

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF HEAT SINKS

Allan D. Kraus

*Allan D. Kraus Associates
Pacific Grove, CA*

Avram Bar-Cohen

*Department of Mechanical Engineering
University of Minnesota
Minneapolis, MN*



A Wiley-Interscience Publication

JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC.

New York / Chichester / Brisbane / Toronto / Singapore

This text is printed on acid-free paper.

Copyright ©1995 by John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

All rights reserved. Published simultaneously in Canada.

Reproduction or translation of any part of this work beyond that permitted by Section 107 or 108 of the 1976 United States Copyright Act without the permission of the copyright owner is unlawful. Requests for permission or further information should be addressed to the Permissions Department, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 605 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10158-0012

This publication is designed to provide accurate and authoritative information in regard to the subject matter covered. It is sold with the understanding that the publisher is not engaged in rendering legal, accounting, or other professional services. If legal advice or other expert assistance is required, the services of a competent professional person should be sought.

Library of Congress Cataloging in Publication Data:

Kraus, Allan D.

Design and analysis of heat sinks / Allan D. Kraus, Avram Bar-Cohen.
p. cm. — (Wiley series in thermal management of microelectronic
and electronic systems)

Includes index.

ISBN 0-471-01755-8 (cloth: alk. paper)

1. Heat sinks (Electronics) — Design and construction.

I. Bar-Cohen, Avram. 1946 — II. Title. III. Series.

TK7872.H4K69 1995

821.381'046 — dc20

1 95-32934

Printed in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2

isformations
cascaded fin,
s well as the
r of the book
e ubiquitous
ling and pre-
s. The reader
ith the list of

with a most
the analysis,
rovide a rich
tentia of the
iation of the
stry.
terson, Dave
ent, to Frank
ement, and to
so ably.

IN

Chapter

1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

This book is devoted to the heat sink which is used to enhance heat transfer from the surface of an electronic component or package to the surrounding environment. Although the presence of the heat sink (and its bonding layer) produces a thermal resistance, when properly designed, the thermal resistance attributed to the heat sink will be substantially lower than the resistance associated with convection and radiation from the bare surface of the component. Thus, thermal design of electronic equipment often requires detailed consideration of the thermal resistance of the heat sink as part of the thermal path between the component junction and the "ground" temperature (usually the environment). The heat sink represents just one element along this thermal path, but, because it may be the controlling resistance, thermal analysis and design of heat sinks are of considerable importance in the development of electronic products. Some typical electronic equipment heat sinks are shown in Fig. 1.1.

This chapter prepares the reader for the study of the methods used for expeditious design and analysis of heat sinks for electronic equipment and electronic components. Section 1.2 deals with the heat-transfer phenomena in terms of the thermal resistances attributed to individual mechanisms. Section 1.3 introduces the concept of the chip package resistance between the component junction and the surroundings and provides the context for the design and use of heat sinks. Section 1.4 provides a summary of the considerations and procedures involved in the design and analysis of a typical array of fins. This introductory chapter concludes with a general discussion of extended surfaces that will serve to introduce the detailed considerations that follow in Chapters 2 through 10.