view (814).

[0320] FIG. 8B is flow diagram illustrating a method 820 of operating a calendar application in accordance with some embodiments. The method 820 is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display (e.g., portable multifunction device 100). The touch screen includes a long axis, a short axis, a landscape view and a portrait view. The method 820 provides a simple and intuitive way for a user to switch between a first time period and a second longer time period. This is a convenient way to change the time period viewed without having to access menus or engage in other combinations of actions.

[0321] The portable multifunction device executes (822) a calendar application. The device detects (824) the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a vertical or substantially vertical orientation of the long axis. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the vertical or substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, the device displays (826) a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view (e.g., UI 7000P, FIG. 7P). The device detects (828) the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a vertical or substantially vertical orientation of the short axis. In response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the vertical or substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, the device displays (830) a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view. The second time period is longer than and includes the first time period (e.g., UI 7000Q, FIG. 7Q).

[0322] In some embodiments, the calendar for the first time period shows events for the first time period and the calendar for the second time period shows events for the second time period (832). In some embodiments, the first time period is a day (e.g., UI 7000P, FIG. 7P) and the second time period is a plurality of days (e.g., 3-7 days, with 7 days shown in UI 7000Q, FIG. 7Q) (834). In some embodiments, the first time period is a day (e.g., UI 7000P, FIG. 7P) and the second time period is a week (e.g., UI 7000Q, FIG. 7Q) (836). In some embodiments, the first time period is a week and the second time period is a plurality of weeks (e.g., 3-5 weeks) (838). In some embodiments, the first time period is a week and the second time period is a month (840). In some embodiments, the first time period is a month (e.g., UI 7000R, FIG. 7R) and the second time period is a plurality of months (e.g., 3 months, as shown in UI 7000S, FIG. 7S) (842).

[0323] FIG. 8C is flow diagram illustrating a method 850 of operating a calendar application in accordance with some embodiments. The method 850 is performed at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display (e.g., portable multifunction device 100). The method 850 provides a simple and intuitive way for a user to view events for individual days in a multiweek calendar while simultaneously viewing the multiweek calendar.

[0324] The device displays (852) a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display (e.g., UI 7000J, FIG. 7J). In some embodiments, the multiweek calendar is a monthly calendar (854).

[0325] The device detects (856) a contact (e.g., 7017) on an individual day in the multiweek calendar. In some embodiments, the contact is a finger contact (858). In some embodiments, the contact is a stylus contact (860).

[0326] In response to detecting the contact on the individual day, the device displays (862) at least a portion of a list of events (e.g., 4938) on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar (e.g., 4934). The list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event (e.g., tentative calendar event 7092-2, "Design Review (Invitation)," FIG. 7J).

[0327] In some embodiments, the list of events is scrollable (864). In some embodiments, the list of events is configured to scroll in response to a finger gesture on the list of events (866). In some embodiments the finger gesture is a swipe gesture (868).

[0328] In some embodiments, the device detects (870) a gesture 4938 on the list of events. In response to detecting the gesture on the list (e.g., 7029), the device scrolls (874) the list of events while continuing to display the multiweek calendar. In some embodiments, the gesture is a swipe gesture with a finger (872).

[0329] FIG. 8D is flow diagram illustrating a method 880 of displaying and selecting calendar options in accordance with some embodiments. The method 880 is performed at a computing device with a touch screen display (e.g., portable multifunction device 100). The method 880 provides a simple and intuitive way for a user to select calendar options.

[0330] A computing device with a touch screen display displays (882) a flat version (e.g., UI 7000J, FIG. 7J) of a calendar application interface on the touch screen display. In response to detecting a user gesture (e.g., 7018, FIG. 7J) on a view options icon (e.g., 7180) while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, the device displays (884) a curled version (e.g., UI 7000M, FIG. 7M) of the calendar application interface. The curled version of the cal-

endar application interface includes an image of a bent, folded, or otherwise curled page (e.g., 7350) that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, and a roll-up region (e.g., 7353) in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. The roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons (e.g., 7210, 7220), each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon. The device detects (886) a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons. The device redisplay (888) the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0331] In some embodiments, the device detects (890) user selection gestures on at least two of the plurality of calendar option icons. The device redisplay (892) the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the at least two of the plurality of option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0332] In some embodiments, the curled version of the calendar application interface includes (894) a third portion (e.g., 7351, FIG. 7M) of the flat version of the calendar application interface. In some embodiments, the third portion is displayed (896) in the curled version of the calendar application interface in a manner that is visually distinct from display of the third portion in the flat version of the calendar application interface.

[0333] In some embodiments, the flat version of the calendar application interface is redisplayed (8102) in response to detecting a second user gesture on the view options icon.

[0334] In some embodiments, the device displays (8104) a roll up animation that transitions from displaying the flat version of the calendar application interface to displaying the curled version of the calendar application interface. In some embodiments, the device displays (8106) a roll down animation that transitions from displaying the curled version of the calendar application interface to redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

[0335] In some embodiments, the curled page includes (8108) an inverted, translucent representation of a portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface. In some embodiments, the curled page includes (8110) a translucent representation of a portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface.

[0336] In some embodiments, the user selection gestures are finger gestures on the touch screen display (8112).

[0337] FIG. 8F is flow diagram illustrating a method 8120 of receiving displaying calendar invitations in accordance with some embodiments. The method 8120 is performed on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display (e.g., portable multifunction device 100). The method 8120 provides a simple and intuitive way for a user to view a calendar invitation if the device receiving the invitation is locked.

[0338] The device receives (8122) a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked (e.g., UI 7000G, FIG. 7G). The device displays (8124) at least a portion of the calendar invitation (e.g., 7120) on the touch screen display while the device remains locked. In response to

detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, the device immediately displays (8126) the calendar invitation in a calendar application.

[0339] In some embodiments, while the device is locked, the device changes (8128) an unlock icon (e.g., 306, FIG. 7C) to a view-invitation icon (e.g., 309, FIG. 7G) when displaying the portion 7120 of the calendar invitation.

[0340] In some embodiments, if no user selection of the view-invitation icon is detected within a predetermined period of time (e.g., 5 or 10 seconds), the device ceases (8130) to display the portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display, and changes (8132) the view-invitation icon back to the unlock icon.

[0341] FIG. 9 is a schematic diagram of a communications system 900 that provides infrastructure support for a portable multifunction device 100 in accordance with some embodiments. FIG. 9 shows a portable multifunction device 100 communicating (for example, synchronizing, sending data, receiving data, and sending or receiving voice or video calls) over a wireless network 910 (for example, WiFi or a cell-phone network) to a wired network 920 (for example, the Internet). The device 100 accesses at least one server 930 to send and receive email, calendar schedule updates, and other voice or data information. In some embodiments, the at least one server 930 is provided by a service provider. In some embodiments, the at least one server is provided by a corporate network.

[0342] The foregoing description, for purpose of explanation, has been described with reference to specific embodiments. However, the illustrative discussions above are not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the invention to the precise forms disclosed. Many modifications and variations are possible in view of the above teachings. The embodiments were chosen and described in order to best explain the principles of the invention and its practical applications, to thereby enable others skilled in the art to best utilize the invention and various embodiments with various modifications as are suited to the particular use contemplated.

What is claimed is:

1. A computer-implemented method, comprising:
 - on a portable electronic device having a touch screen display, executing a calendar application, including:
 - when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a first view, showing events for a first time period in the first view;
 - detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displaying the calendar in a second view, showing events for a second time period that is longer than and includes the first time period.
2. The computer-implemented method of claim 1, including:
 - when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a day view, showing events for a single day in the day view;
 - detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displaying the calendar in a multiday view, showing events for a multiplicity of days, the multiplicity of days including the single day.
3. The computer-implemented method of claim 1, including:
 - when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a week view, showing events for a single week in the week view;

- detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displaying the calendar in a multiweek view, showing events for a multiplicity of weeks, the multiplicity of weeks including the single week.
4. The computer-implemented method of claim 3, wherein the multiweek view is a month view.
5. A portable electronic device, comprising:
a touch screen display;
one or more processors;
memory; and
one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including:
instructions for, when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a first view, showing events for a first time period in the first view; and
instructions for detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displaying the calendar in a second view, showing events for a second time period that is longer than and includes the first time period.
6. A computer readable storage medium having stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable electronic device with a touch screen display, cause the device to:
when the device is held in a portrait orientation, display a calendar in a first view, showing events for a first time period in the first view; and
detect a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, display the calendar in a second view, showing events for a second time period that is longer than and includes the first time period.
7. A graphical user interface on a portable electronic device with a touch screen display, comprising:
a calendar with a first view that shows events for a first time period and a second view that shows events for a second time period;
wherein:
when the device is held in a portrait orientation, the calendar is displayed in the first view that shows events for the first time period;
in response to detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, the calendar is displayed in a second view that shows events for the second time period; and
the second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.
8. A portable electronic device with a touch screen display, comprising:
means for, when the device is held in a portrait orientation, displaying a calendar in a week view, showing events for a single week in the week view; and
means for detecting a change in orientation of the device to a landscape orientation, and in response, displaying the calendar in a multiweek view, showing events for a multiplicity of weeks, the multiplicity of weeks including the single week.
9. A computer-implemented method, comprising:
on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, wherein the touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view:
executing a calendar application;
detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis;
in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, displaying a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view;
detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis; and
in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, displaying a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view, wherein the second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.
10. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the calendar for the first time period shows events for the first time period and the calendar for the second time period shows events for the second time period.
11. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the first time period is a day and the second time period is a plurality of days.
12. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the first time period is a day and the second time period is a week.
13. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the first time period is a week and the second time period is a plurality of weeks.
14. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the first time period is a week and the second time period is a month.
15. The computer-implemented method of claim 9, wherein the first time period is a month and the second time period is a plurality of months.
16. A portable multifunction device, comprising:
a touch screen display;
one or more processors;
memory; and
one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including:
instructions for executing a calendar application;
instructions for detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis;
instructions for, in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, displaying a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view;
instructions for detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis; and
instructions for, in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, displaying a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view, wherein the second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

17. A computer readable storage medium having stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the device to:

- execute a calendar application;
- detect the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis;
- in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, display a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view;
- detect the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis; and
- in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, display a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view, wherein the second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

18. A graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

- a calendar application;
 - a calendar for a first time period; and
 - a calendar for a second time period;
- wherein:
- the touch screen display includes a long axis, a short axis, a portrait view and a landscape view;
 - in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, displaying the calendar for the first time period in the portrait view;
 - in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, displaying the calendar for a second time period in the landscape view; and
 - the second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

19. A portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

- means for executing a calendar application;
- means for detecting the portable multifunction device in a first orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the long axis;
- means for in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the first orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the long axis, displaying a calendar for a first time period in the portrait view;
- means for detecting the portable multifunction device in a second orientation that comprises a substantially vertical orientation of the short axis; and
- means for in response to detecting the portable multifunction device in the second orientation that comprises the substantially vertical orientation of the short axis, displaying a calendar for a second time period in the landscape view, wherein the second time period is longer than and includes the first time period.

20. A computer-implemented method, comprising:

- at a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display,

- displaying a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display;

- detecting a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar; and

- in response to detecting the contact on the individual day, displaying at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar, wherein the list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

21. The computer-implemented method of claim 20, wherein the contact is a finger contact.

22. The computer-implemented method of claim 20, wherein the contact is a stylus contact.

23. The computer-implemented method of claim 20, wherein the multiweek calendar is a monthly calendar.

24. The computer-implemented method of claim 20, wherein the list of events is scrollable.

25. The computer-implemented method of claim 20, wherein the list of events is configured to scroll in response to a finger gesture on the list of events.

26. The computer-implemented method of claim 25, wherein the finger gesture is a swipe gesture.

27. The computer-implemented method of claim 20, including

- detecting a gesture on the list of events, and
- in response to detecting the gesture on the list, scrolling the list of events while continuing to display the multiweek calendar.

28. The computer-implemented method of claim 27, wherein the gesture is a swipe gesture with a finger.

29. A portable multifunction device, comprising:

- a touch screen display;
- one or more processors;
- memory; and
- one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including:

- instructions for displaying a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display;

- instructions for detecting a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar; and

- instructions for in response to detecting the contact on the individual day, displaying at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar, wherein the list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

30. A computer readable storage medium having stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the device to:

- display a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display;
- detect a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar; and

- in response to detecting the contact on the individual day, display at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar, wherein the list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

31. A graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

- a calendar application;
- a multiweek calendar including a plurality of days; and
- a list of events associated with at least one of the plurality of days, the list of events including at least one invitation to an event;

wherein in response to detecting a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar, displaying at least a portion of the list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar.

32. A portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

- means for displaying a multiweek calendar on the touch screen display;

- means for detecting a contact on an individual day in the multiweek calendar; and

- means for in response to detecting the contact on the individual day, displaying at least a portion of a list of events on the contacted individual day while continuing to display the multiweek calendar, wherein the list of events on the contacted individual day includes an invitation to an event.

33. A computer-implemented method, comprising:

- at a computing device with a touch screen display, displaying a flat version of a calendar application interface on the touch screen display;

- in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, displaying a curled version of the calendar application interface on the touch screen display, wherein the curled version of the calendar application interface includes:

- an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface; and

- a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, wherein the roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon;

- detecting a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and

- redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

34. The computer-implemented method of claim 33, including,

- detecting user selection gestures on at least two of the plurality of calendar option icons; and

- redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the at least two of the plurality of option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

35. The computer-implemented method of claim 33, wherein the curled version of the calendar application interface includes a third portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface.

36. The computer-implemented method of claim 35, wherein the third portion is displayed in the curled version of the calendar application interface in a manner that is

visually distinct from display of the third portion in the flat version of the calendar application interface.

37. The computer-implemented method of claim 33, wherein the flat version of the calendar application interface is redisplayed in response to detecting a second user gesture on the view options icon.

38. The computer-implemented method of claim 33, including

- displaying a roll up animation that transitions from displaying the flat version of the calendar application interface to displaying the curled version of the calendar application interface.

39. The computer-implemented method of claim 38, further including

- displaying a roll down animation that transitions from displaying the curled version of the calendar application interface to redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

40. The computer-implemented method of claim 33, wherein the curled page includes an inverted, translucent representation of a portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface.

41. The computer-implemented method of claim 33, wherein the curled page includes a translucent representation of a portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface.

42. The computer-implemented method of claim 33, wherein the user selection gestures are finger gestures on the touch screen display.

43. A portable multifunction device, comprising:

- a touch screen display;

- one or more processors;

- memory; and

- one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including:

- instructions for displaying a flat version of a calendar application interface;

- instructions for in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, displaying a curled version of the calendar application interface, wherein the curled version of the calendar application interface includes:

- an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface; and

- a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, wherein the roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon;

- instructions for detecting a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and

- instructions for redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

44. A computer readable storage medium having stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the device to:

- display a flat version of a calendar application interface;
- in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, display a curled version of the calendar application interface, wherein the curled version of the calendar application interface includes:
 - an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface; and
 - a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, wherein the roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon;
- detect a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and
- redisplay the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

45. A graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

- a flat version of an calendar application interface;
- a calendar options icon;
- a curled version of the calendar application interface, wherein the curled version of the calendar application interface includes:
 - an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface; and
 - a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, wherein the roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon;

wherein:

- in response to detecting a user gesture on the calendar options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, the curled version of the calendar application interface is displayed;
- user selection gestures are detected on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and
- the flat version of the calendar application interface is redisplayed with information corresponding to the one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

46. A portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

- means for displaying a flat version of a calendar application interface;
- means for in response to detecting a user gesture on a view options icon while the flat version of the calendar application interface is displayed, displaying a curled version of the calendar application interface, wherein the curled version of the calendar application interface includes:

- an image of a curled page that obscures a first portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface; and

- a roll-up region in a display region formerly occupied by a second portion of the flat version of the calendar application interface, wherein the roll-up region includes a plurality of calendar option icons, each respective calendar option icon in the plurality of calendar option icons responsive to a user selection gesture on the respective calendar option icon;

- means for detecting a user selection gesture on one or more of the plurality of calendar option icons; and

- means for redisplaying the flat version of the calendar application interface with information corresponding to the one or more calendar option icons upon which user selection gestures were detected.

47. A computer-implemented method, comprising:

- on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display,
- receiving a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked;
- displaying at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and
- in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, immediately displaying the calendar invitation in a calendar application.

48. The computer-implemented method of claim 47, further including:

- while the device is locked, changing an unlock icon to a view-invitation icon when displaying the portion of the calendar invitation.

49. The computer-implemented method of claim 48, further including:

- if no user activation of the view-invitation icon is detected within a predetermined period of time,
- ceasing to display the portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display; and
- changing the view-invitation icon back to the unlock icon.

50. A portable multifunction device, comprising:

- a touch screen display;
- one or more processors;
- memory; and
- one or more programs, wherein the one or more programs are stored in the memory and configured to be executed by the one or more processors, the one or more programs including:
 - instructions for receiving a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked;
 - instructions for displaying at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and
 - instructions for in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, immediately displaying the calendar invitation in a calendar application.

51. A computer readable storage medium having stored therein instructions, which when executed by a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, cause the device to:

- receive a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked;

display at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and

in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, immediately display the calendar invitation in a calendar application.

52. A graphical user interface on a portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

a calendar application; and

at least a portion of a calendar invitation;

wherein:

in response to receiving the calendar invitation from a party to a user of the device while the device is locked, displaying at least the portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and

in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, immediately displaying the calendar invitation in the calendar application.

53. A portable multifunction device with a touch screen display, comprising:

means for receiving a calendar invitation, from a party to a user of the device, while the device is locked;

means for displaying at least a portion of the calendar invitation on the touch screen display while the device remains locked; and

means for in response to detecting a user request to view the calendar invitation, immediately displaying the calendar invitation in a calendar application.

* * * * *