UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 8,839,388 B2
APPLICATION NO. : 12/380780
DATED : September 16, 2014
INVENTOR(S) : Raleigh

It is certified that error appears in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

In the Claims

In Column 167, Line 9, (the second line of Claim 34) the word "include" should be changed to --includes--

In Column 167, Line 16, (the ninth line of Claim 34) the word "version" should be changed to --versions--

In Column 167, Line 19, (the second line of Claim 35) the word "include" should be changed to --includes--

Signed and Sealed this
Thirteenth Day of March, 2018

Andrei Iancu
Director of the United States Patent and Trademark Office

SAMSUNG 1039

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of: Raleigh	Patent No.: 8,839,388
Serial No.: 12/380,780	Issue Date: September 16, 2014
Filing Date: March 2, 2009	Conf. No.: 1775
Title: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation	

Commissioner for Patents
Office of Data Management
ATTN: Certificate of Correction Branch
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

MISCELLANEOUS COMMUNICATION REGARDING CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

Applicant/Patentee (hereinafter, "Applicant") respectfully requests that the Office issue a Certificate of Correction for U.S. Patent No. 8,839,388 to correct typographical errors in claims 34 and 35. The errors being corrected are Applicant's errors.

Claim 34:

In both Applicant's supplemental amendment filed on September 21, 2012 and in the issued patent, claim 34 recites:

> 34. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials **include** one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or

more service processor settings or **version**, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class.

The word "include" should be changed to "includes" and the word "version" should be changed to "versions".

Claim 35:

In both Applicant's supplemental amendment filed on September 21, 2012 and in the issued patent, claim 35 recites:

35. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials **include** one or more provisioning actions.

The word "include" should be changed to "includes".

CONCLUSION

Applicant respectfully requests issuance of the Certificate of Correction to correct the typographical errors in claims 34 and 35. Because the errors were Applicant's error, Applicant is submitting the fee for a Certificate of Correction with this request. The Office is authorized to charge any fee deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 50-5876.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: February 9, 2018 By: /James E. Harris/

James E. Harris
Reg. No. 40,013
Patent Counsel
Headwater Research LLC
1011 Pruitt Place
Tyler, TX 75703
(903) 201-6212

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this paper (along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on:

Date: Feb. 9, 2018 By: /Ann Taylor/
Ann Taylor

PTO/SB/44 (09-07)
Approved for use through 08/31/2013. OMB 0651-0033
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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(Also Form PTO-1050)

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

PATENT NO. : 8,839,388

APPLICATION NO.: 12/380,780

ISSUE DATE : September 16, 2014

INVENTOR(S) : Raleigh

It is certified that an error appears or errors appear in the above-identified patent and that said Letters Patent is hereby corrected as shown below:

In column 167, line 9, (the second line of claim 34) the word "include" should be changed to --includes--

In column 167, line 16, (the ninth line of claim 34) the word "version" should be changed to --versions--

In column 167, line 19, (the second line of claim 35) the word "include" should be changed to --includes--

MAILING ADDRESS OF SENDER (Please do not use customer number below):

Headwater Research LLC
1011 Pruitt Place
Tyler, TX 75703

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.322, 1.323, and 1.324. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1.0 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Attention Certificate of Corrections Branch, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Privacy Act Statement

The **Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579)** requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

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2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (*i.e.*, GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal				
Application Number:	12380780			
Filing Date:	02-Mar-2009			
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION			
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh			
Filer:	James E. Harris/Ann Taylor			
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]			
Filed as Small Entity				
Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)				
Description	**Fee Code**	**Quantity**	**Amount**	**Sub-Total in USD($)**
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION	2811	1	150	150

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
			Total in USD ($)	**150**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	31749207
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	James E. Harris/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	James E. Harris
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	09-FEB-2018
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	12:54:25
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	DA
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$150
RAM confirmation Number	020918INTEFSW00009643505876
Deposit Account	
Authorized User	
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows:	

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Request for Certificate of Correction	P007_ReqforCoC.pdf	65800 c6690bff74ff29f6e924e4f34068b0d8af62aa28	no	3
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Request for Certificate of Correction	P007_COCForm.pdf	164141 049a09bab72416ec689d8b871129c66fb8c62507	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30359 c4fc2149f7a9cf628f069b04b3959b95618d4d9b	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	260300		

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.
National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.
New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

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APPLICATION NO.	ISSUE DATE	PATENT NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	09/16/2014	8839388	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]	1775

107265 7590 08/27/2014

Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 310
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

ISSUE NOTIFICATION

The projected patent number and issue date are specified above.

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)
(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment is 386 day(s). Any patent to issue from the above-identified application will include an indication of the adjustment on the front page.

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Application Assistance Unit (AAU) of the Office of Data Management (ODM) at (571)-272-4200.

APPLICANT(s) (Please see PAIR WEB site http://pair.uspto.gov for additional applicants):

Gregory G. Raleigh, Woodside, CA;

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

	3	20040021697		2004-02-05	BEATON et al.	
	4	20040249918		2004-12-09	SUNSHINE	
	5	20050048950		2005-03-03	MORPER	Change(s) applied to document, /K.M./ 7/16/2014
	6	20060112016		2006-05-25	ISHIBASHI	
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EFS Web 2.1.17

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.R./

Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	2	of	4	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

Change(s) applied to document, /K.M./ 7/16/2014

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	KKK.	US 2005/0266825	12-01-2005	Clayton	
	LLL.	US 2006/0178917	08-10-2006	~~Mikurak~~	Merriam; Ray; et al.
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	BBBB.	US 2004/0047358	03-11-2004	CHEN et al.	
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	DDDD.	US 2003/0161265	08-28-2003	CAO et al.	

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.R./

PTO/SB/08a (07-09)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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Substitute for form 1449A/PTO

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 3 of 3

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		2007/0263558	11-15-2007	SALOMONE	
		2008/0049630	02-28-2008	KOZISEK et al	
		2008/0162637	07-03-2008	ADAMCZYK et al	
		2008/0167027	07-10-2008	GAUTIER et al	
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		2008/0318547	12-25-2008	BALLOU et al	
		2009/0197585	08-06-2009	AARON, Jeffrey A.	
		2009/0257379	10-15-2009	ROBINSON et al	
		2010/0082431	04-01-2010	RAMER et al	
		2010/0188975	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
		2010/0188990	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
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		2010/0191846	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
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Change(s) applied to document, /M.I.G./ 7/23/2014

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	05/08/2012

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. [1]Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). [2]See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. [3]Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [4]For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [5]Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 16 if possible. [6]Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.R./

Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	3	of	4	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

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	JJJJ.	US 2005/0266880	12-01-2005	Gupta	
	KKKK.	US 2003/0229900	12-11-2003	Reisman	
	LLLL.	US 2007/0198656	08-23-2007	MAZZAFERRI et al.	
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	PPPP.	US 2008/0127304	05-29-2008	GINTER et al.	
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	RRRR.	US 2003/0050070	03-13-2003	MASHINSKY et al.	
	SSSS.	US 6,996,076	02-07-2006	FORBES et al.	
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	UUUU.	US 2007/0226225	09-27-2007	YIU et al.	
	VVVV.	US 2007/0130315	06-07-2007	FRIEND et al.	
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	DDDDD.	US 2006/0034256	02-16-2006	ADDAGATLA et al.	
	EEEEE.	US 2005/0228985	10-13-2005	YLIKOSKI et al.	
	FFFFF.	US 2007/0036312	02-15-2007	CAI et al.	
	GGGGG.	US 2004/0082346	04-29-2004	SKYTT et al.	
	HHHHH.	US 7,142,876	11-28-2006	TROSSEN et al.	
	IIIII.	US 2008/0005561	01-03-2008	BROWN et al.	
	JJJJJ.	US 2007/0101426	05-03-2007	LEE et al.	
	KKKKK.	US 2008/0222692	09-11-2008	ANDERSSON et al.	
	LLLLL.	US 2008/0160958	~~04-03-2008~~	ABICHANDANI et al.	July 3, 2008
	MMMMM	US 2006/0048223	03-02-2006	LEE et al.	
	NNNNN.	US 2007/0104126	5-10-2007	CALHOUN et al.	
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	SSSSS.	US 2005/0021995	01-27-2005	LAL et al.	
	TTTTT.	US 2008/0162704	~~04-03-2008~~	POPLETT et al.	July 3, 2008

~~Change~~(s) applied to document, /K.M./ 7/16/2014

Change(s) applied to document, /D.H.P./ 7/28/2014

Change(s) applied to document, /M.I.G./ 7/23/2014

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]	1775

107265 7590 08/11/2014

Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 310
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

EXAMINER	
RUDY, ANDREW J	

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3687	

NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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patent@headwaterllc.com
krista@jacobseniplaw.com

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12/380,780	02 March, 2009	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

		EXAMINER	
Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1 555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 310 Redwood Shores, CA 94065		ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	
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		3687	20140806

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Applicant's two Information Disclosure Statement (IDS's) each submitted August 4, 2014 have been reviewed. Note the attached IDS's.

/ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY/
Primary Examiner
Art Unit: 3687

PTO-90C (Rev.04-03)

Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

PTO/SB/08a (01-10)
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT
(Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)

Application Number	12380780
Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	5131020	A	1992-07-14	Liebesny et al.	
	2	5325532	A	1994-06-28	Crosswy et al.	
	3	6640334	B	2003-10-28	Rasmussen, John H.	
	4	7409447	B	2008-08-05	Assadzadeh, Alireza	
	5	7614051	B	2009-11-03	Glaum et al.	
	6	7668612	B	2010-02-23	Okkonen, Harri	
	7	7805140	B2	2010-09-28	Friday et al.	
	8	8370483	B	2013-02-05	Choong Jason et al.	

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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	9	8605691	B2	2013-12-10	Soomro et al.	
	10	8645518	B	2014-02-04	David, Scott L.	
	11	8655357	B1	2014-02-18	Gazzard et al.	
	12	8670334	B	2014-03-11	Keohane et al.	
	13	8676925	B	2014-03-18	Liu et al.	
	14	8693323		2014-04-08	McDysan, David E.	
	15	8706863		2014-04-22	Fadell, Anthony	
	16	8725899	B	2014-05-13	Short et al.	

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	1	20020188732	A1	2002-12-12	Buckman et al.	

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	2	20040243992	A	2004-12-02	Gustafson et al.	
	3	20070226775	A	2007-09-27	Andreasen et al.	
	4	20080010379	A	2008-01-10	Zhao, Hang	
	5	20080034419	A	2008-02-07	Mullick et al.	
	6	20080139210	A	2008-06-12	Gisby et al.	
	7	20090254857	A	2009-10-08	Romine et al.	

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	1	1878160	CN	A	2006-12-13	Jiang, Yong		☐

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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Krista S. Jacobsen	(Depositor's name)
	(Signature)
August 5, 2014	(Date)

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]	1775

TITLE OF INVENTION: AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION

APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	$960	$0	$0	$960	08/06/2014

EXAMINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS
RUDY, ANDREW J	3687	705-016000

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(2) The name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed.
1 Krista S. Jacobsen
2 Marc A. Sockol
3

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Application Number:	12380780
Filing Date:	02-Mar-2009
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Filed as Small Entity	

Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Utility Appl Issue Fee	2501	1	480	480
Publ. Fee- Early, Voluntary, or Normal	1504	1	0	0

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Extension-of-Time:				
Miscellaneous:				
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EFS ID:	19776114
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Filer Authorized By:	
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	05-AUG-2014
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	13:05:40
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (**Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)**		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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	1	5131020	A	1992-07-14	Liebesny et al.	
	2	5325532	A	1994-06-28	Crosswy et al.	
	3	6640334	B	2003-10-28	Rasmussen, John H.	
	4	7409447	B	2008-08-05	Assadzadeh, Alireza	
	5	7614051	B	2009-11-03	Glaum et al.	
	6	7668612	B	2010-02-23	Okkonen, Harri	
	7	7805140	B2	2010-09-28	Friday et al.	
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	12	8670334	B	2014-03-11	Keohane et al.	
	13	8676925	B	2014-03-18	Liu et al.	
	14	8693323		2014-04-08	McDysan, David E.	
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	1	20020188732	A1	2002-12-12	Buckman et al.	

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	2	20040243992	A	2004-12-02	Gustafson et al.	
	3	20070226775	A	2007-09-27	Andreasen et al.	
	4	20080010379	A	2008-01-10	Zhao, Hang	
	5	20080034419	A	2008-02-07	Mullick et al.	
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	1	1878160	CN	A	2006-12-13	Jiang, Yong		☐

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	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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OR

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☐ See attached certification statement.

☒ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☐ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature	/Krista S. Jacobsen/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014-08-04
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

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2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.

3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.

4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).

5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).

7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.

8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.

9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

PTO/SB/08a (01-10)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (**Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)**		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]

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	Application Number	12380780
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	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	1	7/29/2014 European Search Report and Opinion in European Application No. 10736214.7	☐

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Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through a citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

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	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

☒ That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).

OR

☐ That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

☐ See attached certification statement.

☒ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☐ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature	/Krista S. Jacobsen/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014-08-04
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal	
Application Number:	12380780
Filing Date:	02-Mar-2009
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Filed as Small Entity	

Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Miscellaneous:				
Submission- Information Disclosure Stmt	2806	1	90	90
		Total in USD ($)		**90**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	19770501
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Filer Authorized By:	
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	04-AUG-2014
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	18:29:31
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$90
RAM confirmation Number	5156
Deposit Account	505876
Authorized User	
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)	

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File Listing:

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1	Transmittal Letter	P007_IDS_trans_letter.pdf	823014 0f1f280063f4a992e5e4835aa31c50be9c070579	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS1.pdf	612774 b703750549b9ecddae34d3959d3be74cd30cf730	no	6
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS2.pdf	612148 d684c4d85f300b2c229bf5f1b45b87fd2eaf0f9a	no	4
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4	Non Patent Literature	P007EP_Search_report.pdf	447101 26daad0c46c514bc76aa7c3453e62a157e77ec29	no	7
Warnings:					
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5	Foreign Reference	Jiang.pdf	10963497 3beb6debdf2ebd6470e65bb7d92def5fd16d49ae	no	34
Warnings:					
Information:					
6	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30441 422fa442a4027c8c1911c2db7f8dd331ad32fab7	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	13488975		

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If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	Examiner:
Gregory G. Raleigh	RUDY, Andrew J.
Serial No. 12/380,780	Art Unit: 3687
Filed: March 2, 2009	Conf. No.: 1775
Title: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation	

Mail Stop Issue Fee
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE BUT PRIOR TO PAYMENT OF ISSUE FEE

Madam:

In accordance with the duty of disclosure under 37 C.F.R. §1.56 and pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.97-1.98, Applicant hereby submits the references listed on the enclosed Form PTO-SB/08A.

The present Information Disclosure Statement is being filed after Applicant received the Notice of Allowance in the above-captioned application, but before Applicant has paid the Issue Fee. Accordingly, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d), Applicant is submitting both the fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(p) and the certification statement set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(e).

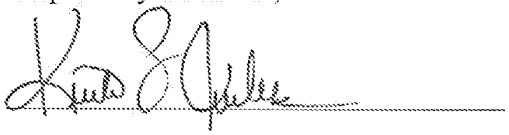
Applicant respectfully requests consideration of the listed references.

CONCLUSION

Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner consider the references listed in the IDS submitted herewith. In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d)-(e), the IDS is being filed prior to payment of the issue fee, with both the certification statement and fee specified in 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d)-(e).

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 50-5876.

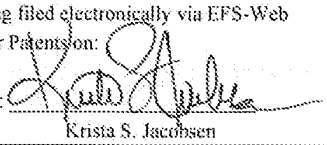
Respectfully submitted,

Date: August 4, 2014 By: 

Krista S. Jacobsen
Reg. No. 59,374

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this paper (along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on:

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Krista S. Jacobsen

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United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
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Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]	1775

107265 7590 07/01/2014

Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 310
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

EXAMINER	
RUDY, ANDREW J	

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3687	

NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
07/01/2014	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patent@headwaterllc.com
krista@jacobseniplaw.com

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

APPLICATION NO./ CONTROL NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR / PATENT IN REEXAMINATION	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
12/380,780	02 March, 2009	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
555 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 310
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

EXAMINER	
ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	
ART UNIT	PAPER
3687	20140625

DATE MAILED:

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner for Patents

Applicant's Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) submitted May 21, 2014 has been reveiwed. Also, Applicant's IDS submitted July 15, 2013 has been reveiwed. The claims remain allowed. Note the attached IDS's.

/ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY/
Primary Examiner
Art Unit: 3687

PTO-90C (Rev.04-03)

Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

PTO/SB/08a (01-10)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
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U.S.PATENTS						Remove
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	6185576	B1	2001-02-06	Mcintosh, Lowrie	
	2	7320029	B2	2008-01-15	Rinne et al.	
	3	7539132	B2	2009-05-26	Werner et al.	
	4	7805606	B2	2010-09-28	Birger et al.	
	5	8347378	B2	2013-01-01	Merkin et al.	
	6	8180881	B2	2012-05-15	Seo et al.	
	7	8191124	B2	2012-05-29	Wynn et al.	
	8	8275415	B2	2012-09-25	Huslak, Nicholas S.	

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.R./

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	9	8300575	B2	2012-10-30	Willars, Per	
	10	8315593	B2	2012-11-20	Gallant et al.	
	11	8554876	B2	2013-10-08	Winsor, Gerald W.	
	12	8666395	B2	2014-03-04	Silver, Andrew	

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20110110309	A	2011-05-12	Bennett, James D.	
	2	20040170191	A	2004-09-02	Guo et al.	
	3	20040203833	A	2004-10-14	Rathunde, Dale F. et al.	
	4	20050186948	A	2005-08-25	Gallagher et al.	
	5	20070147317	A	2007-06-28	Smith et al.	

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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	6	20080025230	A	2008-01-31	Patel et al.	
	7	20080056273	A	2008-03-06	Pelletier et al.	
	8	20080270212	A	2008-10-30	Blight et al.	
	9	20100030890	A	2010-02-04	Dutta et al.	

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2] i	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	1310401	CN	A	2001-08-29	Wang, Di Xing		☐
	2	2007133844	WO	A	2007-11-22	Camiant, Inc.		☐
	3	1999027723	WO		1999-06-03	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson		☐

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]

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	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	1	"End to End QoS Solution for Real-time Multimedia Application;" Computer Engineering and Applications, 2007, 43 (4): 155-159, by Tan Zu-guo, Wang Wen-juan; Information and Science School, Zhanjian Normal College, Zhan jiang, Guangdong 524048, China	☐
	2	"ASA/PIX: Allow Split Tunneling for VPN Clients on the ASA Configuration Example," Document ID 70917, January 10, 2008	☐

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Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	6035281		2000-03-07	Crosskey, James P. et al.	
	2	6996393		2006-02-07	Pyhalammi, Seppo et al.	
	3	7760711		2010-07-20	Kung, Fen-Chung et al.	
	4	8000318		2011-08-16	Wiley, William L. et al.	
	5	8098579		2012-01-17	Ray, Amar N. et al.	
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	10	7929973		2011-04-19	Zavalkovsky, Arthur et al.	
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	21	7472189		2008-12-30	Mallya, Arvind R. et al.	
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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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	32	8279864		2012-10-02	Wood, Daniel M.	
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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2]¡	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	1889777A	CN		2006-07-19	Huawei Tech. Co. Ltd.		☐
	2	101155343A	CN		2006-09-29	Huawei Tech. Co. Ltd.		☐
	3	101035308A	CN		2006-03-09	Huawei Tech. Co. Ltd.		☐

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	4	2007124279	WO		2007-11-01	Cisco Technology, Inc.		☐
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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	6185576	B1	2001-02-06	Mcintosh, Lowrie	
	2	7320029	B2	2008-01-15	Rinne et al.	
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	6	8180881	B2	2012-05-15	Seo et al.	
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	9	8300575	B2	2012-10-30	Willars, Per	
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	11	8554876	B2	2013-10-08	Winsor, Gerald W.	
	12	8666395	B2	2014-03-04	Silver, Andrew	

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	1	20110110309	A	2011-05-12	Bennett, James D.	
	2	20040170191	A	2004-09-02	Guo et al.	
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	6	20080025230	A	2008-01-31	Patel et al.	
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	1	1310401	CN	A	2001-08-29	Wang, Di Xing		☐
	2	2007133844	WO	A	2007-11-22	Camiant, Inc.		☐
	3	1999027723	WO		1999-06-03	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson		☐

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	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

☐ That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).

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☒ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☐ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature	/Krista S. Jacobsen/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014-05-21
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Filing Date:	02-Mar-2009
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Filed as Small Entity	

Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
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Claims:				
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Submission- Information Disclosure Stmt	2806	1	90	90
		Total in USD ($)		**90**

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Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Filer Authorized By:	
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	21-MAY-2014
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	21:41:34
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$90
RAM confirmation Number	8437
Deposit Account	505876
Authorized User	
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)	

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.20 (Post Issuance fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	P007_trans_letter.pdf	273769 bf0e0c165462a897397337521b12afbf7dbd10ec	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	613183 818cc34ef7fd46cf2b87dbf8b35211a1132a5069	no	6
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Foreign Reference	2044_WO1999027723A1.pdf	904456 a688012e12d1ad3b8550a0c726a94bd72b28a6fa	no	36
Warnings:					
Information:					
4	Foreign Reference	2045_WO2007133844.pdf	1180849 f4c87541e0759ae271d1a7f67a656801997a5558	no	30
Warnings:					
Information:					
5	Foreign Reference	2046_CN1310401A.pdf	992440 a1b82929f3d1ce8d217485b34de268afea8f7863	no	13
Warnings:					
Information:					
6	Non Patent Literature	3037_EndtoEnd.pdf	1097643 c0f57a22ab875fecfc286cd70be1ebcae7fc806b	no	5
Warnings:					
Information:					
7	Non Patent Literature	3038_ASA.pdf	786693 5580855f6934ae1eab1a3251238ecc9c8076e7a9	no	24
Warnings:					
Information:					
8	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30440 b59e4fc0c5be4f4fb76a4dbeea1b066b198bddfd	no	2

Warnings:	
Information:	
Total Files Size (in bytes):	5879473

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	Examiner:
Gregory G. Raleigh	RUDY, Andrew J.
Serial No. 12/380,780	Art Unit: 3687
Filed: March 2, 2009	Conf. No.: 1775

Title: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation

Mail Stop Petitions
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SUBMISSION OF INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE BUT PRIOR TO PAYMENT OF ISSUE FEE

Madam:

In accordance with the duty of disclosure under 37 CFR §1.56 and pursuant to 37 CFR §§ 1.97-1.98, Applicant hereby submits the references listed on the enclosed Form PTO-SB/08A.

The present Information Disclosure Statement is being filed after Applicant received the Notice of Allowance in the above-captioned application, but before Applicant has paid the Issue Fee. Accordingly, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d), Applicant is submitting both the fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.17(p) and the certification statement set forth in 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(e).

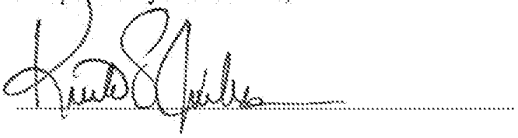
Applicant respectfully requests consideration of the listed references.

CONCLUSION

Applicant respectfully requests that the Examiner consider the references listed in the IDS submitted herewith. In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d)-(e), the IDS is being filed prior to payment of the issue fee, with both the certification statement and fee specified in 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(d)-(e).

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 50-5876.

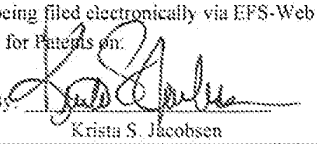
Respectfully submitted,

Date: May 21, 2014 By: 

Krista S. Jacobsen
Reg. No. 59,374
Tel: 408-455-5539

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this paper (along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on:

Date: May 21, 2014 By: 
Krista S. Jacobsen

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

107265 7590 05/06/2014
Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
350 Marine Parkway, Suite 300
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

EXAMINER	
RUDY, ANDREW J	
ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3687	

DATE MAILED: 05/06/2014

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]	1775

TITLE OF INVENTION: AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION

APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	$960	$0	$0	$960	08/06/2014

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

HOW TO REPLY TO THIS NOTICE:

I. Review the ENTITY STATUS shown above. If the ENTITY STATUS is shown as SMALL or MICRO, verify whether entitlement to that entity status still applies.

If the ENTITY STATUS is the same as shown above, pay the TOTAL FEE(S) DUE shown above.

If the ENTITY STATUS is changed from that shown above, on PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, complete section number 5 titled "Change in Entity Status (from status indicated above)".

For purposes of this notice, small entity fees are 1/2 the amount of undiscounted fees, and micro entity fees are 1/2 the amount of small entity fees.

II. PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL, or its equivalent, must be completed and returned to the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) with your ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). If you are charging the fee(s) to your deposit account, section "4b" of Part B - Fee(s) Transmittal should be completed and an extra copy of the form should be submitted. If an equivalent of Part B is filed, a request to reapply a previously paid issue fee must be clearly made, and delays in processing may occur due to the difficulty in recognizing the paper as an equivalent of Part B.

III. All communications regarding this application must give the application number. Please direct all communications prior to issuance to Mail Stop ISSUE FEE unless advised to the contrary.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Utility patents issuing on applications filed on or after Dec. 12, 1980 may require payment of maintenance fees. It is patentee's responsibility to ensure timely payment of maintenance fees when due.

PART B - FEE(S) TRANSMITTAL

Complete and send this form, together with applicable fee(s), to: Mail **Mail Stop ISSUE FEE**
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
or Fax (571)-273-2885

INSTRUCTIONS: This form should be used for transmitting the ISSUE FEE and PUBLICATION FEE (if required). Blocks 1 through 5 should be completed where appropriate. All further correspondence including the Patent, advance orders and notification of maintenance fees will be mailed to the current correspondence address as indicated unless corrected below or directed otherwise in Block 1, by (a) specifying a new correspondence address; and/or (b) indicating a separate "FEE ADDRESS" for maintenance fee notifications.

CURRENT CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS (Note: Use Block 1 for any change of address)

107265 7590 05/06/2014
Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
350 Marine Parkway, Suite 300
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

Note: A certificate of mailing can only be used for domestic mailings of the Fee(s) Transmittal. This certificate cannot be used for any other accompanying papers. Each additional paper, such as an assignment or formal drawing, must have its own certificate of mailing or transmission.

Certificate of Mailing or Transmission
I hereby certify that this Fee(s) Transmittal is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage for first class mail in an envelope addressed to the Mail Stop ISSUE FEE address above, or being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO (571) 273-2885, on the date indicated below.

(Depositor's name)
(Signature)
(Date)

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]	1775

TITLE OF INVENTION: AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION

APPLN. TYPE	ENTITY STATUS	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	UNDISCOUNTED	$960	$0	$0	$960	08/06/2014

EXAMINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS
RUDY, ANDREW J	3687	705-016000

1. Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363).
- ❑ Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached.
- ❑ "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. **Use of a Customer Number is required.**

2. For printing on the patent front page, list
(1) The names of up to 3 registered patent attorneys or agents OR, alternatively,
(2) The name of a single firm (having as a member a registered attorney or agent) and the names of up to 2 registered patent attorneys or agents. If no name is listed, no name will be printed.
1 _____
2 _____
3 _____

3. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON THE PATENT (print or type)

PLEASE NOTE: Unless an assignee is identified below, no assignee data will appear on the patent. If an assignee is identified below, the document has been filed for recordation as set forth in 37 CFR 3.11. Completion of this form is NOT a substitute for filing an assignment.

(A) NAME OF ASSIGNEE (B) RESIDENCE: (CITY and STATE OR COUNTRY)

Please check the appropriate assignee category or categories (will not be printed on the patent) : ❑ Individual ❑ Corporation or other private group entity ❑ Government

4a. The following fee(s) are submitted:
- ❑ Issue Fee
- ❑ Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)
- ❑ Advance Order - # of Copies _____

4b. Payment of Fee(s): **(Please first reapply any previously paid issue fee shown above)**
- ❑ A check is enclosed.
- ❑ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.
- ❑ The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credits any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number _____ (enclose an extra copy of this form).

5. **Change in Entity Status** (from status indicated above)
- ❑ Applicant certifying micro entity status. See 37 CFR 1.29 — NOTE: Absent a valid certification of Micro Entity Status (see forms PTO/SB/15A and 15B), issue fee payment in the micro entity amount will not be accepted at the risk of application abandonment.
- ❑ Applicant asserting small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27 — NOTE: If the application was previously under micro entity status, checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to micro entity status.
- ❑ Applicant changing to regular undiscounted fee status. — NOTE: Checking this box will be taken to be a notification of loss of entitlement to small or micro entity status, as applicable.

NOTE: This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.31 and 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4 for signature requirements and certifications.

Authorized Signature _____ Date _____

Typed or printed name _____ Registration No. _____

PTOL-85 Part B (10-13) Approved for use through 10/31/2013. OMB 0651-0033 U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
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Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]	1775

107265 7590 05/06/2014

Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
350 Marine Parkway, Suite 300
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

EXAMINER	
RUDY, ANDREW J	

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3687	

DATE MAILED: 05/06/2014

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)
(Applications filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Office has discontinued providing a Patent Term Adjustment (PTA) calculation with the Notice of Allowance.

Section 1(h)(2) of the AIA Technical Corrections Act amended 35 U.S.C. 154(b)(3)(B)(i) to eliminate the requirement that the Office provide a patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. See Revisions to Patent Term Adjustment, 78 Fed. Reg. 19416, 19417 (Apr. 1, 2013). Therefore, the Office is no longer providing an initial patent term adjustment determination with the notice of allowance. The Office will continue to provide a patent term adjustment determination with the Issue Notification Letter that is mailed to applicant approximately three weeks prior to the issue date of the patent, and will include the patent term adjustment on the patent. Any request for reconsideration of the patent term adjustment determination (or reinstatement of patent term adjustment) should follow the process outlined in 37 CFR 1.705.

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 or (571)-272-4200.

OMB Clearance and PRA Burden Statement for PTOL-85 Part B

The Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995 requires Federal agencies to obtain Office of Management and Budget approval before requesting most types of information from the public. When OMB approves an agency request to collect information from the public, OMB (i) provides a valid OMB Control Number and expiration date for the agency to display on the instrument that will be used to collect the information and (ii) requires the agency to inform the public about the OMB Control Number's legal significance in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.5(b).

The information collected by PTOL-85 Part B is required by 37 CFR 1.311. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450. Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Notice of Allowability	Application No. 12/380,780	Applicant(s) RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	Art Unit 3687	AIA (First Inventor to File) Status No

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address--

All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this application. If not included herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) or other appropriate communication will be mailed in due course. **THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS.** This application is subject to withdrawal from issue at the initiative of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313 and MPEP 1308.

1. ☒ This communication is responsive to *the 09 July 2012 RCE*.
   ☐ A declaration(s)/affidavit(s) under **37 CFR 1.130(b)** was/were filed on_____.
2. ☐ An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on _____; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.
3. ☒ The allowed claim(s) is/are *1-64*. As a result of the allowed claim(s), you may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at a participating intellectual property office for the corresponding application. For more information, please see http://www.uspto.gov/patents/init_events/pph/index.jsp or send an inquiry to PPHfeedback@uspto.gov .
4. ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

   Certified copies:

   a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some *c) ☐ None of the:
   1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
   2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____ .
   3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this national stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

   * Certified copies not received: _____.

Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" of this communication to file a reply complying with the requirements noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONMENT of this application.
THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.

5. ☐ CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") must be submitted.
   ☐ including changes required by the attached Examiner's Amendment / Comment or in the Office action of Paper No./Mail Date _____.

   Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR 1.84(c)) should be written on the drawings in the front (not the back) of each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in the header according to 37 CFR 1.121(d).
6. ☐ DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the deposit of BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL must be submitted. Note the attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT FOR THE DEPOSIT OF BIOLOGICAL MATERIAL.

Attachment(s)

1. ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2. ☒ Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), Paper No./Mail Date _____
3. ☐ Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material
4. ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413), Paper No./Mail Date _____ .
5. ☒ Examiner's Amendment/Comment
6. ☒ Examiner's Statement of Reasons for Allowance
7. ☐ Other _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Notice of Pre-AIA or AIA Status

1. The present application is being examined under the pre-AIA first to invent provisions.

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

2. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on July 9, 2012 has been entered.

3. Further pertinent references of interest are noted on the attached PTO-892.

4. Applicant's Information Disclosure Statements (IDS's) submitted June 7, 2012; July 9, 2012; August 9, 2012; September 21, 2012; October 15, 2012; December 4, 2012; January 22, 2013; March 22, 2013; May 21, 2013; July 15, 2013; July 17, 2013; September 3, 2013; September 7, 2013; November 26, 2013; January 31, 2014 and March 19, 2014 have been reviewed. Note the attached IDS's.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Pursuant to Applicant's July 9, 2012 Amendment and Remarks, claims 1-64 are allowed.

6. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The prior art of record, either alone or in combination, does not disclose, or suggest, Applicant's claim language, e.g. an access request, activating billing and limited temporary access.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY whose telephone number is (571)272-6789. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY/
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 3687

Notice of References Cited	Application/Control No. 12/380,780	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	Art Unit 3687	Page 1 of 1

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
*	A	US-8,554,876	10-2013	Winsor, Gerald W.	709/219
*	B	US-8,527,410	09-2013	Markki et al.	705/40
*	C	US-8,375,128	02-2013	Tofighbakhsh et al.	709/226
*	D	US-8,356,336	01-2013	Johnston et al.	726/3
*	E	US-8,191,124	05-2012	Wynn et al.	726/6
*	F	US-8,175,574	05-2012	Panda et al.	455/406
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT
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Application Number	12380780
Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Issue Classification	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination	
	12/380,780	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	3687	

ISSUE CLASSIFICATION

ORIGINAL			CROSS REFERENCE(S)						
CLASS	SUBCLASS	CLASS	SUBCLASS (ONE SUBCLASS PER BLOCK)						
726	7								
INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION									
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XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX (Assistant Examiner) (Date)	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/ 4/25/2014 (Primary Examiner) (Date)	Total Claims Allowed: 64
(Legal Instruments Examiner) (Date)		O.G. Print Claim(s): 1 / O.G. Print Fig.: 44B

☒ Claims renumbered in the same order as presented by applicant ☐ CPA ☐ T.D. ☐ R.1.47

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28	28	58	58		88		118		148		178		208
29	29	59	59		89		119		149		179		209
30	30	60	60		90		120		150		180		210

Search Notes	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination	
	12/380,780	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	3687	

SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
705	16,22,28, 30,34,40	4/24/2014	AJR
709	219,226	4/24/2014	AJR
726	2,3,6,7	4/24/2014	AJR
455	406	4/24/2014	AJR
455	414.1	4/24/2014	AJR

INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
726	**2,3,6,7**	**4/24/2014**	**AJR**

SEARCH NOTES (INCLUDING SEARCH STRATEGY)		
	DATE	EXMR
Continuity data reviewed.	4/24/2014	AJR

Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT
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Application Number	12380780
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First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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	2	2007097786	WO	A	2007-08-30	Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB		☐

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	1	ANTON, B. et al., "Best Current Practices for Wireless Internet Service Provider (WISP) Roaming"; Release Date February 2003, Version 1.0; Wi-Fi Alliance – Wireless ISP Roaming (WISPr)	☐

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (**Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99**)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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	2	8122128		2012-02-21	Burke, II, Robert M. et al.	
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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20110173678		2011-07-14	Kaippallimalil, John et al.	
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	8	20040203755		2004-10-14	Brunet, Jeffrey et al.	
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	1	2006120558A1	WO		2006-11-16	Nokia Corp.		☐

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	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

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Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
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Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
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		7,174,174	02/06/2007	BORIS et al	
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	15	7650137		2010-01-19	JOBS et al.	
	16	7693720		2010-04-06	KENNEWICK et al.	
	17	7734784		2010-06-08	ARAUJO et al.	
	18	7747699		2010-06-29	PRUEITT et al.	
	19	7792708		2010-09-07	ALVA	

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

	20	7797401		2010-09-14	STEWART et al.	
	21	7822837		2010-10-26	URBAN et al.	
	22	7949529		2011-05-24	WEIDER et al.	
	23	8095666		2012-01-10	SCHMIDT et al.	
	24	8099077		2012-01-17	CHOWDHURY et al.	
	25	8099517		2012-01-17	JIA et al.	
	26	8170553		2012-05-01	BENNETT	

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20030046396		2003-03-06	RICHTER et al.	
	2	20040107360		2004-06-03	HERRMANN et al.	

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	3	20070254675		2007-11-01	ZORLU OZER et al.	
	4	20080005285		2008-01-03	ROBINSON et al.	
	5	20080256593		2008-10-16	VINBERG	
	6	20090077622		2009-03-19	BAUM et al.	
	7	20090113514		2009-04-30	HU	
	8	20090288140		2009-11-19	HUBER et al.	
	9	20100042675		2010-02-18	FUJII	
	10	20100103820		2010-04-29	FULLER et al.	
	11	20100325420		2010-12-23	KANEKAR	

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	6885997	B1	2005-04-26	Roberts, David T.	
	2	7720464	B2	2010-05-18	Batta, Puneet	
	3	7797060	B2	2010-09-14	Grgic et al.	
	4	7853255	B2	2010-12-14	Karaoguz et al.	
	5	7930327	B2	2011-04-19	Craft David et al.	
	6	8046449	B2	2011-10-25	Yoshiuchi, Hideya	
	7	8095124	B2	2012-01-10	Balia, Hinal K.	
	8	8229394	B2	2012-07-24	Karlberg, Johan	

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	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	9	8264965	B2	2012-09-11	Dolganow et al.	
	10	8442015	B2	2013-05-14	Behzad et al.	
	11	8495700	B2	2013-07-23	Shahbazi, Majid	
	12	8528068	B1	2013-09-03	Weglein et al.	
	13	8548427	B2	2013-10-01	Chow et al.	
	14	8566236	B2	2013-10-22	Busch, James David	
	15	8572117	B2	2013-10-29	Rappaport, Theodore S.	
	16	8589955	B2	2013-11-19	Roundtree et al.	
	17	8601125	B2	2013-12-03	Huang et al.	
	18	8635164	B2	2014-01-21	Rosenhaft et al.	
	19	8660853	B2	2014-02-25	Robb et al.	

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	1	20030188006	A	2003-10-02	Bard, Steven R.	
	2	20030188117	A	2003-10-02	Yoshino et al.	
	3	20040255145	A	2004-12-16	Chow, Jerry	
	4	20050055595	A	2005-03-10	Frazer et al.	
	5	20060160536	A	2006-07-20	Chou, Joey	
	6	20060168128	A	2006-07-27	Sistla et al.	
	7	20070259656	A	2007-11-08	Jeong, Jong Woo	
	8	20080263348	A	2008-10-23	Zaltsman et al.	
	9	20080313315	A	2008-12-18	Karaoguz et al.	

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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	10	20090282127	A	2009-11-12	Leblanc et al.	
	11	20100167696	A	2010-07-01	Smith, Christopher David et al.	
	12	20110019574	A	2011-01-27	Malomsoky et al.	

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	1	101123553A	CN		2007-09-11	Southeast University		☐
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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

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☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature	/Krista S. Jacobsen/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014-03-19
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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EFS ID:	18522068
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Filer Authorized By:	
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	19-MAR-2014
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	14:01:46
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

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File Listing:

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Warnings:					
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2	Foreign Reference	2041_CN101123553A.pdf	1975496 77fe4b0fe9cee8cb2bf4c46f64443dee1117f80e	no	16
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	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
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U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	5774532	A	1998-06-30	Gottlieb et al.	
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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20040225898	A	2004-11-11	Frost, D. et al.	
	2	20050079863	A	2005-04-14	Macaluso, Anthony G.	
	3	20060114832	A	2006-06-01	Hamilton et al.	
	4	20060156398	A	2006-07-13	Ross et al.	
	5	20060173959	A	2006-08-03	Mckelvie et al.	

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	6	20070033194	A	2007-02-08	Srinivas et al.	
	7	20080070550	A	2008-03-20	Hose, David Alan	
	8	20080201266	A	2008-08-21	Chua et al.	
	9	20100284327	A	2010-11-11	Miklos, Gyorgy	

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	1	"Communication Concepts for Mobile Agent Systems," by Joachim Baumann et al.; Inst. Of Parallel and Distributed High-Performance Systems, Univ. of Stuttgart, Germany, pp. 123-135, 1997	☐

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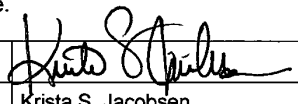
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

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A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2014-01-31
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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EFS ID:	18088430
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	31-JAN-2014
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	19:20:10
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	831630 b490455 34ae78f668ada7acf23015815a0976189	no	4
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2	Non Patent Literature	3034_Baumann.pdf	2145168 7dcd8af1ff9cab4f61cecb7522d5e0d9c220729a	no	13
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			Total Files Size (in bytes):	2976798	

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PTO/SB/08a (01-10)
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (**Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99**)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	5983270	A	1999-11-09	Abraham et al.	
	2	6104700	A	2000-08-15	Haddock, Stephen R. et al.	
	3	6542992		2003-04-01	Peirce, Kenneth L. et al.	
	4	6598034	B1	2003-07-22	Kloth, Axel K.	
	5	6748195	B1	2004-06-08	Phillips, W. Garland	
	6	6873988	B2	2005-03-29	Herrmann et al.	
	7	7013469	B2	2006-03-14	Smith et al.	
	8	7032072	B1	2006-04-18	Quinn et al.	

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	9	7043268	B2	2006-05-09	Yukie et al.	
	10	7113780	B2	2006-09-26	Mckenna Daniel et al.	
	11	7203169	B1	2007-04-10	Okholm, Jon et al.	
	12	7286834	B2	2007-10-23	Walter	
	13	7310424		2007-12-18	Gehring, Stephan Walter et al.	
	14	7356011		2008-04-08	Waters, Christopher J.F. et al.	
	15	7460837	B2	2008-12-02	Diener, Neil R.	
	16	7540408	B2	2009-06-02	Levine, Judah et al.	
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	20	7580356	B1	2009-08-25	Mishra et al.	
	21	7596373	B2	2009-09-29	Mcgregor, Christopher et al.	
	22	7610396	B2	2009-10-27	Taglienti et al.	
	23	7616962	B2	2009-11-10	Oswal, Anand K. et al.	
	24	7653394	B2	2010-01-26	McMillin, Brian K.	
	25	7697540	B2	2010-04-13	Haddad et al.	
	26	7742406	B1	2010-06-22	Muppala, Suresh	
	27	7774323	B2	2010-08-10	Helfman, Nadav	
	28	7826427	B2	2010-11-02	Sood et al.	
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	30	7921463		2011-04-05	Sood, Kapil et al.	

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	31	7940685	B1	2011-05-10	Breslau, Lee et al.	
	32	7940751		2011-05-10	Hansen, Christopher J.	
	33	7953877	B2	2011-05-31	Vemula et al.	
	34	7957381	B2	2011-06-07	Clermidy et al.	
	35	7958029	B1	2011-06-07	Bobich et al.	
	36	7984511	B2	2011-07-19	Kocher Paul et al.	
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	39	8122249		2012-02-21	Falk, Rainer et al.	
	40	8130793	B2	2012-03-06	Edwards, Stephen K. et al.	
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	42	8185093		2012-05-22	Jheng, Yu-Syuan et al.	
	43	8185127	B1	2012-05-22	Cai, Zheng et al.	
	44	8571474		2013-10-29	Chavez et al.	
	45	8195163	B2	2012-06-05	Gisby, Doug et al.	
	46	8196199	B2	2012-06-05	Hrastar et al.	
	47	8204505	B2	2012-06-19	Jin et al.	
	48	8228818	B2	2012-07-24	Chase et al.	
	49	8255534	B2	2012-08-28	Assadzadeh, Alireza	
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	51	8320244	B2	2012-11-27	Muqattash et al.	
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	53	8352360	B2	2013-01-08	De Judicibus et al.	
	54	8411691	B2	2013-04-02	Aggarwal	
	55	8437734		2013-05-07	Ray, Amar N. et al.	
	56	8571993		2013-10-29	Kocher et al.	
	57	8461958	B2	2013-06-11	Saenz et al.	
	58	8463232	B2	2013-06-11	Tuli et al.	
	59	8483694	B2	2013-07-09	Lewis et al.	
	60	8484327	B2	2013-07-09	Werner et al.	
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	62	8495360		2013-07-23	Falk, Rainer et al.	
	63	8509082	B2	2013-08-13	Heinz, John M. et al.	

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	64	8583499		2013-11-12	De Judicibus, Dario et al.	
	65	8520589		2013-08-27	Bhatt, Yogesh et al.	
	66	8521110		2013-08-27	Rofougaran, Ahmadreza	
	67	8522039	B2	2013-08-27	Hyndman et al.	
	68	8526329	B2	2013-09-03	Mahany, Ronald L. et al.	
	69	8526350	B2	2013-09-03	Xue, Qi et al.	
	70	8543265	B2	2013-09-24	Ekhaguere et al.	
	71	8544105	B2	2013-09-24	Mclean et al.	
	72	8561138	B2	2013-10-15	Rothman, Michael M. et al.	

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U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	1	20060174035	A	2006-08-03	Tufail, Mudassir	
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	3	20070140145	A	2007-06-21	Kumar et al.	
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	5	20070155365	A	2007-07-05	Kim, Sung-Jun et al.	
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	7	20080120129	A	2008-05-22	Seubert et al.	
	8	20100080202		2010-04-01	Hanson, Mark	
	9	20100131584		2010-05-27	Johnson, William J.	
	10	20110264923	A	2011-10-27	Kocher et al.	
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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2] i	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	101115248A	CN		2008-01-30	Lenovo Beijing Ltd.		☐
	2	101341764A	CN		2009-01-07	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson		☐
	3	1538730A	CN		2004-10-20	Zhongxing Communication Co., Ltd.		☐
	4	1802839A	CN		2006-07-12	Motorola Inc.		☐
	5	2004064306	WO		2004-07-29	Motorola Inc.		☐
	6	2007068288	WO		2007-06-21	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson		☐

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NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1	"The Construction of Intelligent Residential District in Use of Cable Television Network," Shandong Science, Vol. 13, No. 2, June 2000	☐

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	2	VerizonWireless.com news, "Verizon Wireless Adds to Portfolio of Cosumer-Friendly Tools With Introduction of Usage Controls, Usage Controls and Chaperone 2.0 Offer Parents Full Family Security Solution," August 18, 2008	☐

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	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J RUDY
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

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Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

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Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-11-25
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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EFS ID:	17502082
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	26-NOV-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	00:57:25
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

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File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	382170 da8b160255d8e09b79a2f947c6c75937a8a6008a	no	12

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9	Non Patent Literature	3033_ChineseLit.pdf	692944 27c80a849cc8dbc81b552f052687e58018a96512	no	2
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Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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U.S.PATENTS

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	1	8150431		2012-04-03	Wolovitz, Lionel et al.	
	2	8483135		2013-07-09	Cai, Yigang et al.	

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[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

☐ That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).

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☐ That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

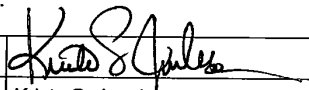
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-09-06
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	16791522
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	07-SEP-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	01:43:36
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007.pdf	692422 f1347a89107d86534d025a44d3606a803a6615f8	no	3

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
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	Application Number	12380780
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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	5630159	A	1997-05-13	Zancho, William F.	
	2	5633484	A	1997-05-27	Zancho, William F. et al.	
	3	5814798	A	1998-09-29	Zancho, William F.	
	4	5915008	A	1999-06-22	Dulman, Scott	
	5	6654814		2003-11-25	Britton, Kathryn H. et al.	
	6	6934249	B1	2005-08-23	Bertin, Olivier et al.	
	7	6957067		2005-10-18	Iyer, Pradeep J. et al.	
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	9	7102620	B2	2006-09-05	Harries, Andrew Stanely Guy et al.	
	10	7139569	B2	2006-11-21	Kato, Akira	
	11	7286848	B2	2007-10-23	Vireday, Richard P. et al.	
	12	7313237	B2	2007-12-25	Bahl, Paramvir et al.	
	13	7444669	B1	2008-10-28	Bahl, Paramvir et al.	
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	20	7535880		2009-05-19	Hinman, Brian L. et al.	
	21	7548976	B2	2009-06-16	Bahl, Paramvir et al.	
	22	7593730	B2	2009-09-22	Khandelwal, Deepak et al.	
	23	7720960	B2	2010-05-18	Pruss, Richard Manfred et al.	
	24	7756757	B1	2010-07-13	Oakes III, Charles Lee	
	25	7774456	B1	2010-08-10	Lownsbrough, Derek Leigh et al.	
	26	7801985	B1	2010-09-21	Pitkow, Jim et al.	
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	31	7945238	B2	2011-05-17	Baker, Matthew Donald et al.	
	32	7948953	B2	2011-05-24	Melkote, Keerti G. et al.	
	33	7969950	B2	2011-06-28	Iyer, Pradeep J. et al.	
	34	8000276	B2	2011-08-16	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	
	35	8495227		2013-07-23	Kaminsky, David L. et al.	
	36	8027339	B2	2011-09-27	Short, Joel E. et al.	
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	38	8045973	B2	2011-10-25	Chambers, Michael D.	
	39	8068829	B2	2011-11-29	Lemond, Eric et al.	
	40	8078140	B2	2011-12-13	Baker, Matthew Donald et al.	
	41	8078163	B2	2011-12-13	Lemond, Eric et al.	

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	42	8086497	B1	2011-12-27	Oakes III, Charles Lee	
	43	8090359		2012-01-03	Proctor Jr., James Arthur et al.	
	44	8090616		2012-01-03	Proctor Jr., James Arthur et al.	
	45	8095112	B2	2012-01-10	Chow, Richard et al.	
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	52	8200509	B2	2012-06-12	Kenedy, Andrew Alexander et al.	

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	53	8242959	B2	2012-08-14	Mia, Rashidus S. et al.	
	54	8270972	B2	2012-09-18	Otting, Marcia J. et al.	
	55	8285249	B2	2012-10-09	Baker, Matthew Donald et al.	
	56	8307067	B2	2012-11-06	Ryan, Nicholas M.	
	57	8325638		2012-12-04	Jin, Haipeng et al.	
	58	8326319	B2	2012-12-04	Davis, Richard W.	
	59	8351898	B2	2013-01-08	Raleigh, Gregory G.	
	60	8356336	B2	2013-01-15	Johnston, Keith et al.	
	61	8358638	B2	2013-01-22	Scherzer, Tamir et al.	
	62	8504729		2013-08-06	Pezzutti, David A.	
	63	8374592		2013-02-12	Proctor, Jr. James A. et al.	

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	64	8447607	B2	2013-05-21	Weider, Chris et al.	
	65	8472371		2013-06-25	Bari, Farooq et al.	

If you wish to add additional U.S. Patent citation information please click the Add button.

U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20010048738	A	2001-12-06	Baniak, Paul G. et al.	
	2	20020049074	A	2002-04-25	Eisinger, Bernd et al.	
	3	20020161601	A	2002-10-31	Nauer, Bernhard et al.	
	4	20030233332	A	2003-12-18	Keeler, James D. et al.	
	5	20040102182	A	2004-05-27	Reith, Lothar et al.	
	6	20060068796	A	2006-03-30	Millen, Stephanie L. et al.	
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	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	8	20070033197	A	2007-02-08	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	
	9	20070109983	A	2007-05-17	Shankar, Rohit et al.	
	10	20080022354	A	2008-01-24	Grewal, Karanvir et al.	
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	13	20090005000	A	2009-01-01	Baker, Matthew et al.	
	14	20090006116	A	2009-01-01	Baker, Matthew et al.	
	15	20090006200	A	2009-01-01	Baker, Matthew et al.	
	16	20110013569	A	2011-01-20	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	
	17	20110081881	A	2011-04-07	Baker, Matthew Donald et al.	
	18	20110082790	A	2011-04-07	Baker, Matthew Donald et al.	

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	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	19	20110159818	A	2011-06-30	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	
	20	20130058274	A	2013-03-07	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	
	21	20120020296	A	2012-01-26	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	
	22	20130065555	A	2013-03-14	Baker, Matthew Donald et al.	
	23	20120196644	A	2012-08-02	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	
	24	20120238287	A	2012-09-20	Scherzer, Shimon	
	25	20130029653	A	2013-01-31	Baker, Matthew Donald et al.	
	26	20130084835	A	2013-04-04	Scherzer, Shimon et al.	

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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2] i	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	1998058505	WO		1998-12-23	Sonera Oy		☐

EFS Web 2.1.17

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
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	2	2007097786	WO	A	2007-08-30	Sony Ericsson Mobile Communications AB		☐

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NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1	ANTON, B. et al., "Best Current Practices for Wireless Internet Service Provider (WISP) Roaming"; Release Date February 2003, Version 1.0; Wi-Fi Alliance – Wireless ISP Roaming (WISPr)	☐

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Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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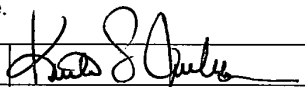
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☒ None

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Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-09-03
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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EFS ID:	16753063
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	03-SEP-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	18:44:07
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	2041071 eabe37e0139ab63ceb81964641086fd423551d0a	no	11

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2	Foreign Reference	2035.pdf	1449270 83f568206d53812bd422a23bc97d8efdc212af6a	no	36
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3	Foreign Reference	2036.pdf	831108 a6a0c393147acb9517804ca2ded34f2a1d36d44c	no	22
Warnings:					
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4	Non Patent Literature	3025.PDF	608012 129dd45630f651b9102a169bcfd96b3eb3641016	no	37
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	1					

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	1	20100241544		2010-09-23	Benson, Dan et al.	
	2	20090157792		2009-06-18	Fiatal, Trevor	

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	1							☐

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	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1		☐

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Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

☐ That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).

OR

☐ That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

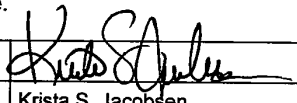
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-07-17
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	16347590
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	17-JUL-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	22:21:31
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007.pdf	694556 91fb5cd5c6e2dbdab9082a6724e1a4e88b9cbb17	no	3

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
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	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
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U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	6035281		2000-03-07	Crosskey, James P. et al.	
	2	6996393		2006-02-07	Pyhalammi, Seppo et al.	
	3	7760711		2010-07-20	Kung, Fen-Chung et al.	
	4	8000318		2011-08-16	Wiley, William L. et al.	
	5	8098579		2012-01-17	Ray, Amar N. et al.	
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	7	8374090		2013-02-12	Morrill, Robert J. et al.	
	8	7457265		2008-11-25	Julka, Vibhor et al.	

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	9	7729326		2010-06-01	Sekhar, Ramesh	
	10	7929973		2011-04-19	Zavalkovsky, Arthur et al.	
	11	7945945		2011-05-17	Graham, Richard et al.	
	12	8059530		2011-11-15	Cole, Terry L.	
	13	8266681		2012-09-11	Deshpande, Sumit B. et al.	
	14	8280354		2012-10-02	Smith, Christopher et al.	
	15	8331293		2012-12-11	Sood, Kapil	
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	20	7043226		2006-05-09	Yamauchi, Toshiaki	
	21	7472189		2008-12-30	Mallya, Arvind R. et al.	
	22	7944948		2011-05-17	Chow, Albert T. et al.	
	23	8005009		2011-08-23	McKee, Neil et al.	
	24	7760861		2010-07-20	Croak, Marian et al.	
	25	8060463		2011-11-15	Spiegel, Joel R.	
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	27	8352980		2013-01-08	Howcroft, Jerald Robert	
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	31	8320949		2012-11-27	Matta, Sudheer Poorna Chandra	
	32	8279864		2012-10-02	Wood, Daniel M.	
	33	8271045		2012-09-18	Parolkar, Satish et al.	
	34	8233883		2012-07-31	De Froment, Eric	
	35	8224382		2012-07-17	Bultman, Michael J.	
	36	8184590		2012-05-22	Rosenblatt, Ariel	
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	39	8073721		2011-12-06	Lewis, Lundy	
	40	8032899		2011-10-04	Archer, Charles J. et al.	
	41	7974624		2011-07-05	Gallagher, Michael D. et al.	

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	42	7907970		2011-03-15	Park, Vincent D. et al.	
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	44	7725570		2010-05-25	Lewis, Lundy	
	45	7634388		2009-12-15	Archer, Charles J. et al.	
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	47	7593417		2009-09-22	Wang, James et al.	
	48	7551922		2009-06-23	Roskowski, Steve et al.	
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	53	6765925		2004-07-20	Sawyer, Wilson et al.	
	54	5889477		1999-03-30	Fastenrath, Ulrich	
	55	8447980		2013-05-21	Godfrey, James A. et al.	
	56	8429403		2013-04-23	Moret, Eric et al.	
	57	8411587		2013-04-02	Curtis, William et al.	
	58	8396929		2013-03-12	Helfman, Nadav et al.	
	59	8363658		2013-01-29	Delker, Jason R. et al.	
	60	8265004		2012-09-11	Toutonghi, Michael J.	
	61	8233895		2012-07-31	Tysowski, Piotr Konrad	
	62	7685254		2010-03-23	Pandya, Ashish A.	
	63	7181017		2007-02-20	Nagel, Robert H. et al.	

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	64	6965872		2005-11-15	Grdina, Jerome M.	
	65	8402540		2013-03-19	Kapoor, Harsh et al.	
	66	8135657		2012-03-13	Kapoor, Harsh et al.	
	67	8271992		2012-09-18	Chatley, Scott P. et al.	
	68	8315999		2012-11-20	Chatley, Scott P. et al.	
	69	8332375		2012-12-11	Chatley, Scott P. et al.	
	70	8468337		2013-06-18	Gaur, Santosh P. et al.	
	71	8477778		2013-07-02	Lehmann, Jr., L. Curtis et al.	
	72	6640097		2003-10-28	Corrigan, Louis et al.	

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U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear

EFS Web 2.1.17

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	1	20080120668		2008-05-22	Yau, Frank Chuen-Foo	
	2	20030171112		2003-09-11	Lupper, Alfred et al.	
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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2]¡	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	1889777A	CN		2006-07-19	Huawei Tech. Co. Ltd.		☐
	2	101155343A	CN		2006-09-29	Huawei Tech. Co. Ltd.		☐
	3	101035308A	CN		2006-03-09	Huawei Tech. Co. Ltd.		☐

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	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	4	2007124279	WO		2007-11-01	Cisco Technology, Inc.		☐
	5	2005008995	WO		2005-01-27	Starhub Ltd.		☐

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NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1		☐

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EXAMINER SIGNATURE

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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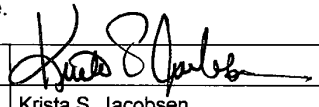
☐ See attached certification statement.

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☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-07-15
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	16323373
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	15-JUL-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	22:34:45
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007.pdf	1823880 f8bc50c2cb9b6edc8258bb20eb94f566a5c07e61	no	10

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3	Foreign Reference	Cisco.pdf	1398028 a85c7e6d6f08a1f6747fb7d21a9fb93427e3c5e3	no	69
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Warnings:					
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5	Foreign Reference	CN101035308A.pdf	1231903 bb1b6fa1721a042823731a8283b8d37b6b313b35	no	28
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6	Foreign Reference	CN1889777A.pdf	928344 9a22716535cc0ec62b3db71f323c7634d266e61a	no	19
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U.S.PATENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	6754470		2004-06-22	Hendrickson, Keith et al.	
	2	8122128		2012-02-21	Burke, II, Robert M. et al.	
	3	8149823		2012-04-03	Turcan, Diane Brown et al.	
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	9	6154738		2000-11-28	Call, Charles Gainor	
	10	8423016		2013-04-16	Buckley, Adrian et al.	

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U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

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	2	20080235511		2008-09-25	O'Brien, William G. et al.	
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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	8	20040203755		2004-10-14	Brunet, Jeffrey et al.	
	9	20090172077		2009-07-02	Roxburgh, David et al.	
	10	20080051076		2008-02-28	O'Shaughnessy, John et al.	
	11	20080313730		2008-12-18	Iftimie, Sorin et al.	

If you wish to add additional U.S. Published Application citation information please click the Add button.

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2]¡	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	2006120558A1	WO		2006-11-16	Nokia Corp.		☐

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NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1		☐

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EXAMINER SIGNATURE

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
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	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

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OR

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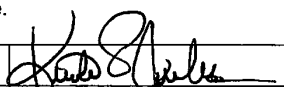
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-05-21
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	15837555
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	21-MAY-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	22:48:40
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	988271 3b91d4368749286b38c46b2e9e894b1891bbb0a6	no	5

Warnings:
Information:

This is not an USPTO supplied IDS fillable form					
2	Foreign Reference	WO2006120558A1Nokia.pdf	829615 8b7d3998166eaadb50492ebf5e693219d9e238ca	no	34
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Information:					
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
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National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
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New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
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PTO/SB/08a (01-10)
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT
(Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)

Application Number	12380780
Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	8135388		2012-03-13	Gailloux, Michael A. et al.	
	2	6947723		2005-09-20	Gumani, Roger et al.	
	3	8350700		2013-01-08	Fast, Raymond D. et al.	
	4	8204190		2012-06-19	Bang, Jung-Hee et al.	
	5	7962622		2011-06-14	Friend, John et al.	
	6	7583964		2009-09-01	Wong, Gregory A.	
	7	7565141		2009-07-21	Macaluso, Anthony G.	
	8	7373179		2008-05-13	Stine, Ted et al.	

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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	9	7236780		2007-06-26	Benco, David S. et al.	
	10	7039403		2006-05-02	Wong, Gregory A.	
	11	7865182		2011-01-04	Macaluso, Anthony G.	
	12	8370477		2013-02-05	Short, Joel E. et al.	
	13	8364806		2013-01-29	Short, Joel E. et al.	
	14	8279067		2012-10-02	Berger, Thomas R. et al.	
	15	8213296		2012-07-03	Shannon, Frank M. et al.	
	16	8019868		2011-09-13	Rao, Goutham et al.	
	17	8005988		2011-08-23	Maes, Stephane H.	
	18	7978627		2011-07-12	Taylor, William Scott et al.	
	19	7711848		2010-05-04	Maes, Stephane H.	

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	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	20	6782412		2004-08-24	Brophy, Kevin et al.	
	21	6081591		2000-06-27	Skoog, Frederick H.	
	22	6064878		2000-05-16	Denker, John Stewart et al.	
	23	7730123		2010-06-01	Erickson, Richard R. et al.	
	24	8024397		2011-09-20	Erickson, Richard R. et al.	
	25	8156206		2012-04-10	Kiley, Kevin J. et al.	
	26	8126722		2012-02-28	Robb, Terence Alan et al.	

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U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20090299857		2009-12-03	Brubaker, Curtis M.	

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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2] i	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1							☐

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NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

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[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

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	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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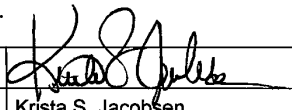
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-03-21
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	15331254
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	22-MAR-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	13:39:16
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	1018798 4480aad3846082382080a32256736bea4eac61b0	no	5
Warnings:					
Information:					

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Total Files Size (in bytes):	1018798

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (**Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99**)		
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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	8291238		2012-10-16	Ginter, Karl L. et al.	
	2	8068824		2011-11-29	Shan, Xueshan et al.	
	3	7228354		2007-06-05	Chambliss, David Darden et al.	
	4	5283904		1994-02-01	Carson, David G. et al.	
	5	8208919		2012-06-26	Kotecha, Lalit Ratilal	
	6	8185152		2012-05-22	Goldner, Alla	
	7	7844728		2010-11-30	Anderson, Thomas W. et al.	
	8	7873344		2011-01-18	Bowser, Robert et al.	

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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	9	7856226		2010-12-21	Wong, Ellis L. et al.	
	10	7948952		2011-05-24	Hurtta, Tuija et al.	
	11	7957020		2011-06-07	Mine, Ryuta et al.	
	12	7346410		2008-03-18	Uchiyama, Kenji	
	13	7167078		2007-01-23	Pourchot, Shawn C.	
	14	8102814		2012-01-24	Rahman, Shahriar I. et al.	
	15	7970350		2011-06-28	Sheynman, Arnold et al.	
	16	8094551		2012-01-10	Huber, Kurt Donald et al.	

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U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20090307746		2009-12-10	DI, Jinwen et al.	

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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	2	20050009499		2005-01-13	Koster, Karl	
	3	20100041364		2010-02-18	Lott, Robert Wayne et al.	
	4	20100027469		2010-02-04	Gurajala, Ravindra Babu et al.	
	5	20010053694		2001-12-20	Igarashi, Yoichiro et al.	

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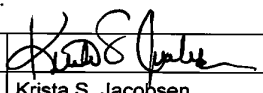
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

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SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2013-01-22
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	14763914
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	22-JAN-2013
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	20:47:10
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

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File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	980984 7ce3cb7ed4caf29ee4712edb8a65b5ed827cecdd	no	5
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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

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PTO/SB/08a (01-10)
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT
(Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)

Application Number	12380780
Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	7609700		2009-10-27	Ying, Wen-Ping et al.	
	2	8255515		2012-08-28	Melman, David et al.	
	3	7945240		2011-05-17	Klock, Jacqueline et al.	
	4	7912056		2011-03-22	Brassem, Wayne	
	5	7920529		2011-04-05	Mahler, Roger et al.	
	6	8184530		2012-05-22	Swan, Tim L. et al.	
	7	8213363		2012-07-03	Ying, Wen-Ping et al.	
	8	8214536		2012-07-03	Zhao, Wen	

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	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	9	8255689		2012-08-28	Kim, Eun Ah et al.	
	10	7746854		2010-06-29	Ambe, Shekhar et al.	
	11	7068600		2006-06-27	Cain, Joseph Bibb	
	12	6876653		2005-04-05	Ambe, Shekhar et al.	
	13	6631122		2003-10-07	Arunachalam, Vaidhyanathan et al.	
	14	7599288		2009-10-06	Cole, Raymond E. et al.	
	15	7546629		2009-06-09	Albert, Anthony et al.	
	16	7747730		2010-06-29	Harlow, James D.	
	17	7609650		2009-10-27	Roskowski, Steve et al.	
	18	6581092		2003-06-17	Motoyama, Tetsuro et al.	
	19	7283963		2007-10-16	Fitzpatrick, John E. et al.	

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	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	20	8271049		2012-09-18	Silver, Andrew et al.	
	21	7644151		2010-01-05	Jerrim, John et al.	

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U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20080085707		2008-04-10	Fadell, Tony	
	2	20090046723		2009-02-19	Rahman, Reshad A. et al.	
	3	20080219268		2008-09-11	Dennison, Larry R.	
	4	20080005285		2008-01-03	Robinson, James David et al.	
	5	20090315735		2009-12-24	Bhavani, Neeraj S. et al.	
	6	20090219170		2009-09-03	Clark, Ryan C. et al.	
	7	20090067372		2009-03-12	Shah, Keyur C. et al.	

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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	8	20080262798		2008-10-23	KIM, Eun Ah et al.	
	9	20100103820		2010-04-29	FULLER, Randy et al.	
	10	20100153781		2010-06-17	HANNA, Stephen R.	

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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2]	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1							☐

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NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

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OR

☐ That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

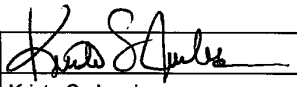
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2012-12-04
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	14384230
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	04-DEC-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	20:42:28
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	1138649 a1f53cd812f311211e8cb3bfae3b41d287f836f6	no	6

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Application Number	12380780
Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	7890084		2011-02-15	Dudziak, Thaddeus Jude et al.	
	2	7890111		2011-02-15	Bugenhagen, Michael K.|	
	3	6226277		2001-05-01	Chuah, Mooi Choo	
	4	6839340		2005-01-04	Voit, Eric A. et al.	
	5	6922562		2005-07-26	Ward, Stephen L. et al.	
	6	7620041		2009-11-17	Dunn, Jeffrey H. et al.	
	7	7627314		2009-12-01	Carlson, Steven I. et al.	
	8	7792538		2010-09-07	Kozisek, Steven E.	

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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	9	7801523		2010-09-21	Kenderov, Stoyan	
	10	7877090		2011-01-25	Maes, Stephane H.	
	11	7912025		2011-03-22	Pattenden, Christopher E. S. et al.	
	12	7948968		2011-05-24	Voit, Eric A. et al.	
	13	7970426		2011-06-28	Poe, Brian R. et al.	
	14	8185158		2012-05-22	Tamura, Motoshi et al.	
	15	8254915		2012-08-28	Kozisek, Steven E.	
	16	7418257		2008-08-26	Kim, Myong-Ju	
	17	8126123		2012-02-28	Cai, Yigang et al.	
	18	7903553		2011-03-08	Liu, Enhui	
	19	8155620		2012-04-10	Wang, Jun et al.	

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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	20	8238287		2012-08-07	Gopi, Paramesh et al.	
	21	7113997		2006-09-26	Jayapalan, Jay et al.	
	22	5594777		1997-01-14	Makkonen, Matti et al.	
	23	8244241		2012-08-14	Montemurro, Michael	
	24	7756534		2010-07-13	Anupam, Vinod et al.	
	25	7636574		2009-12-22	Poosala, Viswanath	
	26	6678516		2004-01-13	Nordman, Ian et al.	
	27	6477670		2002-11-05	Ahmadvand, Nima	
	28	6038452		2000-03-14	Strawczynski, Leo et al.	
	29	8108520		2012-01-31	Ruutu, Jussi et al.	
	30	7778643		2010-08-17	Laroia, Rajiv et al.	

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	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

	31	7668176		2010-02-23	Chuah, Mooi Choo	
	32	7515608		2009-04-07	Yuan, Yuan et al.	
	33	7251218		2007-07-31	Jorgensen, Jacob W.	
	34	7002920		2006-02-21	Ayyagari, Deepak et al.	
	35	7685131		2010-03-23	Batra, Vishal Singh et al.	
	36	7283561		2007-10-16	Picher-Dempsey, Heidi	
	37	7212491		2007-05-01	Koga, Takahiro	
	38	6683853		2004-01-27	Kannas, Chris et al.	

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U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1					

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	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2] i	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1							☐
If you wish to add additional Foreign Patent Document citation information please click the Add button								

NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS			
Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1		☐
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Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

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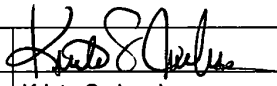
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2012-10-15
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	13991182
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	15-OCT-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	21:32:31
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	P007Trans.pdf	320831 98f6a3c1ea0b2ea2c6ac6e5eb4174a437d6e6251	no	1
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Information:					

2	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	P007IDS.pdf	1282358 1f916faf864a81e86e16009cbaca6c1f7a66c0c5	no	6

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Doc Code: TRAN.LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

PTO/SB/21 (07-09)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission	7

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687 Conf. 1775
Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

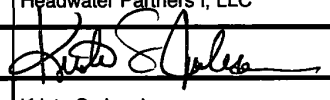
ENCLOSURES *(Check all that apply)*

- ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
  - ☐ Fee Attached
- ☐ Amendment/Reply
  - ☐ After Final
  - ☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)
- ☐ Extension of Time Request
- ☐ Express Abandonment Request
- ☑ Information Disclosure Statement
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application
  - ☐ Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53
- ☐ Drawing(s)
- ☐ Licensing-related Papers
- ☐ Petition
- ☐ Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application
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- ☐ Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
- ☐ Appeal Communication to TC **(Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)**
- ☐ Proprietary Information
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Remarks

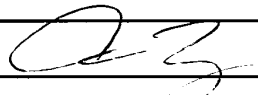
You are hereby authorized to charge any additional fee required or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-5876.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm Name	Headwater Partners I, LLC		
Signature			
Printed name	Krista S. Jacobsen		
Date	October 15, 2012	Reg. No.	59374

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING

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Typed or printed name	Ann Taylor	Date	October 15, 2012

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	Examiner: RUDY, ANDREW J.
Application No.: 12/380,780	Art Unit: 3687
Filed: March 02, 2009	Confirmation No.: 1775
Title: AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION	

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

SUPPLEMENTAL AMENDMENT

Dear Sir:

Please amend the above-identified application as follows:

Amendments to the Claims are reflected in the listing of claims that begins on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks/Arguments begin on page 16 of this paper.

The following listing of claims will replace all previous versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A system, comprising:

one or more processors of an end-user device configured to:

obtain a first set of one or more device credentials for activating a first group of one or more data services for the end-user device;

receive an indication of a user intention to access a first data service of the one or more data services on a first network;

send an access request to access the first data service, the access request identifying the first set of one or more device credentials;

await a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and

provide at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element; and

memory of the end-user device coupled to the **one or more** processor**s** and configured to provide the **one or more** processor**s** with instructions.

2. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user device is a mobile communications device, and the first data service includes one or more Internet based services.

3. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of **one or more** device credentials **[[are]] comprises** permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials.

4. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of **one or more** device credentials **[[are]] comprises** permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number.

5. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of **one or more** device credentials includes one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class.

6. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of **one or more** device credentials identifies one or more provisioning actions.

7. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user device is provisioned with the first set of **one or more device** credentials prior to a point of sale of the end-user device.

8. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user device is provisioned with the first set of **one or more device** credentials after a point of sale of the end-user device and prior to an activation of the end-user device.

9. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user device is provisioned with the first set of **one or more device** credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon a first access request to the first network.

10. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user device is associated with a first service plan based at least in part on the first set of **one or more** device credentials.

11. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

provision the end-user device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of **one or more** device credentials.

12. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the end-user device for the first data service on the first network.

13. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the end-user device for the first data service on the first network, wherein the first set of **one or more** device credentials **[[is]] comprises** temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials **[[are]] comprises** permanent credentials.

14. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

provision the end-user device for the first data service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of **one or more** device credentials.

15. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

provision the end-user device for the first data service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of **one or more** device credentials, wherein the network provisioning function is provided by an activation server.

16. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

provision the end-user device for the first data service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials.

17. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processor**s** of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

send an activation request to the first network to activate the end-user device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of **one or more** device credentials.

18. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processor**s** of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

send an activation request to the first network to activate the end-user device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of **one or more** device credentials; and

send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of **one or more** device credentials.

19. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processor**s** of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

associate the end-user device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of **one or more** device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account.

20. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processor**s** of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

associate the end-user device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of **one or more** device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended.

21. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

suspend the end-user device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity.

22. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

suspend the end-user device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

send a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity.

23. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the **one or more** processors of the end-user device **[[is]] are** further configured to:

suspend the end-user device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

send a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity using a second set of device credentials.

24. (Previously Presented) A method, comprising:

storing a first set of one or more device credentials in a storage of an end-user device, the one or more device credentials for activating a first group of one or more services for the end-user device;

receiving an indication of a user intention to access a first data service of the one or more data services on the first network;

sending an access request to access the first data service, the access request identifying the first set of one or more device credentials;

awaiting a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and

providing at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element.

25. (Previously Presented) A computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for:

storing a first set of one or more device credentials in a storage of an end-user device, the one or more device credentials for activating a first group of one or more services for the end-user device;

receiving an indication of a user intention to access a first data service of the one or more data services on the first network;

sending an access request to access the first data service, the access request identifying the first set of one or more device credentials;

awaiting a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and

providing at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element.

26. (Previously Presented) A system, comprising:

a processor of a network device configured to:

receive an access request from a first end-user device, the access request identifying a first set of device credentials and a first data service;

initiating a first set of actions to activate billing for the first data service for the first end-user device; and

before completing the first set of actions, set a plurality of access control settings to activate at least limited temporary access by the first end-user device to the first data service on the first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay; and

a memory of the network device coupled to the processor and configured to provide the processor with instructions.

27. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with the first network, and the network device includes one or more of the following: an activation server; a billing system; an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates,

aggregates, manages or stores charge data records (CDRs); a base station controller; and a base station.

28. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is an activation server in communication with the first network.

29. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with a device credential database.

30. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with a plurality of central provider networks for activating the first end-user device.

31. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user device is a mobile communications device, and the first data service includes one or more Internet based services.

32. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials.

33. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number.

34. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class.

35. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions.

36. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user device is provisioned with the first set of **device** credentials prior to a point of sale of the first end-user device.

37. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user device is provisioned with the first set of **device** credentials after a point of sale of the first end-user device and prior to activation of the first end-user device.

38. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user device is provisioned with the first set of **device** credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon an access request to the first data network.

39. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

verify the first set of device credentials.

40. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system; an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores charge data records (CDRs); a base station controller; and a base station.

41. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first end-user device in one or more of the following: a billing system; an authentication, authorization and accounting

(AAA) system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores charge data records (CDRs); a base station controller; and a base station.

42. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

43. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the plurality of service controls include one or more service profiles for the first end-user device stored in an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) function for the first network.

44. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with one or more provisioning requirements based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

45. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second ~~communications~~ **end-user** device.

46. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

perform one or more provisioning actions prior to an activation of the first end-user device.

47. (Currently Amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first ~~communications~~ **end-user** device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network.

48. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first end-user device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials.

49. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first end-user device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are recycled for later use by a second end-user device.

50. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials is shared by a second end-user device.

51. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

provision the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

52. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the first end-user device is further configured to:

provision the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network device includes an activation server or is in communication with the activation server.

53. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the first end-user device is further configured to:

provision the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials.

54. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request of the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials.

55. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request for the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and

activate the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

56. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request for the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials;

activate the first end-user device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

57. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account.

58. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended.

59. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user device with a service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

60. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first end-user device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity.

61. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first end-user device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

redirect the first end-user device to a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity.

62. (Previously Presented) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first end-user device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

redirect the first end-user device to a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity, wherein the reactivation request is based at least in part on a second set of device credentials.

63. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:

receiving an access request from a first end-user device, the access request identifying a first set of device credentials;

initiating a ~~the~~ first set of actions to activate billing for a ~~the~~ first data service for the first end-user device; and

before completing the first set of actions, setting a plurality of access control settings to activate at least a limited temporary access by the first end-user device for the first data service on a ~~the~~ first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay.

64. (Currently Amended) A computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for:

receiving an access request from a first end-user device, the access request identifying a first set of device credentials;

initiating a ~~the~~ first set of actions to activate billing for a ~~the~~ first data service for the first end-user device; and

before completing the first set of actions, setting a plurality of access control settings to activate at least a limited temporary access by the first end-user device for the first data service on a ~~the~~ first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay.

REMARKS

Claims 1-64 are pending.

Claims 1, 3-23, 36-38, 45, 47, 63, and 64 are amended herein to correct minor grammatical errors and to provide proper antecedent basis.

On July 5, 2012, an Examiner interview was held, and agreement was reached that Applicant had overcome all outstanding rejections of the claims as previously submitted. Applicant subsequently filed an RCE with an IDS.

This supplemental amendment is presented before any office action on the RCE and only corrects informalities in the claims. Thus, Applicant respectfully requests that the amendment provided herein be entered.

If the Examiner has any questions, needs any additional information or believes that a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned at the telephone number set out below.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: September 21, 2012

By: _____

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (**Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99**)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, ANDREW J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	7953808		2011-05-31	Sharp, Christopher Brooke et al.	
	2	8135392		2012-03-13	Marcellino, Chris et al.	
	3	6502131		2002-12-31	Vaid, Aseem et al.	
	4	6505114		2003-01-07	Luciani, Sergio	
	5	6763000		2004-07-13	Walsh, Peter J.	
	6	6967958		2005-11-22	Ono, Yoshiyuki et al.	
	7	7644267		2010-01-05	Ylikoski, Martti et al.	
	8	7710932		2010-05-04	Muthuswamy, Sivakumar et al.	

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
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	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, ANDREW J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	9	7881199		2011-02-01	Krstulich, Zlatko|	
	10	7886047		2011-02-08	Potluri, Dora	
	11	7911975		2011-03-22	Droz, Patrick et al.	
	12	8050275		2011-11-01	Iyer, Jayaraman R.	
	13	8194553		2012-06-05	Liang, Zhi Yong et al.	
	14	8239520		2012-08-07	Grah, Adrian et al.	

If you wish to add additional U.S. Patent citation information please click the Add button.

U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20080132201		2008-06-05	Karlberg, Johan	
	2	20080081606		2008-04-03	Cole, Terry L.	
	3	20090248883		2009-10-01	SURYANARAYANA, Lalitha et al.	

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, ANDREW J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

	4	20100144310		2010-06-10	Bedingfield, SR, James Carlton, et al.	

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[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, ANDREW J.
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

☐ That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).

OR

☐ That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

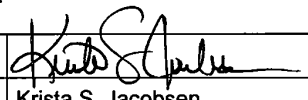
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ Fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ None

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2012-09-21
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these record s.

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9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	13812235
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	107265
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]
Receipt Date:	21-SEP-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	18:36:45
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	Trans.pdf	319766 d123f2bef5178527d276396f020c60fdd225d770	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					

2		Amend.pdf	3710049 7d07b8d3798e4f724baaf1029914a5fffe8acfec	yes	16

Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description		
Document Description	**Start**	**End**
Supplemental Response or Supplemental Amendment	1	1
Claims	2	15
Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment	16	16

Warnings:

Information:

3	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	IDS.pdf	1405573 e464ac5fd0afd2b7c2ed7f2a03f98af3b7c86e84	no	5

Warnings:

Information:

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Total Files Size (in bytes):	5435388

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
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New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
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Doc Code: TRAN.LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

PTO/SB/21 (07-09)
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission	22

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687 Conf. No.: 1775
Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J.
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007 [26WV-160488]

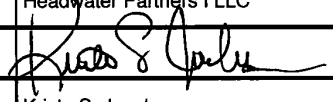
ENCLOSURES *(Check all that apply)*

- ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
  - ☐ Fee Attached
- ☑ Amendment/Reply
  - ☐ After Final
  - ☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)
- ☐ Extension of Time Request
- ☐ Express Abandonment Request
- ☑ Information Disclosure Statement
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application
  - ☐ Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53
- ☐ Drawing(s)
- ☐ Licensing-related Papers
- ☐ Petition
- ☐ Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application
- ☐ Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address
- ☐ Terminal Disclaimer
- ☐ Request for Refund
- ☐ CD, Number of CD(s) _____
  - ☐ Landscape Table on CD
- ☐ After Allowance Communication to TC
- ☐ Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
- ☐ Appeal Communication to TC **(Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)**
- ☐ Proprietary Information
- ☐ Status Letter
- ☐ Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):

Remarks

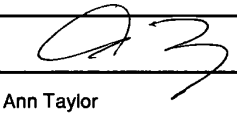
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SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm Name	Headwater Partners I LLC		
Signature			
Printed name	Krista S. Jacobsen		
Date	September 21, 2012	Reg. No.	59374

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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:

Signature			
Typed or printed name	Ann Taylor	Date	September 21, 2012

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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

107265
Headwater Partners I LLC - Outside Firm 1
350 Marine Parkway, Suite 300
Redwood Shores, CA 94065

POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER

OC000000056056582

Date Mailed: 08/22/2012

NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 08/08/2012.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

/sleutchit/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

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12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

69849
SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301

POWER OF ATTORNEY NOTICE

OC000000056056486

Date Mailed: 08/22/2012

NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 08/08/2012.

- The Power of Attorney to you in this application has been revoked by the assignee who has intervened as provided by 37 CFR 3.71. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record(37 CFR 1.33).

/sleutchit/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

PTO/SB/08a (01-10)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT
(Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)

Application Number	12380780
Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	RUDY, Andrew J
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	7984130		2011-07-19	Bogineni, Kalyani|Flynn, Gerard J.|Stone, Jr., Wil	
	2	8019687		2011-09-13	Wang, Feng Chi|Poulidis, Philip	
	3	8144591		2012-03-27	Ghai, Rajat|Towey, Jim	
	4	7336960		2008-02-26	Zavalkovsky, Arthur|Stieglitz, Jeremy|Schieber, Am	
	5	8194549		2012-06-05	Huber, Kurt Donald|Brisebois, Arthur Richard|Flynn	
	6	6606744		2003-08-12	Mikurak, Michael G.	
	7	8190675		2012-05-29	Tribbett, David	
	8	8200775		2012-06-12	Moore, James F.	

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, Andrew J
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20030018524		2003-01-23	Fishman, Dan|Buzzard, Greg| Wolters, Hans|Mukherjea	
	2	20070282896		2007-12-06	Wydroug, Zoe M.|Ostermeier, Todd D.|Abdelrahman, N	
	3	20090079699		2009-03-26	SUN, JIAN	
	4	20110126141		2011-05-26	King, Bennett M.|Kaleas, Dimosthenis|Dahl, Sten Jo	

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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2]¡	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1							☐

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NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1		☐

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, Andrew J
	Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

EXAMINER SIGNATURE			
Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through a citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
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☒ None

SIGNATURE

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Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2012-08-09
Name/Print	Krista S. Jacobsen	Registration Number	59374

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	13464323
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	69849
Filer:	Krista Susan Jacobsen/Ann Taylor
Filer Authorized By:	Krista Susan Jacobsen
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Receipt Date:	09-AUG-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	23:22:18
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	TranF.pdf	367827 ae5a1f12b8e049510384b446c83e68348a77c13a	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					

2	Transmittal Letter	TransL.pdf	299622 6dbe8b0404189f1fe88d49b5ee35be03feff37a9	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	IDS.pdf	998101 c98ce24f806c011f7aefd06462ee724c224d8af9	no	5
Warnings:					
Information:					
This is not an USPTO supplied IDS fillable form					
			Total Files Size (in bytes):	1665550	

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Doc Code: TRAN.LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

PTO/SB/21 (07-09)
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TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Raleigh, Gregory G.
Art Unit	3687 Conf. No. 1775
Examiner Name	Rudy, Andrew J
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

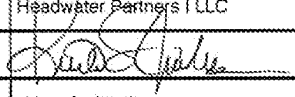
ENCLOSURES *(Check all that apply)*

- ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
  - ☐ Fee Attached
- ☐ Amendment/Reply
  - ☐ After Final
  - ☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)
- ☐ Extension of Time Request
- ☐ Express Abandonment Request
- ☑ Information Disclosure Statement
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application
  - ☐ Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53
- ☐ Drawing(s)
- ☐ Licensing-related Papers
- ☐ Petition
- ☐ Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application
- ☐ Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address
- ☐ Terminal Disclaimer
- ☐ Request for Refund
- ☐ CD, Number of CD(s) _____
  - ☐ Landscape Table on CD
- ☐ After Allowance Communication to TC
- ☐ Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
- ☐ Appeal Communication to TC **(Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)**
- ☐ Proprietary Information
- ☐ Status Letter
- ☐ Other Enclosure(s) (please identify below):

Remarks

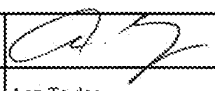
You are authorized to charge any additional fee required or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-5876.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm Name	Headwater Partners I LLC		
Signature			
Printed name	Krista S. Jacobsen		
Date	August 8, 2012	Reg. No.	59,374

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:

Signature			
Typed or printed name	Ann Taylor	Date	August 8, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	Examiner:
Gregory G. Raleigh	Andrew J. Rudy
Serial No. 12/380,780	Art Unit: 3687
Filed: March 2, 2009	Conf. No.: 1775

Title: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation

Mail Stop Petitions
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.97-1.98

Sir:

In accordance with the duty of disclosure under 37 CFR §1.56 and pursuant to 37 CFR §§ 1.97-1.98, Applicant hereby notifies the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office of the references listed on the enclosed Form PTO-SB/08A. Pursuant to the USPTO's waiver of the requirements under 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2)(i) for submitting a copy of each cited U.S. patent, we are not submitting copies of U.S. patents and/or patent publications cited.

The present Information Disclosure Statement is being filed before receiving an office action after the filing of an RCE. Accordingly, no certification or fee is required.

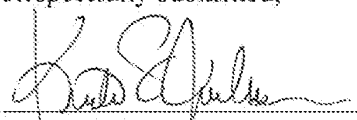
The submission of the listed documents is not intended as an admission that any such document constitutes prior art against the claims of the present application. Applicant reserves the right to dispute any of the listed documents as prior art during examination. Furthermore, Applicant does not waive any right to take any action that would be appropriate to antedate or otherwise remove any listed document as a competent reference against the claims of the present application. The submission of this Information Disclosure Statement is not to be

construed as a representation that a search has been made or that no other material information may exist.

The Examiner is requested to initial the enclosed Form PTO/SB/08A and return a copy thereof to the undersigned.

No fee is believed to be due relative to this submission, but if for any reason an insufficient fee has been paid, please charge the insufficiency to Deposit Account No. **50-5876**.

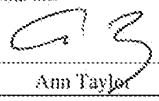
Respectfully submitted,

Date: August 9, 2012 By: 

Krista S. Jacobsen
Reg. No. 59,374
Head Counsel
Headwater Partners I LLC
350 Marine Parkway, Suite 300
Redwood Shores, CA 94065
(650) 517-2798

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this paper (along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on:

Date: August 9, 2012 By: 
Ann Taylor

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PTO/SB/80 (11-08)
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POWER OF ATTORNEY TO PROSECUTE APPLICATIONS BEFORE THE USPTO

I hereby revoke all previous powers of attorney given in the application identified in the attached statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b).

I hereby appoint:

☑ Practitioners associated with the Customer Number: 107265

OR

☐ Practitioner(s) named below (if more than ten patent practitioners are to be named, then a customer number must be used):

Name	Registration Number	Name	Registration Number

as attorney(s) or agent(s) to represent the undersigned before the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) in connection with any and all patent applications assigned only to the undersigned according to the USPTO assignment records or assignment documents attached to this form in accordance with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Please change the correspondence address for the application identified in the attached statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) to:

☑ The address associated with Customer Number: 107265

OR

☐ Firm or Individual Name			
Address			
City		State	Zip
Country			
Telephone		Email	

Assignee Name and Address:

Headwater Partners I LLC
350 Marine Parkway, Suite 300
Redwood City, CA 94065 U.S.A.

A copy of this form, together with a statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) (Form PTO/SB/96 or equivalent) is required to be filed in each application in which this form is used. The statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) may be completed by one of the practitioners appointed in this form if the appointed practitioner is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee, and must identify the application in which this Power of Attorney is to be filed.

SIGNATURE of Assignee of Record

The individual whose signature and title is supplied below is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee

Signature		Date	July 5, 2012
Name	Gregory G. Raleigh	Telephone	650-517-2781
Title	Manager		

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.31, 1.32 and 1.33. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 3 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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PTO/SB/96 (08-08)
Approved for use through 08/30/2008. OMB 0651-0031
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STATEMENT UNDER 37 CFR 3.73(b)

Applicant/Patent Owner: Gregory G. Raleigh

Application No./Patent No.: 12/380,780 Filed/Issue Date: March 2, 2009

Entitled: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation

Headwater Partners I LLC (Name of Assignee), a limited liability company (Type of Assignee, e.g., corporation, partnership, university, government agency, etc.)

states that it is:

1. [✓] the assignee of the entire right, title, and interest; or
2. [ ] an assignee of less than the entire right, title and interest (The extent (by percentage) of its ownership interest is _____ %)

in the patent application/patent identified above by virtue of either:

A. [✓] An assignment from the inventor(s) of the patent application/patent identified above. The assignment was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel 022796, Frame 0779, or for which a copy therefore is attached.

OR

B. [ ] A chain of title from the inventor(s), of the patent application/patent identified above, to the current assignee as follows:

1. From: _____ To: _____
   The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel _____, Frame _____, or for which a copy thereof is attached.
2. From: _____ To: _____
   The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel _____, Frame _____, or for which a copy thereof is attached.
3. From: _____ To: _____
   The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel _____, Frame _____, or for which a copy thereof is attached.

[ ] Additional documents in the chain of title are listed on a supplemental sheet.

[✓] As required by 37 CFR 3.73(b)(1)(i), the documentary evidence of the chain of title from the original owner to the assignee was, or concurrently is being, submitted for recordation pursuant to 37 CFR 3.11.

[NOTE: A separate copy (*i.e.*, a true copy of the original assignment document(s)) must be submitted to Assignment Division in accordance with 37 CFR Part 3, to record the assignment in the records of the USPTO. See MPEP 302.08]

The undersigned (whose title is supplied below) is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee.

Signature — August 8, 2012 (Date)

Krista S. Jacobsen, Reg. No. 59,374 (Printed or Typed Name) — 650-517-2798 (Telephone Number)

Attorney of Record (Title)

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 3.73(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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Date:	August 8, 2012
Send To:	Commissioner for Patents
Fax No.:	571-273-8300
From:	Krista S. Jacobsen, Head Counsel, Headwater Partners I LLC
Phone Number:	650-517-2798

Total Pages Including Cover: 3

Fax

Sir:

Following this cover sheet, please find form SB/80, granting power of attorney to prosecute applications before the USPTO to practitioners associated with the Customer Number 107265, and form SB/96, a statement under 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b) establishing the right of assignee Headwater Partners I LLC to take action in application number 12/380,780.

Please let me know if you need any additional information to complete the Customer Number change in the application.

Sincerely,

Krista S. Jacobsen
Head Counsel, Headwater Partners I LLC
Reg. No. 59,374

PAGE 1/3 * RCVD AT 8/8/2012 11:15:07 PM [Eastern Daylight Time] * SVR:IW-PTOFAX-003/8 * DNIS:2738300 * CSID:16506108051 * DURATION (mm-ss):00-56

PTO/SB/30 (07-09)
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Request for Continued Examination (RCE) Transmittal

Address to:
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Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687 Conf. No. 1775
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

This is a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) under 37 CFR 1 .114 of the above-identified application.
Request for Continued Examination (RCE) practice under 37 CFR 1.114 does not apply to any utility or plant application filed prior to June 8, 1995, or to any design application. See Instruction Sheet for RCEs (not to be submitted to the USPTO) on page 2.

1. Submission required under 37 CFR 1.114 Note: If the RCE is proper, any previously filed unentered amendments and amendments enclosed with the RCE will be entered in the order in which they were filed unless applicant instructs otherwise. If applicant does not wish to have any previously filed unentered amendment(s) entered, applicant must request non-entry of such amendment(s).

   a. ☐ Previously submitted. If a final Office action is outstanding, any amendments filed after the final Office action may be considered as a submission even if this box is not checked.

      i. ☐ Consider the arguments in the Appeal Brief or Reply Brief previously filed on _____

      ii. ☐ Other _____

   b. ☒ Enclosed

      i. ☒ Amendment/Response (4 pgs.)
      ii. ☐ Affidavit(s)/ Declaration(s)
      iii. ☒ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) (6 pgs.)
      iv. ☐ Other _____

2. Miscellaneous

   Suspension of action on the above-identified application is requested under 37 CFR 1.103(c) for a

   a. ☐ period of _____ months. (Period of suspension shall not exceed 3 months; Fee under 37 CFR 1.17(i) required)

   b. ☐ Other _____

3. Fees The RCE fee under 37 CFR 1.17(e) is required by 37 CFR 1.114 when the RCE is filed.
   The Director is hereby authorized to charge the following fees, any underpayment of fees, or credit any overpayments, to

   a. ☒ Deposit Account No. 50-4561 .

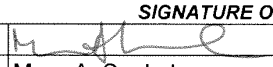
      i. ☒ RCE fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(e)
      ii ☐ Extension of time fee (37 CFR 1.136 and 1.17)
      iii ☐ Other _____

   b. ☐ Check in the amount of $ _____ enclosed

   c. ☐ Payment by credit card (Form PTO-2038 enclosed)

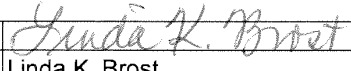
WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED

Signature		Date	July 9, 2012
Name (Print/Type)	Marc A. Sockol	Registration No.	40,823

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on the date shown below:

Signature			
Name (Print/Type)	Linda K. Brost	Date	July 9, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.114. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Mail Stop RCE, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**
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American LegalNet, Inc.
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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Andrew J. Rudy
Serial No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	3687
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Conf. No.:	1775
Title:	Automated Device Provisioning and Activation		

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Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

RESPONSE WITH RCE

Sir:

In response to the Final Office Action dated May 10, 2012, the deadline for response ending on August 10, 2012 with the enclosed RCE, please consider the following remarks:

REMARKS

Claims 1-64 were pending and rejected. Reconsideration is respectfully requested.

In section 3, the Examiner rejected claims 1-64 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. In particular, the Examiner stated that claims 1, 24-26, 63, and 64 include limitations that are not clearly supported from the descriptive portion of the specification nor the drawing figures.

In section 5, the Examiner rejected claims 1-64 under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for the reasons described in section 3.

Applicant thanks the Examiner for the telephonic interview of July 5, 2012, during which the Examiner, the undersigned, and Krista S. Jacobsen, Head Counsel for the assignee, discussed the 35 USC § 112 rejections.

During the interview, Applicant directed the Examiner's attention to support in the application as follows:

In support of "one or more processors of an end-user device," Applicant directed the Examiner's attention to paragraph [00134].

In support of "receive an indication of a user intention to access a first data service," Applicant directed the Examiner's attention to Figure 44A.

In support of "await a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device," Applicant directed the Examiner's attention to Figure 44B.

In support of "provide at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element," Applicant directed the Examiner's attention to paragraph [00466].

In support of "memory of the end-user device coupled to the processor," Applicant directed the Examiner's attention to Figure 9 and paragraph [0069].

Agreement was reached that all the claims are supported and definite, and that Applicant has overcome the 35 USC § 112, first and second paragraph, rejections. Having overcome all outstanding rejections, Applicant respectfully requests a notice of allowance.

Because all outstanding rejections were overcome without amending the claims, Applicant respectfully suggests that, if the Examiner were to perform an updated prior art search to supplement the search performed on May 7, 2012, and subsequently raise new rejections or objections and issue an Office Action, it would not be proper for the Office Action to be final; instead, the Office Action should be non-final so that Applicant has an opportunity to respond to the new rejections that could have been earlier raised and since any new rejections would not have been necessitated by Applicant's response.

CONCLUSION

The Applicant respectfully requests entry of these amendments as provided herein. The application is believed to be in condition for allowance, and a Notice of Allowance is hereby respectfully requested. If the Examiner has any questions or needs any additional information, the Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 50-4561.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: July 9, 2012 By: _____

Marc A. Sockol, Reg. No. 40,823
Attorney for Applicants
Customer Number 69849
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301-1432
Telephone: (650) 815-2600

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

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Date: July 9, 2012 By: Linda K Brost
Linda K. Brost

Doc code: IDS
Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (**Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99**)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U.S.PATENTS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	6078953		2000-06-20	VAID et al.	
	2	6829596		2004-12-07	FRAZEE, Steve	
	3	7620162		2009-11-17	AARON et al.	
	4	8023425		2011-09-20	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
If you wish to add additional U.S. Patent citation information please click the Add button.						
U.S.PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATIONS						
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Publication Number	Kind Code[1]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	20030013434		2003-01-16	ROSENBERG et al.	
	2	20030220984		2003-11-27	JONES et al.	

EFS Web 2.1.17

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

	3	20040021697		2004-02-05	BEATON et al.	
	4	20040249918		2004-12-09	SUNSHINE	
	5	20050048950		2005-03-03	MORPER	
	6	20060112016		2006-05-25	ISHIBASHI	
	7	20060258341		2006-11-16	MILLER et al.	
	8	20070061243		2007-03-15	RAMER et al.	
	9	20080010452		2008-01-10	HOLTZMAN et al.	
	10	20080060066		2008-03-06	WYNN et al.	
	11	20080062900		2008-03-13	RAO	
	12	20080164304		2008-07-10	NARASIMHAN	
	13	20080184127		39660	RAFEY et al.	

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

	14	20080207167		2008-08-28	BUGENHAGEN	
	15	20080221951		2008-09-11	STANFORTH et al.	
	16	20080311885		2008-12-18	DAWSON et al.	
	17	20080319879		2008-12-25	CARROLL et al.	
	18	20090013157		2009-01-08	BEAULE	
	19	20090068984		2009-03-12	BURNETT	
	20	20090286507		2009-11-19	O'NEAL et al.	
	21	20100191576		2010-07-29	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
	22	20100191612		2010-07-29	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
	23	20100192212		2010-07-29	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
	24	20100195503		2010-08-05	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

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Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2]	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	2010088413	WO		2010-08-05	Headwater Partners I LLC		☐

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
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[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

☐ That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).

OR

☐ That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ The fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ A certification statement is not submitted herewith.

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature	/Marc A. Sockol/	Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2012-07-09
Name/Print	Marc A. Sockol	Registration Number	40823

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal	
Application Number:	12380780
Filing Date:	02-Mar-2009
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Filed as Small Entity	

Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Miscellaneous:				
Request for continued examination	2801	1	465	465
		Total in USD ($)		**465**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	13207866
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	69849
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Filer Authorized By:	Marc A. Sockol
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Receipt Date:	09-JUL-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	18:50:55
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$465
RAM confirmation Number	6320
Deposit Account	504561
Authorized User	
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)	

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File Listing:					
Document Number	**Document Description**	**File Name**	**File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest**	**Multi Part /.zip**	**Pages (if appl.)**
1		160488-RALEP007-RCEwithResponseandIDS-070912.pdf	253385 cf3e7fc6d4b63f4b2b5c68124966e6f6c3d8510f	yes	12
	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description				
	Document Description		**Start**	**End**	
	Transmittal Letter		1	1	
	Request for Continued Examination (RCE)		2	2	
	Amendment Submitted/Entered with Filing of CPA/RCE		3	3	
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment		4	6	
	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)		7	12	
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Foreign Reference	F28-WO2010-088413A1.pdf	8105145 eaf404d7cb2a7b4a94c9dc61b6560fc490913e29	no	97
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30416 57666f437f8592abcf49987062bd2bbb8f6eeec2	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	8388946		

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TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission	109

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687 Conf. No. 1775
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

ENCLOSURES *(Check all that apply)*

- ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
- ☐ Fee Attached
- ☒ Amendment/Response (4 pgs.)
- ☒ After Final
- ☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)
- ☐ Extension of Time Request
- ☐ Express Abandonment Request
- ☒ Information Disclosure Statement with PTO/SB/08a/b (6 pgs.)
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53
- ☐ Drawing(s)
- ☐ Licensing-related Papers
- ☐ Petition
- ☐ Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application
- ☐ Power of Attorney, Revocation, Change of Correspondence Address
- ☐ Terminal Disclaimer
- ☐ Request for Refund
- ☐ CD, Number of CD(s)
- ☐ Landscape Table on CD
- ☐ After Allowance Communication to TC
- ☐ Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
- ☐ Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
- ☐ Proprietary Information
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  Request for Continued Examination (RCE) (1 pg.); copy of cited foreign reference (97 pgs.)

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SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm Name	Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP Customer No. 69849		
Signature			
Printed name	Marc A. Sockol		
Date	July 9, 2012	Reg. No.	40,823

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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on the date shown below:

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Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U.S.PATENTS						Remove
Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Patent Number	Kind Code[1]	Issue Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1	5794142		1998-08-11	VANTTILA et al.	
	2	5903845		1999-05-11	BUHRMANN et al.	
	3	5933778		1999-08-03	BUHRMANN et al.	
	4	6317584		2001-11-13	ABU-AMARA et al.	
	5	6418147		2002-07-09	WIEDEMAN	
	6	6574465		2003-06-03	MARSH et al.	
	7	6765864		2004-07-20	NATARAJAN et al.	
	8	7024200		2006-04-04	McKENNA et al.	

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	9	7069248		2006-06-27	HUBER	
	10	7366497		2008-04-29	NAGATA	
	11	7388950		2008-06-17	ELSEY et al.	
	12	7450927		2008-11-11	CRESWELL et al.	
	13	7499537		2009-03-03	ELSEY et al.	
	14	7610328		2009-10-27	HAASE et al.	
	15	7650137		2010-01-19	JOBS et al.	
	16	7693720		2010-04-06	KENNEWICK et al.	
	17	7734784		2010-06-08	ARAUJO et al.	
	18	7747699		2010-06-29	PRUEITT et al.	
	19	7792708		2010-09-07	ALVA	

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	20	7797401		2010-09-14	STEWART et al.	
	21	7822837		2010-10-26	URBAN et al.	
	22	7949529		2011-05-24	WEIDER et al.	
	23	8095666		2012-01-10	SCHMIDT et al.	
	24	8099077		2012-01-17	CHOWDHURY et al.	
	25	8099517		2012-01-17	JIA et al.	
	26	8170553		2012-05-01	BENNETT	

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	1	20030046396		2003-03-06	RICHTER et al.	
	2	20040107360		2004-06-03	HERRMANN et al.	

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	3	20070254675		2007-11-01	ZORLU OZER et al.	
	4	20080005285		2008-01-03	ROBINSON et al.	
	5	20080256593		2008-10-16	VINBERG	
	6	20090077622		2009-03-19	BAUM et al.	
	7	20090113514		2009-04-30	HU	
	8	20090288140		2009-11-19	HUBER et al.	
	9	20100042675		2010-02-18	FUJII	
	10	20100103820		2010-04-29	FULLER et al.	
	11	20100325420		2010-12-23	KANEKAR	

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
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Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Anne Collette
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Filed as Small Entity	

Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Miscellaneous:				
Submission- Information Disclosure Stmt	1806	1	180	180
		Total in USD ($)		**180**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	12963611
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	69849
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Anne Collette
Filer Authorized By:	Marc A. Sockol
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Receipt Date:	07-JUN-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	18:15:33
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$180
RAM confirmation Number	5411
Deposit Account	504561
Authorized User	
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)	

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)
Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.20 (Post Issuance fees)
Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	26WV-160488_Transmittal.pdf	95064 3ff210aefaf25823e3a8508bef7a4418b28c7fa7	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	26WV-160488_IDS.pdf	613056 2b0caac0af59bb1b8a83e4ceae2221077622f49b	no	7
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30350 ac9914bf33db6a66bd03d4f6fbcf2bac25d6413b	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	738470		

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Doc Code: TRAN.LET

Document Description: Transmittal Letter

PTO/SB/21 (07-09)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission: 8

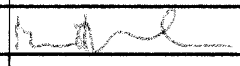
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	2009-03-02
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

ENCLOSURES *(Check all that apply)*

- ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
  - ☐ Fee Attached
- ☐ Amendment/Reply
  - ☐ After Final
  - ☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)
- ☐ Extension of Time Request
- ☐ Express Abandonment Request
- ☑ Information Disclosure Statement
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application
  - ☐ Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53
- ☐ Drawing(s)
- ☐ Licensing-related Papers
- ☐ Petition
- ☐ Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application
- ☐ Power of Attorney, Revocation Change of Correspondence Address
- ☐ Terminal Disclaimer
- ☐ Request for Refund
- ☐ CD, Number of CD(s) _____
  - ☐ Landscape Table on CD
- ☐ After Allowance Communication to TC
- ☐ Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
- ☐ Appeal Communication to TC **(Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)**
- ☐ Proprietary Information
- ☐ Status Letter
- ☐ Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below):

Remarks

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm Name	Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP		
Signature			
Printed name	Marc A. Sockol		
Date	June 7, 2012	Reg. No.	40823

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION/MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being facsimile transmitted to the USPTO or deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on the date shown below:

Signature			
Typed or printed name	Anne Collette	Date	6/7/12

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]	1775

69849 7590 05/10/2012

SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301

EXAMINER	
RUDY, ANDREW J	
ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3687	
MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
05/10/2012	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	12/380,780	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	3687	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1)☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on *09 January 2012 and March 27, 2012*.

2a)☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b)☐ This action is non-final.

3)☐ An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on _____; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.

4)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

5)☒ Claim(s) *1-64* is/are pending in the application.

5a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

6)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

7)☒ Claim(s) *1-64* is/are rejected.

8)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

9)☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

10)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

11)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

13)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:

1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .
5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-64 are pending. Pursuant to Applicant's March 27, 2012 Amendment and REMARKS, the September 28, 2011 Non-Final rejection is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

> The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 1-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claim 1, line 3, "one or more processors of an end-user device" is not clearly supported from the descriptive portion of the specification, nor the drawing figures.

Claim 1, line 6, "receive an indication of a user intention to access a first data service" is not clearly supported from the descriptive portion of the specification, nor the drawing figures.

Claim 1, lines 10-11, are not clearly supported from the descriptive portion of the specification, nor the drawing figures.

Claim 1, lines 12-13, are not clearly supported from the descriptive portion of the specification, nor the drawing figures.

Claim 1, line 14, "memory of the end-user device coupled to the processor" is not clearly supported from the descriptive portion of the specification, nor the drawing figures.

Claims 24-26, 63 and 64 contain similar issues.

Clarification is required.

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

> The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 1-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The above noted comments regarding the 35 USC 112, first paragraph, lend the claims not clear and indefinite.

6. Applicant's January 9, 2012 and March 27, 2012 Information Disclosure Statements (IDS's) have been reviewed. Note the attached IDS's.

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY whose telephone number is (571)272-6789. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday.
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Gart can be reached on 571-272-3955. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO

Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3687

Search Notes	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination	
	12/380,780	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY	3687	

SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
705	16,22,28, 30,34	5/7/2012	AJR
726	2,3,6,7	5/7/2012	AJR

INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

SEARCH NOTES (INCLUDING SEARCH STRATEGY)		
	DATE	EXMR
Continutity data reviewed.	5/7/2012	AJR

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 1 of 2

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		7,174,174	02/06/2007	BORIS et al	
		7,797,204	09/14/2010	BALENT, Bruce F.	
		7,957,511	06/07/2011	DRUDIS et al	
		2004/0132427	07/08/2004	LEE et al	
		2008/0147454	06/19/2008	WALKER, et al.	
		2009/0005005	01/01/2009	FORSTALL et al	
		2009/0180391	07/16/2009	PETERSEN et al	
		2010/0017506	01/21/2010	FADELL	
		2010/0197268	08/05/2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G., et al	
		2010/0198698	08/05/2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G., et al	
		2010/0198939	08/05/2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G., et al	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	05/08/2012

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Sheet 2 of 2

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[2]
		Search Report and Written Opinion mailed April 20, 2010 from International Serial Number PCT/US2010/021302 filed January 18, 2010.	

Examiner Signature	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	05/08/2012

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[1] Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). [2] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.
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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Sheet 1 of 3

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Application Number	12/380,780
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First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		6,449,479	09-10-2002	SANCHEZ, Eduardo	
		6,603,969	08-05-2003	VUORISTO, et al.	
		6,785,889	08-31-2004	WILLIAMS	
		6,829,696	12-07-2004	BALMER et al	
		6,920,455	07-19-2005	WESCHLER, Paul	
		6,998,985	02-14-2006	REISMAN et al	
		7,027,408	04-11-2006	NABKEL, et al.	
		7,092,696	08-15-2006	HOSAIN et al	
		7,158,792	01-02-2007	COOK et al	
		7,180,855	02-20-2007	LIN	
		7,280,818	10-09-2007	CLAYTON, Steve	
		7,324,447	01-29-2008	MORFORD	
		7,421,004	09-02-2008	FEHER, Kamilo	
		7,450,591	11-11-2008	KORLING, et al.	
		7,486,185	02-03-2009	CULPEPPER et al	
		7,574,731	08-11-2009	FASCENDA, Anthony C.	
		7,617,516	11-10-2009	HUSLAK, et al.	
		7,620,065	11-17-2009	FALARDEAU, Eric	
		7,668,903	02-23-2010	EDWARDS, et al.	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	05/08/2012

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Sheet 2 of 3

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First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	05/08/2012

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. [1]Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). [2]See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. [3]Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [4]For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [5]Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 16 if possible. [6]Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

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Substitute for form 1449A/PTO

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 3 of 3

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	05/08/2012

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Andrew J. Rudy
Serial No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	3687
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Conf. No.:	1775
Title:	Automated Device Provisioning and Activation		

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE

Sir:

In response to the Office Action dated September 28, 2011, the deadline for response ending on March 28, 2012 with the enclosed request for a three-month extension of time, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

Listing of Claims begins on page 2.

Remarks start at page 17.

In the Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A system, comprising:

[[a]] one or more processors of an end-user ~~communications~~ device configured to:

obtain ~~store~~ a first set of one or more device credentials for activating a first group of one or more data services for the end-user ~~communications~~ device ~~for a first service on a first network~~; ~~and~~

receive an indication of a user intention to access a first data service of the one or more data services on a first network;

send an access request to access the first data service ~~network~~, the access request identifying ~~including~~ the first set of one or more device credentials;

await a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and

provide at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element; and

[[a]] memory of the end-user ~~communications~~ device coupled to the processor and configured to provide the processor with instructions.

2. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user ~~communications~~ device is a mobile communications device, and the first data service includes one or more Internet based services.

3. (Original) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials.

4. (Original) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number.

5. (Original) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials include

one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class.

6. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials identifies ~~include~~ one or more provisioning actions.

7. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user ~~communications~~ device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the end-user ~~communications~~ device.

8. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user ~~communications~~ device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the end-user ~~communications~~ device and prior to an activation of the end-user ~~communications~~ device.

9. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user ~~communications~~ device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon a first access request to the first network.

10. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the end-user ~~communications~~ device is associated with a first service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

11. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

provision the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

12. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network.

13. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials is [[are]] temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials.

14. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

provision the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

15. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

provision the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network provisioning function is provided by an activation server.

16. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

provision the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials.

17. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

send an activation request to the first network to activate the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials.

18. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

send an activation request to the first network to activate the end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and

send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

19. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the [[a]] end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

associate the end-user ~~communications~~ device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account.

20. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the [[a]] end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

associate the end-user ~~communications~~ device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended.

21. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

suspend the end-user ~~communications~~ device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity.

22. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

suspend the end-user ~~communications~~ device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

send a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity.

23. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

suspend the end-user ~~communications~~ device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

send a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity using a second set of device credentials.

24. (Currently amended) A method, comprising:

storing a first set of one or more device credentials in a storage of an end-user ~~communications~~ device, the one or more device credentials for activating a first group of one or more services for the end-user ~~communications~~ device ~~for a first service on a first network~~; ~~and~~

receiving an indication of a user intention to access a first data service of the one or more data services on the first network;

sending an access request to access the first data service ~~network~~, the access request identifying ~~including~~ the first set of one or more device credentials;

awaiting a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and

providing at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element.

25. (Currently amended) A computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for:

storing a first set of one or more device credentials in a storage of an end-user ~~communications~~ device, the one or more device credentials for activating a first group of one or more services for the end-user ~~communications~~ device ~~for a first service on a first network~~; ~~and~~

receiving an indication of a user intention to access a first data service of the one or more data services on the first network;

sending an access request to access the first data service ~~network~~, the access request identifying ~~including~~ the first set of one or more device credentials;

awaiting a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and

providing at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element.

26. (Currently amended) A system, comprising:

a processor of a network device configured to:

receive an access request from a first end-user ~~communications~~ device, the access request identifying ~~including~~ a first set of device credentials and a first data service;

initiating a ~~identify the~~ first set of actions to activate billing for the first data service ~~device credentials~~ for the first end-user ~~communications~~ device; and

before completing the first set of actions, set a plurality of access control settings to activate at least limited temporary access by ~~prepare for activation of~~ the first end-user ~~communications~~ device to ~~for~~ the first data service on the first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay ~~based at least in part on the first set of device credentials~~; and

a memory of the network device coupled to the processor and configured to provide the processor with instructions.

27. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with the first network, and the network device includes one or more of the following: an activation server; a billing system; an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores charge data records (CDRs); a base station controller; and a base station.

28. (Original) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is an activation server in communication with the first network.

29. (Original) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with a device credential database.

30. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with a plurality of central provider networks for activating the first end-user ~~communications~~ device.

31. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user ~~communications~~ device is a mobile communications device, and the first data service includes one or more Internet based services.

32. (Original) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials.

33. (Original) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number.

34. (Original) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials

include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class.

35. (Original) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions.

36. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user ~~communications~~ device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device.

37. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user ~~communications~~ device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device and prior to activation of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device.

38. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first end-user ~~communications~~ device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon an access request to the first data network.

39. (Original) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

verify the first set of device credentials.

40. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system; an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores charge data records (CDRs); a base station controller; and a base station.

41. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device in one or more of the following: a billing system; an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores charge data records (CDRs); a base station controller; and a base station.

42. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

43. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the plurality of service controls include one or more service profiles for the first end-user ~~communications~~ device stored in an [[a]] authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) function for the first network.

44. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with one or more provisioning requirements based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

45. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device.

46. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

perform one or more provisioning actions prior to an activation of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device.

47. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network.

48. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first end-user ~~communications~~ device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first

network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials.

49. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first end-user ~~communications~~ device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are recycled for later use by a second end-user ~~communications~~ device.

50. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials is [[are]] shared by a second end-user ~~communications~~ device.

51. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

provision the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

52. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

provision the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network device includes an activation server or is in communication

with the activation server.

53. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device is further configured to:

provision the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials.

54. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request of the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials.

55. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request for the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and

activate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

56. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request for the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials;

activate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

57. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account.

58. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended.

59. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first end-user ~~communications~~ device with a service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

60. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first end-user ~~communications~~ device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity.

61. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first end-user ~~communications~~ device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

redirect the first end-user ~~communications~~ device to a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity.

62. (Currently amended) The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first end-user ~~communications~~ device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

redirect the first end-user ~~communications~~ device to a reactivation request to access the first data service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity, wherein the reactivation request is based at least in part on a second set of device credentials.

63. (Currently amended) A method, comprising:

receiving an access request from a first end-user ~~communications~~ device, the access request identifying ~~including~~ a first set of device credentials;

initiating a ~~identifying~~ the first set of actions to activate billing for the first data service ~~device credentials~~ for the first end-user ~~communications~~ device ~~using a processor of a network device~~; and

before completing the first set of actions, setting a plurality of access control settings to activate at least a limited temporary access by ~~prepare for activation of~~ the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay ~~based at least in part on the first set of device credentials~~.

64. (Currently amended) A computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for:

receiving an access request from a first end-user ~~communications~~ device, the access request identifying ~~including~~ a first set of device credentials;

initiating a ~~identifying~~ the first set of actions to activate billing for the first data service ~~device credentials~~ for the first end-user ~~communications~~ device ~~using a processor of a network device~~; and

before completing the first set of actions, setting a plurality of access control settings to activate at least a limited temporary access by ~~prepare for activation of~~ the first end-user ~~communications~~ device for the first data service on the first network in response to the access

request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay ~~based at least in part on the first set of device credentials~~.

REMARKS

Claims 1-64 were pending and rejected. Claims 1, 2, 6-27, 30, 31, 36-38 and 40-64 are being amended. Reconsideration is respectfully requested.

In paragraphs 2 and 3, the Examiner rejected claims 36 and 37 under 35 USC § 102 as anticipated by Kolehmainen.

Kolehmainen describes a system, apparatus, and method directed towards automatically managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device. The mobile device receives, out-of-band, information for use in creating an account for accessing network resources from the access point. As the mobile device is brought into proximity with the access point, a wireless network connection is established using a near field communication (NFC) protocol. The information, which may include a user credential, account information, and so forth, is communicated to the access point. The access point employs the information to establish an account and create an environment from which access to the network resources may be obtained. Upon termination, the access point removes from itself any user specific data. The access point may provide also session related information useable in billing the user of the mobile device..

Claims 36 and 37 depend from independent claim 26, which as amended recites a network element configured to "before completing the first set of actions, set a plurality of access control settings to activate at least limited temporary access by the first end-user device to the first data service on the first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay."

Kohlemainen does not teach "before completing the first set of actions, set[ting] a plurality of access control settings to activate at least limited temporary access by the first end-user device to the first data service on the first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay."

Accordingly, Applicant respectfully submits that claims 36 and 37 are patentable over Kohlemainen, and respectfully requests the rejection be withdrawn.

In paragraphs 4 and 5, the Examiner rejected claims 5-18, 21-23, 27, 34-56 and 59-62 under 35 USC § 103 as obvious over Kolehmainen in view of Dua.

Dua describes a system and methodology for conducting financial and other transactions using a wireless device. Credentials may be selectively issued by issuers such as credit card companies, banks, and merchants to consumers permitting the specific consumer to conduct a transaction according to the authorization given as reflected by the credential or set of credentials. The mechanism for controlling and distributing credentials is through one or more publicly accessible networks such as the Internet wherein the system design and operating characteristics are in conformance with the standards and other specific requirements of the chosen network or set of networks. Credentials are ultimately supplied to a handheld device such as a mobile telephone via a wireless network. The user holding the credential may then use the handheld device to conduct the authorized transaction or set of transactions via, for example, a short range wireless link with a point-of-sale terminal.

Claims 5-18 and 21-23 depend from claim 1, which as amended recites an end-user device configured to "await a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and provide at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element"

Claims 27, 34-56 and 59-62 depend from claim 26, which as amended recites a network element configured to "before completing the first set of actions, set a plurality of access control settings to activate at least limited temporary access by the first end-user device to the first data service on the first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay."

Neither Kohlemainen nor Dua teaches an "end-user device" configured to "await a response to the access request from a network element indicating whether billing associated with the first data service is provisioned for the end-user device; and provide at least limited temporary access to the first data service before receiving the response from the network element" or a "network element" configured to "before completing the first set of actions, set a plurality of access control settings to activate at least limited temporary access by the first end-user device to the first data service on the first network in response to the access request, thereby providing user access to the first data service with reduced delay."

Accordingly, Applicant respectfully submits that claims 5-18, 21-23, 27, 34-56 and 59-62 are patentable over Kolehmainen in view of Dua, and respectfully requests the rejection be withdrawn.

The Examiner did not provide any explanation of a rejection of claims 1-4, 19, 20, 24,-26, 28-33, 57, 58, 63 and 64. However, claims 1 and 26 are patentable for the reasons described above. Claim 24 and 25 are being amended similarly to claim 1, and are believed to be patentable for at least the same reasons. Claims, 63 and 64 are being amended similarly to claim 26, and are believed to be patentable for at least the same reasons. Claims 2-4 and 19 depend from claim 1, and claims 28-33, 57 and 58 depend from claim 26. Thus, Applicant respectfully submits that they too are patentable for at least the same reasons.

CONCLUSION

The Applicants respectfully request entry of these amendments as provided herein. The application is believed to be in condition for allowance, and a Notice of Allowance is hereby respectfully requested. If the Examiner has any questions or needs any additional information, the Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fee deficiency or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account 50-4561.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: March 27, 2012

By: _____

Marc A. Sockol, Reg. No. 40,823
Attorney for Applicants
Customer Number 69849
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301-1432
Telephone: (650) 815-2600

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this paper (along with any paper referred to as being attached or enclosed) is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on:

Date: March 27, 2012 By: _____
Linda K. Brost

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:	Examiner:
Gregory G. Raleigh	Andrew J. Rudy
Application No.: 12/380,780	Group Art Unit: 3687
Filed: March 2, 2009	Confirmation No.: 1775
For: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation	

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. §§1.97-1.98 WITH FEE

Sirs:

In accordance with the duty of disclosure under 37 CFR §1.56 and pursuant to 37 CFR §§1.97-1.98, Applicant hereby notifies the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office of the references listed on the enclosed Form PTO-SB/08A. Pursuant to the USPTO's waiver of the requirements under 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2)(i) for submitting a copy of each cited U.S. patent, we are not submitting copies of U.S. patents and/or patent publications cited.

The present Information Disclosure Statement is being submitted after receiving the first office action but before an action closing prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, please charge Deposit Account No. 50-4561 in the amount of $180.00 as specified in 37 CFR §1.97(c) and 37 CFR §1.17(p).

The submission of the listed documents is not intended as an admission that any such document constitutes prior art against the claims of the present application. Applicant reserves the right to dispute any of the listed documents as prior art during examination. Furthermore,

Applicant does not waive any right to take any action that would be appropriate to antedate or otherwise remove any listed document as a competent reference against the claims of the present application. The submission of this Information Disclosure Statement is not to be construed as a representation that a search has been made or that no other material information may exist.

The Examiner is requested to initial the enclosed Form PTO-SB/08A and return a copy thereof to the undersigned.

If for any reason an insufficient fee has been paid, please charge the insufficiency to Deposit Account No. **50-4561**.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: March 27, 2012

By: _____

Marc A. Sockol
Reg. No. 40,823
Customer Number 69849
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301-1432
(650) 815-2600

PTO/SB/08a (07-09)
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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Substitute for form 1449A/PTO

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 1 of 2

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		7,174,174	02/06/2007	BORIS et al	
		7,797,204	09/14/2010	BALENT, Bruce F.	
		7,957,511	06/07/2011	DRUDIS et al	
		2004/0132427	07/08/2004	LEE et al	
		2008/0147454	06/19/2008	WALKER, et al.	
		2009/0005005	01/01/2009	FORSTALL et al	
		2009/0180391	07/16/2009	PETERSEN et al	
		2010/0017506	01/21/2010	FADELL	
		2010/0197268	08/05/2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G., et al	
		2010/0198698	08/05/2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G., et al	
		2010/0198939	08/05/2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G., et al	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. [1]Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). [2]See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. [3]Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [4]For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [5]Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 16 if possible. [6]Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

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www.FormsWorkFlow.com

PTO/SB/08b (07-09)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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Substitute for form 1449B/PTO

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 2 of 2

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[2]
		Search Report and Written Opinion mailed April 20, 2010 from International Serial Number PCT/US2010/021302 filed January 18, 2010.	

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.
[1] Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). [2] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.
This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference RALEP007PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION	see Form PCT/ISA/220 as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.
International application No. PCT/US 10/21302	International filing date *(day/month/year)* 18 January 2010 (18.01.2010)	(Earliest) Priority Date *(day/month/year)* 28 January 2009 (28.01.2009)
Applicant HEADWATER PARTNERS I LLC		

This international search report has been prepared by this International Searching Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 18. A copy is being transmitted to the International Bureau.

This international search report consists of a total of 2 sheets.

☐ It is also accompanied by a copy of each prior art document cited in this report.

1. **Basis of the report**

a. With regard to the **language**, the international search was carried out on the basis of:

☒ the international application in the language in which it was filed.

☐ a translation of the international application into _____ which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b)).

b. ☐ This international search report has been established taking into account the **rectification of an obvious mistake** authorized by or notified to this Authority under Rule 91 (Rule 43.6*bis*(a)).

c. ☐ With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, see Box No. I.

2. ☐ **Certain claims were found unsearchable** (see Box No. II).

3. ☐ **Unity of invention is lacking** (see Box No. III).

4. With regard to the **title**,

☒ the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.

☐ the text has been established by this Authority to read as follows:

5. With regard to the **abstract**,

☒ the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.

☐ the text has been established, according to Rule 38.2, by this Authority as it appears in Box No. IV. The applicant may, within one month from the date of mailing of this international search report, submit comments to this Authority.

6. With regard to the **drawings**,

a. the figure of the **drawings** to be published with the abstract is Figure No. 1

☒ as suggested by the applicant.

☐ as selected by this Authority, because the applicant failed to suggest a figure.

☐ as selected by this Authority, because this figure better characterizes the invention.

b. ☐ none of the figures is to be published with the abstract.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (first sheet) (July 2009)

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 10/21302

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC(8) - H04M 1/66 (2010.01)
USPC - 455/411
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC(8): H04M 1/66 (2010.01)
USPC: 455/411

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched
USPC: 455/26.1, 403, 410-411; 713/150, 155-156; 726/22-23; 380/247-250 (keyword limited - see terms below)

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)
PubWEST(PGPB, USPT, EPAB, JPAB); Google; Search Terms: device provision, machine provision, provision, equipping, supplying, furnishing, providing, storing, automat device, computerized device, programmed device, machine, communicat device, communicat machine, processor, CPU, microprocessor, central processing unit, access, request, stor, memor, c

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X --- Y	US 2006/0183462 A1 (KOLEHMAINEN) 17 August 2006 (17.08.2006), entire document, especially abstract, para. [0001], [0004]-[0007], [0013], [0017]-[0018], [0021], [0026], [0030], [0033], [0035]-[0036], [0038]-[0039], [0041], [0043], [0047], [0060]-[0061], and [0068].	1-4, 19-20, 24-26, 28-33, 57-58, 63-64 --- 5-18, 21-23, 27, 34-56, 59-62
Y	US 2006/0165060 A1 (DUA) 27 July 2006 (27.07.2006), entire document, especially abstract, para. [0013], [0016], [0018], [0026], [0035], [0041], [0044], [0048], [0051], [0057]-[0058], [0123], [0128], [0156], [0177], [0180], [0188], [0193], [0199], [0212], [0231], [0246], [0248], [0272], [0280], [0288]-[0289], [0303], [0307], [0341], [0344], [0346], [0361], [0383], [0385], [0400]-[0402], [0405], [0410], [0417], [0425], [0427], [0448], [0450], [0471], [0487], [0490]-[0492], [0498], [0518], [0522], [0533], and [0534].	5-18, 21-23, 27, 34-56, 59-62
A	US 2008/0177998 A1 (APSANGI et al.) 24 July 2008 (24.07.2008), entire document	1-64
A	US 2008/0064367 A1 (NATH et a.) 13 March 2008 (13.03.2008), entire document	1-64

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐

* Special categories of cited documents:
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
"E" earlier application or patent but published on or after the international filing date
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed
"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
15 February 2010 (15.02.2010)	20 APR 2010
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US, Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201	Authorized officer: Lee W. Young PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 2009)

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

To:
MICHAEL J. SCHALLOP
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD.
SUITE 200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT AND THE WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY, OR THE DECLARATION

(PCT Rule 44.1)

	Date of mailing *(day/month/year)* 20 APR 2010
Applicant's or agent's file reference RALEP007PCT	**FOR FURTHER ACTION** See paragraphs 1 and 4 below
International application No. PCT/US 10/21302	International filing date *(day/month/year)* 18 January 2010 (18.01.2010)
Applicant HEADWATER PARTNERS I LLC	

1. ☒ The applicant is hereby notified that the international search report and the written opinion of the International Searching Authority have been established and are transmitted herewith.

   Filing of amendments and statement under Article 19:
   The applicant is entitled, if he so wishes, to amend the claims of the international application (see Rule 46):

   When? The time limit for filing such amendments is normally two months from the date of transmittal of the international search report.

   Where? Directly to the International Bureau of WIPO, 34 chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland, Facsimile No.: +41 22 338 8270

   For more detailed instructions, see the notes on the accompanying sheet.

2. ☐ The applicant is hereby notified that no international search report will be established and that the declaration under Article 17(2)(a) to that effect and the written opinion of the International Searching Authority are transmitted herewith.

3. ☐ **With regard to the protest** against payment of (an) additional fee(s) under Rule 40.2, the applicant is notified that:

   ☐ the protest together with the decision thereon has been transmitted to the International Bureau together with the applicant's request to forward the texts of both the protest and the decision thereon to the designated Offices.

   ☐ no decision has been made yet on the protest; the applicant will be notified as soon as a decision is made.

4. **Reminders**

   Shortly after the expiration of **18 months** from the priority date, the international application will be published by the International Bureau. If the applicant wishes to avoid or postpone publication, a notice of withdrawal of the international application, or of the priority claim, must reach the International Bureau as provided in Rules 90*bis*.1 and 90*bis*.3, respectively, before the completion of the technical preparations for international publication.

   The applicant may submit comments on an informal basis on the written opinion of the International Searching Authority to the International Bureau. The International Bureau will send a copy of such comments to all designated Offices unless an international preliminary examination report has been or is to be established. These comments would also be made available to the public but not before the expiration of 30 months from the priority date.

   Within **19 months** from the priority date, but only in respect of some designated Offices, a demand for international preliminary examination must be filed if the applicant wishes to postpone the entry into the national phase **until 30 months** from the priority date (in some Offices even later); otherwise, the applicant must, **within 20 months** from the priority date, perform the prescribed acts for entry into the national phase before those designated Offices.

   In respect of other designated Offices, the time limit of **30 months** (or later) will apply even if no demand is filed within 19 months.

   See the Annex to Form PCT/IB/301 and, for details about the applicable time limits, Office by Office, see the *PCT Applicant's Guide*, Volume II, National Chapters and the WIPO Internet site.

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201	Authorized officer: Lee W. Young PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774

Form PCT/ISA/220 (January 2004) *(See notes on accompanying sheet)*

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the
INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

To: MICHAEL J. SCHALLOP
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD.
SUITE 200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

PCT

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE
INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

(PCT Rule 43*bis*.1)

Date of mailing *(day/month/year)*	20 APR 2010
Applicant's or agent's file reference: RALEP007PCT	FOR FURTHER ACTION: See paragraph 2 below

International application No.	International filing date *(day/month/year)*	Priority date *(day/month/year)*
PCT/US 10/21302	18 January 2010 (18.01.2010)	28 January 2009 (28.01.2009)

International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC
IPC(8) - H04M 1/66 (2010.01)
USPC - 455/411

Applicant HEADWATER PARTNERS I LLC

1. This opinion contains indications relating to the following items:

- ☒ Box No. I Basis of the opinion
- ☐ Box No. II Priority
- ☐ Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
- ☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention
- ☒ Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43*bis*.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- ☐ Box No. VI Certain documents cited
- ☐ Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application
- ☐ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

2. **FURTHER ACTION**

If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA") except that this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1*bis*(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.

If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of 3 months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.

For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.

3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.

Name and mailing address of the ISA/US	Date of completion of this opinion	Authorized officer:
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: ISA/US Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 Facsimile No. 571-273-3201	17 February 2010 (17.02.2010)	Lee W. Young PCT Helpdesk: 571-272-4300 PCT OSP: 571-272-7774

Form PCT/ISA/237 (cover sheet) (July 2009)

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/US 10/21302

Box No. I Basis of this opinion

1. With regard to the **language**, this opinion has been established on the basis of:

   ☒ the international application in the language in which it was filed.

   ☐ a translation of the international application into _____ which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b)).

2. ☐ This opinion has been established taking into account the **rectification of an obvious mistake** authorized by or notified to this Authority under Rule 91 (Rule 43*bis*.1(a))

3. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, this opinion has been established on the basis of a sequence listing filed or furnished:

   a. (means)

      ☐ on paper

      ☐ in electronic form

   b. (time)

      ☐ in the international application as filed

      ☐ together with the international application in electronic form

      ☐ subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search

4. ☐ In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.

5. Additional comments:

Form PCT/ISA/237 (Box No. I) (July 2009)

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/US 10/21302

Box No. V **Reasoned statement under Rule 43*bis*.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement**

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Claims	5-18, 21-23, 27, 34-56, 59-62	YES
	Claims	1-4, 19-20, 24-26, 28-33, 57-58, 63-64	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	None.	YES
	Claims	1-64	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-64	YES
	Claims	None.	NO

2. Citations and explanations:

Claims 1-4, 19-20, 24-26, 28-33, 57-58, and 63-64 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by US 2006/0183462 A1 (Kolehmainen).

Regarding claim 1, Kolehmainen teaches a system, comprising: a processor of a communications device configured to (The processor is in communication with the transceiver, and the memory is in communication with the processor and stores data and machine instructions that cause the processor, para [0007]): store a first set of device credentials for activating the communications device for a first service on a first network (credentials stored on a mobile device, abstract; managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device, para [0001]; Mobile device 200 is also shown with two types of external notification mechanisms: LED 240 and audio interface 274. These devices may be directly coupled to power supply 270 so that when activated, para [0035]); and send an access request to the first network, the access request including the first set of device credentials (remote access manager 269 which is configured to manage access to and communication with another computing device, such as access point . . . Remote access manager 269 may obtain an appropriate credential from credential storage, para [0041]; to access and become authenticated to another computing device. Credentials may include, para [0038]); and a memory of the communications device coupled to the processor and configured to provide the processor with instructions (the memory is in communication with the processor and stores data and machine instructions that cause the processor to perform a plurality of operations. . . receiving over the NFC network link from the mobile device a credential, para [0007]; As shown in the figure, mobile device 200 includes processor 260, memory 262, display 228, and keypad 232. Memory 262 generally includes both volatile memory (e.g., RAM) and non-volatile memory (e.g., ROM, Flash Memory, or the like), para [0033]).

Regarding claim 2, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the communications device is a mobile communications device, and the first service includes one or more Internet based services (mobile device 104. Network 105 is enabled to employ any form of computer readable media for communicating information from one electronic device to another. Also, network 105 can include the Internet in addition to local area networks (LANs), wide area networks (WANs), para [0026]; network device 300. As illustrated in FIG. 3, network device 300 also can communicate with the Internet, para [0043]).

Regarding claim 3, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials (The access point employs provided information, potentially including a credential, to establish an account and create an environment from which access to the network resources may be obtained. Upon termination, the access point removes from itself any user specific data, para [0004]; the other computing device, automatically providing the end-user credential to the other computing device; if the mobile device is authenticated based, in part, on the end-user credential, enabling a login to a session with the other computing device, para [0005]; the mobile device a credential for use in authentication, wherein the mobile device is configured to provide the credential automatically upon establishment of the NFC network link, para [0006]; credentials that enable the mobile device to then request a login to the created environment including a temporary account. In one embodiment, this may include an ability to login at an operating system level using OS-level login, para [0061]; credentials stored on a mobile device. . . mobile device may receive the information, including the credential, using virtually any mechanism, para [0017]).

Regarding claim 4, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number (devices that typically connect using a wireless communications medium such as cell phones, smart phones, para [0021]; communication links between networks may utilize analog telephone lines, para [0026]; Keypad 232 may be a push button numeric dialing pad (such as on a typical telephone), para [0033]).

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Regarding claim 19, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the processor of a communications device is further configured to: associate the communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account (automatically managing an access account . . . creating an account for accessing network resources from the access point . . . a user credential, account information, and so forth, is communicated to the access point, abstract; automatically managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device . . . a credential, to establish an account and create an environment from which access to the network resources may be obtained, para [0004]; automatically creating an access account for use, in part, to establish the session for accessing the computing resource, para [0005]; If the mobile device is authenticated based, at least in part, on the received credential, the method automatically creates an account environment for use in accessing the computing resource. The method further enables access to the account environment, and if the mobile device logs out of the account environment, securely removing the account environment and information associated with an end-user of the mobile device, para [0006]).

Regarding claim 20, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the processor of a communications device is further configured to: associate the communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended (remote access manager 269 may, in one embodiment, perform other actions, including, requesting an account environment be established at the other computing device, obtaining access to the account environment, and enabling the end-user to communicate messages, . . . Remote access manager 269 may further ensure the clearance of data from the other computing devices when logging out of the other computing devices, para [0041]; the invention is not so limited, and login-creator 416 may also automatically create a secure account . . . Upon acknowledgement that the mobile device is authenticated, login-creator 416 may create a secured environment, . . . login-creator 416 may employ operating system root account access rights, para [0060]; a set of created login-credentials that enable the mobile device to then request a login to the created environment including a temporary account, para [0061]; a determination is made whether the end-user of the mobile devices indicates intent to log-off. . . process 500 may also include an exit, if the communications is considered to be idle, a time-out case has arisen, and the like, para [0068]).

Regarding claim 24, Kolehmainen teaches a method, comprising: storing a first set of device credentials in a storage of a communications device for activating the communications device for a first service on a first network (credentials stored on a mobile device, abstract; managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device, para [0001]; Mobile device 200 is also shown with two types of external notification mechanisms: LED 240 and audio interface 274. These devices may be directly coupled to power supply 270 so that when activated, para [0035]); and sending an access request to the first network, the access request including the first set of device credentials (remote access manager 269 which is configured to manage access to and communication with another computing device, such as access point 102 of FIG. 1 through a PAN mechanism, such as NFC. Remote access manager 269 may, for example, be alerted by NFC daemon 271 that a PAN connection has been established with another computing device and that authentication is requested. Remote access manager 269 may obtain an appropriate credential from credential storage, para [0041]; to access and become authenticated to another computing device. Credentials may include any of a variety of information, which may be needed by the other computing device to create an account for accessing the other computing device, and through it, another computing device, para [0038]).

Regarding claim 25, Kolehmainen teaches a computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for: storing a first set of device credentials in a storage of a communications device for activating the communications device for a first service on a first network (credentials stored on a mobile device, abstract; managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device, para [0001]; Mobile device 200 is also shown with two types of external notification mechanisms: LED 240 and audio interface 274. These devices may be directly coupled to power supply 270 so that when activated, para [0035]); and sending an access request to the first network, the access request including the first set of device credentials (remote access manager 269 which is configured to manage access to and communication with another computing device, such as access point 102 of FIG. 1 through a PAN mechanism, such as NFC. Remote access manager 269 may, for example, be alerted by NFC daemon 271 that a PAN connection has been established with another computing device and that authentication is requested. Remote access manager 269 may obtain an appropriate credential from credential storage, para [0041]; to access and become authenticated to another computing device. Credentials may include any of a variety of information, which may be needed by the other computing device to create an account for accessing the other computing device, and through it, another computing device, para [0038]).

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Regarding claim 26, Kolehmainen teaches a system, comprising: a processor of a network device configured to (The processor is in communication with the transceiver, and the memory is in communication with the processor and stores data and machine instructions that cause the processor, para [0007]): receive an access request from a first communications device, the access request including a first set of device credentials (mobile device may receive the information, including the credential, para [0017]; remote access manager 269 which is configured to manage access to and communication with another computing device, such as access point 102 of FIG. 1 through a PAN mechanism, such as NFC. Remote access manager 269 may, for example, be alerted by NFC daemon 271 that a PAN connection has been established with another computing device and that authentication is requested. Remote access manager 269 may obtain an appropriate credential from credential storage, para [0041]; to access and become authenticated to another computing device. Credentials may include, para [0038]); identify the first set of device credentials for the first communications device (determining whether the mobile device is authentic based, at least in part on the received credential, and if the mobile device is authentic, para [0007]; The mobile device includes a data store that is configured to receive and to store an end-user credential); and set a plurality of access control settings to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (for automatically managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device, para [0017]); and a memory of the network device coupled to the processor and configured to provide the processor with instructions (the memory is in communication with the processor and stores data and machine instructions that cause the processor to perform a plurallty of operations. . . receiving over the NFC network link from the mobile device a credential, para [0007]; As shown in the figure, mobile device 200 includes processor 260, memory 262, display 228, and keypad 232. Memory 262 generally includes both volatile memory (e.g., RAM) and non-volatile memory (e.g., ROM, Flash Memory, or the like), para [0033]).

Regarding claim 28, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the network device is an activation server in communication with the first network (a server device operating as an access point that may be included in a system implementing the invention, para [0013]; the access point is a server, para [0017]).

Regarding claim 29, Kolehmalnen further teaches the system wherein the network device is in communication with a device credential database (a database, para [0030]; databases, para [0039]; database programs, para [0047]).

Regarding claim 30, Kolehmainen further teaches the system whereln the network device is in communication with a plurality of central provider networks for activating the first communications device (As the mobile device is brought into proximity with the access point, a wireless network connection is established using, such as near field communication (NFC) protocol, or similar personal area network (PAN), para [0004]; Network interface 272 facilitates, for example, wireless connectivity between mobile device 200, and the outside world, via a communlcations carrier or service provider, para [0036]; mobile device 104. Network 105 is enabled to employ any form of computer readable media for communicating information from one electronic device to another. Also, network 105 can include the Internet in addition to local area networks (LANs), wide area networks (WANs), para [0026]).

Regarding claim 31, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the first communications device is a mobile communications device, and the first service includes one or more Internet based services (mobile device 104. Network 105 is enabled to employ any form of computer readable media for communicating information from one electronic device to another. Also, network 105 can include the Internet in addition to local area networks (LANs), wide area networks (WANs), para [0026]; network device 300. As illustrated in FIG. 3, network device 300 also can communicate with the Internet, para [0043]).

Regarding claim 32, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials (The access point employs provided information, potentially including a credential, to establish an account and create an environment from which access to the network resources may be obtained. Upon termination, the access point removes from itself any user specific data, para [0004]; the other computing device, automatically providing the end-user credential to the other computing device; if the mobile device is authenticated based, in part, on the end-user credential, enabling a login to a session with the other computing device, para [0005]; the mobile device a credential for use in authentication, wherein the mobile device is configured to provide the credential automatically upon establishment of the NFC network link, para [0006]; credentials that enable the mobile device to then request a login to the created environment including a temporary account. In one embodiment, this may include an ability to login at an operating system lavel using OS-level login, para [0061]; credentials stored on a mobile device. . . mobile device may receive the information, including the credential, using virtually any mechanism, para [0017]).

Regarding claim 33, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number (devices that typically connect using a wireless communications medium such as cell phones, smart phones, para [0021]; communication links between networks may utilize analog telephone lines, para [0026]; Keypad 232 may be a push button numeric dialing pad (such as on a typical telephone), para [0033]).

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Regarding claim 57, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account (automatically managing an access account . . . creating an account for accessing network resources from the access point . . . a user credential, account information, and so forth, is communicated to the access point, abstract; automatically managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device . . . a credential, to establish an account and create an environment from which access to the network resources may be obtained, para [0004]; automatically creating an access account for use, in part, to establish the session for accessing the computing resource, para [0005]; If the mobile device is authenticated based, at least in part, on the received credential, the method automatically creates an account environment for use in accessing the computing resource. The method further enables access to the account environment, and if the mobile device logs out of the account environment, securely removing the account environment and information associated with an end-user of the mobile device, para [0006]).

Regarding claim 58, Kolehmainen further teaches the system wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended (remote access manager 269 may, in one embodiment, perform other actions, including, requesting an account environment be established at the other computing device, obtaining access to the account environment, and enabling the end-user to communicate messages, . . . Remote access manager 269 may further ensure the clearance of data from the other computing devices when logging out of the other computing devices, para [0041]; the invention is not so limited, and login-creator 416 may also automatically create a secure account . . . Upon acknowledgement that the mobile device is authenticated, login-creator 416 may create a secured environment, . . . login-creator 416 may employ operating system root account access rights, para [0060]; a set of created login-credentials that enable the mobile device to then request a login to the created environment including a temporary account, para [0061]; a determination is made whether the end-user of the mobile devices indicates intent to log-off. . . process 500 may also include an exit, if the communications is considered to be idle, a time-out case has arisen, and the like, para [0068]).

Regarding claim 63, Kolehmainen teaches a method, comprising: receiving an access request from a first communications device, the access request including a first set of device credentials (mobile device may receive the information, including the credential, para [0017]; remote access manager 269 which is configured to manage access to and communication with another computing device, such as access point 102 of FIG. 1 through a PAN mechanism, such as NFC. Remote access manager 269 may, for example, be alerted by NFC daemon 271 that a PAN connection has been established with another computing device and that authentication is requested. Remote access manager 269 may obtain an appropriate credential from credential storage, para [0041]; to access and become authenticated to another computing device. Credentials may include, para [0038]); identifying the first set of device credentials for the first communications device using a processor of a network device (determining whether the mobile device is authentic based, at least in part on the received credential, and if the mobile device is authentic, para [0007]; The mobile device includes a data store that is configured to receive and to store an end-user credential); and setting a plurality of access control settings to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (control the user's access to selected resources, para [0018]; for automatically managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device, para [0017]; Mobile device 200 is also shown with two types of external notification mechanisms: LED 240 and audio interface 274. These devices may be directly coupled to power supply 270 so that when activated, para [0035]).

Regarding claim 64, Kolehmainen teaches a computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for: receiving an access request from a first communications device, the access request including a first set of device credentials (mobile device may receive the information, including the credential, para [0017]; remote access manager 269 which is configured to manage access to and communication with another computing device, such as access point 102 of FIG. 1 through a PAN mechanism, such as NFC. Remote access manager 269 may, for example, be alerted by NFC daemon 271 that a PAN connection has been established with another computing device and that authentication is requested. Remote access manager 269 may obtain an appropriate credential from credential storage, para [0041]; to access and become authenticated to another computing device. Credentials may include, para [0038]); identifying the first set of device credentials for the first communications device (determining whether the mobile device is authentic based, at least in part on the received credential, and if the mobile device is authentic, para [0007]; The mobile device includes a data store that is configured to receive and to store an end-user credential); and setting a plurality of access control settings to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (control the user's access to selected resources, para [0018]; for automatically managing an access account at an access point using near field communications and credentials stored on a mobile device, para [0017]; Mobile device 200 is also shown with two types of external notification mechanisms: LED 240 and audio interface 274. These devices may be directly coupled to power supply 270 so that when activated, para [0035]).

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Claims 5-18, 21-23, 27, 34-56, and 59-62 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Kolehmalnen, in view of US 2006/0165060 A1 (Dua).

Regarding claim 5, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class (identification, and/or other credentials, para [0018]; credentials may be selectively issued by issuers such as credit card companies, banks, and merchants to consumers permitting the specific consumer to conduct a transaction according to the authorization given as reflected by the credential or set of credentials, para [0026]; credentials and confidential data, including but not limited to credit card, debit card, ATM card, loyalty card, driver's license, electronic ticket, coupons and other information. In addition, an E.164 phone number . . . an Internet address is also possible for the purposes mentioned above, para [0048]; his/her personal digital signature PIN. This last option requires a security module (SIM/WIM) in the terminal, para [0427]; credential issuers may use the MAC address . . . Credential issuers in this case would retain the MAC address for the wallet device in its user database, and validate the MAC address . . . credential issuer includes a new E.164 phone number, para [0487]; manufacturer, the financial institution, para [0013]; mobile operator or a "wallet service provider", para [0491]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 6, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system recited wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions. However, Dua teaches the system recited wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions (applications can be provisioned to the terminal, para [0498]; application can be provisioned on the user's device . . . software provisioning system for wireless and wireline devices are important aspects, para [0199]; The ENUM Provisioner is an application for mobile operators, para [0272]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system recited wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 7, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device (point of sale terminal 860, via RF reader 820 can be used to capture and transmit an electronic credential from a wireless device, para [0405]; The card management system 830 validates the PIN or PIN offset . . . the point-of-sale, para [0410]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 8, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to an activation of the communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to an activation of the communications device (store credentials, personal information, and other confidential information in the electronic wallet, . . . allows a user to access the entire "electronic wallet" from virtually any Internet-based channel such as a wireless device, a PC, or point-of-sale terminal, para [0533]; to activate the wallet application and to control the transmission of information to an external device via RFID (or some other short-range communication mechanism). A credential with a "reader key" . . . RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials, para [0383]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to an activation of the communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 9, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon a first access request to the first network. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon a first access request to the first network (manufacturing, personalizing, and fulfilling magnetic-stripe cards for issuance to customers. . . to generate a personal identification number (PIN) which may be mailed to the customer. This information or a subset thereof makes up the personalization file record that is transmitted by issuer cardholder system 120 to WCM 110 in connection with a credential issuance request according to the present invention, para [0058]; The ENUM Provisioner can be used to add NAPTR records to the ENUM database for user's that have enrolled in the mobile wallet service and activated their wallet on the phone, para [0280]; applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; a button in an RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials via RF, para [0383]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon a first access request to the first network, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 10, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the communications device is associated with a first service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the communications device is associated with a first service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (managing credentials on wireless device . . . multimedia services. . . communication services within a mobile operator's network, para [0051]; Public/Private Dialing Plans--supports both public and private dialing plans, para [0231]; Wireless Credential Manager (WCM) 510 is used . . . SIP proxy servers that act on behalf of Sample Bank and Bob's mobile operator (MobileCo) to facilitate session establishment. This typical arrangement, para [0128]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the communications device is associated with a first service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 11, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (the application can be provisioned on the user's device over-the-air. Once installed, the application can inform the Presence Service of its new status to allow it to inform the Sample Bank WCM that it is ready to communicate. The use of an Application Status in conjunction with a Presence Service and an over-the-air software provisioning system for wireless and wireline devices are important aspects of the present invention, para [0199]; The ENUM Provisioner . . . The mobile operator's existing user management system can enforce rules for validating users, activating services, billing, and other functions, para [0280]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Box V. 2. Citations and explanations:

Regarding claim 12, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor ofthe communications device is further configured to: receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first service on the first network. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor ofthe communlcations device is further configured to: receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first service on the first network (holding a myriad of different electronic credentials, para [0288]; The open-architecture of the wallet platform allows credential issuers to deploy their own commerce-specific applications called "extensions". Extensions literally "extend" the capability of the wallet platform by enabling a new set of features defined by the credential issuer. Different credentials serve many unique purposes and are not all used in the same way, para [0289]; Credentials are ultimately supplied to a handheld device such as a mobile telephone via a wireless network. The user holding the credential may then use the handheld device to conduct the authorized transaction, abstract). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor ofthe communications device is further configured to: receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first service on the first network, because both of them teach automatically managlng an access account at an access point by employlng near field communications and issuing, managlng, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 13, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first servlce on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials (A financial institution may have specified via settings in the credential issuance record that a temporary PIN assigned by the financial institution be changed to a user designated PIN when it is first received. PIN changes for credentials that have issuer PINs, para [0400]; The address is permanently assigned to the hardware, so credential issuers may use the MAC address . . . Credential issuers in this case would retain the MAC address for the wallet device in its user database, and validate the MAC address . . . credential issuer includes a new E.164 phone number, para [0487]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 14, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provlsion the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisloning lnformation based at least in part on the first set of devlce credentials (to store credentials, . . . the same functionality of the wallet application described above (operating on a wireless device), para [0533]; Opening these API functionalities on the JAVA side . . . applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; This functionality may be built into the Wallet Application or could rely on an API. For example, the SIP Profile API Specification, para [0522]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua ln order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Box V. 2. Citations and explanations:

Regarding claim 15, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network provisioning function is provided by an activation server. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network provisioning function is provided by an activation server (The ENUM Provisioner . . . mobile wallet service and activated, para [0280]; to store credentials, . . . The server-based wallet system, para [0533]; a server hosted and managed by the wallet service provider. The wallet server uses . . . to establish a username and password/PIN for web access to the account (the username and password/PIN are also tokens). The server-based wallet application . . . accessing the server-based wallet, para [0534]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network provisioning function is provided by an activation server, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 16, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials (Primary and secondary credential categories, para [0307]; to classify different credentials within the wallet application . . . credentials directly under a primary category or under a secondary category, para [0344]; An issuer of credentials may specify the primary category and secondary category (if applicable) that a particular credential should be linked to in the wallet application's credential tree; this information can be specified in the credential issuance record that is sent by the issuer to the wallet application on the wireless device, para [0346]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 17, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials (the wireless device that can be used to activate the wallet application . . . an RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials . . . transmission of a credential that has a "reader key" and is approved for PIN-less transactions, para [0383]; a PIN to the user via an alternative channel in order to allow the user to decrypt and "activate" the credential, but may not require the PIN for use with every transaction, para [0401]; Other credential issuers may issue a credential to a wireless device, require the wallet PIN with every transaction, but also prompt the user for an issuer PIN (or PIN set with the issuer) on the POS terminal during each transaction, para [0402]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 18, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials (A financial institution may have specified via settings in the credential issuance record that a temporary PIN assigned by the financial institution be changed to a user designated PIN when it is first received. PIN changes for credentials that have issuer PINs, para [0400]; The address is permanently assigned to the hardware, so credential issuers may use the MAC address . . . Credential issuers In this case would retain the MAC address for the wallet device in its user database, and validate the MAC address . . . credential issuer includes a new E.164 phone number, para [0487]); and send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (storing billing, para [0425]; billing address, . . . a credential that is transmitted to the wireless device, para [0180]; activating services, billing, and other functions, para [0280]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 21, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity (a device status, user status, or application status might be captured as a Presence Status (for example "Device Status=Off-Hook", "User Status=Online", or "Application Status=Not Loaded"). Starting with a simple definition of "Online/Offline" status, Presence Status has been extended to include other context information around the status such as disposition (out-to-lunch, away-from the-computer) and activity status (on the phone, idle, etc.), para [0193]; Expiration date of credential, para [0303]; expiration date for usage, para [0341]; credentials were first issued and when issuers made other changes. This log captures, date/time, credential, and description of activity/change made by issuer, para [0490]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 22, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity (a device status, user status, or application status might be captured as a Presence Status (for example "Device Status=Off-Hook", "User Status=Online", or "Application Status=Not Loaded"). Starting with a simple definition of "Online/Offline" status, Presence Status has been extended to include other context information around the status such as disposition (out-to-lunch, away-from the-computer) and activity status (on the phone, idle, etc.), para [0193]; Expiration date of credential, para [0303]; expiration date for usage, para [0341]; credentials were first issued and when issuers made other changes. This log captures, date/time, credential, and description of activity/change made by issuer, para [0490]); and send a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity (the user has re-asserted his identity and that it is ok to re-activate the credential on the device, para [0445]; initiating the process include the use of computer via the requesting party's ISP 178, . . . to initiate the credential issuance process may be either the device to receive the credential or another wireless device, para [0044]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiretion of a period of time of inactivity; the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity, because both of them teach automatically maneging an access account at an eccess point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 23, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 1 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and send a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity using a second set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor ofthe communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity (a device status, user status, or application status might be captured as a Presence Status (for example "Device Status=Off-Hook", "User Status=Online", or "Application Status=Not Loaded"). Starting with a simple definition of "Online/Offline" status, Presence Status has been extended to include other context information around the status such as disposition (out-to-lunch, away-from the-computer) and activity status (on the phone, idle, etc.), para [0193]; Expiration date of credential, para [0303]; expiration date for usage, para [0341]; credentials were first issued and when issuers made other changes. This log captures, date/time, credential, and description of activity/change made by issuer, para [0490]); and send a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity using a second set of device credentials (make changes to a credential in the wallet application. Examples of changes could include, a change to the credential's expiration date, . . . In such cases, the issuer can connect to the wallet application with a valid key, make the appropriate changes to the stored credential, para [0450]; expiration date, . . . The issuer could also request a special code or PIN . . . certain input information could be used as a decryption key for a credential that is transmitted to the wireless device, para [0180]; Credential issuers will have the ability to remotely cancel credentials, re-issue credentials, or manage credentials in other ways on a wireless device. During the initial issuance process, credential issuers will send a unique "credential issuer key" along with the credential they are issuing to the wallet application, para [0448]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and send a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity using a second set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 27, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the network device is in communication with the first network, and the network device includes one or more of the following: an activation server; a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the network device is in communication with the first network, and the network device includes one or more of the following: an activation server (the SIP server, para [0248]; ENUM database for user's that have enrolled in the mobile wallet service and activated . . . activating services, para [0280]); a billing system (billing, para [0280]; storing billing, para [0425]); a AAA system (WCM 110 supports authentication, authorization, and accounting, para [0248]); a gateway (gateway service, para [0123]); a router (the proxy is working on behalf of WCM 510 to route the INVITE to the destination, para [0156]; proxy servers can make flexible "routing decisions", para [0177]); a switch (The POS at the grocery store will switch the transaction to its central host, para [0417]); a network server (the issuer's web server, para [0044]; SIP proxy server, para [0518]); a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs (The WCM logging service also permits Issuers to create, encode, and export communication records (CDRs) with end-user wallet applications for export into user management systems and visibility by issuer customer care departments. WCM 110 supports flexible configuration of CDR extensions, para [0246]); a base station controller (wireless device 200 is preferably a device that is capable of wirelessly connecting to the Internet using network protocols such as GSM/GPRS, CDMA2000, W-CDMA, EDGE, HDR, 1xRTT, UMTS, IMT-2000, 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, or BLUETOOTH or other relevant protocols developed hereinafter. Preferably, wireless device, para [0041]); and a base station (Common short-range communications network standards defined by the International Electrical and Electronic Engineers association (IEEE) include 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g. Many mobile devices employ these IEEE network standards to establish wireless LAN (WLAN) connectivity. Various other short-range technologies currently in use for device-to-device communication include Bluetooth and infra-red, para [0016]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the network device is in communication with the first network, and the network device includes one or more of the following: an activation server; a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 34, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class (identification, and/or other credentials, para [0018]; credentials may be selectively issued by issuers such as credit card companies, banks, and merchants to consumers permitting the specific consumer to conduct a transaction according to the authorization given as reflected by the credential or set of credentials, para [0026]; credentials and confidential data, including but not limited to credit card, debit card, ATM card, loyalty card, driver's license, electronic ticket, coupons and other information. In addition, an E.164 phone number, . . . an Internet address is also possible for the purposes mentioned above, para [0048]; his/her personal digital signature PIN. This last option requires a security module (SIM/WIM) in the terminal, para [0427]; credential issuers may use the MAC address . . . Credential issuers in this case would retain the MAC address for the wallet device in its user database, and validate the MAC address . . . credential issuer includes a new E.164 phone number, para [0487]; manufacturer, the financial institution, para [0013]; mobile operator or a "wallet service provider", para [0491]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 35, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions (applications can be provisioned to the terminal, para [0498]; application can be provisioned on the user's device . . . software provisioning system for wireless and wireline devices are important aspects, para [0199]; The ENUM Provisioner is an application for mobile operators, para [0272]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 36, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device (point of sale terminal 860, via RF reader 820 can be used to capture and transmit an electronic credential from a wireless device, para [0405]; The card management system 830 validates the PIN or PIN offset . . . the point-of-sale, para [0410]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 37, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to activation of the communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to activation of the communications device (store credentials, personal information, and other confidential information in the electronic wallet, . . . allows a user to access the entire "electronic wallet" from virtually any Internet-based channel such as a wireless device, a PC, or point-of-sale terminal, para [0533]; to activate the wallet application and to control the transmission of information to an external device via RFID (or some other short-range communication mechanism). A credential with a "reader key" . . . RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials, para [0383]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to activation of the communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 38, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon an access request to the first network. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon an access request to the first network (manufacturing, personalizing, and fulfilling magnetic-stripe cards for issuance to customers. . . to generate a personal identification number (PIN) which may be mailed to the customer. This information or a subset thereof makes up the personalization file record that is transmitted by issuer cardholder system 120 to WCM 110 in connection with a credential issuance request according to the present invention, para [0058]; The ENUM Provisioner can be used to add NAPTR records to the ENUM database for user's that have enrolled in the mobile wallet service and activated their wallet on the phone, para [0280]; applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; a button in an RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials via RF, para [0383]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon an access request to the first network, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 39, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: verify the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: verify the first set of device credentials (Another type of PIN verification scheme for credentials stored in the wallet application is unique to the system of the present invention. This on-line verification technique, para [0404]; the over-the-air PIN verification scheme, para [0035]; transference of credentials . . . verify S/MIME certificates, para [0212]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: verify the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 40, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system (billing, para [0280]; storing billing, para [0425]); a AAA system (WCM 110 supports authentication, authorization, and accounting, para [0248]); a gateway (gateway service, para [0123]); a router (the proxy is working on behalf of WCM 510 to route the INVITE to the destination, para [0156]; proxy servers can make flexible "routing decisions", para [0177]); a switch (The POS at the grocery store will switch the transaction to its central host, para [0417]); a network server (the issuer's web server, para [0044]; SIP proxy server, para [0518]); a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs (The WCM logging service also permits issuers to create, encode, and export communication records (CDRs) with end-user wallet applications for export into user management systems and visibility by issuer customer care departments. WCM 110 supports flexible configuration of CDR extensions, para [0246]); a base station controller (wireless device 200 is preferably a device that is capable of wirelessly connecting to the Internet using network protocols such as GSM/GPRS, CDMA2000, W-CDMA, EDGE, HDR, 1xRTT, UMTS, IMT-2000, 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, or BLUETOOTH or other relevant protocols developed hereinafter. Preferably, wireless device, para [0041]); and a base station (Common short-range communications network standards defined by the International Electrical and Electronic Engineers association (IEEE) include 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g. Many mobile devices employ these IEEE network standards to establish wireless LAN (WLAN) connectivity. Various other short-range technologies currently in use for device-to-device communication include Bluetooth and infra-red, para [0016]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 41, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor ofthe network device is further configured to: set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device in one or more of the following: a billing system (billing, para [0280]; storing billing, para [0425]); a AAA system (WCM 110 supports authentication, authorization, and accounting, para [0248]); a gateway (gateway service, para [0123]); a router (the proxy is working on behalf of WCM 510 to route the INVITE to the destination, para [0156]; proxy servers can make flexible "routing decisions", para [0177]); a switch (The POS at the grocery store will switch the transaction to its central host, para [0417]); a network server (the issuer's web server, para [0044]; SIP proxy server, para [0518]); a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs (The WCM logging service also permits issuers to create, encode, and export communication records (CDRs) with end-user wallet applications for export into user management systems and visibility by issuer customer care departments. WCM 110 supports flexible configuration of CDR extensions, para [0246]); a base station controller (wireless device 200 is preferably a device that is capable of wirelessly connecting to the Internet using network protocols such as GSM/GPRS, CDMA2000, W-CDMA, EDGE, HDR, 1xRTT, UMTS, IMT-2000, 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, or BLUETOOTH or other relevant protocols developed hereinafter. Preferably, wireless device, para [0041]); and a base station (Common short-range communications network standards defined by the International Electrical and Electronic Engineers association (IEEE) include 802.11a, 802.11b, and 802.11g. Many mobile devices employ these IEEE network standards to establish wireless LAN (WLAN) connectivity. Various other short-range technologies currently in use for device-to-device communication include Bluetooth and infra-red, para [0016]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 42, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor ofthe network device is further configured to: set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor ofthe network device is further configured to: set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (Wireless Credential Manager (WCM) 110 maintains, controls and distributes credentials, para [0043]; an RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials, para [0383]; managing credentials on wireless device . . . multimedia services. . . communication services within a mobile operator's network, para [0051]; Public/Private Dialing Plans--supports both public and private dialing plans, para [0231]; Wireless Credential Manager (WCM) 510 is used . . . SIP proxy servers that act on behalf of Sample Bank and Bob's mobile operator (MobileCo) to facilitate session establishment. This typical arrangement, para [0128]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor ofthe network device is further configured to: set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach
automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 43, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the plurality of service controls include one or more service profiles for the first communications device stored in an a AAA function for the first network. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the plurality of service controls include one or more service profiles for the first communications device stored in an a AAA function for the first network (wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials, para [0383]; Profile Selector options previously described. In these cases, the appropriate credential or profile is selected, para [0385]; the storage server to create a profile. The mobile operator or service provider may request some personal information to authenticate the identity of the user in order to create a storage profile, para [0492]; Authorization and authentication are handled in SIP either on a request-by-request basis with a challenge/response mechanism, or by using a lower layer scheme as discussed in Section 26 of RFC 3261. The use of authorization and authentication schemes, para [0188]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the plurality of service controls include one or more service profiles for the first communications device stored in an a AAA function for the first network, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 44, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning requirements based at least in part the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning requirements based at least in part the first set of device credentials (the application can be provisioned on the user's device over-the-air. Once installed, the application can inform the Presence Service of its new status to allow it to inform the Sample Bank WCM that it is ready to communicate. The use of an Application Status in conjunction with a Presence Service and an over-the-air software provisioning system for wireless and wireline devices are important aspects of the present invention, para [0199]; The ENUM Provisioner . . . The mobile operator's existing user management system can enforce rules for validating users, activating services, billing, and other functions, para [0280]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning requirements based at least in part the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 45, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions
based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device
credentials are temporary credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are
shared by a second communications device (A financial institution may have specified via settings in the credential issuance record that a temporary PIN assigned by the financial institution be changed to a user designated PIN when it is first received. PIN changes for credentials that have issuer PINs, para [0400]; The address is permanently assigned to the hardware, so credential issuers may use the MAC address . . . Credential issuers in this case would retain the MAC address for the wallet device in its user database, and validate the MAC address . . . credential issuer includes a new E.164 phone number, para [0487]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 46, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and perform one or more provisioning actions prior to an activation of the first communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials (to store credentials, . . . the same functionality of the wallet application described above (operating on a wireless device), para [0533]; Opening these API functionalities on the JAVA side . . . applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; This functionality may be built into the Wallet Application or could rely on an API. For example, the SIP Profile API Specification, para [0522]); and perform one or more provisioning actions prior to an activation of the first communications device (perform a PIN validation through the WCM before it sends an approval/denial back through the card network, para [0416]; the issuer will perform to a credential, para [0450]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and perform one or more provisioning actions prior to an activation of the first communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 47, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials (store credentials, . . . the same functionality of the wallet application described above (operating on a wireless device), para [0533]; Opening these API functionalities on the JAVA side . . . applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; This functionality may be built into the Wallet Application or could rely on an API. For example, the SIP Profile API Specification, para [0522]); and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network (send a message with the credential Issuer key to its WCM in order to establish communication, para [0451]; Primary and secondary credential categories, para [0307]; to classify different credentials within the wallet application . . . credentials directly under a primary category or under a secondary category, para [0344]; An issuer of credentials may specify the primary category and secondary category (if applicable) that a particular credential should be linked to in the wallet application's credential tree; this information can be specified in the credential issuance record that is sent by the issuer to the wallet application on the wireless device, para [0346]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 48, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for
provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network,
wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials (to store credentials, . . . the same functionality of the wallet application described above (operating on a wireless device), para [0533]; Opening these API functionalities on the JAVA side . . . applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; This functionality may be built into the Wallet Application or could rely on an API. For example, the SIP Profile API Specification, para [0522]); and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials (The address is permanently assigned to the hardware, so credential issuers may use the MAC address . . . Credential issuers in this case would retain the MAC address for the wallet device in its user database, and validate the MAC address . . . credential issuer includes a new E.164 phone number, para [0487]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 49, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for
provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network,
wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are recycled for later use by a second communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions
based at least in part the first set of device credentials (to store credentials, . . . the same functionality of the wallet application described above (operating on a wireless device), para [0533]; Opening these API functionalities on the JAVA side . . . applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; This functionality may be built into the Wallet Application or could rely on an API. For example, the SIP Profile API Specification, para [0522]); and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are recycled for later use by a second communications device (cycling through the records, para [0084]; A financial institution may have specified via settings in the credential issuance record that a temporary PIN assigned by the financial institution be changed to a user designated PIN when it is first received. PIN changes for credentials that have issuer PINs, para [0400]; The address is permanently assigned to the hardware, so credential issuers may use the MAC address . . . Credential issuers in this case would retain the MAC address for the wallet device in its user database, and validate the MAC address . . . credential issuer includes a new E.164 phone number, para [0487]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are recycled for later use by a second communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account et an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 50, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device (using shared secrets, para [0241]; "reader key" may be securely shared . . . During a transaction, a credential being transmitted from the wireless device, para [0361]; A link key is derived that is shared between the existing device and the new device, para [0471]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 51, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (to store credentials, . . . the same functionality of the wallet application described above (operating on a wireless device), para [0533]; Opening these API functionalities on the JAVA side . . . applications can be provisioned to the terminal using an over-the-air mechanism, para [0498]; This functionality may be built into the Wallet Application or could rely on an API. For example, the SIP Profile API Specification, para [0522]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

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Regarding claim 52, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network device includes an activation server or is in communication with the activation server. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network device includes an activation server or is in communication with the activation server (The ENUM Provisioner . . . mobile wallet service and activated, para [0280]; to store credentials, . . . The server-based wallet system, para [0533]; a server hosted and managed by the wallet service provider. The wallet server uses . . . to establish a username and password/PIN for web access to the account (the username and password/PIN are also tokens). The server-based wallet application . . . accessing the server-based wallet, para [0534]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network device includes an activation server or is in communication with the activation server, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 53, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:
provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by
providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials (Primary and secondary credential categories, para [0307]; to classify different credentials within the wallet application . . . credentials directly under a primary category or under a secondary category, para [0344]; An issuer of credentials may specify the primary category and secondary category (if applicable) that a particular credential should be linked to in the wallet application's credential tree; this information can be specified in the credential issuance record that is sent by the issuer to the wallet application on the wireless device, para [0346]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to: provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 54, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials (receiving a request from the issuer's card or user management system 120 to issue electronic credentials, para [0057]; the wireless device that can be used to activate the wallet application . . . an RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials . . . transmission of a credential that has a "reader key" and is approved for PIN-less transactions, para [0383]; a PIN to the user via an alternative channel in order to allow the user to decrypt and "activate" the credential, but may not require the PIN for use with every transaction, para [0401]; Other credential issuers may issue a credential to a wireless device, require the wallet PIN with every transaction, but also prompt the user for an issuer PIN (or PIN set with the issuer) on the POS terminal during each transaction, para [0402]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

-- Please See Supplemental Sheet --

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/US 10/21302

Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient.
Continuation of:
Box V. 2. Citations and explanations:

Regarding claim 55, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials (receiving a request from the issuer's card or user management system 120 to issue electronic credentials, para [0057]; the wireless device that can be used to activate the wallet application . . . an RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials . . . transmission of a credential that has a "reader key" and is approved for PIN-less transactions, para [0383]; a PIN to the user via an alternative channel in order to allow the user to decrypt and "activate" the credential, but may not require the PIN for use with every transaction, para [0401]; Other credential issuers may issue a credential to a wireless device, require the wallet PIN with every transaction, but also prompt the user for an issuer PIN (or PIN set with the issuer) on the POS terminal during each transaction, para [0402]); and activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (activating services, billing, and other functions, para [0280]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 56, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials (receiving a request from the issuer's card or user management system 120 to issue electronic credentials, para [0057]; the wireless device that can be used to activate the wallet application . . . an RFID-enabled wireless device that controls activation of the wallet application and transmission of credentials . . . transmission of a credential that has a "reader key" and is approved for PIN-less transactions, para [0383]; a PIN to the user via an alternative channel in order to allow the user to decrypt and "activate" the credential, but may not require the PIN for use with every transaction, para [0401]; Other credential issuers may issue a credential to a wireless device, require the wallet PIN with every transaction, but also prompt the user for an issuer PIN (or PIN set with the issuer) on the POS terminal during each transaction, para [0402]); activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (activating services, billing, and other functions, para [0280]); and send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (storing billing, para [0425]; billing address, . . . a credential that is transmitted to the wireless device, para [0180]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 59, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with a service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with a service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials (managing credentials on wireless device . . . multimedia services. . . communication services within a mobile operator's network, pare [0051]; Public/Private Dialing Plans--supports both public and private dialing plans, para [0231]; Wireless Credential Manager (WCM) 510 is used . . . SIP proxy servers that act on behalf of Sample Bank and Bob's mobile operator (MobileCo) to facilitate session establishment. This typical arrangement, para [0128]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to: associate the first communications device with a service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, because both of them teach
automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

-- Please See Supplemental Sheet --

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.
PCT/US 10/21302

Supplemental Box

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Continuation of:
Box V. 2. Citations and explanations:

Regarding claim 60, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity (a device status, user status, or application status might be captured as a Presence Status (for example "Device Status=Off-Hook", "User Status=Online", or "Application Status=Not Loaded"). Starting with a simple definition of "Online/Offline" status, Presence Status has been extended to include other context information around the status such as disposition (out-to-lunch, away-from the-computer) and activity status (on the phone, idle, etc.), para [0193]; Expiration date of credential, para [0303]; expiration date for usage, para [0341]; credentials were first issued and when issuers made other changes. This log captures, date/time, credential, and description of activity/change made by issuer, para [0490]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity, because both of them teach
automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 61, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity (a device status, user status, or application status might be captured as a Presence Status (for example "Device Status=Off-Hook", "User Status=Online", or "Application Status=Not Loaded"). Starting with a simple definition of "Online/Offline" status, Presence Status has been extended to include other context information around the status such as disposition (out-to-lunch, away-from the-computer) and activity status (on the phone, idle, etc.), para [0193]; Expiration date of credential, para [0303]; expiration date for usage, para [0341]; credentials were first issued and when issuers made other changes. This log captures, date/time, credential, and description of activity/change made by issuer, para [0490]); and redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity (the user has re-asserted his identity and that it is ok to re-activate the credential on the device, para [0445]; initiating the process include the use of computer via the requesting party's ISP 178, . . . to initiate the credential issuance process may be either the device to receive the credential or another wireless device, para [0044]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Regarding claim 62, Kolehmainen teaches the system of claim 26 as described above. But, Kolehmainen does not explicitly teach the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity, wherein the reactivation request is based at least in part on a second set of device credentials. However, Dua teaches the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity (a device status, user status, or application status might be captured as a Presence Status (for example "Device Status=Off-Hook", "User Status=Online", or "Application Status=Not Loaded"). Starting with a simple definition of "Online/Offline" status, Presence Status has been extended to include other context information around the status such as disposition (out-to-lunch, away-from the-computer) and activity status (on the phone, idle, etc.), para [0193]; Expiration date of credential, para [0303]; expiration date for usage, para [0341]; credentials were first issued and when issuers made other changes. This log captures, date/time, credential, and description of activity/change made by issuer, para [0490]); and redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity, wherein the reactivation request is based at least in part on a second set of device credentials (make changes to a credential in the wallet application. Examples of changes could include, a change to the credential's expiration date, . . . In such cases, the issuer can connect to the wallet application with a valid key, make the appropriate changes to the stored credential, para [0450]; expiration date, . . . The issuer could also request a special code or PIN . . . certain input information could be used as a decryption key for a credential that is transmitted to the wireless device, para [0180]; Credential issuers will have the ability to remotely cancel credentials, re-issue credentials, or manage credentials in other ways on a wireless device. During the initial issuance process, credential issuers will send a unique "credential issuer key" along with the credential they are issuing to the wallet application, para [0448]). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teachings of Kolehmainen with those of Dua in order to provide the system wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to: suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity, wherein the reactivation request is based at least in part on a second set of device credentials, because both of them teach automatically managing an access account at an access point by employing near field communications and issuing, managing, storing and using credentials authorizing the legitimate holder of such a credential, and to do so would improve the performance of managing credentials and an access account on a mobile device using personal area networks.

Claims 1-64 have industrial applicability as defined by PCT Article 33(4) because the subject matter can be made or used in industry.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

Application Number:	12380780
Filing Date:	02-Mar-2009
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

Filed as Small Entity

Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				
Extension - 3 months with $0 paid	2253	1	635	635

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Miscellaneous:				
Submission- Information Disclosure Stmt	1806	1	180	180
		Total in USD ($)		**815**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	12407813
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	69849
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Filer Authorized By:	Marc A. Sockol
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Receipt Date:	27-MAR-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	20:51:45
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$815
RAM confirmation Number	7282
Deposit Account	504561
Authorized User	
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)	

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)					
File Listing:					
Document Number	**Document Description**	**File Name**	**File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest**	**Multi Part /.zip**	**Pages (if appl.)**
1		160488-RALEP007-AmendandRespNotofChgofEntityIDS-032712.pdf	1713717 c8f51b306fb172a3df9c6a6333f3fadfe17559e8	yes	51

	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description		
	Document Description	**Start**	**End**
	Transmittal Letter	1	1
	Miscellaneous Incoming Letter	2	2
	Extension of Time	3	3
	Amendment/Req. Reconsideration-After Non-Final Reject	4	4
	Claims	5	19
	Applicant Arguments/Remarks Made in an Amendment	20	23
	Miscellaneous Incoming Letter	24	25
	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	26	27
	Non Patent Literature	28	51

Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	32316 1b8aa12092308c7c6b804e3457cfa18843294492	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	1746033		

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New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PTO/SB/21 (07-09)
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TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission	51

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687 Conf. No. 1775
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

ENCLOSURES *(Check all that apply)*

- ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
- ☐ Fee Attached
- ☒ Amendment/Reply (20 pgs.)
- ☐ After Final
- ☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)
- ☒ Extension of Time Request (1 pg.)
- ☐ Express Abandonment Request
- ☒ Information Disclosure Statement with PTO/SB/08a/b (4 pgs.)
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53
- ☐ Drawing(s)
- ☐ Licensing-related Papers
- ☐ Petition
- ☐ Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application
- ☐ Power of Attorney, Revocation, Change of Correspondence Address
- ☐ Terminal Disclaimer
- ☐ Request for Refund
- ☐ CD, Number of CD(s)
- ☐ Landscape Table on CD
- ☐ After Allowance Communication to TC
- ☐ Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
- ☐ Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
- ☐ Proprietary Information
- ☐ Status Letter
- ☒ Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below):

  Notice of Change of Entity Status from Large to Small (1 pg.); copy of International Search Report and Written Opinion for PCT/US2010/021302 (24 pgs.)

Remarks

You are hereby authorized to charge any additional fee required or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-4561.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm Name	Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP Customer No. 69849		
Signature			
Printed name	Marc A. Sockol		
Date	March 27, 2012	Reg. No.	40,823

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to the Commissioner for Patents on the date shown below:

Signature	Linda K. Brost		
Typed or printed name	Linda K. Brost	Date	March 27, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:	Examiner:
Gregory G. Raleigh	Andrew J. Rudy
Application No.: 12/380,780	Group Art Unit: 3687
Filed: March 2, 2009	Confirmation No.: 1775
For: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation	

Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF ENTITY STATUS FROM LARGE TO SMALL

Dear Sir:

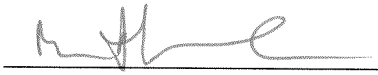
The Applicant herein is now entitled to claim small entity status for the above-referenced patent application, and shall henceforth pay fees due at the small entity rate, including those paid for extension and extra claim fees with respect to the Amendment and Response which has also been filed on this date.

Please change your records to reflect this change in entity status.

No fee should be required for this change of entity status, but if such fee is determined to be owed, please charge Deposit Account No. 50-4561 for the same.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: March 27, 2012

By: 

Marc A. Sockol
Reg. No. 40,823
Customer Number 69849
Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301-1432
Telephone: (650) 815-2600

W02-WEST:1LKB1\404888623.1

PTO/SB/22 (09-11)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARMENT OF COMMERCE
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PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME UNDER 37 CFR 1.136(a)	Docket Number (Optional) 26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Application Number: 12/380,770	Filed: March 2, 2009
For: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation	
Art Unit: 3687	Examiner: Andrew J. Rudy

This is a request under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) to extend the period for filing a reply in the above identified application.

The requested extension and fee are as follows (check time period desired and enter the appropriate fee below):

	Fee	Small Entity Fee	
☐ One month (37 CFR 1.17(a)(1))	$150	$75	$
☐ Two months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(2))	$560	$280	$
☒ Three months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(3))	$1270	$635	$ 635.00
☐ Four months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(4))	$1980	$990	$
☐ Five months (37 CFR 1.17(a)(5))	$2690	$1345	$

☒ Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27.

☐ A check in the amount of the fee is enclosed.

☐ Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.

☐ The Director has already been authorized to charge fees in this application to a Deposit Account.

☒ The Director is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number 50-4561.

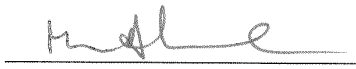
WARNING: Information on this form may become public. Credit card information should not be included on this form. Provide credit card information and authorization on PTO-2038.

I am the ☐ applicant/inventor.

☐ assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71.
Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed (Form PTO/SB/96).

☒ attorney or agent of record. Registration Number 40,823

☐ attorney or agent under 37 CFR 1.34.
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34 _____.



Signature

March 27, 2012
Date

Marc A. Sockol, Reg. No. 40,823
Typed or printed name

(650) 815-2600
Telephone Number

NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below.

☒ Total of 1 forms are submitted.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.136(a). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 6 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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PTO/SB/06 (07-06)
Approved for use through 1/31/2007. OMB 0651-0032
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PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD

Substitute for Form PTO-875

Application or Docket Number	Filing Date	☐ To be Mailed
12/380,780	03/02/2009	

APPLICATION AS FILED – PART I

	(Column 1)	(Column 2)	SMALL ENTITY ☐		OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY	
FOR	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE ($)	FEE ($)		RATE ($)	FEE ($)
☐ BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	
☐ SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), or (m))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	
☐ EXAMINATION FEE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	
TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(i))	minus 20 =	*	X $ =		OR	X $ =	
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(h))	minus 3 =	*	X $ =			X $ =	
☐ APPLICATION SIZE FEE (37 CFR 1.16(s))	If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is $250 ($125 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).						
☐ MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j))							
* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.			TOTAL			TOTAL	

APPLICATION AS AMENDED – PART II

AMENDMENT	03/27/2012	(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY RATE ($)	ADDITIONAL FEE ($)	OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY RATE ($)	ADDITIONAL FEE ($)
	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	* 64	Minus	** 64	= 0	X $ =		OR	X $60=	0
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	* 6	Minus	***6	= 0	X $ =		OR	X $250=	0
	☐ Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	☐ FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))							OR		
						TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	0

AMENDMENT		(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	RATE ($)	ADDITIONAL FEE ($)	OR	RATE ($)	ADDITIONAL FEE ($)
	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=	X $ =		OR	X $ =	
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	X $ =		OR	X $ =	
	☐ Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	☐ FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))							OR		
						TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	

* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.

** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".

*** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".

The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest number found in the appropriate box in column 1.

Legal Instrument Examiner:
/SHAREILL COLES/

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Substitute for form 1449A/PTO

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 1 of 3

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		6,449,479	09-10-2002	SANCHEZ, Eduardo	
		6,603,969	08-05-2003	VUORISTO, et al.	
		6,785,889	08-31-2004	WILLIAMS	
		6,829,696	12-07-2004	BALMER et al	
		6,920,455	07-19-2005	WESCHLER, Paul	
		6,998,985	02-14-2006	REISMAN et al	
		7,027,408	04-11-2006	NABKEL, et al.	
		7,092,696	08-15-2006	HOSAIN et al	
		7,158,792	01-02-2007	COOK et al	
		7,180,855	02-20-2007	LIN	
		7,280,818	10-09-2007	CLAYTON, Steve	
		7,324,447	01-29-2008	MORFORD	
		7,421,004	09-02-2008	FEHER, Kamilo	
		7,450,591	11-11-2008	KORLING, et al.	
		7,486,185	02-03-2009	CULPEPPER et al	
		7,574,731	08-11-2009	FASCENDA, Anthony C.	
		7,617,516	11-10-2009	HUSLAK, et al.	
		7,620,065	11-17-2009	FALARDEAU, Eric	
		7,668,903	02-23-2010	EDWARDS, et al.	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

*EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant. [1]Applicant's unique citation designation number (optional). [2]See Kinds Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.uspto.gov or MPEP 901.04. [3]Enter Office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [4]For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [5]Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST. 16 if possible. [6]Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached.

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 2 of 3

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		7,720,505	05-18-2010	GOPI, et al.	
		7,848,768	12-07-2010	OMORI, et al.	
		7,868,778	01-11-2011	KENWRIGHT, David Norris	
		7,873,705	01-18-2011	KALISH, Dan	
		7,882,029	02-01-2011	WHITE, Craig R.	
		7,941,184	05-10-2011	PRENDERGAST et al	
		7,975,184	07-05-2011	GOFF et al	
		7,986,935	07-26-2011	D'SOUZA et al	
		8,010,080	08-30-2011	THENTHIRUPERAI, et al.	
		8,010,081	08-30-2011	ROSKOWSKI, Steve	
		8,015,133	09-06-2011	WU, et al	
		8,015,234	09-06-2011	LUM et al	
		2002/0120540	08-29-2002	KENDE et al	
		2002/0131404	09-19-2002	MEHTA et al	
		2005/0254435	11-17-2005	MOAKLEY et al	
		2006/0014519	01-19-2006	MARSH et al	
		2006/0199608	09-07-2006	DUNN et al	
		2007/0093243	04-26-2007	KAPADEKAR et al	
		2007/0259673	11-08-2007	WILLARS et al	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 3 of 3

Complete if Known	
Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		2007/0263558	11-15-2007	SALOMONE	
		2008/0049630	02-28-2008	KOZISEK et al	
		2008/0162637	07-03-2008	ADAMCZYK et al	
		2008/0167027	07-10-2008	GAUTIER et al	
		2008/0180391	07-16-2009	PETERSEN et al	
		2008/0318547	12-25-2008	BALLOU et al	
		2009/0197585	08-06-2009	AARON, Jeffrey A.	
		2009/0257379	10-15-2009	ROBINSON et al	
		2010/0082431	04-01-2010	RAMER et al	
		2010/0188975	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
		2010/0188990	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
		2010/0188992	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
		2010/0188994	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
		2010/0191846	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	
		2010/0192170	07-29-2010	RALEIGH, Gregory G.	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3] "Number[4] "Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal	
Application Number:	12380780
Filing Date:	02-Mar-2009
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Filed as Small Entity	

Utility under 35 USC 111(a) Filing Fees

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
Pages:				
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Miscellaneous:				
Submission- Information Disclosure Stmt	1806	1	180	180
		Total in USD ($)		**180**

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	11795815
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	69849
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Filer Authorized By:	Marc A. Sockol
Attorney Docket Number:	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]
Receipt Date:	09-JAN-2012
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	21:22:34
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	Deposit Account
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$180
RAM confirmation Number	7343
Deposit Account	504561
Authorized User	
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees) Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.19 (Document supply fees)	

Charge any Additional Fees required under 37 C.F.R. Section 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)					
File Listing:					
Document Number	**Document Description**	**File Name**	**File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest**	**Multi Part /.zip**	**Pages (if appl.)**
1		160488-RALEP007-IDS-010912.pdf	204386 8b625e4b545ed813b9ca99d8bc44647248a187d7	yes	6
	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description				
	Document Description		**Start**	**End**	
	Transmittal Letter		1	1	
	Miscellaneous Incoming Letter		2	3	
	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)		4	6	
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	30397 e2ac6d411816f763fa31d5d309b84aea5ced1fb	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	234783		

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

<u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u>
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

<u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u>
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

<u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u>
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

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TRANSMITTAL FORM

(to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)

Total Number of Pages in This Submission	6

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Art Unit	3687 Conf. No. 1775
Examiner Name	Andrew J. Rudy
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 [RALEP007]

ENCLOSURES *(Check all that apply)*

- ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
  - ☐ Fee Attached
- ☐ Amendment/Reply
  - ☐ After Final
  - ☐ Affidavits/declaration(s)
- ☐ Extension of Time Request
- ☐ Express Abandonment Request
- ☒ Information Disclosure Statement with PTO/SB/08a/b (5 pgs.)
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts/ Incomplete Application
- ☐ Reply to Missing Parts under 37 CFR 1.52 or 1.53
- ☐ Drawing(s)
- ☐ Licensing-related Papers
- ☐ Petition
- ☐ Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application
- ☐ Power of Attorney, Revocation, Change of Correspondence Address
- ☐ Terminal Disclaimer
- ☐ Request for Refund
- ☐ CD, Number of CD(s) _____
- ☐ Landscape Table on CD
- ☐ After Allowance Communication to TC
- ☐ Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
- ☐ Appeal Communication to TC **(Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)**
- ☐ Proprietary Information
- ☐ Status Letter
- ☐ Other Enclosure(s) (please Identify below):

Remarks

You are hereby authorized to charge any additional fee required or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 50-4561.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT

Firm Name	Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP Customer No. 69849		
Signature			
Printed name	Marc A. Sockol		
Date	January 9, 2012	Reg. No.	40,823

CERTIFICATE OF ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being filed electronically via EFS-Web addressed to MS Amendment, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313 on the date shown below.

Signature	Linda K. Brost		
Typed or printed name	Linda K. Brost	Date	January 9, 2012

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:	Examiner: Andrew J. Rudy
Gregory G. Raleigh	Group Art Unit: 3687
Application No.: 12/380,780	Confirmation No.: 1775
Filed: March 2, 2009	
For: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation	

Mail Stop Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT PURSUANT TO 37 C.F.R. §§1.97-1.98 WITH FEE

Sirs:

In accordance with the duty of disclosure under 37 CFR §1.56 and pursuant to 37 CFR §§1.97-1.98, Applicant hereby notifies the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office of the references listed on the enclosed Form PTO-SB/08A. Pursuant to the USPTO's waiver of the requirements under 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2)(i) for submitting a copy of each cited U.S. patent, we are not submitting copies of U.S. patents and/or patent publications cited.

The present Information Disclosure Statement is being submitted after receiving the first office action but before an action closing prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, please charge Deposit Account No. 50-4561 in the amount of $180.00 as specified in 37 CFR §1.97(c) and 37 CFR §1.17(p).

The submission of the listed documents is not intended as an admission that any such document constitutes prior art against the claims of the present application. Applicant reserves the right to dispute any of the listed documents as prior art during examination. Furthermore,

Applicant does not waive any right to take any action that would be appropriate to antedate or otherwise remove any listed document as a competent reference against the claims of the present application. The submission of this Information Disclosure Statement is not to be construed as a representation that a search has been made or that no other material information may exist.

The Examiner is requested to initial the enclosed Form PTO-SB/08A and return a copy thereof to the undersigned.

If for any reason an insufficient fee has been paid, please charge the insufficiency to Deposit Account No. **50-4561**.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: January 9, 2012

By: _____

Marc A. Sockol
Reg. No. 40,823
Customer Number 69849
Sheppard, Mullin, Richter & Hampton LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301-1432
(650) 815-2600

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007	1775

69849 7590 09/28/2011

SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
390 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301

EXAMINER	
RUDY, ANDREW J	
ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3687	

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
09/28/2011	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	12/380,780	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ANDREW J. RUDY	3687	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1)☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on _____.

2a)☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b)☒ This action is non-final.

3)☐ An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on _____; the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.

4)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

5)☒ Claim(s) 1-64 is/are pending in the application.

5a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

6)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

7)☒ Claim(s) 1-64 is/are rejected.

8)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

9)☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

10)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

11)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

13)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:

1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) ☒ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ .
5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-64 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

> A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –
>
> (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kolehmainen, US 2006/0183462.

Kolehmainen discloses, e.g. Figs. 1-5 and related text, a processor of a mobile communications device having permanent, temporary or partial credentials.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

> (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 5-18, 21-23, 27, 34-56 and 59-62 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over, Kolehmainen, US 2006/0183462 in view of Dua, US 2006/0165060.

Kolehmainen discloses, e.g. Figs. 1-5 and related text, a processor of a mobile communications device having either permanent, temporary or partial credentials. Kolehmainen does not specifically disclose a first set of device credentials prior to a point of sale and prior to activation of the communication device, provisional actions, and the other features recited from the above claims.

Dua discloses, e.g. Figs. 1-9 and related text, e.g. [0013, 0018, 0026, 0044, 0051, 0058, 0123, 0128, 0156, 0180, 0193, 0199, 0231, 0271, 0280, 0288, 0303, 0341, 0383, 0402, 0405, 0410, 0425, 0487, 0491, 0498, 0522, 0533 et al.] the enumerated features Kolehmainen does not disclose and recited from the above claims.

To have provided a processor of a mobile communications device having a first set of device credentials prior to a point of sale and prior to activation of the communication device, provisional actions, and the other features recited from the above claims for Kolehmainen, would have been obvious in view of Dua.

6. Further pertinent references of interest are noted on the attached PTO-892.

7. Applicant's Information Disclosure Statements (IDS's) have been reviewed. Note the attached IDS's.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY whose telephone number is (571)272-6789. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Gart can be reached on 571-272-3955. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3687

Notice of References Cited	Application/Control No. 12/380,780	Applicant(s)/Patent Under Reexamination RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner ANDREW J. RUDY	Art Unit 3687	Page 1 of 1

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Name	Classification
*	A	US-2006/0165060	07-2006	Dua, Robin	370/352
*	B	US-2006/0183462	08-2006	Kolehmainen, Mikko	455/411
*	C	US-8,005,459	08-2011	Balsillie, Jim	455/411
*	D	US-7,580,857	08-2009	VanFleet et al.	705/14.41
*	E	US-6,658,254	12-2003	Purdy et al.	455/445
	F	US-			
	G	US-			
	H	US-			
	I	US-			
	J	US-			
	K	US-			
	L	US-			
	M	US-			

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Document Number Country Code-Number-Kind Code	Date MM-YYYY	Country	Name	Classification
	N					
	O					
	P					
	Q					
	R					
	S					
	T					

NON-PATENT DOCUMENTS

*		Include as applicable: Author, Title Date, Publisher, Edition or Volume, Pertinent Pages)
	U	
	V	
	W	
	X	

*A copy of this reference is not being furnished with this Office action. (See MPEP § 707.05(a).)
Dates in MM-YYYY format are publication dates. Classifications may be US or foreign.

PTO/SB/08 (08-03)

Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	1	of	2	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

U.S. Patent Documents					
Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Document Number Number-Kind Code (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	A.	US 2003/0088671	05-08-2003	KLINKER et al.	
	B.	US 2007/0248100	10-25-2007	ZUBERI et al.	
	C.	US 2008/0130534	06-05-2008	Tazuko Tomioka	
	D.	US 7,747,240	06-29-2010	BRISCOE et al.	
	E.	US 2006/0236095	10-19-2006	SMITH et al.	
	F.	US 2009/0054030	02-26-2009	Golds	
	G.	US 6,952,428	10-04-2005	NECKA et al.	
	H.	US 2010/0043068	02-18-2010	VARADHAN et al.	
	I.	US 2010/0071053	03-18-2010	ANSARI et al.	
	J.	US 2003/0005112	01-03-2003	Krautkremer	
	K.	US 2006/0045245	03-02-2006	AARON et al.	
	L.	US 2007/0076616	04-05-2007	NGO et al.	
	M.	US 2006/0190314	08-24-2006	Hernandez	
	N.	US 2009/0271514	10-29-2009	THOMAS et al.	
	O.	US 6,684,244	01-27-2004	GOLDMAN et al.	
	P.	US 2005/0055291	03-10-2005	BEVENTE et al.	
	Q.	US 2006/0019632	01-26-2006	CUNNINGHAM et al.	
	R.	US 2005/0238046	10-27-2005	HASSAN et al.	
	S.	US 5,577,100	11-19-1996	McGREGOR et al.	
	T.	US 6,198,915	03-06-2001	McGREGOR et al.	
	U.	US 6,650,887	11-18-2003	McGREGOR et al.	
	V.	US 7,245,901	07-17-2007	McGREGOR et al.	
	W.	US 7,373,136	05-13-2008	WATLER et al.	
	X.	US 6,725,031	04-20-2004	WATLER et al.	
	Y.	US 2002/0022472	02-21-2002	WATLER et al.	
	Z.	US 6,532,579	03-11-2003	SATO et al.	

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Foreign Patent Document Country Code–Number–Kind Code (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	AA.	WO 1999/065185	12-16-1999	British Telecommunications	
	BB.	WO 2007/018363	08-02-2006	Upresto, Inc.	

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS			
Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published	T^2
	CC.		
	DD.		

Examiner	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	09/23/2011

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.R./

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BIB DATA SHEET

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

SERIAL NUMBER	FILING or 371(c) DATE	CLASS	GROUP ART UNIT	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
12/380,780	03/02/2009 RULE	705	3687	RALEP007

APPLICANTS
Gregory G. Raleigh, Woodside, CA;

**** CONTINUING DATA ***************************
This appln claims benefit of 61/206,354 01/28/2009
and claims benefit of 61/206,944 02/04/2009
and claims benefit of 61/207,393 02/10/2009
and claims benefit of 61/207,739 02/13/2009

**** FOREIGN APPLICATIONS ***************************

**** IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED ****
03/19/2009

Foreign Priority claimed ☐ Yes ☑ No 35 USC 119(a-d) conditions met ☐ Yes ☑ No Verified and Acknowledged /ANDREW JOSEPH RUDY/ Examiner's Signature	☐ Met after Allowance Initials	STATE OR COUNTRY	SHEETS DRAWINGS	TOTAL CLAIMS	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS
		CA	84	64	6

ADDRESS
SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
390 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301
UNITED STATES

TITLE
Automated device provisioning and activation

FILING FEE RECEIVED		
5518	FEES: Authority has been given in Paper No._____ to charge/credit DEPOSIT ACCOUNT No._____ for following:	☐ All Fees ☐ 1.16 Fees (Filing) ☐ 1.17 Fees (Processing Ext. of time) ☐ 1.18 Fees (Issue) ☐ Other _____ ☐ Credit

Search Notes	Application/Control No.	Applicant(s)/Patent under Reexamination	
	12/380,780	RALEIGH, GREGORY G.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	ANDREW J. RUDY	3687	

SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner
705	16	9/20/2011	AJR
726	7	9/20/2011	AJR

INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

SEARCH NOTES (INCLUDING SEARCH STRATEGY)		
	DATE	EXMR
Inventor name search conducted.	9/20/2011	AJR
Continuity data reviewed.	9/20/2011	AJR
Bibliographic data sheet updated.	9/23/2011	AJR

PTO/SB/08 (08-03)

Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
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	2A	WO 2006/077481	07-27-2006	True Context Corporation	
	2B	WO 2008/051379	05-02-2008	Verizon Services	
	2C	WO 2008/080139	07-03-2008	Integrated Mobile	
	2D	WO 2004/077797	09-10-2004	Boston Communications	
	2E	WO 2003/058880	04-17-2003	Telia AB	

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published	T^2
	2F	HARTMANN et al., Agent-Based Banking Transactions & Information Retrieval-What about Performance Issues? 1999	
	2G	VAN EIJK, et al., GigaMobile, Agent Technology for Designing Personalized Mobile Service Brokerage, July 1, 2002	
	2H	YU LI, Dedicated E-Reading Devices: The State of the Art and Challenges, Scroll, Vol. 1, No. 1, 2008	
	2I	DIKAIAKOS et al., A Distributed Middleware Infrastructure for Personalized Services, November 24, 2003	
	2J	RAO et al., Evolution of Mobile Location-Based Services, Communication of the ACM, December 2003	
	2K	CHANDRASEKHAR et al., Femtocell Networks: A Survey, June 28, 2008	
	2L	HOSSAIN et al., Gain-Based Selection of Ambient Media Services in Pervasive Environments, 2008	
	2M	Author Unknown, 3GPP TS 23.203, V8.4.0, 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Policy and Charging Control Architecture (Release 8), December 2008	
	2N	Author Unknown, 3GPP TS 23.401, V8.4.0, 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; General Packer Radio Service (GPRS) Enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) Access (Release 8), December 2008	
	2O	STEPHAN STEGLICH, I-Centric User Interaction, November 21, 2003	
	2P	HAN et al., Information Collection Services for Qos-Aware Mobile Applications, 2005	
	2Q	ALONISTIOTI et al., Intelligent Architectures Enabling Flexible Service Provision and Adaptability, 2002	
	2R	ROLF OPPLIGER, Internet Security: Firewalls and Bey, Communications of the ACM, May 1997, Vol. 40. No.5	

ALL REFERENCES CONSIDERED EXCEPT WHERE LINED THROUGH. /A.R./

PTO/SB/08 (08-03)

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				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	2	of	2	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

Examiner	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	09/23/2011

Examiner: Initial citation considered. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

T[2] = Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached

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	3A	WO 2007/014630	02-08-2007	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson	WO 2007/014630
	3B	WO 2006/004467	01-12-2006	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson	WO 2006/004467

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published	T^2
	3C	KNIGHT et al., Layer 2 and 3 Virtual Private Networks: Taxonomy, Technology, and Standardization Efforts, IEEE Communications Magazine, June 2004	
	3D	KOUTSOPOULOU et al., Middleware Platform for the Support of Charging Reconfiguration Actions, 2005	
	3E	NILSSON et al., A Novel MAC Scheme for Solving the QoS Parameter Adjustment Problem in IEEE802.11e EDCA, February 2006	
	3F	Author Unknown, Overview of GSM, GPRS, and UMTS, Chapter 2, November 4, 2008	
	3G	CHAOUCHI et al., Policy Based Networking in the Integration Effort Of 4G Networks and Services, 2004 IEEE	
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	3J	FAROOQ et al., An IEEE 802.16 WiMax Module for the NS-3 Simulator, March 2-6, 2009	
	3K	Author Unknown, HP, IP Multimedia Services Charging, A White Paper from HP, January 2006	
	3L	Author Unknown, Kindle™ User's Guide 3rd Edition, Copyright 2004-2009	

Examiner	/Andrew Joseph Rudy/	Date Considered	09/23/2011

Examiner: Initial citation considered. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

T^2 = Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached

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	A.	US 2006/0048223	03-02-2006	LEE et al.	
	B.	US 6,965,667	11-15-2005	TRABANDT et al.	
	C.	US 2008/0268813	10-13-2008	Stephane H. Maes	
	D.	US 2007/0255848	11-01-2007	SEWALL et al.	
	E.	US 2008/0039102	02-14-2008	SEWALL et al.	
	F.	US 2006/0233108	10-19-2006	Murali R. Krishnan	
	G.	US 5,892,900	04-06-1999	GINTER et al.	
	H.	US 7,403,763	07-22-2008	Stephane H. Maes	
	I.	US 7,317,699	01-08-2008	GODFREY et al.	
	J.	US 7,353,533	04-1-2008	WRIGHT et al.	
	K.	US 7,322,044	01-22-2008	Scott E. Hrastar	
	L.	US 7,058,968	06-06-2006	ROWLAND et al.	
	M.	US 7,042,988	05-09-2006	JUITT et al.	
	N.	US 7,418,253	08-26-2008	Alan Kavanah	
	O.	US 7,242,920	04-10-2007	Robert P. Morris	
	P.	US 6,148,336	11-14-2000	THOMAS et al.	
	Q.	US 7,317,699	01-08-2008	GODFREY et al.	
	R.	US 7,325,037	01-29-2008	Karen L. Lawson	
	S.	US 6,141,686	10-31-2000	JACKOWSKI et al.	
	T.	US 2004/0044623	03-04-2004	WAKE et al.	
	U.	US 2006/0040642	02-23-2006	BORIS et al.	
	V.	US 2008/0229388	09-18-2008	Stephane H. Maes	
	W.	US 2008/0120688	05-22-2008	QIU et al.	
	X.	US 2003/0236745	12-25-2003	HARTSELL et al.	
	Y.	US 2008/0052387	02-28-2008	HEINZ et al.	
	Z.	US 2004/0019539	01-29-2004	RAMAN et al.	
	AA.	US 2004/0236547	11-25-2004	RAPPAPORT et al.	
	BB.	US 2002/0199001	12-26-2002	WENOCUR et al.	
	CC.	US 2004/0073672	04-15-2004	Fascenda	
	DD.	US 2006/0143098	06-29-2006	Lazaridis	
	EE.	US 6,098,878	08-08-2000	DENT et al.	
	FF.	US 2004/0198331	10-07-2004	COWARD et al.	
	GG.	US 2003/0004937	01-02-2003	SALMENKAITA et al.	
	HH.	US 2005/0107091	05-19-2005	VANNITHAMBY et al.	
	II.	US 2003/0224781	12-04-2003	MILFORD et al.	
	JJ.	US 2008/0189760	08-07-2008	ROSENBERG et al.	
	KK.	US 2005/0246282	11-03-2005	NASLUND et al.	
	LL.	US 2008/0316923	12-25-2008	FEDDERS et al.	
	MM.	US 2006/0026679	02-02-2006	Zakas	
	NN.	US 2008/0082643	04-03-2008	STORRIE et al.	

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Sheet	2	of	4	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

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				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
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Doc description: Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed

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Application Number	12380780
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Examiner Name	RUDY, Andrew J.
Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 - [RALEP007]

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Examiner nitials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
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	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	RALEIGH, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 - [RALEP007]

	30	20070298764		2007-12-27	CLAYTON		
	31	20090054030		2009-02-26	GOLDS		

If you wish to add additional U.S. Published Application citation information please click the Add button.

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initial*	Cite No	Foreign Document Number[3]	Country Code[2] i	Kind Code[4]	Publication Date	Name of Patentee or Applicant of cited Document	Pages,Columns,Lines where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear	T[5]
	1	WO1999/065185	WO		1999-12-16	British Telecommunications Public Limited Company		☐
	2	WO2007/018363	WO		2006-08-02	Upresto, Inc.		☐

If you wish to add additional Foreign Patent Document citation information please click the Add button

NON-PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner nitials*	Cite No	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc), date, pages(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[5]
	1	Author Unknown, "Data Roaming Tariffs - Transparency Measures." EUROPA - Europe's Information Society Thematic Portal website, date unknown.	☐

f you wish to add additional non-patent literature document citation information please click the Add button

EXAMINER SIGNATURE

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

EXAMINER: Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609. Draw line through a citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

FS Web 2.1.17

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	RALEIGH, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 - [RALEP007]

[1] See Kind Codes of USPTO Patent Documents at www.USPTO.GOV or MPEP 901.04. [2] Enter office that issued the document, by the two-letter code (WIPO Standard ST.3). [3] For Japanese patent documents, the indication of the year of the reign of the Emperor must precede the serial number of the patent document. [4] Kind of document by the appropriate symbols as indicated on the document under WIPO Standard ST.16 if possible. [5] Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language translation is attached.

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT (Not for submission under 37 CFR 1.99)		
	Application Number	12380780
	Filing Date	2009-03-02
	First Named Inventor	RALEIGH, Gregory G.
	Art Unit	3687
	Examiner Name	RUDY, Andrew J.
	Attorney Docket Number	26WV-160488 - [RALEP007]

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

Please see 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98 to make the appropriate selection(s):

☐ That each item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was first cited in any communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application not more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(1).

OR

☐ That no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was cited in a communication from a foreign patent office in a counterpart foreign application, and, to the knowledge of the person signing the certification after making reasonable inquiry, no item of information contained in the information disclosure statement was known to any individual designated in 37 CFR 1.56(c) more than three months prior to the filing of the information disclosure statement. See 37 CFR 1.97(e)(2).

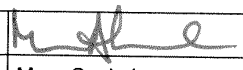
☐ See attached certification statement.

☐ The fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17 (p) has been submitted herewith.

☒ A certification statement is not submitted herewith.

SIGNATURE

A signature of the applicant or representative is required in accordance with CFR 1.33, 10.18. Please see CFR 1.4(d) for the form of the signature.

Signature		Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2011-07-15
Name/Print	Marc Sockol	Registration Number	40,823

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 1 hour to complete, including gathering, preparing and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these record s.

2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.

3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.

4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).

5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).

7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.

8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.

9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	10532051
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	69849
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Filer Authorized By:	Marc A. Sockol
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007
Receipt Date:	15-JUL-2011
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	19:57:23
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1		160488IDS071511.pdf	400474 2b5ce097460a2df5b328649f7682785e95430052	yes	17

	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description		
	Document Description	**Start**	**End**
	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	1	9
	Non Patent Literature	10	17

Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Foreign Reference	WO1999-065185A2A3.pdf	1952852 b4b22a6a3b435dba71663391f5ac019eb0e4ba7f	no	56
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Foreign Reference	WO2007-018363A1.pdf	1334141 9cafcccc441271e5e512f90966955e5bc126b32d	no	37
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	3687467		

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

69849
SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
390 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, CA 94301

POA ACCEPTANCE LETTER

OC000000047201444

Date Mailed: 04/20/2011

NOTICE OF ACCEPTANCE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 04/11/2011.

The Power of Attorney in this application is accepted. Correspondence in this application will be mailed to the above address as provided by 37 CFR 1.33.

/ttkim/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

POWER OF ATTORNEY NOTICE

OC000000047201423

Date Mailed: 04/20/2011

NOTICE REGARDING CHANGE OF POWER OF ATTORNEY

This is in response to the Power of Attorney filed 04/11/2011.

- The Power of Attorney to you in this application has been revoked by the assignee who has intervened as provided by 37 CFR 3.71. Future correspondence will be mailed to the new address of record(37 CFR 1.33).

/ttkim/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

PTO/SB/80 (11-08)
Approved for use through 11/30/2011. OMB 0651-0035
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

POWER OF ATTORNEY TO PROSECUTE APPLICATIONS BEFORE THE USPTO

I hereby revoke all previous powers of attorney given in the application identified in the attached statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b).

I hereby appoint:

☒ Practitioners associated with the Customer Number: 69849

OR

☐ Practitioner(s) named below (if more than ten patent practitioners are to be named, then a customer number must be used):

Name	Registration Number	Name	Registration Number

as attorney(s) or agent(s) to represent the undersigned before the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) in connection with any and all patent applications assigned only to the undersigned according to the USPTO assignment records or assignment documents attached to this form in accordance with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Please change the correspondence address for the application identified in the attached statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) to:

☒ The address associated with Customer Number: 69849

OR

☐ Firm or Individual Name			
Address			
City		State	Zip
Country			
Telephone		Email	

Assignee Name and Address:
Headwater Partners I, LLC
350 Marine Parkway, Suite 300
Redwood City, California 94065
U.S.A.

A copy of this form, together with a statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) (Form PTO/SB/96 or equivalent) is required to be filed in each application in which this form is used. The statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) may be completed by one of the practitioners appointed in this form if the appointed practitioner is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee, and must identify the application in which this Power of Attorney is to be filed.

SIGNATURE of Assignee of Record

The individual whose signature and title is supplied below is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee

Signature		Date: 18 MARCH	2011
Name	David R. Johnson	Telephone:	650-517-2782
Title	Chief Financial Officer		

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.31, 1.32 and 1.33. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 3 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether disclosure of these records is required by the Freedom of Information Act.
2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
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9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	9855385
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	21912
Filer:	Marc A. Sockol/Linda Brost
Filer Authorized By:	Marc A. Sockol
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007
Receipt Date:	11-APR-2011
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	20:29:55
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1		160488POAand3-73bStmt041111.pdf	172132 db3937fc92d338f4ec1e271e35b5c42cc9a151a4	yes	4

	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description		
	Document Description	**Start**	**End**
	Assignee showing of ownership per 37 CFR 3.73(b).	1	2
	Power of Attorney	3	4
Warnings:			
Information:			
	Total Files Size (in bytes):	172132	

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

<u>New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111</u>
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

<u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u>
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

<u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u>
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PTO/SB/96 (07-09)
Approved for use through 07/31/2012. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

STATEMENT UNDER 37 CFR 3.73(b)

Applicant/Patent Owner: Gregory G. Raleigh

Application No./Patent No.: 12/380,780 Filed/Issue Date: March 2, 2009

Titled: Automated Device Provisioning and Activation

Headwater Partners I, LLC , a limited liability company
(Name of Assignee) (Type of Assignee, e.g., corporation, partnership, university, government agency, etc.

states that it is:

1. [X] the assignee of the entire right, title, and interest in;

2. [ ] an assignee of less than the entire right, title, and interest in
(The extent (by percentage) of its ownership interest is _____ %); or

3. [ ] the assignee of an undivided interest in the entirety of (a complete assignment from one of the joint inventors was made)

the patent application/patent identified above, by virtue of either:

A. [X] An assignment from the inventor(s) of the patent application/patent identified above. The assignment was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at Reel 022796, Frame 0779, or for which a copy therefore is attached.

OR

B. [ ] A chain of title from the inventor(s), of the patent application/patent identified above, to the current assignee as follows:

1. From: _____ To: _____

The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at
Reel _____, Frame _____, or for which a copy thereof is attached.

2. From: _____ To: _____

The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at
Reel _____, Frame _____, or for which a copy thereof is attached.

3. From: _____ To: _____

The document was recorded in the United States Patent and Trademark Office at
Reel _____, Frame _____, or for which a copy thereof is attached.

[ ] Additional documents in the chain of title are listed on a supplemental sheet(s).

[X] As required by 37 CFR 3.73(b)(1)(i), the documentary evidence of the chain of title from the original owner to the assignee was, or concurrently is being, submitted for recordation pursuant to 37 CFR 3.11.

[NOTE: A separate copy (*i.e.*, a true copy of the original assignment document(s)) must be submitted to Assignment Division in accordance with 37 CFR Part 3, to record the assignment in the records of the USPTO. See MPEP 302.08]

The undersigned (whose title is supplied below) is authorized to act on behalf of the assignee.

_____ April 11, 2011
Signature Date

Marc A. Sockol, Reg. No. 40,823 Attorney of Record
Printed or Typed Name Title

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 3.73(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

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2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.
3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.
4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.
6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (*i.e.*, GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

PTO/SB/08 (08-03)

Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	1	of	2	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

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Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Document Number Number-Kind Code *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	A.	US 2003/0088671	05-08-2003	KLINKER et al.	
	B.	US 2007/0248100	10-25-2007	ZUBERI et al.	
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	D.	US 7,747,240	06-29-2010	BRISCOE et al.	
	E.	US 2006/0236095	10-19-2006	SMITH et al.	
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Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Foreign Patent Document Country Code–Number–Kind Code *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	AA.	WO 1999/065185	12-16-1999	British Telecommunications	
	BB.	WO 2007/018363	08-02-2006	Upresto, Inc.	

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Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published	T^2
	CC.		
	DD.		

Examiner	Date Considered

PTO/SB/08 (08-03)

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Sheet	2	of	2	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

Examiner: Initial citation considered. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

T[2] = Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	8579305
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	21912
Filer:	Michael J. Schallop/Veronica Pula
Filer Authorized By:	Michael J. Schallop
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007
Receipt Date:	08-OCT-2010
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	18:34:09
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	RALEP007_IDS_Before_1st_OA.pdf	55748 4d16b009a20c2226d0c5c3de2cf88628f4dd965f	no	2

Warnings:	
Information:	

2	Foreign Reference	RALE_Foreign_Ref_WO9965185.pdf	6077071 f063cbb3e0f18a62f5135d7984e5251b75511256c	no	49
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Filed (SB/08)	RALEP007_IDS_SB08_before_1st_OA_2_.pdf	103084 6dd220b9e6d619c0c938b647313722498e0a6f6f	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
This is not an USPTO supplied IDS fillable form					
4	Foreign Reference	RALE_Foreign_Ref_WO2007018363.pdf	1322623 37b720bd7d61efc44073aef18cbf624bab5e7d3b	no	37
Warnings:					
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		Total Files Size (in bytes):	7558526		

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Not Assigned
Application No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	2431
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Docket No.:	RALEP007
Title:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION		

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
UNDER 37 CFR §§1.56 AND 1.97(b) BEFORE MAILING OF A FIRST OFFICE ACTION

Commissioner for Patents
P. O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

The references listed in the attached PTO SB/08, may be material to examination of the above-identified patent application. Applicants disclose these references in compliance with their duty of disclosure pursuant to 37 CFR §§1.56 and 1.97. The Examiner is requested to make these references of official record in this application. Copies of the cited references are provided to the extent required by 37 CFR §1.98 and any applicable waivers.

This Information Disclosure Statement is not to be construed as a representation that a search has been made, that additional information material to the examination of this application does not exist, or that these references indeed constitute prior art.

This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed (1) with the above-referenced application or (2) within three months of the filing date of the above-referenced application or (3) before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits or (4) before the mailing date of a first Office Action after filing of a Request for Continued Examination. Accordingly, it is believed that no fees are due in connection with the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement. However, if it is determined that any fees are due, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge such fees to Deposit Account 50-0685 (Order No. RALEP007).

Respectfully submitted,
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP

/Michael J. Schallop/

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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

PUBLICATION NOTICE

OC000000042806453

Title: Automated device provisioning and activation

Publication No.US-2010-0192212-A1
Publication Date:07/29/2010

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION OF APPLICATION

The above-identified application will be electronically published as a patent application publication pursuant to 37 CFR 1.211, et seq. The patent application publication number and publication date are set forth above.

The publication may be accessed through the USPTO's publically available Searchable Databases via the Internet at www.uspto.gov. The direct link to access the publication is currently http://www.uspto.gov/patft/.

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Further assistance in electronically accessing the publication, or about PAIR, is available by calling the Patent Electronic Business Center at 1-866-217-9197.

Office of Data Managment, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

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Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
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Sheet	1	of	4	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

U.S. Patent Documents					
Examiner Initials	CiteNo.	Document Number Number-Kind Code (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
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	B.	US 6,965,667	11-15-2005	TRABANDT et al.	
	C.	US 2008/0268813	10-13-2008	Stephane H. Maes	
	D.	US 2007/0255848	11-01-2007	SEWALL et al.	
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	G.	US 5,892,900	04-06-1999	GINTER et al.	
	H.	US 7,403,763	07-22-2008	Stephane H. Maes	
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	L.	US 7,058,968	06-06-2006	ROWLAND et al.	
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	N.	US 7,418,253	08-26-2008	Alan Kavanah	
	O.	US 7,242,920	04-10-2007	Robert P. Morris	
	P.	US 6,148,336	11-14-2000	THOMAS et al.	
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	T.	US 2004/0044623	03-04-2004	WAKE et al.	
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	V.	US 2008/0229388	09-18-2008	Stephane H. Maes	
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	Y.	US 2008/0052387	02-28-2008	HEINZ et al.	
	Z.	US 2004/0019539	01-29-2004	RAMAN et al.	
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	EE.	US 6,098,878	08-08-2000	DENT et al.	
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				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
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	OO.	US 2007/0140275	06-21-2007	BOWMAN et al.	
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	AAAA.	US 2008/0134330	06-05-2008	KAPOOR et al.	
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				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	3	of	4	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

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	FFFF.	US 2008/0083013	04-03-2008	SOLIMAN et al.	
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	JJJJ.	US 2005/0266880	12-01-2005	Gupta	
	KKKK.	US 2003/0229900	12-11-2003	Reisman	
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	AAAAA.	US 2007/0140113	06-21-2007	Gemelos	
	BBBBB.	US 2002/0138601	09-26-2002	PIPONIUS et al.	
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				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	4	of	4	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

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Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Foreign Patent Document Country Code–Number–Kind Code (known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	1A	WO 2006/130960	12-14-2006	Mobidia, Inc.	
	1B	EP 1772988A1	04-11-2007	Huawei Technologies, Co., LTD.	
	1C	EP 1978772A1	10-08-2008	British Telecommunications	
	1D	WO 2007/053848	05-10-2007	Mobile Armor, LLC	
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	1H	WO 2003/014891	02-20-2003	The Boeing Company	
	1I	WO 2007/107701	09-27-2007	British Telecommunications	
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	1P	WO 2007/069245	06-21-2007	Yoggie Security	
	1Q	WO 2008/066419	06-05-2008	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson	
	1R	WO 2006/050758	05-18-2006	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson	

Examiner	Date Considered

Examiner: Initial citation considered. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

T[2] = Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	7846826
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	21912
Filer:	Michael J. Schallop/Veronica Pula
Filer Authorized By:	Michael J. Schallop
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007
Receipt Date:	21-JUN-2010
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	13:54:24
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	RALEP007_IDS_Before_1st_OA.pdf	55748 4d16b009a20c2226d0c5c3de2cf88628f4dd965f	no	2

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Information:					
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Information:					
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This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111
If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Not Assigned
Application No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	2431
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Docket No.:	RALEP007
Title:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION		

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
UNDER 37 CFR §§1.56 AND 1.97(b) BEFORE MAILING OF A FIRST OFFICE ACTION

Commissioner for Patents
P. O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

The references listed in the attached PTO SB/08, may be material to examination of the above-identified patent application. Applicants disclose these references in compliance with their duty of disclosure pursuant to 37 CFR §§1.56 and 1.97. The Examiner is requested to make these references of official record in this application. Copies of the cited references are provided to the extent required by 37 CFR §1.98 and any applicable waivers.

This Information Disclosure Statement is not to be construed as a representation that a search has been made, that additional information material to the examination of this application does not exist, or that these references indeed constitute prior art.

This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed (1) with the above-referenced application or (2) within three months of the filing date of the above-referenced application or (3) before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits or (4) before the mailing date of a first Office Action after filing of a Request for Continued Examination. Accordingly, it is believed that no fees are due in connection with the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement. However, if it is determined that any fees are due, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge such fees to Deposit Account 50-0685 (Order No. RALEP007).

Respectfully submitted,
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP

/Michael J. Schallop/

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Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	1	of	1	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

U.S. Patent Documents					
Examiner Initials	CiteNo.	Document Number Number-Kind Code (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Foreign Patent Document Country Code–Number–Kind Code	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	3A	WO 2007/014630	02-08-2007	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson	WO 2007/014630
	3B	WO 2006/004467	01-12-2006	Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson	WO 2006/004467

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published	T^2
	3C	KNIGHT et al., Layer 2 and 3 Virtual Private Networks: Taxonomy, Technology, and Standardization Efforts, IEEE Communications Magazine, June 2004	
	3D	KOUTSOPOULOU et al., Middleware Platform for the Support of Charging Reconfiguration Actions, 2005	
	3E	NILSSON et al., A Novel MAC Scheme for Solving the QoS Parameter Adjustment Problem in IEEE802.11e EDCA, February 2006	
	3F	Author Unknown, Overview of GSM, GPRS, and UMTS, Chapter 2, November 4, 2008	
	3G	CHAOUCHI et al., Policy Based Networking in the Integration Effort Of 4G Networks and Services, 2004 IEEE	
	3H	ZHU et al., A Survey of Quality of Service in IEEE 802.11 Networks, IEEE Wireless Communications, August 2004	
	3I	KYRIAKAKOS et al., Ubiquitous Service Provision in Next Generation Mobile Networks, Proceedings of the 13th IST Mobile and Wireless Communications Summit, Lyon, France, June 2004	
	3J	FAROOQ et al., An IEEE 802.16 WiMax Module for the NS-3 Simulator, March 2-6, 2009	
	3K	Author Unknown, HP, IP Multimedia Services Charging, A White Paper from HP, January 2006	
	3L	Author Unknown, Kindle™ User's Guide 3rd Edition, Copyright 2004-2009	

Examiner	Date Considered

Examiner: Initial citation considered. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

T^2 = Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	7848269
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	21912
Filer:	Michael J. Schallop/Veronica Pula
Filer Authorized By:	Michael J. Schallop
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007
Receipt Date:	21-JUN-2010
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	14:04:37
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	RALEP007_IDS_Before_1st_OA.pdf	55748 4d16b009a20c2226d0c5c3de2cf88628f4dd965f	no	2

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8	NPL Documents	RALE_NPL_Ref_3F.pdf	5141787 6ecd30cfa00263c87082d7274ae16e8caa198bf1	no	35
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Information:					
9	NPL Documents	RALE_NPL_Ref_3G.pdf	1451509 e95282786ba86e4a05ee8c793a9ec634aa5a654c	no	6
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11	NPL Documents	RALE_NPL_Ref_3I.pdf	112089 24c595d8153db4b6ba795d5be64c6f98b0573749	no	5
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12	NPL Documents	RALE_NPL_Ref_3J.pdf	338617 74671591bbc19ab5364956f70d29b176cce30b1f	no	11
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Information:					
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This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

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PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Not Assigned
Application No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	2431
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Docket No.:	RALEP007
Title:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION		

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
UNDER 37 CFR §§1.56 AND 1.97(b) BEFORE MAILING OF A FIRST OFFICE ACTION

Commissioner for Patents
P. O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

The references listed in the attached PTO SB/08, may be material to examination of the above-identified patent application. Applicants disclose these references in compliance with their duty of disclosure pursuant to 37 CFR §§1.56 and 1.97. The Examiner is requested to make these references of official record in this application. Copies of the cited references are provided to the extent required by 37 CFR §1.98 and any applicable waivers.

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Respectfully submitted,
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP

/Michael J. Schallop/

Michael J. Schallop
Registration No. 44,319
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Cupertino, CA 95014

Substitute for form 1449/PTO				Complete if Known	
Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	1	of	2	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

U.S. Patent Documents					
Examiner Initials	CiteNo.	Document Number Number-Kind Code (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS					
Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Foreign Patent Document Country Code–Number–Kind Code (if known)	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
	2A	WO 2006/077481	07-27-2006	True Context Corporation	
	2B	WO 2008/051379	05-02-2008	Verizon Services	
	2C	WO 2008/080139	07-03-2008	Integrated Mobile	
	2D	WO 2004/077797	09-10-2004	Boston Communications	
	2E	WO 2003/058880	04-17-2003	Telia AB	

NON PATENT LITERATURE DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials	Cite No.	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published	T^2
	2F	HARTMANN et al., Agent-Based Banking Transactions & Information Retrieval- What about Performance Issues? 1999	
	2G	VAN EIJK, et al., GigaMobile, Agent Technology for Designing Personalized Mobile Service Brokerage, July 1, 2002	
	2H	YU LI, Dedicated E-Reading Devices: The State of the Art and Challenges, Scroll, Vol. 1, No. 1, 2008	
	2I	DIKAIAKOS et al., A Distributed Middleware Infrastructure for Personalized Services, November 24, 2003	
	2J	RAO et al., Evolution of Mobile Location-Based Services, Communication of the ACM, December 2003	
	2K	CHANDRASEKHAR et al., Femtocell Networks: A Survey, June 28, 2008	
	2L	HOSSAIN et al., Gain-Based Selection of Ambient Media Services in Pervasive Environments, 2008	
	2M	Author Unknown, 3GPP TS 23.203, V8.4.0, 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Policy and Charging Control Architecture (Release 8), December 2008	
	2N	Author Unknown, 3GPP TS 23.401, V8.4.0, 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; General Packer Radio Service (GPRS) Enhancements for Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) Access (Release 8), December 2008	
	2O	STEPHAN STEGLICH, I-Centric User Interaction, November 21, 2003	
	2P	HAN et al., Information Collection Services for Qos-Aware Mobile Applications, 2005	
	2Q	ALONISTIOTI et al., Intelligent Architectures Enabling Flexible Service Provision and Adaptability, 2002	
	2R	ROLF OPPLIGER, Internet Security: Firewalls and Bey, Communications of the ACM, May 1997, Vol. 40. No.5	

PTO/SB/08 (08-03)

Substitute for form 1449/PTO				*Complete if Known*	
Information Disclosure Statement By Applicant *(Use as many sheets as necessary)*				Application No.:	12/380,780
				Filing Date	March 2, 2009
				First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
				Art Unit	2431
				Examiner Name	Not Assigned
Sheet	2	of	2	Atty Docket No.	RALEP007

Examiner	Date Considered

Examiner: Initial citation considered. Draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.

T[2] = Applicant is to place a check mark here if English language Translation is attached

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt

EFS ID:	7847817
Application Number:	12380780
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	1775
Title of Invention:	Automated device provisioning and activation
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Gregory G. Raleigh
Customer Number:	21912
Filer:	Michael J. Schallop/Veronica Pula
Filer Authorized By:	Michael J. Schallop
Attorney Docket Number:	RALEP007
Receipt Date:	21-JUN-2010
Filing Date:	02-MAR-2009
Time Stamp:	14:00:28
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Transmittal Letter	RALEP007_IDS_Before_1st_OA.pdf	55748 4d16b009a20c2226d0c5c3de2cf88628f4dd965f	no	2

Warnings:

Information:

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If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Not Assigned
Application No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	2431
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Docket No.:	RALEP007
Title:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION		

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT
UNDER 37 CFR §§1.56 AND 1.97(b) BEFORE MAILING OF A FIRST OFFICE ACTION

Commissioner for Patents
P. O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

The references listed in the attached PTO SB/08, may be material to examination of the above-identified patent application. Applicants disclose these references in compliance with their duty of disclosure pursuant to 37 CFR §§1.56 and 1.97. The Examiner is requested to make these references of official record in this application. Copies of the cited references are provided to the extent required by 37 CFR §1.98 and any applicable waivers.

This Information Disclosure Statement is not to be construed as a representation that a search has been made, that additional information material to the examination of this application does not exist, or that these references indeed constitute prior art.

This Information Disclosure Statement is being filed (1) with the above-referenced application or (2) within three months of the filing date of the above-referenced application or (3) before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits or (4) before the mailing date of a first Office Action after filing of a Request for Continued Examination. Accordingly, it is believed that no fees are due in connection with the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement. However, if it is determined that any fees are due, the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge such fees to Deposit Account 50-0685 (Order No. RALEP007).

Respectfully submitted,
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP

/Michael J. Schallop/

Michael J. Schallop
Registration No. 44,319
V (408) 207-4762
F (408) 973-2595

10050 N. Foothill Blvd, Ste 200
Cupertino, CA 95014

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

NONPUBLICATION RESCISSION LETTER

OC000000040381870

Date Mailed: 03/03/2010

Communication Regarding Rescission Of Nonpublication Request and/or Notice of Foreign Filing

Applicant's rescission of the previously-filed nonpublication request and/or notice of foreign filing is acknowledged. The paper has been reflected in the Patent and Trademark Office's (USPTO's) computer records so that the earliest possible projected publication date can be assigned.

The projected publication date is 07/29/2010.

If applicant rescinded the nonpublication request before or on the date of "foreign filing,"[1] then no notice of foreign filing is required.

If applicant foreign filed the application after filing the above application and before filing the rescission, and the rescission did not also include a notice of foreign filing, then a notice of foreign filing (not merely a rescission) is required to be filed within 45 days of the date of foreign filing. See 35 U.S.C. § 122(b)(2)(B)(iii), and Clarification of the United States Patent and Trademark Office's Interpretation of the Provisions of 35 U.S.C. § 122(b)(2)(B)(ii)-(iv), 1272 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 22 (July 1, 2003).

If a notice of foreign filing is required and is not filed within 45 days of the date of foreign filing, then the application becomes abandoned pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 122(b)(2)(B)(iii). In this situation, applicant should either file a petition to revive or notify the Office that the application is abandoned. See 37 CFR 1.137(f). Any such petition to revive will be forwarded to the Office of Petitions for a decision. Note that the filing of the petition will not operate to stay any period of reply that may be running against the application.

Questions regarding petitions to revive should be directed to the Office of Petitions at (571) 272-3282.

[1] Note, for purpose of this notice, that "foreign filing" means "filing an application directed to the same invention in another country, or under a multilateral international agreement, that requires publication of applications 18 months after filing".

/hsarwari/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

OPAP IAP4 FEB 16 2010 PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

IDW

PTO/SB/36 (01-08)
Approved for use through 01/31/2008. OMB 0651-0031
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

RESCISSION OF PREVIOUS NONPUBLICATION REQUEST
(35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(ii))
AND, IF APPLICABLE,
NOTICE OF FOREIGN FILING
(35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(iii))

Send completed form to:
Mail Stop PG Pub
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450
FAX: (571) 273-8300

Application Number	12/380,780
Filing Date	March 2, 2009
First Named Inventor	Greg G. Raleigh
Title	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
Atty Docket Number	RALEP007
Art Unit	2431
Examiner	Unknown

A request that the above-identified application not be published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b) (nonpublication request) was included with the above-identified application on filing pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(i).
I hereby **rescind** the previous nonpublication request.

If a notice of foreign or international filing is or will be required by 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(iii) and 37 CFR 1.213(c), I hereby provide such notice. This notice is being provided no later than forty-five (**45**) days after the date of such foreign or international filing.

*If a notice of subsequent foreign or international filing required by 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(iii) and 37 CFR 1.213(c) was not filed within forty-five (**45**) days after the date of filing of the foreign or international application, the application is ABANDONED, and a petition to revive under 37 CFR 1.137(b) is required. See 37 CFR 1.137(f).*

Michael J. Schallop — Signature
2-11-10 — Date

Michael J. Schallop — Typed or printed name
44,319 — Registration Number, if applicable

408-207-4762 — Telephone Number

This request must be signed in compliance with 37 CFR 1.33(b).

If information or assistance is needed in completing this form, please contact the Pre-Grant Publication Division at (703)605-4283 or by e-mail at PGPub@USPTO.gov.

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING OR TRANSMISSION
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Mail Stop PG Pub, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450, or facsimile transmitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on the date shown below.

Signature: Jennifer C. Gross
Name (Print/Type): Jennifer C. Gross — Date: 2/11/2010

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.213(b). The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11 and 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 6 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Mail Stop PG Pub, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

If you need assistance in completing the form, call 1-800-PTO-9199 and select option 2.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING or 371(c) DATE	GRP ART UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET.NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
12/380,780	03/02/2009	2431	5518	RALEP007	64	6

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

UPDATED FILING RECEIPT

21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

OC000000036401396

Date Mailed: 06/12/2009

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF APPLICANT, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection. Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. **If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a Filing Receipt Correction. Please provide a copy of this Filing Receipt with the changes noted thereon. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" for this application, please submit any corrections to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections**

Applicant(s)

Gregory G. Raleigh, Woodside, CA;

Assignment For Published Patent Application

Gregory G. Raleigh

Power of Attorney: The patent practitioners associated with Customer Number 21912

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This appln claims benefit of 61/206,354 01/28/2009
and claims benefit of 61/206,944 02/04/2009
and claims benefit of 61/207,393 02/10/2009
and claims benefit of 61/207,739 02/13/2009

Foreign Applications

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 03/19/2009

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 12/380,780**

Projected Publication Date: Request for Non-Publication Acknowledged

Non-Publication Request: Yes

Early Publication Request: No

Title

Automated device provisioning and activation

Preliminary Class

726

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4158).

LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER

Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

GRANTED

The applicant has been granted a license under 35 U.S.C. 184, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" followed by a date appears on this form. Such licenses are issued in all applications where the conditions for issuance of a license have been met, regardless of whether or not a license may be required as

set forth in 37 CFR 5.15. The scope and limitations of this license are set forth in 37 CFR 5.15(a) unless an earlier license has been issued under 37 CFR 5.15(b). The license is subject to revocation upon written notification. The date indicated is the effective date of the license, unless an earlier license of similar scope has been granted under 37 CFR 5.13 or 5.14.

This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

The grant of a license does not in any way lessen the responsibility of a licensee for the security of the subject matter as imposed by any Government contract or the provisions of existing laws relating to espionage and the national security or the export of technical data. Licensees should apprise themselves of current regulations especially with respect to certain countries, of other agencies, particularly the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (with respect to Arms, Munitions and Implements of War (22 CFR 121-128)); the Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce (15 CFR parts 730-774); the Office of Foreign AssetsControl, Department of Treasury (31 CFR Parts 500+) and the Department of Energy.

NOT GRANTED

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).

OIPE
JUN 01 2009
PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
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Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

RECEIVED
MAR 31 2009

FORMALITIES LETTER

OC000000035095014

Date Mailed: 03/25/2009

VAN PELT, YI & JAMES

NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

Filing Date Granted

Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The statutory basic filing fee is missing.
  *Applicant must submit $**330** to complete the basic filing fee for a non-small entity. If appropriate, applicant may make a written assertion of entitlement to small entity status and pay the small entity filing fee (37 CFR 1.27).*
- The oath or declaration is missing.
  A properly signed oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, identifying the application by the above Application Number and Filing Date, is required.
  Note: If a petition under 37 CFR 1.47 is being filed, an oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63 signed by all available joint inventors, or if no inventor is available by a party with sufficient proprietary interest, is required.

The application is informal since it does not comply with the regulations for the reason(s) indicated below.

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- Replacement drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.84 and 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required. The drawings submitted are not acceptable because:
  - The drawings must be reasonably free from erasures and must be free from alterations, overwriting, interlineations, folds, and copy marks. See Figure(s) 1-15, 22-23, 29-41, 46,48-55,57, 59,61, 63-64.
  - Numbers, letters, and reference characters on the drawings must measure at least 0.32 cm (1/8 inch) in height. See Figure(s) 22-23, 26A-46.
  - The drawings submitted to the Office are not electronically reproducible because portions of figures 1-15, 46,48-55, 57, 59, 61, 63-64 are missing and/or blurry.

Applicant is cautioned that correction of the above items may cause the specification and drawings page count to exceed 100 pages. If the specification and drawings exceed 100 pages, applicant will need to submit the required application size fee.

06/01/2009 EFLORES 00000003 12380780

01 FC:1011	330.00 OP
02 FC:1111	540.00 OP
03 FC:1311	220.00 OP
04 FC:1051	130.00 OP
05 FC:1201	660.00 OP
06 FC:1202	2288.00 OP
07 FC:1081	
	1350.00 OP

The applicant needs to satisfy supplemental fees problems indicated below.

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- Additional claim fees of **$2948** as a non-small entity, including any required multiple dependent claim fee, are required. Applicant must submit the additional claim fees or cancel the additional claims for which fees are due.
- To avoid abandonment, a surcharge (for late submission of filing fee, search fee, examination fee or oath or declaration) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(f) of **$130** for a non-small entity, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this notice.

SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is **$5518** for a non-small entity

- **$330** Statutory basic filing fee.
- **$130** Surcharge.
- The application search fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit **$540** to complete the search fee.
- The application examination fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit **$220** to complete the examination fee for a non-small entity.
- The specification and drawings contain more than 100 pages. Applicant owes **$1350** for **237** pages in excess of **100** pages for a non-small entity.
- Total additional claim fee(s) for this application is **$2948**
  - **$660** for **3** independent claims over 3.
  - **$2288** for **44** total claims over 20.

Replies should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Missing Parts
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria VA 22313-1450

Registered users of EFS-Web may alternatively submit their reply to this notice via EFS-Web.
https://sportal.uspto.gov/authenticate/AuthenticateUserLocalEPF.html

For more information about EFS-Web please call the USPTO Electronic Business Center at **1-866-217-9197** or visit our website at http://www.uspto.gov/ebc.

If you are not using EFS-Web to submit your reply, you must include a copy of this notice.

/mkanno/

Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit (571) 272-4000, or (571) 272-4200, or 1-888-786-0101

OIPE JUN 01 2009 PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Not Assigned
Application No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	2431
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Docket No.:	RALEP007
Title:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION		

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as First Class Mail in a prepaid envelope addressed to: Mail Stop Missing Parts, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on: 5/26, 2009.

Veronica Pula

RESPONSE TO NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS

MAIL STOP MISSING PARTS
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

This is a Response to Notice to File Missing Parts mailed **March 25, 2009.**

Application Elements:

☒ Declaration

☒ Newly executed (original or copy)

☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d) for a continuation or divisional). The entire disclosure of the prior application from which a copy of the declaration is herein supplied is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.

☐ Deletion of inventors Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

Accompanying Application Parts:

☐ Information Disclosure Statement with Form PTO/SB/08 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations

☒ Preliminary Amendment A (*New claims numbered after highest original claim in prior application.*)

☒ Return Receipt Postcard

☒ Copy of Notice to File Missing Parts of NonProvisional Application

☒ Other: One Hundred & Six (106) Replacement Drawings

Amendments

☐ Cancel in this application original claims _____ of the prior application before calculating the filing fee. (*At least one original independent claim must be retained.*)

Fee Calculation (37 CFR § 1.16)

					Small Entity			Large Entity	
					Rate	Fee		Rate	Fee
Filing Fees					x $165 = $		OR	x $330 = $	330
Search Fees					x $270 = $		OR	x $540 = $	540
Examination Fees					x $110 = $		OR	x $220 = $	220
CLAIMS	Filed.		Extra						
Total	64	Less 20	44		x $26 = $		OR	x $52 = $	2288
Independent	6	Less 3	3		x $110 = $		OR	x $220 = $	660
Multiple Dependent Claims			-0-		x $195 = $		OR	x $390 = $	
Declaration and Surcharge Fee					X $65 = $		OR	X $130 = $	130
Excess Page Fee									1350
					TOTAL FILING FEE $			TOTAL FILING FEE $	**5518.00**

☐ Applicants petition for an extension of time to respond under 37 CFR § 1.136(a) as follows:

	SMALL ENTITY			LARGE ENTITY	
	Rate	Add'l Fee		Rate	Add'l Fee
☐ Extension for Response within FIRST month	x $65 = $		OR	x $130 = $	
☐ Extension for Response within SECOND month	x $245 = $		OR	x $490 = $	
☐ Extension for Response within THIRD month	x $555 = $		OR	x $1110 = $	
☐ Extension for Response within FOURTH month	x $865 = $		OR	x $1730= $	
☐ Extension for Response within FIFTH month	x $1175 = $		OR	x $2350 = $	

☒ Check No. 4785 for $5518.00 is enclosed.

General Authorizations

☒ Applicants hereby make and generally authorize any Petitions for Extensions of Time as needed for this or any subsequent filings. The Commissioner is also authorized to charge any extension fees under 37 CFR §1.17 as needed to Deposit Account No. 50-0685 (Order No. RALEP007).

☒ The Commissioner is given general authorization to charge any fees or to credit any overpayment during the pendency of this application to Deposit Account No. 50-0685 (Order No. RALEP007).

☒ Please send correspondence to the following address:

Customer No. 21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. Foothill Blvd.
Suite 200
Cupertino, CA 95014

Date: 5-26-2009

Michael J. Schallop
Reg. No. 44,319

OIPE IAP61 JUN 01 2009 PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR ORIGINAL U.S. PATENT APPLICATION

Attorney's Docket No. RALEP007

As a below-named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION**, the specification of which,

(check one)

1. ☐ is attached hereto.

2. ☒ was filed on March 2, 2009 as U.S. Application No. 12/380,780 and was amended on _____.

3. ☐ was filed on _____ as International PCT Application No. _____ and was amended on _____.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

For Assigned Inventions: I understand that the purpose of making this appointment is to permit prosecution of patent applications for the above-identified invention for the benefit of my assignee, and that this appointment does not create an attorney-client relationship between me and these appointees.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR § 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States code, § 119(a)-(d) or § 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s) Priority Benefits Claimed?

(Appl. No.)	(Country)	(Filing Date)	☐Yes ☐No

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

Prior Provisional Application(s)

(Application No.)	(Filing Date)
61/206,354	1/28/2009
61/206,944	2/4/2009

61/207,393	2/10/2009
(Application No.)	(Filing Date)
61/207,739	2/13/2009
(Application No.)	(Filing Date)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Prior U.S. Application(s)

(Application No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status - patented, pending, abandoned)

And I hereby appoint the attorneys and/or agents associated with Customer No. **21912** as my principal attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

Please Direct all Correspondence To: **Customer No. 21912**
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. Foothill Blvd., Suite 200
Cupertino, CA 95014

Direct Telephone Calls To: **Michael J. Schallop at telephone number (408) 207-4762**

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Full name of sole or first inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh				
Signature of sole or first inventor				Date:	March 24, 2009
Residence: City	Woodside	State:	CA	Citizenship:	United States
Mailing Address	131 Fox Hollow Rd., Woodside, CA 94062				

OIPE
JUN 01 2009
PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Inventor:	Gregory G. Raleigh	Examiner:	Not Assigned
Application No.:	12/380,780	Art Unit:	2431
Filed:	March 2, 2009	Docket No.:	RALEP007
Title:	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION		

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as First Class Mail in a prepaid envelope addressed to: Mail Stop Missing Parts, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on:

5/26, 2009.

Veronica Pula

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT A

Mail Stop Missing Parts
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

Prior to the examination of the application on the merits, please amend the application as follows:

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace paragraph **[0001]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

--This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/206,354 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP001+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed January 28, 2009, U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/206,944 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP002+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed February 4, 2009, U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/207,393 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP003+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed February 10, 2009, and U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. [[_____]] 61/207,739 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP004+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed on February 13, 2009, which are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes. –

Please replace paragraph **[0026]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- ~~Figure 22~~ Figures 22A through 22B provide[[s]] tables summarizing various service processor agents (and/or components/functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments.--

Please replace paragraph **[0030]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- ~~Figures 26A through 26E~~ Figures 26A through 26H provide tables summarizing various service processor heartbeat functions and parameters in accordance with some embodiments. --

Please replace paragraph **[0031]**, with the following rewritten paragraph

-- ~~Figures 27A through 27G~~ Figures 27A through 27P provide tables summarizing various device based service policy implementation verification techniques in accordance with some

embodiments.--

Please replace paragraph **[0032]**, with the following rewritten paragraph

-- ~~Figures 28A through 28C~~ Figures 28A through 28 E provide tables summarizing various techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise in accordance with some embodiments.--

Please replace paragraph **[0046]**, with the following rewritten paragraph

-- ~~Figures 42A through 42F~~ Figures 42A through 42J provide tables summarizing various service policy control commands in accordance with some embodiments. --

Please replace paragraph **[00318]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- ~~Figure 22~~ Figures 22A through 22B provide[[s]] tables summarizing various service processor 115 agents (and/or components/functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these agents are similarly described above, and the table shown in ~~Figure 22~~ Figures 22A through 22B [[is]] are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these agents, nor an exhaustive description of all functions that the agents perform or are described herein, but rather ~~Figure 22~~ Figures 22A through 22B [[is]] are provided as a summary aid in understanding the basic functions of each agent in accordance with some embodiments and how the agents interact with one another, with the service controller server elements, and/or with other network functions in certain embodiments to form a reliable device based service delivery solution and/or platform.--

Please replace paragraph **[00328]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

--~~Figures 26A through 26E~~ Figures 26A through 26H provide tables summarizing various service processor heartbeat functions and parameters (e.g., implemented by various agents, components, and/or functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these heartbeat functions and parameters are similarly described above, and the tables shown in ~~Figures 26A-E~~ Figures 26A through 26H are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these heartbeat functions and parameters, but rather are provided as an aid in understanding these functions and parameters in accordance with some heartbeat based embodiments described herein.--

Please replace paragraph **[00329]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- ~~Figures 27A through 27G~~ Figures 27A through 27P provide tables summarizing various device based service policy implementation verification techniques in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these device based service policy implementation verification techniques are similarly described above, and the tables shown in ~~Figures 27A through 27G~~ Figures 27A through 27P are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these device based service policy implementation verification techniques, but rather are provided as an aid in understanding these techniques in accordance with some device based service policy embodiments described herein.--

Please replace paragraph **[00330]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- ~~Figures 28A through 28C~~ Figures 28A through 28E provide tables summarizing various techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise are similarly described above, and the tables shown in ~~Figures 28A-C~~ Figures 28A through 28E are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise, but rather are provided as an aid in understanding these techniques in accordance with some device based service policy embodiments described herein.--

Please replace paragraph **[00371]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

-- ~~Figures 42A through 42F~~ Figures 42A through 42J provide tables summarizing various service policy control commands in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these service policy control commands are similarly described above, and the tables shown in ~~Figures 42A-F~~ Figures 42A through 42J are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these service policy control commands and do not include summaries of all the embodiments described herein, but rather are provided as a summary aid in understanding these service policy control commands in accordance with various embodiments described herein.--

Please replace paragraph **[00534]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

--It will now be apparent that billing can also be implemented with a single account

encompassing service usage for all users or end point devices connected to an intermediate networking device, or for individual users, end point devices, user groups or end point device groups connected to an intermediate networking device. As similarly described with respect to the service profile, this is accomplished by associating service usage events and associated billing events with [[a]] an end point device identifier, user identifier, end point device group identifier, and/or user group identifier. --

Please replace paragraph **[00546]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

--In embodiments in which the end point device requires agent software, the software can be loaded at time of manufacture or during distribution, loaded later, and/or made available for download through the intermediate networking device. In the case in which the end point device agent SW is downloaded through the end point device, there can be locally cached copies of the SW for one or more OS variants stored in a cache on the intermediate networking device, with the cache being updated over the network at convenient or conducive times, or the software can be downloaded live over the network when it is needed by the end point device. Logging the service usage to download this software is another example in which bill by account functionality can be used to track network traffic that may not be desirable to bill to [[a]] an end point device owner or user, and bill by account functionality can be used to log and mediate such usage out of the user or end point device owner's bill.--

Please replace paragraph **[00548]**, with the following rewritten paragraph:

--In the case of a femto cell intermediate networking device, in some embodiments, it is desirable to facilitate handover from the WWAN network to the femto cell. In some embodiments, this provided in the intermediate networking device service processor 115 in a variety of ways. In some embodiments, the voice and data traffic is routed through a VPN tunnel controlled by the service processor 115 and connected to a network element, such as the transport gateway or another specified traffic concentration destination for the femto cell. In some embodiments, the voice traffic, the data traffic or both can be routed in secure or open Internet channels to different destinations, or the data can be routed directly to the Internet destination specified by the packets. In some embodiments, the femto cell intermediate networking device controls the femto cell frequencies or local frequency channel strength surveys over the intermediate networking device control channel. In some embodiments, the

service processor 115 has a VPN connection to a network base station hand off controller to assist in handoff to and from the WWAN network and/or has the capability to instruct the end point device and the base station handoff controller. In some embodiment, whenever an end point device authenticated for femto cell access is within range of the femto cell, the service provider desires to set up a service processor 115 profile to get the end point device to connect to the femto cell even if it has a strong signal with one or more WWAN base stations so that the WWAN traffic may be offloaded. In some embodiments, the service processor 115 can form a secure control plane link with network AAA functions to manage authorization and admission of end point devices the femto cell has not yet admitted, or the network policies can require re-authorization every time [[a]] an end point device attempts access. Once an end point device is connected to the femto cell intermediate networking device, the verifiable traffic monitoring, control and billing functions described herein can be applied to various application embodiments. For example, the intermediate networking device service policy verification techniques disclosed herein, as similarly described with respect to various device embodiments, can similarly be applied to the femto cell intermediate networking device embodiments. --

AMENDMENTS TO THE DRAWINGS

The attached sheets of drawings include Figures 22A through 22B. Figures 22A through 22B submitted herewith correspond to originally filed Figure 22. These sheets, which include Figures 22A through 22B, replace the original sheet which includes Figure 22.

The attached sheets of drawings include Figures 26A through 26H. Figures 26A through 26H submitted herewith correspond to originally filed Figure 26A through 26E. These sheets, which include Figures 26Athrough 26H, replace the original sheets which include Figure 26A through 26E.

The attached sheets of drawings include Figures 27A through 27P. Figures 27A through 27P submitted herewith correspond to originally filed Figure 27A through 27G. These sheets, which include Figures 27A through 27P, replace the original sheets which include Figure 27A through 26G.

The attached sheets of drawings include Figures 28A through 28E. Figures 28A through 28E submitted herewith correspond to originally filed Figure 28A through 28C. These sheets, which include Figures 28A through 28E, replace the original sheets which include Figure 28A through 28C.

The attached sheets of drawings include Figures 42A through 42J. Figures 42A through 42J submitted herewith correspond to originally filed Figure 42A through 42F. These sheets, which include Figures 42A through 42J, replace the original sheets which include Figure 42A through 42F.

REMARKS

The Specification has been amended to include the serial number for a provisional patent application to which this application claims priority and to correct typographical/clerical errors. The Specification has also been amended to correspond to the formal figures being filed herewith, in which, for example, certain figures providing various tables required additional pages to satisfy requirements for formal drawings. No new matter has been added.

If at any time the Examiner believes that an interview would be helpful, please contact the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: 5-26-2009

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Registration No. 44,319
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F 408-973-2595

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Cupertino, CA 95014

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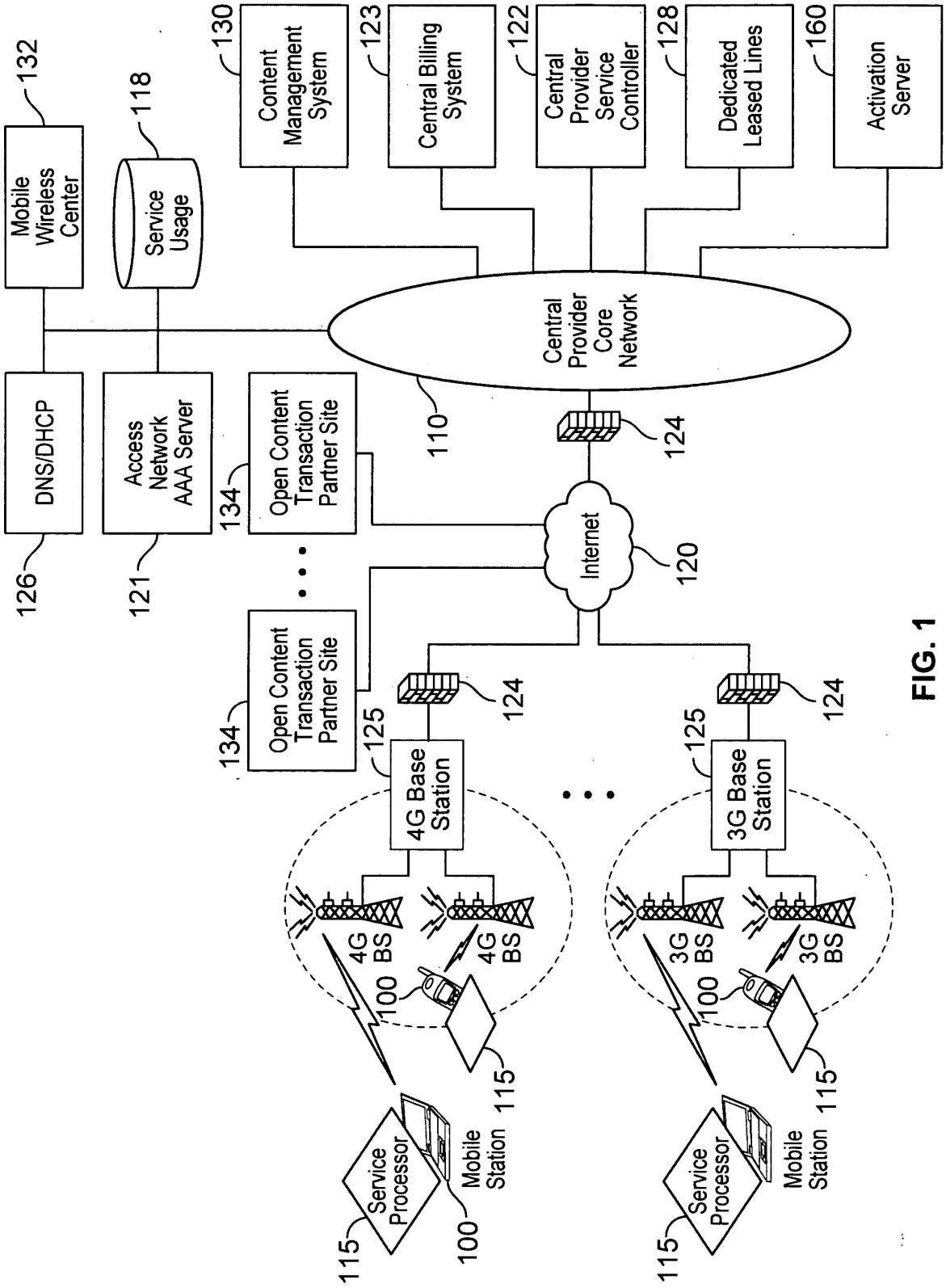

Mobile Wireless Center
132
Service Usage
118
Content Management System
130
Central Billing System
123
Central Provider Service Controller
122
Dedicated Leased Lines
128
Activation Server
160
Central Provider Core Network
110
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Internet
120
124
124
124
4G Base Station
125
3G Base Station
125
4G BS
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
100
100
Service Processor
115
Mobile Station
100
Service Processor
115
Mobile Station
115

FIG. 1

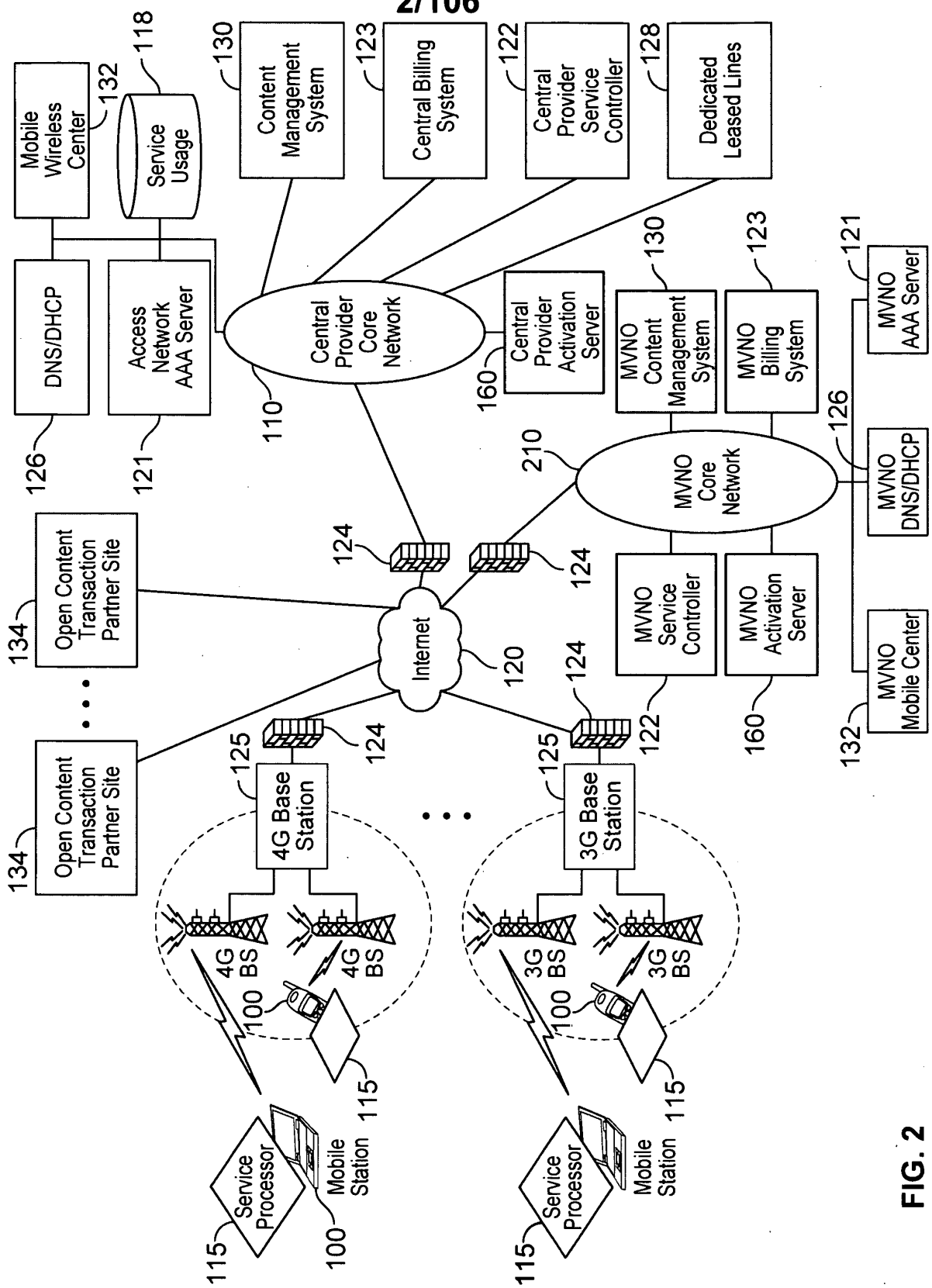

Mobile Wireless Center
132
Service Usage
118
Content Management System
130
Central Billing System
123
Central Provider Service Controller
122
Dedicated Leased Lines
128
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
110
Central Provider Activation Server
160
MVNO Content Management System
130
MVNO Billing System
123
MVNO AAA Server
121
MVNO Core Network
210
MVNO DNS/DHCP
126
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Internet
120
MVNO Service Controller
122
MVNO Activation Server
160
MVNO Mobile Center
132
4G Base Station
125
3G Base Station
125
4G BS
3G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station
124

FIG. 2

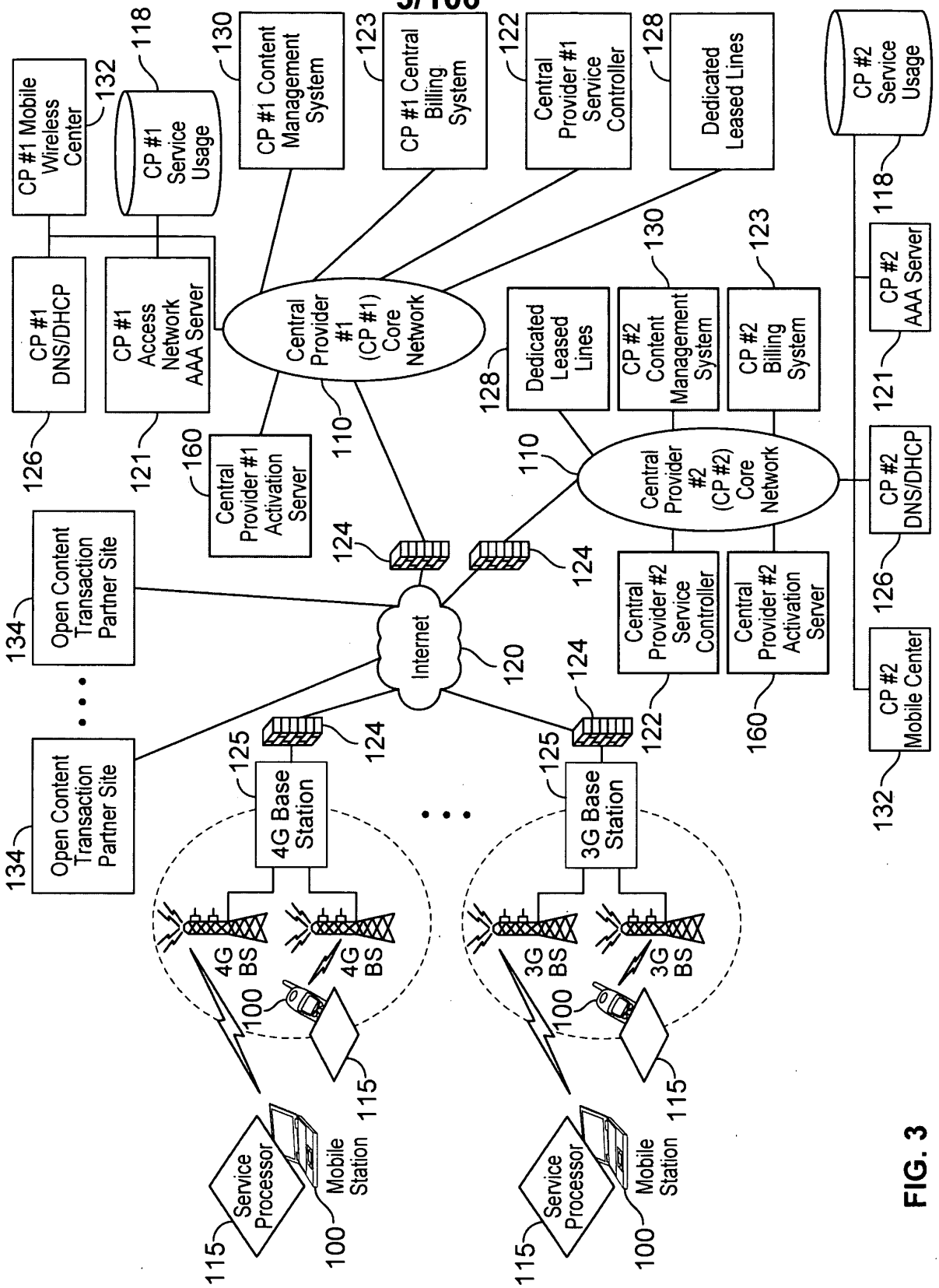

CP #1 Mobile Wireless Center
132
CP #1 Service Usage
118
CP #1 Content Management System
130
CP #1 Central Billing System
123
Central Provider #1 Service Controller
122
Dedicated Leased Lines
128
CP #2 Service Usage
CP #1 DNS/DHCP
126
CP #1 Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider #1 Activation Server
160
Central Provider #1 (CP #1) Core Network
110
Dedicated Leased Lines
128
CP #2 Content Management System
130
CP #2 Billing System
123
CP #2 AAA Server
118
CP #2 DNS/DHCP
126
CP #2 Mobile Center
132
Central Provider #2 (CP #2) Core Network
110
Central Provider #2 Service Controller
122
Central Provider #2 Activation Server
160
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Internet
120
124
4G Base Station
125
3G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 3

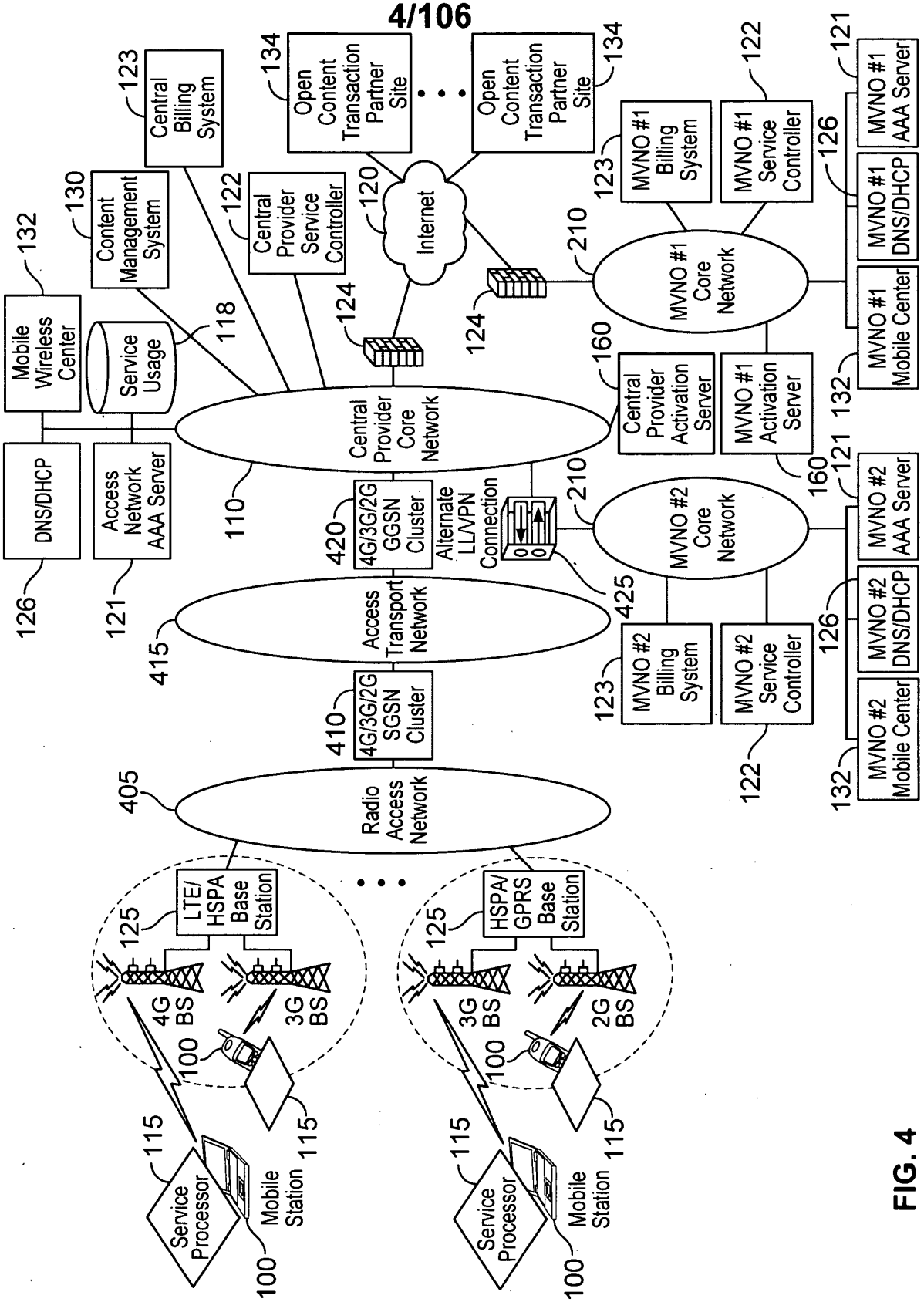

Mobile Wireless Center
132
DNS/DHCP
126
Content Management System
130
Service Usage
118
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Billing System
123
Central Provider Service Controller
122
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Internet
120
Central Provider Core Network
110
Central Provider Activation Server
160
4G/3G/2G GGSN Cluster
420
Alternate LL/VPN Connection
425
Access Transport Network
415
4G/3G/2G SGSN Cluster
410
Radio Access Network
405
LTE/ HSPA Base Station
125
HSPA/ GPRS Base Station
125
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station
MVNO #1 Billing System
123
MVNO #1 Service Controller
122
MVNO #1 AAA Server
121
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP
126
MVNO #1 Mobile Center
132
MVNO #1 Core Network
210
MVNO #1 Activation Server
160
MVNO #2 Billing System
123
MVNO #2 Service Controller
122
MVNO #2 AAA Server
121
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP
126
MVNO #2 Mobile Center
132
MVNO #2 Core Network
210

FIG. 4

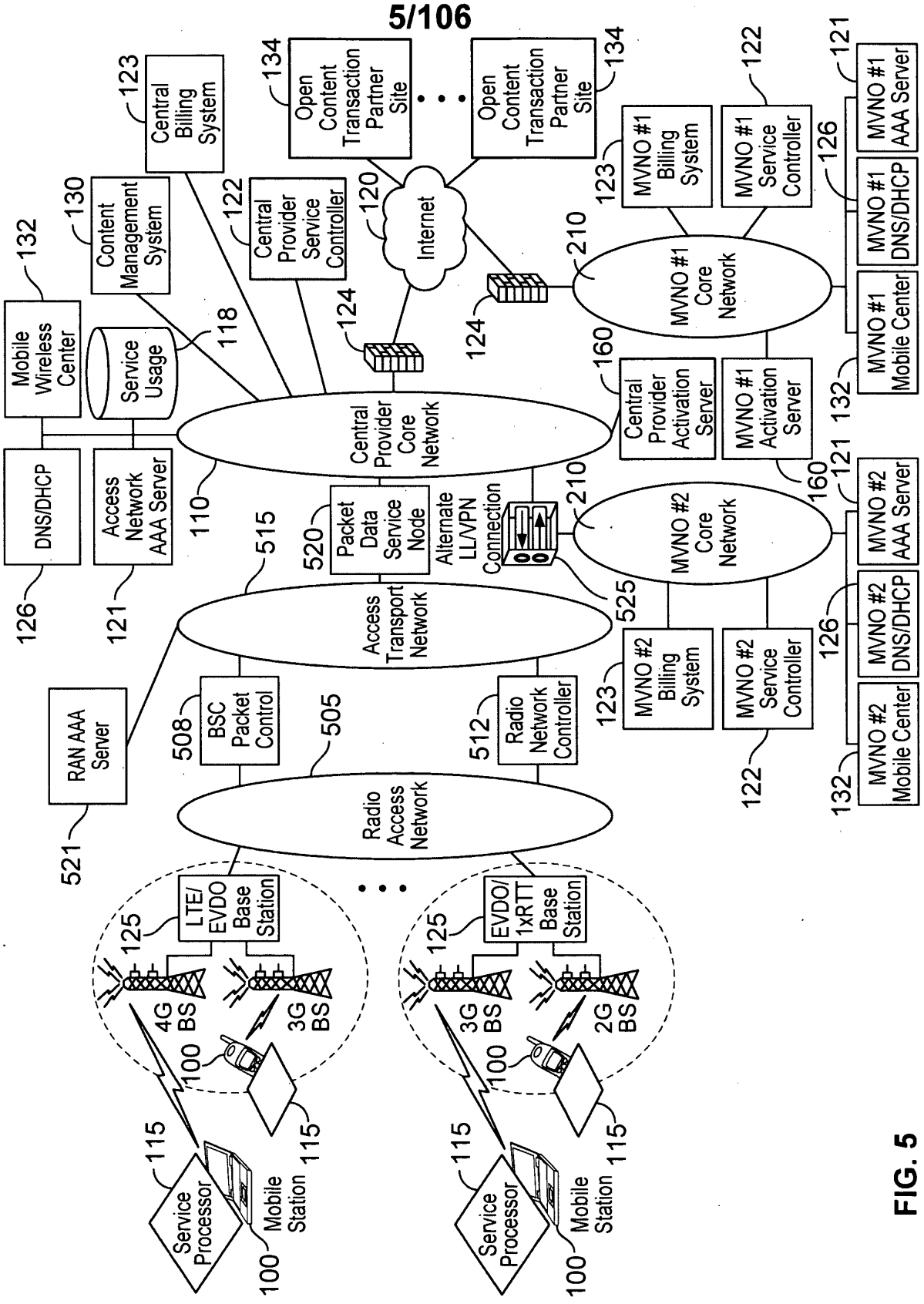

Central Billing System
123
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Content Management System
130
Central Provider Service Controller
122
Internet
120
MVNO #1 Billing System
123
MVNO #1 Service Controller
122
MVNO #1 AAA Server
121
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Service Usage
118
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
110
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP
126
MVNO #1 Mobile Center
132
MVNO #1 Core Network
210
Central Provider Activation Server
160
MVNO #1 Activation Server
160
Packet Data Service Node
520
Alternate LL/VPN Connection
210
MVNO #2 Core Network
210
MVNO #2 AAA Server
121
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP
126
MVNO #2 Mobile Center
132
MVNO #2 Billing System
123
MVNO #2 Service Controller
122
Access Transport Network
515
525
RAN AAA Server
521
BSC Packet Control
508
Radio Network Controller
512
Radio Access Network
505
LTE/ EVDO Base Station
125
EVDO/ 1xRTT Base Station
125
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 5

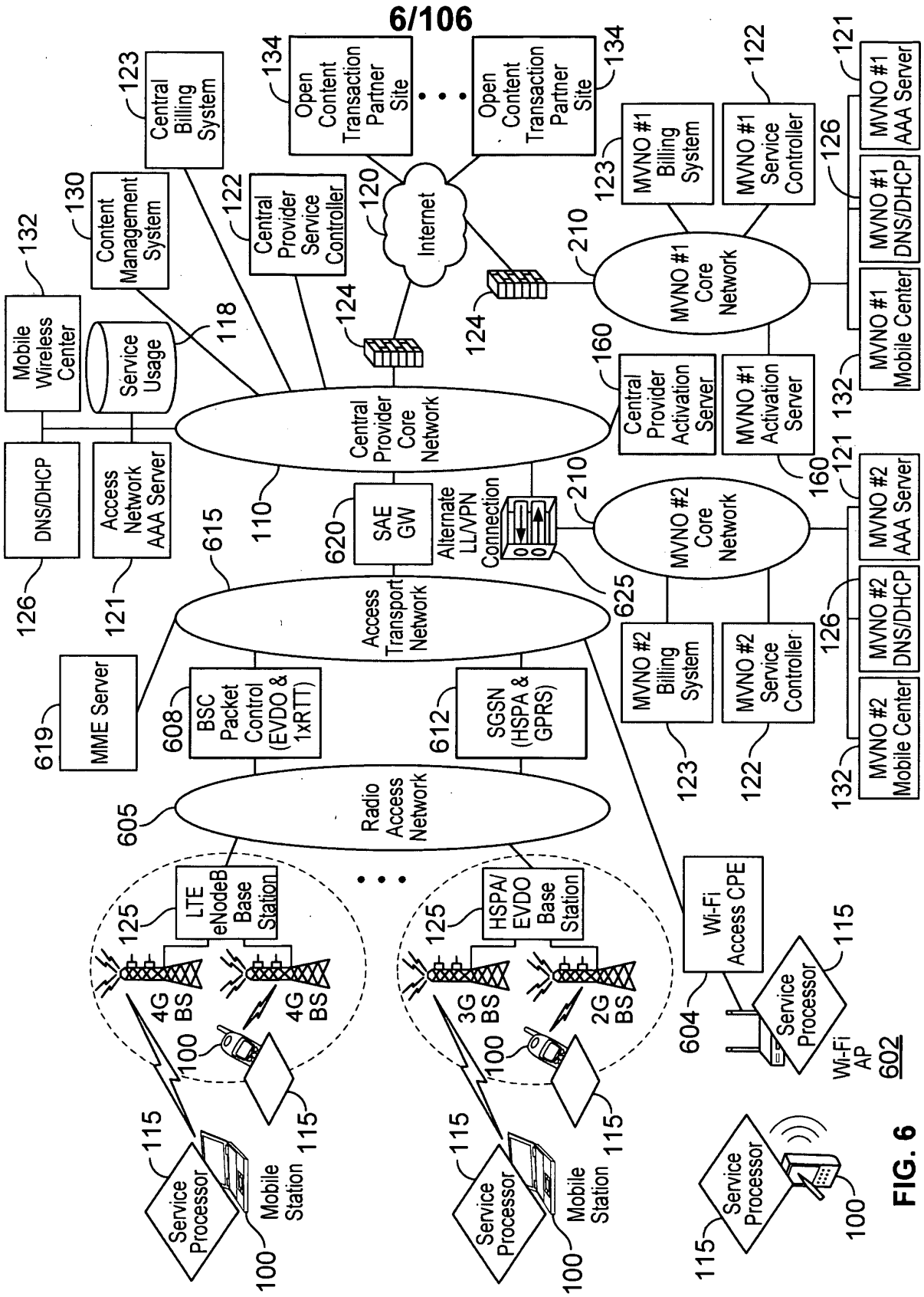

Central Billing System
123
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Content Management System
130
Central Provider Service Controller
122
Internet
120
MVNO #1 Billing System
123
MVNO #1 Service Controller
122
MVNO #1 AAA Server
121
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Service Usage
118
124
124
MVNO #1 Core Network
210
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP
126
MVNO #1 Mobile Center
132
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
110
Central Provider Activation Server
160
MVNO #1 Activation Server
160
SAE GW
620
Alternate LL/VPN Connection
210
MVNO #2 Core Network
625
MVNO #2 AAA Server
121
Access Transport Network
615
MVNO #2 Billing System
123
MVNO #2 Service Controller
122
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP
126
MVNO #2 Mobile Center
132
MME Server
619
BSC Packet Control (EVDO & 1xRTT)
608
SGSN (HSPA & GPRS)
612
Radio Access Network
605
LTE eNodeB Base Station
125
HSPA/ EVDO Base Station
125
Wi-Fi Access CPE
604
Service Processor
115
Wi-Fi AP
602
4G BS
4G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station
100
115
Service Processor
100
115

FIG. 6

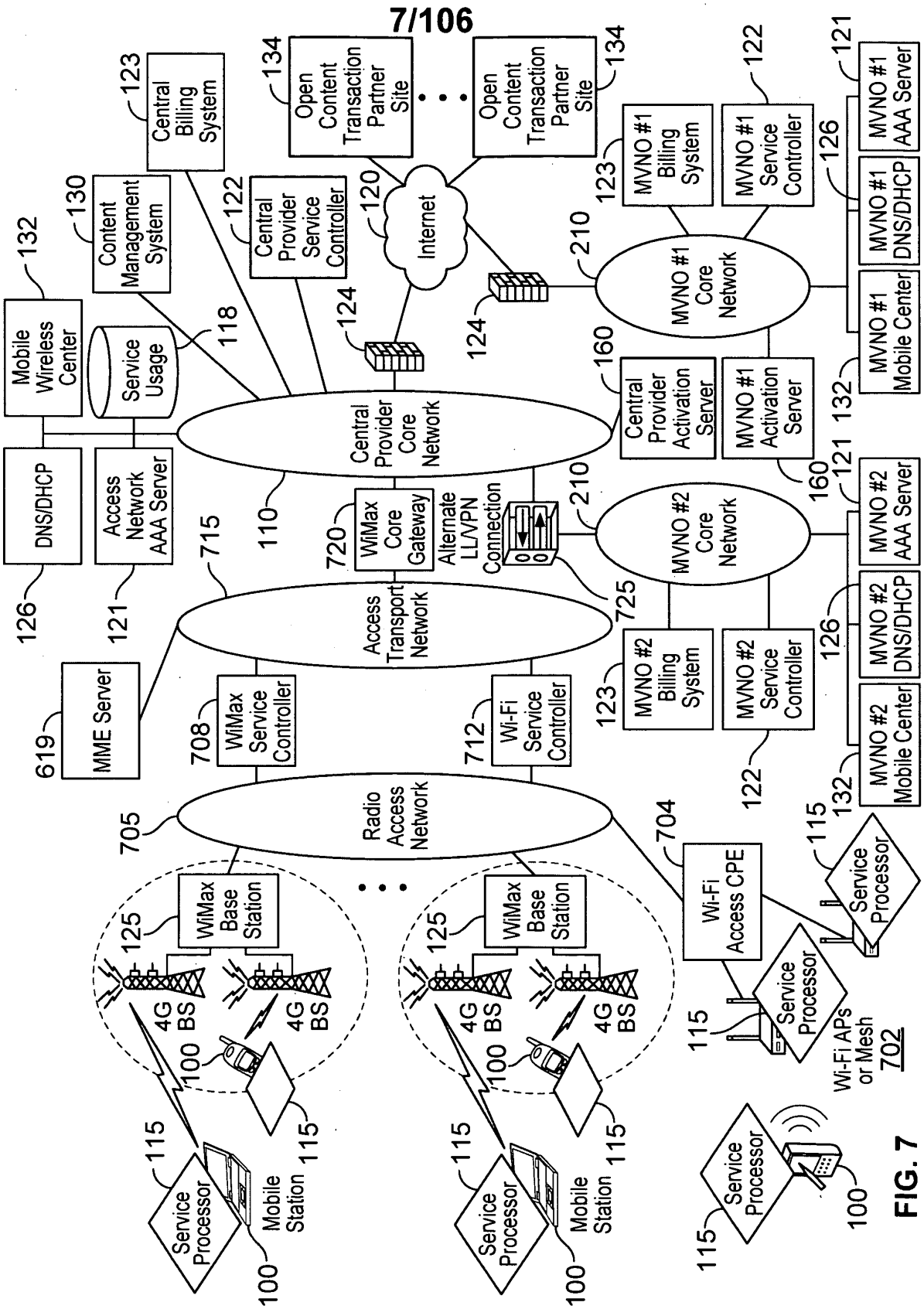
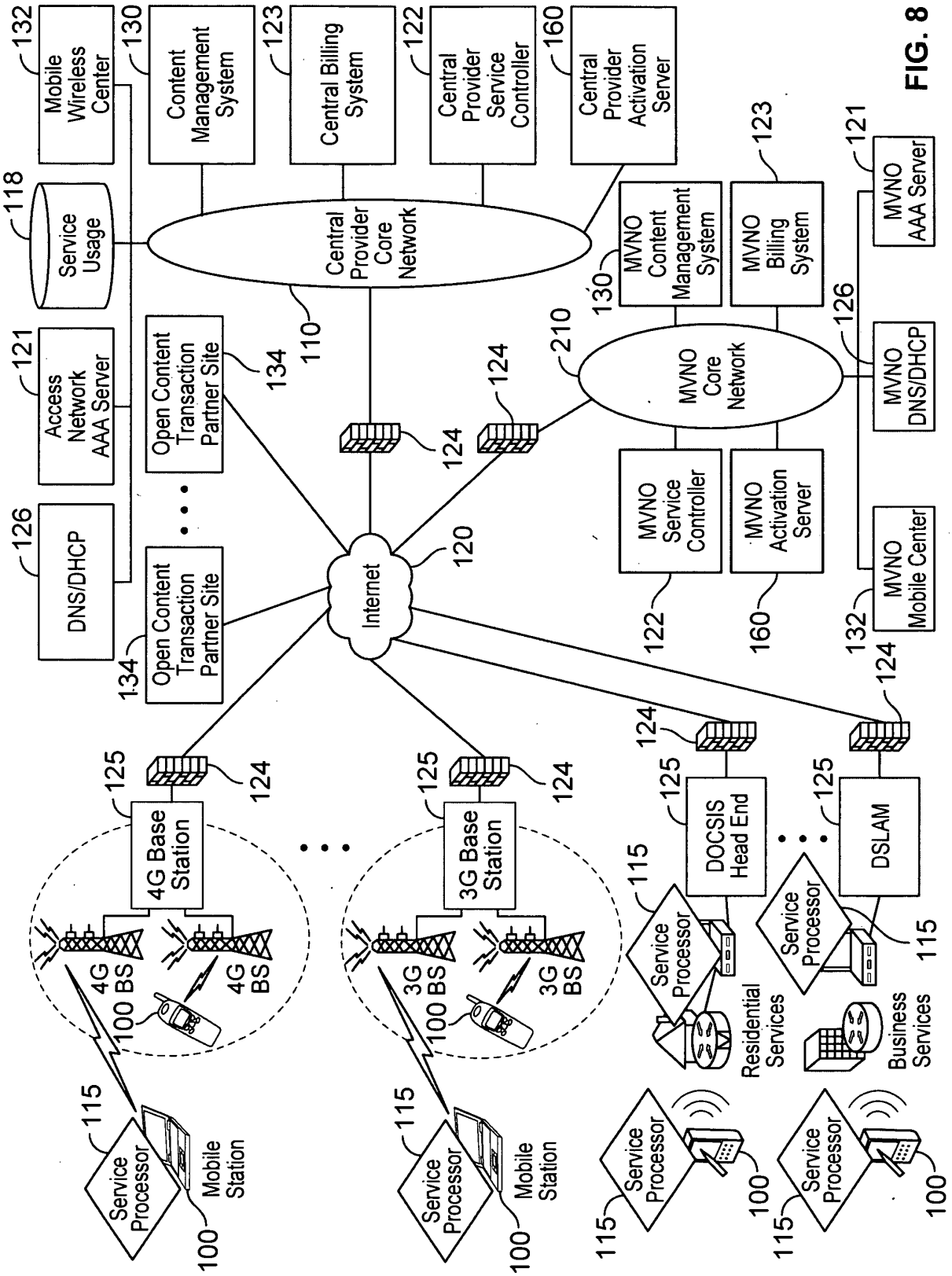

Central Billing System
123
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Content Management System
130
Central Provider Service Controller
122
Internet
120
MVNO #1 Billing System
123
MVNO #1 Service Controller
122
MVNO #1 AAA Server
121
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Service Usage
118
124
124
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP
126
MVNO #1 Core Network
210
MVNO #1 Mobile Center
132
Central Provider Core Network
110
Central Provider Activation Server
160
MVNO #1 Activation Server
160
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
WiMax Core Gateway
720
Alternate LL/VPN Connection
725
210
MVNO #2 Core Network
MVNO #2 AAA Server
121
715
Access Transport Network
MVNO #2 Billing System
123
MVNO #2 Service Controller
122
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP
126
MME Server
619
WiMax Service Controller
708
Wi-Fi Service Controller
712
MVNO #2 Mobile Center
132
Radio Access Network
705
704
115
Service Processor
WiMax Base Station
125
Wi-Fi Access CPE
4G BS
4G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Wi-Fi APs or Mesh
702
Mobile Station
115
100
Service Processor
115
Service Processor
100
Mobile Station
115
100

FIG. 7


Mobile Wireless Center
132
Content Management System
130
Central Billing System
123
Central Provider Service Controller
122
Central Provider Activation Server
160
Service Usage
118
Central Provider Core Network
110
MVNO Content Management System
130
MVNO Billing System
123
MVNO AAA Server
121
Access Network AAA Server
121
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
MVNO Core Network
210
MVNO DNS/DHCP
126
DNS/DHCP
126
Internet
120
MVNO Service Controller
122
MVNO Activation Server
160
MVNO Mobile Center
132
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
4G Base Station
125
3G Base Station
125
DOCSIS Head End
125
DSLAM
125
4G BS
100
3G BS
100
Service Processor
115
Mobile Station
100
Residential Services
Business Services
124
FIG. 8

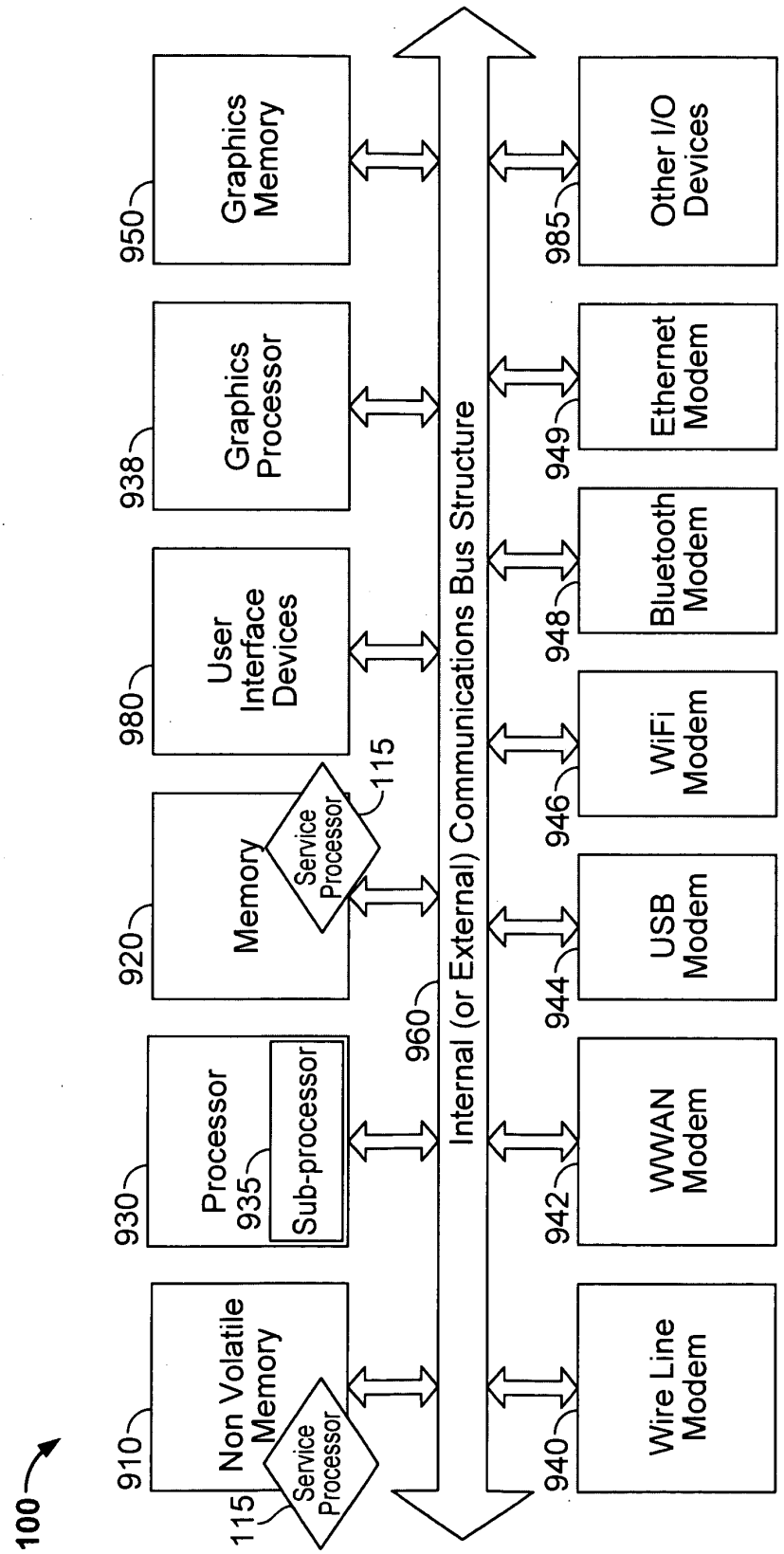

100
910
Non Volatile Memory
115
Service Processor
930
Processor
935
Sub-processor
920
Memory
Service Processor
115
980
User Interface Devices
938
Graphics Processor
950
Graphics Memory
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN Modem
944
USB Modem
946
WiFi Modem
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
Ethernet Modem
985
Other I/O Devices

FIG. 9

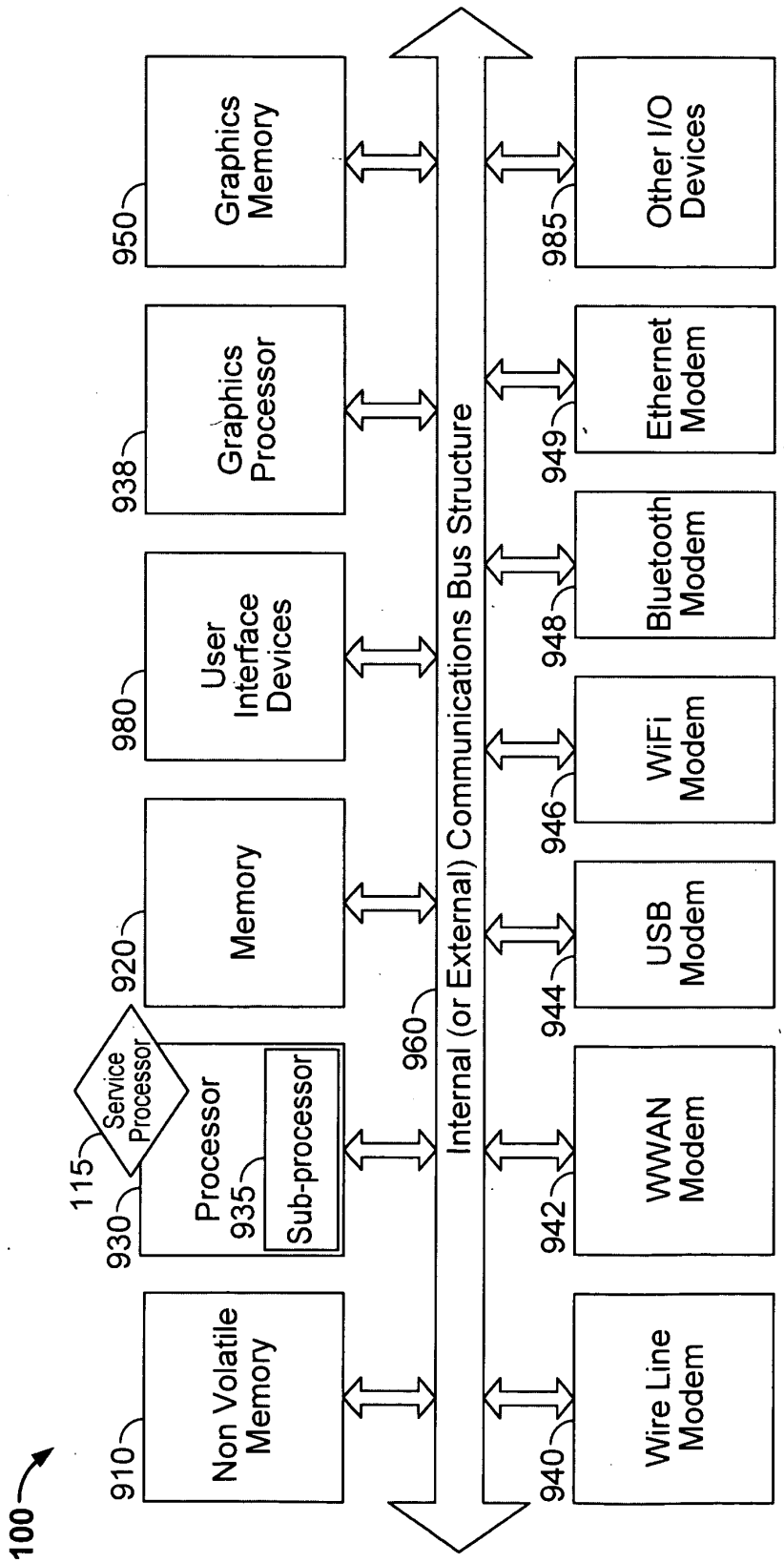

100
910
Non Volatile Memory
930
Processor
935
Sub-processor
115
Service Processor
920
Memory
980
User Interface Devices
938
Graphics Processor
950
Graphics Memory
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN Modem
944
USB Modem
946
WiFi Modem
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
Ethernet Modem
985
Other I/O Devices

FIG. 10

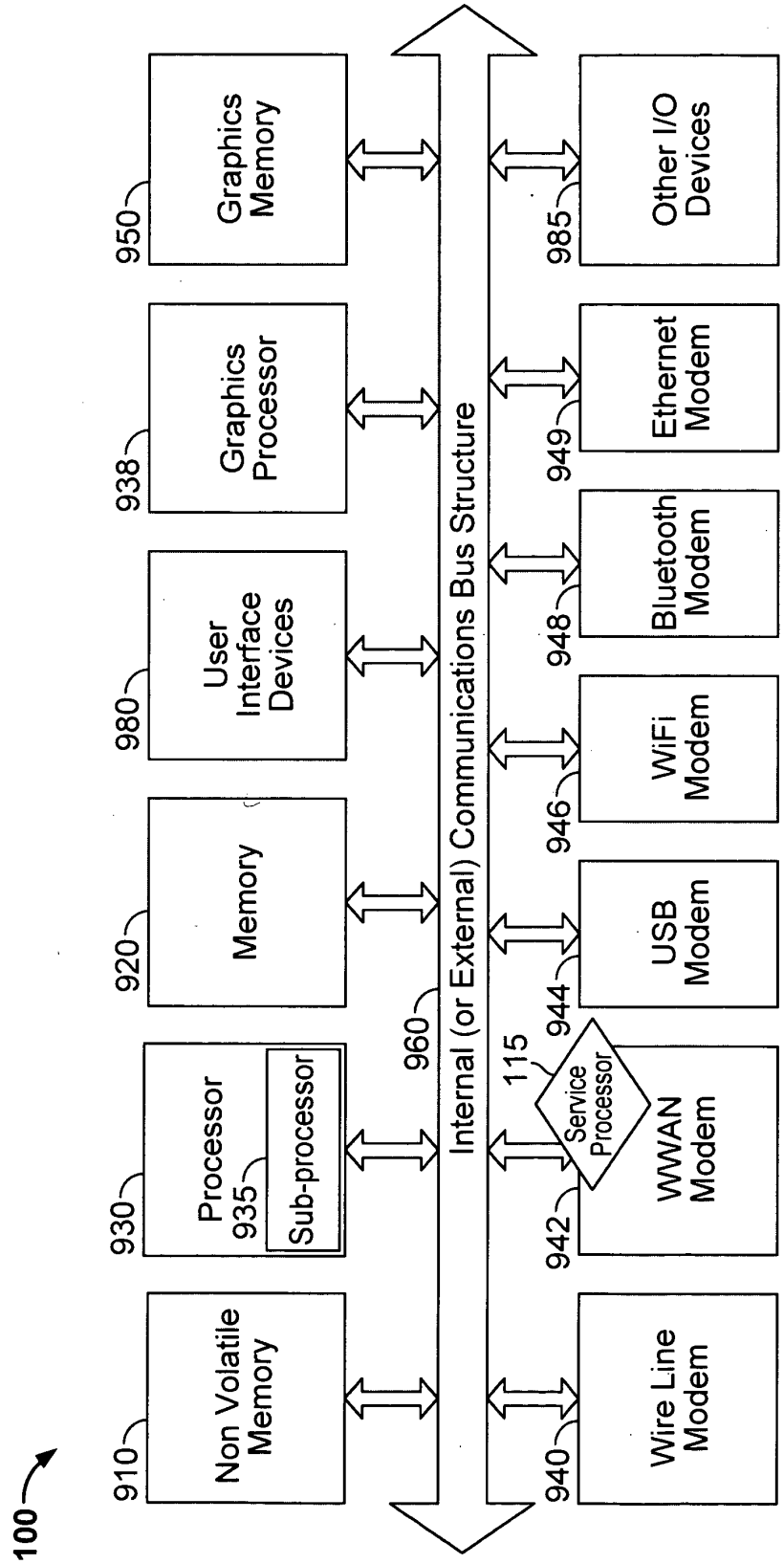

100
910
Non Volatile Memory
930
Processor
935
Sub-processor
920
Memory
980
User Interface Devices
938
Graphics Processor
950
Graphics Memory
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN Modem
115
Service Processor
944
USB Modem
946
WiFi Modem
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
Ethernet Modem
985
Other I/O Devices

FIG. 11

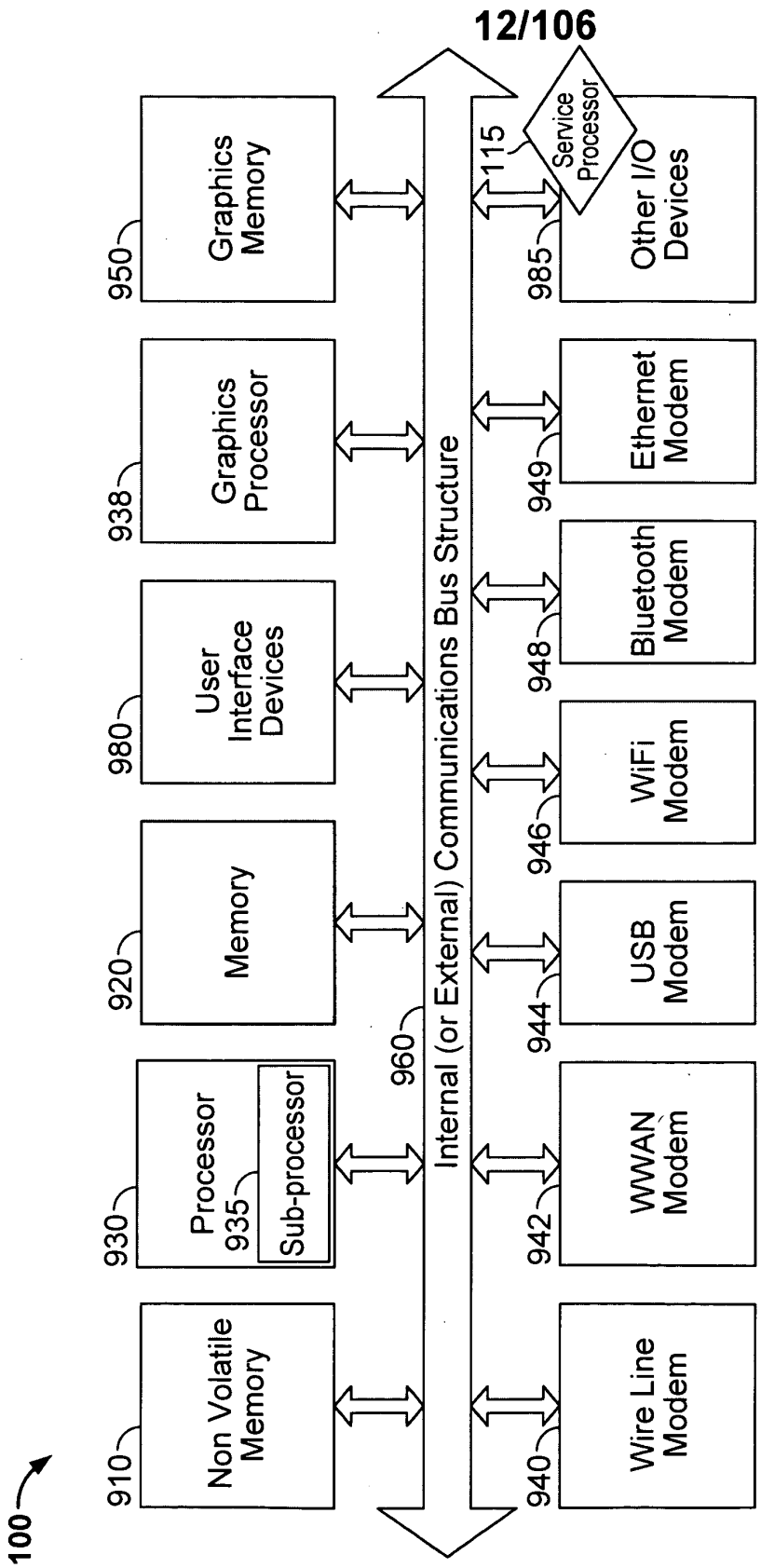

100
910
Non Volatile Memory
930
Processor
935
Sub-processor
920
Memory
980
User Interface Devices
938
Graphics Processor
950
Graphics Memory
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN Modem
944
USB Modem
946
WiFi Modem
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
Ethernet Modem
985
Other I/O Devices
115
Service Processor

FIG. 12

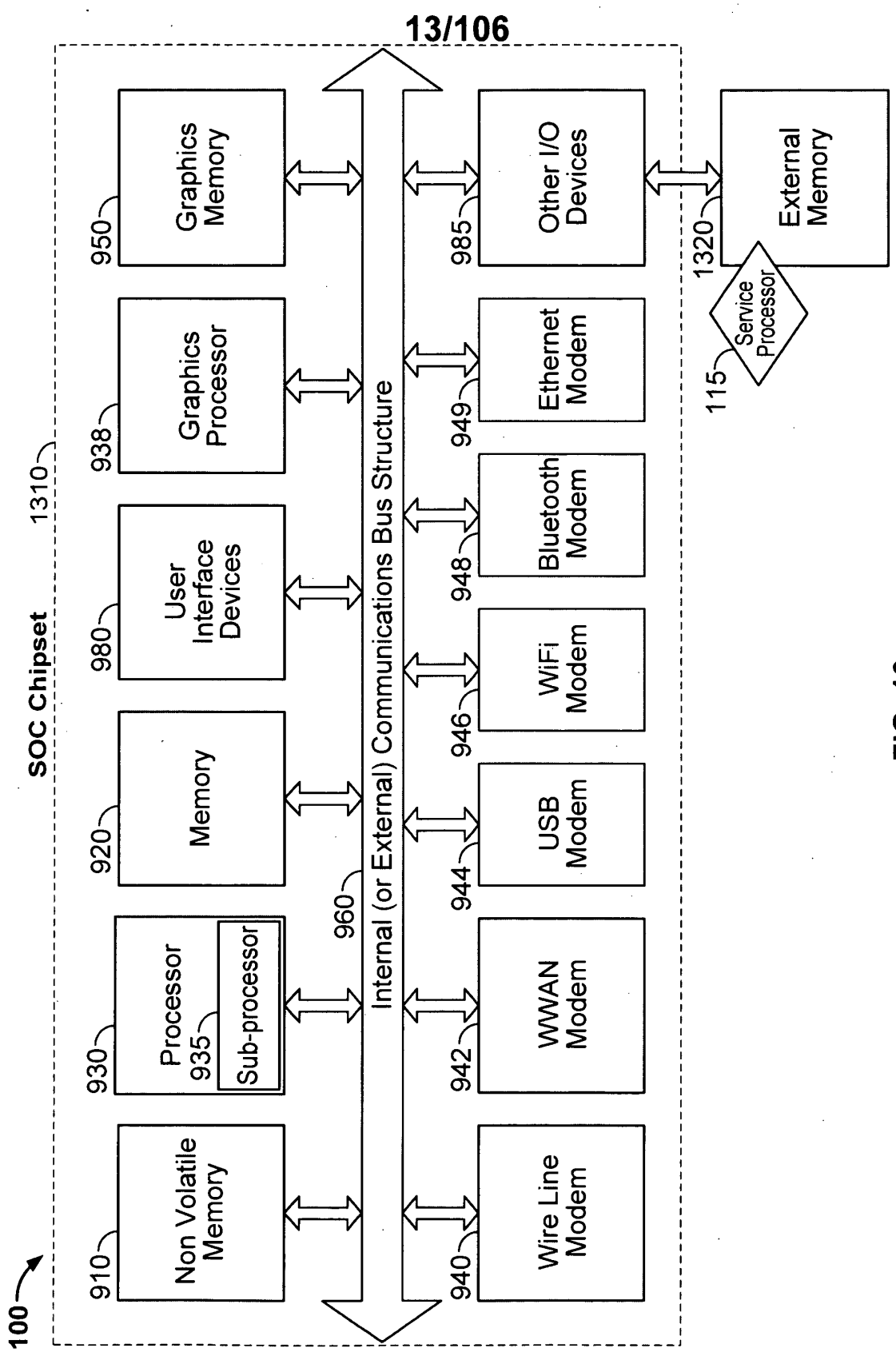

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SOC Chipset
1310
Non Volatile Memory
910
Processor
935
Sub-processor
930
Memory
920
User Interface Devices
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Graphics Processor
938
Graphics Memory
950
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
960
Wire Line Modem
940
WWAN Modem
942
USB Modem
944
WiFi Modem
946
Bluetooth Modem
948
Ethernet Modem
949
Other I/O Devices
985
External Memory
1320
Service Processor
115

FIG. 13

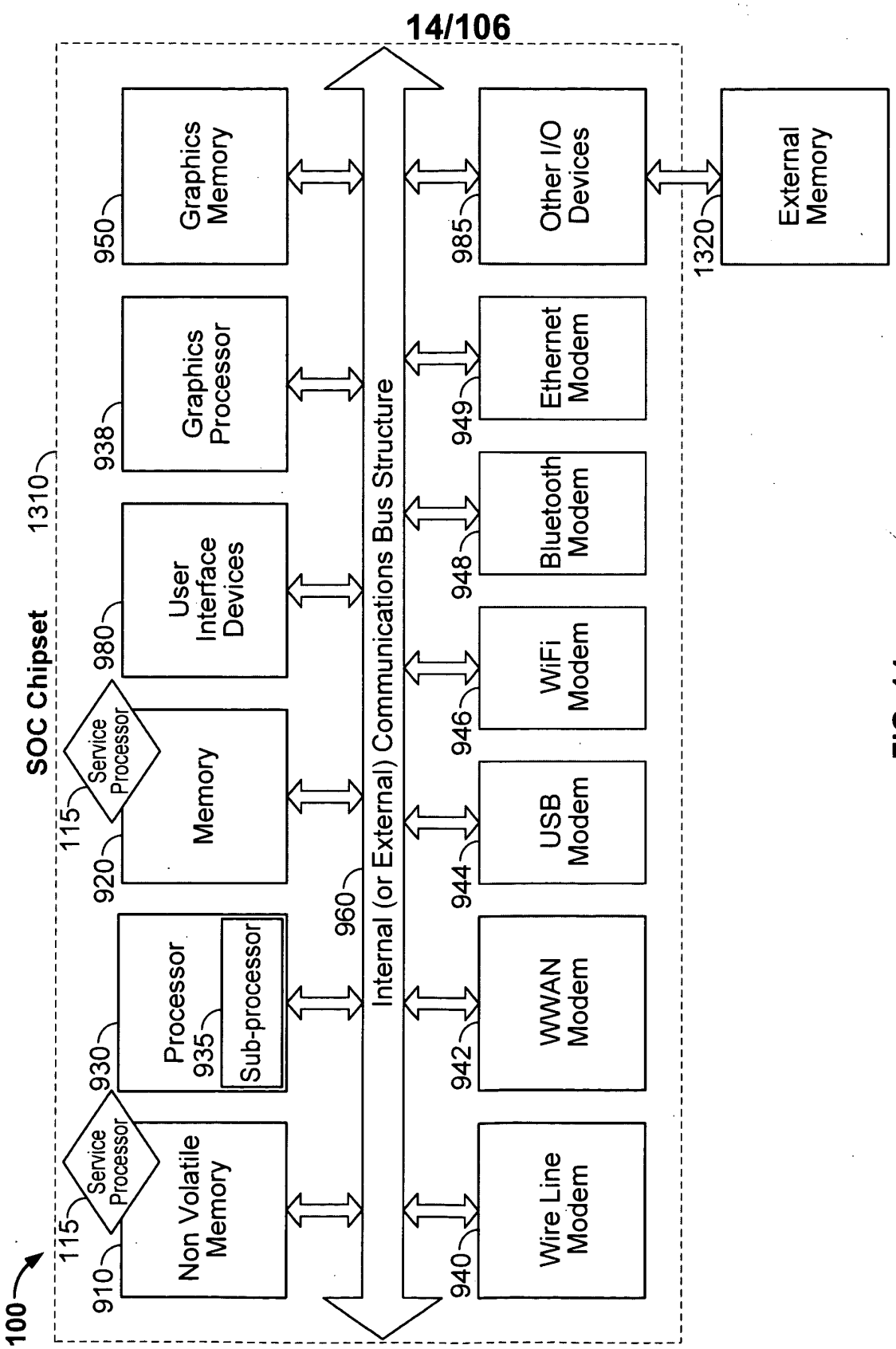

100
SOC Chipset
1310
Non Volatile Memory
910
Service Processor
115
Processor
930
Sub-processor
935
Memory
920
Service Processor
115
User Interface Devices
980
Graphics Processor
938
Graphics Memory
950
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
960
Wire Line Modem
940
WWAN Modem
942
USB Modem
944
WiFi Modem
946
Bluetooth Modem
948
Ethernet Modem
949
Other I/O Devices
985
External Memory
1320

FIG. 14

15/106

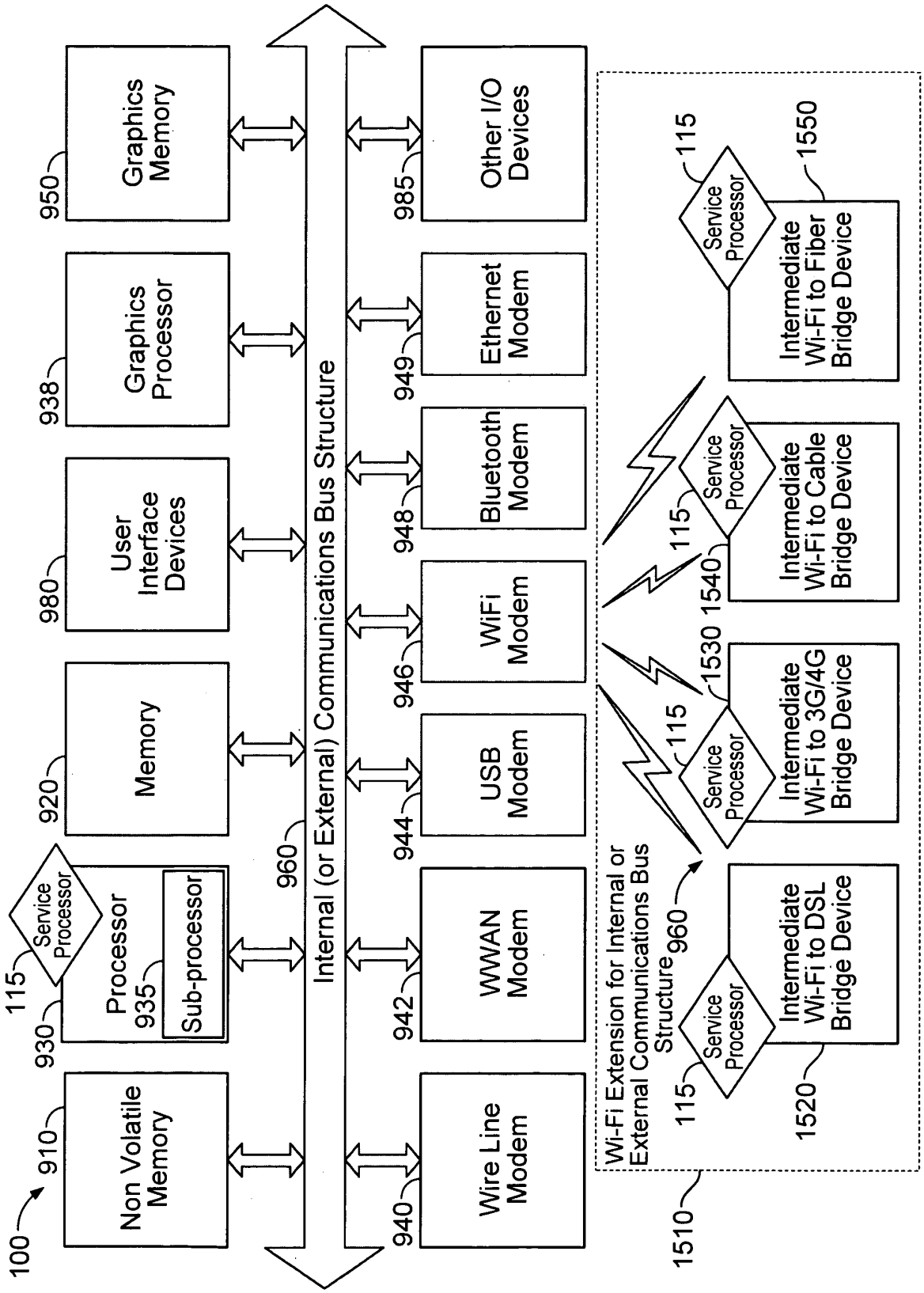


FIG. 15A

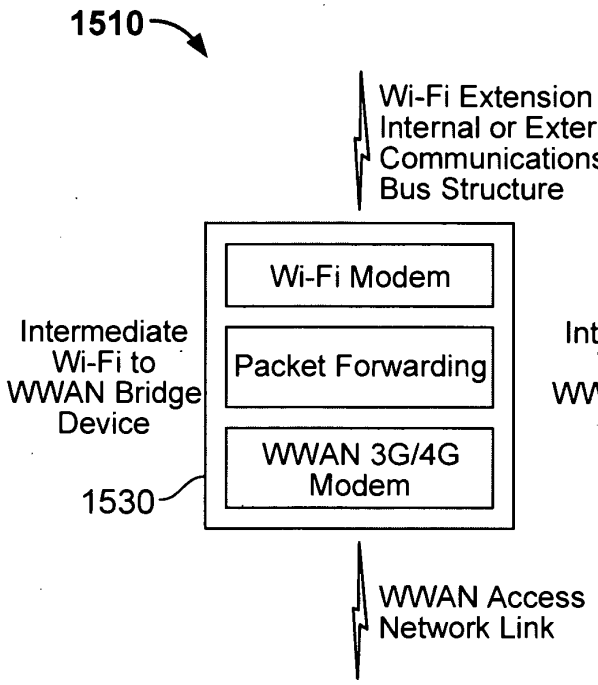


FIG. 15B-1

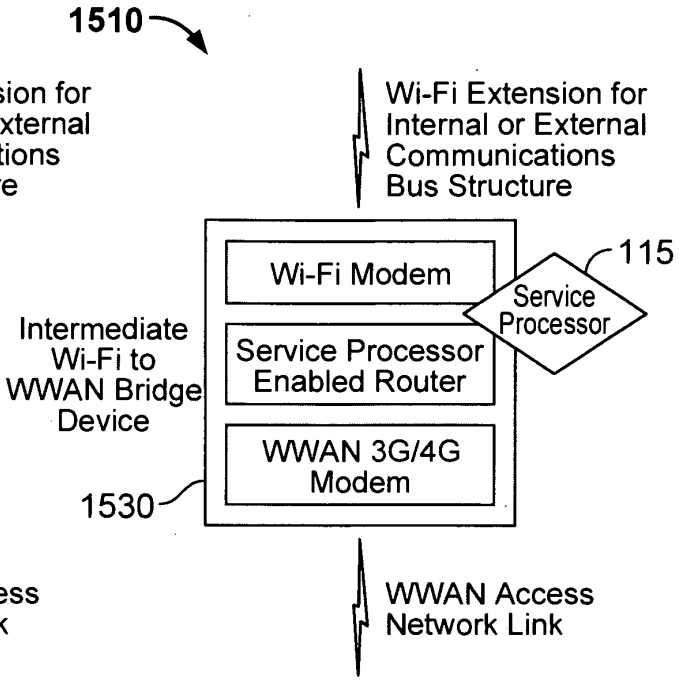


FIG. 15B-2

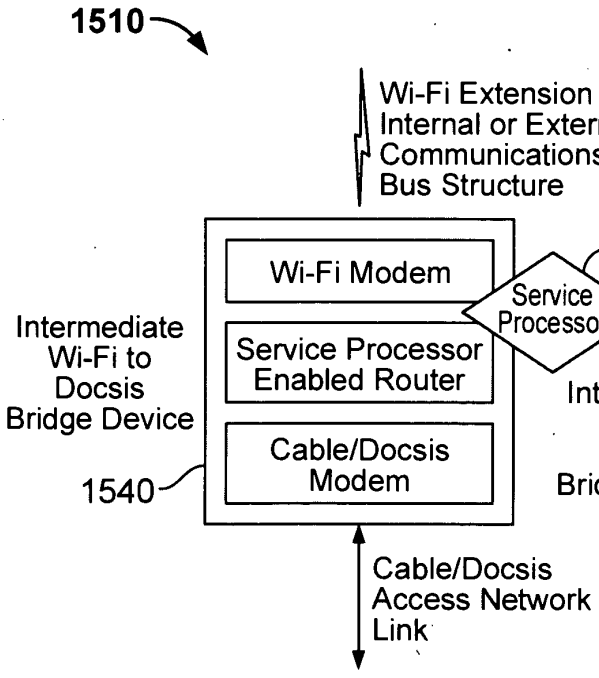


FIG. 15B-3

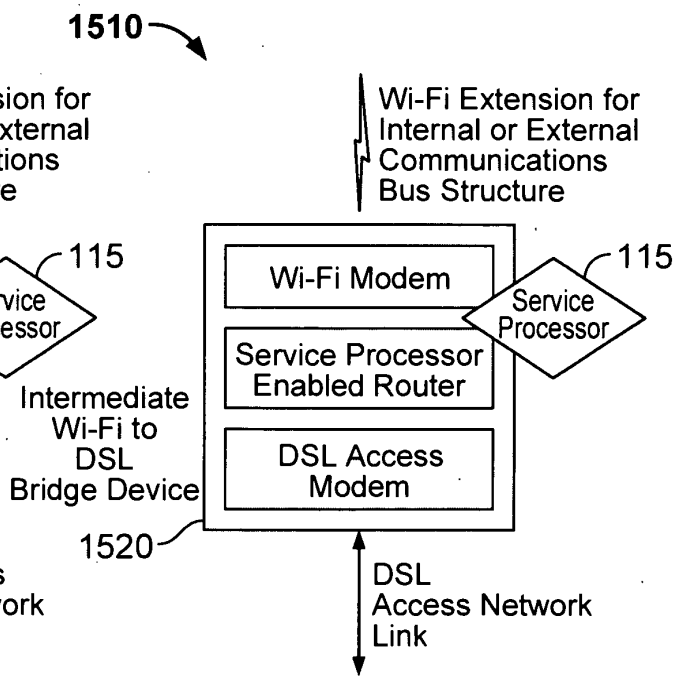


FIG. 15B-4

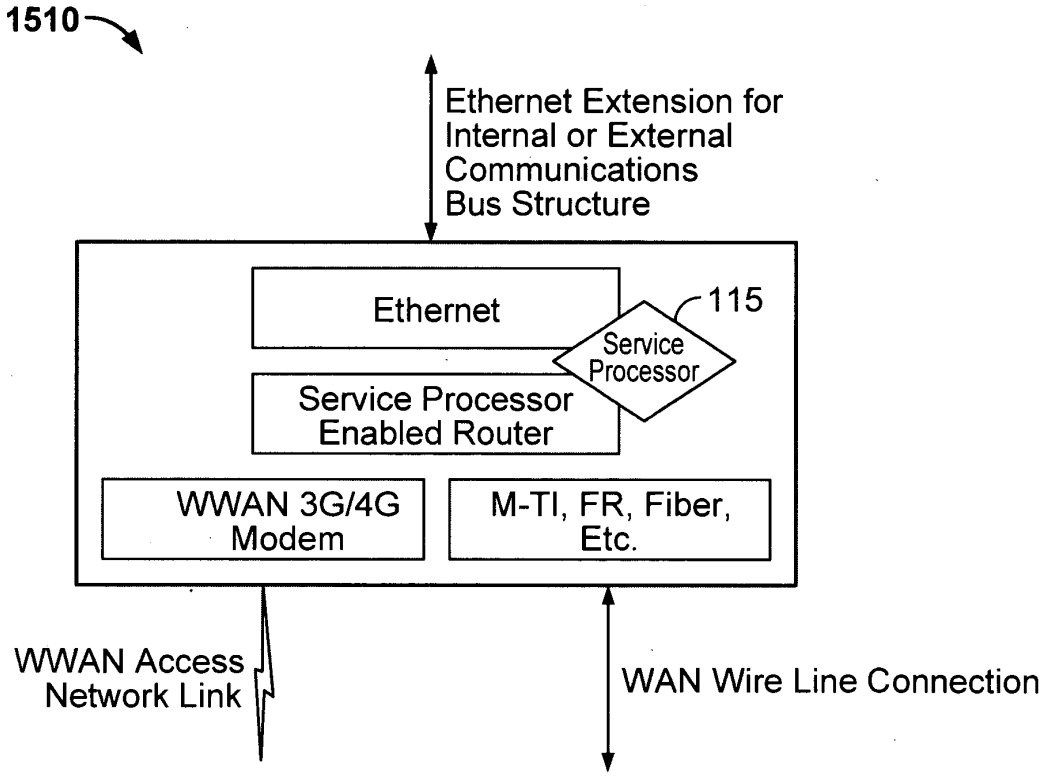

1510
Ethernet Extension for Internal or External Communications Bus Structure
Ethernet
115
Service Processor
Service Processor Enabled Router
WWAN 3G/4G Modem
M-TI, FR, Fiber, Etc.
WWAN Access Network Link
WAN Wire Line Connection

FIG. 15C

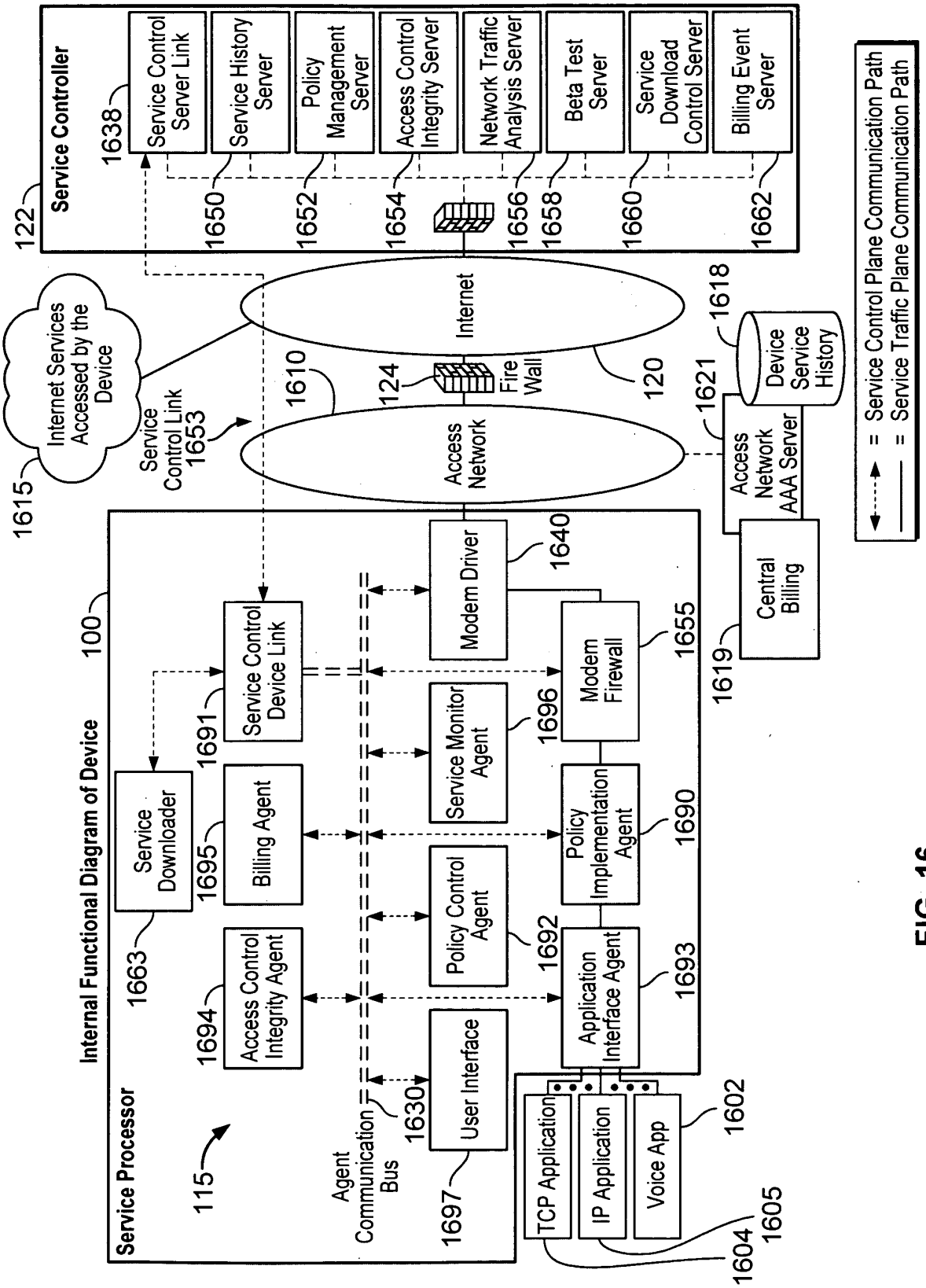

Service Controller
122
Service Control Server Link
1638
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
Billing Event Server
1650
1652
1654
1656
1658
1660
1662
Internet
120
Fire Wall
124
1610
Internet Services Accessed by the Device
1615
Service Control Link
1653
Access Network
1618
Device Service History
1621
Access Network AAA Server
Central Billing
1619
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path
Internal Functional Diagram of Device
100
Service Processor
115
Service Downloader
1663
Billing Agent
1695
Service Control Device Link
1691
Modem Driver
1640
Modem Firewall
1655
Service Monitor Agent
1696
Policy Implementation Agent
1690
Policy Control Agent
1692
Application Interface Agent
1693
Access Control Integrity Agent
1694
User Interface
1630
Agent Communication Bus
1697
TCP Application
IP Application
Voice App
1602
1604
1605

FIG. 16

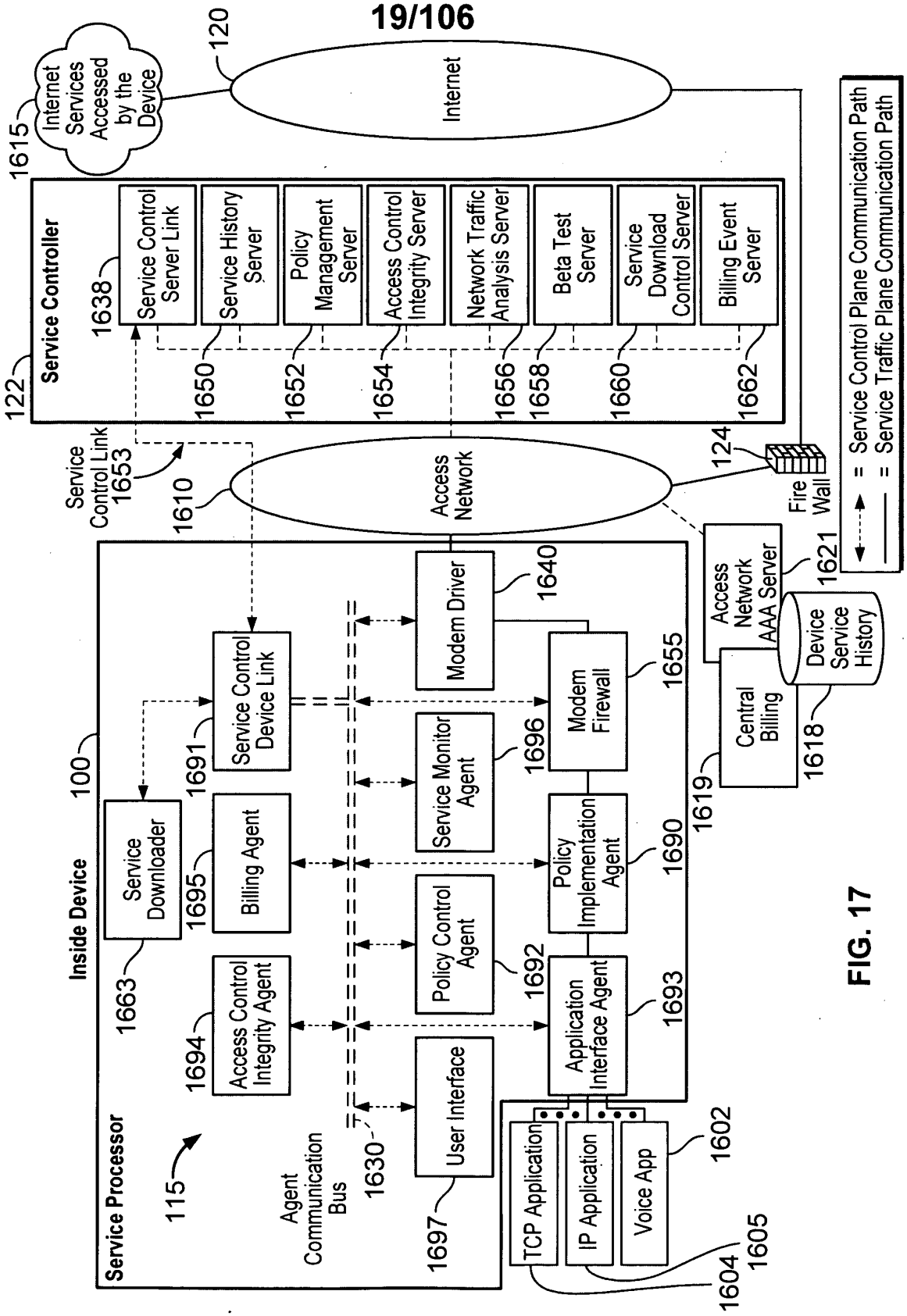

Internet Services Accessed by the Device
1615
120
Internet
Service Controller
122
1638
Service Control Server Link
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
Billing Event Server
1650
1652
1654
1656
1658
1660
1662
Service Control Link
1653
1610
Access Network
124
Fire Wall
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path
Access Network AAA Server
1621
Device Service History
Central Billing
1618
1619
Inside Device
100
Service Processor
115
Service Downloader
1663
Billing Agent
1695
Service Control Device Link
1691
Access Control Integrity Agent
1694
Policy Control Agent
1692
Service Monitor Agent
1696
Modem Driver
1640
Modem Firewall
1655
Policy Implementation Agent
1690
Application Interface Agent
1693
User Interface
1697
Agent Communication Bus
1630
TCP Application
IP Application
Voice App
1602
1604
1605

FIG. 17

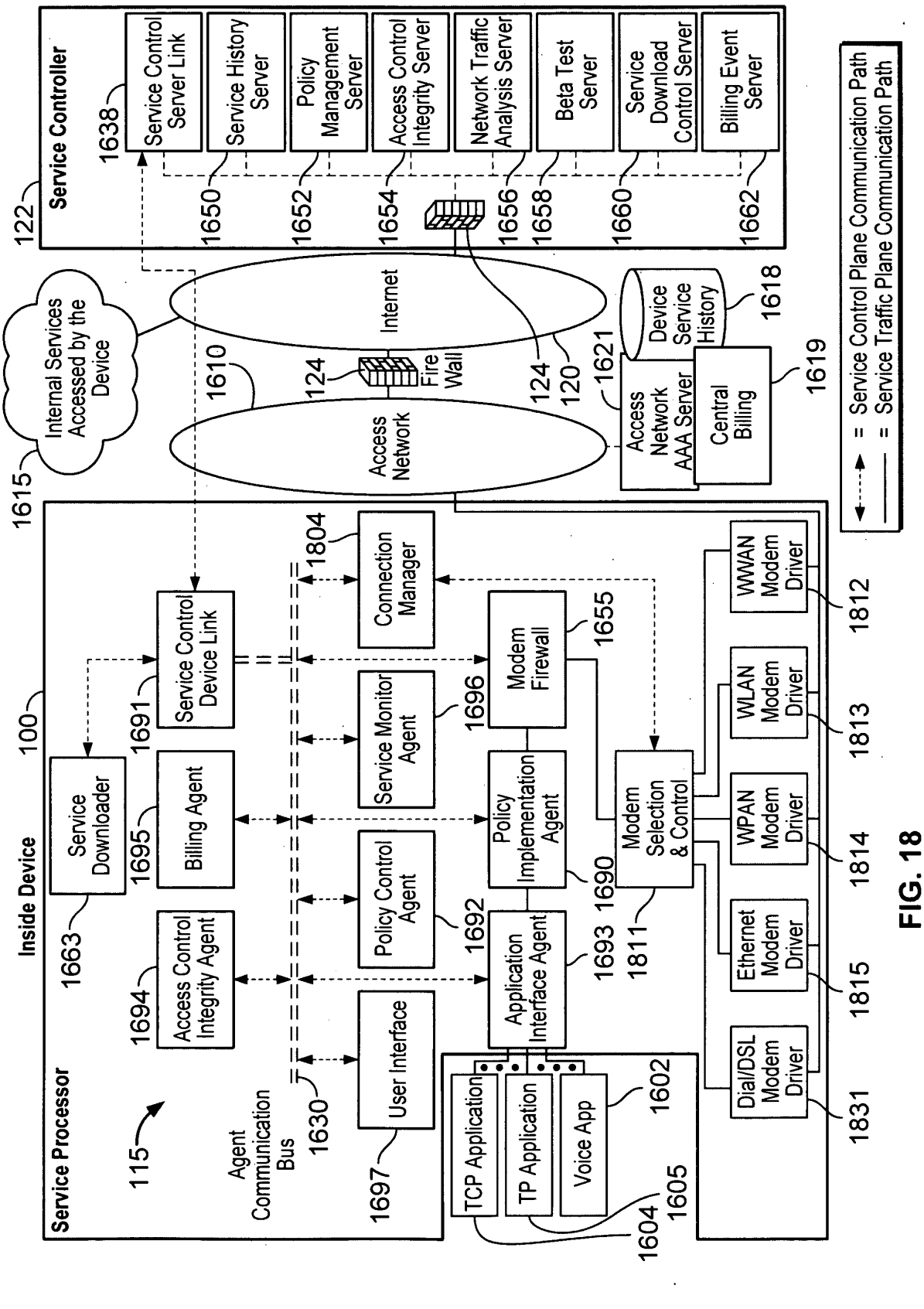

Service Controller
122
Service Control Server Link
1638
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
Billing Event Server
1650
1652
1654
1656
1658
1660
1662
Internet
Internal Services Accessed by the Device
1615
1610
124
Fire Wall
120
1621
Device Service History
1618
Access Network
Access Network AAA Server
Central Billing
1619
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path
Inside Device
100
Service Processor
115
Service Downloader
1663
Billing Agent
1695
Service Control Device Link
1691
Service Monitor Agent
1696
Connection Manager
1804
Modem Firewall
1655
Policy Implementation Agent
Modem Selection & Control
1690
Access Control Integrity Agent
1694
Policy Control Agent
1692
Application Interface Agent
1693
1811
User Interface
1697
Agent Communication Bus
1630
TCP Application
TP Application
Voice App
1602
1604
1605
WWAN Modem Driver
1812
WLAN Modem Driver
1813
WPAN Modem Driver
1814
Ethernet Modem Driver
1815
Dial/DSL Modem Driver
1831

FIG. 18

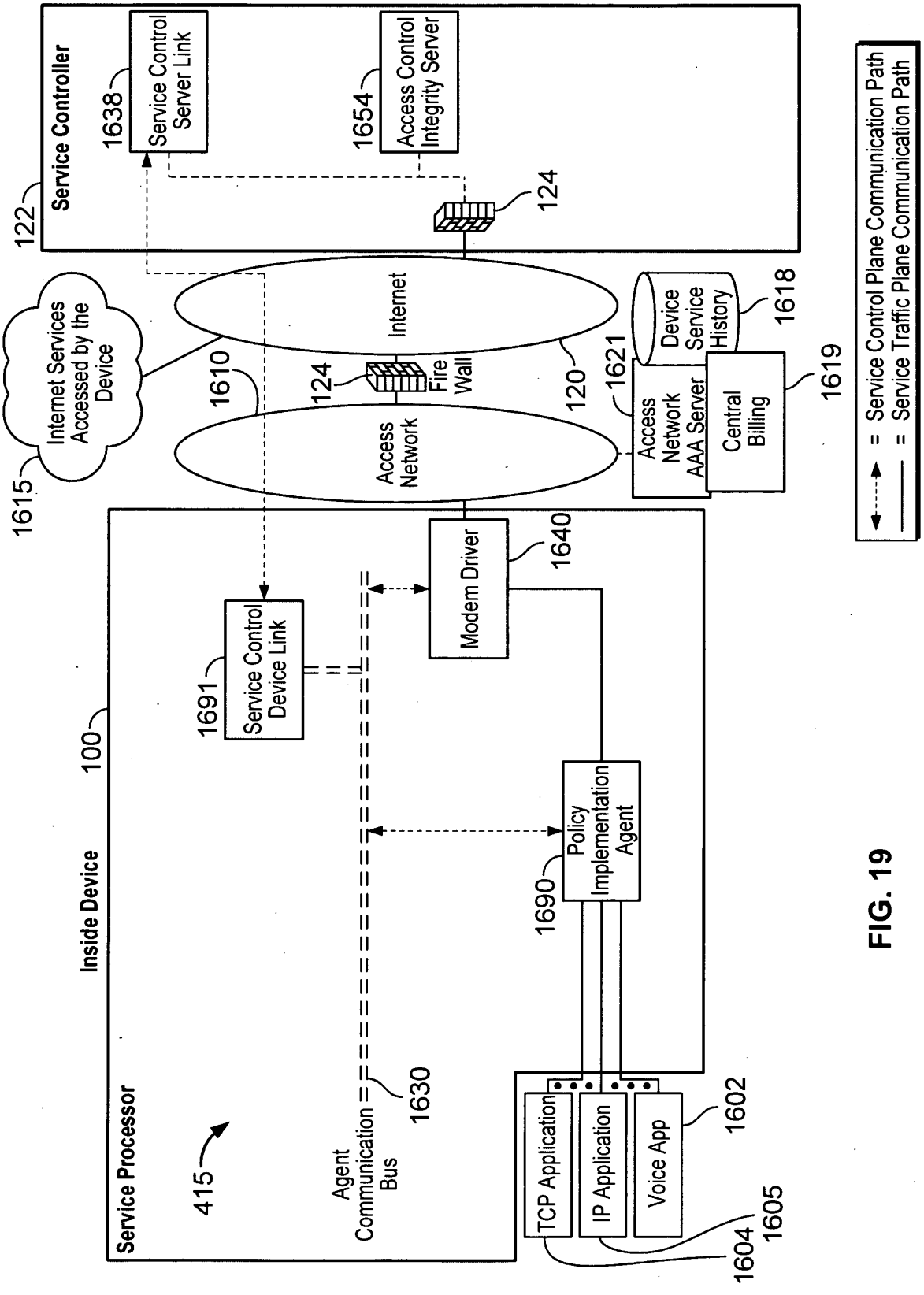

Service Controller
122
Service Control Server Link
1638
Access Control Integrity Server
1654
124
Internet
Internet Services Accessed by the Device
1615
1610
124
Fire Wall
120
Access Network
Device Service History
1618
1621
Access Network AAA Server
Central Billing
1619
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path
Inside Device
100
Service Processor
415
Service Control Device Link
1691
Modem Driver
1640
Policy Implementation Agent
1690
Agent Communication Bus
1630
TCP Application
IP Application
Voice App
1602
1604
1605

FIG. 19

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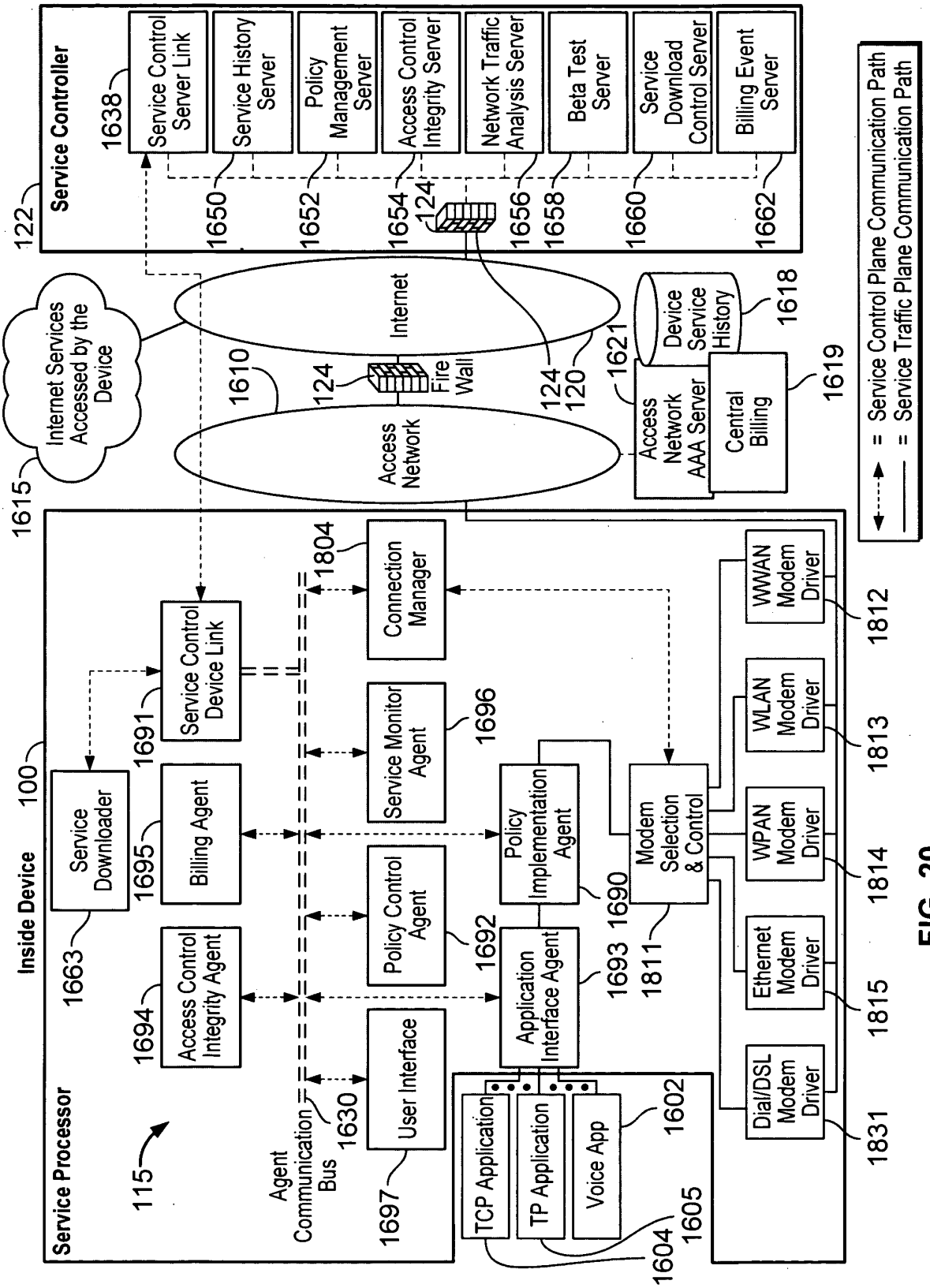

Service Controller
122
Service Control Server Link
1638
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
Billing Event Server
1650
1652
1654
1656
1658
1660
1662
124
Internet
Internet Services Accessed by the Device
1615
1610
Fire Wall
Access Network
Device Service History
1618
1621
Access Network AAA Server
Central Billing
1619
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path
Inside Device
100
Service Processor
115
Service Downloader
1663
Billing Agent
1695
Service Control Device Link
1691
Access Control Integrity Agent
1694
Policy Control Agent
1692
Service Monitor Agent
1696
Connection Manager
1804
Policy Implementation Agent
Application Interface Agent
1693
Modem Selection & Control
1690
1811
User Interface
1697
Agent Communication Bus
1630
TCP Application
TP Application
Voice App
1602
1604
1605
WWAN Modem Driver
1812
WLAN Modem Driver
1813
WPAN Modem Driver
1814
Ethernet Modem Driver
1815
Dial/DSL Modem Driver
1831

FIG. 20

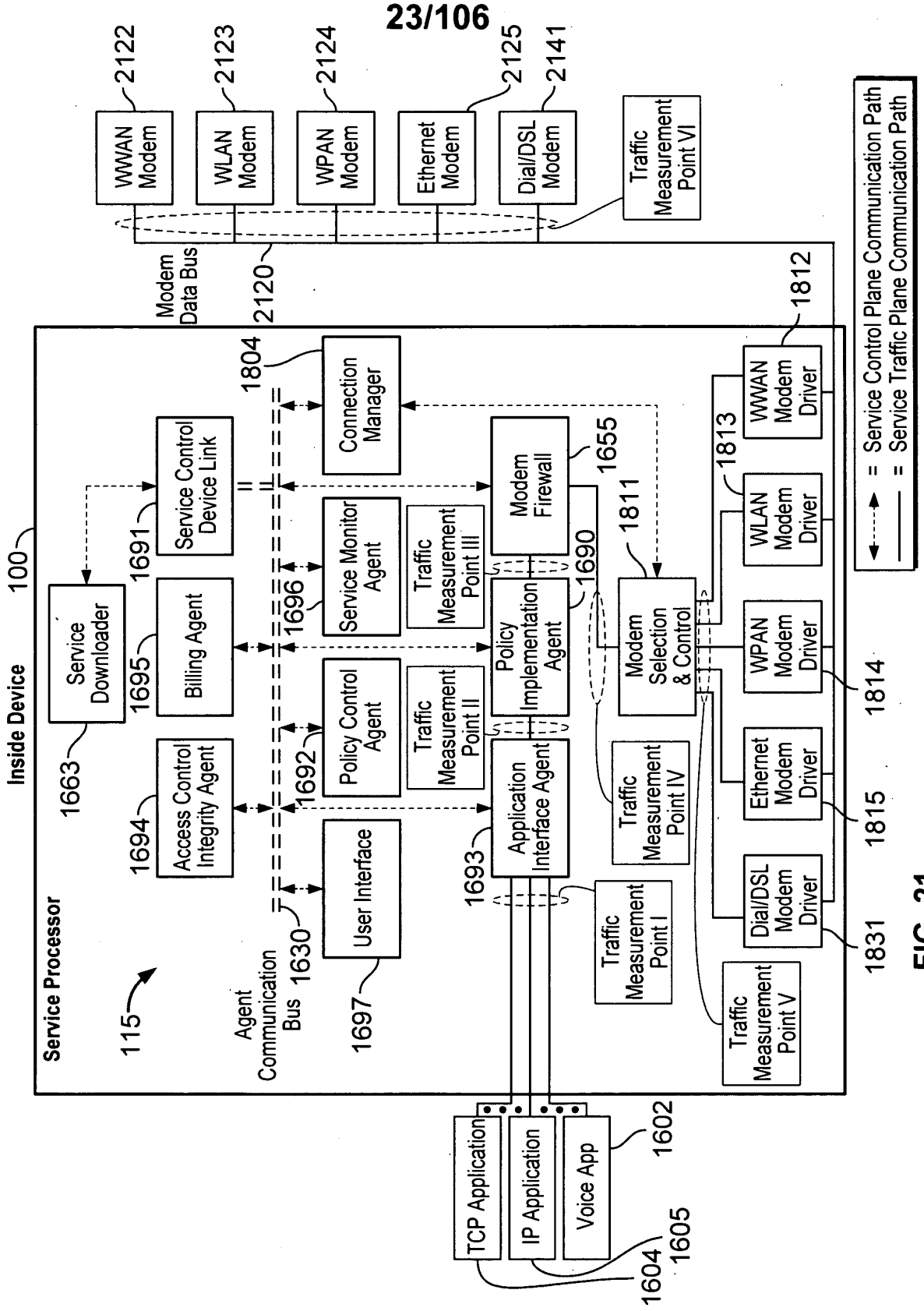

WWAN Modem
2122
WLAN Modem
2123
WPAN Modem
2124
Ethernet Modem
2125
Dial/DSL Modem
2141
Traffic Measurement Point VI
Modem Data Bus
2120
Inside Device
100
Service Processor
115
Service Downloader
1663
Billing Agent
1695
Access Control Integrity Agent
1694
User Interface
1630
Service Control Device Link
1691
Service Monitor Agent
1696
Policy Control Agent
1692
Traffic Measurement Point II
Traffic Measurement Point III
Policy Implementation Agent
1690
Application Interface Agent
1693
Connection Manager
1804
Modem Firewall
1655
Modem Selection & Control
1811
Traffic Measurement Point IV
Traffic Measurement Point I
Traffic Measurement Point V
Agent Communication Bus
1697
WWAN Modem Driver
1812
WLAN Modem Driver
1813
WPAN Modem Driver
1814
Ethernet Modem Driver
1815
Dial/DSL Modem Driver
1831
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path
TCP Application
IP Application
Voice App
1602
1604
1605

FIG. 21

Service Processor 115 Embodiment	Partial Summary of Embodiment Functions
Service Control Device Link 1691	Device side control plane link for connecting Service Processor 415 to Service Controller. In some embodiments, also serves as the link for the agent heartbeat function.
Access Control Integrity Agent 1694	Collects device information on service policy, service usage, agent configuration and agent behavior. Cross checks this information to identify integrity breaches in the service policy implementation and control system. Initiates action when a service policy violation or a system integrity breach is suspected. In some embodiments, verifies configuration of other agents or performs challenge-response sequence testing. In some embodiments, monitors software loading activity, protected memory access or communication with Service Processor agents to detect unauthorized changes to Service Processor software or configuration.
Policy Control Agent 1692	Takes policy instructions from the network and sets instantaneous device service policy. In some embodiments, performs a policy control function to adapt instantaneous service policies to achieve a service usage objective.
Policy Implementation Agent 1690	Implements traffic control and QOS policy rules for device. In some embodiments provides the functions of access control and/or firewall function or perform traffic inspection and characterization. In some embodiments packet inspection is aided by literal or virtual application layer tagging while in other embodiments packet inspection is performed completely in the Policy Implementation Agent 490.
Service Monitor Agent 1696	Records and reports device service usage. In some embodiments, assists in communicating application tagging of traffic flows through the networking stack policy implementation. In some embodiments, maintains a history and provides reports or summary reports of which networks in addition to the networks controlled by the Service Controller that the device has connected to. In some embodiments, this network activity summary may include a summary of the networks accessed, activity vs. time per connection, traffic vs. time per connection.
Application Interface Agent 1693	Rich feature interface for device application programs. In some embodiments, identifies application level traffic, reports service usage or tags traffic for service QOS control. In some embodiments, interacts with applications or programs applications to arrange application settings such as email file transfer options or browser headers. In some embodiments, intercepts certain application traffic to modify traffic application layer parameters such as email file transfer options or browser headers. In some embodiments implements certain aspects of traffic control or other service policies. In some embodiments, provides the functions of traffic control, access control and/or firewall.
Modem Firewall 1655	Blocks or passes traffic based on service policies and traffic attributes. In some embodiments, assists in traffic flow tagging. In some embodiments provides the functions of traffic control and/or access control.
Billing Agent 1695	Detects and reports billing events. In some embodiments interacts with the User Interface Agent 497 to provide the user with service plan options, accept service plan selections, provide notification on service usage levels, provide options on service usage control policy, accept choices on service usage policy, provide transaction options or accept transaction choices. In some embodiments, interacts with Transaction Servers 134 to conduct ecommerce transactions with central billing.

FIG. 22A

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User Interface Agent 1697	Provide service interface to users.
Service Downloader 1663	Provides a download function to install or update service software elements on the device.
Connection Manager 1804	Provides a control and supervision function for one or more modem drivers or modems that connect to an access network.
Modem Selection and Control 1811	Selects the access network connection.
Modem Drivers 1831, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812	Converts data traffic into modem bus traffic for one or more modems.
Modems 2141, 2125, 2124, 2123, 2122	Connects the device to one or more networks.

FIG. 22B

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Service Controller 122 Element	Partial Summary of Embodiment Functions
Service Control Server Link 1638	Network side control plane link for connecting Service Controller 422 Service Processor 415 device agents. In some embodiments, also serves as the link for the agent heartbeat function.
Access Control Integrity Server 1654	Collects device information on service policy, service usage, agent configuration and agent behavior. Cross checks this information to identify integrity breaches in the service policy implementation and control system. Initiates action when a service policy violation or a system integrity breach is suspected.
Policy Management Server 1652	Transmits policies to the Service Processor 415.
Access Network AAA Server 1621	Provides access control and authorization functions for the device access layer. Records and reports device network service usage.
Service History Server 1650	Collects and records service usage reports from the Access Network AAA Server 421 and the Service Monitor Agent 496. In some embodiments, maintains a history of which networks in addition to the networks controlled by the Service Controller that the device has connected to. In some embodiments, this network activity summary may include a summary of the networks accessed, activity vs. time per connection, traffic vs. time per connection. In some embodiments, this activity summary is further analyzed or reported to estimate the type of service plan associated with the traffic activity for the purpose of bill sharing reconciliation.
Central Provider Billing System 1619	Provides mediation function for central provider billing events. Accepts service plan changes. In some embodiments, provides updates on device service usage, service plan limits or service policies.
Billing Event Server 1662	In some embodiments, collects billing events, provides service plan information to the Service Processor 415, provides service usage updates to the Service Processor 415, serves as interface between device and central Provider Billing System 123, or provides trusted third party function for certain ecommerce billing transactions.
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656	Collects service usage history for devices or groups of devices and analyses the service usage. In some embodiments, presents service usage statistics in various formats to identify improvements in network service quality or service profitability. In other embodiments, estimates the service quality or service usage for the network under variable settings on potential service policy. In other embodiments, identifies actual or potential service behaviors by one or more devices that are causing problems for overall network service quality or service cost.
Beta Test Server 1658	Publishes candidate service plan policy setting to one or more devices. In some embodiments, provides summary reports of network service usage or user feedback information for one or more candidate service plan policy setting. In some embodiments, provides a means to compare the beta test results for different candidate service plan policy settings or select the optimum candidates for further setting optimization.
Service Download Control Server 1660	Provides a download function to install or update service software elements on the device.
Transaction Server 134	Provides an electronic commerce offering and transaction platform to the device.

FIG. 23

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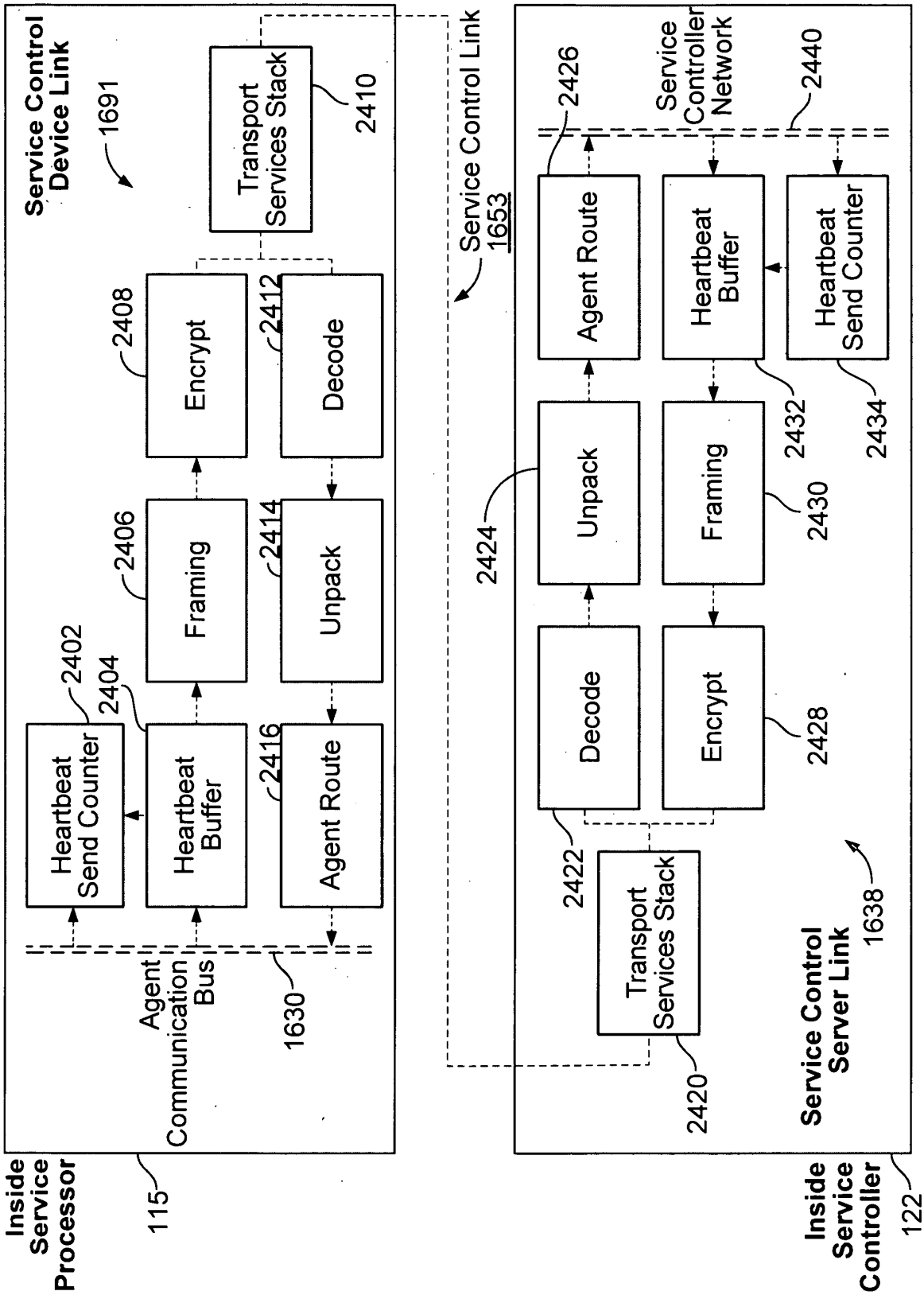
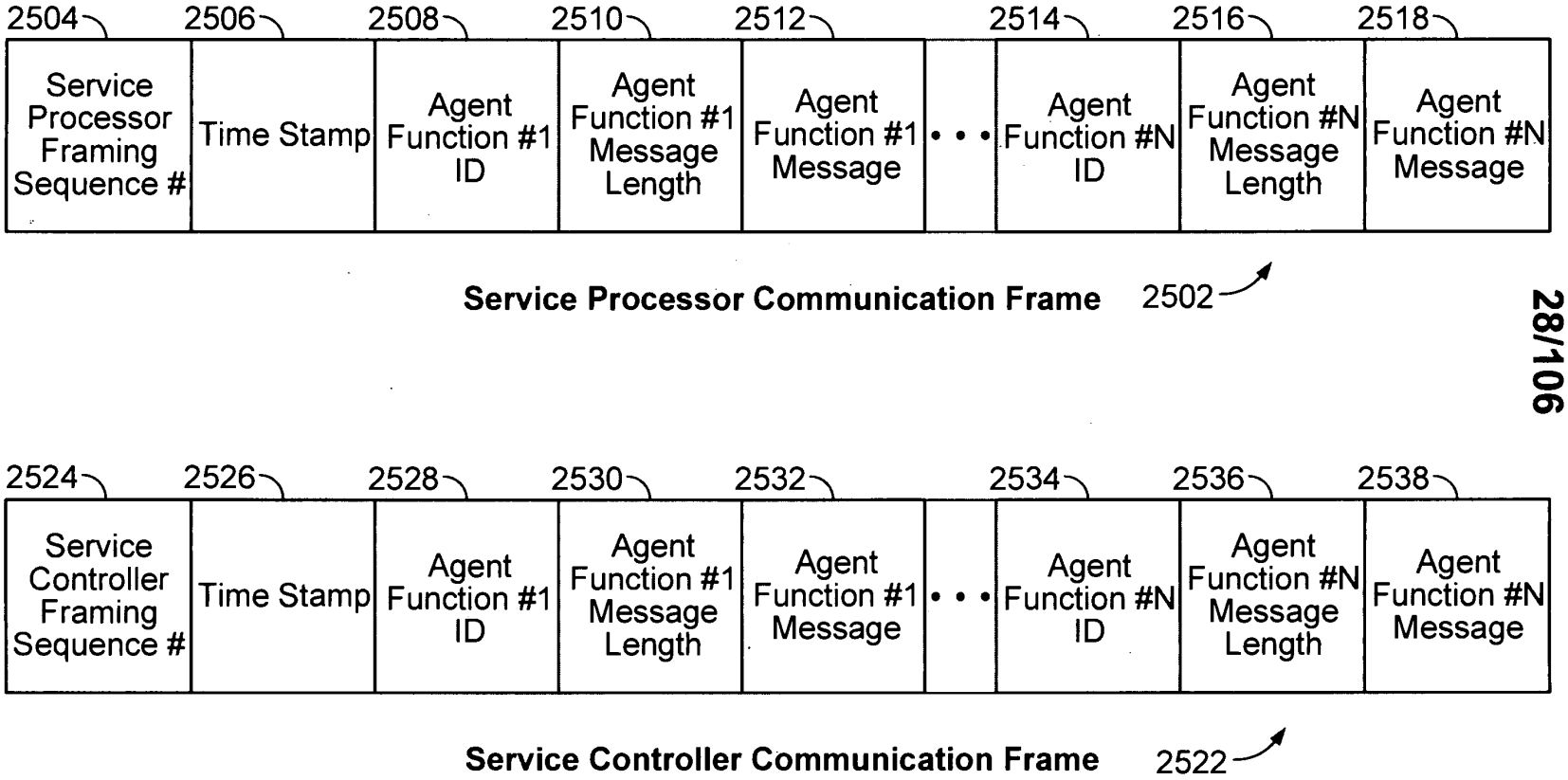

Inside Service Processor
115
Service Control Device Link
1691
Heartbeat Send Counter
2402
Heartbeat Buffer
2404
Framing
2406
Encrypt
2408
Transport Services Stack
2410
Decode
2412
Unpack
2414
Agent Route
2416
Agent Communication Bus
1630
Service Control Link
1653
Inside Service Controller
122
Service Control Server Link
1638
Transport Services Stack
2420
Decode
2422
Unpack
2424
Agent Route
2426
Encrypt
2428
Framing
2430
Heartbeat Buffer
2432
Heartbeat Send Counter
2434
Service Controller Network
2440

FIG. 24



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FIG. 25

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Example Service Processor Heartbeat Parameter Embodiments	Description	Frequency
Access control integrity report	Contains the latest results of the Access Control Integrity agents Service Processor system checks and reports any error events.	Not necessary to report in every heartbeat if there are no errors. Can report only on error, set a minimum frequency or respond to Service Controller polling.
Service monitor report	Reports filtered summary of Service Monitor Agent measurements. Summary reduces control traffic and filters out unauthorized private information.	Every heartbeat. Some embodiments link this to amount of data usage in the data path to keep overhead low. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Billing event report	Reports any billing activity since the last heartbeat. Billing events may include service usage events, transaction events, bill by account records, bill by account offset reports or any other event that results in a billing event report.	Send upon billing event. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Service Processor settings report	Reports service policy settings for all Service Processor agents.	Not necessary to send every heartbeat. Some embodiments link this to amount of data usage to reduce overhead. Can report every N heartbeats. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Customer resource management report	Reports filtered summary of Service Monitor Agent measurements or filtered summary of other device or user activity such as service preferences, advertisement behavior and location. Summary reduces control traffic and filters out unauthorized private information.	Not necessary to send every heartbeat. Some embodiments link this to amount of data usage to reduce overhead. Can report every N heartbeats. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Responses to Service Processor agent queries	Sends agent responses to challenge-response queries from the Service Controller.	Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.

FIG. 26A

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Location tracking service update	Reports filtered summary of location tracking information. Summary reduces control traffic and filters out unauthorized private information.	Not necessary to send every heartbeat. Some embodiments call for a minimum time based transmission frequency.
Service usage based transmission frequency	Lowers overhead by buffering and reserving heartbeat communications from agents and servers until a certain amount of data has been transmitted or received in the network, or a certain amount of service has been consumed. When the parameters are chosen properly, this can result in the network control plane traffic overhead being a small percentage of data path traffic or result in the control plane traffic cost being a small percentage of the service usage cost.	Ranges depending on settings. For example, if there are 5 agents messages that typically need to be communicated, and each message is less than 100 bytes, and Service Processor heartbeat framing plus network overhead would result in a packet size of less than 1,000 bytes, and the heartbeat packet is transmitted when 10,000,000 bytes have been communicated over the data path, then the overhead loss due to one heartbeat packet in each direction is less than 0.02%.
Constant frequency transmissions	Since the device may be off line for long periods of time where the Service Control Processor needs to verify service control integrity, in some embodiments it can be advantageous to transmit heartbeat packets at a minimum rate regardless of data traffic activity. This is accomplished by setting a timer that sends queued heartbeat packets on a regular schedule.	Ranges depending on settings and applications.
Service Controller polled transmissions	In some embodiments, the Service Controller may poll the Service Processor for a heartbeat transmission at which time the Service Processor will frame and transmit all queued heartbeat messages.	Ranges depending on applications. In some embodiments this is used as an on demand function while in others it is used as a way to set heartbeat transmission timing functions in the Service Controller.
Service Processor polled transmissions	In some embodiments, the Service Processor polls the Service Controller for a heartbeat transmission at which time the Service Controller will frame and transmit all queued heartbeat messages.	Ranges depending on applications. In some embodiments this is used as an on demand function while in others it is used as a way to set heartbeat transmission timing functions in the Service Processor.

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FIG. 26B

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Agent self-check reports	Agent reports results of various agent self-diagnosis procedures to ensure that the agent is properly configured, operating properly, properly implementing service control policy or has not been tampered with. [provide examples which are extensions of typical software security self diagnosis reporting]	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
Environment reports	One or more agents scan the storage or execution environment for one or more of the agents to identify potential threats to the integrity of the service implementation or agent integrity and makes a report. In one example embodiment, a scan is done to determine if unauthorized software or hardware is executing in a secure agent environment. In another embodiment, a scan is done to determine the software that has been loaded into a portion of the device operating environment, memory or storage, and the software list is referenced against a known threat list. In another example embodiment, the list of entities that accessed one or more agents is scanned to determine if an unauthorized access to an agent has occurred. In another embodiment a scan is performed to determine if unauthorized access to secure execution environment, memory or storage has occurred. In another example embodiment, the network access pattern for the device is logged and analyzed to determine if there is an access pattern that is known to be associated with a threat to service or agent control integrity. In another example embodiment, the internal device software, memory or peripheral access pattern is logged and analyzed to determine if there is an access pattern that is known to be associated with a threat to service or agent control integrity.	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.

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FIG. 26C

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User notification response reports	Billing agent, UI agent or another agent logs user notification events and the response of the user to the notification event. In some embodiments these events may be cross-referenced to the notification policy that should be in force on the device and the device service usage to ensure that the proper notification sequences are being adhered to. In other embodiments, the user notification responses are logged and used to document user choices to notification events, billing event decisions, service control decisions or service cost control decisions. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to positively identify that the user is in possession of the device or to verify that the service is operating properly or is implemented properly. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to acknowledge a service overage notification and/or to also provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to verify the service overage acknowledgement.	In some embodiments a report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device, for example when there has been a user notification sequence action with the user. In some embodiments, the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
User warning response reports	Billing agent, UI agent or another agent logs user warning events and the response of the user to warning event. In some embodiments the user response is used to determine if the user is in positive control of the device. In some embodiments the response is used to confirm that the user acknowledges a billing overage or other service cost event. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to positively identify that the user is in possession of the device or to verify that the service is operating properly or is implemented properly.	In some embodiments a report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device, for example when there has been a warning sequence action with the user. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.

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FIG. 26D

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Agent communication log reports	Reports entities that established or attempted to establish communication with the agents. In one embodiment, reports a list of entities and the number of times the entity communicated or attempted to communicate with the agent. In another embodiments, reports an error flag when unauthorized entities attempt to establish communication with an agent.	In some embodiments a report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
Service usage synchronization data	IPDR or other data that is used to synchronize the device service usage counters. In some embodiments the data is time stamped so that the service usage at a point in time may be reconciled between the local device usage count and the network based usage count, and then the local device usage count since the point in time may be used to estimate the present real-time usage count. In some embodiments, the service usage data from the device is used by the network as the actual service usage or billing data base for the device. In other embodiments, a bill by account function is included in the service usage synchronization data so that the service usage may be billed to different accounts other than a single or main user account.	Service usage synchronization is continuous with each heartbeat in some embodiments. In other embodiments service usage synchronization is based on a push from the Service Controller or other network function that sends the IPDR information to the device. In other embodiments, the device requests a synchronization data transmission.
Service cost synchronization data	Information to reconcile a service cost estimate on the local device with a service cost count from a network based function. Similar to the service usage count, in some embodiments the service cost information is time stamped so that service cost at a point in time may be reconciled between the device and the network based function, and then a local measure of service cost may be used to estimate the present real-time service cost. In some embodiments the local service cost is determined by taking recorded billing events and looking up the cumulative cost of one or more billing	Service cost synchronization is continuous with each heartbeat in some embodiments. In other embodiments service cost synchronization is based on a push from the Service Controller or other network function that sends the IPDR information to the device. In other embodiments, the device requests a synchronization data transmission.

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	events using a service usage to cost look up data base stored locally on the device or available from a network function. In some embodiments, service cost estimation is done entirely in the network and the result is pushed out to the device UI. In other embodiments service cost estimation is done in the device based on local usage estimates and a local usage to cost lookup table.	
Available network information and roaming information	Device receives available network or available roaming service provider information from a network function. The available network or roaming service information may include the potential network service or roaming service a device or user may choose to select, or the network service or roaming service the user has already selected. In some embodiments this information includes service cost information to aid the device or the user in determining the potential or actual costs of service usage while using the available network or roaming network. In some embodiments the service cost information is used to help the user in selecting the available network provider or roaming service provider. In some embodiments the available network cost information or roaming cost information is combined with a measure of expected or possible service usage to estimate how much a typical usage scenario may cost. In some embodiments, the available network information or roaming information is used to help the user estimate the present available network or roaming service charges for services used to date. In some embodiments service usage is recorded and sent to a network function that estimates the current service cost. In other embodiments the service cost is estimated locally on the device based on a service usage estimate and a service usage to cost look up function. In other	In some embodiments available network information or roaming information is requested by the device. In other embodiments, the information is periodically updated by the Service Controller or other network function that contains the information.

FIG. 26F

	embodiments, the service cost is derived by querying the available network or roaming network billing system.	
System messages and responses	In some embodiments the heartbeat function may be used as a secure control channel to display a system messages or screen that is generated by a network function or server to the end user and possibly report user inputs to the UI message or screen. Examples include, ... etc.	System messages are generated by the Service Controller and transmitted as needed in some embodiments. In other embodiments, some system messages are generated in response to user input or requests. In other embodiments, system messages are generated on a regular time table or in accordance with a certain amount of service usage.
UI screen messages and responses	In some embodiments the heartbeat function may be used as a secure control channel to display user interface message or screen that is generated by a network function or serve to the end user and possibly report user inputs to the UI message or screen. Examples include service usage UI, service choice UI, upgrade UI, transaction UI, marketing UI, billing UI, user identify confirmation UI, user service warning UI, user potential service tamper response request UI, etc.	UI screen messages are generated by the Service Controller and transmitted as needed in some embodiments. In other embodiments some user UI messages are generated in response to user input or requests. In other embodiments, UI messages are generated on a regular time table or in accordance with a certain amount of service usage.
Local agent check-in history	Logs and reports agent check-ins or self-reports that are made to a local agent integrity verification function.	In some embodiments a report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
Software install report	Logs and reports one or more aspects of software installs that have occurred on the device.	In some embodiments a report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified. In some

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		embodiments, the report is generated when new SW is installed.
Test billing event	In some embodiments the Service Controller or other network function may send or cause a test billing event wherein the device triggers a local billing sequence for the purpose of verifying that the billing sequence is properly logged, conducted and reported. The billing sequence can be related to a service usage event or sequence, a transaction event or sequence, or any other event or sequence that should result in a billing event.	In some embodiments, the test billing event timing is determined by the Service Controller or other network function. In others it is generated by the device or on a regular schedule.
Test service event	In some embodiments the service Controller or other network function may send or cause a service usage event wherein the device triggers a local service usage event or sequence for the purpose of verifying that the service usage event or sequence is properly logged and reported.	In some embodiments, the test service usage event timing is determined by the Service Controller or other network function. In others it is generated by the device or on a regular schedule.

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FIG. 26H

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Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Verify service usage measure in network is consistent with expected service behavior	Network service usage measure is in conflict with expected service usage. Examples: traffic usage outside limits, address access outside limits, data rate outside limits, traffic shaping rules not being followed.	In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of the other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if errors persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/ response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service inspection process, or usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

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Verify service usage measure at device is consistent with expected service behavior	Device service usage measure is in conflict with expected service usage. Examples: traffic usage too high, address access outside limits, email accessed against policy.	Same as above.
Verify service usage measure in network is consistent with service usage measure at device	Device service usage measure varies significantly from network service usage measure	Same as above.
Verify service usage measure at one point in device is consistent with service usage measure at a second point in device	Service usage measure at one point in device stack that is inconsistent with another point indicates error or potential parasitic usage	Same as above. In some embodiments, the differences in service measures on the device may be used to evaluate the nature of the service usage policy implementation problem.
Verify that service policies in effect are as intended	Service policy setting queries result in settings that are different than intended	In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persist. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity.In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition

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		to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify presence of Service Processor agents	Agent does not respond to agent communication or query-response	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify configuration of Service Processor agents	Agent configuration audit or configuration self check fails.	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the

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		error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify billing events are reported or are reported properly	Billing Agent query reveals logged billing events that have not been reported.	In some embodiments, perform a billing event test to determine if the billing event reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service

FIG. 27D

		policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify network reported service usage measure are consistent with reported device billing data.	Billing agent is not properly reporting billing events for service usage, transactions, bill by account, or other billing event functions.	In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the service usage reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service

FIG. 27E

		policies and see if error persists.In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify device reported service usage measure are consistent with reported device billing data.	Billing agent reports are inconsistent with service usage reports.	In some embodiments, perform a billing event test to determine if the billing event reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the service usage reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the

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		appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Send test billing event through device and verify it is reported.	Test billing event is not properly reported by the device.	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine

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		agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis
Verify device reports billing events reported from transaction servers.	Transaction server receipts do not correspond with billing events from device.	In some embodiments, perform checks to determine if transaction server receipts are valid. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to

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		the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify activation tracking system presence, configuration or operation	Activation tracking service is not present, is not providing scheduled network activity reporting, or is exhibiting erroneous reports.	In some embodiments the response is to place the device ID. on a list of devices suspected of having activation tracking functions that have been tampered with for the purpose of central provider billing reconciliation. In some embodiments, install a new copy of the activation tracking service agent software either from a locally stored device copy or a network download. In some embodiments where authorization exists to manage device software and some aspects of service tracking, run further checks on device service integrity such as agent query-response. In some embodiments where authorization exists to manage a device access service connection, send error message to device UI, suspend device or place device on quarantine route. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Verify device standing or service plan standing	No service plan on record or device not authorized	In some embodiments, if device is not yet activated with a service plan, provide UI with activation sequence. In some embodiments, if device is not authorized for service on one of the networks controlled by the Service

FIG. 27I

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		Controller, send the UI an error message instructing the user how to proceed. In some embodiments, configure the Service Processor for the ambient service intended for that device. In some embodiments, download the appropriate Service Processor agent software that is appropriate for that device.
Verify proper operation of Service Processor agents	Check input to output relationship on Policy Implementation agent, Firewall agent. Check billing event reports to verify events are being recorded. Check application and traffic inspection tagging system correctly tagging traffic. Verify Service Processor heartbeat reports proper agent integrity self-checks, cross-checks and query/response sequences with Service Controller.	In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

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FIG. 27J

Service Processor heartbeat response reports	One or more of the heartbeat reports indicate an error in operation, configuration, or tamper and error prevention system. Heartbeat function not functioning properly but device is still indicating service usage on the network.	In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Test service event	Service usage reporting system does not properly report test service usage event	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform one or more of the

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		following actions: In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing test event to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Load a fresh version of Service Processor software and perform integrity reports	After fresh load of Access Control Integrity Agent, agent discovers one or more of the other agents are corrupted.	Run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh other agents and see if problem persists. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, a

FIG. 27L

		user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify Service Processor code configuration with agent self diagnosis checks	One or more of the agents indicates an error after running a self-check.	Run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh other agents and see if problem persists. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform one or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the

FIG. 27M

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		device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify that device uses service only after being authorized	Device gains access to the network and does not check in with the Access Control Integrity Server and service measures indicate device is on the network.	In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on

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FIG. 27N

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		quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify user standing	User does not respond with proper response to UI query such as request for ID., password or biometric input. This process may be part of handling a suspected error.	In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to acknowledge a service overage notification and/or to also provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to verify the service overage acknowledgment.
Agent communications log	Unauthorized communications with one or more agents is detected	In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control.

FIG. 27O

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		In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

FIG. 27P

Service Policy Implementation Tamper or Error Protection Techniques	Example Error Trigger Criteria	Example Error Responses
Detect or block device networking activity that is potentially harmful for the operation of Service Processor.	Network activity is observed in service monitor reports that fit known patterns that indicated harmful software may be present on device.	Initiate or install and initiate eradication software. Block traffic from the suspect entity. In some embodiments if software can not be eradicated or blocked, then send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Detect or block unauthorized Service Processor software from being loaded.	Access Control Integrity Agent discovers software that is on a known malicious list.	Same as above.
Detect or block unauthorized access of protected Service Processor software or hardware memory.	Unauthorized access is detected, memory contents are corrupted or unresponsive.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Detect or block unauthorized communication with Service Processor software or hardware.	Unauthorized communication is detected.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.

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FIG. 28A

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Secure loader with signed SW installed into protected memory	Unauthorized access is detected, memory contents are corrupted or unresponsive.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Secure encrypted communication between Service Processor agents.	Secure communication link is in error or unauthorized access is detected.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh agents with communication links that are in error or entire Service Processor. In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Secure encrypted communication between Service Processor and Service Controller.	Service Processor communication is lost.	Send error message to device UI (if possible), suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place device on quarantine route. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Execution of Service Processor software within secure memory.	Unauthorized access is detected, memory contents are corrupted or unresponsive.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.

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FIG. 28B

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Storage of service processor software in secure memory	Secure memory violation or Service Processor stored in non-secure memory	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Detection or removal of software thought to be harmful to Service Processor operation.	Unauthorized software is detected.	Initiate or install and initiate eradication software. Block traffic from the suspect entity. In some embodiments if software can not be eradicated or blocked, then send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Recording and reporting of software loading signatures, software activity signatures or network activity signatures for later identification of threat sequences.	Unauthorized software or malicious network activity is detected	Same as above.
Implement critical Service Processor software as a self-refreshing program that resists corruption by running self-audit and reinstall processes such as placing audit function in inaccessible memory or OS functions or bios.	Re-installation function alerts that Re-installation has been required. Continued re-installations or failure to re-install alert increases severity of warnings.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Encrypted agent code	Code check, agent query-response, agent self check or other agent configuration check discovers error in code encryption	In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send

FIG. 28C

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		error message to human interface for troubleshooting. Identify the entity that may have gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate.
Obfuscated agent code	Code check, agent query-response, agent self check or other agent configuration check discovers error in code obfuscation	Same as above.
Unique agent identification numbers and signatures	Agent is discovered to have an incorrect ID. or fails signature	Same as above.
Secure agent communication bus	Agent communication bus monitoring discovers unauthorized communication or other unauthorized access to one or more agents is discovered	Same as above.
Agent level message encryption	Agent is found to be communicating without the required level of agent communication encryption	Same as above.
Service control link message level encryption	Unauthorized communication traffic is discovered on service control link	In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code. In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting. Identify the entity that may have gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate.
Service control link transport layer encryption	Unauthorized communication traffic is discovered on service control link	Same as above.
Agent communication access permissions	Unauthorized communication is discovered with one or more agents	Same as above.

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FIG. 28D

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Agent communication log	Unauthorized communication is discovered with one or more agents	Same as above.
Encrypted agent code for downloads	Agent download is found to have incorrect or absent encryption or signature	Same as above.
Secure downloader memory	Unauthorized access to or storage in secure downloader memory is discovered	Same as above.

FIG. 28E

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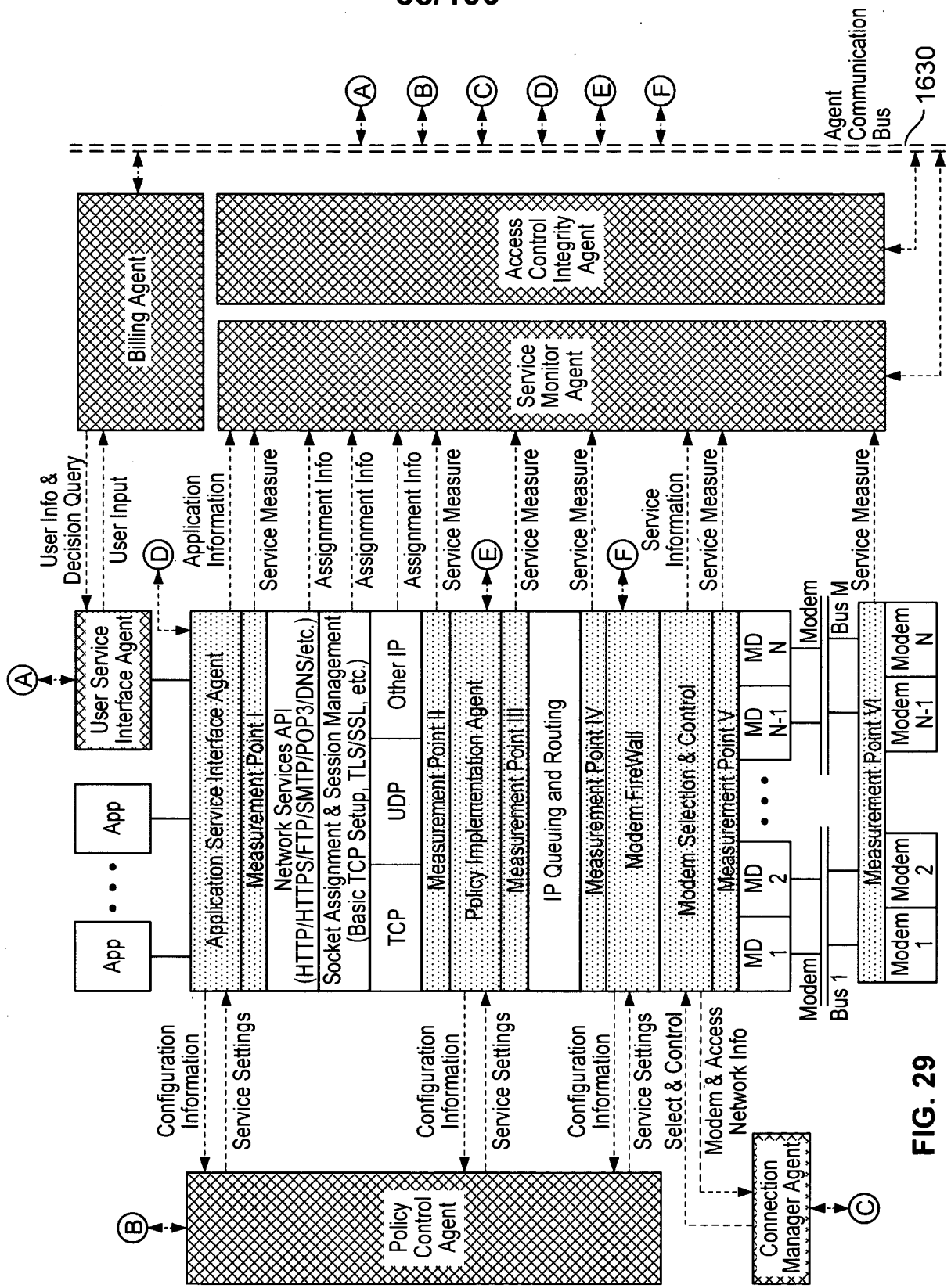

Agent Communication Bus
1630
Billing Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent
Service Monitor Agent
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
Application Information
Service Measure
Assignment Info
Service Information
User Service Interface Agent
App
Application Service Interface Agent
Measurement Point I
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
Measurement Point II
Policy Implementation Agent
Measurement Point III
IP Queuing and Routing
Measurement Point IV
Modem FireWall
Modem Selection & Control
Measurement Point V
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem
Bus 1
Bus M
Measurement Point VI
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Select & Control
Modem & Access Network Info
Policy Control Agent
Connection Manager Agent
A
B
C
D
E
F

FIG. 29

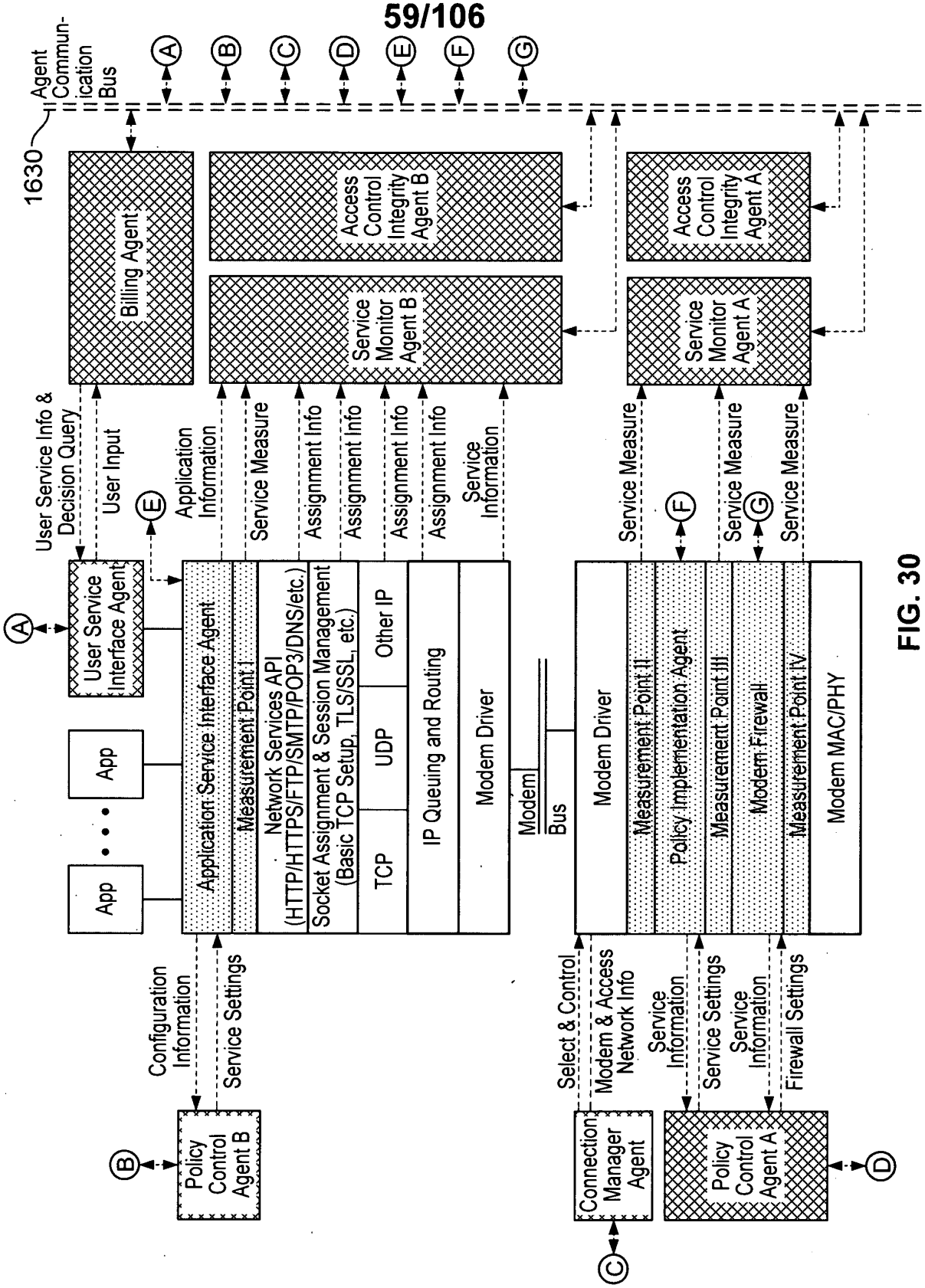

Agent Communication Bus
1630
A
B
C
D
E
F
G
Billing Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent B
Service Monitor Agent B
Access Control Integrity Agent A
Service Monitor Agent A
User Service Info & Decision Query
User Input
Application Information
Service Measure
Assignment Info
Assignment Info
Assignment Info
Assignment Info
Service Information
Service Measure
Service Measure
Service Measure
User Service Interface Agent
App
App
Application Service Interface Agent
Measurement Point I
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Driver
Modem Bus
Modem Driver
Measurement Point II
Policy Implementation Agent
Measurement Point III
Modem Firewall
Measurement Point IV
Modem MAC/PHY
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Select & Control
Modem & Access Network Info
Service Information
Service Settings
Service Information
Firewall Settings
Policy Control Agent B
Connection Manager Agent
Policy Control Agent A

FIG. 30

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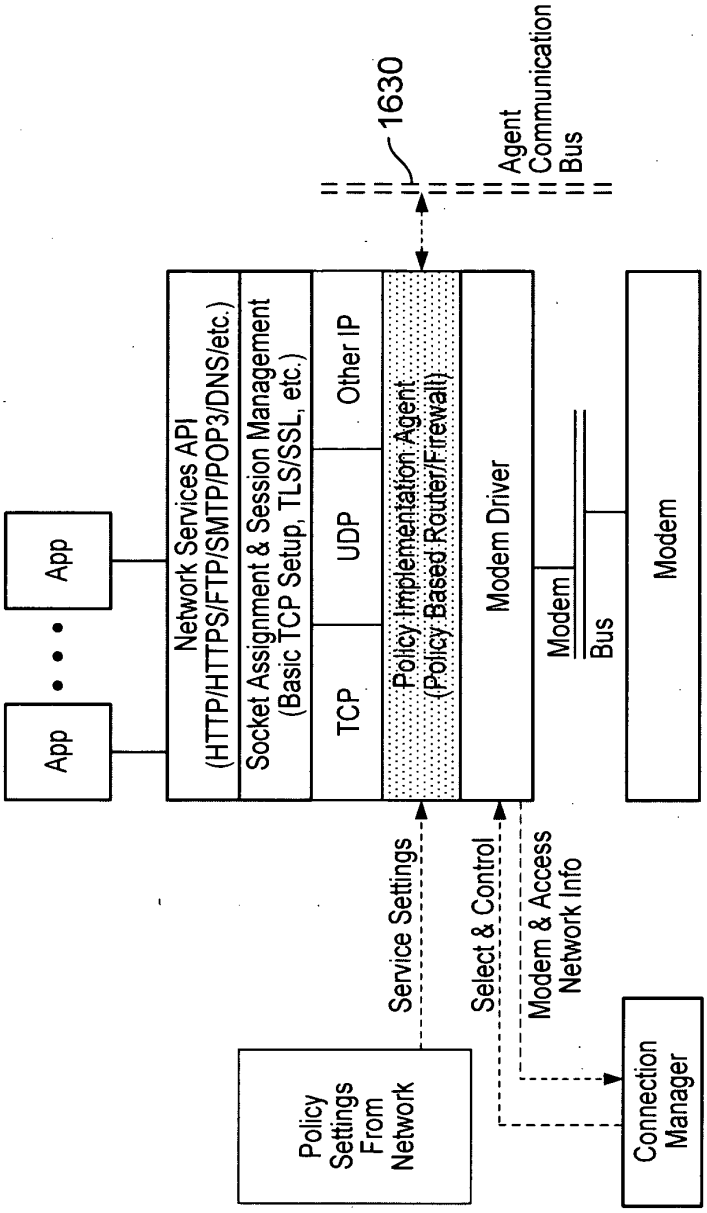

1630
Agent Communication Bus
App
App
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
Policy Implementation Agent (Policy Based Router/Firewall)
Modem Driver
Modem Bus
Modem
Service Settings
Select & Control
Modem & Access Network Info
Policy Settings From Network
Connection Manager

FIG. 31

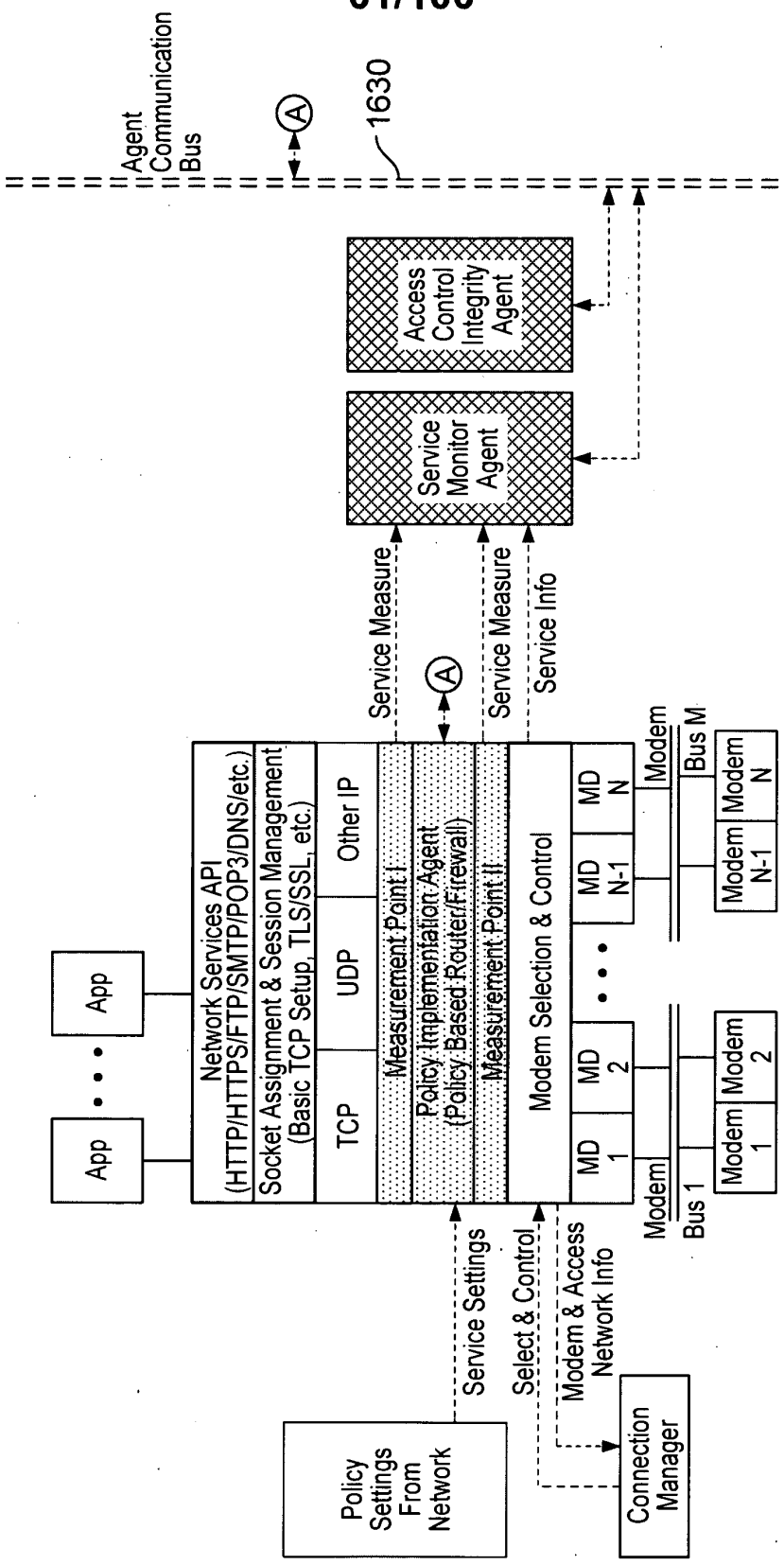

Agent Communication Bus
A
1630
Access Control Integrity Agent
Service Monitor Agent
Service Measure
Service Measure
Service Info
App
App
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
Measurement Point I
Policy Implementation Agent (Policy Based Router/Firewall)
Measurement Point II
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
Service Settings
Select & Control
Modem & Access Network Info
Policy Settings From Network
Connection Manager

FIG. 32

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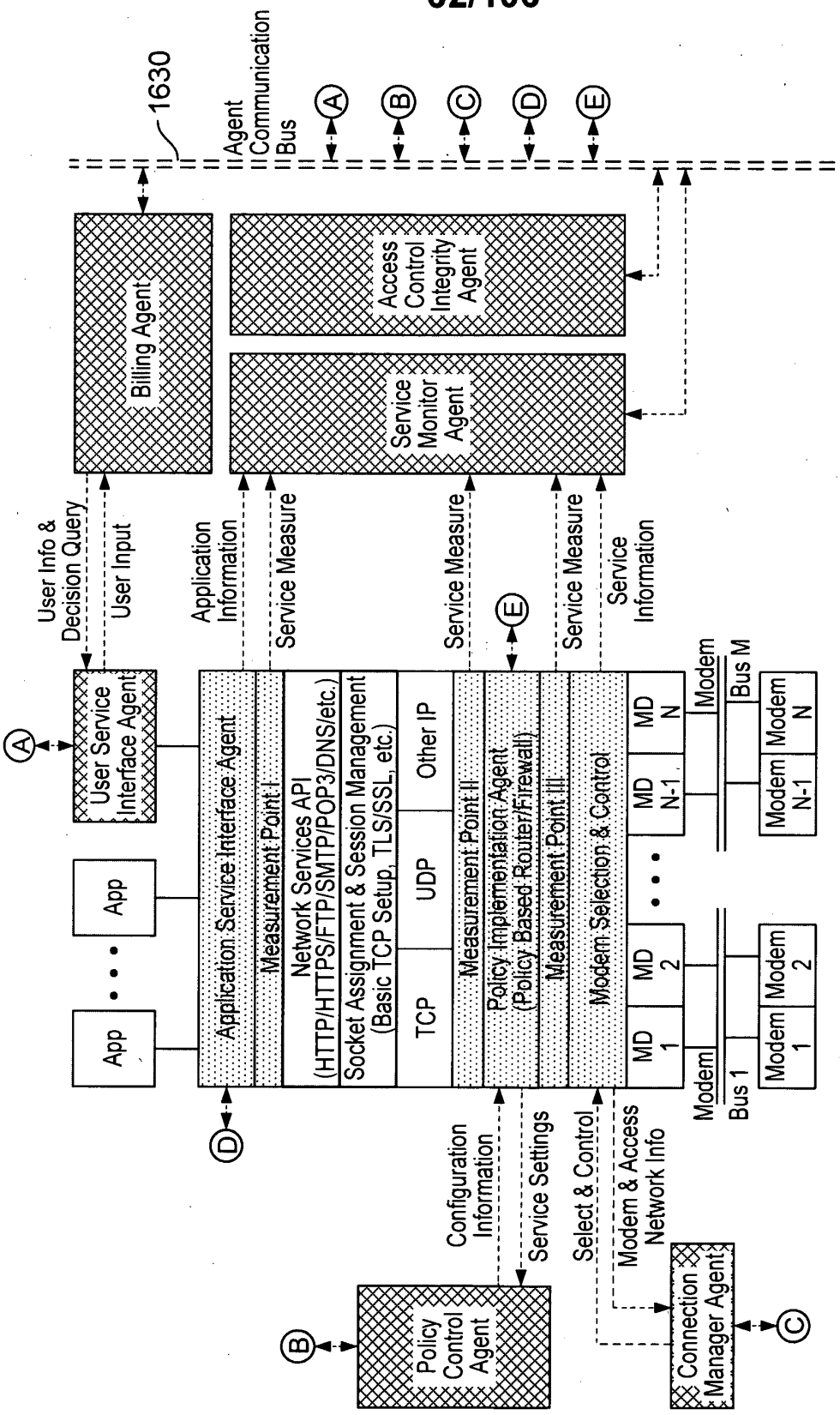

1630
Agent Communication Bus
A
B
C
D
E
Billing Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent
Service Monitor Agent
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
Application Information
Service Measure
Service Measure
Service Measure
Service Information
User Service Interface Agent
App
App
Application Service Interface Agent
Measurement Point I
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
Measurement Point II
Policy Implementation Agent (Policy Based Router/Firewall)
Measurement Point III
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Select & Control
Modem & Access Network Info
Policy Control Agent
Connection Manager Agent

FIG. 33

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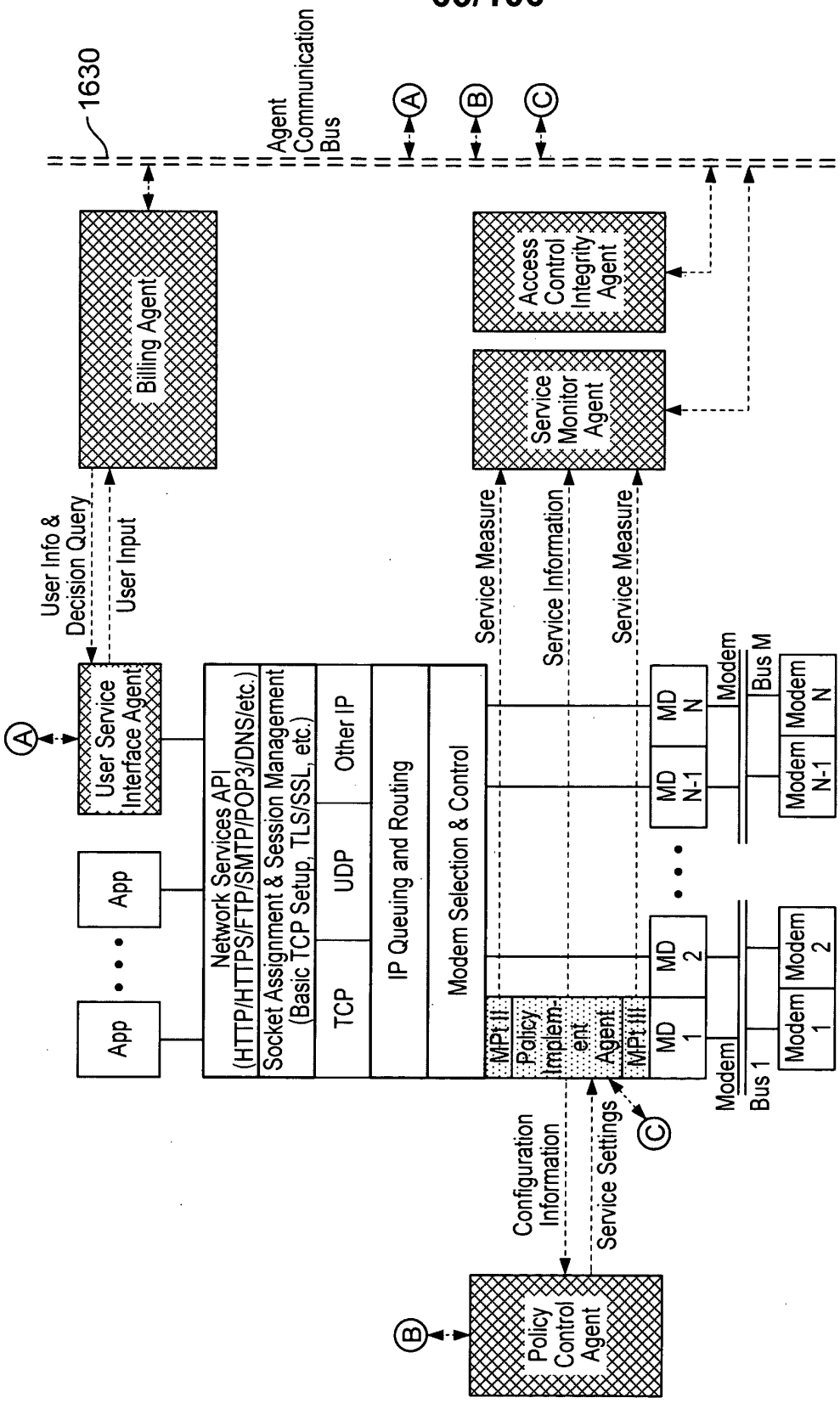

1630
Agent Communication Bus
A
B
C
Billing Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent
Service Monitor Agent
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
Service Measure
Service Information
Service Measure
User Service Interface Agent
App
App
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Selection & Control
MPI II
Policy Implement Agent
MPI III
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Policy Control Agent

FIG. 34

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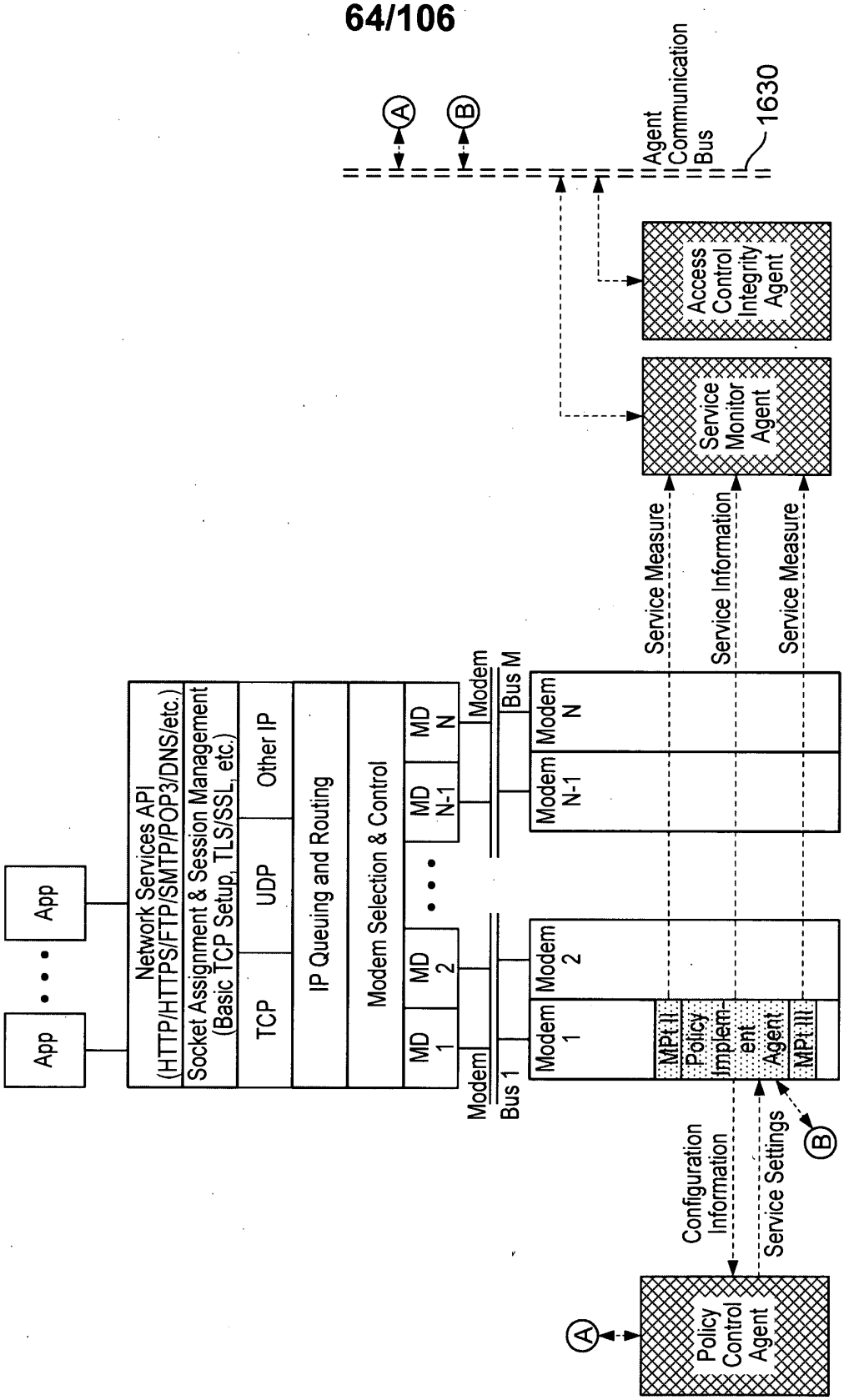

App
App
Network Services API
(HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management
(Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
MPI II
Policy Implem-ent Agent
MPI III
Agent Communication Bus
1630
Access Control Integrity Agent
Service Monitor Agent
Service Measure
Service Information
Service Measure
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Policy Control Agent
A
B

FIG. 35

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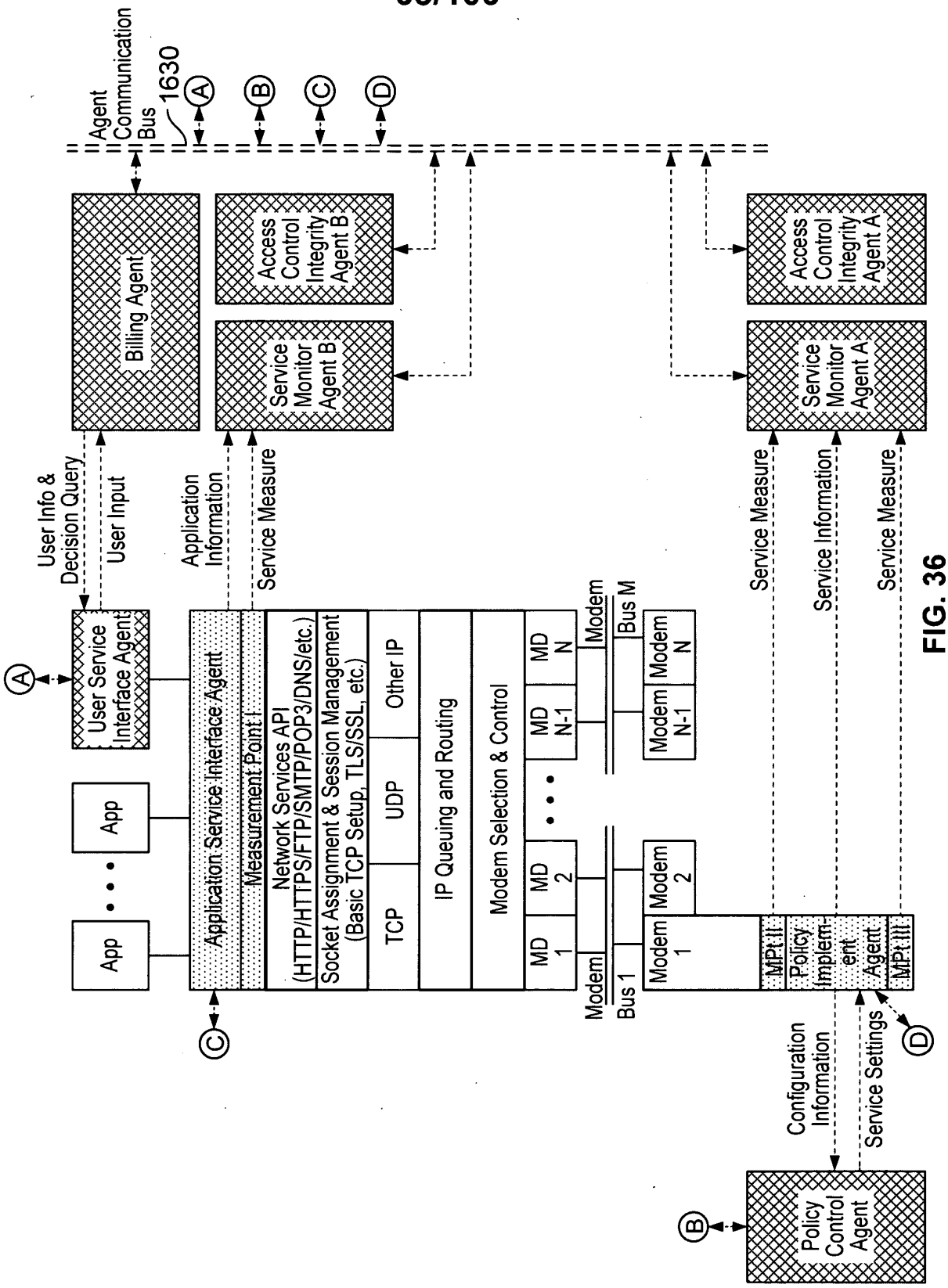

Agent Communication Bus
1630
A
B
C
D
Billing Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent B
Service Monitor Agent B
Access Control Integrity Agent A
Service Monitor Agent A
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
Application Information
Service Measure
Service Measure
Service Information
Service Measure
User Service Interface Agent
App
App
Application Service Interface Agent
Measurement Point I
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
MPI II
Policy Implement Agent
MPI III
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Policy Control Agent

FIG. 36

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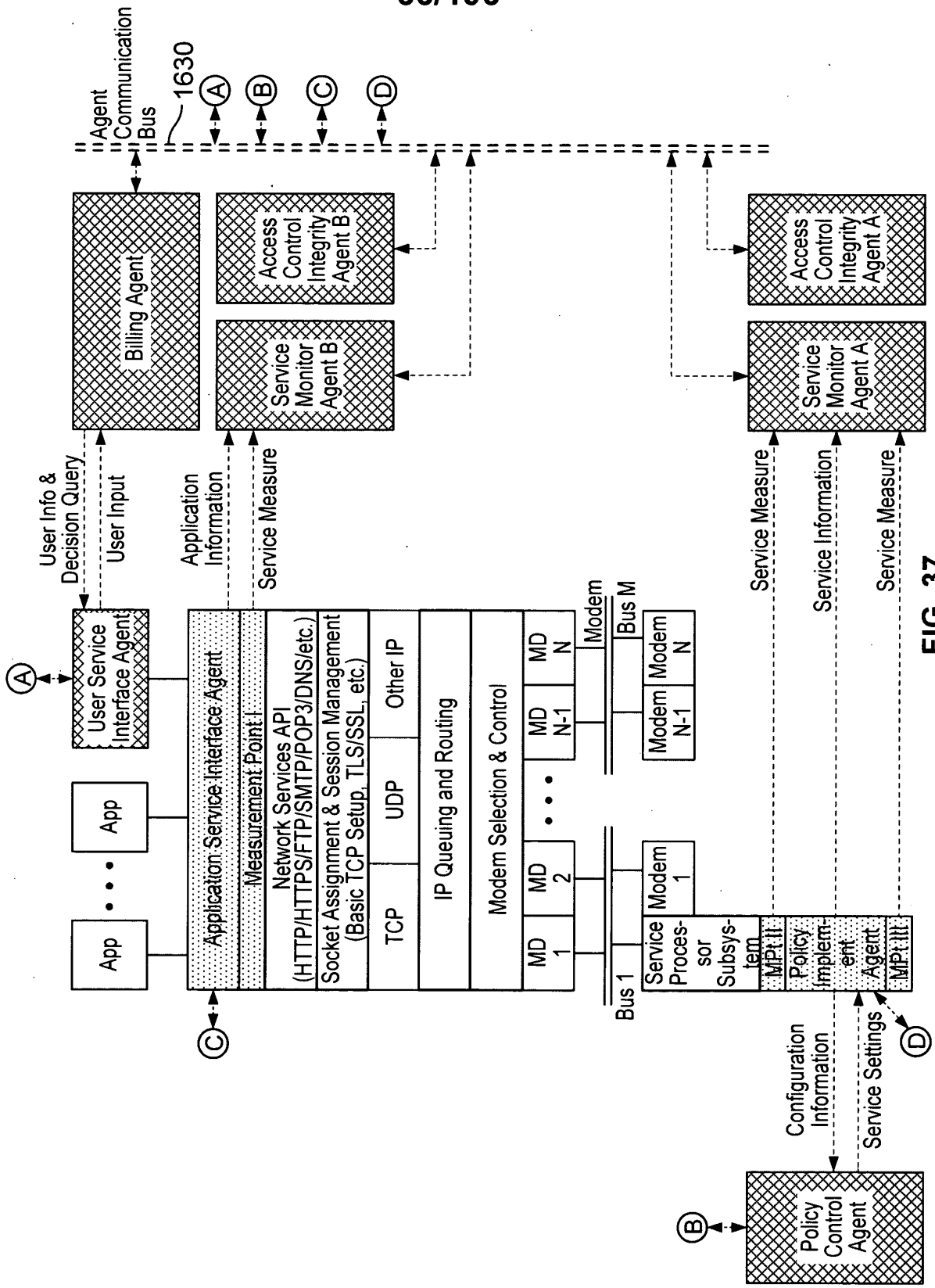

Agent Communication Bus
1630
A
B
C
D
Billing Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent B
Service Monitor Agent B
Access Control Integrity Agent A
Service Monitor Agent A
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
Application Information
Service Measure
Service Measure
Service Information
Service Measure
User Service Interface Agent
App
App
Application Service Interface Agent
Measurement Point
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem
Bus 1
Bus M
Modem 1
Modem N-1
Modem N
Service Processor Subsystem
MPI II
Policy Implement Agent
MPI III
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Policy Control Agent

FIG. 37

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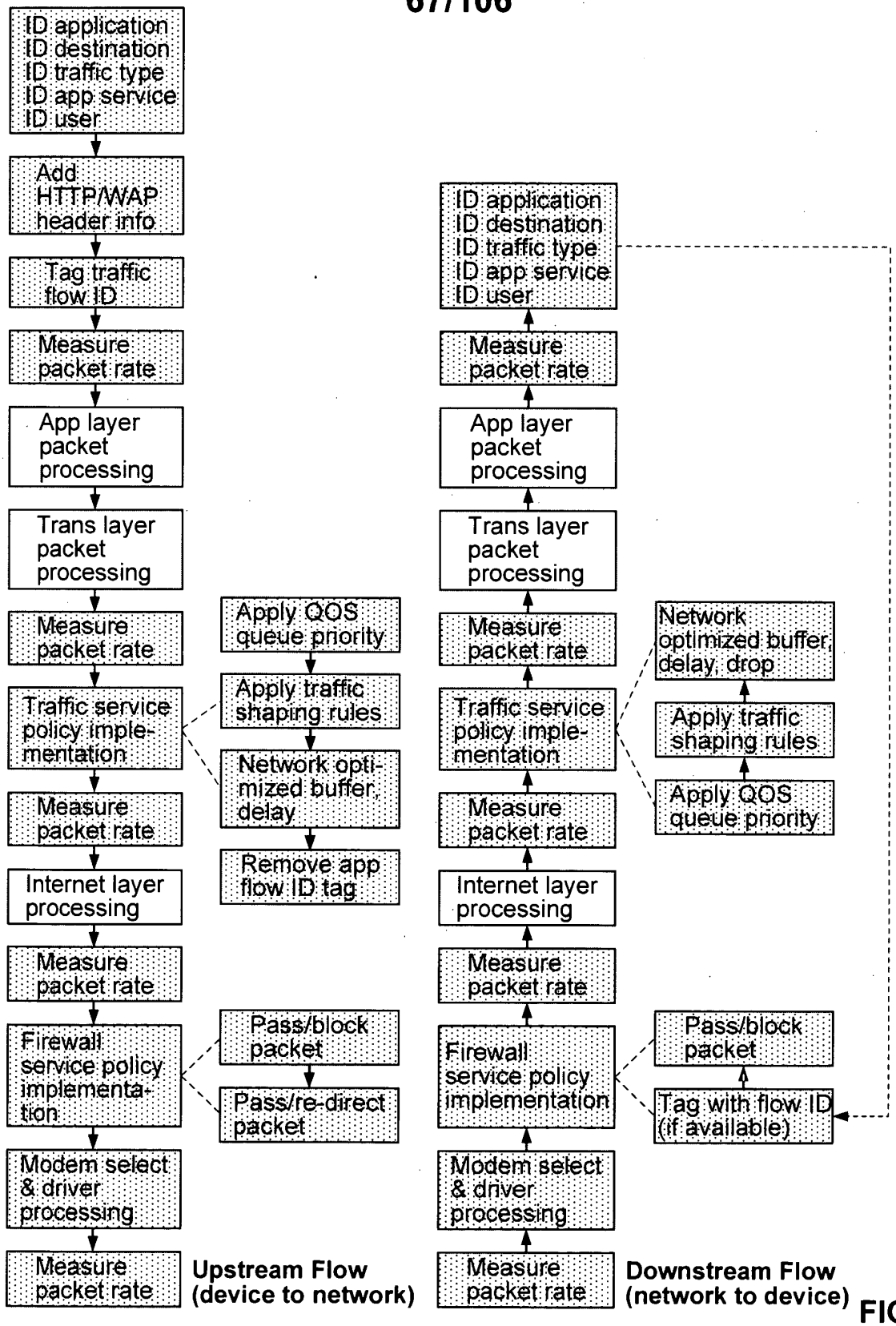

ID application
ID destination
ID traffic type
ID app service
ID user
Add HTTP/WAP header info
Tag traffic flow ID
Measure packet rate
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy implementation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Measure packet rate
Firewall service policy implementation
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Upstream Flow (device to network)
Apply QOS queue priority
Apply traffic shaping rules
Network optimized buffer, delay
Remove app flow ID tag
Pass/block packet
Pass/re-direct packet
ID application
ID destination
ID traffic type
ID app service
ID user
Measure packet rate
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy implementation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Measure packet rate
Firewall service policy implementation
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Downstream Flow (network to device)
Network optimized buffer, delay, drop
Apply traffic shaping rules
Apply QOS queue priority
Pass/block packet
Tag with flow ID (if available)

FIG. 38

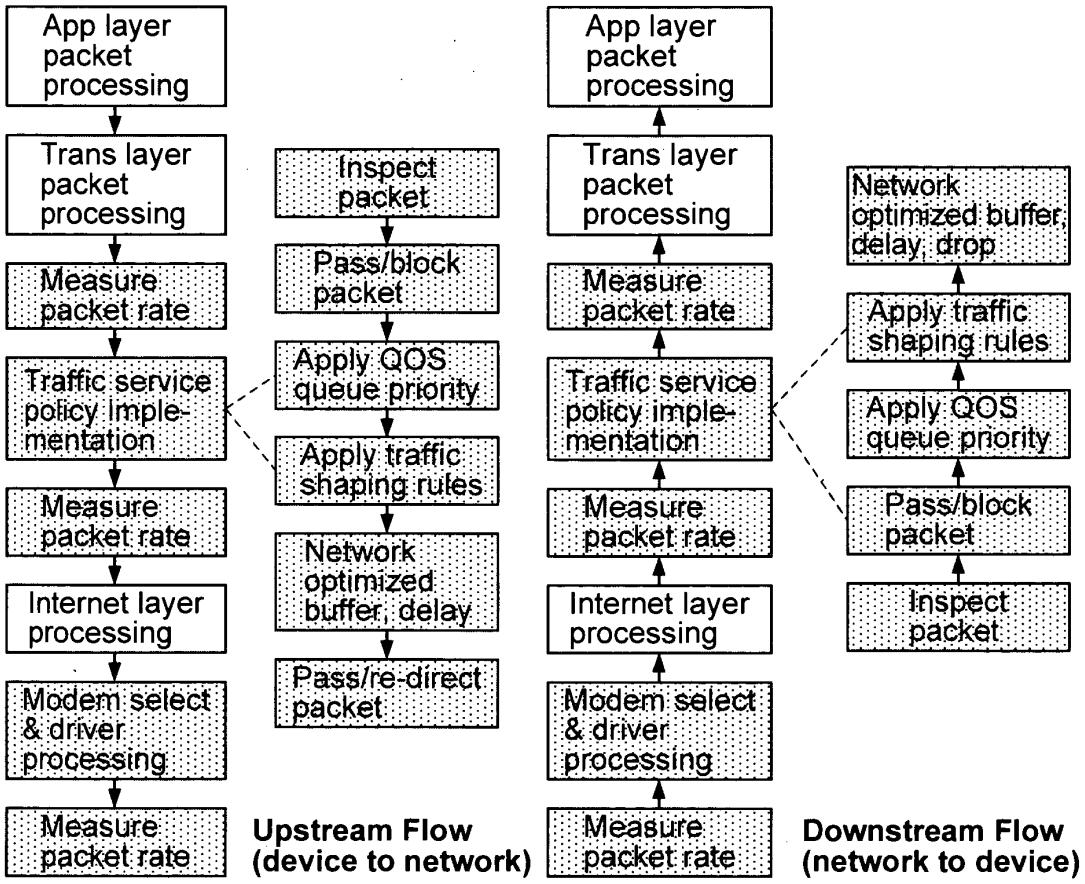

App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy imple-mentation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Inspect packet
Pass/block packet
Apply QOS queue priority
Apply traffic shaping rules
Network optimized buffer, delay
Pass/re-direct packet
Upstream Flow (device to network)
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy imple-mentation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Network optimized buffer, delay, drop
Apply traffic shaping rules
Apply QOS queue priority
Pass/block packet
Inspect packet
Downstream Flow (network to device)

FIG. 39

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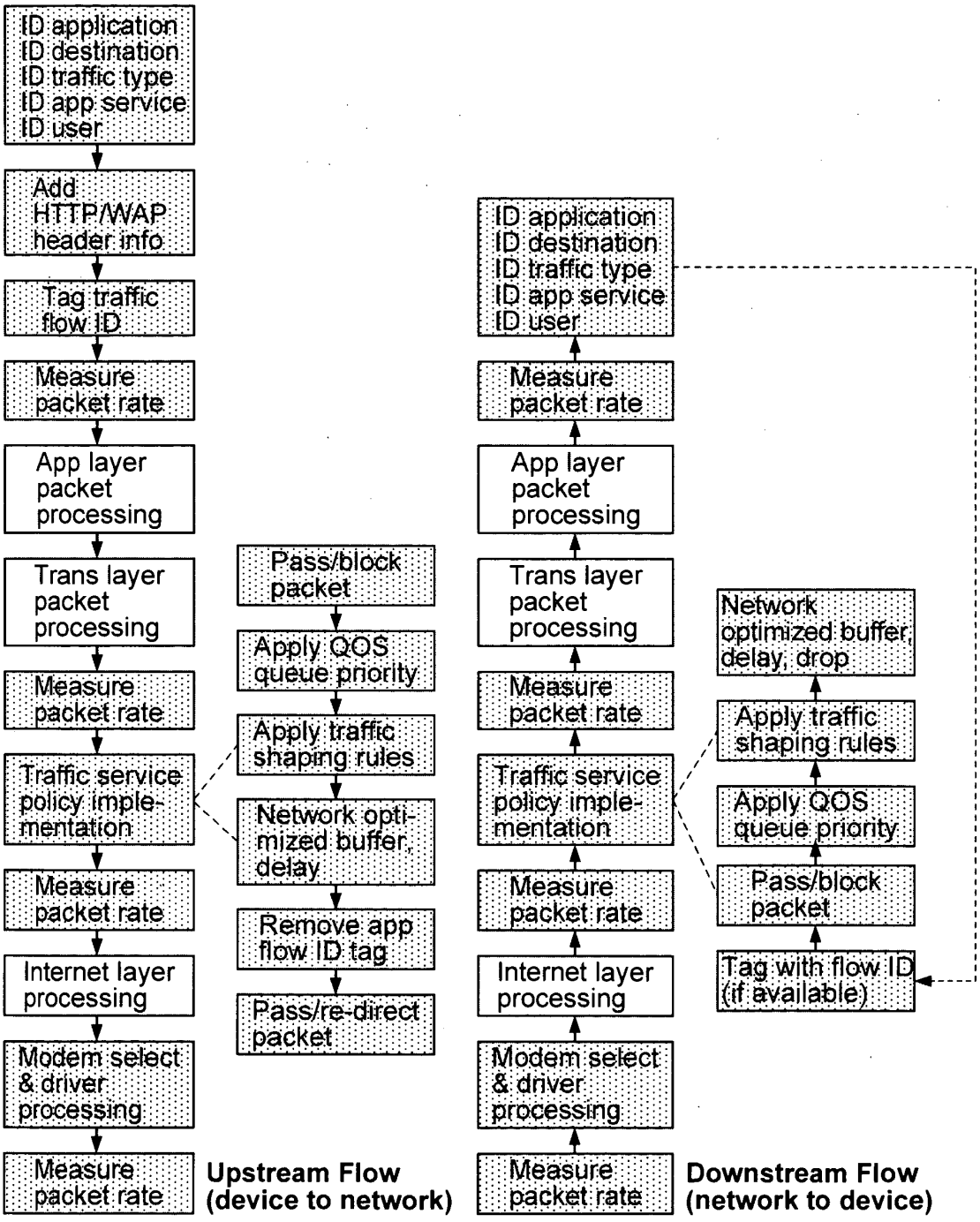

ID application
ID destination
ID traffic type
ID app service
ID user
Add HTTP/WAP header info
Tag traffic flow ID
Measure packet rate
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy imple-mentation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Upstream Flow (device to network)
Pass/block packet
Apply QOS queue priority
Apply traffic shaping rules
Network opti-mized buffer, delay
Remove app flow ID tag
Pass/re-direct packet
ID application
ID destination
ID traffic type
ID app service
ID user
Measure packet rate
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy imple-mentation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Downstream Flow (network to device)
Network optimized buffer, delay, drop
Apply traffic shaping rules
Apply QOS queue priority
Pass/block packet
Tag with flow ID (if available)

FIG. 40

Example Device CRM Data Collection and Reporting Classification	Partial Description	Example Sensitivity Level Classification	Example Authorization Level to Include in Report
Basic non-specific service usage parameters	User sensitive information is filtered from this report which is used for purposes such as service control, service control integrity monitoring or network traffic analysis.	Low	None
Service billing events or service plan selection events	Documents user selection process from service plan selection or billing options.	Low	Customer authorization with basic service agreement or enterprise agreement
Transaction billing events	Documents user selection process from service plan selection or billing options.	Low	Customer authorization with central billing agreement or enterprise agreement
Device location – customer location based service assist	Reports customer location for the purpose of assisting with location based services such as directions, yellow pages, shopping and social networking.	High	Customer authorization with basic service agreement or enterprise agreement
Device location – device or people tracking	Reports customer location for the purpose of providing tracking services for the device or the user.	High	Customer authorization with separate device tracking service agreement or enterprise agreement
Transaction associated information	Reports customer information such as networking activity, location, advertising usage, shopping behavior that is associated with a commerce transaction or happens around the same time as the transaction.	High	Customer authorization – potential service discount or upgrade or enterprise agreement
URL history	Reports customer web surfing history.	High	Customer authorization – potential service discount or upgrade or enterprise agreement
Served and visited advertisement history	Reports the advertisements served to the user or which advertisements the user responded to. This information may be used to determine customer preferences or for a revenue sharing relationship with the advertisers.	Medium	Customer authorization – potential service discount, perk or upgrade or enterprise agreement
911 Service usage and location trace log	This log contains all information pertinent to emergency service personnel responding to a 911 call or other emergency situation. In some embodiments this information is password protected and generally not available to the service provider unless it happens to also be contained in reports authorized by the consumer as in the examples above.	Very High	Available only for 911 support or enterprise agreement

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Partial List of Example Service Policy Functionality Embodiments	Partial Description of Functionality Example	Example Authorization Level Required to Implement Embodiment
Block Downstream or upstream traffic	Various embodiments block traffic associated with one or more of user, network address identifier, application, content or data type, type of network, central provider, transaction provider, or transaction type. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of command usage are access control prior to authorization, access control policy limits as defined by service plan or special device type, access control for ambient activation services, access control for error handling or access control for tamper prevention. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode.	Basic authority to pass or block traffic for access control, authorization, ambient services, or plan specific services typically may be provided by the user when they acknowledge the service plan agreement. Authorization to block traffic access as part of controlling user service costs typically may be provided by the service plan agreement options the user chooses to manage cost or may be provided when the user acknowledges the limitations in the UI notifications.
Pass downstream or upstream traffic	Various embodiments allow traffic associated with one or more of user, network address identifier, application, content or data type, type of network, central provider, transaction provider, or transaction type. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of command usage are access control prior to authorization, access control policy limits as defined by service plan or special device type, access control for ambient activation services, access control for error handling or access control for tamper prevention. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode.	Same as above.
Limit maximum data rate	Various embodiments limit maximum data rate for traffic associated with one or more of user, network address identifier, application, content or data type, type of network, central provider, transaction provider, or transaction type. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of how this command can be implemented include limiting data rate to the device according to service plan; limiting data rate by network address identifier, application or content type for the purpose of implementing a tiered garden; limiting data rate in to different levels according to the type of access technology used by the present network connection; limiting data rate to different levels according to the service provider for the present network; or limiting data rate according to an agreement or lack of agreement with a transaction provider. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode.	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.

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FIG. 42A

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Analyze traffic	Provides capability resident on the device to analyze device or user traffic statistics to determine how to implement adaptive policy control or how best to assist the user with notification messages. In some embodiments it is important to perform traffic analysis locally on the device to reduce network chatter with the Control Processor or to maintain user CRM privacy levels by not sharing sensitive raw traffic usage history needed to determine implementation of less sensitive service control policies. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of command usage are analyzing traffic usage statistics or patterns to determine compliance with service plan limits; analyzing traffic usage statistics or patterns to determine likely future compliance with service plan limits; analyzing traffic statistics or patterns to categorize usage according to network address identifiers, applications, content types, network types or central providers; analyzing traffic demand vs. usage statistics or patterns to determine if user may be better served with another service plan; analyzing traffic statistics or patterns to identify potential tamper threats. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode, but adaptive application of the analysis results is typically associated with adaptive policy control mode.	Authorization to analyze traffic for local device service policy control purposes or 911 service typically may be provided for in the basic service contract. Authorization to transmit a complete or filtered version of the traffic analysis to the Service Controller typically may be provided under user selected options in the service plan contract.
Successive limitation	Provides capability to begin with one limit on access or data rate according to a set of defined service usage trigger criteria, to further limit access or data rate according to said criteria, and then to successively remove limits according to said criteria. In some embodiments this function provides for service usage that starts at a given level for one or more service aspects, but as said service aspect exhibits usage that potentially threatens an overage on service plan limits then the level of service for said service aspect is reduced successively until the threat of service plan overage is reduced or eliminated. In some embodiments, the limits on service level for said service aspect are eventually removed either all at once or successively over a specified time period or set of time periods so that the limits on service level for said service aspect are eventually removed if the service aspect is used less vigorously for a period of time. In this type of embodiment the projection for future service usage by a given service aspect is assisted by the analyze traffic statistics function. As a more specific example, the service aspect may be a URL address that is popular with the user and demands a high service consumption, and the data rate allowed to that URL may start at a relatively high level when the user first begins to surf and as long as the surfing session is finished quickly there is never a reduction in service level, but if the user surfs for a longer time so that service usage begins to threaten plan limit overage, the data rate allowed to that URL is successively reduced the longer the surfing session occurs. Continuing this	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.

FIG. 42B

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	example embodiment, if the URL is not visited for a defined period of time then the data rate limitation may be removed in steps over multiple pre-defined time periods, or may be removed all at once back to the initial data rate established in the service policy for that URL. Other specific embodiment examples include email download or upload data rate; download or upload rates for certain types of file transfers; or download or upload rates for a given network access technology or central provider. This command is associated with adaptive policy control mode for the Service Processor. In more advanced adaptive embodiments, the policy control system first identifies those service aspects that are consuming a large percentage of the service usage and then begins to successively limit service level only for these highest usage service aspects so that all other service aspects that are not responsible for potential service plan limit overage continue to receive relatively high service levels. In another embodiment, some high usage service aspects may be exempt or partially exempt from limitations in service level, as for example a service aspect that is associated with a secondary source of service or transaction payment or that may be separately accounted for in the service plan usage reporting.		
Limit email file transfers	Sets and enforces limits on email downloads. In some embodiments this can include use of the successively limit functionality. In some embodiments, this is accomplished by identifying specific email downloads or uploads and controlling traffic for those traffic flows. In other embodiments, this includes interacting with the email application to set download or upload file settings. This functionality may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode, with the more advanced functionality such as successive limitation on email file transfers being implemented in the adaptive policy control mode.	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.	
Seek to manage below service limit	Implements adaptive policy control in an attempt to manage service usage to reduce service plan limit overages. In some embodiments there are successive limits on service level for overall traffic, or for the highest usage service aspects, with the successive limits being lowered until average service usage is projected to be below service plan limits. The algorithms that may be applied to achieve this adaptive service level limitation are quite varied and only a few are given here. In one embodiment, the service usage for the service plan period is projected using the analyze traffic functionality, and overall device data rate is successively limited until service usage is projected to be below the service plan limit. In another	Same as above.	

FIG. 42C

	embodiment, the analyze traffic functionality is used to identify those service aspects that are causing the majority of the service plan usage, and then each of those service plan aspects are limited using the successive limitation functionality, with the service level limitations being based on the traffic usage patterns and specific application scenarios for each service aspect. For example, in some embodiments the service aspects that are creating the most service usage are subjected to more service level limitation than service aspects that are creating less service usage. Service usage may be defined as usage of a raw service measurement such as total data consumption, files downloaded or time spent on network, or it may be translated into an economic measure using the lookup service cost functionality. In some embodiments, the period of time elapsed in the service accounting period is taken into account in determining...	
Synchronize service usage counters	Synchronizes service usage counters on device from time to time to minimize service accounting errors between the device data base and the central billing data base. In some embodiments this is a part of the Service Processor heartbeat communication system that need not happen every heartbeat. In some embodiments this occurs with a request for update by the device to the central billing system or to a server function in the Service Processor	Provided for in the basic service agreement.
Lookup service cost	Provides a data base of service usage vs. cost for each type of service offered on the device. Provides for a lookup function of service cost.	Same as above.
Convert service usage to service cost	Uses the service cost vs. usage lookup function to transform one or more service usage aspects to one or more service cost aspect. One example embodiment provides a service cost measure for one specific aspect of service usage, for example total data consumed over a period of time. Another example embodiment provides a total service cost measure for all service usage over a period of time.	Same as above.
Notify user of service overage	Sends a notification message or screen to the UI to inform the user that the one or more aspects of service usage has exceeded the specified limits of one or more service plans. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen.	Same as above.
Project service usage	Uses the analyze traffic functionality and projects an estimate of what the traffic usage will be at the end of a service plan measurement interval if the service usage does not change. In some embodiments the projected service usage is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above

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Notify user of service cost overage	Performs a service cost estimate based on one or more aspects of service usage and informs the user that the one or more aspects of service cost has exceeded the specified limits of a service plan. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen.	Provided for in the basic service agreement.
Notify user of usage behavior likely to run over service usage limit	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, notifies the user if the projected usage is over the service plan limit for the service plan measurement interval. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen. In some embodiments the projected service usage is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above.
Notify user of usage behavior likely to run over cost limit	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, uses convert service measure to service cost functionality to estimate the service cost of the projected service overage, notifies the user if the projected cost is over the service plan cost associated with the service plan service limit for the service plan measurement interval. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen. In some embodiments the projected cost is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above.
Project user service cost if usage behavior continues	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, uses convert service measure to service cost functionality to estimate the service cost of the projected service overage, notifies the user of what the projected cost will be if the service usage behavior remains the same. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen. In some embodiments the projected cost is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above.

FIG. 42E

Limit access likely to cause overage and notify	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, if the service usage is projected to go over the service limit, notifies the user that limits are being applied to keep service usage or cost under the service limit, applies limits to various aspects of service usage to bring down usage so that projections are within service limits. In one embodiment, the seek to manage below service limit functionality is used.	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.
Require acknowledgment of notification	Requires the user to acknowledge a notification of potential service or cost overage or a notification of an option to limit the service overage or cost of service overage.	Provided for in the basic service agreement.
Log or report acknowledgment of notification	In some embodiments, the user acknowledgment of notification is stored, or sent to the Service Controller, or stored and later sent to the service Controller.	Same as above.
Notify user of service plan options prior to running over service usage limit	Notifies the user of options to extend the service plan limit before reaching the service plan limit. In some embodiments, accepts user input on which service plan extension option if any the user wishes to accept. In some embodiments, notifies the billing system when the user has accepted a service plan extension option.	Same as above.
Notify user of service plan options after running over service usage limit	Notifies the user of options to extend the service plan limit after reaching the service plan limit. In some embodiments, accepts user input on which service plan extension option if any the user wishes to accept. In some embodiments, notifies the billing system when the user has accepted a service plan extension option.	Same as above.
Time of day variations	Each of the functionalities for traffic control, service cost, service limits may be modified with a time of day variation so that the values used are different for different times of day.	Same as above.

FIG. 42F

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Access control enable list	List of service usage activities that are enabled.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the control data base.
Access control block list	List of service usage activities that are blocked.	Same as above.
User service control option UI	Provides the user with a list of options for how they would like to control service usage or service cost.	In some embodiments UI screens and scripts are defined by the UI agent software version and access to modifying this software is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI data base. Some embodiments call for the UI screens or UI screen content to be generated by the service controller, VSP or another network function (e.g. service usage notification gateway or billing system) and in this case access is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI pass through screens.
User service notification option preference	Provides the user with a list of options for how they would like service notification information to be displayed. In some embodiments provides the user with the option to turn off one or more aspects of service notification. In some embodiments the user is not allowed to turn off notification for service usage events that require user decision or acknowledgement.	In some embodiments UI screens and scripts are defined by the UI agent software version and access to modifying this software is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI data base. Some embodiments call for the UI screens or UI screen content to be generated by the service controller, VSP or another network function (e.g. service usage notification gateway or billing system) and in this case access is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI pass through screens.

FIG. 42G

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User CRM or service usage monitoring filtering option preference	Filters the device and/or user information that is being collected before it is reported to the network to maintain the desired level of user privacy. In some embodiments the user defines preferences on user privacy that are used to define the filter settings.	In some embodiments this is not accessible by the network and only may be modified by the user. In other embodiments it may be read but not written by the network and in this case authorization is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the filter settings data base. In some embodiments the network is allowed to change the CRM filter settings and in this case Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the CRM filter settings data base.
Service usage billing event record	A record of service usage billing events. In some embodiments this record is transmitted to the billing server or another network function to aid service billing or billing reconciliation.	In some embodiments authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the billing data base. In some embodiments the user is allowed to read but not write the data base.
Bill by account	The bill by account embodiments provide for service billing to accounts different than the main user account, for example tracking network device chatter that is not desired to be billed to the user, transaction partner access costs that are shared with or billed to the transaction partner, ambient service cost tracking, tracking temporary account costs, etc.	In some embodiments authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the billing data base. In some embodiments the user is allowed to read but not write the data base.
Central billing transaction and event recording	Billing event tracking and reporting associated with the central provider open billing embodiments. Some embodiments include generation of billing certificates or receipts. In some embodiments the device may serve as a billing feed.	In some embodiments authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the billing data base. In some embodiments the user is allowed to read but not write the data base.
Service owner registration or re-registration	Function that allows a portion of the device credentials to be programmed to indicated the VSP.	In some embodiments authorization to write the device is restricted with security signatures or other security methods to the VSP and possibly the central provider. Some embodiments involve provisions to report to a network function when the VSP settings are changed or the software is uninstalled. Other embodiments involve restoring VSP settings or software if removed.

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FIG. 42H

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Credentials swap	Function that provides for swapping of credentials, for example temporary credentials to permanent credentials.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the credentials data base.
Account information swap	Function that provides for swapping the account information, for example temporary account to permanent account.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the activation service profile data base.
Configure or re-configure service processor for new device service	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the service profile, device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the service profile data base.
Ambient service profile definition	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the ambient service profile, device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the ambient service profile data base.
Analyze service usage statistics	VSP function to analyzer service usage statistics for a device, defined group of devices, defined group of service plans or service profiles, defined group of users or other groupings.	Authorization typically restricted to service controller, VSP or other network entity with the credentials to access the service usage history data bases.
Dry lab test new service policy	Allows simulated testing of draft service profiles and/or service plans against device usage statistics for a defined group of devices or users or service profiles, or against simulated device service usage behavior. Some embodiments show the estimated profitability of proposed service profile and service plan. Some embodiments allow decomposition of the service usage statistics to identify the user group service usage activities that may be modified by changing the service usage control policies or made more profitable by changing the service plan billing policies.	Authorization typically restricted to service controller, VSP or other network entity with the credentials to access the service usage history data bases.
Beta test publishing system	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the service profile device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters for a beta test device group.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the service profile data base.
Publish new service	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the service profile, device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters for a production device group.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the service profile data base.

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FIG. 42I

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Roaming selection service	Function that surveys available roaming service partners, looks up the billing rates for the partners, and displays to the user the set of choices and billing rates. In some embodiments the roaming partner billing rates for one or more roaming partners are applied to a typical user service usage scenario for the purpose of estimating possible projected roaming costs and displaying those costs to the user. In some embodiments the roaming data is stored locally on the device and periodically updated with network refreshes, while in other embodiments the data base is looked up at the time of service. In some embodiments, the user is asked if they would like to modify their service usage notification or control profiles to save roaming costs and if the user responds yes they are provided with a set of options for changing service usage notification or service usage control policies.	Authorization to modify the policies typically restricted to the VSP or other entity responsible for managing the roaming service.
Roaming usage count	Provides a service usage estimate to the user while roaming.	Same as above.
Roaming cost service	Provides a service cost estimate to the user while roaming.	Same as above.
Roaming policy control service	Provides the user or VSP with the capability to switch service usage notification or service usage control policies while roaming. Some embodiments provide for restrictions to roaming carrier options. Some embodiments provide policies based on carrier chosen. Some embodiments provide policies based on the service cost for carrier chosen. Some embodiments specify preferred roaming lists that may be different than the central provider roaming list.	Same as above.
Switch policies for new network	Provides the user or VSP with the capability to switch service usage notification or service usage control policies depending on which network the device is connected to. Some embodiments provide for restrictions to certain network options. Some embodiments provide policies based on network chosen. Some embodiments provide policies based on the service cost for network chosen. Some embodiments provide for a network connection preference list.	Authorization to modify the policies typically restricted to the VSP or other entity responsible for managing the network selection policies.

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Service Processor Authorization

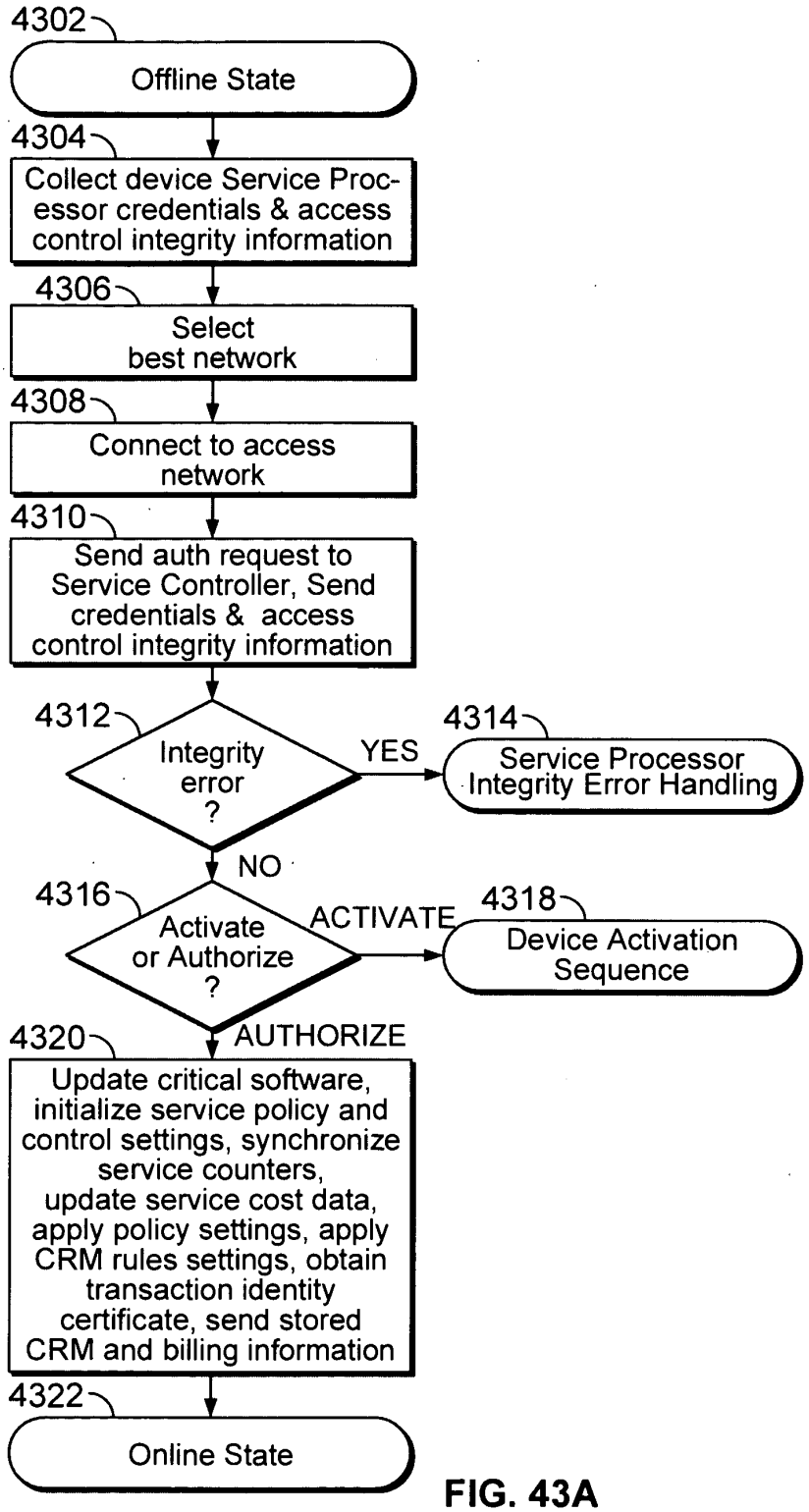


FIG. 43A

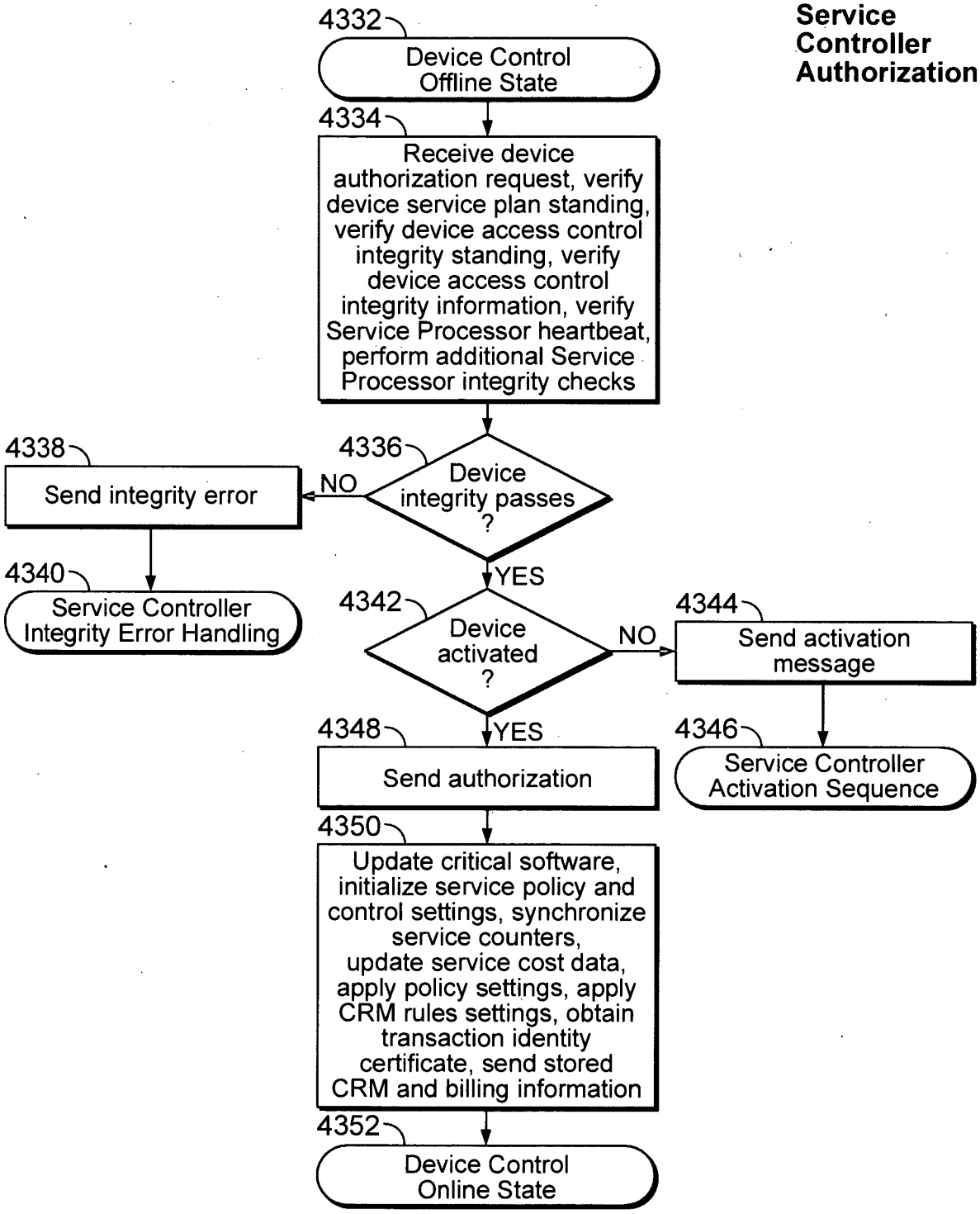

Service Controller Authorization
4332
Device Control Offline State
4334
Receive device authorization request, verify device service plan standing, verify device access control integrity standing, verify device access control integrity information, verify Service Processor heartbeat, perform additional Service Processor integrity checks
4336
Device integrity passes ?
NO
4338
Send integrity error
4340
Service Controller Integrity Error Handling
YES
4342
Device activated ?
NO
4344
Send activation message
4346
Service Controller Activation Sequence
YES
4348
Send authorization
4350
Update critical software, initialize service policy and control settings, synchronize service counters, update service cost data, apply policy settings, apply CRM rules settings, obtain transaction identity certificate, send stored CRM and billing information
4352
Device Control Online State

FIG. 43B

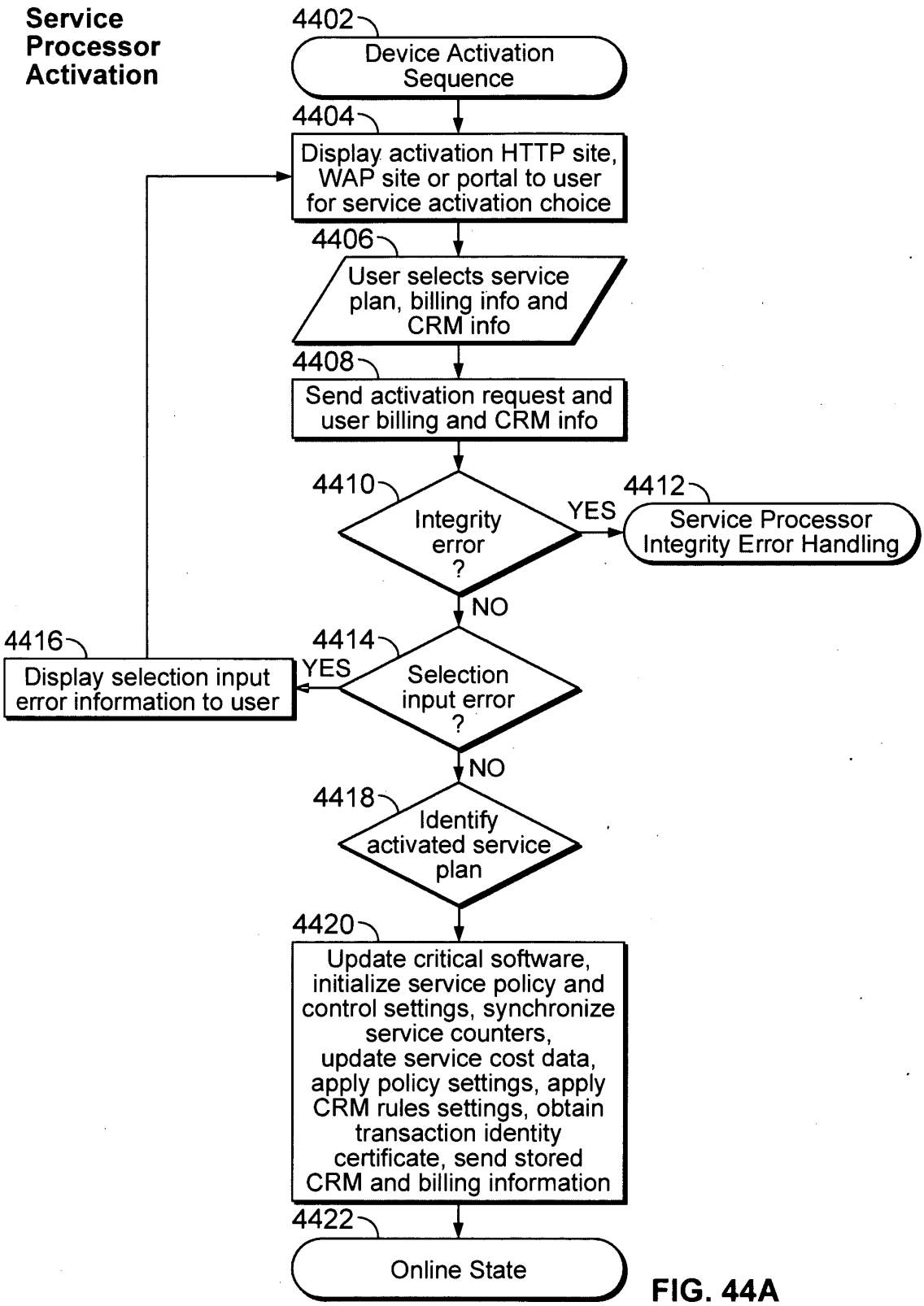

Service Processor Activation
4402
Device Activation Sequence
4404
Display activation HTTP site, WAP site or portal to user for service activation choice
4406
User selects service plan, billing info and CRM info
4408
Send activation request and user billing and CRM info
4410
Integrity error ?
YES
4412
Service Processor Integrity Error Handling
NO
4414
Selection input error ?
YES
4416
Display selection input error information to user
NO
4418
Identify activated service plan
4420
Update critical software, initialize service policy and control settings, synchronize service counters, update service cost data, apply policy settings, apply CRM rules settings, obtain transaction identity certificate, send stored CRM and billing information
4422
Online State

FIG. 44A

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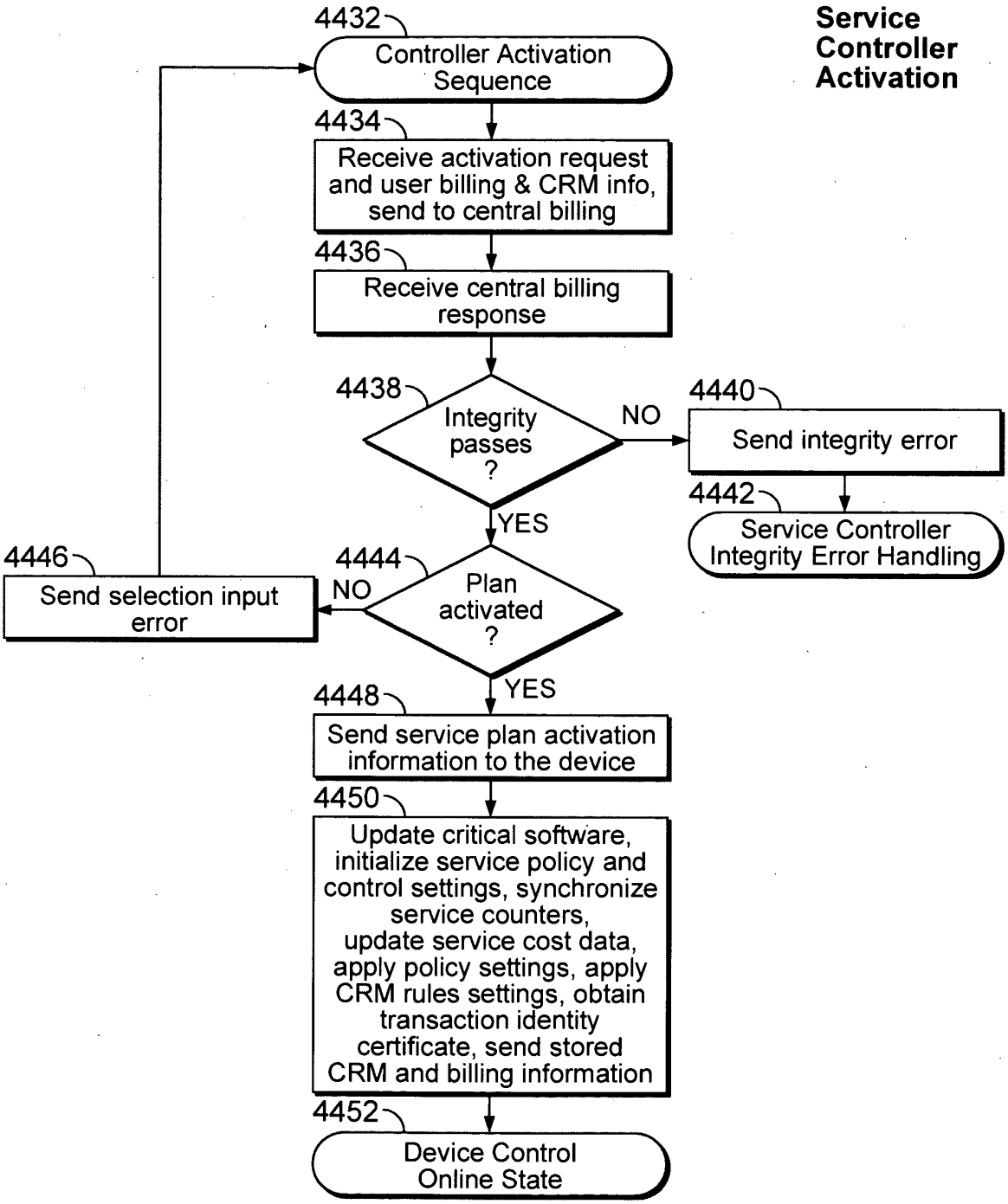


FIG. 44B

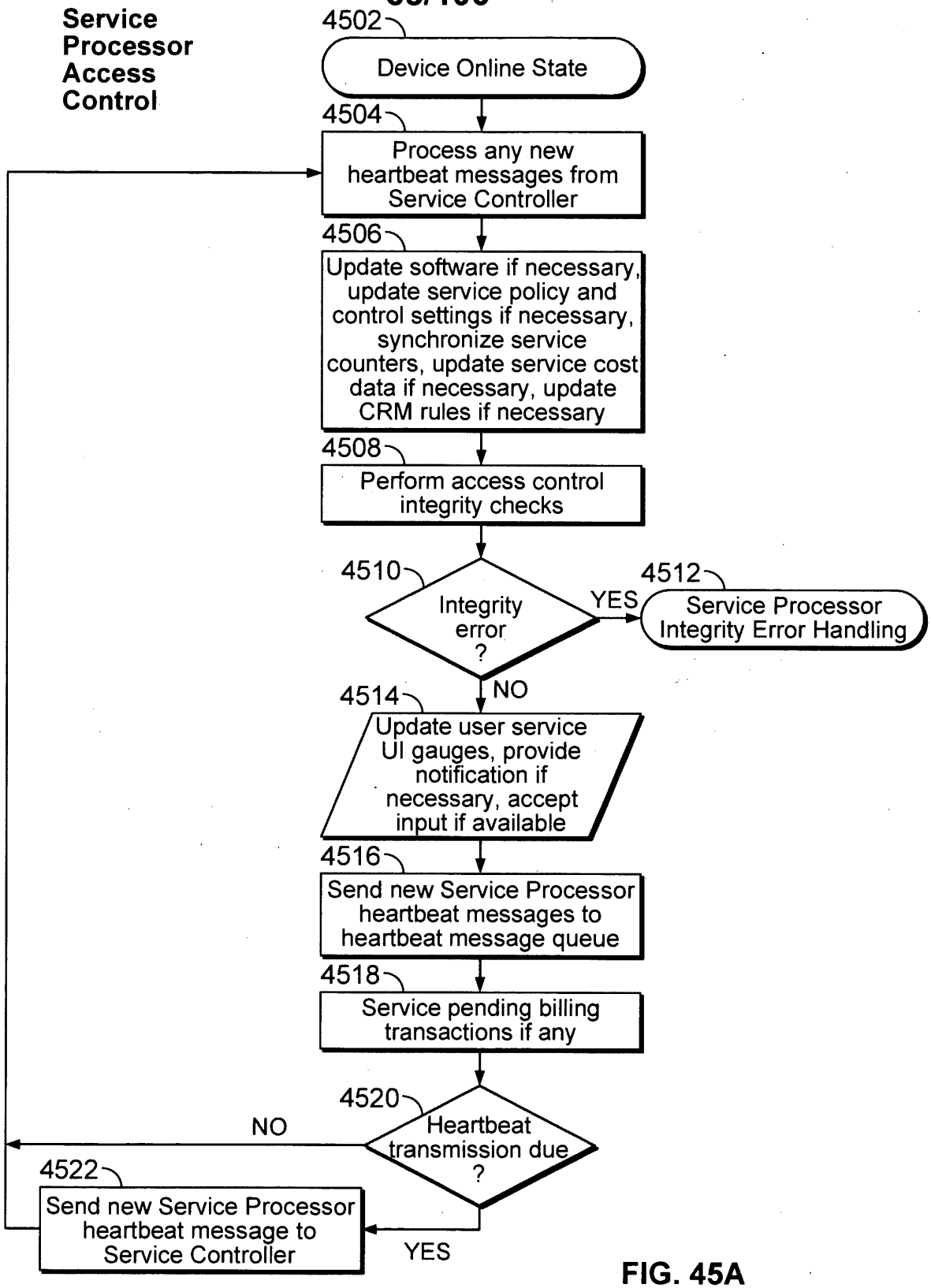

Service Processor Access Control
4502
Device Online State
4504
Process any new heartbeat messages from Service Controller
4506
Update software if necessary, update service policy and control settings if necessary, synchronize service counters, update service cost data if necessary, update CRM rules if necessary
4508
Perform access control integrity checks
4510
Integrity error ?
YES
4512
Service Processor Integrity Error Handling
NO
4514
Update user service UI gauges, provide notification if necessary, accept input if available
4516
Send new Service Processor heartbeat messages to heartbeat message queue
4518
Service pending billing transactions if any
4520
Heartbeat transmission due ?
NO
YES
4522
Send new Service Processor heartbeat message to Service Controller

FIG. 45A

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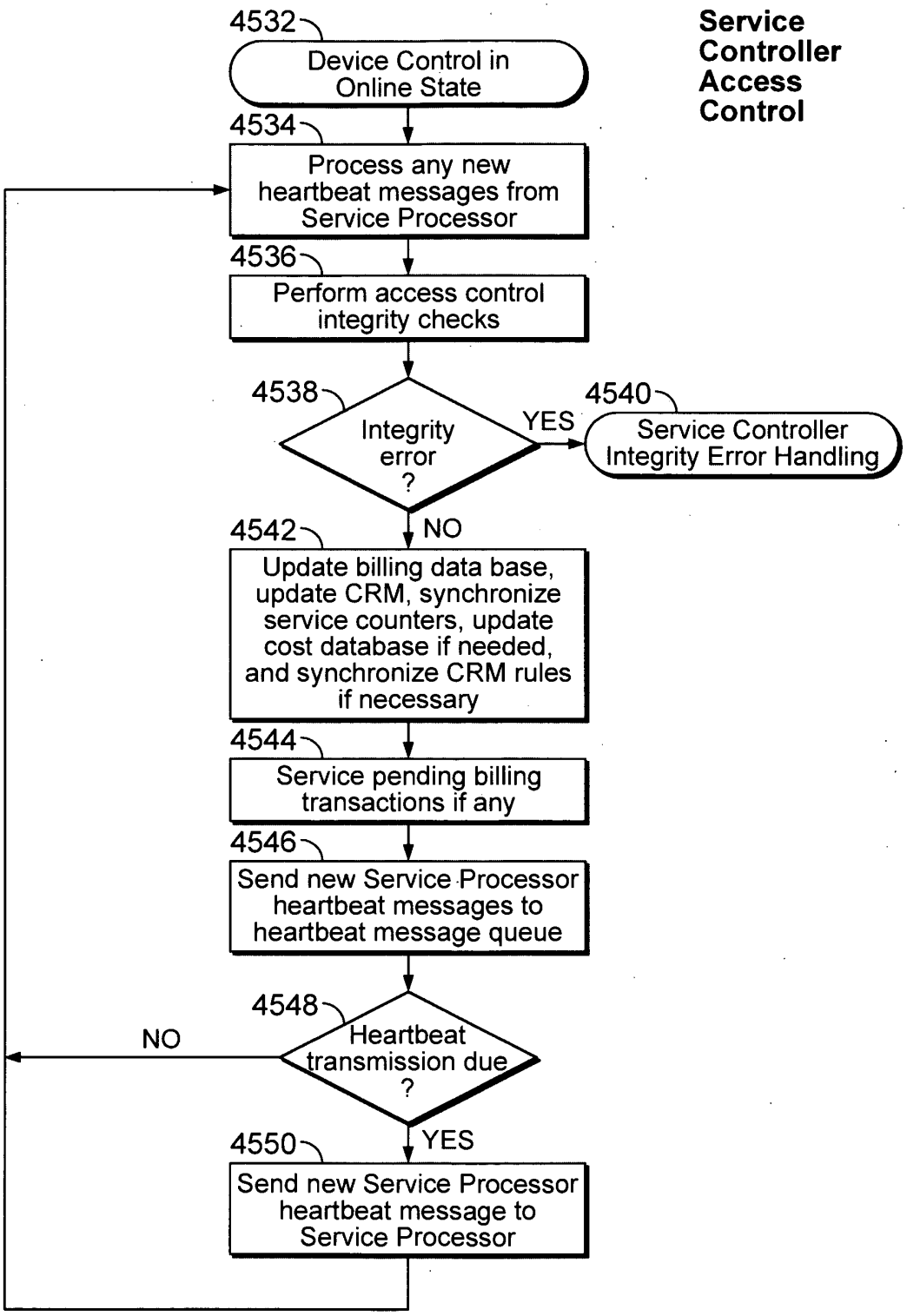


FIG. 45B

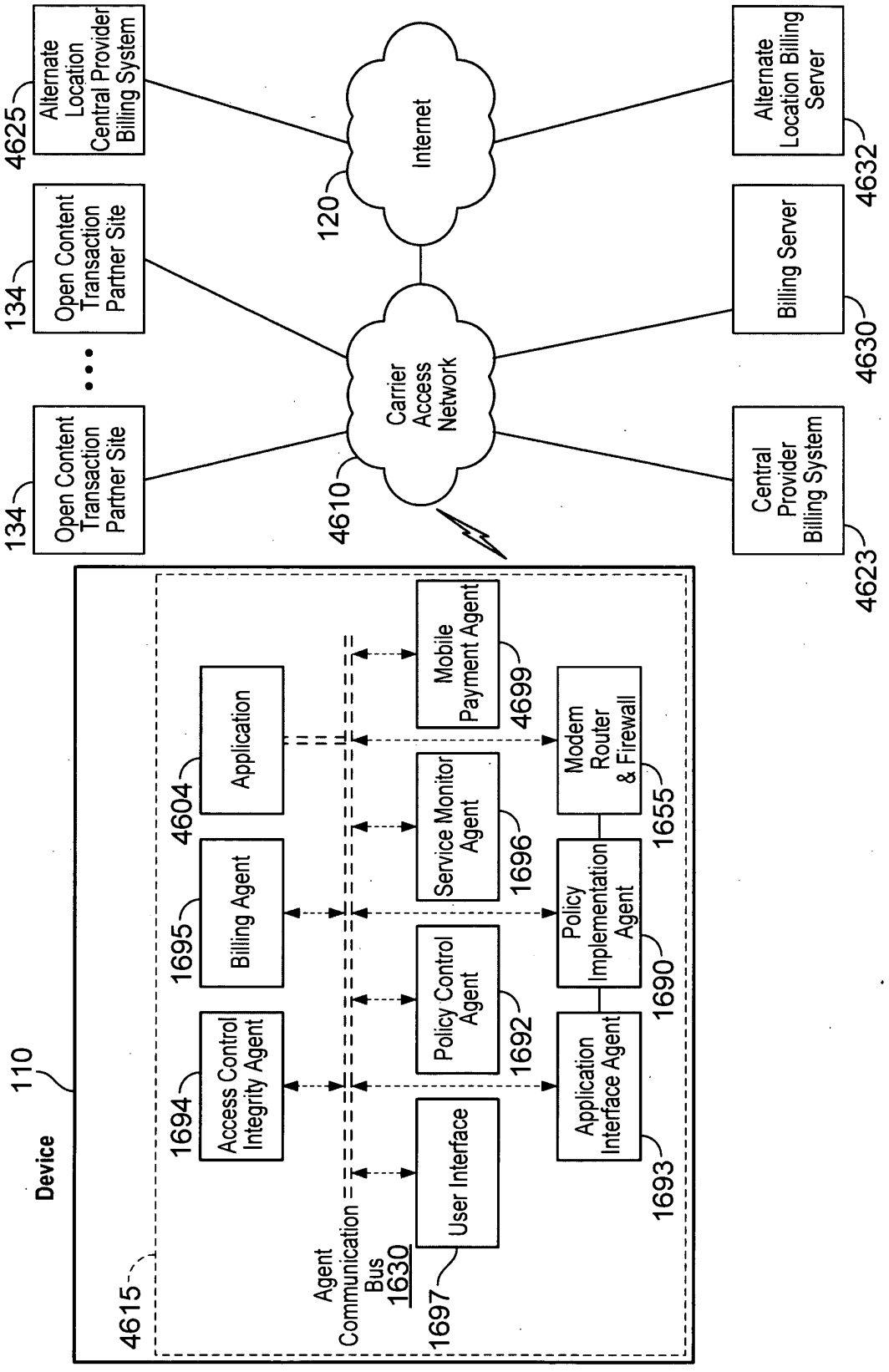

Alternate Location Central Provider Billing System
4625
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site
134
Internet
120
Carrier Access Network
4610
Alternate Location Billing Server
4632
Billing Server
4630
Central Provider Billing System
4623
Device
110
4615
Agent Communication Bus 1630
Access Control Integrity Agent
1694
Billing Agent
1695
Application
4604
User Interface
1697
Policy Control Agent
1692
Service Monitor Agent
1696
Mobile Payment Agent
4699
Application Interface Agent
1693
Policy Implementation Agent
1690
Modem Router & Firewall
1655

FIG. 46

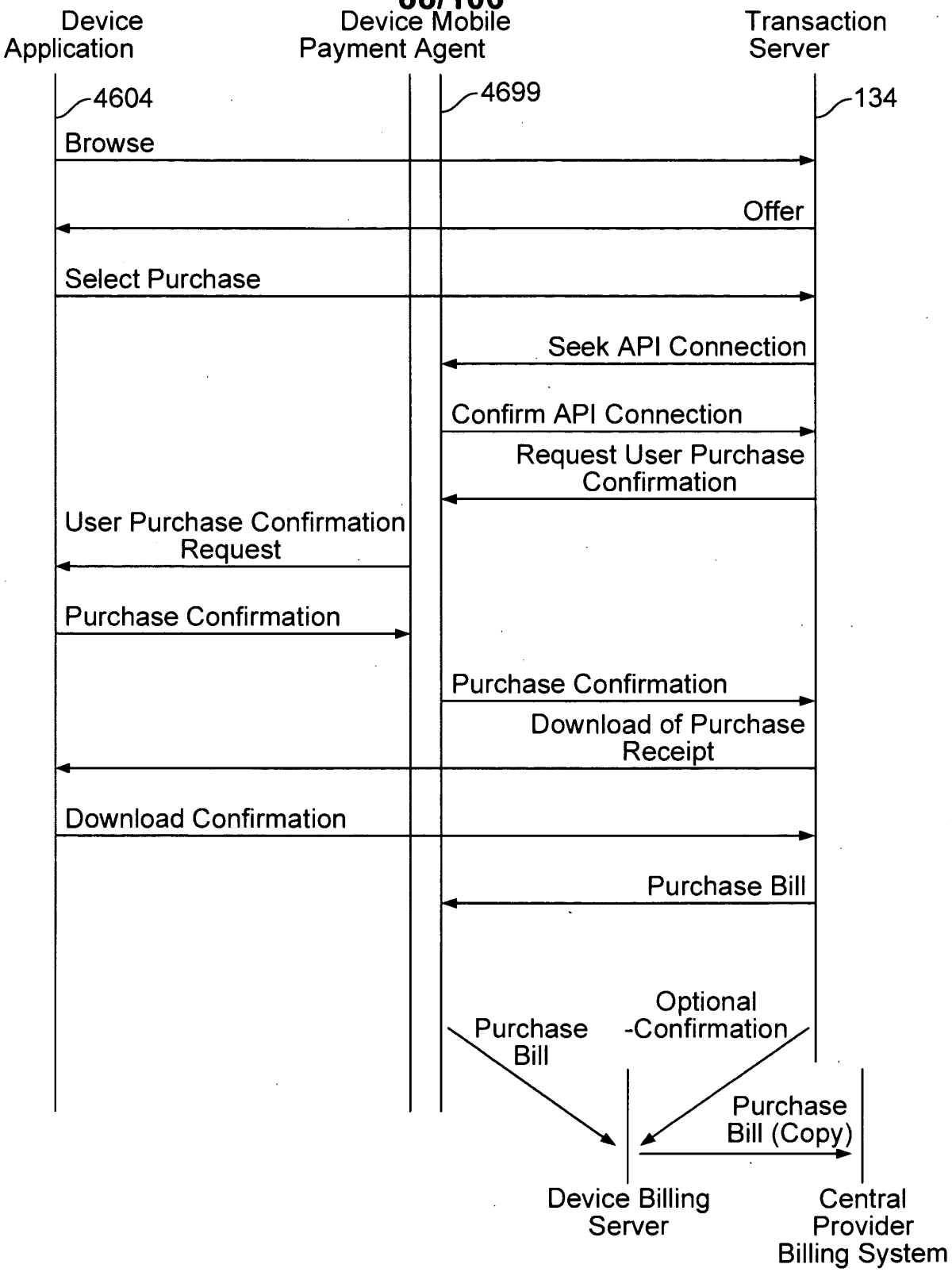

Device Application
Device Mobile Payment Agent
Transaction Server
4604
4699
134
Browse
Offer
Select Purchase
Seek API Connection
Confirm API Connection
Request User Purchase Confirmation
User Purchase Confirmation Request
Purchase Confirmation
Purchase Confirmation
Download of Purchase Receipt
Download Confirmation
Purchase Bill
Optional -Confirmation
Purchase Bill
Purchase Bill (Copy)
Device Billing Server
Central Provider Billing System

FIG. 47A

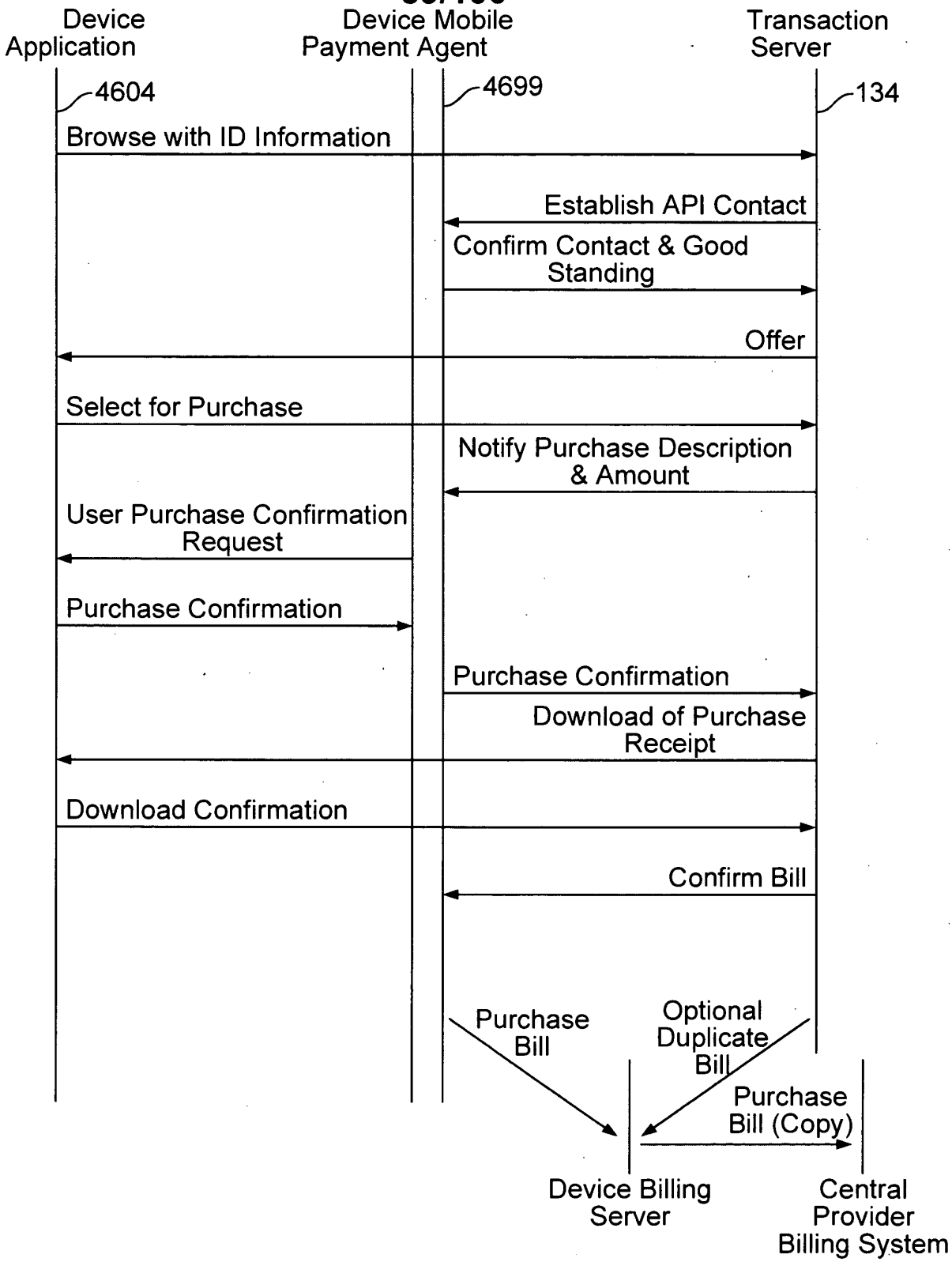

Device Application
Device Mobile Payment Agent
Transaction Server
4604
4699
134
Browse with ID Information
Establish API Contact
Confirm Contact & Good Standing
Offer
Select for Purchase
Notify Purchase Description & Amount
User Purchase Confirmation Request
Purchase Confirmation
Purchase Confirmation
Download of Purchase Receipt
Download Confirmation
Confirm Bill
Purchase Bill
Optional Duplicate Bill
Purchase Bill (Copy)
Device Billing Server
Central Provider Billing System

FIG. 47B

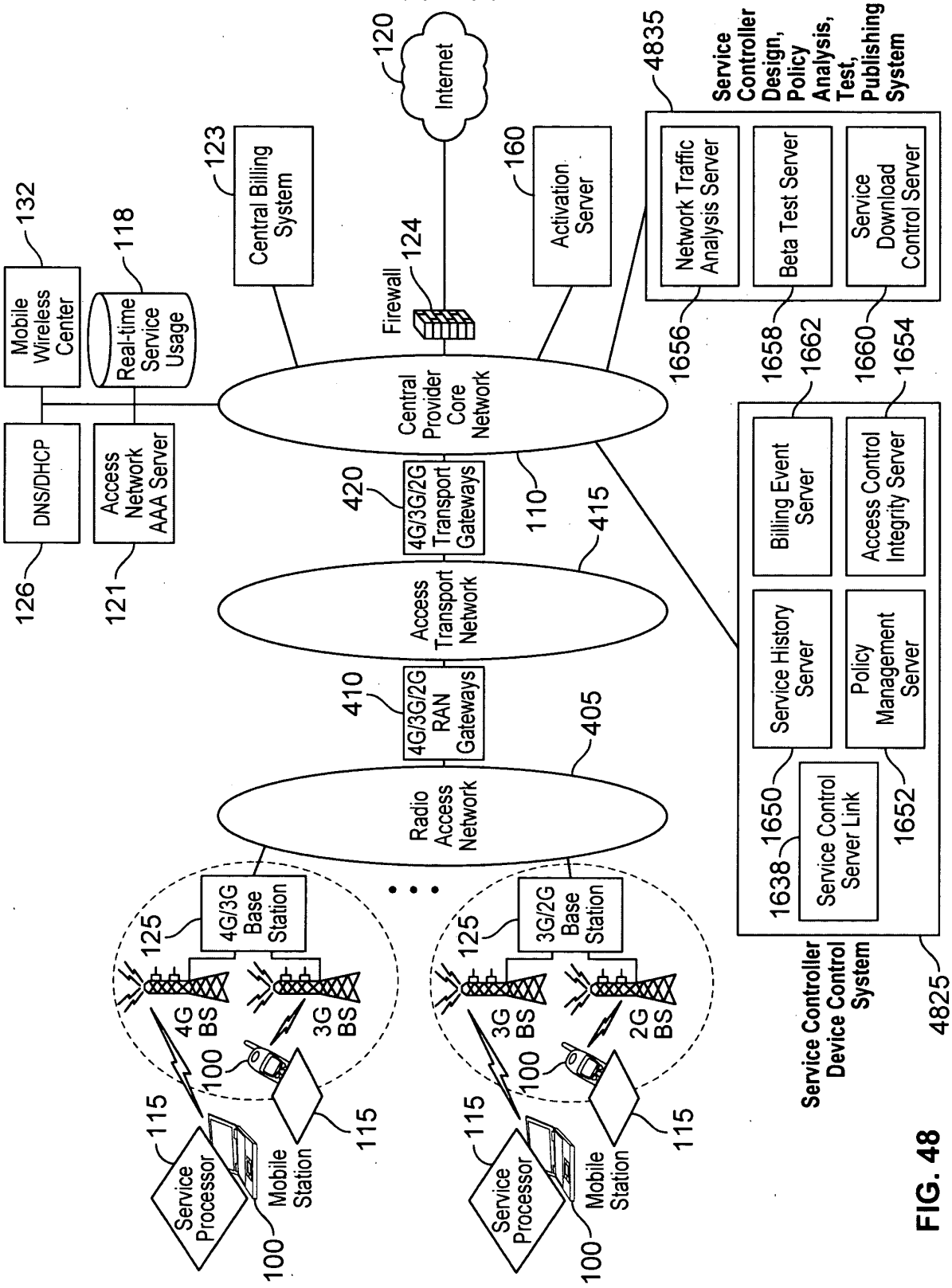

Internet
120
Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Firewall
124
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Real-time Service Usage
118
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
110
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
420
Access Transport Network
415
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
410
Radio Access Network
405
4G/3G Base Station
125
3G/2G Base Station
125
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Network Traffic Analysis Server
1656
Beta Test Server
1658
1662
Service Download Control Server
1660
1654
Billing Event Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
1650
1652
Service Control Server Link
1638
Service Controller Device Control System
4825

FIG. 48

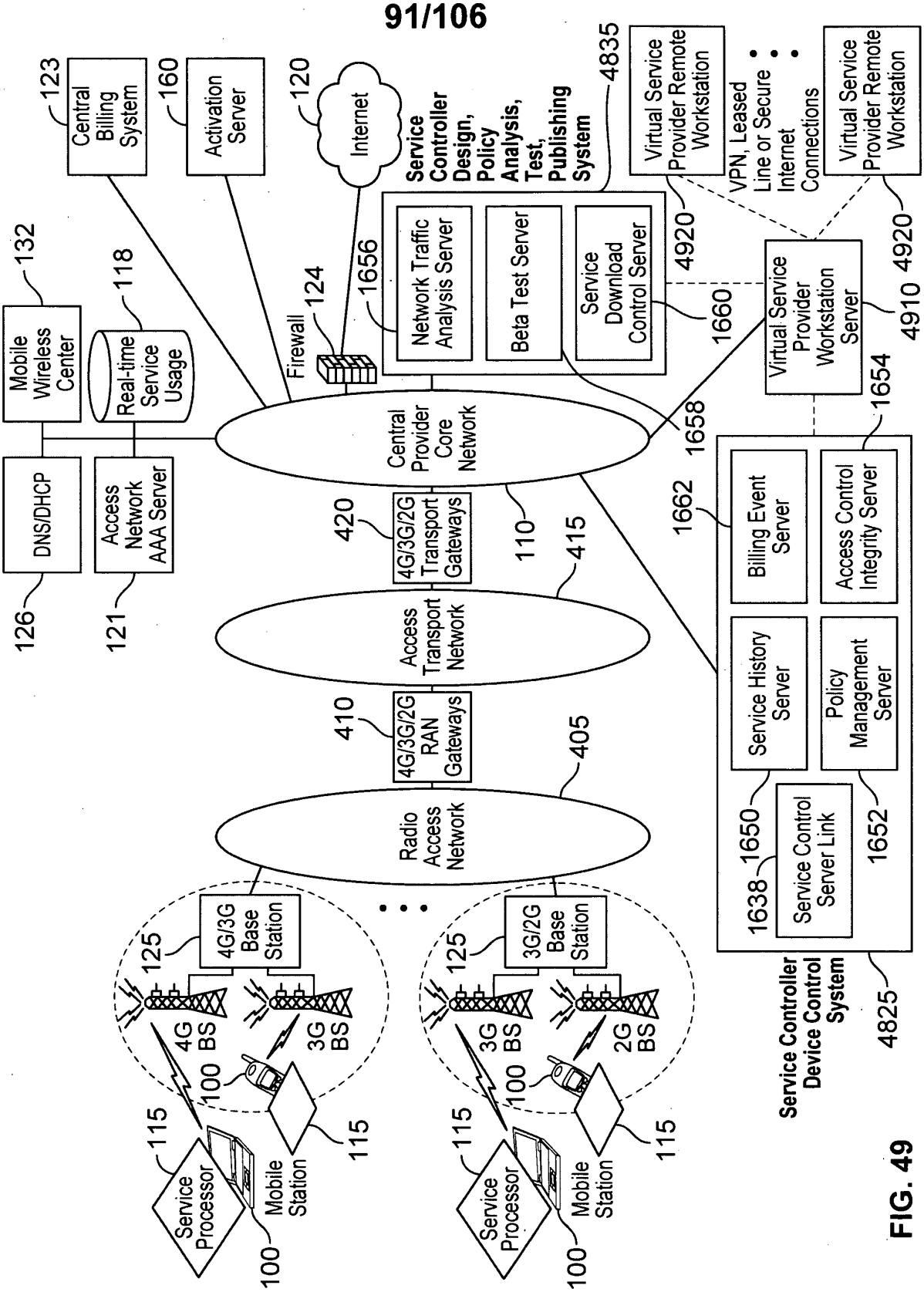

Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Internet
120
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Real-time Service Usage
118
Firewall
124
1656
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
4920
1660
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server
4910
4920
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
1658
1654
420
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
110
415
Billing Event Server
Access Control Integrity Server
1662
Access Transport Network
410
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
405
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Radio Access Network
1650
1652
1638
Service Control Server Link
125
4G/3G Base Station
125
3G/2G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station
Service Controller Device Control System
4825

FIG. 49

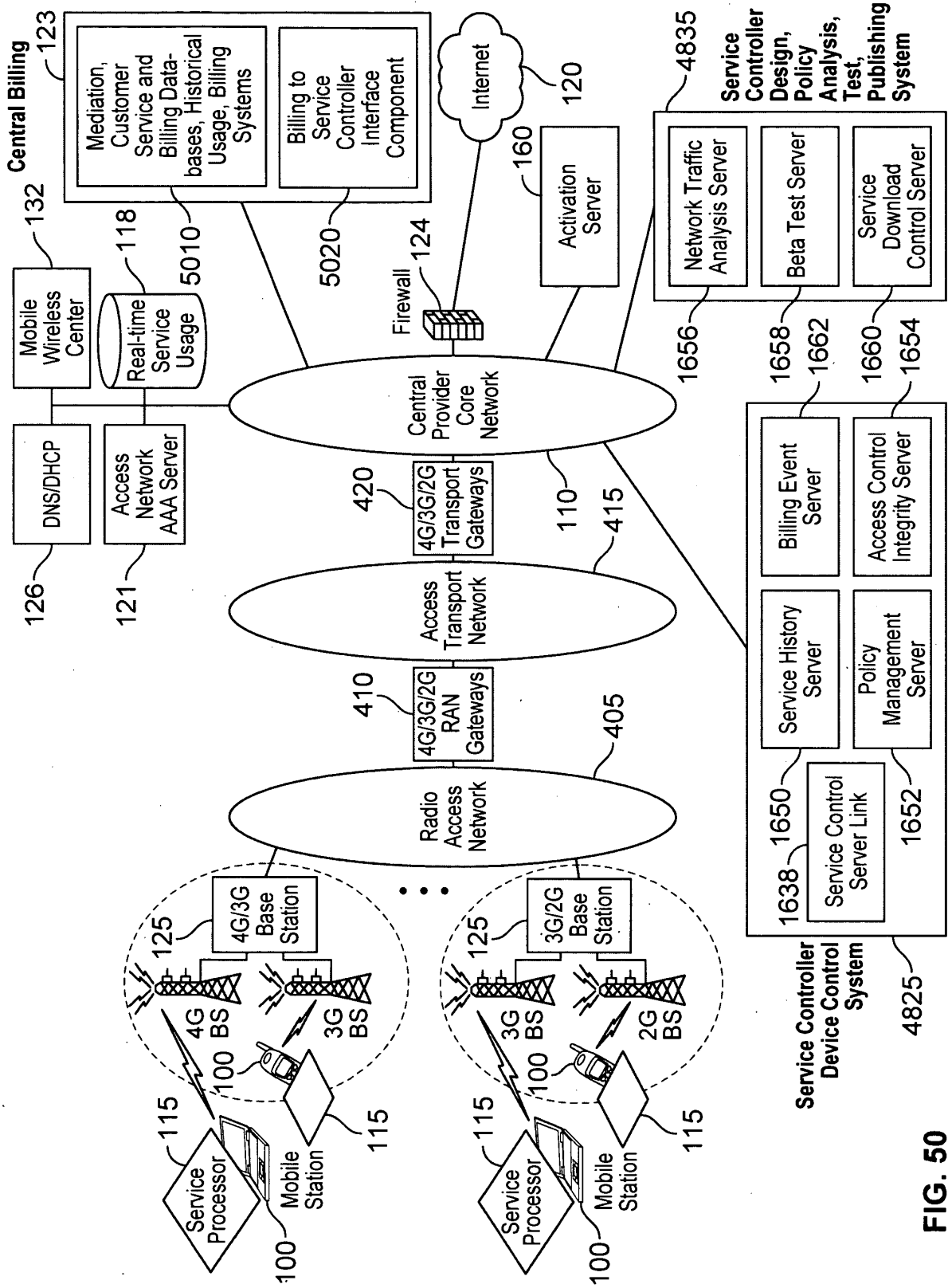

Central Billing
123
Mediation, Customer Service and Billing Data-bases, Historical Usage, Billing Systems
Billing to Service Controller Interface Component
5010
5020
Internet
120
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
1656
1658
1660
1662
1654
160
Activation Server
132
Mobile Wireless Center
118
Real-time Service Usage
Firewall
124
Central Provider Core Network
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
420
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
110
415
Access Transport Network
410
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
405
Radio Access Network
Billing Event Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
1650
1652
1638
Service Control Server Link
Service Controller Device Control System
4825
125
4G/3G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
3G/2G Base Station
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 50

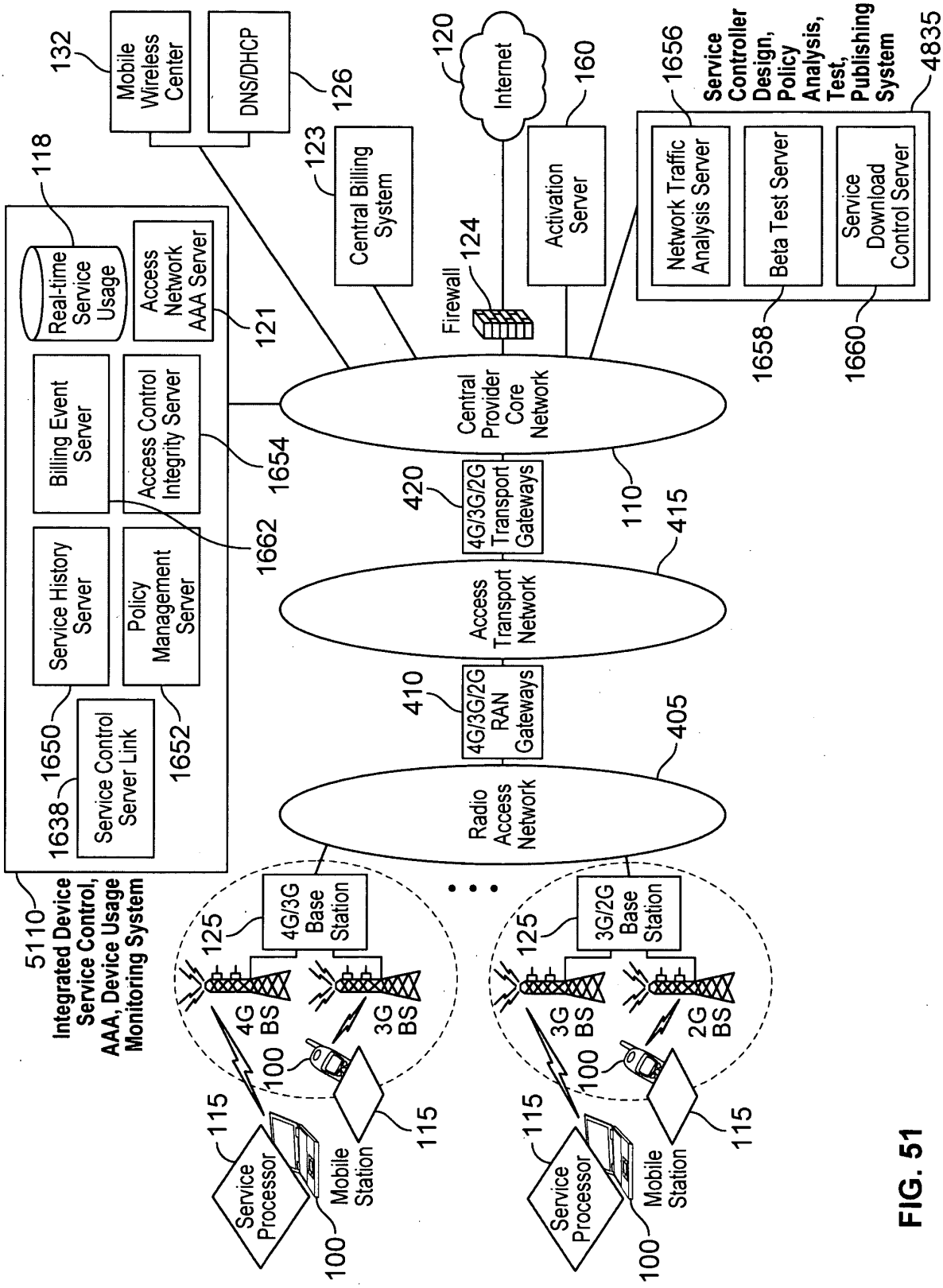

Mobile Wireless Center
132
DNS/DHCP
126
Internet
120
Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Network Traffic Analysis Server
1656
Beta Test Server
1658
Service Download Control Server
1660
118
Real-time Service Usage
Access Network AAA Server
121
Billing Event Server
Access Control Integrity Server
1654
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
1662
Service Control Server Link
1638
1650
1652
5110
Integrated Device Service Control, AAA, Device Usage Monitoring System
Firewall
124
Central Provider Core Network
110
420
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
415
Access Transport Network
410
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
405
Radio Access Network
125
4G/3G Base Station
3G/2G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 51

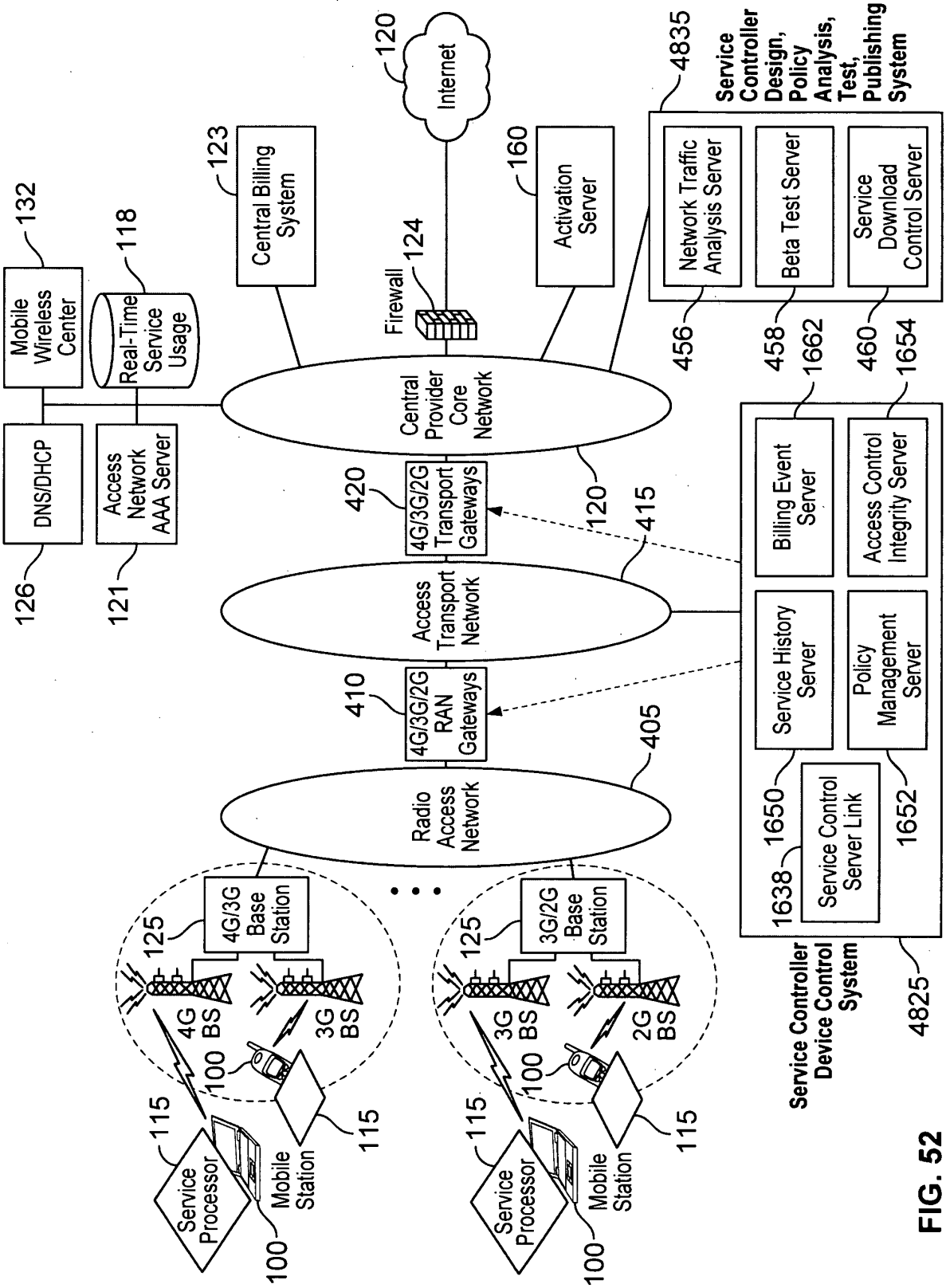

Internet
120
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
456
458
460
1662
1654
Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Firewall
124
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Real-Time Service Usage
118
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
120
420
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
415
Access Transport Network
410
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
405
Radio Access Network
Billing Event Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Service Control Server Link
1650
1652
1638
Service Controller Device Control System
4825
4G/3G Base Station
125
3G/2G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 52

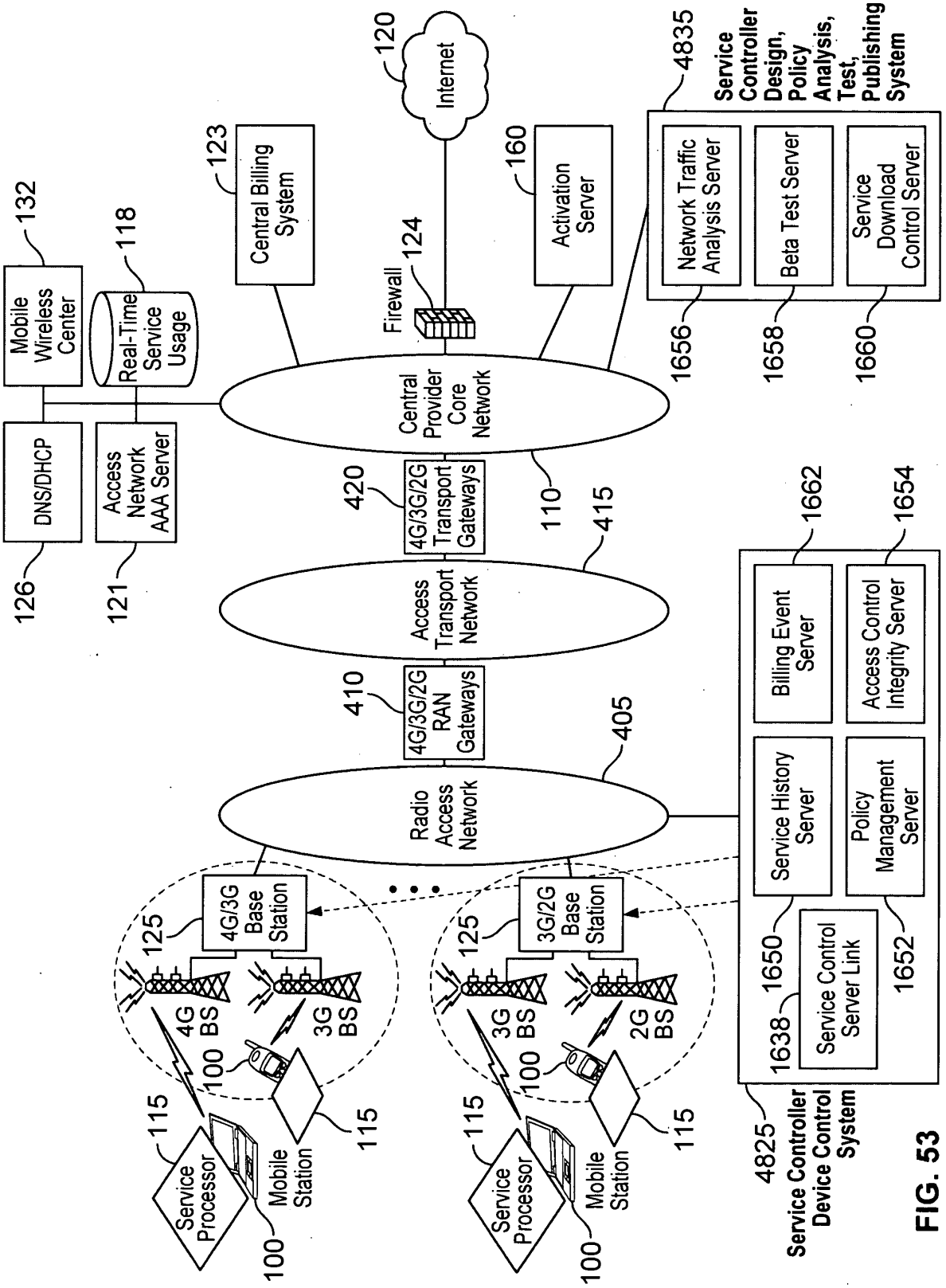

Internet
120
Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
1656
1658
1660
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Real-Time Service Usage
118
Firewall
124
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
110
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
420
Access Transport Network
415
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
410
Radio Access Network
405
Billing Event Server
1662
Access Control Integrity Server
1654
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Service Control Server Link
1650
1652
1638
Service Controller Device Control System
4825
4G/3G Base Station
3G/2G Base Station
125
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 53

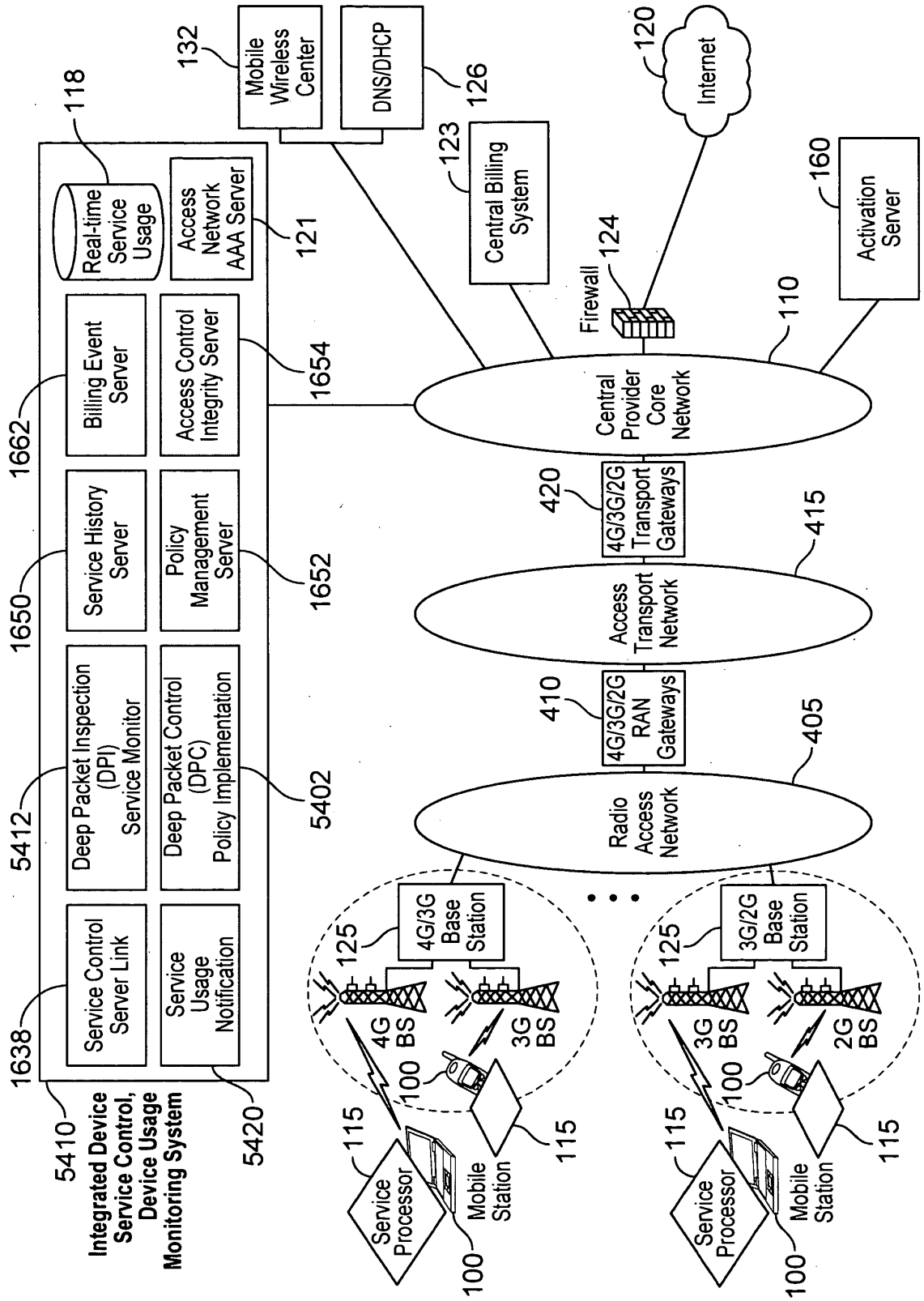

Integrated Device Service Control, Device Usage Monitoring System
5410
1638
Service Control Server Link
5412
Deep Packet Inspection (DPI) Service Monitor
1650
Service History Server
1662
Billing Event Server
5420
Service Usage Notification
5402
Deep Packet Control (DPC) Policy Implementation
1652
Policy Management Server
1654
Access Control Integrity Server
118
Real-time Service Usage
121
Access Network AAA Server
132
Mobile Wireless Center
DNS/DHCP
126
123
Central Billing System
120
Internet
160
Activation Server
Firewall
124
110
Central Provider Core Network
420
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
415
Access Transport Network
410
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
405
Radio Access Network
125
4G/3G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station
125
3G/2G Base Station
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 54

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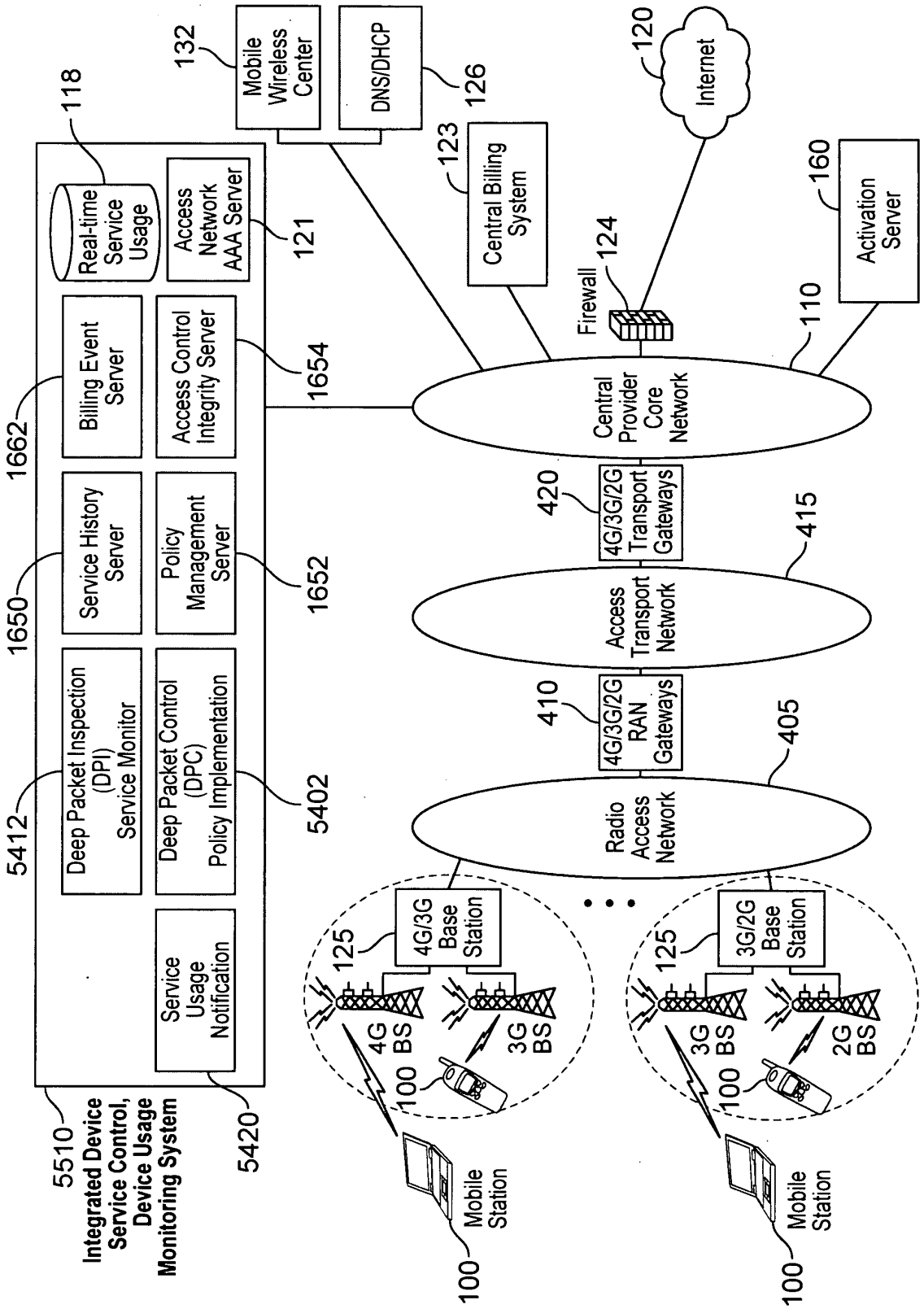

Integrated Device Service Control, Device Usage Monitoring System
5510
5420
5412
5402
1650
1652
1662
1654
118
121
132
126
123
120
124
160
110
405
410
415
420
125
100
Real-time Service Usage
Access Network AAA Server
Mobile Wireless Center
DNS/DHCP
Central Billing System
Internet
Firewall
Activation Server
Billing Event Server
Access Control Integrity Server
Service History Server
Policy Management Server
Deep Packet Inspection (DPI) Service Monitor
Deep Packet Control (DPC) Policy Implementation
Service Usage Notification
Central Provider Core Network
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways
Access Transport Network
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways
Radio Access Network
4G/3G Base Station
3G/2G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
Mobile Station
Mobile Station

FIG. 55

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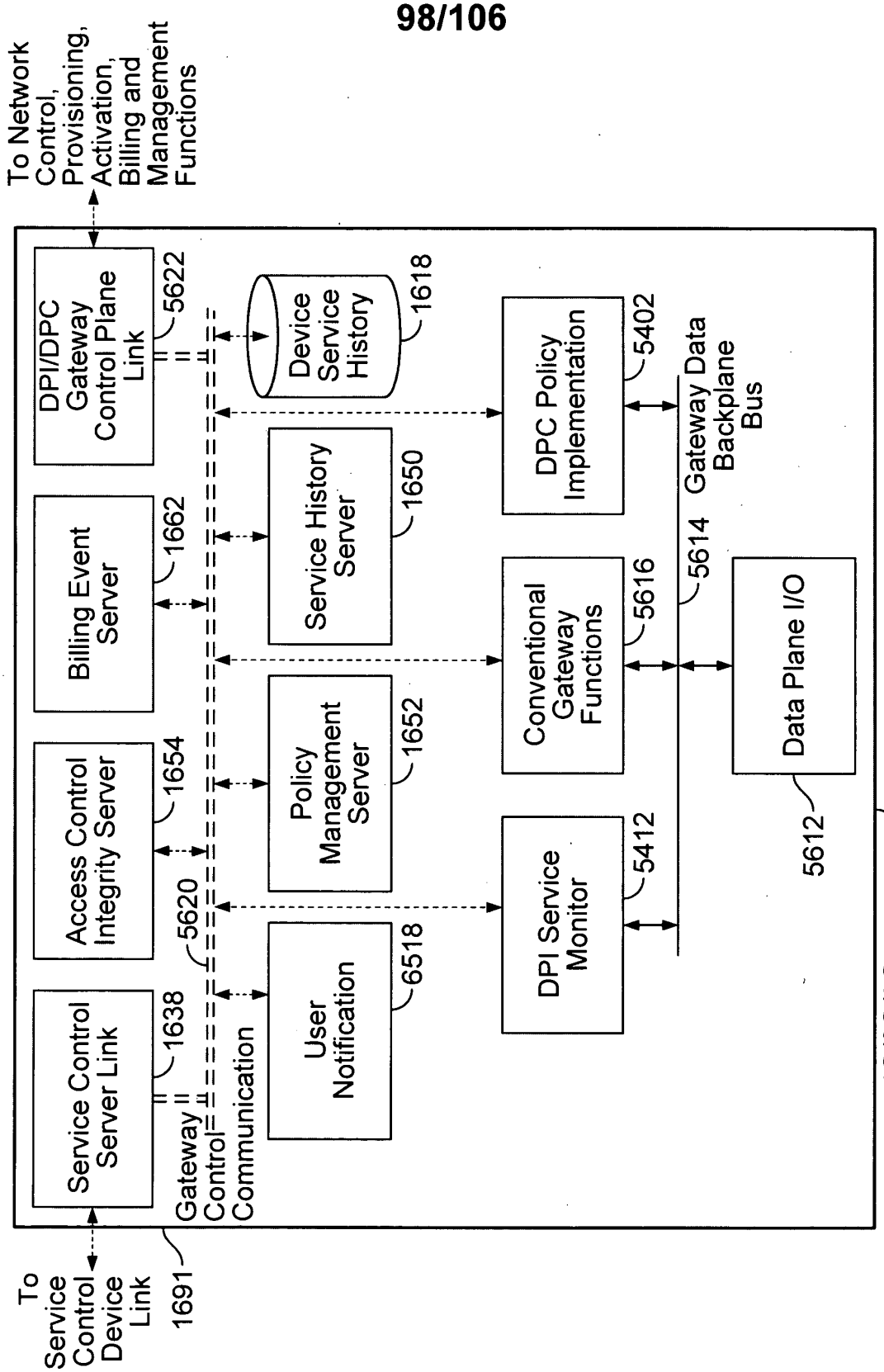

To Network Control, Provisioning, Activation, Billing and Management Functions
DPI/DPC Gateway Control Plane Link
5622
Device Service History
1618
DPC Policy Implementation
5402
Gateway Data Backplane Bus
Billing Event Server
1662
Service History Server
1650
Access Control Integrity Server
1654
Policy Management Server
1652
Conventional Gateway Functions
5616
5614
Data Plane I/O
5620
Service Control Server Link
1638
User Notification
6518
DPI Service Monitor
5412
5612
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Gateway
5610
Gateway Control Communication
To Service Control Device Link
1691

FIG. 56

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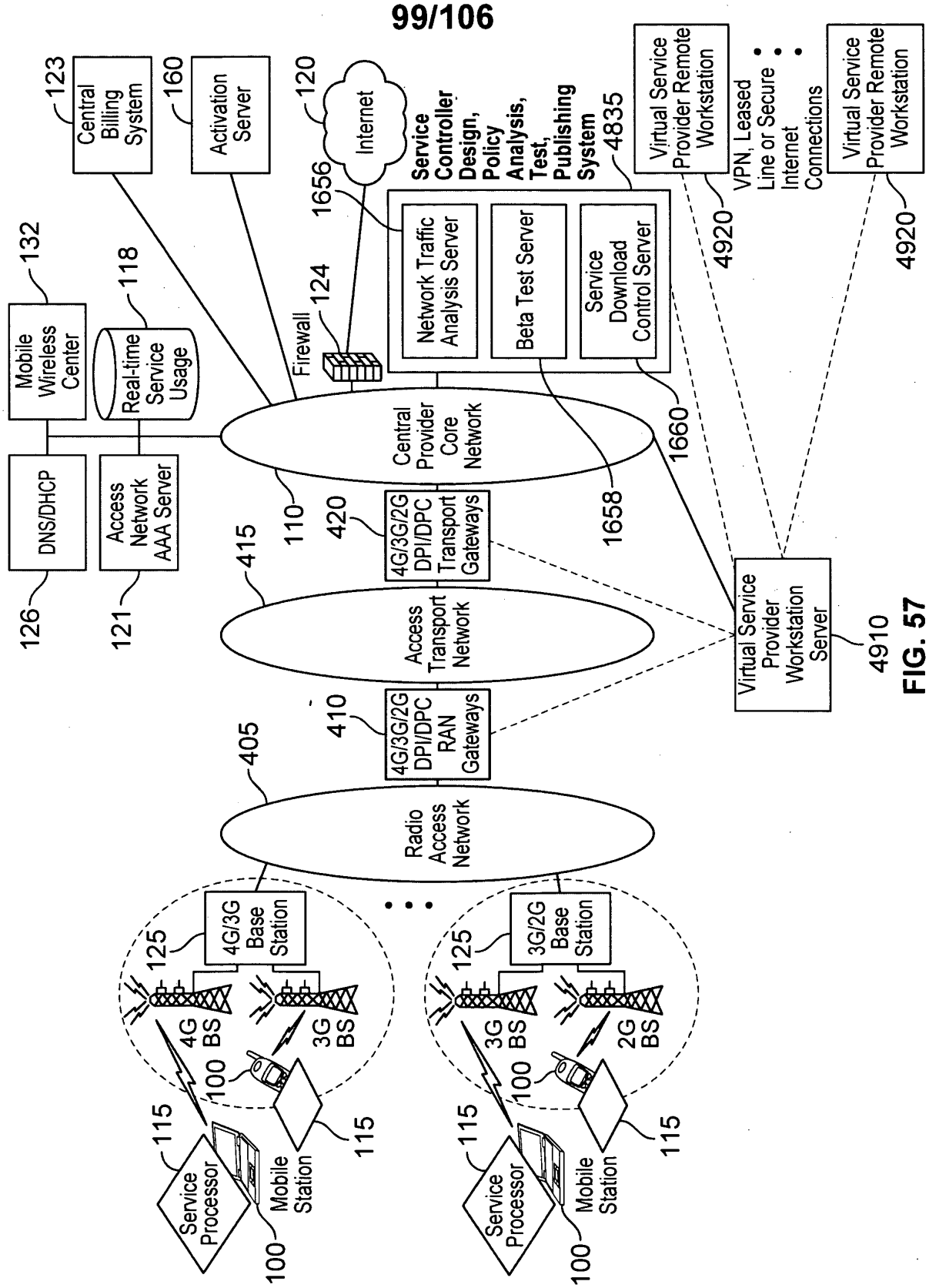

Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Internet
120
1656
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation
4920
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Real-time Service Usage
118
Firewall
124
Central Provider Core Network
1660
1658
110
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways
420
415
Access Transport Network
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways
410
405
Radio Access Network
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server
4910
4G/3G Base Station
125
3G/2G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 57

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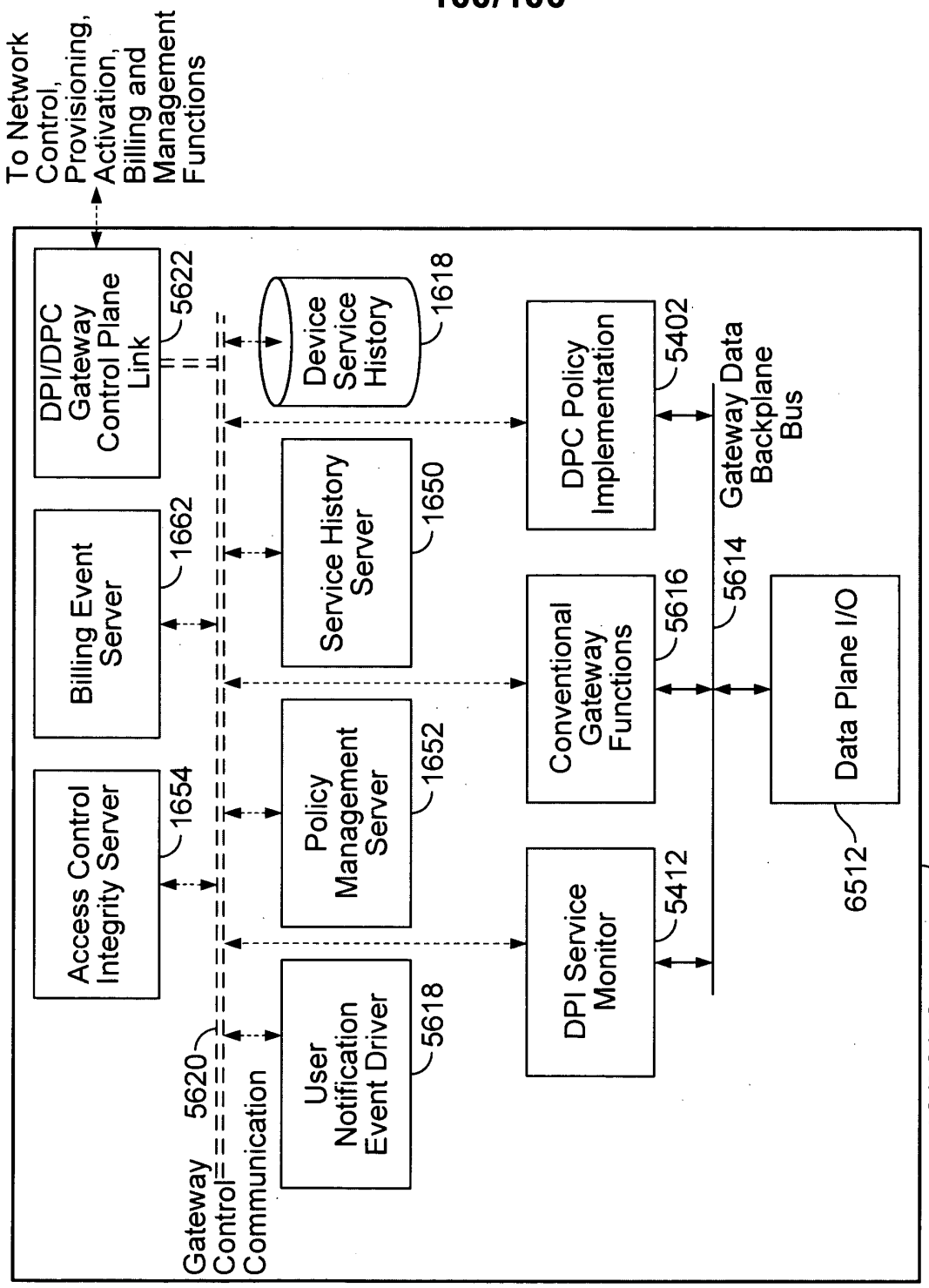


FIG. 58

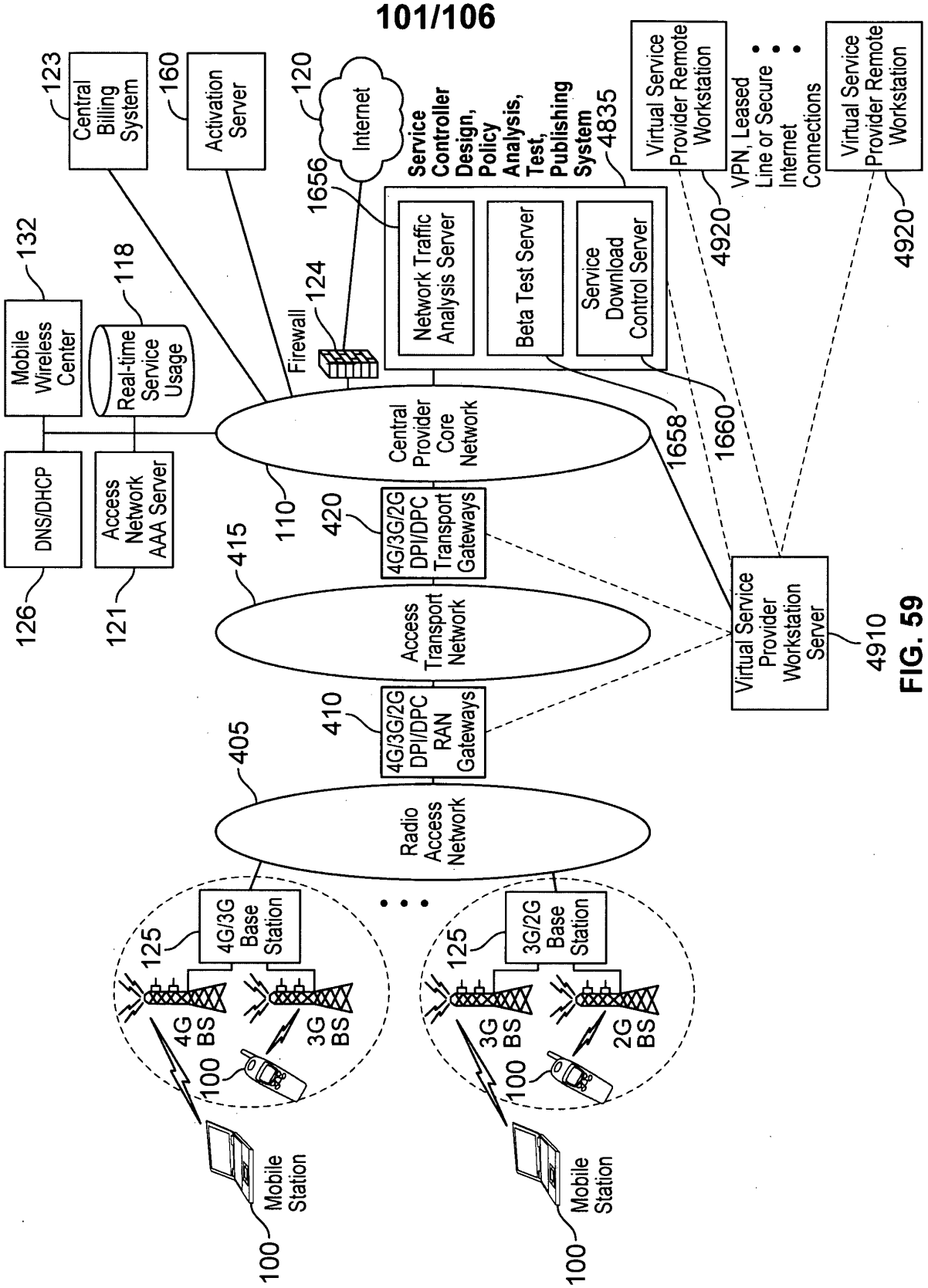

Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Internet
120
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation
4920
4920
1656
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
1658
1660
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Real-time Service Usage
118
Firewall
124
Central Provider Core Network
110
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways
420
415
Access Transport Network
410
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways
405
Radio Access Network
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server
4910
125
4G/3G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
100
Mobile Station
100
125
3G/2G Base Station
3G BS
2G BS
100
Mobile Station
100

FIG. 59

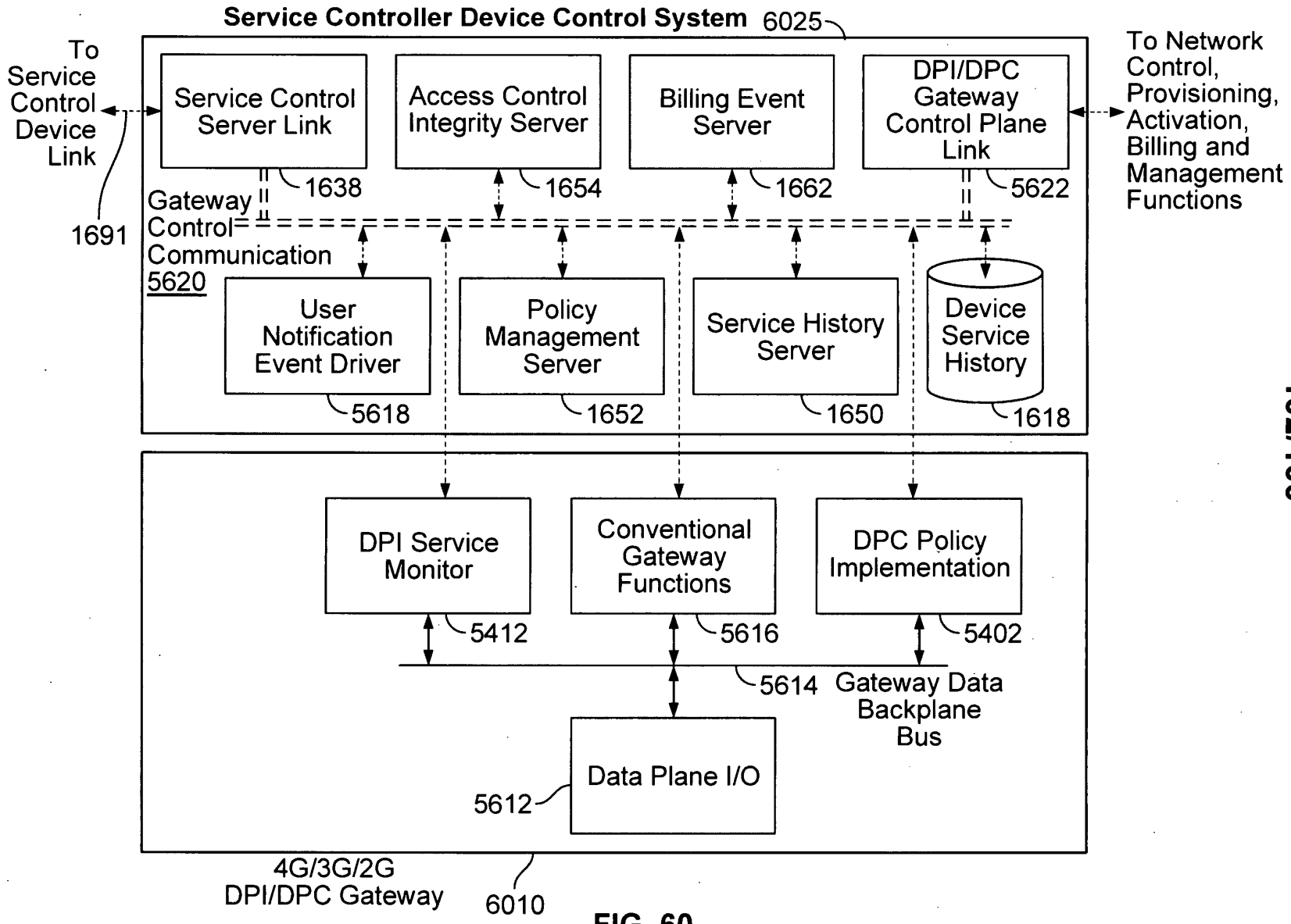


FIG. 60

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Replacement Sheet
Application No. 12/380,780
Attorney Docket No. RALEP007
Sheet 102 of 106

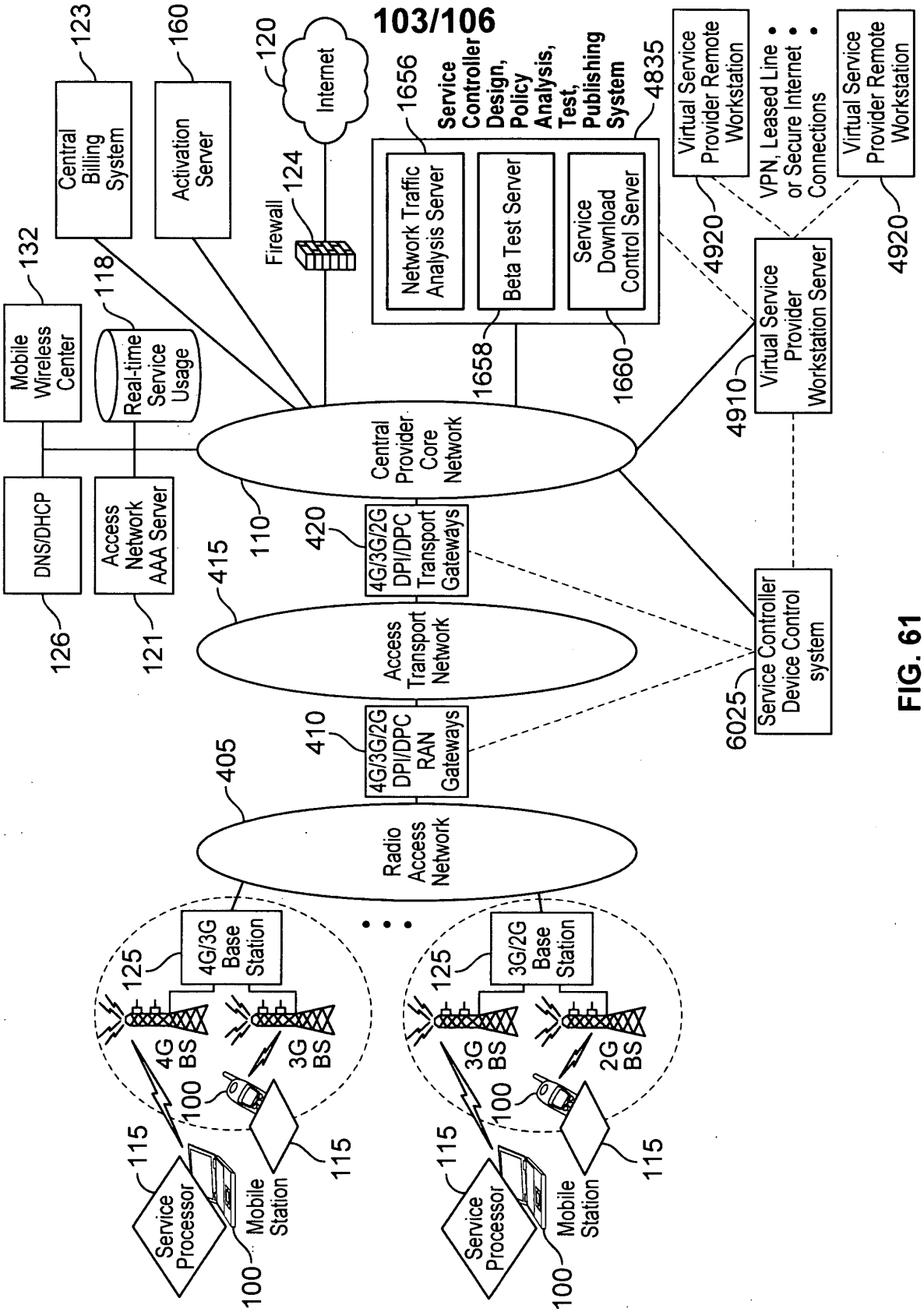

103/106
Internet
120
Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Firewall
124
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
4835
1656
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
Service Download Control Server
1658
1660
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation
4920
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server
4910
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Real-time Service Usage
118
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Central Provider Core Network
110
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways
420
415
Access Transport Network
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways
410
405
Radio Access Network
Service Controller Device Control system
6025
4G/3G Base Station
3G/2G Base Station
125
4G BS
3G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
Service Processor
Mobile Station

FIG. 61

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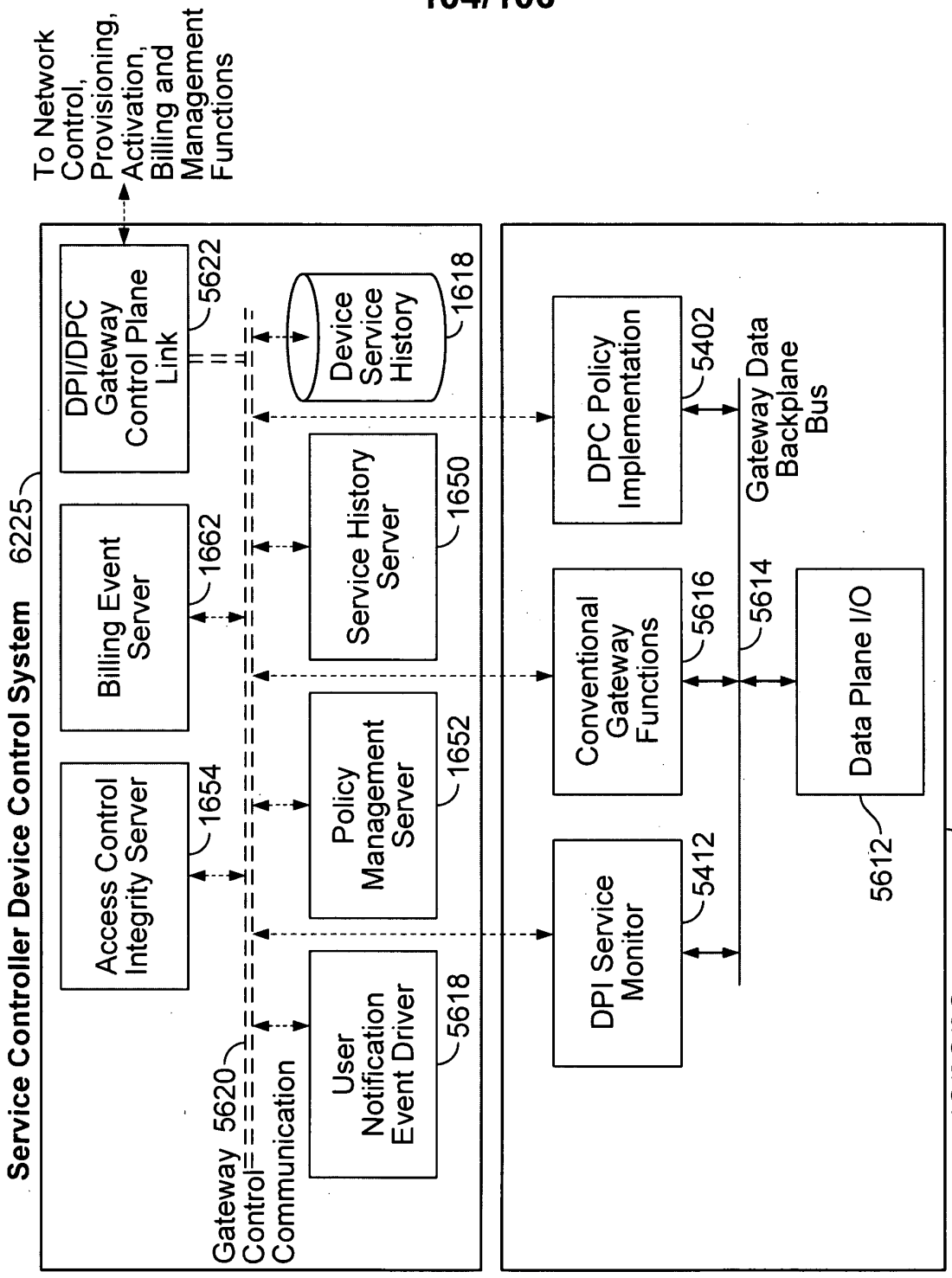


FIG. 62

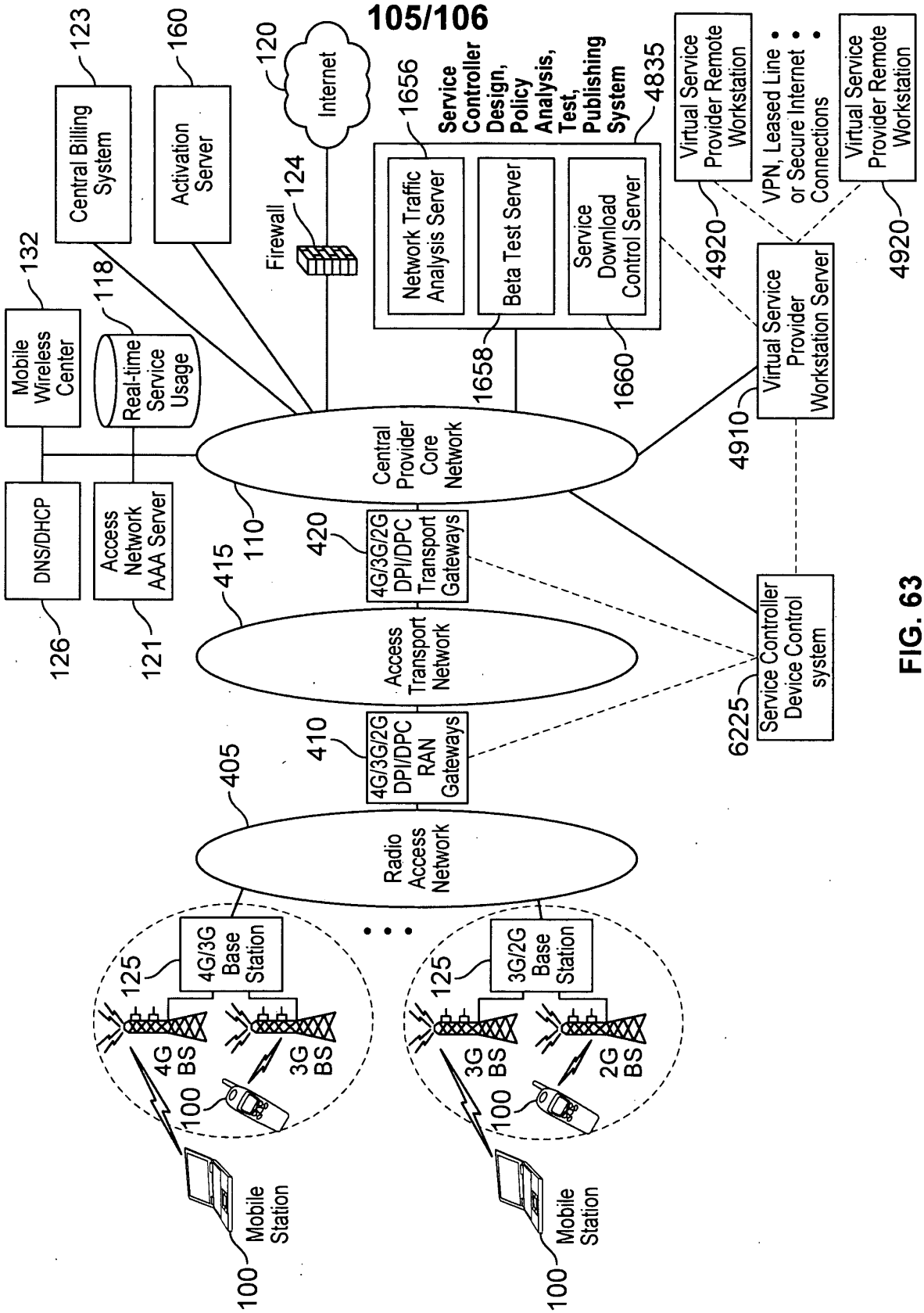

105/106
Mobile Station
100
4G BS
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station
125
Radio Access Network
405
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways
410
Access Transport Network
415
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways
420
Central Provider Core Network
110
DNS/DHCP
126
Access Network AAA Server
121
Real-time Service Usage
118
Mobile Wireless Center
132
Central Billing System
123
Activation Server
160
Internet
120
Firewall
124
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System
1656
Network Traffic Analysis Server
Beta Test Server
1658
Service Download Control Server
1660
4835
Service Controller Device Control system
6225
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server
4910
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation
4920
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station

FIG. 63

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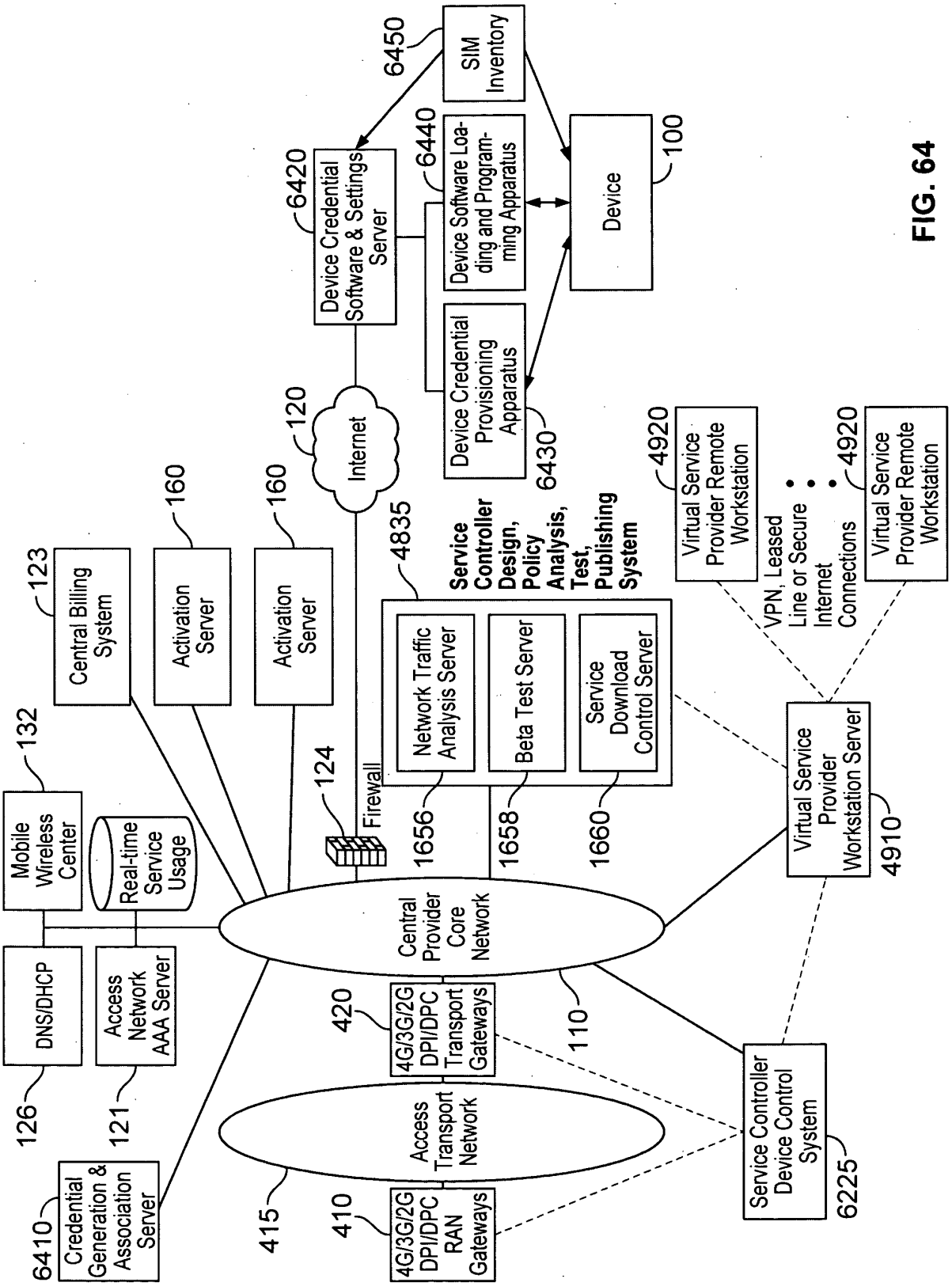


FIG. 64

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
12/380,780	03/02/2009	Gregory G. Raleigh	RALEP007

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

FORMALITIES LETTER

OC000000035095014

Date Mailed: 03/25/2009

NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

Filing Date Granted

Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items and pay any fees required below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The statutory basic filing fee is missing.
  *Applicant must submit $**330** to complete the basic filing fee for a non-small entity. If appropriate, applicant may make a written assertion of entitlement to small entity status and pay the small entity filing fee (37 CFR 1.27).*
- The oath or declaration is missing.
  A properly signed oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63, identifying the application by the above Application Number and Filing Date, is required.
  Note: If a petition under 37 CFR 1.47 is being filed, an oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.63 signed by all available joint inventors, or if no inventor is available by a party with sufficient proprietary interest, is required.

The application is informal since it does not comply with the regulations for the reason(s) indicated below.

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- Replacement drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.84 and 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required. The drawings submitted are not acceptable because:
  - The drawings must be reasonably free from erasures and must be free from alterations, overwriting, interlineations, folds, and copy marks. See Figure(s) 1-15, 22-23, 29-41, 46,48-55,57, 59,61, 63-64.
  - Numbers, letters, and reference characters on the drawings must measure at least 0.32 cm (1/8 inch) in height. See Figure(s) 22-23, 26A-46.
  - The drawings submitted to the Office are not electronically reproducible because portions of figures 1-15, 46,48-55, 57, 59, 61, 63-64 are missing and/or blurry.

Applicant is cautioned that correction of the above items may cause the specification and drawings page count to exceed 100 pages. If the specification and drawings exceed 100 pages, applicant will need to submit the required application size fee.

The applicant needs to satisfy supplemental fees problems indicated below.

The required item(s) identified below must be timely submitted to avoid abandonment:

- Additional claim fees of $**2948** as a non-small entity, including any required multiple dependent claim fee, are required. Applicant must submit the additional claim fees or cancel the additional claims for which fees are due.
- To avoid abandonment, a surcharge (for late submission of filing fee, search fee, examination fee or oath or declaration) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(f) of $**130** for a non-small entity, must be submitted with the missing items identified in this notice.

SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:

Total additional fee(s) required for this application is $**5518** for a non-small entity

- $**330** Statutory basic filing fee.
- $**130** Surcharge.
- The application search fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit $**540** to complete the search fee.
- The application examination fee has not been paid. Applicant must submit $**220** to complete the examination fee for a non-small entity.
- The specification and drawings contain more than 100 pages. Applicant owes $**1350** for **237** pages in excess of **100** pages for a non-small entity.
- Total additional claim fee(s) for this application is $**2948**
  - $**660** for **3** independent claims over 3.
  - $**2288** for **44** total claims over 20.

Replies should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Missing Parts
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria VA 22313-1450

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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING or 371(c) DATE	GRP ART UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET.NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
12/380,780	03/02/2009	2431	0.00	RALEP007	64	6

CONFIRMATION NO. 1775

21912
VAN PELT, YI & JAMES LLP
10050 N. FOOTHILL BLVD #200
CUPERTINO, CA 95014

FILING RECEIPT

OC000000035095013

Date Mailed: 03/25/2009

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Applicant(s)

Gregory G. Raleigh, Residence Not Provided;

Assignment For Published Patent Application

Gregory G. Raleigh

Power of Attorney: None

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This appln claims benefit of 61/206,354 01/28/2009
and claims benefit of 61/206,944 02/04/2009
and claims benefit of 61/207,393 02/10/2009

Foreign Applications

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 03/19/2009

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 12/380,780**

Projected Publication Date: Request for Non-Publication Acknowledged

Non-Publication Request: Yes

Early Publication Request: No

Title

Automated device provisioning and activation

Preliminary Class

726

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030209 02570 U.S.PTO

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (New Nonprovisional Applications Under 37 CFR § 1.53(b))	Attorney Docket No. RALEP007

U.S. PTO
12/380780
03/02/2009

TO THE COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:

Transmitted herewith is the patent application of ( ) application identifier or (X) first named inventor, Gregory G. Raleigh, entitled AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION, for a(n):

(X) Original Patent Application.

( ) Continuing Application (prior application not abandoned):
( ) Continuation ( ) Divisional ( ) Continuation-in-part (CIP)
of prior Application No. _____, filed _____.

( ) Please add after the title of the application "This is a
( ) Continuation ( ) Divisional ( ) Continuation-in-part (CIP)
of Application No. _____, filed _____, which is hereby incorporated by reference."

(X) This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/206,354 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP001+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed January 28, 2009, U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/206,944 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP002+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed February 4, 2009, U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/207,393 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP003+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed February 10, 2009, and U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. _____ (Attorney Docket No. RALEP004+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed on February 13, 2009, which are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.

Enclosed are:
(X) Specification; 252 Total Pages. (X) Drawing(s); 84 Total Sheets.
( ) Oath or Declaration:
( ) A Newly Executed Combined Declaration and Power of Attorney:
( ) Signed. ( ) Unsigned. ( ) Partially Signed.
( ) A Copy from a Prior Application for Continuation/Divisional (37 CFR § 1.63(d)).
( ) Signed Statement Deleting Inventor(s) Named in the Prior Application. (37 CFR § 163(d)(2)).
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( ) Statement(s) of Status as a Small Entity.
( ) Statement(s) of Status as a Small Entity Filed in Prior Application, Status Still Proper and Desired.
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Respectfully submitted,
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NONPUBLICATION REQUEST UNDER 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(i)

First Named Inventor	Gregory G. Raleigh
Title	AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION
Attorney Docket Number	RALEP007

I hereby certify that the invention disclosed in the attached application **has not and will not be** the subject of an application filed in another country, or under a multilateral agreement, that requires publication at eighteen months after filing.

I hereby request that the attached application not be published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b).

Michael J. Schallop — 3/2/09

Signature — Date

Michael J. Schallop — 44,319

Typed or printed name — Registration Number, if applicable

408-207-4762

Telephone Number

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Attorney Docket No. RALEP007

APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT

AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION

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AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION

CROSS REFERENCE TO OTHER APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/206,354 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP001+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed January 28, 2009, U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/206,944 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP002+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed February 4, 2009, U.S. Provisional Application No. 61/207,393 (Attorney Docket No. RALEP003+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed February 10, 2009, and U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. _____ (Attorney Docket No. RALEP004+) entitled SERVICES POLICY COMMUNICATION SYSTEM AND METHOD filed on February 13, 2009, which are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] With the advent of mass market digital communications and content distribution, many access networks such as wireless networks, cable networks and DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) networks are pressed for user capacity, with, for example, EVDO (Evolution-Data Optimized), HSPA (High Speed Packet Access), LTE (Long Term Evolution), WiMax (Worldwide Interoperability for Microwave Access), and Wi-Fi (Wireless Fidelity) wireless networks increasingly becoming user capacity constrained. Although wireless network capacity will increase with new higher capacity wireless radio access technologies, such as MIMO (Multiple-Input Multiple-Output), and with more frequency spectrum being deployed in the future, these capacity gains are likely to be less than what is required to meet growing digital networking demand.

[0003] Similarly, although wire line access networks, such as cable and DSL, can have higher average capacity per user, wire line user service consumption habits are trending toward very high bandwidth applications that can quickly consume the available capacity and degrade

overall network service experience. Because some components of service provider costs go up with increasing bandwidth, this trend will also negatively impact service provider profits.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] Various embodiments of the invention are disclosed in the following detailed description and the accompanying drawings.

[0005] **Figure 1** illustrates a simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture in accordance with some embodiments.

[0006] **Figure 2** illustrates another simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture including an MVNO (Mobile Virtual Network Operator) relationship in accordance with some embodiments.

[0007] **Figure 3** illustrates another simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture including two central providers in accordance with some embodiments.

[0008] **Figure 4** illustrates a network architecture including a Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS) overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments.

[0009] **Figure 5** illustrates a network architecture including an Evolution Data Optimized (EVDO) overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments.

[0010] **Figure 6** illustrates a network architecture including a 4G LTE and Wi-Fi overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments.

[0011] **Figure 7** illustrates a network architecture including a WiMax and Wi-Fi overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments.

[0012] **Figure 8** illustrates another simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture including multiple wireless access networks (e.g., 3G and 4G Wireless Wide Area Networks (WWANs)) and multiple wire line networks (e.g., Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS) and Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer (DSLAM) wire line networks) in accordance with some embodiments.

[0013] **Figure 9** illustrates a hardware diagram of a device that includes a service processor in accordance with some embodiments.

[0014] **Figure 10** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device that includes a service processor in accordance with some embodiments.

[0015] **Figure 11** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device that includes a service processor in accordance with some embodiments.

[0016] **Figure 12** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device that includes a service processor in accordance with some embodiments.

[0017] **Figure 13** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device that includes a service processor implemented in external memory of a System On Chip (SOC) in accordance with some embodiments.

[0018] **Figure 14** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device that includes a service processor implemented in external memory of a System On Chip (SOC) in accordance with some embodiments.

[0019] **Figures 15A** through **15C** illustrate hardware diagrams of a device that include a service processor and a bus structure extension using intermediate modem or networking device combinations in accordance with various embodiments.

[0020] **Figure 16** is a functional diagram illustrating a device based service processor and a service controller in accordance with some embodiments.

[0021] **Figure 17** is another functional diagram illustrating the device based service processor and the service controller in accordance with some embodiments.

[0022] **Figure 18** is another functional diagram illustrating the device based service processor and the service controller in which the service processor controls the policy implementation for multiple access network modems and technologies in accordance with some embodiments.

[0023] **Figure 19** is another functional diagram illustrating the service processor and the service controller in accordance with some embodiments.

[0024] **Figure 20** is another functional diagram illustrating the service processor and the service controller in accordance with some embodiments.

[0025] **Figure 21** is another functional diagram illustrating the service processor and the service controller in accordance with some embodiments.

[0026] **Figure 22** provides a table summarizing various service processor agents (and/or components/functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments.

[0027] **Figure 23** provides a table summarizing various service controller server elements (and/or components/functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments.

[0028] **Figure 24** is a functional diagram illustrating the service control device link of the service processor and the service control service link of the service controller in accordance with some embodiments.

[0029] **Figure 25** is a functional diagram illustrating framing structure of a service processor communication frame and a service controller communication frame in accordance with some embodiments.

[0030] **Figures 26A** through **26E** provide tables summarizing various service processor heartbeat functions and parameters in accordance with some embodiments.

[0031] **Figures 27A** through **27G** provide tables summarizing various device based service policy implementation verification techniques in accordance with some embodiments.

[0032] **Figures 28A** through **28C** provide tables summarizing various techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise in accordance with some embodiments.

[0033] **Figure 29** is a functional diagram illustrating a device communications stack that allows for implementing verifiable traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0034] **Figure 30** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0035] **Figure 31** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0036] **Figure 32** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0037] **Figure 33** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0038] **Figure 34** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0039] **Figure 35** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0040] **Figure 36** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0041] **Figure 37** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments.

[0042] **Figure 38** is a functional diagram illustrating a device service processor packet processing flow in accordance with some embodiments.

[0043] **Figure 39** is another functional diagram illustrating the device service processor packet processing flow in accordance with some embodiments.

[0044] **Figure 40** is another functional diagram illustrating the device service processor packet processing flow in accordance with some embodiments.

[0045] **Figure 41** provides a table summarizing various privacy levels for service history reporting in accordance with some embodiments.

[0046] **Figures 42A** through **42F** provide tables summarizing various service policy control commands in accordance with some embodiments.

[0047] **Figures 43A** through **43B** are flow diagrams illustrating a flow diagram for a service processor authorization sequence as shown in Figure 43A and a flow diagram for a service controller authorization sequence as shown in Figure 43B in accordance with some embodiments.

[0048] **Figures 44A** through **44B** are flow diagrams illustrating a flow diagram for a service processor activation sequence as shown in Figure 44A and a flow diagram for a service controller activation sequence as shown in Figure 44B in accordance with some embodiments.

[0049] **Figures 45A** through **45B** are flow diagrams illustrating a flow diagram for a service processor access control sequence as shown in Figure 45A and a flow diagram for a service controller access control sequence as shown in Figure 45B in accordance with some embodiments.

[0050] **Figure 46** is a functional diagram illustrating open, decentralized, device based mobile commerce transactions in accordance with some embodiments.

[0051] **Figures 47A** through **47B** are transactional diagrams illustrating open, decentralized, device based mobile commerce transactions in accordance with some embodiments.

[0052] **Figure 48** illustrates a network architecture including a service controller device control system and a service controller analysis and management system in accordance with some embodiments.

[0053] **Figure 49** illustrates a network architecture for an open developer platform for virtual service provider (VSP) partitioning in accordance with some embodiments.

[0054] **Figure 50** illustrates a network architecture including a billing to service controller interface for accommodating minimum changes in existing central billing, AAA and/or other network components in accordance with some embodiments.

[0055] **Figure 51** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions with AAA and network service usage functions in accordance with some embodiments.

[0056] **Figure 52** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions in the access transport network in accordance with some embodiments.

[0057] **Figure 53** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions in the radio access network in accordance with some embodiments.

[0058] **Figure 54** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions with AAA and network service usage including deep packet inspection functions in accordance with some embodiments.

[0059] **Figure 55** illustrates another network architecture for locating service controller device control functions with AAA and network service usage including deep packet inspection functions in accordance with some embodiments.

[0060] **Figure 56** illustrates a 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway in accordance with some embodiments.

[0061] **Figure 57** illustrates a network architecture including the VSP workstation server in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways in accordance with some embodiments.

[0062] **Figure 58** illustrates another 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway in accordance with some embodiments.

[0063] **Figure 59** illustrates another network architecture including the VSP workstation server in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways in accordance with some embodiments.

[0064] **Figure 60** illustrates a 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway and service controller device control system in accordance with some embodiments.

[0065] **Figure 61** illustrates another network architecture including the VSP workstation server in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways in accordance with some embodiments.

[0066] **Figure 62** illustrates another 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway and service controller device control system in accordance with some embodiments.

[0067] **Figure 63** illustrates another network architecture including the VSP workstation server in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways in accordance with some embodiments.

[0068] **Figure 64** illustrates another network architecture including a system located in the manufacturing or distribution chain for the device that provides the device provisioning or partial provisioning, and any pre-activation required for the device to later activate on the network in accordance with some embodiments.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0069] The invention can be implemented in numerous ways, including as a process; an apparatus; a system; a composition of matter; a computer program product embodied on a computer readable storage medium; and/or a processor, such as a processor configured to execute instructions stored on and/or provided by a memory coupled to the processor. In this specification, these implementations, or any other form that the invention may take, may be referred to as techniques. In general, the order of the steps of disclosed processes may be altered within the scope of the invention. Unless stated otherwise, a component such as a processor or a memory described as being configured to perform a task may be implemented as a general component that is temporarily configured to perform the task at a given time or a specific component that is manufactured to perform the task. As used herein, the term 'processor' refers to one or more devices, circuits, and/or processing cores configured to process data, such as computer program instructions.

[0070] A detailed description of one or more embodiments of the invention is provided below along with accompanying figures that illustrate the principles of the invention. The invention is described in connection with such embodiments, but the invention is not limited to any embodiment. The scope of the invention is limited only by the claims and the invention encompasses numerous alternatives, modifications and equivalents. Numerous specific details are set forth in the following description in order to provide a thorough understanding of the invention. These details are provided for the purpose of example and the invention may be practiced according to the claims without some or all of these specific details. For the purpose of clarity, technical material that is known in the technical fields related to the invention has not been described in detail so that the invention is not unnecessarily obscured.

[0071] With the development and increasing proliferation of mass market digital communications and content distribution, communication network capacity gains are being outpaced by growing digital networking demand. For example, some industry experts project average wireless device usage of four devices per subscriber, with a mixture of general purpose devices like smart phones and computers along with special purpose devices like music players, electronic readers, connected (e.g., networked) cameras and connected gaming devices. In

addition, wire line user service consumption habits are trending toward very high bandwidth applications that can quickly consume the available capacity and degrade overall network service experience if not efficiently managed. Because some components of service provider costs go up with increasing bandwidth, this trend will also negatively impact service provider profits.

[0072] There is a need for a communication system and method that provides for flexible service plans and management of user network services to provide consumer choice of more refined service plan offerings and efficient management of network capacity.

[0073] Also, it is becoming increasingly important to more deeply manage the level of services delivered to networked devices to provide cost effective services that match growing digital networking usage patterns. For example, access providers can move away from only billing for basic access and move toward billing for higher level service delivery with example services including rich Internet access and email, application based billing, content distribution, entertainment activities, information or content subscription or gaming. In addition, a growing number of new special purpose and general purpose networked devices are fueling demand for new service plans, for example, tailored to the new device usage models (e.g., a special service plan for an e-book reader device).

[0074] As network capabilities grow and new networked device offerings grow, access network service providers will realize increasing value in opening up their networks to allow innovation and expanded offerings for network service consumers. However, opening up the networks to provide efficient third party definition of alternative service and billing models requires more flexible service and billing policy management solutions. For example, machine to machine applications such as telemetry, surveillance, shipment tracking and two way power control systems are example new applications that would require new offerings to make such available to network service customers. The need to customize service offerings for these new applications requires more efficient methods for defining, testing and launching new services with more refined control of service functions and service costs. In some embodiments, this means billing for different types of service elements, such as total traffic, content downloads, application usage, information or content subscription services, people or asset tracking services, real time machine to machine information or electronic commerce transactions.

[0075] In some embodiments, network user capacity is increased and user service costs are reduced by managing and billing for service consumption in a more refined manner (e.g., to satisfy network neutrality requirements). By managing service consumption in a user friendly manner, the overall service capacity required to satisfy the user device needs can be tailored more closely to the needs of a given user thereby reducing user service costs and increasing service provider profits. For example, managing service usage while maintaining user satisfaction includes service usage policy implementation and policy management to identify, manage and bill for service usage categories, such as total traffic consumption, content downloads, application usage, information or content subscription services, electronic commerce transactions, people or asset tracking services or machine to machine networking services. As described herein, service activity is used to refer to any service usage or traffic usage that can be associated with, for example, an application; a network communication end point, such as an address, uniform resource locator (URL) or other identifier with which the device is communicating; a traffic content type; a transaction where content or other material, information or goods are transacted, purchased, reserved, ordered or exchanged; a download, upload or file transfer; email, text, SMS, IMS or other messaging activity or usage; VOIP services; video services; a device usage event that generates a billing event; service usage associated with a bill by account activity (also referred to as billing by account) as described herein; device location; device service usage patterns, device user interface (UI) discovery patterns, content usage patterns or other characterizations of device usage; or other categories of user or device activity that can be identified, monitored, recorded, reported, controlled or processed in accordance with a set of verifiable service control policies. As will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the embodiments described herein, some embodiments identify various service activities for the purpose of decomposing overall service usage into finer sub-categories of activities that can be verifiably monitored, categorized, cataloged, reported, controlled, monetized and used for end user notification in a manner that results in superior optimization of the service capabilities for various levels of service cost or for various types of devices or groups. In some embodiments, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the terms service activity or service usage are associated with categorizing and possibly monitoring or controlling data traffic, application usage, communication with certain network end points, or transactions, and it will also be apparent that in some embodiments the term service activity is

intended to include one or more of the broader aspects listed above. The shortened term service usage can be used interchangeably with service activity, but neither term is intended in general to exclude any aspect of the other. In some cases, where the terms service usage or service activity are used, more specific descriptors such as traffic usage, application usage, website usage, and other service usage examples are also used to provide more specific examples or focus in on a particular element of the more encompassing terms.

[0076] In some embodiments, employing this level of service categorization and control is accomplished in a manner that satisfies user preferences. In some embodiments, employing this level of service categorization and control is accomplished in a manner that also satisfies government rules or regulations regarding open access, for example, network neutrality requirements. In some embodiments, service management solutions that also collect and/or report user or device service usage or service activity behavior to determine how best to meet the user's simultaneous desires for service quality and lower service costs are disclosed. For example, such monitoring and reporting are accomplished in a manner that includes approval by the user and in a manner that also protects the privacy of user information and service usage behavior or service activity history.

[0077] In some embodiments, a system and method is disclosed for increasing network user capacity for wireless networks in the face of increasing service demand per user by providing for a greater number of base stations, also sometimes referred to as access points, base terminals, terminal nodes or other well known acronyms, to be more easily and/or more cost effectively deployed. For example, to simplify the process of deploying base stations, the installation complexity and the network infrastructure required for the base station to obtain backhaul service to the various networks that users desire to connect with are reduced.

[0078] In some embodiments, dense base station deployments are simplified by reducing the requirement to aggregate or concentrate the base station traffic through a specific dedicated core network infrastructure, so that the base stations connect to the desired user networks through a more diverse set of local loop, back bone and core routing options. This approach also reduces network infrastructure equipment, installation and maintenance costs. In some embodiments, this is accomplished by distributing the network traffic policy implementation and

control away from the core network by providing for more control for service policy implementation and management on the end user device and, in some embodiments, in the end user device with respect to certain service policies and the network (e.g., control plane servers) with respect to other service policies. For example, this approach facilitates connecting the base stations directly to the local loop Internet with a minimum of specific dedicated networking infrastructure.

[0079] In some embodiments, service and transaction billing event capture and logging are distributed to the device. For example, providing service and transaction billing event capture and logging at the device provides a greater capability to monitor, classify and control deeper aspects of service usage or service activity at the device as compared to the relatively less capability for the same in the network infrastructure (e.g., for certain traffic flows, such as encrypted traffic flows). Furthermore, billing at the device provides for very specialized with many different billing and service plans for different device and service usage or service activity scenario combinations without the problem of attempting to propagate and manage many different deep packet inspection (DPI) and traffic shaping profiles in the networking equipment infrastructure. For example, service billing at the device can provide for more sophisticated, more specialized and more scalable billing and service plans.

[0080] Another form of billing that needs improvement is electronic commerce transaction billing with device assisted central billing. Today, most central billing and content distribution models require either centralized content distribution maintained by the central service provider or central billing authority, or a centralized ecommerce website or portal traffic aggregation system controlled by the central service provider or central billing provider, or both. In such systems, content and transaction providers such as media providers, application developers, entertainment providers, transaction website providers and others must adapt their mainstream electronic offering and commerce systems, such as shopping experience websites, to fit within the various proprietary customized infrastructure and content storage solutions for ecommerce markets, such as BREW® (Binary Runtime Environment for Wireless from Qualcomm® Inc.), Symbian OS (from Symbian Software Ltd) and Apple iPhone 3G App Store (from Apple Inc.). This approach requires a large amount of unnecessary custom interface development and stifles open market creativity for HTTP, WAP or portal/widget based shopping

destinations and experiences. As disclosed below, a superior approach includes device based transaction billing for an open ecosystem in which a central billing provider provides users and ecommerce transaction providers with a central billing solution and experience that does not require extensive custom development or ecommerce infrastructure interfacing.

[0081] In some embodiments, products that incorporate device assisted service policy implementation, network services and service profiles (e.g., a service profile includes a set of one or more service policy settings for the device for a service on the network) are disclosed, as described below. For example, aspects of the service policy (e.g., a set of policies/policy settings for the device for network services, typically referring to lower level settings, such as access control settings, traffic control settings, billing system settings, user notification settings, user privacy settings, user preference settings, authentication settings and admission control settings) that are moved out of the core network and into the end user device include, for example, certain lower level service policy implementations, service usage or service activity monitoring and reporting including, for example, privacy filtering, customer resource management monitoring and reporting including, for example, privacy filtering, adaptive service policy control, service network access control services, service network authentication services, service network admission control services, service billing, transaction billing, simplified service activation and sign up, user service usage or service activity notification and service preference feedback and other service capabilities.

[0082] As discussed below, product designs that move certain aspects of one or more of these service profile or service policy implementation elements into the device provide several advantageous solutions to the needs described above. For example, benefits of certain embodiments include the ability to manage or bill for a richer and more varied set of network services, better manage overall network capacity, better manage end user access costs, simplify user or new device service activation, simplify development and deployment of new devices with new service plans (e.g., service profile and billing/costs information associated with that service profile), equip central service providers with more effective open access networks for new third party solutions, simplify the equipment and processes necessary to deploy wireless base stations and simplify the core networking equipment required to deploy certain access networks.

[0083] As discussed below, there are two network types that are discussed: a central provider network and a service provider network. The central provider network generally refers to the access network required to connect the device to other networks. The central provider network generally includes the physical layer, the Media Access Control (MAC) and the various networking functions that can be implemented to perform authentication, authorization and access control, and to route traffic to a network that connects to the control plane servers, as discussed below. The service provider network generally refers to the network that includes the control plane servers. In some embodiments, a central provider network and a service provider network are the same, and in some embodiments, they are different. In some embodiments, the owner or manager of the central provider network and the owner or manager of the service provider network are the same, and in some embodiments, they are different.

[0084] In some embodiments, control of the device service policies is accomplished with a set of service control plane servers that reside in the access network or any network that can be reached by the device. This server based control plane architecture provides for a highly efficient means of enabling third party control of services and billing, such as for central carrier open development programs or Mobile Virtual Network Operator (MVNO) relationships. As device processing and memory capacity expands, moving to this distributed service policy processing architecture also becomes more efficient and economical. In some embodiments, several aspects of user privacy and desired network neutrality are provided by enabling user control of certain aspects of device based service usage or service activity reporting, traffic reporting, service policy control and customer resource management (CRM) reporting.

[0085] In many access networks, such as wireless access networks, bandwidth capacity is a valuable resource in the face of the increasing popularity of devices, applications and content types that consume more bandwidth. To maintain reasonable service profit margins, a typical present service provider practice is to charge enough per user for access to make service plans profitable for the higher bandwidth users. However, this is not an optimal situation for users who desire to pay less for lower bandwidth service usage or service activity scenarios.

[0086] Accordingly, in some embodiments, a range of service plan pricing can be enabled that also maintains service profitability for the service provider, for example, by

providing a more refined set of management and control capabilities for service profiles. For example, this approach generally leads to service management or traffic shaping where certain aspects of a service are controlled down based on service policies to lower levels of quality of service. Generally, there are three problems that arise when these techniques are implemented. The first problem is maintaining user privacy preferences in the reporting of service usage or service activity required to set, manage or verify service policy implementation. This problem is solved in a variety of ways by the embodiments described below with a combination of user notification, preference feedback and approval for the level of traffic information the user is comfortable or approves and the ability to filter service usage or service activity, in some embodiments, specifically traffic usage or CRM reports so that only the level of information the user prefers to share is communicated. The second problem is satisfying network neutrality requirements in the way that traffic is shaped or services are managed. This problem is solved in a variety of ways as described in the embodiments described below by empowering the user to make the choices on how service usage, service activity, traffic usage or CRM data is managed down to control costs, including embodiments on user notification and service policy preference feedback. By allowing the user to decide how they want to spend and manage their service allowance or resources, a more neutral or completely neutral approach to network usage can be maintained by the service provider. The third problem is to help the user have an acceptable and enjoyable service experience for the lower cost plans that will result in much wider scale adoption of connected devices and applications but are more constrained on service activity usage or options or bandwidth or traffic usage. As lower cost service plans are offered, including plans where the basic connection service may be free, these service plans will require service provider cost controls to maintain profitability or preserve network capacity that result in lower limits on service usage or service activity. These lower service usage or service activity limit plans will result in more users who are likely run over service usage limits and either experience service shutdown or service cost overages unless they are provided with more capable means for assistance on how to use and control usage for the lower cost services. This problem is solved in a variety of ways with a rich collection of embodiments on user notification, service usage and cost projection, user notification policy feedback, user service policy preference feedback, and adaptive traffic shaping or service policy implementation. As described herein, some embodiments allow a wide range of flexible and verifiable service plan and service profile

implementations ranging from examples such as free ambient services that are perhaps sponsored by transaction revenues and/or bill by account sponsored service partner revenues, to intermediately priced plans for basic access services for mass market user devices or machine to machine communication devices, to more expensive plans with very high levels of service usage or service activity limits or no limits at all. Several bill by account embodiments also provide for the cataloging of service usage that is not a direct benefit to end users but is needed for basic maintenance of the device control channels and access network connection, so that the maintenance traffic service cost can be removed from the user billing or billed to non-user accounts used to track or account for such service costs. These embodiments and others result in a service usage or service activity control capability that provides more attractive device and service alternatives to end users while maintaining profitability for service providers and their partners.

[0087] In some embodiments, the above described various embodiments for device based service policy and/or service profile communications control are implemented using network based service control, for example, for satisfying various network neutrality and/or privacy requirements, based on indication(s) received from the device (e.g., user input provided using the device UI using the service processor) and network based service control (e.g., using a DPI service monitor or DPC policy implementation and/or other network elements).

[0088] In some embodiments, a virtual network overlay includes a device service processor, a network service controller and a control plane communication link to manage various aspects of device based network service policy implementation. In some embodiments, the virtual network overlay networking solution is applied to an existing hierarchical network (e.g., for wireless services), and in some embodiments, is applied to simplify or flatten the network architecture as will be further described below. In some embodiments, the large majority of the complex data path network processing required to implement the richer service management objectives of existing hierarchical networks (e.g., for wireless services) are moved into the device, leaving less data path processing required in the edge network and in some cases even less in the core network. Because the control plane traffic between the service control servers and the device agents that implement service policies can be several orders of magnitude slower than the data plane traffic, service control server network placement and back-haul

infrastructure is much less performance sensitive than the data plane network. In some embodiments, as described further below, this architecture can be overlaid onto all the important existing access network architectures used today. In some embodiments, this architecture can be employed to greatly simplify core access network routing and data plane traffic forwarding and management. For example, in the case of wireless networks, the incorporation of device assisted service policy implementation architectures can result in base stations that directly connect to the Internet local loop and the data traffic does not need to be concentrated into a dedicated core network. This results, for example, in a large reduction in backhaul cost, core network cost and maintenance cost. These cost savings can be re-deployed to purchase and install more base stations with smaller cells, which results in higher data capacity for the access network leading to better user experience, more useful applications and lower service costs. This flattened networking architecture also results in latency reduction as fewer routes are needed to move traffic through the Internet. In some embodiments, the present invention provides the necessary teaching to enable this powerful transformation of centralized network service architectures to a more distributed device based service architectures.

[0089] Device based billing can be compromised, hacked and/or spoofed in many different ways. Merely determining that billing reports are being received from the device, that the device agent software is present and properly configured (e.g., the billing agent is present and properly configured) is insufficient and easily spoofed (e.g., by spoofing the agent itself, providing spoofed billing reports using a spoofed billing agent or providing spoofed agent configurations). Accordingly, in some embodiments, verifiable device assisted and/or network based service policy implementation is provided. For example, verifiable service usage and/or service usage billing can be provided as described herein with respect to various embodiments.

[0090] While much of the below discussion and embodiments described below focus on paid service networks, those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that many of the embodiments also apply to other networks, such as enterprise networks. For example, the same device assisted network services that create access control services, ambient activation services and other service profiles can be used by corporate IT managers to create a controlled cost service policy network for corporate mobile devices. As another example, embodiments described below for providing end user service control can also allow a service provider to offer

parental controls by providing parents with access to a website with a web page that controls the policy settings for the access control networking service for a child's device.

[0091] **Network Architecture for Device Assisted/Based Service Control**

[0092] **Figure 1** illustrates a simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, this provides for a simplified service infrastructure that exemplifies a simplified and "flattened" network architecture in accordance with some embodiments that is advantageous for wireless network architectures. This also reduces the need for complex data path protocol interaction between the base station and network infrastructure. For example, in contrast to a complex edge and core network infrastructure connecting base stations to the central service provider network, as shown the base stations 125 are connected directly to the Internet 120 via firewalls 124 (in some embodiments, the base stations 125 include the firewall functionality 124). Accordingly, in some embodiments, a central provider network is no longer required to route, forward, inspect or manipulate data plane traffic, because data plane traffic policy implementation is conducted in the device 100 by the service processor 115. However, it is still an option, in some embodiments, to bring data plane traffic in from the base stations 125 to a central provider network using either open or secure Internet routing if desired. Base station control plane communication for access network AAA (Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting) server 121, DNS/DHCP (Domain Name System/Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server 126, mobile wireless center 132 (sometimes referenced to in part as a home location register (HLR) or other acronym) or other necessary functions are accomplished, for example, with a secure IP tunnel or TCP connection between the central provider network and the base stations. The base station 125 is used to refer to multiple base station embodiments where the base station itself is directly connected to the RAN, or where the base station connects to a base station controller or base station aggregator function that in turn connects to the RAN, and all such configurations are collectively referred to herein as base station 125 in Figure 1 and most figures that follow that reference base station 125 as described below.

[0093] As shown, the central provider access network is both 3G and 4G capable, the devices 100 can be either 3G, 4G or multi-mode 3G and 4G. Those of ordinary skill in the art

will also appreciate that in the more general case, the network could be 2G, 3G and 4G capable, or the device could be 2G, 3G and 4G capable with all or a subset of Global System for Mobile (GSM), General Packet Radio Service (GPRS), Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) 1X, High Speed Packet Access (HSPA), Evolution Data Optimized (EVDO), Long Term Evolution (LTE) and WiMax modem capability. If the devices are single mode, then the 3G devices 100 will be activated with a service profile applied to service processor 115 that is consistent with the 3G network capacity and speed, and the 4G devices will be activated with service profiles applied to service processor 115 that are consistent with 4G network capacity and speed. In both cases, the same service controller 122 manages services for both sets of devices in accordance with some embodiments. If the devices are multimode, then the service processor 115 can be activated with a dual mode service profile capability in which the service profile for 3G offers a similar rich set of services as the service profile for 4G but with, for example, scaled back bandwidth. For example, this approach is allows central providers to offer a richer set of service offerings with 3G and then migrate the same set of service offerings to 4G but with higher performance. In particular, this approach allows 3G to 4G rich service migration to occur, for example, with the only change being the increased bandwidth settings in the service profiles that will be available in 4G at the same cost as 3G with lower service profile bandwidth settings.

[0094] In some embodiments, if the devices are multimode, a network selection policy implementation within service processor 115 is provided, or in some embodiments, a network selection policy is driven by policy decisions made in service controller 122 based on service availability reports received from service processor 115. The network selection policy allows the selection of the network that corresponds to the most desirable service profile to meet the user's service preferences. For example, if the user specifies, within the framework of the service notification and user preference feedback embodiments described below, that maximum performance is the most important factor in selecting which access network to connect to, then the best profile is likely to be the 4G network as 4G is typically faster, except perhaps, for example, if the device 100 is closer to the 3G base station so that there is a much stronger signal or if the 4G network is much more heavily loaded than the 3G network. On the other hand, if the user preference set specifies cost as the most important factor, then depending on the central provider service costs the 3G network may prove to be the most desirable service profile. This is

a simple example and many other selection criteria are possible in the network selection embodiment as discussed further below.

[0095] **Network Based Service Usage Monitoring for Verification and Other Purposes**

[0096] In some embodiments, if the base station data plane traffic is transmitted via the Internet 120 as discussed above, then IPDRs (Internet Protocol Detail Records, also sometimes and interchangeably referred to herein as Charging Data Records or CDRs, which as used herein refer to any network measure of service usage or service activity for voice and/or data traffic (e.g., IPDRs can include a time stamp, a device ID, and various levels of network measures of service usage for the device associated with that device ID, such as perhaps total traffic usage, network destination, time of day or device location)) are generated by and collected from the access network equipment. Depending on the specific network configuration, as discussed herein, for a WWAN network the IPDRs can be generated by one or more of the following: base station 125, RAN or transport gateways and AAA 121. In some access network embodiments, the IPDRs are transmitted to equipment functions that aggregated the IPDRs for the purpose of service billing and other functions. Aggregation can occur in the AAA, the transport gateways or other functions including the billing system 123. As discussed below, it is often the case that the IPDRs is assumed to be obtained from the AAA server 121 and/or a service usage data store 118 (e.g., a real-time service usage collection stored in a database or a delayed feed service usage collection stored in a database), or some other network function. However, this does not imply that the IPDRs may not be obtained from a variety of other network functions, and in some embodiments, the IPDRs are obtained from other network functions as disclosed herein. In some embodiments, existing IPDR sources are utilized to obtain network based service usage measures for multiple purposes including but not limited to service policy or profile implementation verification, triggering service verification error responds actions, and service notification synchronization. Certain types of IPDRs can be based on, or based in part on, what are sometimes referred to as CDRs (Charging Data Records, which can track charges for voice and data usage) or modifications of CDRs. Although the capability to monitor, categorize, catalog, report and control service usage or service activity is in general higher on the device than it is in the network, and, as described herein, device based service monitoring or control assistance is in

some ways desirable as compared to network based implementations, as described herein many embodiments take advantage of network based service monitoring or control to augment device assisted service monitoring or control and vice versa. For example, even though many embodiments work very well with minimal IPDR service usage or service activity information that is already available in a network, deeper levels of IPDR packet inspection information in general enable deeper levels of service monitoring or service control verification, which can be desirable in some embodiments. As another example, deeper levels of network capability to control service usage or service activity can provide for more sophisticated error handling in some embodiments, for example, providing for more options of the Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) and network quarantine embodiments as described herein. As another example, in some embodiments it is advantageous to take advantage of network based service monitoring or control for those service aspects the network is capable of supporting, while using device assisted service monitoring or control for the service aspects advantageously implemented on the device.

[0097] In some embodiments, where base station data plane traffic is backhauled and concentrated in a central provider core network 110, then the IPDRs can originate in the base stations or a router or gateway in the central provider network 110, and the IPDRs are collected at the AAA server 121 and stored in the service usage data store 118. In some embodiments, the central billing system 123 collects the IPDRs from the AAA server 121 for service billing accounting purposes. In some embodiments, a central billing system 123 collects the IPDRs directly from the initial IPDR source or some other aggregator. In some embodiments, outside partners like MVNOs gain access to the IPDRs from the central billing system 123. As discussed below, it is assumed that the IPDRs are obtained from the AAA server 121, and it is understood that the source of the IPDRs is interchangeable in the embodiments.

[0098] In some embodiments, the IPDR information is used by the service processor 115, the service controller 122 and/or other network apparatus or device apparatus to implement service control verification is provided as described below. In some embodiments, an IPDR feed (e.g., also referred to as a charging data record (CDR)) flows between network elements. For example, an IPDR feed can flow from the RAN gateway 410 (e.g., SGSN 410, BSC packet control 510 or RNC 512) and the transport gateway 420 (e.g., GGSN or PDSN). In other

embodiments, the IPDRs originate and flow from the base station 125 or some other component/element in the network. In some embodiments, one or more of these IPDR feeds is transmitted to an IPDR aggregation function (e.g., also referred to as a charging gateway). For example, this aggregation function can be located in the AAA 121, in the mobile wireless center 132 (and/or in the home location register (HLR) or other similar function referred to by other common industry names), in the transport gateway 420, or in some other network element. This aggregation function collects the IPDR feeds into a database with an entry for each device 100. In some embodiments, an intermediate aggregation function is provided that feeds a higher level aggregation function, for example, the transport gateway 420 can receive IPDR feeds from the RAN gateway 410 or the base station 125 before sending them to another aggregation function. At some point in time (e.g., at the end of a specified time period, at the end of a device network connection session and/or at a specified time of day), the IPDR aggregation function sends summary information or detailed information of the IPDRs for a given device or group of devices to the billing system for billing and/or reconciliation. In some embodiments, in which the IPDR aggregation feed to the billing system is frequent enough for one or more of the IPDR information purposes described herein, the IPDR feed for the service controller 122 is derived from the aggregated feed, either by having the billing system 123 transmit it to the service controller 122, or by copying it from the IPDR aggregation function.

[0099] In some embodiments, the IPDR feed is obtained from the network function that is generating or aggregating the IPDR feed as described herein. In some embodiments, the IPDR feed is copied from the aggregation function in a manner that does not interrupt the operation of the network. For example, a switch based port analysis function can be used to copy the traffic to a traffic analysis or server element that filters out the IPDR traffic and records it to a data base that is then either pushed to the service controller 122 (or any other network element that uses IPDR information as described herein), or is queried by the service controller 122 (or any other function that uses the IPDR information as described herein). In some embodiments, if the aggregated IPDR information transmitted to the billing system is delayed from real-time traffic usage events by an amount of time that is, for example, too long for desired operation, or for any other reason that makes it less desirable to obtain the IPDR information from the same aggregated feed used for the billing system 123, the IPDR information can be collected from one or more of the sources discussed above including, for example, from another aggregation point

(e.g., the feed to the charging gateway, AAA server and/or mobile wireless center/HLR), one or more of the gateways 410, 420, 508, 512, 520, 608, 612, 620, 708, 712, 720 the base station 125 and/or another network element. In some embodiments, the IPDR feeds from these or other network functions are copied to a database as described above, which is either pushed or queried to get the information to the service controller 122 or other network elements that request the IPDR information.

[00100] In some embodiments, the service processor 115 includes various components, such as device agents, that perform service policy implementation or management functions. In some embodiments, these functions include service policy or implementation verification, service policy implementation tamper prevention, service allowance or denial, application access control, traffic control, network access control services, various network authentication services, service control plane communication, device heartbeat services, service billing, transaction billing, simplified activation services and/or other service implementations or service policy implementations. It will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the division in functionality between one device agent and another is a design choice, that the functional lines can be re-drawn in any technically feasible way that the product designers see fit, and that the placing divisions on the naming and functional breakouts for device agents aids in understanding, although in more complex embodiments, for example, it can make sense to the product designer to break out device agent functionality specifications in some other manner in order to manage development specification and testing complexity and workflow.

[00101] In some embodiments, network control of the service policy settings and services as discussed above is accomplished with the service controller 122 which in various embodiments includes one or more server functions. As with the service processor 115 agent naming and functional break out, it is understood that service controller 122 server naming and functional breakout is also a design choice and is provided mainly to aid in the discussion. It will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the server names and functional breakouts do not imply that each name is an individual server, and, for example, a single named function in the various embodiments can be implemented on multiple servers, or multiple named functions in the various embodiments can be implemented on a single server.

[00102] As shown, there are multiple open content transaction partner sites 134 (e.g., open content transaction servers), which represent the websites or experience portals offered by content partners or ecommerce transaction partners of the service provider. For example, transaction servers 134 can provide an electronic commerce offering and transaction platform to the device. In some embodiments, the central provider has ownership and management of the service controller 122, so the central provider and the service provider are the same, but as discussed below the service provider that uses the service controller 122 to manage the device services by way of service processor 115 is not always the same as the central provider who provides the access network services.

[00103] In some embodiments, further distribution of central provider access networking functions such as access network AAA server 121, DNS/DHCP server 126, and other functions are provided in the base stations 125. In some embodiments, network based device service suspend/resume control are also provided in the base stations 125 (or in some embodiments, for hierarchical or overlay networks, this function is provided by one or more of the following: RAN gateways, transport gateways, AAA 121 or some other network function). As shown, the following are connected (e.g., in network communication with) the central provider network 110: central provider billing system 123, dedicated leased lines 128 (e.g., for other services/providers), central provider service controller 122, a content management (e.g., content switching, content billing, and content catching) system 130, central provider DNS/DHCP server 126, access network AAA server 121, service usage data store 118 and central provider mobile wireless center 132. These embodiments may be advantageous particularly for flat networks as that shown in Figure 1 that are provided by the present invention.

[00104] In some embodiments, the base stations 125 implement a firewall function via firewall 124 and are placed directly onto the local loop Internet for backhaul. Voice traffic transport is provided with a secure protocol with Voice Over IP (VOIP) framing running over a secure IP session, for example, Virtual Private Network (VPN), IP Security (IPSEC) or another secure tunneling protocol. In some embodiments, the VOIP channel employs another layer of application level security on the aggregated VOIP traffic trunk before it is placed on the secure IP transport layer. Base station control traffic and other central provider traffic can be provided in a number of ways with secure transport protocols running over Transmission Control Protocol

(TCP), Internet Protocol (IP) or User Datagram Protocol (UDP), although TCP provides a more reliable delivery channel for control traffic that is not as sensitive to delay or jitter. One example embodiment for the control channel is a control link buffering, framing, encryption and secure transport protocol similar to that described below for the service control link between a device and the network. In some embodiments, a service control heartbeat function is provided to the base stations 125 similar to that implemented between the service controller 122 and the service processor 115 as described below. If the need to maintain a bandwidth efficient control plane channel between the base stations and the central provider base station control network is not as critical as it is in the case of access network connection to the device, then there are many other approaches for implementing a secure control channel over the Internet including, for example, one or more of various packet encryption protocols running at or just below the application layer, running TCP Transport Layer Security (TLS), and running IP level security or secure tunnels.

[00105] In some embodiments, the device based services control plane traffic channel between the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 is implemented over the same control plane channel used for the flat base station control architecture, or in some embodiments, over the Internet. As discussed below, it is assumed that the device bases services control plane channel for service processor 115 to service controller 122 communications is established through the Internet 120 or through the access network using IP protocols as this is the more general case and applies to overlay network applications for various embodiments as well as applications where various embodiments are used to enable flattened access networks.

[00106] In some embodiments, by enabling the device to verifiably implement a rich set of service features as described herein, and by enabling the base station 125 to connect directly to the Internet 120 with a local firewall for device data traffic, tunnel the voice to a voice network with VOIP and secure Internet protocols, and control the base station 125 over a secure control plane channel using base station control servers located in a central provider network, base stations 125 can be more efficiently provisioned and installed, because, for example, the base station 125 can accommodate a greater variety of local loop backhaul options. In such embodiments, it is advantageous to perform certain basic network functions in the base station 125 rather than the central provider network.

[00107] In some embodiments, a basic device suspend/resume function for allowing or disallowing the device Internet access is provided by the base stations 125 (or in some embodiments, for hierarchical or overlay networks in some embodiments this function is provided by one or more of the following: RAN gateways, transport gateways, AAA 121 or some other network function). This functionality, as will be discussed below, is important for certain embodiments involving taking action to resolve, for example, service policy verification errors. In some embodiments, this function is performed at the base station (e.g., base stations 125) thereby eliminating the need for a more complex networking equipment hierarchy and traffic concentration required to perform the suspend/resume function deeper in the network. Access network base stations control media access and are therefore designed with awareness of which device identification number a given traffic packet, group of packets, packet flow, voice connection or other traffic flow originates from and terminates to. In some embodiments, the suspend/resume function is implemented in the base station 125 by placing an access control function in the traffic path of each device traffic flow. The suspend resume function can be used by various network elements, and in the context of the present embodiment can be used by the service controller 122 (e.g., in some embodiments, access control integrity server 1654 (Figure 16) of service controller 122 or other service controller elements) to suspend and resume device service based on the assessment of the service policy implementation verification status as described below.

[00108] In some embodiments, at least a basic traffic monitoring or service monitoring function is performed at the base station (e.g., base stations 125) similar to the service history records or IPDRs collected deeper in the network in more conventional hierarchical access network infrastructure architectures. For example, the service or traffic monitoring history records are advantageous for tracking device network service usage or service activity behavior and for certain verification methods for device based service policy implementation or higher device based services as discussed below. In some embodiments, a traffic monitoring function is provided in the base station 125 in which the traffic for each device is at least counted for total traffic usage and recorded. In some embodiments, traffic inspection beyond simply counting total traffic usage is provided. For example, the base station traffic monitor can record and report IP addresses or include a DNS lookup function to report IP addresses or IP addresses and associated Uniform Resource Locators (URLs). Another example allows the base station 125 to

attach location data to the IPDR to provide device location data in the records. In some embodiments, traffic inspection includes recording deeper levels of traffic or service monitoring.

[00109] In some embodiments, device traffic associated with service verification conditions indicating service usage is out of policy or profile limits or allowances is routed to a quarantine network rather than or as an initial alternative to a suspending service. For example, the advantages for this approach and a more detailed description of the quarantine network are discussed below. In some embodiments, the quarantine network capability is provided for in which rather than simply suspending device traffic completely from the network as described above, the base station 125 includes a firewall function (e.g., firewall 124) that is capable of passing device access traffic with the quarantine network destinations and blocking device access to all other destinations. In some embodiments, when it is discovered that service verification conditions indicate that service usage is out of policy or profile limits or allowances, then one or more of the following actions are taken: the user is notified of the overage condition, the user is required to acknowledge the overage condition, the user account is billed for the overage condition, and the device is flagged for further analysis by a network device analysis function or a network manager.

[00110] In some embodiments, network complexity is reduced using the device without moving completely to a flat base station network as described above. Device participation in the core network services implementation provides for numerous measures for simplifying or improving network architecture, functionality or performance. For example, two approaches are discussed below ranging from a simple overlay of the service processor 115 onto devices and the service controller 122 in a conventional hierarchical access network as illustrated in Figures 4 through 7, to a completely flat network as illustrated in Figures 1 through 3 and 8. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that the disclosed embodiments provided herein can be combined with the above embodiments and other embodiments involving flat network base stations to provide several advantages including, for example, richer service capability, less access network complexity, lower access network expenses, more flexible base station deployments, or less complex or less expensive base station back haul provisioning and service costs.

[00111] In most of the discussion that follows, the network based service history records and the network based suspend-resume functionality used in certain embodiments involving service implementation verification are assumed to be derived from the device service history 1618 (as shown in Figure 16) central provider network element and the AAA server 121 central provider network element, and in some embodiments, working in conjunction with other central provider network elements. It is understood that these functions provided by the network can be rearranged to be provided by other networking equipment, including the base station as discussed above. It is also understood that the network based device traffic monitoring, recording and reporting to the device service history 1618 element can be accomplished at the base stations. Furthermore, it is understood that while the AAA server 121 is assumed to provide the suspend/resume functionality, quarantine network routing or limited network access called for in some embodiments, the AAA server 121 can be a management device in which the actual implementation of the traffic suspend/resume, firewall, routing, re-direction forwarding or traffic limiting mechanisms discussed in certain embodiments can be implemented in the base stations as discussed above or in another network element.

[00112] In some embodiments, an activation server 160 (or other activation sequencing apparatus) provides for provisioning, as described below, of the devices 100 and/or network elements in the central provider network so that, for example, the device credentials can be recognized for activation and/or service by the network. In some embodiments, the activation server 160 provides activation functions, as described below, so that, for example, the devices can be recognized by the network, gain access to the network, be provided with a service profile, be associated with a service account and/or be associated with a service plan. As shown in Figure 1, the activation server 160 is connected to the central provider core network 110. In this configuration, the activation server 160 acts as, an over the network or over the air, activation function. In some embodiments, the activation server 160, or variations of the activation server 160 as described below, is connected to apparatus in the manufacturing or distribution channel, or over the Internet 120, or as part of the service controller 122 to service provisioning or activation functions. In some embodiments, the activation server 160 is connected to the central provider core network 110. In some embodiments, the activation server 160 is connected to other network extensions such as an MVNO network or the Internet 120 if, for example, the routers in the service gateways or base stations have the capability to direct traffic from devices

that are not fully activated or provisioned to an Internet destination, or if the service processor 115 is used for such direction. In some embodiments, the activation server 160 is included in the service controller 122.

[00113] **Figure 2** illustrates another simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture including an MVNO (Mobile Virtual Network Operator) relationship in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, an open MVNO configuration is provided in a simplified network as similarly described above with respect to Figure 1. In some embodiments, the service provider (e.g., service owner) is defined by the entity that maintains and/or manages the service controller 122 associated with and controlling the service processors 115 that are inside the devices 100 using the service. In some embodiments, the service controller 122 requires only a non-real time relatively low data rate secure control plane communication link to the service processors 115. Accordingly, in some embodiments, the service controller 122 servers can reside in any network that can connect to (e.g., be in network communication with) the Internet 120. For example, this approach provides for a more efficient provisioning of the equipment used to set up an MVNO partnership between the central provider and the service provider, and as shown in Figure 2, an MVNO network 210 is in network communication with the Internet 120 just as with the central provider network 110 is in network communication with the Internet 120. As shown, the following are connected to (e.g., in network communication with) the MVNO core network 210: MVNO billing system 123, MVNO service controller 122, MVNO content management system 130, MVNO DNS/DHCP server 126, MVNO AAA server 121, and MVNO mobile wireless center 132.

[00114] By showing two service controllers 122, one connected to (e.g., in network communication with) the MVNO network 210 and one connected to the central provider network 110, Figure 2 also illustrates that some embodiments allow two entities on the same access network to each use the service controller 122 and service processor 115 to control different devices and offer different or similar services. As described below, the unique secure communication link pairing that exists between the two ends of the service control link, 1691 and 1638 (as shown in Figure 16), ensure that the two service controllers 122 can only control the devices associated with the correct service provider service profiles.

[00115] **Figure 3** illustrates another simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture including two central providers in accordance with some embodiments. For example, this provides for roaming agreements while maintaining rich services across different networks with completely different access layers. As shown, the mobile devices 100 are assumed to have a dual mode wireless modem that will operate on both a 4G network, for example LTE or WiMax, and a 3G network, for example HSPA or EVDO. One example roaming condition would be both Central Provider #1 and Central Provider #2 providing 3G and 4G network resources. In this example, the mobile devices 100 can connect to both 3G and 4G base stations 125 owned and operated by the central provider with whom they have signed up for service, or when neither is available from the central provider the user signed up with the device can roam onto the other central provider access network and still potentially offer the same rich service set using the same service profiles provided, for example, the roaming service costs are reasonable. In some embodiments, if roaming service costs are significantly more expensive than home network service costs, then the service processor 115 is configured with a roaming service profile that reduces or tailors service usage or service activity through a combination of one or more of user notification, user preference feedback regarding traffic shaping or service policy management preference collected and acted on by service processor 115, adaptive policy control in service processor 115 that tracks increasing roaming service costs and scales back service, or recognition of the change in network that causes the service controller 122 to configure service processor 115 of device 100 with a roaming service profile. In some embodiments, in roaming situations, network selection can be based on an automatic network selection with network selection being determined, for example, by a combination of user service profile preferences, service provider roaming deals and/or available roaming network capabilities and cost, as discussed further below.

[00116] In some embodiments, the devices 100 are again assumed to be multimode 3G and 4G devices (e.g., the mobile devices 100 are assumed to have a dual mode wireless modem that will operate on both a 4G network, for example LTE, and a 3G network, for example HSPA or EVDO), with the devices 100 being billed for service by Central Provider #1 being, for example, EVDO and LTE capable, and the devices 100 being billed for service by Central Provider #2 being, for example, HSPA and LTE capable. For example, the devices 100 can roam using the 4G LTE network of the roaming central provider when neither the 3G nor 4G

networks are available with the home central provider. As similarly discussed above with respect to the above described roaming embodiments, the service processors 115 and service controllers 122 are capable of providing similar services on the 4G roaming network and the 3G home network as on the 4G home network, however, the varying costs and available network capacity and speed differences of 3G home, 4G roaming and 4G home may also encourage the use of different, such as three different, service profiles to allow for the most effective and efficient selection and control of services based on the current network.

[00117] **Figure 4** illustrates a network architecture including a Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS) overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, Figure 4 includes a 4G/3G/2G HSPA/Transport access network operated by a central provider and two MVNO networks 210 operated by two MVNO partners. In some embodiments, the central provider can offer improved service capabilities using a conventional UMTS network. As shown, the base stations 125 do not connect directly to the Internet 120, and instead the base stations 125 connect to the conventional UMTS network. However, as in various previous embodiments, the service processor 115 still connects through the secure control plane link to service controller 122. In some embodiments, the data plane traffic is backhauled across the various UMTS network routers and gateways as is the control plane traffic, and the IPDRs are obtained from the access network AAA server 121. Referring now to the 4G/3G/2G HSPA/Transport access network as shown in Figure 4, the LTE/HSPA and HSPA/GPRS base stations/nodes 125 are in communication with 4G/3G/2G Service/Serving GPRS Support Nodes (SGSNs) cluster 410 via a radio access network 405, which are in communication with 4G/3G/2G Gateway GPRS Support Nodes (GGSNs) cluster 420 via an access transport network 415 (e.g., a GPRS-IP network), which are then in communication with central provider core network 110.

[00118] As shown in Figure 4, as discussed elsewhere, service usage data store 118 is a functional descriptor for a network level service usage information collection and reporting function located in one or more of the networking equipment boxes attached to one or more of the sub-networks in the Figure (e.g., RAN, transport and/or core networks). As shown in Figure 4, service usage 118 is shown as an isolated function connected to the central provider core network 110 and the intention of this depiction is to facilitate all the possible embodiments for

locating the service usage 118 function. In some UMTS network embodiments, the service usage 118 function is located or partially located in the GGSN gateway (or gateway cluster) 420. In some embodiments, service usage 118 functionality is located or partially located in the SGSN gateway (or gateway cluster) 410. In some embodiments, service usage 118 functionality is located or partially located in the equipment cluster that includes the AAA 121 and/or the mobile wireless center 132. In some embodiments, service usage 118 functionality is located or partially located in the base station, base station controller and/or base station aggregator, collectively referred to as base station 125 in Figure 4 and many other figures described herein. In some embodiments, service usage 118 functionality is located or partially located in a networking component in the transport network 415, a networking component in the core network 110, the billing system 123 and/or in another network component or function. This discussion on the possible locations for the network based service usage history logging and reporting function can be easily generalized to all the other figures described herein by one of ordinary skill in the art (e.g., RAN Gateway 410 and/or Transport Gateway 420), and this background will be assumed even if not directly stated in all discussion above and below.

[00119] In some embodiments, a central provider provides open development services to MVNO, Master Value Added Reseller (MVAR) and/or Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) partners. In some embodiments, all three service providers, central provider service provider, MVNO #1 service provider and MVNO #2 service provider have service control and billing control of their own respective devices 100 through the unique pairing of the service processors 115 and service controllers 122. For example, MVNO #1 and MVNO #2 can each have open development billing agreements with the central provider and each can own their respective billing systems 123. As shown in Figure 4, MVNO #1 core network 210 is in communication with the central provider core network 110 via the Internet 120, and MVNO #2 core network 210 is in communication with the central provider core network 110 via an alternate landline(LL)/VPN connection 425. In some embodiments, the two MVNOs each offer completely different devices and/or services, and the devices and/or services also differ significantly from those offered by the central provider, and the service profiles are adapted as required to service the different devices and respective service offerings. In addition, the central billing system 123 allows all three service provider user populations to access ecommerce experiences from transaction provider partners operating transaction servers 134, to choose

central provider billing options that combine their third party transaction bills on their service provider bill, and each subscriber population can experience a service provider specified look and feel that is unique to the respective service provider even though the different user populations are interfacing to the same transaction servers and the transaction partners do not need to require significant custom development to provide the unique central billing and unique consistent user experience look and feel.

[00120] In some embodiments, a central provider offers open network device and service developer services using one service controller server 122 (e.g., a service controller server farm) and allows the open development partners to lease server time and server tools to build their own service profiles. The central provider also provides service billing on behalf of services to the open development partners. For example, this reduces costs associated with setting up an MVNO network for the open development partners and does not require the partners to give up significant control or flexibility in device and/or service control.

[00121] **Figure 5** illustrates a network architecture including an Evolution Data Optimized (EVDO) overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments. This figure is similar to Figure 4 except for the various particular variations of the EVDO network architecture as compared to the HSPA/GPRS wireless access network architecture as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art. As shown, Figure 5 includes an EVDO access network operated by a central provider and two MVNO networks 210 operated by two MVNO partners. The EVDO access network includes LTE/EVDO and EVDO/1xRTT base stations 125 in communication with Base Station Controller (BSC) packet control 508 and radio network controller 512 via a radio access network (RAN) 505, which are in communication with packet data service node 520 via an access transport network 515, which is in communication with central provider core network 110. As shown, a RAN AAA server 521 is also in communication with the access transport network 515.

[00122] In some embodiments, the central provider can offer improved service capabilities using a wireless access network. As shown, the base stations 125 do not connect directly to the Internet 120, and instead the base stations 125 connect to the wireless access network. However, as in various previous embodiments, the service processor 115 still connects through the secure

control plane link to service controller 122. In some embodiments, the data plane traffic is backhauled as shown across the various network routers and gateways as is the control plane traffic, and the IPDRs are obtained from the access network AAA server 121.

[00123] **Figure 6** illustrates a network architecture including a 4G LTE and Wi-Fi overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments. This figure is also similar to Figure 4 except for the various particular variations of the 4G LTE/Wi-Fi network architecture as compared to the HSPA/GPRS wireless access network architecture as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill. As shown, Figure 6 includes a 4G LTE and Wi-Fi access network operated by a central provider and two MVNO networks 210 operated by two MVNO partners. The 4G LTE/Wi-Fi access network as shown includes LTE eNodeB and HSPA/EVDO base stations 125 in communication with Base Station Controller (BSC) packet control (EVDO & 1xRTT) 608 and SGSN (HSPA & GPRS) 612 via a radio access network (RAN) 605, which are in communication with System Architecture Evolution (SAE) Gateway (GW) 620 via an access transport network 615, which is then in communication with central provider (core) network 110. As shown, a Mobile Management Entity (MME) server 619 is also in communication with the access transport network 615. Also as shown, a Wi-Fi Access Point (AP) 602 is also in communication with the access transport network 615 via Wi-Fi Access Customer Premises Equipment (CPE) 604. As will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art, the embodiments of network architectures shown, for example, in Figures 1-8 are exemplary network architecture embodiments in which one or more of the shown network elements may not be required or included, alternative network elements included, and/or additional network elements included based on network design choices, network standards and/or other functional/design considerations and choices.

[00124] In some embodiments, the central provider can offer improved service capabilities using the wireless access network as depicted in Figure 6. As shown, the base stations 125 do not connect directly to the Internet 120, and instead the base stations 125 connect to the wireless access network. However, as in various previous embodiments, the service processor 115 still connects through the secure control plane link to service controller 122. In some embodiments, the data plane traffic is backhauled as shown across the various network routers and gateways as is the control plane traffic, and the IPDRs are obtained from the access network AAA server 121.

Accordingly, as shown in Figures 4 through 6, various embodiments can be implemented independent of the wireless access network technology, and for example, can be implemented in 3G, 4G and any other wireless access network technology.

[00125] **Figure 7** illustrates a network architecture including a WiMax and Wi-Fi overlay configuration in accordance with some embodiments. This figure is also similar to Figure 4 except for the various particular variations of a combined WiMax/Wi-Fi network as compared to the HSPA/GPRS wireless access network architecture as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art. As shown, Figure 7 includes both a WiMax and Wi-Fi network (e.g., a combined WiMax/Wi-Fi network) operated by a central provider and two MVNO networks 210 operated by two MVNO partners. Although the Wi-Fi and WiMax access technologies are different wireless access networking technologies, with WiMax providing a wide area networking technology and Wi-Fi providing a local area networking technology, which efficiently operates using the two wireless access networking capabilities. As similarly discussed above with respect to the switching between 3G and 4G networks, some embodiments employ the automatic network selection capability as described above to choose the best available network service profile, and, for example, the user can force the decision or the service controller can make the decision. For example, if free Wi-Fi services have adequate coverage, in most cases, the decision criteria programmed into the automatic network selection algorithm will select Wi-Fi as long as the Wi-Fi access points are associated with a known and trusted provider. In some embodiments, transaction billing from central provider billing system 123 or MVNO #1 or MVNO #2 billing systems 123 will work with the transaction servers when connected over Wi-Fi just as when connected over any other access technology (including wire line based connections). The WiMax/Wi-Fi access network as shown includes WiMax base stations 125, Wi-Fi access points/hotspots 702 and/or Wi-Fi mesh access networks 702 (in some embodiments, femto cells can be used in addition to and/or as an alternative to Wi-Fi), and Wi-Fi access customer-premises equipment (CPE) 704 in communication with WiMax service controller 708 and Wi-Fi service controller 712 via a radio access network 705, which are in communication with WiMax core gateway 720 via an access transport network 715, which is then in communication with central provider (core) network 110.

[00126] In some embodiments, the central provider can offer improved service capabilities using the wireless access network as depicted in Figure 7. As shown, the base stations 125 do not connect directly to the Internet 120, and instead the base stations 125 connect to the wireless access network. However, as in various previous embodiments, the service processor 115 still connects through the secure control plane link to service controller 122. In some embodiments, the data plane traffic is backhauled as shown across the various network routers and gateways as is the control plane traffic, and the IPDRs are obtained from the access network AAA server 121.

[00127] Referring to Figure 7, the Wi-Fi connection can be replaced with a femto cell (and the Wi-Fi modem shown in Figures 15B(3) and 15B(4) can be replaced with a femto cell modem (base station side functionality)). In some embodiments, the service processor 115 is provided on the femto cell to control subscriber access in a verifiable manner as similarly described herein with respect to various embodiments (e.g., the Wi-Fi related embodiments). For example, the femto cell service provider (e.g., the entity that owns the spectrum the femto cell is using) can operate the femto cell as a local access mechanism for the home subscriber (or other who purchased or installed the femto cell), and then also use it to provide pay-for-service or additional free services, with controlled access and/or traffic control and/or service control and/or billing control performed locally or in combination with network equipment as described herein. In some embodiments, the WWAN devices being used at home or work with the femto cell include a portion of the service processor functionality. For example, this allows the service provider for femto cells to provide service and monetize service in a controlled way even though the femto cell is not connected to the service provider network the way conventional base stations are connected to the service provider network, but is connected through the Internet 120. For example, the secure heartbeat function can be extended to include data traffic so that it is encrypted and secured along with the control plane traffic. The decision of whether or not to admit a device onto the femto cell can be made through the service processor 115 connection to the service controller 122 and subsequent look up of the credentials for the device and the associated service plan and service profile that is then programmed into the service processor on the femto cell and/or the device itself. The femto cell can also offer a landing page to devices through the service processor so that devices that do not belong to the network can gain access to the network by signing up over the femto cell. For example, the intermediate device embodiments for Wi-Fi on one end and WWAN on the other can be accomplished by using the

Wi-Fi connection in the cell phone in AP mode so that it becomes the intermediate device. The service processor 115 on the cell phone can then act in the same manner as described for the intermediate device as described herein.

[00128] **Figure 8** illustrates another simplified (e.g., "flattened") network architecture including multiple wireless access networks (e.g., 3G and 4G Wireless Wide Area Networks (WWANs)) and multiple wire line networks (e.g., Data Over Cable Service Interface Specification (DOCSIS) and Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer (DSLAM) wire line networks) in accordance with some embodiments. It is a common network architecture for multi-access central providers to have one or more wired access networks and one or more wireless access networks. As shown, Figure 8 includes both 3G and 4G wireless access networks, including a 4G base station 125 and a 3G base station 125, and both DOCSIS and DSLAM wire line networks (e.g., a combined WWAN/wire line network), including DOCSIS Head End 125 and DSLAM 125, operated by a central provider via central provider (core) network 110 and an MVNO partner via MVNO network 210 via the Internet 120.

[00129] As shown, the service processor 115 can reside on a number of different types of devices 100 that work on 3G or 4G wireless, DSL or DOCSIS, and the service controller 122 is capable of controlling each of these types of devices with a consistent service experience, for example, using different service profiles, service capabilities and service profile cost options depending on which network the device is connected to and/or other criteria. For example, a download of a High Definition (HD) movie can be allowed when the service controller 122 is managing service profile policies for a service processor 115 residing on a DOCSIS device 100 (e.g., a computer or laptop connected to a cable modem), but not when the same service controller 122 is managing service profile policies for a service processor 115 residing on a 3G device 100 (e.g., a smart phone connected to a mobile 3G network).

[00130] As will now be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the above description of Figures 1 through 8, the present invention can be provided across any access network and a set of service profiles can be defined in a variety of ways including, for example, to user preference feedback, access network performance, access network cost, access network central provider partnership status with the service provider central provider and roaming deals

and costs. For example, as discussed below, various embodiments allow for users to have superior service experiences based on the ability to control certain of their service settings, and service providers can also more efficiently deploy a greater variety of services/service plans to users.

[00131] In some embodiments, the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 provide an overlay for existing networks without significantly changing the billing system 123, gateways/routers or other network components/elements, and also provide verifiable service monitoring to control services and/or service usage/costs without involving, for example, a service provider or MVNO (e.g., for smart phone devices and/or laptops or netbooks (or any other network accessible device) with an unlimited data plan or any other service plan). For example, applications that are deployed by device owners or service subscribers (e.g., an IT manager) and do not involve a service provider include roaming services provided as an after-market product without carrier/service provider involvement. In this example, device activity is recorded by the service processor 115 and transmitted to the service controller 122 (e.g., the IT manager controls the service controller 122). In another example, a third party after-market product is provided in which the service controller 122 is hosted by the third party and the device management entity (e.g., the IT manager or parents of the device user for parental controls) uses a secure Virtual Service Provider (VSP) website to control the devices that belong to that management entity's device partition (e.g., VSP partitions and techniques are described below with respect to Figure 49). The VSP secure website techniques described herein can also be applied to service provider owned servers with device partitions for the purpose of controlling, for example, Deep Packet Inspection (DPI) controllers (e.g., DPC policy implementation 5402 as shown in Figure 54) to provide similar or substantially equivalent service usage/control capabilities using network based service control techniques, as similarly described in detail below with respect to Figures 49 and 54 (e.g., IT manager VSP control of a group partition and/or MVNO VSP control of a group partition).

[00132] **Service Processor Configurations for Devices**

[00133] **Figure 9** illustrates a hardware diagram of a device 100 that includes a service processor 115 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown in Figure 9, the service

processor 115 is stored in a non volatile memory 910 and a memory 920 of the device 100. As will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art, the present invention can operate with virtually any device architecture, and the device architectures discussed herein (e.g., with respect to Figures 9 through 15) are examples of various implementations on certain devices (e.g., of different representations of device 100).

[00134] As shown in Figure 9, device 100 also includes a processor 930, sometimes referred to as a CPU or central processor unit, an APU or application processor unit, a core processor, a computing device, or many other well known terms. In some embodiments, device 100 includes one or more processors and/or a multicore processor. As shown, processor 930 includes a sub-processor 935. In some embodiments, processor 930 and/or sub-processor 935 are based on an architecture sometimes referred to as a complex instruction set computer or CISC, a reduced instruction set computer or RISC, a parallel processor, a combination of two or more architectures or any other processor architecture. In some embodiments, processor 930 has a design that is based on logic and circuitry from one or more standard design library or published architecture, or includes specialized logic and circuitry designed for a given device 100 or collection of such devices. In some embodiments, a device includes more than one processor and/or sub-processor, and in such a device, one processor and/or sub-processor can have one architecture while another may have a somewhat different or completely different architecture. In some embodiments, one or more of the processors and/or sub-processors can have a general purpose architecture or instruction set, can have an architecture or instruction set that is partially general or partially specialized, or can have an instruction set or architecture that is entirely specialized. In some embodiments, a device includes more than one processor and/or sub-processor, and in such a device, there can be a division of the functionality for one or more processors and/or sub-processors. For example, one or more processors and/or sub-processors can perform general operating system or application program execution functions, while one or more others can perform communication modem functions, input/output functions, user interface functions, graphics or multimedia functions, communication stack functions, security functions, memory management or direct memory access functions, computing functions, and/or can share in these or other specialized or partially specialized functions. In some embodiments, any processor 930 and/or any sub-processor 935 can run a low level operating system, a high level operating system, a combination of low level and high level operating systems, or can include

logic implemented in hardware and/or software that does not depend on the divisions of functionality or hierarchy of processing functionality common to operating systems.

[00135] As shown in Figure 9, device 100 also includes non-volatile memory 910, memory 920, graphics memory 950 and/or other memory used for general and/or specialized purposes. As shown, device 100 also includes a graphics processor 938 (e.g., for graphics processing functions). In some embodiments, graphics processing functions are performed by processor 930 and/or sub-processor 935, and a separate graphics process 938 is not included in device 100. As shown in Figure 9, device 100 includes the following modems: wire line modem 940, WWAN modem 942, USB modem 944, Wi-Fi modem 946, Bluetooth modem 948, and Ethernet modem 949. In some embodiments, device 100 includes one or more of these modems and/or other modems (e.g., for other networking/access technologies). In some embodiments, some or all of the functions performed by one or more of these modems are performed by the processor 930 and/or sub processor 935. For example, processor 930 can implement some or all of certain WWAN functional aspects, such as the modem management, modem physical layer and/or MAC layer DSP, modem I/O, modem radio circuit interface, or other aspects of modem operation. In some embodiments, processor 930 as functionality discussed above is provided in a separate specialized processor as similarly shown with respect to the graphics and/or multimedia processor 938.

[00136] As also shown in Figure 9, device 100 includes an internal (or external) communication bus structure 960. The internal communication bus structure 960 generally connects the components in the device 100 to one another (e.g., allows for intercommunication). In some embodiments, the internal communication bus structure 960 is based on one or more general purpose buses, such as AMBA, AHP, USB, PCIe, GPIO, UART, SPI, I^2C, Fire wire, DisplayPort, Ethernet, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, Zigbee, IRDA, and/or any other bus and/or I/O standards (open or proprietary). In some embodiments, the bus structure is constructed with one or more custom serial or parallel interconnect logic or protocol schemes. As will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art, any of these or other bus schemes can be used in isolation and/or in combination for various interconnections between device 100 components.

[00137] In some embodiments, all or a portion of the service processor 115 functions disclosed herein are implemented in software. In some embodiments, all or a portion of the service processor 115 functions are implemented in hardware. In some embodiments, all or substantially all of the service processor 115 functionality (as discussed herein) is implemented and stored in software that can be performed on (e.g., executed by) various components in device 100. Figure 9 illustrates an embodiment in which service processor 115 is stored in device memory, as shown, in memory 920 and/or non-volatile memory 910, or a combination of both. In some embodiments, it is advantageous to store or implement certain portions or all of service processor 115 in protected or secure memory so that other undesired programs (and/or unauthorized users) have difficulty accessing the functions or software in service processor 115. In some embodiments, service processor 115, at least in part, is implemented in and/or stored on secure non-volatile memory (e.g., non volatile memory 930 can be secure non-volatile memory) that is not accessible without pass keys and/or other security mechanisms. In some embodiments, the ability to load at least a portion of service processor 115 software into protected non-volatile memory also requires a secure key and/or signature and/or requires that the service processor 115 software components being loaded into non-volatile memory are also securely encrypted and appropriately signed by an authority that is trusted by a secure software downloader function, such as service downloader 1663 as discussed below (and as shown in Figure 16). In some embodiments, a secure software download embodiment also uses a secure non-volatile memory. Those of ordinary skill in the art will also appreciate that all memory can be on-chip, off-chip, on-board and/or off-board. In some embodiments, the service processor 115 which as shown in Figure 9 is stored or implemented in non volatile memory 910 and memory 920, can be implemented in part on other components in device 100.

[00138] As shown, device 100 also includes a user interfaces device component 980 for communicating with user interface devices (e.g., keyboards, displays and/or other interface devices) and other I/O devices component 985 for communicating with other I/O devices. User interface devices, such as keyboards, display screens, touch screens, specialized buttons or switches, speakers, and/or other user interface devices provide various interfaces for allowing one or more users to use the device 100.

[00139] **Figure 10** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device 100 that includes a service processor 115 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown in Figure 10, the service processor 115 is implemented on the processor 930 of the device 100. In some embodiments, this implementation can be in part or whole accomplished in software stored, implemented and/or executed on the processor 930. In some embodiments, the implementation and/or execution can be in part or whole accomplished in hardware that is on the processor 930. While the service processor 115 is shown in Figure 10 as stored, implemented and/or executed on the processor 930, in other embodiments, the service processor 115 is implemented in part on other components in device 100, for example, as discussed below.

[00140] **Service Processor Implemented on a Communications Modem**

[00141] **Figure 11** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device 100 that includes a service processor 115 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown in Figure 11, the service processor 115 is implemented on the WWAN modem 942 of the device 100. In some embodiments, this implementation can be in part or whole accomplished in software stored, implemented and/or executed on the WWAN modem 942. In some embodiments, the implementation and/or execution can be in part or whole accomplished in hardware that is on the WWAN modem 942. In some embodiments, service process 115 is implemented on another modem component of device 100 and/or one or more of the modem components of device 100.

[00142] In some embodiments, the service processor 115 is implemented on a modem processor (e.g., WWAN modem 942 or WWAN/Wi-Fi modem), and the service processor 115 can be installed and/or executed in protected and/or secure memory or processor hardware on the modem. The modem memory can be made robust to hacking or tampering and, in some embodiments, is only accessible from a secure network management channel or secure device management port and not by most end users. In some embodiments, a portion of the service processor 115 is implemented on a modem processor (e.g., WWAN modem 942 hardware or software), and a portion of the service processor 115 is implemented on another device 100 processor 930. For example, the device service monitor agent 1696 and one or more service usage measurement points (see discussion associated with Figure 21) can be implemented on a modem processor, and other service processor 115 elements can be implemented in the main

device operating system processor 930. As another example, a second (or first) service monitor agent 1696 and one or more service usage measurement points can be implemented on a modem processor, and a first (or second) service monitor 1696 with one or more service measurement points can be implemented on the main operating system processor 930 for device 100. For example, such embodiments can be configured to provide a service usage measurement and reporting system that offers a diversified countermeasure to protect against hacking, tampering or other errors for device based service usage measurements that can be made harder to hack or tamper with than certain software embodiments on the processor 930. For example, such embodiments can be employed when one or more of the following capabilities are not available: network based service usage measures, network based service profile or policy implementation verification measures, and network based service usage verification error response action capabilities.

[00143] In some embodiments, certain portions of the service processor 115 that deal with application layer service monitoring or traffic flow identification (e.g., tagging or traffic flow shaping as disclosed elsewhere) are implemented on a main processor 930, and other portions of the service processor 115 are implemented on a modem processor (e.g., WWAN modem 942).

[00144] In some embodiments, the WWAN modem is a wide area access technology modem such as 2G, 2.5G, 3G or 4G. As discussed above and below, the connection to the WWAN modem 942 can be a connection internal to device 100, for example a USB, GPIO, AMBA or other bus, or can be a connection that extends external to the device such as for example a USB, Ethernet, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth or other LAN or PAN connection. Three example embodiments in which the bus is internal to the device are as follows: a PCIe modem card running over USB or PCIe, a GPIO connection running from a processor 930 chipset to a modem chipset inside a mobile device, or a Wi-Fi connection running from a Wi-Fi modem inside of device 100 to an intermediate modem or networking device combination that forwards the access network traffic between the access network connection and the device via the Wi-Fi connection. In some embodiments, in addition to the service processor 115 being implemented on the WWAN modem 942 either internal or external to the device 100, similarly service processor 115 can be implemented on a wire line modem 940, such as DSL, Cable or fiber, another wireless LAN or PAN modem, such as Wi-Fi, Zigbee, Bluetooth modem 948, White Space, or some other

modem, connected internal to device 100 or external to device 100 via a LAN or PAN extension of internal or external communications bus structure 960.

[00145] In some embodiments, a complete turn-key reference design product for the device modem (one or more of 942, 946, 948, 949, 944, 940) combined with a built-in service processor 115, possibly with a well defined and documented application interface and a well defined and documented service processor developers kit (SPDK) provides for a powerful product embodiment for the purpose of achieving mass market distribution and usage for the modem with service processor 115 and associated service controller 122 features. For example, embodiments that include the WWAN modem 942, possibly in combination with one or more additional modems including Wi-Fi modem 946, bluetooth modem 948, USB modem 944 and Ethernet modem 949, can be combined with a pre-tested or pre-certified integrated embodiment of the service processor 115, possibly in combination with a well defined API for writing software applications that interface to, reside on or communicate with this turn-key modem embodiment. As disclosed herein, the advantageous capabilities of the service processor 115, possibly in conjunction with the service controller 122, to assist in monitoring, control, billing and verification for services is made more available for device 100 manufacturers in such a form, because the manufacturers do not need to spend as much time and resources to develop a custom modem only for a subset of devices that the turn-key modem can be used to support. In some embodiments, the service processor 115, as discussed herein, can be configured to provide device assisted service monitoring, control, billing and/or verification across not just when connected to the WWAN network via the WWAN modem, but also when connected to the other networks corresponding to the other access modems included in the turn-key combined module plus service processor 115 (or SPDK or chipset plus service processor 115) design. The pre-integrated service processor 115 and API possibly in combination with testing and certification can be packaged in a small form factor that may have standardized interfaces such as USB, PCIe, firewire, Display Port, GPIO, or other interface. The form factor may be miniaturized into standard configurations such as minicard, half minicard or even smaller form factors, or it can be designed into a non-standard or proprietary form factor. The module form factor can be well documented to simplify integration into various device 100 designs. The SPDK embodiments can be designed to contain one or more of the following: hardware integration and use documentation, software integration documentation, software programming documentation,

application interface documentation, service controller documentation, overall testing guidelines and overall use guidelines. In some embodiments, the modem module can be integrated with the service processor 115 functionality as a combined chipset, firmware and/or software product, with other SPDK features very similar to those listed above. The service controller programming guide for these turn-key embodiments can also be documented for the SPDK service processor 115 software, turn-key module with service processor 115 or integrated chipset with service processor 115. Accordingly, these embodiments provide various solutions to simplify the OEM task of integrating, developing, testing and shipping device 100 products (or integrated networking device products) with any of the device assisted service monitoring, control, billing or verification capabilities disclosed herein.

[00146] **Figure 12** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device 100 that includes a service processor 115 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown in Figure 12, the service processor 115 is implemented on the other I/O devices component 980 of the device 100. In some embodiments, this implementation can be in part or whole accomplished in software stored, implemented and/or executed on the other I/O devices component 980 (e.g., a SIM/USIM card or other secure hardware I/O device). In some embodiments, the implementation and/or execution can be in part or whole accomplished in hardware that is on the other I/O devices component 980.

[00147] As discussed above, various embodiments include product designs in which the service processor 115 resides on device volatile or non-volatile memory (see Figure 9), the device application processor or CPU (see Figure 10), the wireless access modem (see Figure 11) (or any other modem), or another I/O device (see Figure 12). While these are just a few of the example service processor 115 placement embodiments, these embodiments show that the placement of where the software or hardware for implementing the service processor 115 can reside in the device 100 is very flexible and can be implemented in a myriad of places and ways depending on the device and/or other technical design choices.

[00148] **Figure 13** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device 100 that includes a service processor 115 implemented in external memory of a System On Chip (SOC) 1310 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown in Figure 13, the service processor 115 is

implemented on the external memory 1320 of the device 100. In some embodiments, this implementation can be in part or whole accomplished in software stored, implemented and/or executed on the external memory 1320. In some embodiments, the implementation and/or execution can be in part or whole accomplished in hardware that is on the external memory 1320. In some embodiments, SOC chipset 1310 and external memory 1320 provide a portion or all of the hardware of device 100.

[00149] **Figure 14** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device 100 that includes a service processor 115 implemented in external memory of a System On Chip (SOC) 1310 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the service processor 115 is stored in a non volatile memory 910 and a memory 920 of the SOC chipset 1310, as similarly discussed above with respect to Figure 9. In some embodiments, SOC chipset 1310 and external memory 1320 provide a portion or all of the hardware of device 100.

[00150] As similarly discussed above with respect to Figures 9 through 12, various embodiments include product designs including the SOC chipset 1310 in which the service processor 115 resides on internal volatile or non-volatile memory 910 of the SOC chipset 1310 (see Figure 14), the device application processor or CPU 930 and/or sub processor 935, the modems 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, and/or 949 (or any other modem), another I/O device 985, and/or external memory 1320 (see Figure 13) (and/or any combinations thereof). While these are just a few of the example service processor 115 placement embodiments, these embodiments show that the placement of where the software or hardware for implementing the service processor 115 can reside in the SOC chipset 1310 and/or the external memory 1320 of the device 100 is very flexible and can be implemented in a myriad of places and ways depending on the device and/or other technical design choices.

[00151] The above discussion with respect to Figures 9 through 14 illustrating various internal hardware embodiments for device 100 applies equally to this partitioning of device functionality or any other partitioning of how the components in device 100 are configured, whether they are all separate components, some of the components are combined into a single chipset but there are still multiple chipsets, or all of the components are combined into a chipset. For example, Figures 9 through 14 illustrating various internal hardware embodiments for device

100 show several access modem components including the wire line modem 940, wireless wide area network (WWAN) modem 942, USB modem 944, Wi-Fi modem 946, Bluetooth modem 948, and Ethernet modem 949. In some embodiments, wire line modem 940 is a DSL or cable modem such as DOCSIS, or some other modem with a hard connection such as fiber. In some embodiments, as discussed above and below, connection to the wire line or wireless access network is accomplished through an extension of the internal or external communications bus structure 960. For example, such an extension is accomplished using one or the other modems, such as Wi-Fi modem 946 or Ethernet modem 949, connecting to a local area network that in turn connects to the access network via a device that bridges the local area network to the access network. One of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that when discussing device connection to any access network the connection can be via a direct connection to the network, such as a 3G or 4G WWAN modem 942 connection to a 3G or 4G WWAN network, or can be a connection to the access network through an intermediate connection, such as a Wi-Fi modem 946 connection to a modem or networking device combination that has a Wi-Fi LAN connection and a 3G or 4G network access network connection. Another example of an extended modem connection embodiment includes a Wi-Fi modem 946 device connection to a modem or networking device combination that includes a Wi-Fi LAN connection and a DOCSIS or DSL network access connection. Other examples of such combinations will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art.

[00152] **Service Processor Configurations for Intermediate Networking Devices**

[00153] **Figures 15A** through **15C** illustrate hardware diagrams of a device 100 that include a service processor 115 and a bus structure extension 1510 using intermediate modem or networking device combinations in accordance with various embodiments . For example, Figures 15A and 15B illustrate various extended modem alternatives for access network connection through an intermediate modem or networking device combination that has a connection (e.g., LAN connection) to one or more devices 100.

[00154] In some embodiments, device 100 includes a 3G and/or 4G network access connection in combination with the Wi-Fi LAN connection to the device 100. For example, the intermediate device or networking device combination can be a device that simply translates the

Wi-Fi data to the WWAN access network without implementing any portion of the service processor 115 as shown in Figure 15B (1). In some embodiments, an intermediate device or networking device combination includes a more sophisticated implementation including a networking stack and some embodiments a processor, as is the case for example if the intermediate networking device or networking device combination includes a router function, in which case the service processor 115 can be implemented in part or entirely on the intermediate modem or networking device combination. The intermediate modem or networking device combination can also be a multi-user device in which more than one user is gaining access to the 3G or 4G access network via the Wi-Fi LAN connection. In the case of such a multi-user network, the access network connection can include several managed service links using multiple instantiations of service processor 115, each instantiation, for example, being implemented in whole or in part on device 100 with the intermediate modem or networking device combination only providing the translation services from the Wi-Fi LAN to the WWAN access network.

[00155] Referring now to Figures 15A and 15B(2)-(4), in some embodiments, the service processors 115 are implemented in part or in whole on the intermediate modem or networking device combination. In the case where the service processor 115 is implemented in part or in whole on the intermediate modem or networking device combination, the service processor 115 can be implemented for each device or each user in the network so that there are multiple managed service provider accounts all gaining access through the same intermediate modem or networking device combination. In some embodiments, the functions of service processor 115 are implemented on an aggregate account that includes the WWAN access network traffic for all of the users or devices connected to the Wi-Fi LAN serviced by the intermediate modem or networking device combination. In some embodiments, the central provider can also provide an aggregated account service plan, such as a family plan, a corporate user group plan and/or an instant hotspot plan. In the case where there is one account for the intermediate modem or networking device combination, the intermediate modem or networking device combination can implement a local division of services to one or more devices 100 or users in which the services are controlled or managed by the intermediate modem or networking device combination or the device 100, but the management is not subject to service provider control and is auxiliary to the service management or service policy implementation performed by service processors 115. In

some embodiments, another service model can also be supported in which there is an aggregate service provider plan associated with one intermediate modem or networking device combination, or a group of intermediate modems or networking device combinations but where each user or device still has its own service plan that is a sub-plan under the aggregate plan so that each user or device has independent service policy implementation with a unique instantiation of service processor 115 rather than aggregate service policy implementation across multiple users in the group with a single instantiation of service processor 115.

[00156] As shown in Figure 15A and 15B(2), in some embodiments, device 100 includes a Wi-Fi modem 946, a Wi-Fi modem 946 combined with a 3G and/or 4G WWAN modem 1530 on intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510, and the intermediate modem or networking device combination forwards WWAN access network traffic to and from device 100 via the Wi-Fi link. For example, the service processor 115 can be implemented in its entirety on device 100 and the service provider account can be associated exclusively with one device. This is an embodiment associated with one or more of Figures 29, 31, 32 or 34 discussed below, in which the modem bus represents the Wi-Fi LAN connection via the Wi-Fi modem 946. Similarly, as shown in Figures 15A and 15B(3), such an implementation can be provided using a different access modem and access network, such as a 2G and/or 3G WWAN, DSL wire line, cable DOCSIS wire line or fiber wire line configuration in place of the 3G and/or 4G access network connection to the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510. In addition, various other embodiments similarly use DSL as shown in Figures 15A and 15B(4), USB, Ethernet, Bluetooth, or another LAN or point to point connection from device 100 to the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510.

[00157] In some embodiments, a portion of the service processor 115 is implemented on the device 100, such as the application interface agent 1693 and other supporting agents (see Figure 16), and another portion of the service provider 115 is implemented on the intermediate modem or networking device combination, such as policy implementation agent 1690 or possibly modem firewall 1655 as well as other agents (see Figure 16). This is an embodiment associated with one or more of Figures 30 or 36 discussed below, in which the modem bus in the figure represents the Wi-Fi LAN connection via the Wi-Fi modem 946. In this example, the service provider 115 can still offer individual service plans associated exclusively with one

device, or can offer an aggregate plan in which the portion of the service processor 115 located on the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510 aggregates service plans into one WWAN connection but each individual device 100 has a unique service interface via the application interface agents and associated agents located on device 100. Similarly, such an implementation can be provided using a different access modem and access network, for example a 2G and/or 3G WWAN, DSL wire line, cable DOCSIS wire line or fiber wire line configuration in place of the 3G and/or 4G access network connection to the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510. In addition, various other embodiments similarly use USB, Ethernet, Bluetooth, or another LAN or point to point connection from device 100 to the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510.

[00158] In some embodiments, all of the service processor 115 is implemented on the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510 and the aggregate device or user traffic demand from the LAN port is serviced through one service provider service plan account. This is an embodiment associated with Figure 35 in which as discussed below the modem bus in the figure represents the Wi-Fi LAN connection via the Wi-Fi modem 946. Similarly, such an implementation can be provided using a different access modem and access network, for example a 2G and/or 3G WWAN, DSL wire line, cable DOCSIS wire line or fiber wire line configuration in place of the 3G and/or 4G access network connection to the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510. In addition, various other embodiments similarly use USB, Ethernet, Bluetooth, or another LAN or point to point connection from device 100 to the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510.

[00159] In some embodiments, the device 100 uses the on-board WWAN modem 942 when it is outside of Wi-Fi LAN coverage area for one or more trusted access networks for the device, and when the device comes within range of a Wi-Fi network associated with a intermediate modem or networking device combination connected to a trusted wire line access network, the device can switch to the Wi-Fi link service to connect service processor 115 to the trusted wire line access network. In some embodiments, the decision to switch to the Wi-Fi LAN associated with a trusted wire line access network can be made automatically by the device based on the policy implementation rules settings for the modem selection and control 1811 and/or the policy control agent 1692, can be made by the user, or can be made by the service

controller 122 (see Figure 18). In addition, various other embodiments similarly use USB, Ethernet, Bluetooth, or another LAN or point to point connection from device 100 to the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510.

[00160] **Figure 15C** illustrates another hardware diagram of a device 100 that includes a service processor 115 and a bus structure extension 1510 using intermediate modem or networking device combinations in accordance with various embodiments . In some embodiments, more than one access network connection is implemented in the intermediate modem or networking device combination 1510. This allows the device 100 to potentially connect through the intermediate modem or networking device combination with a choice of access network services. An example of such an embodiment is illustrated in Figure 15C in which an access network router (e.g., an enterprise router) connected to a LAN with a wire line primary backhaul connection and a back up WWAN connection, for example 3G or 4G, to provide access services when the primary wire line connection fails. As discussed above, the service provider service profile for service processor 115 and the service plan account can be set up as an aggregate account with multiple users connected to the LAN. The service provider can elect to use an embodiment that includes a portion of the service processor 115 on each device 100 so that the account can be managed for each user or each device, or the service provider can elect to implement all of the necessary features in the service processor 115 on the intermediate modem or networking device combination so that there is no visibility to the individual devices 100 or users.

[00161] As described herein, various embodiments provide many service policy implementation options that can enhance the service provider control of the service experience and cost, or enhance the user control of the service experience and cost by providing a verifiable or compromise resistant solutions to manage service policy implementation on the intermediate modem or networking device combination, for one or both of the WWAN or wire line access networks, when the WWAN access network is active, or when the WWAN access network is inactive. The level of service control, user preference feedback and service policy implementation verification or compromise resistance enabled by these embodiments improves the offered back up services and primary wire line services. One of ordinary skill in the art will also now appreciate that any number of wire line and/or wireless network access connections can

be supported by the various embodiments as described herein, with any number of device architectures and architectures for intermediate modem or networking device combinations bridging the device to the access network of choice. Accordingly, various embodiments provide a verifiable managed service architecture, design and implementation for any number of single access and/or multi-access networks in which the service account can be consistent across multiple networks, and the service policies can be changed from network to network as deemed appropriate by the service provider with service notification, service cost control and privacy preference inputs from the user.

[00162] In various embodiments, the verification embodiments discussed herein for service policy implementation verification or service policy implementation compromise protection can be applied. In some embodiments, rather than attaching a service provider service plan account to a single device, it is attached to (e.g., associated with) a user. For example, when the user logs onto an access network with a service controller controlled by a service provider, regardless of what device the user logs onto with the user's service plan profile can be automatically looked up in the central billing system 123 and dynamically loaded (e.g., downloaded) onto the device 100 from the service controller 122 (e.g., a service profile provided on demand based on the user's identity). In some embodiments, in addition to dynamically loading the user's service policy implementation and control settings, one or more of the user's preferences including notification, service control, traffic monitor reporting privacy and Customer Relationship Management (CRM) reporting privacy are also dynamically loaded. For example, this allows the user to have the same service settings, performance and experience regardless of the device the user is logged into and using on the network. In addition, as discussed herein, in the various embodiments that call for roaming from one type of access network to another, the user service plan profile, that includes all of the above in addition to the service plan profile changes that take effect between different types of access network, can be used on any device and on any network, providing the user with a verifiable or compromise resistant, consistent service experience regardless of network or device.

[00163] Many of the embodiments described herein refer to a user using device 100. It is understood that there are also applications for these various embodiments that do not involve user interfaces. Examples of such applications include equipment, apparatus or devices for

automation, telemetry, sensors, security or surveillance, appliance control, remote machine to machine data connections, certain remote access configurations, two way power metering or control, asset tracking, people tracking or other applications in which a human user interface is not required for device 100.

[00164] Various embodiments of the device 100 described above include other I/O devices 985. In some embodiments, these other devices include other modems, other special purpose hardware components, and/or other I/O devices or drivers or modems to connect to other I/O devices. In some embodiments, these other devices include a Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) or Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) device. In some embodiments, it is advantageous to implement some or all of the service processor 115 functions on an embodiment of device 100 that includes a SIM and/or a USIM. In some embodiments, the other I/O devices 985 include a hardware device designed to implement a portion or all of the service processor 115 functions. For example, this is advantageous in cases in which the original device 100 was not manufactured with the service processor 115; in cases in which dedicated hardware is desired to improve one or more aspects of service processor 115 performance; allowing users, for example, to have the same service settings, performance and experience regardless of the device the user is using on the network by using such a SIM and/or USIM (e.g., or implemented as a type of dongle); and/or in cases in which a separate component is desired to assist in compromise protection for one or more aspects of service processor 115.

[00165] As discussed above, some embodiments described herein provide for billing of certain access services. In some embodiments, various applications do not require or involve billing of certain services. For example, applications like enterprise IT (Information Technology) group management of enterprise workforce access policy implementation or access cost control or access security policy, privacy control, parental control, network quality of service control or enhancement, private network services, free access services, publicly funded access services, flat rate no-options service and other services, or other examples that will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art do not require billing functionality but benefit from many other aspects of various embodiments.

[00166] **Service Processor and Service Controller for Verifiable Service Monitoring, Notification and Control**

[00167] **Figure 16** is a functional diagram illustrating a device based service processor 115 and a service controller 122 in accordance with some embodiments. For example, this provides relatively full featured device based service processor implementation and service controller implementation. As shown, this corresponds to a networking configuration in which the service controller 122 is connected to the Internet 120 and not directly to the access network 1610. As shown, a data plane (e.g., service traffic plane) communication path is shown in solid line connections and control plane (e.g., service control plane) communication path is shown in dashed line connections. As previously discussed, it is understood that the division in functionality between one device agent and another is based on, for example, design choices, networking environments, devices and/or services/applications, and various different combinations can be used in various different implementations. For example, the functional lines can be re-drawn in any way that the product designers see fit. As shown, this includes certain divisions and functional breakouts for device agents as an illustrative implementation, although other, potentially more complex, embodiments can include different divisions and functional breakouts for device agent functionality specifications, for example, in order to manage development specification and testing complexity and workflow. In addition, the placement of the agents that operate, interact with or monitor the data path can be moved or re-ordered in various embodiments. For example, as discussed below in some embodiments, one or more of the policy implementation or service monitoring functions can be placed on one of the access modems located below the modem driver and modem bus in the communication stack as illustrated in certain figures and described herein. As discussed below, some simplified embodiment figures illustrate that not all the functions illustrated in all the figures are necessary for many designs, so a product/service designer can choose to implement those functions believed to be most advantageous or sufficient for the desired purposes and/or environment. The functional elements shown in Figure 16 are described below.

[00168] As shown, service processor 115 includes a service control device link 1691. For example, as device based service control techniques involving supervision across a network become more sophisticated, it becomes increasingly important to have an efficient and flexible

control plane communication link between the device agents and the network elements communicating with, controlling, monitoring, or verifying service policy. In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 provides the device side of a system for transmission and reception of service agent to/from network element functions. In some embodiments, the traffic efficiency of this link is enhanced by buffering and framing multiple agent messages in the transmissions. In some embodiments, the traffic efficiency is further improved by controlling the transmission frequency or linking the transmission frequency to the rate of service usage or traffic usage. In some embodiments, one or more levels of security or encryption are used to make the link robust to discovery, eavesdropping or compromise. In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 also provides the communications link and heartbeat timing for the agent heartbeat function. As discussed below, various embodiments disclosed herein for the service control device link 1691 provide an efficient and secure solution for transmitting and receiving service policy implementation, control, monitoring and verification information with other network elements.

[00169] In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 agent messages are transmitted asynchronously as they are generated by one or more of the service agents. In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 performs collection or buffering of agent messages between transmissions. In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 determines when to transmit based potentially on several parameters including, for example, one or more of the following parameters: periodic timer trigger, waiting until a certain amount of service usage or traffic usage has occurred, responding to a service controller message, responding to a service controller request, initiated by one or more agents, initiated by a verification error condition, initiated by some other error or status condition. In some embodiments, once a transmission trigger has occurred, the service control device link 1691 assembles all buffered agent communications and frames the communications.

[00170] In some embodiments, the transmission trigger is controlled by waiting for an amount of service usage, such as waiting until a certain amount of data traffic has passed, which reduces the control plane communication channel traffic usage to a fraction of the data plane traffic. For example, this approach preserves network capacity and reduces service cost even in traffic scenarios in which data traffic is light.

[00171] In some embodiments, the transmission trigger is based on waiting for an amount of service usage, and also including a minimum transmission rate that triggers a transmission according to one or more of the following parameters: a maximum time between transmissions clock to keep the service processor 115 in communication with the service controller 122 when little or no service usage is occurring, a polling request of some kind from the service controller 122, a response to a service controller heartbeat, a transmission generated by a service verification error event, or a transmission generated by some other asynchronous event with time critical service processor 115 (or service controller 122) messaging needs, such as a transaction or service billing event or a user request. For example, service control plane traffic down is reduced to a relatively inexpensive and capacity conserving trickle when device 100 data traffic is not significant. At the same time, this approach also provides an effective flow of real time or near real-time service control plane traffic that is both cost and capacity efficient, because the service control plane traffic is a relatively small percentage of the data plane traffic when data plane traffic usage is heavy. For example, when data plane traffic usage is heavy is generally the time when close monitoring of service policy implementation verification or compromise prevention can be particularly important and by keeping the control plane overhead to a fraction of data plane traffic close monitoring and control of services are maintained at a reasonable cost in terms of percentage of both bandwidth used and network capacity. In some embodiments, the service usage or service activity trigger occurs based on some other measure than traffic usage, such as a number of messages transacted, one or more billing events, number of files downloaded, number of applications run or time that an application has been running, usage of one or more specified applications, GPS coordinate changes, roaming event, an event related to another network connection to the device and/or other service related measures.

[00172] In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 provides for securing, signing, encrypting or otherwise protecting communications before sending. For example, the service control device link 1691 can send to the transport layer or directly to the link layer for transmission. In some embodiments, the communications are further secured with transport layer encryption, such as TCP TLS (Transport Control Protocol Transport Layer Security) or another secure transport layer protocol. In some embodiments, communications are encrypted at the link layer, such as IPSEC (Internet Protocol Security), various VPN (Virtual Private

Network) services, other forms of IP layer encryption and/or another link layer encryption technique.

[00173] In some embodiments, the service control link 1691 includes the above discussed agent heartbeat function in which the agents provide certain required reports to the service controller 122 for the purpose of service policy implementation verification (e.g., verification related reports on certain aspects of the service processor 115) or for other purposes. For example, such agent heartbeat messages can be in the open/clear (unencrypted) or encrypted, signed and/or otherwise secured. In some embodiments, these messages include one or more of the below described types of messages: an agent information message, an agent check-in message and/or agent cross check message.

[00174] In some embodiments, an agent information message is included in the agent heartbeat service policy implementation verification message, which includes, for example, any information the agent needs to communicate to the service controller 122 as part of the operation of the service policy implementation system. For example, an agent response to a service controller challenge, as described below, can be included in the agent heartbeat service policy implementation verification message.

[00175] In some embodiments, an agent check-in message is included in an agent heartbeat service policy implementation verification message, which includes, for example, a transmission of a unique agent identifier, secure unique identifier, and/or hashed encrypted and signed message beginning with some shared secret or state variable for the hash. For example, an agent self-check can be included in the agent heartbeat service policy implementation verification message, which includes reporting on agent configuration, agent operation, agent code status, agent communication log, agent error flags, and/or other agent associated information potentially hashed, encrypted, signed or otherwise secured in the message (e.g., using a shared secret unique to that agent).

[00176] In some embodiments, an agent cross-check message is included in the agent heartbeat service policy implementation verification message, which includes, for example, reports on the status, configuration, operation observations, communication log or other aspects of another agent. For example, agent environment reports can be included in the agent heartbeat

service policy implementation verification message, which includes, for example, reports on certain aspects of the service processor 115 operating environment, such as software presence (e.g., installation status of certain operating system and/or application software and/or components thereof), observed communication with agents or communication attempts, memory accesses or access attempts, network accesses or access attempts, software downloads or attempted downloads, software removal or download blocking, service policy implementation verification or compromise event error conditions with respect to the operating environment for the service processor 115, and/or other messages regarding the verification or possibility of compromise associated with the service processor 115 operating environment or agents.

[00177] In some embodiments, the agent heartbeat function also provides regular updates for information important to user service notification services. For example, the network based elements can provide regular synchronization updates for the device based service usage or service activity counters in which service usage or service activity measures available from one or more network service history elements is transmitted to the device 100. This allows the service usage counter errors between the device service counter and the counters used for central billing to be minimized. A common service usage or service activity measure is total traffic usage measured to date within a time frame over which a service limit is applicable. Other service usage or service activity measures can also be tracked and reconciled in a similar manner.

[00178] In some embodiments for the heartbeat function, the service controller 122 verifies that the scheduled agent reports are being received and that the reports are within expected parameters. In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 issues signed challenge/response sequences to the policy implementation agent 1690. For example, the challenges can be asynchronous, issued when an event or error condition occurs, issued on a schedule or issued when a certain amount of data has passed. This approach, for example, provides a second layer of service policy implementation verification that strengthens the service usage or service activity measurement verification. For example, a challenge/response can be sent over the heartbeat link for the purpose of verifying device agent integrity. Various challenge/response related verification embodiments are described below.

[00179] In some embodiments, the challenge/response heartbeat message can include sending any kind of command or query, secure or transmitted in the open, receiving a response from the agent and then evaluating the response to determine if the response is within a range of parameters expected for a correctly configured agent, an agent that is operating properly, an agent that is not partially compromised or an agent that is not entirely compromised. In some embodiments, the agent is only required to respond with a simple acknowledgement of the challenge. In some embodiments, the agent is required to respond with a message or piece of information that is known by the agent. In some embodiments, the agent is required to respond with a message or piece of information that is difficult for the agent to respond correctly with if it were to be partially or entirely compromised. In some embodiments, the agent is required to respond back with information regarding the operation or configuration of the agent that is difficult for the agent to respond properly with if the agent is not properly configured, not operating properly, is partially compromised or is entirely compromised. In some embodiments, the first agent is required to respond back with information regarding the operation, configuration, status or behavior of a second agent that is difficult for the first or second agent to respond properly with if the first or second agent is not properly configured, not operating properly, is partially compromised or is entirely compromised. In some embodiments, the agent is required to respond with a response that includes a shared secret. In some embodiments, the agent is required to respond with information regarding the presence, configuration, operating characteristics or other information regarding other programs in the operating environment of the agent. In some embodiments, the agent is required to respond with hashed information to be portions of code or a code sample (e.g., the code portion or code sample can be specified by the service controller 122).

[00180] In some embodiments, the information the agent responds with is a response to a signed or encrypted message from the service controller 122 in which the agent must know how to decode the encrypted controller message in order to respond correctly or it would be difficult for the agent to respond properly if the agent is not configured properly, is not operating within appropriate limits, is partially compromised or is entirely compromised. In some embodiments, the agent signs or encrypts information in such a manner that it is difficult to respond correctly when the message is decoded by the service controller 122 unless the agent is configured properly, is operating within appropriate limits, is not partially compromised and is not entirely

compromised. In some embodiments, the agent is required to respond with a signed or encrypted hash of information that is difficult for the agent to generate unless the agent is configured properly, is operating within appropriate limits, is not partially compromised and is not entirely compromised. For example, the hashed information can be local device configuration information, portions of code or all of the code, and/or the code portion to be used in the response can be specified by the service controller. In another example, the hashed information the agent responds with can include a shared secret, and/or the hashed information can be information regarding the presence, configuration, operating characteristics or other information regarding other programs in the operating environment of the agent.

[00181] Accordingly, as described above, the agent heartbeat function provides an important and efficient system in some embodiments for verifying the service policy implementation or protecting against compromise events. For example, there are many other functions the agent heartbeat service can perform and some are described herein while others will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art given the principles, design background and various embodiments provided herein.

[00182] In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 facilitates another important function, which is the download of new service processor software elements, revisions of service processor software elements, and/or dynamic refreshes of service processor software elements. There are many embodiments for such operations. In some embodiments, the software is received as a single file over the service control device link 1691. For example, the file can have encryption or signed encryption beyond any provided by the communication link protocol itself. In some embodiments, the software files are segmented into smaller packets that are communicated in multiple messages sent over the service control device link 1691. In some embodiments, once the file(s) are received, or the segmented portions of the file(s) are received, they are communicated to a service downloader 1663 for file aggregation and installation, which, in some embodiments, is performed after further measures to verify the service processor software are completed. In some embodiments, the files are sent using other delivery means, such a direct TCP socket connection to the service downloader 1663 or some other software installer, which can also involve secure transport and additional levels of encryption.

[00183] As shown in Figure 16, an agent communication bus 1630 represents a functional description for providing communication for the various service processor 115 agents and functions. In some embodiments, as represented in the functional diagram illustrated in Figure 16, the architecture of the bus is generally multipoint to multipoint so that any agent can communicate with any other agent, the service controller or in some cases other components of the device, such user interface 1697 and/or modem components. As described below, the architecture can also be point to point for certain agents or communication transactions, or point to multipoint within the agent framework so that all agent communication can be concentrated, or secured, or controlled, or restricted, or logged or reported. In some embodiments, the agent communication bus is secured, signed, encrypted, hidden, partitioned and/or otherwise protected from unauthorized monitoring or usage.

[00184] In some embodiments, as described below, there are multiple layers of security applied to the agent communication bus 1630 communication protocols, such as including one or more of the following: point to point message exchange encryption using one or more keys that are partially shared or shared within the service processor 115 agent group and/or the service controller 122, point to point message exchange that using one or more keys that are private to the two endpoints of the communication, a bus-level message exchange encryption that can be in place of or in addition to other encryption or security, or using one or more keys that are partially shared or shared within the service processor 115 agent group and/or the service controller 122, a set of secure messages that can only be decoded or observed by the agents they are intended for, a set of secure messages that allow communication between certain agents or service processor functions and entities outside of the service processor operating environment. In some embodiments, and as described herein, the service control device link 1691 is assumed to be equivalent to an agent for communication purposes, and, in the case of the service control device link 1691, the communication is not restricted to the agent communication bus 1630 but also extends to the service control communications link 1653. In some embodiments, the system has the capability to replace keys or signatures on occasion or on a regular basis to further secure against monitoring, eavesdropping or compromise of the agent communication system.

[00185] For example, various forms of message encryption and security framework techniques can be applied to encrypt and/or secure the agent communication bus 1630, including

one or more of the following: agent bus encryption using shared key for all agents provided and updated by the secure server; agent bus encryption using point to point keys in which the secure server informs the bus and agents of keys and updates as appropriate; agent level encryption using agent to agent shared keys in which the secure server informs agents of the key and updates the key as appropriate; agent level encryption using agent to agent point to point key in which the secure server informs agent of the point to point keys that are required and updates the keys as appropriate; agent level access authorization, which only allows access to the agents that are on the secure authorization list and in which the list is provided by the secure server and signatures are provided by the secure server; UI messages are only analyzed and passed, in which the UI cannot have access to configuration information and cannot issue challenges; agent level heartbeat encryption, which can be point to point or shared key for that agent; control link level heartbeat encryption; TLS (Transport Layer Security) communication protocols; server level heartbeat encryption, which can be point to point or shared key for that secure server; and/or the access control integrity agent 1694 or heartbeat function can become point to multipoint secure communications hubs.

[00186] In some embodiments of the agent communication bus 1630, the design of the agent communication bus depends on the nature of the design embodiments for the agents and/or other functions. For example, if the agents are implemented largely or entirely in software, then the agent communication bus can be implemented as an inter-process software communication bus. In some embodiments, such an inter-process software communication bus is a variant of D-bus (e.g., a message bus system for inter-process software communication that, for example, helps applications/agents to talk to one another), or another inter-process communication protocol or system, running a session bus in which all communications over the session bus can be secured, signed, encrypted or otherwise protected. For example, the session bus can be further protected by storing all software (e.g., software components, applications and/or agents) in secure memory, storing all software in encrypted form in secure memory, and/or executing all software and communications within a secure execution environment, hardware environment and/or protected memory space. In some embodiments, if the agents and other functions are designed with a mixture of software and hardware, or primarily with hardware, then the implementation of the bus design will vary, and the principles and embodiments described herein

will enable one of ordinary skill in the art to design the specifics of the agent communication bus 1630 to meet a particular set of product and desired functional requirements.

[00187] As shown in Figure 16, an access control integrity agent 1694 collects device information on service policy, service usage or service activity, agent configuration and agent behavior. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 also cross checks this information to identify integrity breaches in the service policy implementation and control system. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 also initiates action when a service policy violation or a system integrity breach is suspected. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 also performs asynchronous or periodic agent checks to verify presence, configuration or proper operation of other agents. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 also performs challenge-response sequence verification of other agents.

[00188] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 obtains service usage or service activity measures from a service monitor agent 1696 and compares one or more first service usage measurement points against one or more second service usage measurement points to verify service policy implementation. For example, as shown in Figure 21, if the service usage at measurement point IV is inconsistent with measurement point III, which, for example, can indicate, for example, that an unauthorized or unmonitored usage of the access modem (e.g., modems 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125 or 2141) is taking place. As another example, as also shown in Figure 21, if one or more aspects of upstream traffic usage measurement point II, which represents the upstream demand side of policy implementation agent 1690, is inconsistent with upstream traffic measurement point III, which represents delivered traffic from the policy implementation agent 1690, then the policy implementation agent 1690 may not be operating properly. As another example, as also shown in Figure 21, if service measurement point III and IV indicate that firewall agent 1655 is passing traffic to URLs or IP addresses that are in the blocked policy settings, then a verification error condition can be set for the access control policy. As another example, if the policy controller reports traffic usage statistics that are inconsistent with traffic usage policy settings, then a traffic usage policy verification error may have occurred. As another example, if the service usage counter synchronization information received from the service controller 122, the device service history 1618 and/or the central

billing system 1619, is compared to the service usage history reported by the service monitor agent and the two are found to be outside of acceptable tolerance limits for the comparison, then there may be a verification error in the service monitor service usage or service activity accounting. There are numerous additional embodiments of such comparisons as described herein and others as will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art given the principles, design background and specific examples and various embodiments described herein.

[00189] In some embodiments, device service policy implementations are verified by comparing various service usage measures used at the device against expected service usage or service activity behavior given the policies (e.g., one or more service policy settings, service profile or service profile settings for network based access/services, and/or service plan or service plan for network based access/services). For example, verification is performed based on a measure of total data passed at the device as compared to the service policy for total data usage. For example, verification is performed based on a measure of data passed in a period of time at the device as compared to the service policy for data passed in such a period of time. For example, verification is performed based on a monitoring of communications from the device based on IP addresses as compared to the policy for permissible IP addresses. For example, verification is performed based on a measure of total data passed from the device per IP address as compared to the policy for total data usage per IP address. Other examples include such actual versus policy comparisons based on other measures at/from/to the device, such as location, downloads, email accessed, URLs, and/or any other data, location, application, time or other criteria or any combination of criteria that can be measured for comparing with various policy settings and/or restrictions.

[00190] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 monitors agent self-check reports to verify that agents are properly configured. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 reports the agent self check reports to the service controller 122. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 performs a role in service usage test transmission, reception and/or monitoring, with the usage test being tailored to test monitoring or control aspects for any subset of service activities. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 performs a role in billing test event generation and/or monitoring. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 checks and reports the result of service

usage monitoring verification tests, service usage billing verification tests and/or transaction billing verification tests.

[00191] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 receives agent access attempt reports to determine if unauthorized agent access attempts are occurring. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 acts as a central secure communications hub for agent to agent or service controller 122 to agent communication. For example, the access control integrity agent 1694 can be used so that no other software or function can access other agents or so that agents cannot access other agents except through the secure point to multipoint communications hub. In some embodiments, this approach further enhances compromise resistance for the agents. In some embodiments, some or all of the agent communications, including agent to agent or service controller 122 to agent communications, and possibly including unauthorized attempts to communication with agents, are monitored and logged so that a trace log of some or all agent communications can be maintained. For example, the agent communication trace log can be summarized and/or compressed for transmission efficiency or regularly reported, such as through the heartbeat function, or the agent communication trace log can be reported only when the service controller 122 requests the agent communication trace log or when there is a verification error event. As similarly described above, the partitioning of agent functions and server functions is provided herein mainly to aid in disclosing various embodiments but those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that other partitioning of agent functions and server functions can be used based on different design choices. For example, the central agent communication hub function is performed in some embodiments by the access control integrity agent 1694, however, in other embodiments that function is performed by the service control device link 1691. For example, when the central agent communication hub function is located in the service control device link 1691, then architecturally the device link can be a single point to multipoint secure communications hub for all agent to agent and service controller 122 to agent communications. In some embodiments, this approach has certain advantages from a service policy implementation verification or compromise protection robustness perspective, or has certain advantages from a communications protocol efficiency perspective, or simply can be more efficient to implement. It should be noted that in other embodiments described herein the agent to agent and agent to service controller 122 communications can be multipoint to multipoint, with each agent having the capability to

communicate with other agents or the service controller, this communication can be secure, signed or otherwise encrypted or protected in some embodiments and in the open/clear in others. Also, as discussed in some embodiments, the agents can maintain their own communications or attempted communications log, which can then be reported to the service controller 122. In some embodiments, the agents implement restrictions on which device components or agents the agents will conduct communications with so that only agents that need to communicate with one another can do so.

[00192] In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 reviews local billing event history and compares such history to billing event reports to verify that a billing agent 1695 is functioning properly (e.g., has not been tampered with or compromised). In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691cross-checks service usage or service activity against billing event reports from the billing agent 1695 to verify that billing events are properly billing for service usage or service activity. In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691cross-checks transaction billing process or records against transaction billing reports to ensure that transaction billing events are being properly reported by the billing agent 1695. In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 determines if one or more agents have been compromised, and if so, initiates a dynamic agent download process to replace any such potentially compromised agent.

[00193] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 verifies that the service usage counter is reporting service usage or service cost to the user within acceptable limits of accuracy when compared to the service usage reports obtained from the service monitor agent 1696, the service controller 122, the device service history 1618 and/or the central billing system 1619. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 checks to verify that user privacy filter preferences are being properly implemented. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 checks to verify that the user is properly receiving UI warnings regarding service usage or roaming service usage conditions.

[00194] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 checks to verify that the device is not beginning service usage until it has been authenticated, authorized or granted access to the network. In some embodiments, access control integrity agent 1694 checks

with the service controller 122 or the billing system 1619 to verify that the user or device has a valid service standing and should be admitted to access on the network.

[00195] In some embodiments, an Activation Tracking Service (ATS) is provided in which the service monitoring function (e.g., performed by the service monitor agent 1696 and/or some other agent/component or combinations thereof on the device) is used in part to determine which access networks are being connected to and to record and/or report this information. In some embodiments, the ATS is only enabled if the device user approves reporting of access networks connected to by the user device. In some embodiments, the ATS is protected from tampering. For example, the ATS can be hardened, that is, to be more tamper resistant, using a variety of techniques, including any of the following: the ATS can be located (e.g., stored) in secure memory and/or secure hardware; the ATS can be implemented in the system BIOS, the access modem and/or another hard to access portion of the device; a second device agent can confirm the presence of the ATS with a report to a network based server; the second agent or the network server can initiate a reinstall of the ATS if it is missing or is found to be operating improperly; and/or the ATS can be placed in a secure area of the OS so that it cannot be removed or if removed must be replaced for proper device operation to resume. A variety of other tamper resistance techniques can also be used to protect the ATS from tampering as similarly described herein with respect to other device based functions/software components/agents.

[00196] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 verifies that ATS software or hardware is present, properly configured or operating properly. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 reviews network connection or activity history and compares such to ATS reports to verify activation tracking service reports are occurring properly. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 replaces ATS software if it has been removed. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 monitors access or compromise of ATS software to determine if it may have been compromised. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 reports status of ATS functions.

[00197] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 scans the local agent execution environment to determine if there are unauthorized accesses to service processor functions, settings or code. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694

monitors software loading activity, protected memory access or communication with service processor 115 agents to detect unauthorized changes to service processor software or configuration. For example, the access control integrity agent 1694 can have a local database of potentially malicious elements and compare entries in the database against the elements detected locally. As another example, the access control integrity agent 1694 can communicate a list of some or all of the elements detected locally to the service controller 122 to augment or take the place of the database comparison function that may be performed locally. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 detects new software downloads, installs or invocations and immediately issues an error flag report when potentially malicious software is downloaded, installed or invoked. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 scans the local software loading and invocation activity along with a log of other software runtime events and regularly reports this trace so that when an error or compromise event occurs the trace preceding the event can be analyzed to determine the offending software or activity trace that took place to cause the compromise or error. Once the software or activity that caused the compromise is known, it can be entered into a refreshed version of the database that the device and other devices use to detect potentially malicious pre-cursor conditions. Examples of such pre-cursor events include software invocations, software downloads, attempts to uninstall certain agent and/or application software/components or OS components, a sequence of memory I/O events, a sequence of software access events, a sequence of network address or URL communications or downloads or a sequence of access modem I/O activity. In various other embodiments of the access control integrity agent 1694, the agent performs or (securely) communicates with other software/hardware device/network components that perform other well known signature, behavior blocking and/or intrusion detection identification/detection and/or blocking techniques based on the presence of potentially unwanted and/or potentially or known malicious software and/or intrusion attempts by unauthorized software and/or unauthorized users, using, for example, real-time, on access, periodic, and/or on demand scanning.

[00198] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 detects or blocks potentially compromising behavior of other software programs/users attempting unauthorized behavior in the service processor 115 operating environment. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 detects software that is being loaded that has the same or similar name, identification, memory location or function as one or more of the service processor 115

agents. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 blocks operation or loading of such software. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 detects or blocks unauthorized access of service processor 115 protected memory. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 verifies configuration and operation of secure service downloader 1663. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 monitors network and I/O activity to detect potentially compromising events, such as a program that is downloaded from known detrimental or potentially suspect IP addresses or URLs or a program that accesses certain IP addresses or URLs. In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 scans of the service processor operating environment are recorded and kept for a period of time, and if a service policy verification error occurs, then the scans immediately prior to the error are analyzed or reported to the service controller 122 for analysis. In some embodiments, such scans are regularly reported to the service controller 122 without the presence of service policy verification error conditions.

[00199] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 requests a dynamic agent download of certain critical service processor functions, including in some cases the access control integrity agent 1694 on a periodic basis, or on a periodic basis when network access activity is not required or minimal.

[00200] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 determines if a threshold has been surpassed for a max usage trigger for ambient and/or other services that should not be using significant amounts of data (e.g., based on the type of device and/or service profile settings).

[00201] In some embodiments, the access control integrity agent 1694 determines if verification errors exist in one or more of the verification process embodiments and, in some embodiments, reports errors immediately or in the next agent heartbeat to the service controller 122. In some embodiments, any number of results from the above checks, monitoring activities, reports or tests are reported to the service controller 122.

[00202] In some embodiments, a policy control agent 1692 receives policy instructions from the service controller 122 and/or the user via the billing agent 1695 and adapts device service policy settings (e.g., instantaneous device service policy settings) in one or more of the

following agents/components: a policy implementation agent 1690, the modem firewall 1655 and/or an application interface agent 1693. As shown in Figure 16, the modem firewall 1655 is in communication with a modem driver 1640, which is in communication with the agent communication bus 1630 and access network 1610. As shown with respect to access network 1610, a central billing server 1619, an access network AAA server 1621 and device server history 1618 are also provided. As shown, the Internet 120 is accessible via the access network 1610 and firewall 124, from which device 100 can then access various Internet services 1615.

[00203] In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 adapts low level service policy rules/settings to perform one or more of the following objectives: achieve higher level service usage or cost objectives, reduce network control channel capacity drain, reduce network control plane server processing bandwidth, and/or provide a higher level of user privacy or network neutrality while satisfying service usage or service activity objectives. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 performs a policy control function to adapt instantaneous service policies to achieve a service usage objective. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 receives service usage information from the service monitor agent 1696 to evaluate service usage history as compared to service usage goals. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 uses service monitor 1696 service usage or service activity history and various possible algorithm embodiments to create an estimate of the future projected service usage. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 uses a future projection of service usage to determine what service usage or service activity controls need to be changed to maintain service usage goals. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 uses service usage history to perform a service usage or service activity analysis to determine the distribution of service usage across service usage elements within categories, such as usage by application, usage by URL, usage by address, usage by content type, usage by time of day, usage by access network, usage by location, and/or any other categories for classifying service usage. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 uses the service usage distribution analysis to determine which service usage elements or service activities are creating the largest service usage (e.g., if e-mail, social networking, or multimedia/online video application categories are creating the largest service usage).

[00204] In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 is instructed, for example, by the user, through billing agent 1695 to perform a service control algorithm, such as traffic shaping or download management, to manage service usage or service activities to assist the user in controlling service costs. As a basic example of such a traffic shaping algorithm, the traffic shaping algorithm can simply reduce traffic speed for all applications and traffic types successively until the service usage projections are within service usage limits for the present service billing period. To illustrate an algorithm that is more sophisticated and provides the advantage of leaving many service usage elements or service activities unaffected while only controlling down usage on the most aggressive service usage elements or service activities, the traffic shaping algorithm can identify the highest traffic usage applications and/or websites and successively reduce traffic speed just for the highest usage applications and/or websites until the service usage projections are within service usage limits for the present service billing period. These examples thereby reduce network traffic for the user in accordance with the user's service usage objectives while maintaining overall satisfactory service usage experience for the user in a manner that satisfies various net neutrality requirements (e.g., the traffic throttling of certain applications/websites based on user input in which categories based on service usage history are selected by the user, for example, a certain application may be using 90% of the aggregate traffic usage). For example, adaptive throttling algorithms can be used to throttle application traffic that the user requests throttling, such as recursively throttling of the specified application traffic (e.g., to denigrate the traffic usage associated with that application and thereby reduce overall service data usage).

[00205] In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 adjusts service policy based on time of day. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 obtains a measure of network availability and adjusts traffic shaping policy settings based on available network capacity. In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 automatically and dynamically adjusts service policy based on one or more other service policy settings, the service profile and/or the service plan associated with the device and/or user of the device.

[00206] In some embodiments, various lower level service policy implementation embodiments are combined with a higher level set of service policy supervision functions to

provide device assisted verifiable network access control, authentication and authorization services.

[00207] In some embodiments, device based access control services are extended and combined with other policy design techniques to create a simplified device activation process and connected user experience referred to herein as ambient activation. In some embodiments, ambient access generally refers to an initial service access in which such service access is in some manner limited, such as where service options are significantly limited (e.g., low bandwidth network browsing and/or access to a specific transactional service), limited bandwidth, limited duration access before which a service plan must be purchased to maintain service or have service suspended/disabled or throttled or otherwise limited/reduced/downgraded, and/or any other time based, quality based, scope of service limited initial access for the network enabled device. In some embodiments, ambient activation is provided by setting access control to a fixed destination (e.g., providing access to a portal, such as a web page (e.g., for a hotspot) or WAP (Wireless Application Protocol) page, that provides the user with service plan options for obtaining a service plan for the user desired access, such as the service plan options for data usage, service types, time period for access (e.g., a day pass, a week pass or some other duration), and costs of service plan(s)). In some embodiments, service data usage of the ambient activated device is verified using IPDRs (e.g., using the device ID/device number for the device 101 to determine if the device has been used in a manner that is out of plan for the service plan associated with the device 101, such as based on the amount of data usage exceeding the service plan's service data usage limits, out of plan/unauthorized access to certain websites, and/or out of plan/unauthorized transactions). In some embodiments, service data usage of the ambient activated device is verified by setting a maximum data rate in the policy control agent 1692 and if/when it is determined that the device is exceeding a specified data rate/data usage, then the service data usage is throttled accordingly. In some embodiments, various other verification approaches are used for ambient activation purposes.

[00208] In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 (and/or another agent/component of the service processor 115 and/or service controller 122) performs a service control algorithm to assist in managing overall network capacity or application QoS (Quality of Service). In some embodiments, the policy control agent 1692 (and/or another agent/component

of the service processor 115) performs an access network selection algorithm to determine which access network to connect to based on connection options and determined strengths of available wireless networks, network preference or security settings, service usage cost based network preferences, and/or any other criteria.

[00209] Accordingly, as described herein with respect to various embodiments, service usage or service activities can be measured by various agents at various different measurement points, which provides for a more robust verification and integrity of device based services communication. For example, it is much less likely and more difficult to compromise and/or spoof multiple agents. As described herein, various verification and integrity checks are performed, including, for example, network based service usage measurement (e.g., using IPDRs); heartbeat monitoring; agent based heartbeat (e.g., challenge/response queries); agent operating environment protection; monitoring agent communications; agent cross-checks; comparing device based and network based measures (e.g., service usage measures); dynamic software/agent download; and/or any combination of these and various other verification/integrity check techniques described herein and/or apparent from the various embodiments described herein.

[00210] In some embodiments, the device 100 is capable of connecting to more than one network and device service policies are potentially changed based on which network the device is connected to at the time. In some embodiments, the network control plane servers detect a network connection change and initiate the service policy implementation established for the second network. In some embodiments, the device based adaptive policy control agent, as described herein (e.g., policy control agent 1692), detects network connection changes and implements the service policies established for the second network.

[00211] In some embodiments, when more than one access network is available, the network is chosen based on which network is most preferred according to a network preference list or according to which network that optimizes a network cost function. For example, the network preference list can be pre-established by the service provide and/or the user and/or later modified/adjusted by either the service provider and/or the user. For example, the cost function can be based on determining a minimum service cost, maximum network performance, whether

or not the user or device has access to the network, maximizing service provider connection benefit, reducing connections to alternative paid service providers, and/or any other cost related criteria for network selection purposes.

[00212] In some embodiments, the device 100 detects when one or more preferred networks are not available, implements a network selection function or intercepts other network selection functions, and offers a connection to the available service network that is highest on a preference list. For example, the preference list can be set by the service provider, the user and/or the service subscriber. In some embodiments, a notification is provided to the device/user when the device is not connected to a network (e.g., indicating in a pop-up/bubble or other UI based display a notification, such as "You are not connected to the network. Click here to learn more, get free trial, use a session, sign-up for service"). In some embodiments, the notification content can be determined based on usage service patterns, locally stored and/or programmable logic on the device and/or a server (e.g., device reports that user is not connected and WWAN is available). Decisions on what bubble to present when may be in pre-stored logic on device.

[00213] In some embodiments, service policies are automatically adapted based on the network to which device 100 is connected. For example, the device can be a cellular communication based device connected to a macrocell, a microcell, a picocell, or a femtocell (e.g., femto cells generally provide a low power, small area cellular network used, for example, in homes or offices, which, for example, can be used as an alternative to Wi-Fi access). In some embodiments, service monitoring agent 1696 and/or billing agent 1695 modify service usage counting and/or billing based on whether the device is connected to a macrocell, microcell, picocell or femtocell. In some embodiments, the device recognizes which type of network it is currently connecting to (e.g., looking up in a local or network table for the current base station connected to, and/or the information is broadcast to the device upon the connection with the base station), that is, whether it is a macrocell, microcell, picocell or femtocell. In other embodiments, the device does not recognize which type of network it is currently connected to, but reports its current base station, and the network uses a network lookup function to determine which type of network it is connected to. In some embodiments, the device adjusts the billing based on the type of network it is connected to, or in other embodiments, the device calculates an offset to such billing based on the type of network it is connected to, and/or in other

embodiments, the device records such service usage associated with the type of network it is connected to and the network billing can adjust the billing accordingly. For example, the billing can be lower for service data usage over a femtocell versus a macrocell. In some embodiments, service policies are adjusted based on the type of network that the device is connected, such as billing, user notification, data usage/bandwidth, throttling, time of day, who owns the cellular network connection (e.g., user's home femtocell, or user's work femtocell, or a commercial business's femtocell like a coffee shop or any other common area like an airport) and/or any other service policy can be different for a femtocell connection (or for any other type of connection, such as a macrocell, microcell, or picocell). In some embodiments, the local service usage counter is adjusted based on the type of network (and/or based on the time of day of such service activity) that the device is connected, such as billing, user notification, data usage/bandwidth, and/or any other service policy can be different for a femtocell connection (or for any other type of connection, such as a macrocell, microcell, or picocell). In some embodiments, the service policies and/or billing policies are adjusted based on network congestion.

[00214] In some embodiments, if adaptive service policy control is not required, then the policy control agent 1692 can simply pass instantaneous service policy settings directly to the agents responsible for implementing instantaneous service policies.

[00215] In some embodiments, a policy implementation agent 1690 implements traffic shaping and QoS policy rules for the device 100. In some embodiments, the policy implementation agent 1690 provides a firewall function. In some embodiments, the policy implementation agent 1690 performs traffic inspection and characterization. In some embodiments, packet inspection is aided by literal or virtual application layer tagging while in other embodiments packet inspection is performed entirely in/by the policy implementation agent 1690. In some embodiments, the policy implementation agent 1690 accepts service policy implementation settings from the policy control agent 1692 or directly from the service controller 122. More detail on specific embodiments for the policy implementation agent 1690 is provided below with respect to the figures associated with communication stack and communication protocol flow.

[00216] In some embodiments, the burst size, buffer delay, acknowledgement delay and drop rate used in upstream and downstream traffic shaping are optimized with the goal of reducing access network traffic overhead, and excess capacity usage that can result from mismatches in traffic transmission parameters with the access network MAC and PHY or from excess network level packet delivery protocol re-transmissions. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 is used to literally tag or virtually tag application layer traffic so that the policy implementation agent(s) 1690 has the necessary information to implement selected traffic shaping solutions. As shown in Figure 16, the application interface agent 1693 is in communication with various applications, including a TCP application 1604, an IP application 1605, and a voice application 1602.

[00217] In some embodiments, downstream literal or virtual application tagging are delayed until a traffic flow passes through the service policy implementation functions and to the application interface function where the service flow is then identified and associated with the underlying traffic and application parameters, and the literal or virtual tag is then communicated to the first policy implementation function or service monitoring function in the downstream traffic processing stack. In some embodiments, prior to being associated with a literal or virtual tag, the traffic flow is allowed to pass with no traffic shaping, and once the traffic flow is identified and tagged, the appropriate traffic shaping is applied. In some embodiments, a set of traffic shaping policy parameters are applied to the unidentified traffic flow before the flow is identified, and then the traffic shaping policy for the flow is updated when the flow is tagged. In some embodiments, the traffic flow can be blocked at the application interface agent even before the tag is passed to the policy implementation functions if it is found to be associated with traffic parameters that are blocked by policy once packet processing, framing and encryption are removed.

[00218] In some embodiments, a service monitor agent 1696 records and reports device service usage or service activities of device 100. In some embodiments, service usage history is verified by a number of techniques including verifying against network based service usage history (e.g., device service history 1618) and the various service policy implementation techniques as described herein.

[00219] In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 includes the capability to filter service usage history reporting with the decision on which aspects of service history to report being determined by policies including possibly privacy policies defined by the device user or control plane servers in the network. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 monitors and possibly records or reports Customer Resource Management (CRM) information such as websites visited, time spent per website, interest indications based on website viewing, advertisements served to the device, advertisements opened by the user, location of the user, searches conducted by the user, application usage profile, device user interface usage history, electronic commerce transactions, music or video files played, applications on device, and/or when the user is actively working or playing or inactive. In some embodiments, to protect the privacy of this user CRM information, the user is provided with options on how much of the information to share and the user's response to the options are recorded and used to determine the filtering policy for how much of the CRM data to report (e.g., CRM filter level options selected by the user via the device UI and/or via various service plan or service profile or service policy options) and how much to suppress or to not even monitor/record/store in the first place. In some embodiments, to protect the privacy of this user's GPS/location tracking related information, the user is provided with options on how much of the information to share and the user's response to the options are recorded and used to determine the filtering policy for how much of the GPS/location tracking related data to report (e.g., GPS/location tracking filter level options) and how much to suppress or to not even monitor/record/store in the first place. In some embodiments, the service processor 115 allows the user to provide feedback on the user's preferences, such as for privacy/CRM data to report. In some embodiments, the user can also specify their preference(s) for notification (e.g., related to service usage/cost, traffic reporting and other service usage/monitored information) and/or service controls. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 observes and possibly records or reports service usage categorized by network possibly including roaming networks, paid service networks or free service networks. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 observes and possibly records or reports service usage categorized by sub-accounts for various types of traffic or various types of network.

[00220] For example, service monitor reports can be provided to the service controller 122. Service is monitored through various embodiments that can involve service usage logging

or traffic inspection and usage logging at the application level, various levels in the networking communication stack or the access modem. Some embodiments involve multiple levels of service or traffic measurement at various levels in the communications stack as described further below.

[00221] In some embodiments, service or traffic monitoring includes monitoring one or more of the following: traffic associated with one or more users; traffic downstream and/or upstream data rate; total traffic received and/or transmitted over a period of time; traffic transmitted and/or received by IP addresses, domain names, URLs or other network address identifiers; traffic transmitted and/or received by email downloads or uploads; traffic transmitted and/or received by an application; traffic transmitted and/or received by network file transfers; traffic transmitted and/or received by file download or upload content types; traffic transmitted and/or received by mobile commerce transactions; traffic transmitted and/or received by one or more time periods; traffic transmitted and/or received by differing levels of network activity and network capacity availability; traffic transmitted and/or received by one or more delivered levels of quality of service; traffic transmitted and/or received by software downloads; traffic transmitted and/or received by application downloads; traffic transmitted and/or received by one or more activities associated with the service control plane link or other network related functions, or traffic that may not directly result in service usage or service activity that the user values or desires; traffic transmitted and/or received to support one or more service provider third party service partner offerings; software usage history; application usage history; device discovery history for UI components, applications, settings, tutorials; ads served history; ads visited history; and/or device location history.

[00222] In some embodiments, some or all of the service usage monitoring occurs at the application layer. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 implements traffic inspection points between the applications and the networking stack application interface, such as the sockets API. In other embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 performs traffic inspection and reports the results to the service monitor agent 1696. Traffic inspection can be accomplished in several ways, including, for example, implementing a T-buffer at each socket connection and feeding the side traffic into a traffic flow analyzer, which in combination with a mapping of application to socket provides much of the information listed above. In cases in

which it is necessary to obtain traffic information from the application itself, some embodiments call for the application to be adapted to provide the information to either the application interface agent 1693 or the service monitor agent 1696. As an example, the application interface agent 1693 or the service monitor agent 1696 can monitor and decode advertisements downloaded via HTTP, but if the browser and HTTP server employ security above the sockets protocol stack layer then the application interface agent can communicate with the browser via a java applet or some other inter-process communication method. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696, the billing agent 1695 and/or the policy control agent 1692 (or some other software or hardware function on the device) can monitor and/or control (e.g., allow, block and/or replace) advertisement traffic flow into the device. In some embodiments, the monitoring and control of advertisement traffic flow into the device is also used for bill by account purposes (e.g., charges, such as service charges, billed to the advertiser, sponsor, and/or service or transactional service provider).

[00223] In some embodiments, some or all of the service usage monitoring occurs below the application interface for the networking stack. In this case, some portion of the information listed above may not always be available due to encryption applied at the higher layers and/or the computational costs associated with performing deep packet inspection on mobile devices.

[00224] In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 is also monitors the operating software install or loading systems, and/or otherwise monitors software installs or loads and/or software uninstalls/deinstallations.

[00225] Some of the information above may be considered by some users, advocacy groups or agencies as customer sensitive personal information. Simply sending the above information to the network for unspecified purposes may not, therefore, be acceptable for some service providers. However, if the user provides specific approval (e.g., informed consent) for the device, network or service provider to use some or all of the information that may be sensitive for specified purposes, then the user can control the level of information that is used and the purpose the information is used for. Accordingly, various embodiments described herein provide the user with control of what information is used and the purposes it is used for thereby allowing the user adequate control of any such sensitive information. In some embodiments,

information that is thought to perhaps be sensitive and is reported to the network must first receive user approval for the reporting. Some basic information is generally not considered sensitive and is necessary for certain basic service provider needs. For example, total data transmitted and/or received, traffic downstream and/or upstream speed, overall traffic usage by time of day are generally not considered private from the service provider's perspective and are necessary in many basic service policy implementations. As additional examples, perhaps other service usage history, such as total traffic email downloads and uploads but not the type of files or any specifics about the email traffic, the total web browsing traffic but nothing specific about the sites visited or content viewed, total file transfer traffic but not the type of files transferred or the addresses involved in the transfer, and other examples may not be viewed as private and, in some embodiments, provide valuable information for the service provider to manage services. Conversely, information such as websites visited, content viewed, mobile commerce transactions completed, advertisements visited, GPS location history and other service usage history the service monitor is capable of recording may be sensitive or private for some users and would thereby benefit from the various embodiments that provide enhanced user control of the reporting of such potentially sensitive or private data. It should also be appreciated that there is an inherent advantage to implementing traffic monitoring, traffic, service monitoring or service control on a device, because it is not necessary to report sensitive information to the network to accomplish many of these service policy implementation objectives.

[00226] In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 assists in virtual application tagging of traffic flows through the networking stack policy implementation by tracking the virtually tagged packets through the stack processing and communicating the flow tags to the service policy implementation agent(s) 1690. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 maintains a history and provides reports or summary reports of which networks in addition to the networks controlled by the service controller 122 to which the device has connected. In some embodiments, this network activity summary includes a summary of the networks accessed, activity versus time per connection, and/or traffic versus time per connection. In some embodiments, the traffic reports that go to the network, possibly to service controller 122, billing system 1619 and/or device service history 1618, are first filtered according to rules defined by user preference selection at the time of service activation (e.g., service plan/service plan option selection), time of first device use, at a time the user selected the option on the

service UI or at a time the user chose to change the option on the service UI or some other time/mechanism allowing for user preference selection.

[00227] In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 monitors application usage (e.g., which application the user executes on the device 101, such as e-mail applications, web browsing applications and/or media content streaming applications). In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 monitors multimedia file usage (e.g., based on multimedia file type and/or based on specific multimedia files, such as specific movies and/or songs). In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 monitors the device user interface, application, and content discovery history (e.g., monitoring which applications/content the user accesses from the device, including monitoring the pattern by which the user accesses such applications/content, such as how the user navigates the user interface on the device to access such applications/content and maintaining such patterns and history, such as which icons the user access on a home page, secondary or other portion/mechanism on the device for accessing various applications/content). In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 monitors advertisements provided to the user on the device 101. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 monitors advertisements viewed (e.g., accessed, such as by clicking on a web advertisement) by the user on the device 101. In some embodiments, the service monitor agent 1696 monitors GPS/location information for the device 101. As will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art, the service monitor agent 1696 can monitor a wide variety of activities performed by the device/user of the device and/or based on other information related to the device 101 such as GPS/location information. As described herein, in some embodiments, the user of the device 101 can also specify which activities that the user authorizes for such monitoring (e.g., the user may prefer to not allow for such GPS/location monitoring).

[00228] In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 provides an interface for device application programs. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 identifies application level traffic, reports virtual service identification tags or appends literal service identification tags to assist service policy implementation, such as access control, traffic shaping QoS control, service type dependent billing or other service control or implementation functions. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 assists with application layer service usage monitoring by, for example, passively inspecting and logging traffic or

service characteristics at a point in the software stack between the applications and the standard networking stack application interface, such as the sockets API. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 intercepts traffic between the applications and the standard network stack interface API in order to more deeply inspect the traffic, modify the traffic or shape the traffic (e.g., thereby not requiring any modification of the device networking/communication stack of the device OS). In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 implements certain aspects of service policies, such as application level access control, application associated billing, application layer service monitoring or reporting, application layer based traffic shaping, service type dependent billing, or other service control or implementation functions.

[00229] In some embodiments, application layer based traffic monitoring and shaping can be performed as described below. The traffic from each application can be divided into one or more traffic flows that each flow through a traffic queue, with each queue being associated with one or more additional classifications for that application (e.g., the application can be a browser that is associated with multiple queues representing different destinations or groups of destinations it is connected to, with each destination or group of destinations having potentially different access control or traffic control policies, or the application can be associated with different content types or groups of content types with each content type having different queues, the application might be an email program with email text traffic going to one queue and downloads going to another with different policies for each). In some embodiments, queues are formed for all applications or groups of applications that are associated with one or more traffic parameters such as destination, content type, time of day or groups of applications can be similarly assigned to different queues. The functions performed by the application layer queues can be similar to the functions described for the policy implementation agent, such as pass, block, buffer, delay, burst in order to control the traffic or network access associated with the queue. The drop function can also be implemented, such as for application layer protocols that include reliable transmission methods, but if the application layer protocol does not involve reliable retransmission of lost information this can result in lost data or unreliable communication which may be acceptable in some cases. The manner in which the queues are controlled can be constructed to result in a similar approach for controlling services or implementing service activity control similar to the other embodiments described herein,

including, for example, the policy control agent 1692 implementing an higher layer of service control to achieve a higher level objective as discussed herein.

[00230] In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 interacts with application programs to arrange application settings to aid in implementing application level service policy implementation or billing, such as email file transfer options, peer to peer networking file transfer options, media content resolution or compression settings and/or inserting or modifying browser headers. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 intercepts certain application traffic to modify traffic application layer parameters, such as email file transfer options or browser headers. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 transmits or receives a service usage test element to aid in verifying service policy implementation, service monitoring or service billing. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 performs a transaction billing intercept function to aid the billing agent 1695 in transaction billing. In some embodiments, the application interface agent 1693 transmits or receives a billing test element to aid in verifying transaction billing or service billing.

[00231] In some embodiments, a modem firewall 1655 blocks or passes traffic based on service policies and traffic attributes. In some embodiments, the modem firewall 1655 assists in virtual or literal upstream traffic flow tagging. Although not shown in Figure 16, in some embodiments, the modem firewall 1655 is located on either side of the modem bus and in some embodiments it is advantageous to locate it on the modem itself.

[00232] In some embodiments, the billing agent 1695 detects and reports service billing events. In some embodiments, the billing agent 1695 plays a key role in transaction billing. In some embodiments, the billing agent 1695 performs one or more of the following functions: provides the user with service plan options, accepts service plan selections, provides options on service usage notification policies, accepts user preference specifications on service usage notification policies, provides notification on service usage levels, provides alerts when service usage threatens to go over plan limits or to generate excess cost, provides options on service usage control policy, accepts choices on service usage control policy, informs policy control agent 1692 of user preference on service usage control policy, provides billing transaction options and/or accepts billing transaction choices. In some embodiments, the billing agent 1695

interacts with transaction servers (e.g., open content transaction partner sites 134) to conduct ecommerce transactions with central billing 1619.

[00233] In some embodiments, service processor 115 includes one or more service usage or service activity counters. For example, the service monitor agent 1696, billing agent 1695 or a combination of these agents and/or other agents/components of service processor 115 can include such a local service usage counter(s) for the device 101. In some embodiments, a service usage counter monitors service usage including data usage to/from the device 101 with the access network 1610. In some embodiments, the service usage counter periodically, in response to a user request, in response to a service processor 115 agent's request (e.g., the billing agent 1695, the policy control agent 1692, or another agent of service processor 115), in response to the service controller 122, and/or in response to the central billing 1619 (e.g., for billing purposes and/or for storing in the device service history 1618), provides a service usage report, including monitored service usage for the device 101. In some embodiments, the service usage counter periodically, or in response to a request, synchronizes the service usage counter on the device 101 with a network (and/or billing) service usage counter, such as that maintained potentially at central billing 1619. In some embodiments, service processor 115 utilizes the service usage counter to provide a service usage projection. In some embodiments, service processor 115 utilizes the service usage counter to provide a service usage cost estimate. In some embodiments, service usage projections from policy control agent 1692 are used to estimate the projected future service usage if user service usage behavior remains consistent. In some embodiments, service processor 115 utilizes the service usage counter to provide a cost of service usage, and the service processor 115 then periodically, or in response to a request, synchronizes the cost of service usage with, for example, the central billing 1619. In some embodiments, the service processor 115 utilizes the service usage counter to determine whether the user is exceeding and/or is projected to exceed their current service plan for data usage, and then various actions can be performed as similarly described herein to allow the user to modify their service plan and/or modify (e.g., throttle) their network data usage. In some embodiments, the service usage counter can support providing to the user the following service usage related data/reports: service usage, known usage and estimated usage, projected usage, present costs, projected costs, cost to roam, cost to roam options, and/or projected roaming costs. For example, including a local service data usage counter on the device 101 allows the service processor 115

to more accurately monitor service data usage, because, for example, network (and/or billing) service usage counters may not accurately also include, for example, control plane data traffic sent to/from the device 101 in their monitored service data usage count.

[00234] In some embodiments, verifiable device based service billing solutions are provided. For example, as described herein, various device based service billing solutions can include a wide range of verification techniques to ensure that the device is properly reporting service billing events (e.g., to verify/ensure that the service billing is not malfunctioning and/or has not been tampered with/compromised such that it is not accurately or timely providing service billing information). As described herein, service billing generally refers the billing for one or more services for a device, such as device 101 (e.g., email service billing for data usage associated with received/sent email related data over the access network 1610, web browsing service billing for data usage associated with received/sent web browsing related data over the access network 1610 and/or any other network based service, and/or any transactional based services, such as for multimedia content purchases or other transactions).

[00235] In some embodiments, verifiable device based service billing is provided by sending dummy(/test) billing events, such as having an access control integrity server 1654 of the service controller 122 instruct the access control integrity agent 1694 to send a dummy(/test) billing event to the billing agent 1695. If the billing agent does not then send the expected report, which should reflect the dummy(/test) (or fails to timely send any report), then the system can verify whether the billing process is working properly. In addition, a dummy (/test) transaction can be used to verify transaction based billing through a variety of approaches (e.g., the access control integrity agent 1694 can similarly send a dummy(/test) transactional billing event to the billing agent 1695 as a test to determine whether the billing agent 1695 then provides the expected report reflecting that dummy(/test) transaction). For example, the test billing events can be trapped by a device assisted billing mediation server and removed from the user account billing.

[00236] In some embodiments, verifiable device based service billing is provided by sending one or more data bursts to the device to confirm that data was received and to confirm that the service monitor agent 1696 properly logged the data burst(s) in the local service usage or

service activity counter. In some embodiments, data bursts can be used to verify data throttling (e.g., if the device has exceeded service data usage limits and/or is approaching such limits such that service data usage should be throttled, then sending data bursts can be used to verify whether the expected throttling is properly being performed on the device). In some embodiments, verifiable device based service billing is provided by submitting requests to connect to an unauthorized service/website to verify if that unauthorized service usage is properly blocked. In some embodiments, verifiable device based service billing is provided by submitting requests to perform an unauthorized transaction to verify if that unauthorized transaction is properly blocked.

[00237] In some embodiments, verifiable device based service billing is provided by verifying device service activities relative to IPDRs for the device. In some embodiments, the IPDRs for the device (possibly in a modified format) are periodically and/or upon request sent to the device, as described herein. For example, IPDRs for the device can be compared to the device's local service data usage counter and/or to the service plan for the device to determine if the overall service data usage limit has been exceeded, whether out of plan/unauthorized/unrecorded websites/other services have been performed by the device, whether service plan/profile bandwidth limits have been exceeded, whether out of plan/unauthorized/unrecorded transactions have been performed (e.g., verifying IPDR transaction logs, assuming such are included in the IPDRs, with the local transaction logs of the device to determine, for example, whether the local device records indicate that fewer than the network recorded number of content downloads, such as downloaded songs, were purchased), and/or whether any other activities verifiable based on a comparison of IPDRs indicate that the device has been used in any manner that is out of or exceeds the service plan/profile for the device.

[00238] In some embodiments, device based service billing includes recording billing option response history. For example, this approach can be particularly important for service plan overage conditions (e.g., when the use of the device is exceeding the service plan associated with the device in some manner, such as service data usage, bandwidth, service or transaction access and/or in some other manner). In some embodiments, in a service plan overage condition, the user is requested to confirm that user has acknowledged notification of service plan overage,

such as via the user interface 1697. In some embodiments, such service plan overage acknowledgements require that the user enter a unique identification to validate authorization by the user identity associated with the device (e.g., another type of verification mechanism, in the event a device is stolen or being used by someone other than the authorized user of the device, then that unauthorized user would not be able to confirm the service plan overage acknowledgement, and appropriate actions can then be taken, such as throttling, quarantining or (temporarily) suspending service/network access). In some embodiments, if the device is compromised/hacked (e.g., by the user of the device), and the device is used in a manner that results in a service usage overage (e.g., determined based on device assisted service usage monitoring, and/or network based service usage monitoring using IPDRs/CDRs), then the billing system determines billing for such service usage overage costs. This overage billing can be initiated by the device 100 (e.g., service processor 115), the service controller 122, the billing system 123, the AAA 121, or some other network function. In some embodiments, if the device is compromised/hacked (e.g., by a user of the device), and the device is used in a manner that results in a service usage overage, one or more of the following actions is taken: the user is notified, the user is required to acknowledge the notification, the device traffic is sent to SPAN (or similar traffic sampling and analysis function), and/or the device is flagged for further analysis.

[00239] In some embodiments, device based service billing includes an option to bill by account, such as to bill different service activities and/or transactions to a specified account (e.g., other than the user's account associated with the general service plan for the device). For example, bill by account can provide for billing according to application, content type, website, transaction, network chatter (e.g., heartbeat communications and/or other network traffic that is used by, for example, the central/service provider to generally maintain network access for the device), and/or transaction partner sponsored activities and then report such bill by account information for billing mediation/reconciliation. For example, a bill by account report can be sent by billing agent 1695 from the device to central billing 1619 (e.g., as a billing event); or alternatively, sent to an intermediate server/aggregator, which can then reformat and send the reformatted report to central billing 1619 (e.g., providing the billing report in a format required by central billing 1619); or alternatively, sent to a mediation server, which can re-compute the billing based on the bill by account report (e.g., offset the bill based on network chatter,

transaction based billing, transaction partner sponsored activities, content providers, website providers and/or advertising providers) and then send the recomputed (and potentially reformatted) report to central billing 1619.

[00240] In some embodiments, one or more of the mediation/reconciliation functions for device assisted billing, device generated billing events, device generated bill by account events and device generated open transaction billing events can be implemented in the service controller 122 (e.g., the billing event server 1662) or in another function located in the billing system 123 or elsewhere. This billing mediation server function accepts the device based billing events discussed immediately above, reformats the billing events into a format accepted and recognized by the billing system, mediates the billing event information to remove service usage billing from the user account and place it in other bill by account categories as appropriate according to the bill by account mediation rules, adds other billing events for service usage or transactions to the user account as appropriate according to the device based billing rules, and then applies the information to the billing information the user account to correct or update the account.

[00241] For example, a bill by account can allow for a website provider, such as Google or Yahoo, to pay for or offset certain account usage for web browsing, web based searching, web based email, or any other web based or other service usage activities, which may also be based (in whole or in part) on the activities performed by the user on such transactional services (e.g., based on advertisement viewing/accessing or click-through activities by the user, by which an advertisement business model used by such website providers directly or indirectly supports such service account subsidies). As another example, a bill by account can allow for an advertiser to pay for or offset certain account usage for viewing and/or accessing (e.g., clicking through) a web placed advertisement or other advertisement sent via the network to the device. As yet another example, various network chatter (e.g., heartbeat related network and other network chatter related service data usage) can be assigned to a dummy account and such can be used to offset the bill and/or used for tracking the data usage for such activities for the device. In another example, service data usage for access to a transactional service, such as a multimedia content download service (e.g., music, eBook, music/video streaming, and/or movie or other multimedia content download service), or an online shopping site (e.g., Amazon, eBay or another online shopping site), can be billed to a transactional service account assigned to a transactional

service partner that sponsors access to that sponsor's transactional service, thereby allowing that transactional service partner to pays for or offset (e.g., subsidize) the account usage for such activities, which may also be based (in whole or in part) on the transactions actually performed by the user on such transactional services (e.g., based on the volume/cost of the multimedia service download purchases by the user and/or online activities).

[00242] In some embodiments, device based service billing includes recording billing events on the device and then reporting such billing to the network (e.g., central billing 1619). In some embodiments, device based service billing includes reporting service usage events and/or applying cost look-up and logging/reporting service billing updates. For example, this allows for reporting not only service usage but also cost of such service usage to the user via the user interface of device 101. Also, for example, the cost of such service usage can also be reported to the billing server. In some embodiments, device based service billing includes reporting service usage to the network, and the network determines the cost for such service usage.

[00243] In some embodiments, billing information for roaming partners is provided. For example, a roaming server can include a roaming service cost data table for roaming service partners. In this example, when the device (e.g., device 101) connects to a roaming network provided by a roaming service partner, then the device can also receive the roaming service data rate based on the roaming service cost data table provided by the roaming server. Alternatively, the roaming server can send the roaming service cost data table (or a modified format of the same) to the device thereby allowing the device to determine the costs for such roaming network service usage or service activity. As described herein, the device can also automatically use a roaming service profile when connecting to the roaming network service and/or the user can be notified of the roaming service profile options based on the roaming service data costs and then select the desired roaming service profile accordingly.

[00244] In some embodiments, the user is provided with a list of service costs based on locally stored roaming table and a search of available roaming partners that the device 100 detects and can connect to. In some embodiments, the user is provided with a projected cost per day for one or more roaming service provider options based on typical service usage history and the cost for each service provider. In some embodiments, the user is provided with a set of

options for service usage notification, controlling or throttling service usage and/or cost while roaming (e.g., using the service notification and cost control techniques as similarly discussed herein but applied to the roaming network). In some embodiments, these controls are set by a VSP (or, e.g., an IT manager using VSP functions). In some embodiments, roaming tables are updated periodically in the background while on a home network (or other low cost network) and cached. In some embodiments, cache updates occur based on fixed time period (e.g., late at night when updates are less expensive due to network inactivity). In some embodiments, the roaming partner cost table cache updates are done whenever connected to a desirable network that is not as expensive or bandwidth constrained (e.g., at home, work, or off the WWAN). In some embodiments, updates occur at time of day that network is not busy. In some embodiments, updates occur based on network push when roaming table is changed (e.g., one or more of the roaming partners changes the rate). In some embodiments, the service cost to update the roaming service cost table is charged to bill by account and possibly not charged to end user. In some embodiments, the roaming service center is provided as a service that is paid for (e.g., potentially bill by account tracks all related costs). For example, this type of roaming cost control can be provided as a service through central provider, MVNO, roaming partner provider, VSP or as a third party application not associated with any service provider (e.g., IT manager). For example, the controls for how to update cache, set service control policies, and other controls can be defined by any number of VSP entities including the user through a website service.

[00245] In some embodiments, a roaming service center is provided as a service in which, for example, the user is provided with a list of service costs based on a locally stored (or remotely accessed) roaming table. In some embodiments, the roaming service center provides the user with a projected cost per day for one or more roaming service provider options based on typical service usage history and the cost for each service provider. In some embodiments, the roaming service center provides the user with a set of options for controlling/throttling usage and/or cost while roaming. In some embodiments, these controls are set by a VSP (e.g., an IT manager using VSP functions). For example, roaming tables can be updated periodically in the background while on a home network and cached. In some embodiments, cache updates occur based on a fixed time period. In some embodiments, the roaming partner cost table cache updates are done whenever the device is connected to a desirable network that is not as

expensive or bandwidth constrained (e.g., at home, work and/or off the WWAN). In some embodiments, updates occur at time of day that network is not busy. In some embodiments, updates occur based on a network push when a roaming table is changed (e.g., one or more of the roaming partners changes the rate). In some embodiments, the service cost to update the roaming service cost table is charged to bill by account and possibly not charged to the user. In some embodiments, the roaming service center is provided as a service that is paid for by the user and/or part of a service plan. In some embodiments, a bill by account function tracks all related costs. For example, the roaming service center can be provided as a service through central provider, MVNO, roaming partner provider, VSP or as a third party application not associated with any service provider (e.g., IT manager).

[00246] In some embodiments, a synchronized local service usage counter based on time stamped central billing information is provided. For example, the local service usage counter, as similarly described above, can also be synchronized to past service usage records (e.g., time stamped central billing records of service usage for the device) and use local estimates for current/present service usage estimates for the device. In this example, the central billing system (e.g., central billing 1619) can push the time stamped central billing information to the device (e.g., device 101), the device can pull the time stamped central billing information, and/or an intermediate server can provide a mediated push or pull process. In some embodiments, synchronization is performing periodically based on service usage levels with free-running estimates between synchronizations.

[00247] In some embodiments, service usage is projected based on calculated estimates of service usage based on synchronized service usage and local service usage count information. For example, projected service usage can be calculated on the device or calculated on a server (e.g., a billing server or an intermediate billing server), which provides the calculated projected service usage information to the device, such as using various adaptive algorithms for service usage projections. For example, an adaptive algorithm can use historical/past synchronized network service usage information (e.g., synchronized with local service usage data based on time stamps associated with IPDRs) to assist in service usage projections, based on, for example, total service usage count, service usage count by certain service related criteria (e.g., application, content, service type, website and/or time of day). In another example, an adaptive algorithm

synchronizes to past service usage data (e.g., the local estimate of past service usage data is updated to be synchronized up through the point in time associated with the latest IPDR time stamp that has been received) and current local estimates of service usage collected since the latest time stamp are then added to the time stamped IPDR service usage counter to minimize the service usage counter offset so that it is no greater than the difference between the network service usage measure and the local service usage measure since the latest IPDR time stamp. In some embodiments, these adaptive algorithm techniques are performed on the device and/or performed on the network (e.g., on a network server) for processing. In some embodiments, if there is an offset in the local device based service usage count between IPDR synchronization events and the IPDR service usage count between IPDR synchronization events, then an algorithm can be employed to estimate any systematic sources for the offset and correct the local service usage count to minimize the offsets. As an example, if the IPDR service usage count is typically off by a fixed percentage, either high or low, then an algorithm can be employed to estimate a multiplier that is applied to the local service usage count to minimize the offset between IPDR service usage synchronization events. In another example, there can be a consistent constant offset and a multiplier offset, both of which can be estimated and corrected for. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that more sophisticated algorithms can be employed to estimate the nature of any systematic offsets, including, for example, offsets that occur due to specific service usage activities or network chatter to manage the device, and such offsets can then be minimized between IPDR service synchronization events. In some embodiments, synchronized service usage data is used to create an improved analysis of the statistical patterns of service usage to provide more accurate service usage projections. Those of ordinary skill in the art will also appreciate that a variety of additional adaptive algorithm techniques can be used including those that provide for various statistical analysis techniques and/or other techniques.

[00248] In some embodiments, service usage is projected for the end of a billing/service period for a service plan versus the service usage allowed under the service plan for that billing/service period. A display of excess charges is also provided for the projected rate of service usage based on the monitored service usage behavior through the end of the billing/service period (e.g., this can be zero if the service usage is projected to be less than that allowed under the service plan and a positive cost number if it is projected to be more than the

service plan). For example, this can be implemented in numerous ways, such as on a server in the network, on a gateway/router/switch in the network, and/or on the device, as discussed below and generally described herein with respect to other service/cost usage monitoring and notification embodiments. If implemented in the network server or gateway/router/switch, then the service/cost usage projections and related information can be pushed to the device, or the device can be notified that such information is available to pull and/or periodically pushed/pulled. The service usage information/estimates can be collected from the device, the network or both (e.g., reconciled and/or synchronized) as similarly described herein. The service usage information/estimates are then analyzed to determine service usage/cost projects as similarly described herein and compared to the service plan for the device to determine the projected service/cost usage overage (if any). In some embodiments, one or more of the following are determined by, reported to and/or displayed on the device: service usage value, projected service usage value, service usage plan limit, projected service usage overage, projected service cost overage, service plan period time duration, service plan time remaining before end of period and/or other pertinent information.

[00249] In some embodiments, the device also determines service costs based on the synchronized service usage count thereby allowing the device to also report the service cost information to the user. For example, the device can locally store a service cost look-up table(s), locally store different service cost look-up tables for different networks and/or for roaming networks, and/or request such information from a billing or intermediate billing server (and/or a roaming server) on the network. As another example, the device can obtain the calculated service costs based on the synchronized local service usage count and/or network service usage count from an intermediate server (e.g., a billing or intermediate billing server) thereby offloading the computational costs associated with calculated these projections and the data storage for service cost lookup tables onto the intermediate server on the network using the network service usage counter with or, alternatively, without the synchronized local service usage counter.

[00250] In some embodiments, service usage count categorization by network (e.g., a home network (such as a Wi-Fi, WAN, femtocell or other home network) versus a roaming network) is provided. Similarly, the synchronized local service usage counter can be

synchronized by network. Also, a synchronized local service usage count for networks controlled by a central provider, for networks controlled by other providers (e.g., MVNO), and/or free networks can similarly be provided.

[00251] In some embodiments, a service notification and billing interface is provided. For example, service usage and projected service usage, such as described herein, can be displayed to the user of the device (e.g., via user interface 1697). Similarly, expected/projected service or cost overrun/overage, such as described herein, can also be displayed to the user. As another example, a most cost effective plan can be determined/projected based on historical and/or projected service usage, and this determined/projected most cost effective plan can be displayed to the user. In yet another example, a list of available networks accessible by the device can be displayed to the user. In this example, one or more undesired available networks can also be blocked from display thereby only displaying to the user desired and/or preferred available networks. In this example, service usage plans and/or service usage plan option comparison for one or more alternative networks or roaming networks can also be displayed to the user. Similarly, service cost plans and/or service/cost plan option comparison for one or more alternative networks or roaming networks can also be displayed to the user. In addition, roaming service usage, projected roaming service usage, estimated roaming service cost, and/or projected estimated roaming service cost can also be displayed to the user. These roaming service usage/costs can also be displayed to the user so that the user can utilize this information for selecting various roaming service billing options. In another example, alternative and/or least cost networks are determined and displayed to the user. In another example, alternative warnings are displayed to the user for any or specified roaming networks.

[00252] In some embodiments, the service notification and billing interface notifies the user of expected network coverage (e.g., based on the device's current geography/location and the accessible networks for the device from that current geography/location) and displays options to the user based on the expected network coverage information. In some embodiments, the service notification and billing interface notifies the user of their current service usage at specified service usage points and displays various options to the user (e.g., service usage options and/or billing options). For example, the user's responses to the presented options are recorded (e.g., stored locally on the device at least temporarily for reporting purposes or

permanently in a local configuration data store until such configuration settings are otherwise modified or reset) and reported, such as to the billing server (e.g., central billing 1619). For example, user input, such as selected options and/or corresponding policy settings, can be stored locally on the device via a cache system. As another example, the service notification and billing interface displays options to the user for how the user wants to be notified and how the user wants to control service usage costs, the user's input on such notification options is recorded, and the cost control options (e.g., and the billing agent 1695 and policy control agent 1692) are configured accordingly. Similarly, the user's input on service plan options/changes can be recorded, and the service plan options/changes (e.g., and the billing agent 1695 and policy control agent 1692) are configured/updated accordingly. In another example, the service notification and billing interface provides various traffic control profiles, such as for where the user requests assistance in controlling service usage costs (e.g., service data usage and/or transactional usage related activities/costs). Similarly, the service notification and billing interface can provide various notification options, such as for where the user wants advance warning on service coverage. In another example, the service notification and billing interface provides options for automatic pre-buy at a set point in service usage. In another example, the service notification and billing interface provides the option to choose different notification and cost control options for alternative networks or roaming networks.

[00253] In some embodiments, an online portal or web server is provided for allowing the user to select and/or update policy settings. For example, user input provided via the online portal/web server can be recorded and reported to the billing server (e.g., central billing 1619). In another example, the online portal/web server can display transaction billing information and/or accept input for a transaction billing request, which can then be reported to the billing server accordingly.

[00254] As shown in Figure 16, the service processor 115 includes a service interface or user interface 1697. In some embodiments, the user interface 1697 provides the user with information and accepts user choices or preferences on one or more of the following: user service information, user billing information, service activation, service plan selection or change, service usage or service activity counters, remaining service status, service usage projections, service usage overage possibility warnings, service cost status, service cost projections, service

usage control policy options, privacy/CRM/GPS related options, and/or other service related information, settings, and/or options. For example, the user interface 1697 can collect service usage information from service monitor agent 1696 to update the local service usage counter (and/or, alternatively, the service usage information is obtained from the service controller 122) to update user interface service usage or service cost information for display to the user. As another example, service billing records obtained from central billing system 1619 can be used to synchronize local service usage counters and service monitor agent 1696 information to perform real-time updating of local service usage counters between billing system 1619 synchronizations. As another example, the user interface 1697 can display options and accept user preference feedback, such as similarly discussed above with respect to user privacy/CRM/GPS filtering, traffic monitoring and service controls. For example, the user interface 1697 can allow the user of the device to modify their privacy settings, provide user feedback on service preferences and/or service experiences, modify their service profiles (e.g., preferences, settings, configurations, and/or network settings and options), to review service usage data (e.g., based on local service usage counters and/or other data monitored by the service processor 115), to receive various events or triggers (e.g., based on projected service usage/costs), and/or the user interface 1697 can provide/support various other user input/output for service control and service usage.

[00255] In some embodiments, by providing the service policy implementation and the control of service policy implementation to the preferences of the user, and/or by providing the user with the option of specifying or influencing how the various service notification and control policies or control algorithms are implemented, the user is provided with options for how to control the service experience, the service cost, the capabilities of the service, the manner in which the user is notified regarding service usage or service cost, the level of sensitive user information that is shared with the network or service provider entity, and the manner in which certain service usage activities may or may not be throttled, accelerated, blocked, enabled and/or otherwise controlled. Accordingly, some embodiments provide the service control to beneficially optimize user cost versus service capabilities or capacities in a manner that facilitates an optimized user experience and does not violate network neutrality goals, regulations and/or requirements. For example, by offering the user with a set of choices, ranging from simple choices between two or more pre-packaged service control settings options to advanced user screens where more detailed level of user specification and control is made

available, some embodiments allow the service provider, device manufacturer, device distributor, MVNO, VSP, service provider partner, and/or other "entity" to implement valuable or necessary service controls while allowing the user to decide or influence the decision on which service usage activities are controlled, such as how they are controlled or throttled and which service usage activities may not be throttled or controlled in some manner. These various embodiments allow the service provider, device manufacturer, device distributor, MVNO, VSP, service provider partner, or other "entity" to assist the user in managing services in a manner that is network neutral with respect to their implementation and service control policies, because the user is making or influencing the decisions, for example, on cost versus service capabilities or quality. By further providing user control or influence on the filtering settings for the service usage reporting or CRM reporting, various levels of service usage and other user information associated with device usage can be transmitted to the network, service provider, device manufacturer, device distributor, MVNO, VSP, service provider partner, and/or other "entity" in a manner specified or influenced by the user to maintain the user's desired level of information privacy.

[00256] As shown in Figure 16, the service processor 115 includes the service downloader 1663. In some embodiments, the service downloader 1663 provides a download function to install or update service software elements on the device. In some embodiments, the service downloader 1663 requires a secure signed version of software before a download is accepted. For example, the download can require a unique key for a particular service downloader 1663. As another example, the service downloader 1663 can be stored or execute in secure memory or execute a secure memory partition in the CPU memory space. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are a variety of other security techniques that can be used to ensure the integrity of the service downloader 1663.

[00257] As shown in Figure 16, the service processor 115 includes a modem driver 1640. In some embodiments, the modem driver 1640 converts data traffic into modem bus (not shown) traffic for one or more modems via the modem firewall 1655. As shown in Figure 18, in some embodiments, modem selection and control 1811 selects the access network connection and is in communication with the modem firewall 1655, and modem drivers 1831, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812 convert data traffic into modem bus traffic for one or more modems and are in

communication with the modem selection and control 1811. As shown in Figure 21, in some embodiments, modems 2141, 2125, 2124, 2123, 2122, which are in communication with the modem bus 2120, connect the device to one or more networks. In some embodiments, different profiles are selected based on the selected network connection (e.g., different service profiles/policies for WWAN, WLAN, WPAN, Ethernet and/or DSL network connections), which is also referred to herein as multimode profile setting. For example, service profile settings can be based on the actual access network (e.g., home DSL/cable or work network) behind the Wi-Fi not the fact that it is Wi-Fi (or any other network, such as DSL/cable, satellite, or T-1), which is viewed as different than accessing a Wi-Fi network at the coffee shop. For example, in a Wi-Fi hotspot situation in which there are a significant number of users on a DSL or T-1 backhaul, the service controller can sit in a service provider cloud or an MVNO cloud, the service controls can be provided by a VSP capability offered by the service provider (e.g., as described herein with respect to Figure 49) or the service controller can be owned by the hotspot service provider that uses the service controller on their own without any association with an access network service provider. For example, the service processors can be controlled by the service controller to divide up the available bandwidth at the hotspot according to QoS or user sharing rules (e.g., with some users having higher differentiated priority (potentially for higher service payments) than other users). As another example, ambient services (as similarly described herein) can be provided for the hotspot for verified service processors.

[00258] In some embodiments, the service processor 115 and service controller 122 are capable of assigning multiple service profiles associated with multiple service plans that the user chooses individually or in combination as a package. For example, a device 100 starts with ambient services that include free transaction services wherein the user pays for transactions or events rather than the basic service (e.g., a news service, eReader, PND service, pay as you go session Internet) in which each service is supported with a bill by account capability to correctly account for any subsidized partner billing to provide the transaction services (e.g., Barnes and Noble may pay for the eReader service and offer a revenue share to the service provider for any book or magazine transactions purchased form the device 100). In some embodiments, the bill by account service can also track the transactions and, in some embodiments, advertisements for the purpose of revenue sharing, all using the service monitoring capabilities disclosed herein. After initiating services with the free ambient service discussed above, the user may later choose

a post-pay monthly Internet, email and SMS service. In this case, the service controller 122 would obtain from the billing system 123 in the case of network based billing (or in some embodiments the service controller 122 billing event server 1622 in the case of device based billing) the billing plan code for the new Internet, email and SMS service. In some embodiments, this code is cross referenced in a database (e.g., the policy management server 1652) to find the appropriate service profile for the new service in combination with the initial ambient service. The new superset service profile is then applied so that the user maintains free access to the ambient services, and the billing partners continue to subsidize those services, the user also gets access to Internet services and may choose the service control profile (e.g., from one of the embodiments disclosed herein). The superset profile is the profile that provides the combined capabilities of two or more service profiles when the profiles are applied to the same device 100 service processor. In some embodiments, the device 100 (service processor 115) can determine the superset profile rather than the service controller 122 when more than one "stackable" service is selected by the user or otherwise applied to the device. The flexibility of the service processor 115 and service controller 122 embodiments described herein allow for a large variety of service profiles to be defined and applied individually or as a superset to achieve the desired device 100 service features.

[00259] As shown in Figure 16, the service controller 122 includes a service control server link 1638. In some embodiments, device based service control techniques involving supervision across a network (e.g., on the control plane) are more sophisticated, and for such it is increasingly important to have an efficient and flexible control plane communication link between the device agents (e.g., of the service processor 115) and the network elements (e.g., of the service controller 122) communicating with, controlling, monitoring, or verifying service policy. For example, the communication link between the service control server link 1638 of service controller 122 and the service control device link 1691 of the service processor 115 can provide an efficient and flexible control plane communication link, a service control link 1653 as shown in Figure 16, and, in some embodiments, this control plane communication link provides for a secure (e.g., encrypted) communications link for providing secure, bidirectional communications between the service processor 115 and the service controller 122. In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 provides the network side of a system for transmission and reception of service agent to/from network element functions. In some

embodiments, the traffic efficiency of this link is enhanced by buffering and framing multiple agent messages in the transmissions (e.g., thereby reducing network chatter). In some embodiments, the traffic efficiency is further improved by controlling the transmission frequency and/or linking the transmission frequency to the rate of service usage or traffic usage. In some embodiments, one or more levels of security and/or encryption are used to secure the link against potential discovery, eavesdropping or compromise of communications on the link. In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 also provides the communications link and heartbeat timing for the agent heartbeat function. As discussed below, various embodiments described herein for the service control server link 1638 provide an efficient and secure mechanism for transmitting and receiving service policy implementation, control, monitoring and verification information between the device agents (e.g., service processor agents/components) and other network elements (e.g., service controller agents/components).

[00260] In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 can employ the counterpart service control plane secure transmission methods discussed above with respect to the service control device link 1691. For example, one or more layers of security can be used to secure the communications link, including, for example, basic IP layer security, TCP layer security, service control link layer security, and/or security specific from service controller servers to service processor agents.

[00261] In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 reduces network chatter by efficiently transmitting service control related communications over the link. For example, the service control server link 1638 can transmit server messages asynchronously as they arrive. As another example, the service control server link 1638 can perform collection or buffering of server messages between transmissions. As another example, the service control server link 1638 can determine when to transmit based potentially on several parameters, such as one or more of: periodic timer trigger, waiting until a certain amount of service usage or traffic usage has occurred, responding to a service agent message, responding to a service agent request, initiated by one or more servers, initiated by a verification error condition, and/or initiated by some other error condition. For example, once a transmission trigger has occurred, the service control server link 1638 can take all buffered agent communications and frame the communications. In addition, the service control server link 1638 can provide for an efficient

communication link based on various embodiments related to the timing of transmissions over the service control link, as similarly discussed above with respect to the service control device link 1691 description. For example, the timing functions, such as asynchronous messages or polling for messages, constant frequency transmission, transmission based on how much service usage or data traffic usage has taken place, transmission in response to device side control link message, service verification error events, other error events, and/or other message transmission trigger criteria can be determined, controlled and/or initiated by either the device side or the network side depending on the embodiment.

[00262] In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 provides for securing, signing, encrypting and/or otherwise protecting the communications before sending such communications over the service control link 1653. For example, the service control server link 1638 can send to the transport layer or directly to the link layer for transmission. In another example, the service control server link 1638 further secures the communications with transport layer encryption, such as TCP TLS or another secure transport layer protocol. As another example, the service control server link 1638 can encrypt at the link layer, such as using IPSEC, various possible VPN services, other forms of IP layer encryption and/or another link layer encryption technique.

[00263] In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 includes the agent heartbeat function in which the agents provide certain required reports to the service processor for the purpose of service policy implementation verification or for other purposes. For example, the heartbeat function can also be used to issue queries or challenges, messages, service settings, service control objectives, information requests or polling, error checks and/or other communications to the agents. As another example, agent heartbeat messages can be in the open or encrypted, signed and/or otherwise secured. Additional heartbeat function and the content of heartbeat messages can be provided as similarly described herein, such as described above with respect to the service control device link 1691 and the access control integrity agent 1694 and other sections. In some embodiments, the service controller 122 and/or agents of the service controller 122 are programmed to periodically provide reports, such as upon a heartbeat response (e.g., an agent can repeatedly send necessary reports each heartbeat), and appropriate actions can then be taken based upon such received reports. Accordingly, the heartbeat function

provides an important and efficient system in various embodiments described herein for verifying the service policy implementation and/or protecting against compromise events. There are many other functions the agent heartbeat service can perform many of which are discussed herein, while many others will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art given the principles, design background and various embodiments provided herein.

[00264] In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 also provides a service control software download function for various embodiments, which, for example, can include a download of new service software elements, revisions of service software elements, and/or dynamic refreshes of service software elements of the service processor 115 on the device. In some embodiments, this function is performed by the service control server link 1638 transmitting the service control software as a single file over the service control link. For example, the file can have encryption or signed encryption beyond any provided by the communication link protocol itself for service control link 1653. In another example, the service control software files can be segmented/divided into smaller packets that are transmitted in multiple messages sent over the service control link 1653. In yet another example, the service control software files can be transmitted using other delivery mechanism, such as a direct TCP socket connection from a service download control server 1660, which can also involve secure transport and additional levels of encryption. In some embodiments, the service control server link 1638 and/or service download control server 1660 use(s) an agent serial number and/or a security key look up when agents are updated and/or when a dynamic agent download occurs.

[00265] As shown in Figure 16, the service controller 122 includes an access control integrity server 1654. In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 collects device information on service policy, service usage, agent configuration and/or agent behavior. For example, the access control integrity server 1654 can cross check this information to identify integrity breaches in the service policy implementation and control system. In another example, the access control integrity server 1654 can initiate action when a service policy violation or a system integrity breach is suspected.

[00266] In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 (and/or some other agent of service controller 122) acts on access control integrity agent reports and error

conditions. Many of the access control integrity agent 1654 checks can be accomplished by the server. For example, the access control integrity agent 1654 checks include one or more of the following: service usage measure against usage range consistent with policies (e.g., usage measure from the network and/or from the device); configuration of agents; operation of the agents; and/or dynamic agent download.

[00267] In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 (and/or some other agent of service controller 122) verifies device service policy implementations by comparing various service usage measures (e.g., based on network monitored information, such as by using IPDRs, and/or local service usage monitoring information) against expected service usage behavior given the policies that are intended to be in place. For example, device service policy implementations can include measuring total data passed, data passed in a period of time, IP addresses, data per IP address, and/or other measures such as location, downloads, email accessed, URLs, and comparing such measures expected service usage behavior given the policies that are intended to be in place.

[00268] In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 (and/or some other agent of service controller 122) verifies device service policy, and the verification error conditions that can indicate a mismatch in service measure and service policy include one or more of the following: unauthorized network access (e.g., access beyond ambient service policy limits); unauthorized network speed (e.g., average speed beyond service policy limit); network data amount does not match policy limit (e.g., device not stop at limit without re-up/revising service policy); unauthorized network address; unauthorized service usage (e.g., VOIP, email, and/or web browsing); unauthorized application usage (e.g., email, VOIP, email, and/or web); service usage rate too high for plan, and policy controller not controlling/throttling it down; and/or any other mismatch in service measure and service policy.

[00269] In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 (and/or some other agent of service controller 122) verifies device service policy based at least in part on, for example, various error conditions that indicate a mismatch in service measure and service policy. For example, various verification error conditions that can indicate a mismatch in service measure and service policy include one or more of the following: mismatch in one service

measure and another service measure; agent failure to report in; agent failure to respond to queries (e.g., challenge-response sequence and/or expected periodic agent reporting); agent failure to respond correctly to challenge/response sequence; agent improperly configured; agent failure in self checks; agent failure in cross-checks; unauthorized agent communication or attempted unauthorized communication; failure in service policy implementation test; failure in service usage reporting test; failure in service usage billing test; failure in transaction billing test; failure in download sequence; environment compromise event, such as unauthorized software load or execution (or attempt), unauthorized memory access (or attempt), unauthorized agent access (or attempt), known harmful software, and/or known harmful communications signature; and/or failure to respond to various messages, such as send message and suspend and/or send message and quarantine. In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 (and/or some other agent of service controller 122) verifies device service policy by performing automated queries and analysis, which are then reported (e.g., anomalous/suspicious report results can be reported for further analysis by a person responsible for determining whether such activities indicate out of policy activities or to provide information to the user to inform the user of such anomalous/suspicious report results that may indicate out of policy activities). For example, the user can review the report to authorize whether such activities were performed by the user (e.g., website access requests, specific transactions, and/or phone calls) and/or indicate that such activities were not authorized by the user (e.g., indicate a potential compromise of the device, such as by malware or other unauthorized software/user use of the device). In another example, the user can also be connected to communicate with service support of the service provider regarding such reported activities (e.g., by text/chat, voice/phone, and/or video conference to a service support). Accordingly, in some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 (and/or some other agent of service controller 122) provides a policy/service control integrity service to continually (e.g., periodically and/or based on trigger events) verify that the service control of the device has not been compromised and/or is not behaving out of policy.

[00270] In some embodiments, upon detection of one or more service verification errors, such as the various service verification errors discussed above, the device is directed to a quarantine network status in which the device can, for example, only access network control plane functions, billing functions, and other functions generally controlled by the access network

service provider or the central service provider. For example, quarantine network access restrictions and routing can be accomplished with the access network AAA and routing system (e.g., access network AAA server 1621 and one or more of the gateways 410, 420, 508, 512, 520, 608, 612, 620, 708, 712, 720) or can be accomplished with device based access control or traffic control policy implementation. Quarantine network equipment or servers can, for example, be located within the access network or within another network with access to the access network. Communication with the quarantine network infrastructure can be accomplished, for example, with a secure link with one or more encryption levels or a dedicated private link. In some embodiments, quarantining a device includes, for example, a two step process for routing quarantine network device traffic, first, to a quarantine traffic handling router or server and, second, from there to the actual quarantine network infrastructure, with the route being determined by device parameters, user parameters, access service provider parameters or other parameters associated with the quarantine network routing. In some embodiments, the device is completely suspended from the network in which, for example, the device can first issue a user interface message to the user or issuing another form of a message to the user or service subscriber, such as via email, hard copy message and/or voice message. In some embodiments, the device network access, service capabilities and/or traffic shaping are limited, partially restricted or completely restricted, service capabilities. For example, these limitations and/or restrictions can be implemented in the device and/or in the network. For example, implementing a device quarantine (e.g., using a RADIUS server to quarantine the device) can involve assigning the device to a different billing profile.

[00271] In some embodiments, upon detection of one or more service verification errors, such as the various service verification errors discussed above, switch based port analysis is performed to further monitor the device (e.g., referred to as Switched Port Analyzer (SPAN) on Cisco switches, and various other vendors have different names for it, such as Roving Analysis Port (RAP) on 3Com switches). In some embodiments, the device service policy implementation behavior is monitored at a deeper level in the network by copying device traffic in the switch so that it goes to both an intended data path destination and to a specified port for switch based port analysis (e.g., the traffic content can be analyzed and recorded using deep packet inspection (DPI) techniques, which can provide a finer level of detail than the typical IPDR). For example, an advantage of performing a switch based port analysis function is that

the traffic need not be analyzed in real time, and a sample subset of the devices on the network can be selected for such analysis based on, for example, either identifying devices that have suspect service policy implementation behavior and/or a regular sampling algorithm that eventually samples all devices, or some other selection approaches. As another example, a scheduled switch based port analysis sampling can be applied that eventually rotates through all devices and designates a higher priority in the sampling queue for devices that are suspect.

[00272] In some embodiments, switch based port analysis allows for off-line sampled or non-real-time DPI, as described above, as a verification measure for the device based service control measures that are implemented. In some embodiments, sophisticated DPI techniques are used to enhance the content of the IPDRs so that they provide detailed information that can be made available in the network. For example, some of the DPI packet analysis may be redundant between the device and the network, but this approach provides for a much finer grain validation for the device based service and less reliance on the device for some of the service traffic analysis that service providers need. In some embodiments, the device control server functions and the service control policy verification functions are implemented in an integrated hardware/software system (e.g., a gateway, server, router, switch, base station, base station aggregator, AAA server cluster or any other hardware or hardware/software system) located in the network that the network level traffic inspection is accomplished in, or in one or more servers integrated to operate in a coordinated manner with the DPI boxes. In some embodiments, the device control server functions and the service control policy verification functions are implemented in an integrated hardware/software system (e.g., a gateway, server, router, switch, base station, base station aggregator, AAA server cluster or any other hardware or hardware/software system) located in the network that provides deep service control capability (e.g., using DPI techniques) for devices that have some or all of the service processor functions installed and, in some embodiments, also providing coarser network control of the basics for devices that do not have a service processor installed in the device (e.g., such coarser network control functions include max data rate and/or max total data).

[00273] In some embodiments, the SPAN function is used in a revolving periodic manner as well to augment CDR data with deeper packet information for the purpose of spot-checking device based service usage measures. Examples of where this can be beneficial include spot

checking network address access policies, spot checking ambient access policies, spot checking billing event reports, spot checking intermediate networking device/end point device count (via checking network source or destination addresses, token, cookies or other credentials, etc). For example, the periodic SPAN can be scheduled for all devices equally, for certain devices or users with higher priority, frequency or depth of SPAN than others, higher priority, higher frequency or immediate priority for devices with higher usage patterns or unusual usage patterns, immediate or very high priority for devices with a policy violation status.

[00274] In some embodiments, a combination traffic inspection and service control approach implements traffic and service control functions in the network that are conducive for a network based implementation and implements traffic and service control functions in the device that are either more conducive for performing in the device or can only be performed in the device (e.g., activities involving inspection of traffic that is encrypted once it is transmitted to the network). For example, using this approach, activities that can be done in the network are generally performed in the network and/or are more efficiently performed in the network than the device, and activities that are more efficiently performed in the device or can only be performed in the device are performed in the device (e.g., depending on device processing/storage capabilities and/or other design/security considerations). For example, the following are various traffic and service control functions that, in some embodiments, are preferably or can only be performed in the device: network based packet processing capability limitations (e.g., encrypted traffic, application layer information unavailable once the traffic goes into the networking stack, other application/usage context information available on the device but not in the network); information that is generally/preferably maintained and processed locally in the device for network neutrality reasons (e.g., network neutrality issues can generally be efficiently implemented by keeping all, substantially all or at least some aspect of decisions on how to implement algorithms to control traffic local to the device and under user decision control, and/or by providing the user with a set of pre-packaged choices on how to manage service usage or service activity usage or manage service usage versus service cost or price); information that is generally/preferably maintained and processed locally in the device for user privacy reasons (e.g., deeper levels of traffic monitoring and service usage monitoring data where it is available for assisting the user in achieving the best, lowest cost experience and implementing a CRM filter function to the user so that the user can control the level of CRM the network is allowed to

receive, such as with the higher levels of information being exchanged for something of value to the user, and/or user location information); information that is generally/preferably maintained and processed locally in the device for the purpose of informing the user of service control settings or service activity usage or to adjust service activity control settings or receive user feedback to choices regarding service usage policies or billing options (e.g., providing the user with a UI for the purpose of monitoring an estimate of service usage and/or notifying the user of at least some aspect of estimated service usage or projected service usage, providing the user with a UI for the purpose of monitoring an estimate of service cost and/or notifying the user of at least some aspect of estimated service cost or projected service cost, providing the user with a UI for the purpose of providing the user with one or more service usage and/or service cost notification messages that require user acknowledgement and/or a user decision and obtaining or reporting the user acknowledgements and/or decisions, providing the user with a UI for the purpose of providing the user with service options and/or service payment options, providing the user with a UI for the purpose of obtaining user choice for such options when service usage or cost estimates are about to run over limits or have run over limits or are projected to run over limits, providing the user with a UI for the purpose of monitoring or conducting open central billing transactions or other transactions, providing the user with a UI for the purpose of selecting the service control techniques and/or policies and/or algorithms and/or pre-packaged configurations that can be used to define or partially define the service activity usage control policies implemented in the device service processor or the network service control equipment/billing system or a combination of both); service control for roaming on different networks that typically do not have compatible DPI-type techniques with the home network; certain service notification and traffic control algorithms (e.g., stack-ranked activity statistical analysis and control of only the high usage activities); and/or a function for assigning a device to a service experience or ambient activation experience or virtual service provider (VSP) at various times from manufacturing to device distribution to a user of the device. In some embodiments, certain activities are implemented in the device as a solution for networks in which a new centralized DPI approach is not possible, not economically feasible, or for any number of reasons not an option or not a preferred option.

[00275] In some embodiments, a network based solution is provided for a more basic set of services for all devices that do not have service control capabilities, and a super-set of services

and/or additional services are provided for devices that include a service processor. As described herein, a service controller function can be located in various places in the network in accordance with various embodiments . It should also be noted that various other embodiments described herein also employ a hybrid service control function performing certain service control functions in the network (e.g., collecting network service usage information, such as IPDRs, and/or performing DPI related functions in the network for collecting network service usage information and/or throttling/shaping traffic) and service control functions in the device (e.g., service processor 115, which, for example, monitors service usage in the device and/or performs throttling or traffic shaping in the device and/or performs certain billing event recording and reporting functions that are aptly performed on the device).

[00276] In some embodiments, lower level service policy implementation embodiments are combined with a higher level set of service policy supervision functions to provide device assisted verifiable network access control, authentication and authorization services.

[00277] In some embodiments, device based access control services are extended and combined with other policy design techniques to create a simplified device activation process and connected user experience referred to herein as ambient activation. As similarly discussed above, ambient activation can be provided by setting access control to a fixed destination, verifying access with IPDRs, verifying access by setting a max data rate and triggering off in the network if it exceeds the max data rate, and/or by various other techniques.

[00278] As shown in Figure 16, service controller 122 includes a service history server 1650. In some embodiments, the service history server 1650 collects and records service usage or service activity reports from the Access Network AAA Server 1621 and the Service Monitor Agent 1696. For example, although service usage history from the network elements can in certain embodiments be less detailed than service history from the device, the service history from the network can provide a valuable source for verification of device service policy implementation, because, for example, it is extremely difficult for a device error or compromise event on the device to compromise the network based equipment and software. For example, service history reports from the device can include various service tracking information, as similarly described above. In some embodiments, the service history server 1650 provides the

service history on request to other servers and/or one or more agents. In some embodiments, the service history server 1650 provides the service usage history to the device service history 1618. In some embodiments, for purposes of facilitating the activation tracking service functions (described below), the service history server 1650 maintains a history of which networks the device has connected to. For example, this network activity summary can include a summary of the networks accessed, activity versus time per connection, and/or traffic versus time per connection. As another example, this activity summary can further be analyzed or reported to estimate the type of service plan associated with the traffic activity for the purpose of bill sharing reconciliation.

[00279] As shown in Figure 16, service controller 122 includes a policy management server 1652. In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 transmits policies to the service processor 115 via the service control link 1653. In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 manages policy settings on the device (e.g., various policy settings as described herein with respect to various embodiments) in accordance with a device service profile. In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 sets instantaneous policies on policy implementation agents (e.g., policy implementation agent 1690). For example, the policy management server 1652 can issue policy settings, monitor service usage and, if necessary, modify policy settings. For example, in the case of a user who prefers for the network to manage their service usage costs, or in the case of any adaptive policy management needs, the policy management server 1652 can maintain a relatively high frequency of communication with the device to collect traffic and/or service measures and issue new policy settings. In this example, device monitored service measures and any user service policy preference changes are reported, periodically and/or based on various triggers/events/requests, to the policy management server 1652. In this example, user privacy settings generally require secure communication with the network (e.g., a secure service control link 1653), such as with the policy management server 1652, to ensure that various aspects of user privacy are properly maintained during such configuration requests/policy settings transmitted over the network. For example, information can be compartmentalized to service policy management and not communicated to other databases used for CRM for maintaining user privacy.

[00280] In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 provides adaptive policy management on the device. For example, the policy management server 1652 can issue policy settings and objectives and rely on the device based policy management (e.g., service processor 115) for some or all of the policy adaptation. This approach can require less interaction with the device thereby reducing network chatter on service control link 1653 for purposes of device policy management (e.g., network chatter is reduced relative to various server/network based policy management approaches described above). This approach can also provide robust user privacy embodiments by allowing the user to configure the device policy for user privacy preferences/settings so that, for example, sensitive information (e.g., geo-location data, website history) is not communicated to the network without the user's approval. In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 adjusts service policy based on time of day. In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 receives, requests or otherwise obtains a measure of network availability and adjusts traffic shaping policy and/or other policy settings based on available network capacity.

[00281] In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 performs a service control algorithm to assist in managing overall network capacity or application QoS. In some embodiments, the policy management server 1652 performs an algorithm to determine which access network is best to connect to, such as based on network capacity or application QoS, service usage costs, and/or any other criteria. In some embodiments, the device is capable of connecting to more than one network, and accordingly, device service policies can be selected/modified based on which network the device is connected to. In some embodiments, the network control plane servers detect a network connection change from a first network to a second network and initiate the service policy implementation established for the second network. In other embodiments, the device based adaptive policy control agent (e.g., policy control agent 1692 described herein) detects network connection changes from the first network to the second network and implements the service policies established for the second network.

[00282] In some embodiments, when more than one access network is available, the network is chosen based on which network is most preferred according to a network preference list or according to the network that optimizes a network cost function. For example, the preference list can be pre-established by the service provide and/or the user. For example, the

network cost function can be based on a minimum service cost, maximum network performance, determining whether or not the user or device has access to the network, maximizing service provider connection benefit, reducing connections to alternative paid service providers, and/or a variety of other network preference criteria. In other embodiments, the device detects when one or more preferred networks are not available, implements a network selection function or intercepts other network selection functions, and offers a connection to the available service network that is highest on a preference list. For example, the preference list can be set by the service provider, the user and/or the service subscriber.

[00283] As shown in Figure 16, service controller 122 includes a network traffic analysis server 1656. In some embodiments, the network traffic analysis server 1656 collects/receives service usage history for devices and/or groups of devices and analyzes the service usage. In some embodiments, the network traffic analysis server 1656 presents service usage statistics in various formats to identify improvements in network service quality and/or service profitability. In other embodiments, the network traffic analysis server 1656 estimates the service quality and/or service usage for the network under variable settings on potential service policy. In other embodiments, the network traffic analysis server 1656 identifies actual or potential service behaviors by one or more devices that are causing problems for overall network service quality or service cost.

[00284] As shown in Figure 16, service controller 122 includes a beta test server 1658. In some embodiments, the beta test server 1658 publishes candidate service plan policy settings to one or more devices. In some embodiments, the beta test server 1658 provides summary reports of network service usage or user feedback information for one or more candidate service plan policy settings. In some embodiments, the beta test server 1658 provides a mechanism to compare the beta test results for different candidate service plan policy settings or select the optimum candidates for further policy settings optimization.

[00285] As shown in Figure 16, service controller 122 includes a service download control server 1660. In some embodiments, the service download control server 1660 provides a download function to install and/or update service software elements (e.g., the service processor 115 and/or agents/components of the service processor 115) on the device, as described herein.

[00286] As shown in Figure 16, service controller 122 includes a billing event server 1662. In some embodiments, the billing event server 1662 collects billing events, provides service plan information to the service processor 115, provides service usage updates to the service processor 115, serves as interface between device and central billing server 1619, and/or provides trusted third party function for certain ecommerce billing transactions.

[00287] As shown in Figure 16, the Access Network AAA server 1621 is in network communication with the access network 1610. In some embodiments, the Access Network AAA server 1621 provides the necessary access network AAA services (e.g., access control and authorization functions for the device access layer) to allow the devices onto the central provider access network and the service provider network. In some embodiments, another layer of access control is required for the device to gain access to other networks, such as the Internet, a corporate network and/or a machine to machine network. This additional layer of access control can be implemented, for example, by the service processor 115 on the device. In some embodiments, the Access Network AAA server 1621 also provides the ability to suspend service for a device and resume service for a device based on communications received from the service controller 122. In some embodiments, the Access Network AAA server 1621 also provides the ability to direct routing for device traffic to a quarantine network or to restrict or limit network access when a device quarantine condition is invoked. In some embodiments, the Access Network AAA server 1621 also records and reports device network service usage (e.g., device network service usage can be reported to device service history 1618).

[00288] As shown in Figure 16, the device service history 1618 is in network communication with the access network 1610. In some embodiments, the device service history 1618 provides service usage data records used for various purposes in various embodiments. In some embodiments, the device service history 1618 is used to assist in verifying service policy implementation. In some embodiments, the device service history 1618 is used to verify service monitoring. In some embodiments, the device service history 1618 is used to verify billing records and/or billing policy implementation. In some embodiments, the device service history 1618 is used to synchronize and/or verify the local service usage counter.

[00289] As shown in Figure 16, the central provider billing server 1619 is in network communication with the access network 1610. In some embodiments, the central provider billing server 1619 provides a mediation function for central provider billing events. For example, the central provider billing server 1619 can accept service plan changes. In some embodiments, the central provider billing server 1619 provides updates on device service usage, service plan limits and/or service policies. In some embodiments, the central provider billing server 1619 collects billing events, formulates bills, bills service users, provides certain billing event data and service plan information to the service controller 122 and/or device 100.

[00290] **Establishing Coordinated Service and Verification Policies for Service Processor, Service Controller and Network Functions**

[00291] In some embodiments, device and network apparatus coordinate one or more of the following: network service policy implementation settings, device service policy implementation settings, network service profile implementation settings, device service profile implementation settings, network service usage measures used for the purpose of verifying service policy implementation, device service usage measures used for the purpose of verifying service policy implementation, network actions taken upon detection of service usage policy violation and device actions taken upon detection of service usage policy violation. In some embodiments, local device settings for the service monitoring, usage and/or billing profile or policy settings used, for example, by a device service processor 115, are associated with corresponding records for the various network apparatus that also rely upon the service policy and profile settings to monitor, control and/or bill for services or to respond to out of policy service usage conditions. For example, such network apparatus include the service controller 122 or similar functions, the billing system 123 or similar functions, the network AAA 121, gateways 410, 420, 508, 512, 520, 608, 612, 620, 708, 712, 720, or other networking equipment. In some embodiments, the service profile or policy settings are associated between the device and network in a manner that allows for effective and coordinated operation between the device service processor 115 and the network apparatus, but does not require an explicit function that simultaneously controls/ coordinates the service policy or profile implementation and/or verification actions taken by the device 100 (e.g., the service processor 115) and the network

apparatus. As an example, such embodiments can be applied in overlay applications as discussed below.

[00292] In some embodiments, a network function (e.g., the service controller 122, and/or more specifically the policy management server 1652 function, or other similar function) obtain, derive or otherwise determine the association of the service profile or policy settings to program a device service processor 115 and the various network apparatus functions (e.g., possibly including but not limited to the service controller 122 or similar functions, the billing system 123 or similar functions, the network AAA 121, gateways 410, 420, 508, 512, 520, 608, 612, 620, 708, 712, 720, or other networking equipment) by reading, receiving, querying, pulling or otherwise obtaining the settings from one or more of the network apparatus functions or from a data base that stores the service policy or profile settings for one or more of the network apparatus functions. After obtaining one or more of the network apparatus settings, a mapping (e.g., an association) of the network apparatus settings to the appropriate device 100 (service processor 115) settings can be determined to advantageously support the service usage monitoring, service usage control, service usage billing or service usage verification objectives being addressed. The policy or profile settings for the device can be a direct translation of the policy or profile settings used for the network apparatus, or the device policy or profile settings can be less directly derived from the network apparatus policy or profile settings. For example, service usage limits contained in the billing system 123 service plan can be either directly mapped to usage limit settings on the device service processor 115 (e.g., service usage stops when the limit is hit or the user is notified or the user is billed), or the usage limits can be mapped to a number of service profiles the user may select from (e.g. , as discussed herein, the user can select from options involving various actual usage versus usage limit notification policies and/or service usage control, limitations or throttling policies).

[00293] For example, the service usage policy or profile limits or allowances maintained for the network apparatus functions (e.g., the service profile or service plan usage limits stored in the billing system 123 or AAA 121) can be read or queried by a network function (e.g., the service controller 122 or the service controller 122 through a second intermediary server connected to the billing system 123 and/or the AAA system 121), and the service usage limits stored in these networking apparatus can be either directly translated to the settings for the

service processor 115 or may need to be interpreted, expanded or otherwise modified to obtain the required service processor 115 policy and/or profile settings.

[00294] In some embodiments, the service usage limits set in the billing system 123 service plan record, and/or the service profile record stored in the AAA system 121 can be acquired (e.g., from the apparatus or from a database storing the settings for the apparatus) by the service controller (or another network function) and directly translated and used to program the settings in the service processor 123. In some embodiments, the service usage limits are determined or obtained by the activation server apparatus embodiments, other apparatus embodiments associated with service activation, or the virtual service provider embodiments, as described herein. In this manner, once the association of the service usage profile or policy settings used by a device service processor 115 and the profile or policy settings used by the various network apparatus functions is established, then the service policy or profile for service monitoring, control, billing, verification and/or actions taken on verification error can be coordinated between device and network even if some of the network functions act independent of some of the device functions.

[00295] For example, associating the service usage policies and/or profiles between the device service processor 115 and the various network apparatus functions, and then allowing for independent operation or action by the various functions in a manner that results in a coordinated outcome, facilitates an overlay of the device assisted services technology onto existing network equipment in a manner that results in reliable and verifiable service enhancements while minimizing the need for major existing network equipment upgrades.

[00296] In some embodiments, the association of the service profile or policy settings used by a device service processor 115 and the service profile or policy settings used by the various network apparatus functions can be provided by a centralized network function that determines the appropriate settings for the network apparatus and the service processor 115 and sets one or more settings to each function. In some embodiments, this networking function is provided by a centralized network management function or service account activation function (e.g., the activation server apparatus embodiments, one of the other disclosed apparatus

embodiments associated with service activation or the virtual service provider apparatus embodiments, as described herein).

[00297] In some embodiments, the association of the service profile or policy settings used by a device service processor 115 and the service profile or policy settings used by the various network apparatus functions can be provided by a network function that by reads, receives, queries, pulls or otherwise obtains the setting used by the service controller 122 or the service processor 115. The network function can then determine the association of the service profile or policy settings used by a device service processor 115 and the service profile or policy settings required by the various network apparatus functions before writing, transmitting, pushing, or otherwise recording the appropriate settings required by each of the other network apparatus functions. In some embodiments, this functionality can be implemented in the service controller (e.g., the policy management server, possibly acting in coordination with another network function or server), which then links into the databases used for storing the policy or profile settings for the other network apparatus.

[00298] In some embodiments, once the association is established between service policy or profile settings in the network apparatus and the service policy or profile settings in the service processor 115, then the network based service usage measures (e.g., IPDRs communicated to the billing system 123, the AAA 121, service controller 122 or other network functions used to verify service usage and/or take actions) used for verification of device 100 service usage versus service policy or profile can be monitored by the network apparatus (e.g., billing system 123 and AAA 121) independent of coordination with the service processor 115 and/or independent of the service controller 122. In some embodiments, in addition to independent monitoring and verification of service usage versus policy, independent service profile or policy verification error response actions can be taken by the network apparatus (e.g., suspend, quarantine, SPAN or flag device 100, notify the user and possibly require acknowledgement, or bill the user account for service usage overage) without direct involvement by the service processor 115 and/or the service controller 122.

[00299] Accordingly, the association between service profile and/or service policy that is implemented on the device 100 (e.g., service processor 115) and the service profile and/or policy

usage limits recorded in network apparatus can be associated with one another by one or more of the following: (A) implementing a function to read from the network database (e.g., the billing 123 data base, AAA 121 data base, service controller 122 data base, etc.) and mapping the network profiles and/or policies to device 100 (e.g., service processor 115) profiles and/or policies; (B) implementing a function that simultaneously sets the device profile and/or policy and the network equipment profile and/or policy recorded in the appropriate data base records; and (C) implementing a function that reads the profile and/or policy on the device 100 (e.g., service processor 115) or the service controller 122 and then sets the network equipment profile and/or policy recorded in the appropriate data base records. This allows for a simplified but coordinated response to monitoring, controlling and billing for service usage, for verifying service usage versus service usage profile or policy, and/or initiating or carrying out network actions in response to service usage versus profile or policy verification errors and/or device actions in response to service usage versus profile or policy verification errors.

[00300] **Figure 17** is another functional diagram illustrating the device based service processor 115 and the service controller 122 in accordance with some embodiments. Figure 17 provides for various embodiments as similarly described above with respect to the various embodiments described above with respect to Figure 16, with one of the differences being that the service controller 122 as shown in Figure 17 is connected to the access network and not (directly) connected to the Internet. Accordingly, as shown in Figure 17, in some embodiments, the service control link 1653 is a communications link between the service controller 122 and the service processor 115 over the access network 1610.

[00301] **Figure 18** is another functional diagram illustrating the device based service processor 115 and the service controller 122 in which the service processor controls the policy implementation for multiple access network modems and technologies in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, Figure 18 provides for various embodiments as similarly described above with respect to the various embodiments described above with respect to Figure 16, with one of the differences being that the service processor controls the policy implementation for multiple access network modems and technologies. Accordingly, as shown in Figure 18, in some embodiments, a connection manager 1804, which as shown is in control plane communication with a modem selection and control 1811, provides a control and supervision

function for one or more modem drivers or modems that connect to an access network. In some embodiments, the modem selection and control 1811 selects the access network connection and is in communication with the modem firewall 1655, and modem drivers, which as shown include Dial/DSL modem driver 1831, Ethernet modem driver 1815, WPAN modem driver 1814, WLAN modem driver 1813, and WWAN modem driver 1812, convert data traffic into modem bus traffic for one or more modems and are in communication with the modem selection and control 1811.

[00302] **Figure 19** is another functional diagram illustrating the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown in Figure 19, a stripped down (e.g., reduced set of agents/components/functionality) embodiment of the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 are provided in which service policy is not adaptive but rather is set by the service controller 122. In this example, the agent within the service processor 115 that implements service policy is the policy implementation agent 1690. Also, in this example, the service controller 122 is similarly stripped down to a simplified configuration (e.g., reduced set of agents/components/functionality).

[00303] Referring to Figure 19, in some embodiments, many of the service policy implementation verification and compromise protection techniques are similarly provided using these simplified configurations of the service processor 115 and the service controller 122, as described above with respect to, for example, Figure 16. For example, the service control device link 1691 and service control server link 1638 can be used for downloading service policies to the policy implementation agent 1690 (but, in some embodiments, cannot perform the heartbeat or authentication function).

[00304] For example, a basic service profile or service policy implementation verification technique for this reduced configuration calls for the access control integrity server 1654 to obtain IPDRs from access network AAA server 1621 (or 121) (e.g., or other network functions as described herein) and compare the service usage exhibited by device 100 with a range of expected service usage that would be expected if the intended service policies were in place on the device. In some embodiments, the access control integrity server 1654 initiates or carries out one or more of the service usage profile or policy verification error response actions disclosed

herein, including, for example, one or more of the following: notify the user of the out of policy or overage condition, require the user to acknowledge the condition and/or acknowledge a subsequent billing event to proceed, bill the user for service overage, suspend the device from the network, quarantine the device, SPAN the device, or notify a network manager or device management or error handling function.

[00305] In some embodiments, a service profile or service policy implementation verification technique for this reduced configuration calls for the billing system 123 to obtain IPDRs from access network AAA server 1621 (or 121) (or other network functions as discussed herein) and compare the service usage exhibited by device 100 with a range of expected service usage that would be expected if the intended service policies were in place on the device. In some embodiments, the billing system 123 initiates or carries out one or more of the service usage profile or policy verification error response actions disclosed herein, including, for example, one or more of the following: notify the user of the out of policy or overage condition, require the user to acknowledge the condition and/or acknowledge a subsequent billing event to proceed, bill the user for service overage, suspend the device from the network, quarantine the device, SPAN the device, or notify a network manager or device management or error handling function.

[00306] In some embodiments, a service profile or service policy implementation verification technique for this reduced configuration calls for the AAA server 1621 (or 121) itself to compare the service usage exhibited by device 100 with a range of expected service usage that would be expected if the intended service policies were in place on the device. In some embodiments, the AAA server 1621 (or 121) initiates or carries out one or more of the service usage profile or policy verification error response actions disclosed herein, including, for example, one or more of the following: notify the user of the out of policy or overage condition, require the user to acknowledge the condition and/or acknowledge a subsequent billing event to proceed, bill the user for service overage, suspend the device from the network, quarantine the device, SPAN the device, or notify a network manager or device management or error handling function.

[00307] Accordingly, this approach provides a basic first layer of service policy implementation verification that does not depend on device based agent behavior for the verification. If the service policy is in error in a way that violates the expected service policy usage limits, then the access control integrity server 1654 will detect this condition and appropriate action can be taken. In some embodiments, if one or more service policy integrity verification tests fail, the appropriate responsive actions can include routing the device to quarantine status, sending an error message to the device or device user interface and then suspend access for the device, and/or limiting access in some way without completely suspending access, as similarly described above. In some embodiments, if one or more service policy integrity verification tests fail, the appropriate responsive actions can include logging excess service usage above the intended service policy limits and billing the user for some or all of the excess usage, sending the user a notification and/or acknowledgement response request (possibly including a simple keystroke acknowledgement, or a password, a biometric signature or other secure response), and/or limiting access in some way without completely suspending access, as similarly described above.

[00308] In some embodiments, a billing system technique provides another verification overlay. For example, the service processor 115 can have a set of service policy implementations (or service profile) that calls for maintaining service usage within a certain limit, or assisting the user or network to maintain service usage to that limit. The billing system 123 can be implemented in a way to provide a "back stop" to the service usage controls or limits provided for by the service processor 115, so that even if the service processor 115 is compromised, hacked, spoofed or is otherwise in error, the billing system 123 protects the service provider, "service owner", carrier, VSP or network operator from unpaid access beyond the service limits. This can be accomplished, for example, by assigning a service usage limit within the billing system 123 so that if the service processor 115 is compromised and the service usage runs over the desired limit, the billing system 123 automatically charges the user account for the overage. The billing system 123 can receive service usage information from the IPDRs that are aggregated in the network as in the case of a conventional billing system, and because these network based measures are independent from the device agent operation, they cannot be spoofed by merely spoofing something on the device or service processor 115. In this manner, defeating the service processor 115 service agent control mechanisms described herein simply

results in a billing charge and not free service. In some embodiments, if the service usage runs over the service usage limit specified in the service profile, the user can be notified as discussed herein, and the user can be required to acknowledge the overage and approve a billing charge for the overage as also discussed herein, with the acknowledgement being communicated back to the network in some embodiments. This positive acknowledgement also provides a layer of protection and verification of the service control and usage limit control for the device service processor 115. In some embodiment also discussed herein, the user is requested to input a password, biometric or other secure response to the usage overage notification, providing yet another layer of protection to verify that the user intends to pay for the service usage overage. In these embodiments taken individually or in combination, the service processor 115 assistance for service usage control can be verified and/or protected from compromise.

[00309] In some embodiments, the service control device link 1691 and service control server link 1638 are used to implement the service processor 115 heartbeat authentication and communication functions to strengthen the verification of a proper service policy implementation of the embodiments of Figure 19. For example, the heartbeat function can be used as authentication for service monitoring versus network reports. In addition, the heartbeat function can be used as authentication for challenge/response queries of agents. Also, the heartbeat function can be used as authentication for access control. In some embodiments, to strengthen verification of the basic system illustrated in Figure 19, the communication access to the policy implementation agent 1690 is restricted so that software or hardware on device 100 and/or on a network cannot have authorized access to the policy implementation agent 1690. For example, authorized access to the policy implementation agent 1690 can be restricted to include only the service controller 122 through the service control device link 1691 and the service control server link 1638. For example, the agent control bus 1630 can be secured with encryption and/or other security techniques so that only the service control device link 1691 can have authorized access to the policy implementation agent 1690. As another example, the agent level message encryption can be used as described herein.

[00310] In some embodiments, the service policy implementation agent 1690 of the embodiments of Figure 19 can be further strengthened against errors, intrusion, tampering, hacking and/or other inadvertent or intentional integrity degradation by using various other

techniques. For example, the dynamic agent download feature of the service controller 122 can download a new version of the policy implementation agent 1690. In this example, the new agent code can be identical in functionality and also hashed, obfuscated or ordered differently before signing and encryption so that any hacking attempt must be reinitiated, and this process can be periodically repeated or repeated upon a triggering event. Additionally, once the new dynamically loaded agent is in place, it can be required to perform an environment scan to determine if the system configuration or operation are as expected, and/or it can seek to detect elements in the execution environment that can be harmful or threatening to the integrity of the policy implementation. The agent can also be required to report back on the scan within a relatively short period of time so that any attempt to compromise the agent does not have sufficient time to be effective.

[00311] In some embodiments, the service policy implementation agent 1690 of the embodiments of Figure 19 can be further strengthened to protect the policy implementation from compromise attempts by locating the software and/or hardware used onto an access modem associated with the service. For example, the modem can make it difficult to get access to the policy implementation agent 1690 by employing one or more security elements on one or more access ports into the modem, such as the device bus, an I/O port, a network connection or the debug port. The modem can also store and/or execute the policy implementation agent in secure memory. The modem can also require a secure download key or a secure software signature to accept any updates to the agent software.

[00312] In some embodiments, the service policy implementation agent 1690 of the embodiments of Figure 19 can be further strengthened against compromise attempts by performing scans of the device 100 code execution environment and/or code storage environment to identify potentially malicious and/or unwanted/untrusted software or hardware. For example, this function can be performed by the policy implementation agent 1690. The agent can have a local database of potentially malicious elements and compare the entries in the database against the elements detected locally using various malicious code, behavior blocking, intrusion detection, and/or other well known techniques for security analysis. Alternatively or in addition, the agent can communicate a list of some or all of the elements detected locally to the service controller 122 to augment or take the place of the database comparison function that can

be performed locally, thereby performing such or further such security analysis on the network (e.g., by the service controller 122), and, in some embodiments, if not automatically detected, such elements detected locally (e.g., and/or samples of such detected potentially malicious code or logs of potentially malicious/suspicious behavior/intrusions) forwarded to security analysts for the service provider for further security analysis (e.g., service provider security analysts and/or an outside security vendor engaged to protect the service provider's network and supported devices). In some embodiments, the agent detects new software downloads, installs and/or invocations and immediately issues an error flag report when potentially malicious software is downloaded, installed or invoked (e.g., file and network based on access security detection techniques). In some embodiments, the agent scans the local software loading and invocation activity along with a log of other software runtime events and regularly reports this trace so that when an error or compromise event occurs the trace preceding the event can be analyzed to determine the offending software or activity trace that took place to cause the compromise or error. For example, once the software or activity that caused the compromise is known or otherwise detected, it can be entered into a refreshed version of the database that the device and other devices use to detect potentially malicious precursor conditions. Examples of such precursor events can include software invocations, software downloads, a sequence of memory I/O events, a sequence of software access events, a sequence of network address or URL communications or downloads, or a sequence of access modem I/O activity.

[00313] **Figure 20** is another functional diagram illustrating the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown in Figure 20, the modem firewall 1655 has been removed, and firewall and access control and traffic shaping functions are performed in these embodiments by the policy implementation agent 1690 and application interface agent 1693.

[00314] **Figure 21** is another functional diagram illustrating the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 in accordance with some embodiments. Figure 21 illustrates the various modem drivers and modems 2122 through 2125 and 2141. In some embodiments, the modems, which include WWAN modem 2122, WLAN modem 2123, WPAN modem 2124, Ethernet modem 2125, and Dial/DSL modem 2141, which are in communication with the modem bus 2120, connect the device to one or more networks. As shown, the service

measurement points labeled I through VI represent various service measurement points for service monitor agent 1696 and/or other agents to perform various service monitoring activities. Each of these measurement points can have a useful purpose in various embodiments described herein. For example, each of the traffic measurement points that is employed in a given design can be used by a monitoring agent to track application layer traffic through the communication stack to assist policy implementation functions, such as the policy implementation agent 1690, or, in some embodiments, the modem firewall agent 1655 or the application interface agent 1693, in making a determination regarding the traffic parameters or type once the traffic is farther down in the communication stack where it is sometimes difficult or impossible to make a complete determination of traffic parameters. It should be noted that although the present invention does not need to implement any or all of the measurement points illustrated in Figure 21 to have an effective implementation as was similarly shown with respect to Figure 19, various embodiments benefit from these and/or similar measurement points. It should also be noted that the exact measurement points can be moved to different locations in the traffic processing stack, just as the various embodiments described herein can have the agents affecting policy implementation moved to different points in the traffic processing stack while still maintaining effective operation.

[00315] As shown in Figure 21, measurement point I occurs at the application interface agent 1693 interface to the applications. At this measurement point, the application traffic can be monitored before it is framed, packetized or encrypted by the lower layers of the networking stack. For example, this allows inspection, characterization, tagging (literal or virtual) and, in some embodiments, shaping or control of services or traffic. At this measurement point, traffic can be more readily associated with applications, URLs or IP addresses, content type, service type, and other higher level parameters. For example, at this level email traffic and downloads, web browser applications and end points, media file transfers, application traffic demand, URL traffic demand and other such service monitoring parameters are more readily observed (e.g., accessible in the clear without the need for deep packet inspection and/or decryption), recorded and possibly shaped or controlled. As described herein, it is also possible to monitor upstream traffic demand at this point and compare it to the other measurement points to determine if the traffic policies in place are meeting overall traffic control policy objectives or to determine if

traffic policy implementation is operating properly. For example, the downstream delivered traffic can be optimally observed at this measurement point.

[00316] As shown in Figure 21, traffic measurement points II and III are situated on the upstream and downstream sides of policy implementation agent 1690. As described herein, these two locations allow potential tracking of upstream and downstream traffic through the stack portions associated with the policy implementation agent 1690. These two locations also provide for potential cross-checking of how the policy implementation agent 1690 is impacting the demand and delivery of traffic. In a similar manner, measurement point III in connection with measurement point IV provide an opportunity for packet tracing through the stack components associated with the modem firewall 1655 and provide for the opportunity to observe the demand and delivery sides of the modem firewall 1655. Traffic measurement point V provides the potential for observing the traffic at the modem bus drivers for each of the modems.

[00317] As shown in Figure 21, traffic measurement point VI provides, in some embodiments, the ultimate measure of access traffic, for example, the traffic that actually transacts over the access network through the modem. As shown, measurement point VI is at the modem side of the internal or external communications bus 1630, and it will be appreciated that, in some embodiments, this measurement point can be further down the modem stack closer to the MAC or physical layer (e.g., at the designer's discretion). An advantage of having a measurement point deep in the modem is, for example, that if the software or hardware that implements the measurement and reporting is well secured against compromise, then this measure can be almost as strong from a verification perspective as the measure that comes from the network (e.g., from the network elements). Accordingly, this makes it possible to compare this measure against the other measures to determine if there is a traffic path that is leaking past the other measurement point or one or more policy implementation points.

[00318] **Figure 22** provides a table summarizing various service processor 115 agents (and/or components/functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these agents are similarly described above, and the table shown in Figure 22 is not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these agents, nor an exhaustive description of all functions that the agents perform or are described herein, but rather Figure 22

is provided as a summary aid in understanding the basic functions of each agent in accordance with some embodiments and how the agents interact with one another, with the service controller server elements, and/or with other network functions in certain embodiments to form a reliable device based service delivery solution and/or platform.

[00319] **Figure 23** provides a table summarizing various service controller 122 server elements (and/or components/functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these agents are similarly described above, and the table shown in Figure 23 is not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these server elements, nor an exhaustive description of all functions that the elements perform or are described herein, but rather Figure 23 is provided as a summary aid in understanding the basic functions of each element in accordance with some embodiments and how the elements interact with one another, certain network elements, and/or the service processor agents in certain embodiments to form a reliable device based service delivery solution and/or platform.

[00320] In some embodiments, it is desirable to provide a control plane between the service processor and the service controller using a flexible connection or communication path that, for example, will work between virtually any two network connection endpoints, one being the service controller and one being the device, in a secure yet scalable manner. In view of the embodiments described herein, one of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that it is possible to achieve such features with a variety of different embodiments that share similar core features to the embodiments described herein.

[00321] **Service Control Device Link and Continuous Heartbeat Authentication**

[00322] As described herein, there are numerous ways to implement the control plane communication channel between the service processor 115 and the service controller 122. Various embodiments described herein disclose a secure and bandwidth efficient control plane that is compatible with any IP based network (including the ability to locate the service controller 122 over the Internet); provides for consistent device assisted service monitoring, control, verification and/or billing while roaming across multiple networks with different access technologies; and allows continuous device assisted service control verification and/or authentication with a variety of mechanisms for setting the transmission heartbeat frequency.

Other techniques that could be used for this function include, for example, encapsulating the control plane in the access network control plane channel, encapsulating the control plane in IP or data packet framing mechanisms (e.g., IPV6), running a more conventional VPN or IPSEC channel, and/or using an independent access network connection.

[00323] **Figure 24** is a functional diagram illustrating the service control device link 1691 of the service processor 115 and the service control service link 1638 of the service controller 122 in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, the service control device link 1691 of the service processor 115 and the service control service link 1638 of the service controller 122 as shown in Figure 24 provide for secure control plane communication over the service control link 1653 between the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 in accordance with some embodiments. Various embodiments include two or three layers of encryption in the service control link, with one embodiment or layer being implemented in the encrypt functions (2408, 2428) and decode functions (2412, 2422), and another embodiment or layer implemented in the transport services stack (2410, 2420). An optional third embodiment or layer of encryption is implemented below the transport services stack, for example, with IPSEC or another IP layer encryption, VPN or tunneling scheme. For example, various known security encryption techniques can be implemented in the encrypt functions (2408, 2428), with public/private or completely private keys and/or signatures so that very strong levels of security for service processor control plane traffic can be achieved even through the basic transport services (2410, 2420) implemented with standard secure or open Internet networking protocols, such as TLS or TCP. For example, the service processor agent communications local to the device can be conducted to and from the service controller elements via the service control device link 1691 connection to the agent communication bus 1630. The combination of the service control device link 1691 and the agent communication bus 1630, which in some embodiments is also securely encrypted or signed, provides a seamless, highly secure, asynchronous control plane connection between the service processor and service controller server elements and the service controller and service controller agents that works over a wide range of access networks, such as any access network that has the capability to connect IP or TCP traffic to another TCP or IP endpoint on the access network, another private network or over the Internet 120. As described herein, in some embodiments, the agent communication bus 1630 also provides a fourth level of encrypted or signed communication to form a secure closed

system on the device for agent to agent communication, for example, making it very difficult or practically impossible for software or applications to gain access to one or more of the a service processor agents on the device in any way other than the service control device link 1691. In this way, in some embodiments, the agent communication bus 1630 and the service processor agents can only be accessed by one another as necessary or permitted by agent communication policies, or by the service controller or other authorized network function with proper security credentials communicating over the service control device link 1691. Additionally, in some embodiments, communications between a subset of two or more agents, or between one or more agents and one or more service controller server elements are encrypted with unique keys or signatures in such a way that a fourth level of security providing private point to point, point to multipoint, or multipoint to multipoint secure communication lines is provided.

[00324] In some embodiments, all of the service control device link 1691 communications are transformed into a continuous control plane connection, with a frequency based on the rate of service usage, a minimum set period between connections, and/or other methods for establishing communication frequency. In some embodiments, this heartbeat function provides a continuous verification link by which the service controller verifies that the service processor and/or device are operating properly with the correct service policies being implemented. In view of the following heartbeat function embodiments described herein, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that different approaches for implementing the various heartbeat embodiments are possible, and it will be clear that there are many ways to achieve the essential features enabling a reliable, sometimes continuous control link and verification function for the purpose of assisting control of service usage in a verifiable manner. As shown, inside the service processor 115, the service control device link 1691 includes a heartbeat send counter 2402 in communication with the agent communication bus 1630. For example, the heartbeat send counter 2402 can provide a count for triggering when a service processor 115 communication (e.g., periodic communication based on a heartbeat mechanism) should be sent to the service controller 122, and a heartbeat buffer 2404, also in communication with the agent communication bus 1630, buffers any such information for the next service processor 115 communication, in accordance with various heartbeat based embodiments, as similarly described herein. The heartbeat buffer 2404 is in communication with a framing element 2406 and an encrypt element 2408 for framing and encrypting any service processor 115 communications

transmitted to the service controller 122 by a transport services stack 2410 over the service control link 1653. Similarly, as shown inside the service controller 122, the service control server link 1638 includes a heartbeat send counter 2434 in communication with a service controller network 2440, a heartbeat buffer 2432, also in communication with the service controller network 2440, buffers any such information for the next service controller 122 communication, in accordance with various heartbeat based embodiments, as similarly described herein. The heartbeat buffer 2432 is in communication with a framing element 2430 and an encrypt element 2428 for framing and encrypting any such service controller 122 communications transmitted to the service processor 115 by a transport services stack 2420 over the service control link 1653.

[00325] As also shown inside the service processor 115 of Figure 24, the service control device link 1691 includes a decode element 2412 for decoding any received service controller 122 communications (e.g., decrypting encrypted communications), an unpack element 2414 for unpacking the received service controller 122 communications (e.g., assembling packetized communications), and an agent route 2416 for routing the received service controller 122 communications (e.g., commands, instructions, heartbeat related information or status reports, policy related information or configuration settings and/or updates, challenge/response queries, agent refreshes and/or new software for installation) to the appropriate agent of the service processor 115. Similarly, as shown inside the service controller 122, the service control server link 1638 also includes a decode element 2422 for decoding any received service processor 115 communications (e.g., decrypting encrypted communications), an unpack element 2424 for unpacking the received service processor 115 communications (e.g., assembling packetized communications), and an agent route 2426 for routing the received service processor 115 communications (e.g., responses to instructions and/or commands, heartbeat related information or status reports, policy related information or configuration settings and/or updates, challenge/response queries, agent status information, network service/cost usage and/or any other reporting related information) to the appropriate agent of the service controller 122. Accordingly, as described herein with respect to various embodiments, the various secure communications between the service controller 122 and the service processor 115 can be performed using the embodiment as shown in Figure 24, and those of ordinary skill in the art will also appreciate that a variety of other embodiments can be used to similarly provide the various

secure communications between the service controller 122 and the service processor 115 (e.g., using different software and/or hardware architectures to provide secure communications, such as using additional and/or fewer elements/functions or other design choices for providing such secure communications).

[00326] In some embodiments, an efficient and effective communication framing structure between the service processor and service controller is provided, and the following embodiments (e.g., as shown and described with respect to Figure 25) teach such a structure that packs the various service processor agent control plane communications and the various service controller element control plane connections into a format that does not consume excessive bandwidth to enable a continuous control plane connection between the device and service controller. In some embodiments, an efficient and effective communication framing structure between the service processor and service controller is provided to buffer such communication messages for some period of time before framing and transmitting, such as in a heartbeat frequency that is based on rate of service usage. In some embodiments, an efficient and effective communication framing structure between the service processor and service controller is provided to allow for the frame to be easily packed, encrypted, decoded, unpacked and the messages distributed. In view of the various embodiments described herein, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that many framing structures will work for the intended purpose of organizing or framing agent communications and the uniqueness and importance of combining such a system element with the device service controller functions, the service processor functions, the service control verification functions and/or the other purposes.

[00327] **Figure 25** is a functional diagram illustrating a framing structure of a service processor communication frame 2502 and a service controller communication frame 2522 in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, the service control device link 1691 of the service processor 115 and the service control service link 1638 of the service controller 122 (e.g., as shown in Figure 24) provide for secure control plane communication over the service control link 1653 between the service processor 115 and the service controller 122 using communication frames in the format of the service processor communication frame 2502 and the service controller communication frame 2522 as shown in Figure 25 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the service processor communication frame 2502 includes a service

processor framing sequence number 2504, a time stamp 2506, an agent first function ID 2508, an agent first function message length 2510, an agent first function message 2512, and assuming more than one message is being transmitted in this frame, an agent Nth function ID 2514, an agent Nth function message length 2516, and an agent Nth function message 2518. Accordingly, the service processor communication frame 2502 can include one or more messages as shown in Figure 25, which can depend on networking frame length requirements and/or other design choices. Similarly, as shown, the service controller communication frame 2522 includes a service controller framing sequence number 2524, a time stamp 2526, an agent first function ID 2528, an agent first function message length 2530, an agent first function message 2532, and assuming more than one message is being transmitted in this frame, an agent Nth function ID 2534, an agent Nth function message length 2536, and an agent Nth function message 2538. Accordingly, the service controller communication frame 2522 can include one or more messages as shown in Figure 25, which can depend on networking frame length requirements and/or other design choices.

[00328] **Figures 26A** through **26E** provide tables summarizing various service processor heartbeat functions and parameters (e.g., implemented by various agents, components, and/or functions implemented in software and/or hardware) in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these heartbeat functions and parameters are similarly described above, and the tables shown in Figures 26A-E are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these heartbeat functions and parameters, but rather are provided as an aid in understanding these functions and parameters in accordance with some heartbeat based embodiments described herein.

[00329] **Figures 27A** through **27G** provide tables summarizing various device based service policy implementation verification techniques in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these device based service policy implementation verification techniques are similarly described above, and the tables shown in Figures 27A-G are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these device based service policy implementation verification techniques, but rather are provided as an aid in understanding these techniques in accordance with some device based service policy embodiments described herein.

[00330] **Figures 28A** through **28C** provide tables summarizing various techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise are similarly described above, and the tables shown in Figures 28A-C are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these techniques for protecting the device based service policy from compromise, but rather are provided as an aid in understanding these techniques in accordance with some device based service policy embodiments described herein.

[00331] **Device Assisted Service Control and Traffic Control**

[00332] As described below, various techniques are disclosed for implementing device assisted traffic shaping and service control at the lower levels of service usage policy implementation.

[00333] **Figure 29** is a functional diagram illustrating a device communications stack that allows for implementing verifiable traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, several service agents take part in data path operations to achieve various data path improvements, and, for example, several other service agents can manage the policy settings for the data path service, implement billing for the data path service, manage one or more modem selection and settings for access network connection, interface with the user and/or provide service policy implementation verification. Additionally, in some embodiments, several agents perform functions to assist in verifying that the service control or monitoring policies intended to be in place are properly implemented, the service control or monitoring policies are being properly adhered to, that the service processor or one or more service agents are operating properly, to prevent unintended errors in policy implementation or control, and/or to prevent tampering with the service policies or control. As shown, the service measurement points labeled I through VI represent various service measurement points for service monitor agent 1696 and/or other agents to perform various service monitoring activities. Each of these measurement points can have a useful purpose in various embodiments described herein. For example, each of the traffic measurement points that is employed in a given design can be used by a monitoring agent to track application layer traffic through the communication stack to assist policy implementation functions, such as the policy

implementation agent 1690, or in some embodiments the modem firewall agent 1655 or the application interface agent 1693, in making a determination regarding the traffic parameters or type once the traffic is farther down in the communication stack where it is sometimes difficult or impossible to make a complete determination of traffic parameters. For example, a detailed set of embodiments describing how the various measurement points can be used to help strengthen the verification of the service control implementation are described herein, including, for example, the embodiments described with respect to Figure 16 and Figure 21. The particular locations for the measurement points provided in these figures are intended as instructional examples, and other measurement points can be used for different embodiments, as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the embodiments described herein. Generally, in some embodiments, one or more measurement points within the device can be used to assist in service control verification and/or device or service troubleshooting.

[00334] In some embodiments, the service monitor agent and/or other agents implement virtual traffic tagging by tracking or tracing packet flows through the various communication stack formatting, processing and encryption steps, and providing the virtual tag information to the various agents that monitor, control, shape, throttle or otherwise observe, manipulate or modify the traffic. This tagging approach is referred to herein as virtual tagging, because there is not a literal data flow, traffic flow or packet tag that is attached to flows or packets, and the book-keeping to tag the packet is done through tracking or tracing the flow or packet through the stack instead. In some embodiments, the application interface and/or other agents identify a traffic flow, associate it with a service usage activity and cause a literal tag to be attached to the traffic or packets associated with the activity. This tagging approach is referred to herein as literal tagging. There are various advantages with both the virtual tagging and the literal tagging approaches. For example, it can be preferable in some embodiments to reduce the inter-agent communication required to track or trace a packet through the stack processing by assigning a literal tag so that each flow or packet has its own activity association embedded in the data. As another example, it can be preferable in some embodiments to re-use portions of standard communication stack software or components, enhancing the verifiable traffic control or service control capabilities of the standard stack by inserting additional processing steps associated with the various service agents and monitoring points rather than re-writing the entire stack to correctly process literal tagging information, and in such cases, a virtual tagging scheme may be

desired. As yet another example, some standard communication stacks provide for unused, unspecified or otherwise available bit fields in a packet frame or flow, and these unused, unspecified or otherwise available bit fields can be used to literally tag traffic without the need to re-write all of the standard communication stack software, with only the portions of the stack that are added to enhance the verifiable traffic control or service control capabilities of the standard stack needing to decode and use the literal tagging information encapsulated in the available bit fields. In the case of literal tagging, in some embodiments, the tags are removed prior to passing the packets or flows to the network or to the applications utilizing the stack. In some embodiments, the manner in which the virtual or literal tagging is implemented can be developed into a communication standard specification so that various device or service product developers can independently develop the communication stack and/or service processor hardware and/or software in a manner that is compatible with the service controller specifications and the products of other device or service product developers.

[00335] It will be appreciated that although the implementation/use of any or all of the measurement points illustrated in Figure 29 is not required to have an effective implementation, such as was similarly shown with respect to various embodiments described herein, such as with respect to Figures 19 and 21, various embodiments can benefit from these and/or similar measurement points. It will also be appreciated that the exact measurement points can be moved to different locations in the traffic processing stack, just as the various embodiments described herein can have the agents affecting policy implementation moved to different points in the traffic processing stack while still maintaining effective operation. In some embodiments, one or more measurement points are provided deeper in the modem stack (e.g., such as for embodiments similarly described herein with respect to Figures 35 and 36) where, for example, it is more difficult to circumvent and can be more difficult to access for tampering purposes if the modem is designed with the proper software and/or hardware security to protect the integrity of the modem stack and measurement point(s).

[00336] Referring to Figure 29, describing the device communications stack from the bottom to the top of the stack as shown, the device communications stack provides a communication layer for each of the modems of the device at the bottom of the device communications stack. Example measurement point VI resides within or just above the modem

driver layer. For example, the modem driver performs modem bus communications, data protocol translations, modem control and configuration to interface the networking stack traffic to the modem. As shown, measurement point VI is common to all modem drivers and modems, and it is advantageous for certain embodiments to differentiate the traffic or service activity taking place through one modem from that of one or more of the other modems. In some embodiments, measurement point VI, or another measurement point, is located over, within or below one or more of the individual modem drivers. The respective modem buses for each modem reside between example measurement points V and VI. In the next higher layer, a modem selection & control layer for multimode device based communication is provided. In some embodiments, this layer is controlled by a network decision policy that selects the most desirable network modem for some or all of the data traffic, and when the most desirable network is not available the policy reverts to the next most desirable network until a connection is established provided that one of the networks is available. In some embodiments, certain network traffic, such as verification, control, redundant or secure traffic, is routed to one of the networks even when some or all of the data traffic is routed to another network. This dual routing capability provides for a variety of enhanced security, enhanced reliability or enhanced manageability devices, services or applications. In the next higher layer, a modem firewall is provided. For example, the modem firewall provides for traditional firewall functions, but unlike traditional firewalls, in order to rely on the firewall for verifiable service usage control, such as access control and security protection from unwanted networking traffic or applications, the various service verification techniques and agents described herein are added to the firewall function to verify compliance with service policy and prevent tampering of the service controls. In some embodiments, the modem firewall is implemented farther up the stack, possibly in combination with other layers as indicated in other Figures. In some embodiments, a dedicated firewall function or layer is provided that is independent of the other processing layers, such as the policy implementation layer, the packet forwarding layer and/or the application layer. In some embodiments, the modem firewall is implemented farther down the stack, such as within the modem drivers, below the modem drivers, or in the modem itself. Example measurement point IV resides between the modem firewall layer and an IP queuing and routing layer. As shown, an IP queuing and routing layer is separate from the policy implementation layer where the policy implementation agent implements a portion of the traffic control and/or service usage

control policies. As described herein, in some embodiments, these functions are separated so that a standard network stack function can be used for IP queuing and routing, and the modifications necessary to implement the policy implementation agent functions can be provided in a new layer inserted into the standard stack. In some embodiments, the IP queuing and routing layer is combined with the traffic or service usage control layer. Examples of this combined functionality are shown and described with respect to Figures 31, 32 and 33. For example, a combined routing and policy implementation layer embodiment can also be used with the other embodiments, such as shown in Figure 29. Various detailed embodiments describing how the policy implementation layer can control traffic or other service usage activities are described with respect to Figure 38. Measurement point III resides between the IP queuing and routing layer and a policy implementation agent layer. Measurement point II resides between the policy implementation agent layer and the transport layer, including TCP, UDP, and other IP as shown. The session layer resides above the transport layer, which is shown as a socket assignment and session management (e.g., basic TCP setup, TLS/SSL) layer. The network services API (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, FTP (File Transfer Protocol), SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), POP3, DNS) resides above the session layer. Measurement point I resides between the network services API layer and an application layer, shown as application service interface agent in the device communications stack of Figure 29.

[00337] As shown, the application service interface layer is above the standard networking stack API and, in some embodiments, its function is to monitor and in some cases intercept and process the traffic between the applications and the standard networking stack API. In some embodiments, the application service interface layer identifies application traffic flows before the application traffic flows are more difficult or practically impossible to identify farther down in the stack. In some embodiments, the application service interface layer in this way assists application layer tagging in both the virtual and literal tagging cases. In the case of upstream traffic, the application layer tagging is straight forward, because the traffic originates at the application layer. In some downstream embodiments, where the traffic or service activity classification relies on traffic attributes that are readily obtainable, such as source address or URL, application socket address, IP destination address, time of day or any other readily obtained parameter, the traffic type can be identified and tagged for processing by the firewall agent or another agent as it initially arrives. In other embodiments, as described herein, in the

downstream case, the solution is generally more sophisticated when a traffic parameter that is needed to classify the manner in which the traffic flow is to be controlled or throttled is not readily available at the lower levels of the stack, such as association with an aspect of an application, type of content, something contained within TLS, IPSEC or other secure format, or other information associated with the traffic. Accordingly, in some embodiments the networking stack identifies the traffic flow before it is fully characterized, categorized or associated with a service activity, and then passes the traffic through to the application interface layer where the final classification is completed. In such embodiments, the application interface layer then communicates the traffic flow ID with the proper classification so that after an initial short traffic burst or time period the policy implementation agents can properly control the traffic. In some embodiments, there is also a policy for tagging and setting service control policies for traffic that cannot be fully identified with all sources of tagging including application layer tagging.

[00338] Various applications and/or a user service interface agent communicate via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (A)). Also, the billing agent, which is in communication with the agent communication bus 1630, communicates user information and decision query and/or user input to the user service interface agent, as shown. The policy control agent communicates service settings and/or configuration information via this communications bus 1630, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (B) via the application layer, policy implementation agent layer, which is lower in the communications stack as shown, and/or the modem firewall layer). The connection manager agent communicates select and control commands and/or modem and access network information via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (C) via the modem selection and control layer). Various other communications (e.g., service processor and/or service controller related communications, such as service usage measure information and/or application information) are provided at various levels of this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with references (D) at the application layer, (E) at the policy implementation agent layer, and (F) at the modem firewall layer).

[00339] As shown in Figure 29, a service monitor agent, which is also in communication with the agent communication bus 1630, communicates with various layers of the device

communications stack. For example, the service monitor agent, performs monitoring at each of measurement points I through VI, receiving information including application information, service usage and other service related information, and assignment information. An access control integrity agent is in communication with the service monitor agent via the agent communications bus 1630, as also shown.

[00340] In some embodiments, one or more of the networking stack modifications described herein in combination one or more of the service verification and tamper prevention techniques described herein is provided. As similarly described with respect to Figure 29, the various example embodiments for assisting service control verification described herein and as summarized in the example tables provided in Figures 26, 27 and 28 can be employed individually or in combination to create increasingly secure cross-functional service control verification embodiments. In Figure 29, the presence of the access control integrity agent, policy control agent, service monitor agent and the other agents that perform verification and/or tamper prevention functions illustrates verifiable service control aspects in accordance with some embodiments. Furthermore, the presence of the billing agent combined with the service verification and/or tamper prevention agents and techniques described herein provides for a set of verifiable billing embodiments for service billing, service billing offset corrections, bill by account, transaction billing and other billing functions. In addition, the presence of the user service interface agent in combination with the service control agent functions in the modified networking stack provide for embodiments involving a combination of service control with user preferences, which as described herein, provides the user with the capability to optimize service versus service cost in a network neutral manner. In some embodiments, the user control of service control policy is provided along with the service control verification and/or tamper prevention. The presence of the policy control agent that in some embodiments implements a higher than most basic level of policy decision and control with the policy implementation agents in the modified networking stack allows for, for example, the device to possess the capability to implement a higher level of service control for the purpose of obtaining a higher level service usage or service activity objective. In some embodiments, the application layer tagging in combination with other embodiments described herein provides for deep service activity control that is verifiable.

[00341] In some embodiments, verifiable traffic shaping as described herein can be performed using the device communications stack in a variety of embodiments for the combination of service control within the networking stack and service control verification and/or tamper prevention, with various embodiments depicted in Figures 29 through 37. Additional levels of detail regarding how such embodiments can be used to implement verifiable traffic shaping are provided in and described with respect to Figures 38 through 40 which depict example functional diagrams of packet processing flows for verifiable traffic shaping or service activity control in a device service processor for both upstream and downstream flows. Along with several other interesting features embodied in Figures 38 through 40, application traffic layer tagging is depicted in additional detail in accordance with some embodiments. For example, the application interface agent can determine service data usage at the application layer using measurement point I and a local service usage counter, and can, for example, pass this information to the service monitor agent. If service usage exceeds a threshold, or if using a service usage prediction algorithm results in predicted service usage that will exceed a threshold, then the user can be notified of which applications are causing the service usage overrun or potential service usage overrun, via the user service interface agent. The user can then identify which application service (e.g., traffic associated with a specified high service use or non-critical application, such as for example a high bandwidth consumption social networking website or service, media streaming website or service, or any other high bandwidth website or service transmitting and/or receiving data with the service network) that the user prefers to throttle. As another example, the user could select a service policy that allows for video chat services until those services threaten to cause cost over-runs on the user's service plan, and at that time the service policy could switch the chat service to voice only and not transmit or receive the video. The traffic associated with the user specified application can then be throttled according to user preference input. For example, for downstream traffic, packets (e.g., packets that are virtually or literally tagged and/or otherwise associated with the application traffic to be throttled) from the access network can be buffered, delayed and/or dropped to throttle the identified application traffic. For upstream traffic, packets (e.g., packets that are virtually or literally tagged and/or otherwise associated with the application traffic to be throttled) can be buffered, delayed and/or dropped before being transmitted to the access network to throttle the identified application

traffic. As similarly described above, traffic shaping as described herein can be verified, such as by the service monitor agent via the various measurement points and/or using other agents.

[00342] The embodiments depicted in Figure 30 and other figures generally require enhancements to conventional device networking communication stack processing. For example, these enhancements can be implemented in whole or in part in the kernel space for the device OS, in whole or in part in the application space for the device, or partially in kernel space and partially in application space. As described herein, the networking stack enhancements and the other elements of the service processor can be packaged into a set of software that is pre-tested or documented to enable device manufacturers to quickly implement and bring to market the service processor functionality in a manner that is compatible with the service controller and the applicable access network(s). For example, the service processor software can also be specified in an interoperability standard so that various manufacturers and software developers can develop service processor implementations or enhancements, or service controller implementations or enhancements that are compatible with one another.

[00343] **Figure 30** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, a portion of the service processor is implemented on the modem (e.g., on modem module hardware or modem chipset) and a portion of the service processor is implemented on the device application processor subsystem. It will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that variations of the embodiment depicted in Figure 30 are possible where more or less of the service processor functionality is moved onto the modem subsystem or onto the device application processor subsystem. For example, such embodiments similar to that depicted in Figure 30 can be motivated by the advantages of containing some or all of the service processor network communication stack processing and/or some or all of the other service agent functions on the modem subsystem (e.g., and such an approach can be applied to one or more modems). For example, the service processor can be distributed as a standard feature set contained in a modem chipset hardware of software package or modem module hardware or software package, and such a configuration can provide for easier adoption or development by device OEMs, a higher level of differentiation for the chipset or modem module manufacturer, higher levels of performance

or service usage control implementation integrity or security, specification or interoperability standardization, and/or other benefits.

[00344] Referring to Figure 30, describing the device communications stack from the bottom to the top of the stack as shown, the device communications stack provides a communication layer for modem MAC/PHY layer at the bottom of the device communications stack. Measurement point IV resides above the modem MAC/PHY layer. The modem firewall layer resides between measurement points IV and III. In the next higher layer, the policy implementation agent is provided, in which the policy implementation agent is implemented on the modem (e.g., on modem hardware). Measurement point II resides between the policy implementation agent and the modem driver layer, which is then shown below a modem bus layer. The next higher layer is shown as the IP queuing and routing layer, followed by the transport layer, including TCP, UDP, and other IP as shown. The session layer resides above the transport layer, which is shown as a socket assignment and session management (e.g., basic TCP setup, TLS/SSL) layer. The network services API (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, FTP (File Transfer Protocol), SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), POP3, DNS) resides above the session layer. Measurement point I resides between the network services API layer and an application layer, shown as application service interface agent in the device communications stack of Figure 30.

[00345] Various applications and/or a user service interface agent communicate via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (A)). Also, the billing agent, which is in communication with the agent communication bus 1630 communications user information and decision query and/or user input to the user service interface agent, as shown. The policy control agent B communicates service settings and/or configuration information via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (B)) via the application layer. The policy control agent A communicates service settings and/or configuration information via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (D)) via the policy implementation agent layer and/or the modem firewall layer. The connection manager agent communicates select & control commands and/or modem and access network information via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (C)) via the modem driver layer. Various other communications (e.g., service processor and/or service

controller related communications, such as service usage measure information, and/or application information) are provided at various levels of this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with references (E)) at the application layer through the modem driver layer with the service monitor agent B as shown (and an access control integrity agent B is also shown), and communications with references (F) at the policy implementation agent layer and (G) at the modem firewall layer with the service monitor agent A as shown (and an access control integrity agent A is also shown). In some embodiments, the service usage policy verification or tamper prevention embodiments described herein can be applied, in isolation or in combination, in the context of Figure 31 to provide for embodiments with increasing levels of service usage policy control verification certainty, such as provided with Figures 26, 27 and 28.

[00346] **Figure 31** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the service processor is a simplified implementation. For example, this approach can be used for applications with less capable device application processors, rapid time to market needs, fewer service usage control needs, and/or other reasons that lead to a need for a lower complexity implementation.

[00347] Referring to Figure 31, describing the device communications stack from the bottom to the top of the stack as shown, the device communications stack provides a communication layer for the modem layer at the bottom of the device communications stack. The modem driver layer resides above the modem bus layer as shown. In the next higher layer, the policy implementation agent is provided, and the policy implementation agent is also in communication with the agent communication bus 1630 as shown. The next higher layer is shown as the transport layer, including TCP, UDP, and other IP as shown. The session layer resides above the transport layer, which is shown as a socket assignment and session management (e.g., basic TCP setup, TLS/SSL) layer. The network services API (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, FTP (File Transfer Protocol), SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), POP3, DNS) resides above the session layer. Applications communicate with the device communications stack via the network services API as shown. Policy settings from the network (e.g., service

settings) are communicated with the policy implementation agent as shown. The connection manager communicates select and control as well as modem and access network information via the modem driver as shown. Although Figure 31 does not depict all of the service usage control verification functions provided by certain embodiments calling for additional service verification or control agents, a high level of service policy implementation verification certainty can be achieved within the context of the embodiments depicted in Figure 31 by applying a subset of the service usage policy verification or tamper prevention embodiments described herein. For example, the embodiments depicted in Figure 31 can be combined with the service controller embodiments that utilize IPDRs to verify service usage is in accordance with the desired service policy. There are also many other service usage control embodiments described herein that can be applied in isolation or in combination to the embodiments depicted in Figure 31 to provide increasing levels of service usage control verification certainty, as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of Figures 26, 27 and 28 and the various embodiments described herein.

[00348] **Figure 32** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the service processor is a simplified implementation embodiment with device based monitoring and integrity control. For example, Figure 32 provides for somewhat higher complexity (e.g., relative to the embodiments depicted in Figure 30) in exchange for the enhanced service monitoring, control or verification that are possible by implement additional agent embodiments, such as the service monitor agent and the access control integrity agent functions.

[00349] Referring to Figure 32, describing the device communications stack from the bottom to the top of the stack as shown, the device communications stack provides a communication layer for each of the modems of the device at the bottom of the device communications stack. Measurement point II resides above the modem selection & control layer, which resides above the modem buses for each modem. Measurement point I resides between the policy implementation agent (policy based router/firewall) layer and the transport layer, including TCP, UDP, and other IP as shown. The session layer resides above the transport layer, which is shown as a socket assignment and session management (e.g., basic TCP setup,

TLS/SSL) layer. The network services API (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, FTP (File Transfer Protocol), SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), POP3, DNS) resides above the session layer. Applications communicate with the device communications stack via the network services API as shown. Policy settings from the network (e.g., service settings) are communicated with the policy implementation agent as shown. The connection manager communicates select and control as well as modem and access network information via the modem selection and control layer as shown. The service monitor agent, which is also in communication with the agent communication bus 1630, communicates with various layers of the device communications stack. For example, the service monitor agent, performs monitoring at each of measurement points I and II, receiving information including application information, service usage and other service related information, and assignment information. An access control integrity agent is in communication with the service monitor agent via the agent communications bus 1630, as also shown. As similarly described with respect to Figures 30 and 31, many of the service usage control verification embodiments described herein can be applied in isolation or in combination in the context of Figure 32.

[00350] **Figure 33** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. Referring to Figure 33, describing the device communications stack from the bottom to the top of the stack as shown, the device communications stack provides a communication layer for each of the modems of the device at the bottom of the device communications stack. Measurement point III resides above the modem selection & control layer, which resides above the respective modem buses for each modem. Measurement point II resides between the policy implementation agent (policy based router/firewall) layer and the transport layer, including TCP, UDP, and other IP as shown. The session layer resides above the transport layer, which is shown as a socket assignment and session management (e.g., basic TCP setup, TLS/SSL) layer. The network services API (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, FTP (File Transfer Protocol), SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), POP3, DNS) resides above the session layer. Measurement point I resides between the network services API layer and an application layer, shown as application service interface agent in the device communications stack of Figure 33.

[00351] Various applications and/or a user service interface agent communicate via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (A)). Also, the billing agent, which is in communication with the agent communication bus 1630 communications user information and decision query and/or user input to the user service interface agent, as shown. The policy control agent communicates service settings and/or configuration information via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (B)) via the policy implementation agent layer. The connection manager agent communicates select & control commands and/or modem and access network information via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (C)) via the modem selection and control layer. Various other communications (e.g., service processor and/or service controller related communications, such as service usage measure information, application information) are provided at various levels of this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with references (D)) at the application layer and (E) at the policy implementation agent layer.

[00352] As shown in Figure 33, a service monitor agent, which is also in communication with the agent communication bus 1630, communicates with various layers of the device communications stack. For example, the service monitor agent, performs monitoring at each of measurement points I through III, receiving information including application information, service usage and other service related information, and assignment information. An access control integrity agent is in communication with the service monitor agent via the agent communications bus 1630, as also shown. As similarly described with respect to Figures 30, 31 and 32, many of the service usage control verification embodiments disclosed herein can be applied in isolation or in combination in the context of Figure 33.

[00353] **Figure 34** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the data path processing for the service processor is provided in conjunction with a single modem driver as shown. As shown, the service processor communication stack processing is provided below the standard network communication stack and in combination with a modem driver (e.g., and this approach can be extended to more than one modem).

[00354] Referring to Figure 34, describing the device communications stack from the bottom to the top of the stack as shown, the device communications stack provides a communication layer for each of the modems of the device at the bottom of the device communications stack. Measurement point II resides above the modem driver 1 layer. Measurement point I resides between the policy implementation agent (policy based router/firewall) layer and the modem selection and control layer, for the modem driver 1 stack in this single modem driver embodiment. The transport layer, including TCP, UDP, and other IP resides above the IP queuing and routing layer, which resides above the modem selection and control layer, as shown. The session layer, which is shown as a socket assignment and session management (e.g., basic TCP setup, TLS/SSL) layer, resides above the transport layer. The network services API (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, FTP (File Transfer Protocol), SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), POP3, DNS) resides above the session layer.

[00355] As shown in Figure 34, applications communicate with the device communications stack via the network services API as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (A)). Policy settings from the network (e.g., service settings) are communicated with the policy implementation agent as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (B)). The service monitor agent, which is also in communication with the agent communication bus 1630, communicates with policy implementation agent layer of the device communications stack. Also, the service monitor agent performs monitoring at each of measurement points I and II, receiving information including application information, service usage and other service related information, and assignment information. An access control integrity agent is in communication with the service monitor agent via the agent communications bus 1630, as also shown. Various other communications (e.g., service processor and/or service controller related communications, such as service usage measure information, application information) are provided at various levels of this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with references (C)) at the policy implementation agent layer. Also, the billing agent, which is in communication with the agent communication bus 1630 communications user information and decision query and/or user input to the user service interface agent, as shown. As similarly described with respect to Figures 30, 31, 32 and 33, many of the service usage control verification embodiments disclosed herein can be applied in isolation or in combination in the context of Figure 34.

[00356] **Figure 35** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, Figure 35 illustrates a single modem hardware embodiment as shown. As shown, the service processor network communication stack processing is provided on the modem hardware (e.g., and this approach can be extended to more than one modem). This approach allows for the service processor to be distributed as a standard feature set contained in a modem chipset hardware of software package or modem module hardware or software package, which, for example, can provide for easier adoption or development by device OEMs, a higher level of differentiation for the chipset or modem module manufacturer, higher levels of performance or service usage control implementation integrity, or other benefits.

[00357] Referring to Figure 35, describing the device communications stack from the bottom to the top of the stack as shown, the device communications stack provides a communication layer for each of the modems of the device at the bottom of the device communications stack. As shown, measurement points I and II and the policy implementation agent reside on the modem 1 (e.g., implemented as hardware and/or software on modem 1). Measurement point I resides above the policy implementation agent (policy based router/firewall) layer, and measurement point II resides below the policy implementation agent later. The modem selection and control layer resides above the modem drivers layer, as shown. The transport layer, including TCP, UDP, and other IP resides above the IP queuing and routing layer, which resides above the modem selection and control layer, as shown. The session layer, which is shown as a socket assignment and session management (e.g., basic TCP setup, TLS/SSL) layer, resides above the transport layer. The network services API (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, FTP (File Transfer Protocol), SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), POP3, DNS) resides above the session layer.

[00358] As shown in Figure 35, applications communicate with the device communications stack via the network services API as shown. Policy settings from the network (e.g., service settings) are communicated with the policy implementation agent as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (A)). The service monitor agent, which is also in communication with the agent communication bus 1630, communicates with policy

implementation agent layer of the modem 1. Also, the service monitor agent performs monitoring at each of measurement points I and II, receiving information including application information, service usage and other service related information, and assignment information. An access control integrity agent is in communication with the service monitor agent via the agent communications bus 1630, as also shown. Various other communications (e.g., service processor and/or service controller related communications, such as service usage measure information and/or application information) are provided at various levels of this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with references (B)) at the policy implementation agent layer. As similarly described with respect to Figures 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34, many of the service usage control verification embodiments disclosed herein can be applied in isolation or in combination in the context of Figure 35.

[00359] **Figure 36** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, Figure 36 illustrates a single modem hardware embodiment, in which modem 1 includes a portion of the service processor networking communication stack processing and measurement points II and III and the policy implementation agent, as similarly shown in Figure 35, and the higher levels of the device communications stack above the modem 1 layer, such as the application service interface layer, are implemented on the device application processor or in the device application processor memory as similarly described above, for example, with respect to Figure 33, in which a measurement point I is shown between the application service interface agent layer and the network services API layer. For example, this approach allows for the application service interface agent to be provided on the device application processor or memory so that application layer service usage monitoring or control can be implemented. For example, the differences between the embodiments depicted in Figure 36 and those of Figure 30 include a simplified implementation and a policy control agent that is entirely implemented on the modem and not partially implemented in the application processor memory.

[00360] Various applications and/or a user service interface agent communicate via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (A)). Also, the billing agent, which is in communication with the agent communication bus 1630

communications user information and decision query and/or user input to the user service interface agent, as shown. The policy control agent communicates service settings and/or configuration information via this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with a reference (B)) via the policy implementation agent layer. Various other communications (e.g., service processor and/or service controller related communications, such as service usage measure information and/or application information) are provided at various levels of this communications stack, as shown (illustrating such communications with reference (C) at the application layer and communications with reference (D) at the policy implementation agent layer). As shown, the service monitor agent B communicates with the application service interface agent and measurement point I, and the service monitor agent A communicates with the policy implementation agent layer and measurement points II and III of the modem 1. As similarly described with respect to Figures 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 and 35, many of the service usage control verification embodiments disclosed herein can be applied in isolation or in combination in the context of Figure 36.

[00361] **Figure 37** is another functional diagram illustrating the device communications stack that allows for implementing traffic shaping policy, access control policy and/or service monitoring policy in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, Figure 37 illustrates a device communications stack as similarly shown in Figure 36, with the difference being that the service processor subsystem networking communication stack processing is implemented on a hardware function that is separate from the application processor and the modem. For example, this approach provides security advantages with a dedicated hardware system to protect some or all of the service usage control system from tampering. For example, some or all of the service processor can be implemented on a SIM card module. As another example, some or all of the service processor can be encapsulated on a self contained hardware module that can be added to a device without the need to modify the networking communication stack software or hardware.

[00362] **Figure 38** is a functional diagram illustrating a device service processor packet processing flow in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, both an example upstream service processor packet processing flow (device to the network) and an example downstream service processor packet processing flow (network to the device) are shown in Figure 38. For example, the service processor packet processing flow can be performed by the device

communications stack, such as described above with respect to Figure 29. The various embodiments for packet processing flow depicted in Figures 38 through 40 are self explanatory to one of ordinary skill in the art and not all the processing steps and flow sequences are described herein.

[00363] In some embodiments, the burst size, buffer delay, acknowledgement delay and drop rate used in upstream and downstream traffic shaping are optimized with the goal of reducing access network traffic overhead, and excess capacity usage that can result from mismatches in traffic transmission parameters with the access network MAC and PHY or from excess network level packet delivery protocol re-transmissions. In some embodiments, an application interface agent 1693 is used to literally tag or virtually tag application layer traffic so that the policy implementation agent(s) 1690 has the necessary information to implement selected traffic shaping solutions. As shown in Figure 16, the application interface agent 1693 is in communication with various applications, including a TCP application 1604, an IP application 1605, and a voice application 1602.

[00364] Referring to Figures 38 through 40, in some embodiments, the upstream traffic service policy implementation step corresponds to the traffic shaping step described herein. Referring to Figure 38, this step is depicted as shown as an alternate exploded view including four upstream sub-steps of apply QoS queue priority, apply traffic shaping rules, network optimized buffer/delay and remove application ID tag. An additional approach shown in Figure 38 involves two exploded view sub-steps associated with the firewall service policy implementation step and these sub-steps are pass/block packet and pass/redirect packet. For example, the functions performed by these six sub-steps can be depicted in any number of sub-steps, the order of the steps can be appropriately performed in various different orders to provide for upstream traffic shaping within the network communication stack. For example, Figures 39 and 40 show the two steps of policy implementation and firewall as one step and the six exploded view sub-steps are included under the same policy implementation step and are performed in a different order than in Figure 38. It should also be noted that a number of embodiments are possible in which the access control, traffic control or firewall functions are moved to the application service interface layer or another layer.

[00365] Referring now to the downstream portion of Figure 38, there are two steps again termed traffic service policy implementation and firewall service policy implementation in this traffic shaping, access control and firewall example. These two packet flow processing steps are depicted as shown in the exploded view as the five sub-steps of tag with flow ID, pass/block packet, apply QoS, apply traffic shaping rules and network optimized buffer, delay, and drop. As with the upstream packet processing flow, the number of sub-steps, the order of sub-steps and the location of the sub-steps in the downstream networking stack processing can be depicted in any number of sub-steps, order and/or location, and various other embodiments will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art, including embodiments which locate some or all of the steps in the application service interface layer or other layers as depicted in Figures 39 and 40. The details of the packet flow processing design for the downstream can be somewhat more complex in certain embodiments as compared to the upstream processing in two ways. First, as described herein, in some embodiments, the packet tagging that requires application level information can require the initial portion of the packet flow burst to pass through the upstream networking communication stack until the application service interface layer can associate the packet flow with the appropriate information visible at the application level at which time the packet flow tag is communicated to the other service processor agent functions so that they can properly monitor or control the traffic associated with the flow.

[00366] Independently, another complication arises when upper layer reliable communication protocols, such as TCP, are employed in the networking stack in which the downstream transmitting end repeats the packet transmission if the receiving TCP protocol stack does not send a packet receipt acknowledge (ACK) within a certain period of time. If packets are arbitrarily delayed or dropped, then the TCP re-transmission traffic can reduce, completely eliminate or even reverse the network capacity advantage gained by reducing the average traffic speed or other transmission quality measure for one or more service activities. To solve this problem, in some embodiments, the packet traffic control parameters (e.g., downstream delay, drops, burst length, burst frequency and/or burst jitter) are optimized for TCP re-transmission efficiency so that changes in traffic control access bandwidth or speed for one or more service activities are implemented in such a manner that the TCP re-transmission delay at the network transmitting end adapts to be long enough so that wasted packet re-transmission bandwidth is reduced. In addition, and either in combination or in isolation, in some embodiments, the packet

traffic control parameters (e.g., downstream delay, drops, burst length, burst frequency and/or burst jitter) can be adjusted so that the access network downstream MAC and/or PHY efficiencies are optimized.

[00367] Numerous other embodiments for the detailed implementation of packet flow processing in both downstream and upstream will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the various embodiments described herein. In some embodiments, as described herein, the following are provided: (A) traffic shaping is performed in a verifiable manner, (B) traffic shaping is performed in a manner that results in improved network capacity by taking into account to some degree the manner in which the access network PHY layer and/or MAC layer responds to packet parameters (e.g. burst delay, burst drops, burst length, burst frequency and/or burst jitter), (C) traffic shaping is performed in a manner that results in improved network capacity by taking into account how the packet parameters (e.g., burst delay, burst drops, burst length, burst frequency and/or burst jitter) impact layer 3 and higher ACK protocol or other network protocol network capacity efficiencies, (D) packet shaping is performed in a manner that is aware of and optimized for the particular type of communication protocol or packets being sent (e.g., TCP packets can be dropped to slow the application rate of transfer whereas UDP packets are never dropped, because there is no re-transmission), (E) a virtual or literal packet tagging system is used in a verifiable traffic shaping service control system to provide a deeper level of service monitoring and control or to simplify the processing of the packets, and/or (F) starting with these low level packet processing, traffic control or access control building blocks one or more additional layers of higher level policy control can be added on the device or in the network to create service profiles for the service provider network that define complete services, such as ambient services and many other variations of service profile settings that each define a device or user service experience and can be associated with a billing plan. For example, the use of higher layers of service profile control to form more complete service solutions starting with these relatively simple low-level traffic control, access control or firewall processing steps or functions is also described herein.

[00368] **Figure 39** is another functional diagram illustrating the device service processor packet processing flow in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, both an example upstream service processor packet processing flow (device to the network) and an example

downstream service processor packet processing flow (network to the device) are shown in Figure 39 (e.g., of a less feature rich device service processor embodiment, such as one similar to that depicted in Figure 32).

[00369] **Figure 40** is another functional diagram illustrating the device service processor packet processing flow in accordance with some embodiments. In particular, both an example upstream service processor packet processing flow (device to the network) and an example downstream service processor packet processing flow (network to the device) are shown in Figure 40 (e.g., of a mid =-featured embodiment of a device service processor, such as one similar to that depicted in Figure 33).

[00370] **Figure 41** provides a table summarizing various privacy levels for service history reporting in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these privacy levels are similarly described above, and the table shown in Figure 41 is not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these privacy levels, but rather is provided as an aid in understanding these privacy levels in accordance with user privacy related embodiments described herein. For example, there are many other parameters that can be associated with privacy filtering, and as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the various embodiments described herein, the unique feature of user defined or user influenced privacy filtering for service usage, service activity or CRM reports can be implemented with a variety of embodiments that are variations of those described herein.

[00371] **Figures 42A** through **42F** provide tables summarizing various service policy control commands in accordance with some embodiments. Many of these service policy control commands are similarly described above, and the tables shown in Figures 42A-F are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of these service policy control commands and do not include summaries of all the embodiments described herein, but rather are provided as a summary aid in understanding these service policy control commands in accordance with various embodiments described herein.

[00372] In some embodiments, QoS is employed for devices with a service processor 115. For example, QoS can be employed in a crowded hot spot where the service processor 115 profile has been changed from WWAN to WLAN, but the WLAN is backed up as too many

users are trying to use it. The service processor 115 can have a hierarchical access to the hotspot at that point; or the service processor 115 that pays less can be throttled while those that pay more are opened up; or the service processor 115 can initiate a policy that slows down transmissions to improve trunking efficiency.

[00373] **Figures 43A** through **43B** are flow diagrams illustrating a flow diagram for a service processor authorization sequence as shown in Figure 43A and a flow diagram for a service controller authorization sequence as shown in Figure 43B in accordance with some embodiments.

[00374] Referring to Figure 43A, at 4302, the device is in an offline state. At 4304, the service processor (e.g., service processor 115) of the device collects device service processor credentials and access control integrity information. At 4306, the service processor of the device selects a best network. At 4308, the device connects to an access network. At 4310, the service processor of the device sends an authorization request to the service controller (e.g., service controller 122) and also sends the credentials and access control integrity information. At 4312, the service processor determines whether an integrity error has occurred. If so, then the service processor performs integrity error handling at 4314. Otherwise, the service processor determines whether the device is activated and/or authorized for network access at 4316. If not, then the service processor performs a device activation sequence at 4318. At 4320, the service processor performs the following: updates critical software, initializes service policy and control settings, synchronizes service counters, updates service cost data, applies policy settings, applies CRM rules settings, obtains transaction identity certificate, and sends stored CRM and billing information. At 4322, the device is in an online state.

[00375] Referring to Figure 43B, at 4332, device control is in an offline state. At 4334, the service controller (e.g., service controller 122) receives a device authorization request, verifies device service plan standing, verifies device access control integrity standing, verifies device access control integrity information, verifies service processor heartbeat, and performs various additional service processor integrity checks (e.g., as similarly described herein). At 4336, the service controller determines whether the device integrity checks have all passed. If not, then the service controller sends an integrity error to the service processor (e.g., service

processor 115) at 4338. At 4340, the service controller performs integrity error handling. Otherwise (the device integrity checks have all passed), the service controller determines whether the device is activated at 4342. If not, then the service controller sends an activation message to the service processor at 4344. At 4346, the service controller performs a service activation sequence. Otherwise (the device is activated), the service controller sends an authorization at 4348. At 4350, the service controller performs the following: updates critical software on the service processor, initializes service policy and control settings, synchronizes service counters, updates service cost data, applies policy settings, applies CRM rules settings, obtains transaction identity certificate, sends stored CRM and billing information. At 4352, the service controller is in a device online state.

[00376] **Figures 44A** through **44B** are flow diagrams illustrating a flow diagram for a service processor activation sequence as shown in Figure 44A and a flow diagram for a service controller activation sequence as shown in Figure 44B in accordance with some embodiments.

[00377] Referring to Figure 44A, at 4402, a service processor activation sequence is initiated. At 4404, the service processor (e.g., service processor 115) of the device displays an activation site (e.g., HTTP site, WAP site or portal) to the user for the user's service activation choice. At 4406, the user selects service plan, billing information and CRM information. At 4408, the service processor sends an activation request and user billing and CRM information to, for example, the service controller. At 4410, the service processor determines whether there is an integrity error. If so, then the service processor performs integrity error handling at 4412. Otherwise, the service processor determines whether there has been a selection input error at 4414. If so, the service processor displays the selection input error to the user at 4416 and returns to the activation site/portal at 4404. Otherwise, the service processor identifies the activated service plan at 4418. At 4420, the service processor performs the following: updates critical software, initializes service policy and control settings, synchronizes service counters, updates service cost data, applies policy settings, applies CRM rules settings, obtains transaction identity certificate, and sends stored CRM and billing information. At 4422, the device is in an online and activated state.

[00378] Referring to Figure 44B, at 4432, a service controller activation sequence is initiated. At 4434, the service controller (e.g., service controller 122) receives an activation request, including user billing and CRM information, and sends such to central billing. At 4436, the service controller receives a response from central billing. At 4438, the service controller verifies the integrity of the service processor. If an integrity error is detected, then an integrity error is sent at 4440. At 4442, the service controller performs integrity error handling. At 4444, the service controller determines whether the service plan has been activated. If not, then the service controller sends a selection input error to the device at 4446 and returns to 4432. Otherwise (device has been activated), the service controller sends the service plan activation information to the device at 4448. At 4450, the service controller performs the following: updates critical software, initializes service policy and control settings, synchronizes service counters, updates service cost data, applies policy settings, applies CRM rules settings, obtains transaction identity certificate, and sends stored CRM and billing information. At 4452, the service controller is in a device online and activated state.

[00379] **Figures 45A** through **45B** are flow diagrams illustrating a flow diagram for a service processor access control sequence as shown in Figure 45A and a flow diagram for a service controller access control sequence as shown in Figure 45B in accordance with some embodiments.

[00380] Referring to Figure 45A, at 4502, the device is in an online state. At 4504, the service processor (e.g., service processor 115) of the device processes any new heartbeat messages received from the service controller (e.g., service controller 122). At 4506, the service processor updates software if necessary, updates service policy and control settings if necessary, synchronizes service counters, updates service cost data if necessary, and updates CRM rules if necessary. At 4508, the service processor performs access control integrity checks. At 4510, the service processor determines whether there are any access control integrity errors. If so, then the service processor performs integrity error handling at 4512. Otherwise, the service processor updates user service UI gauges, provides notification if necessary, and accepts input if available at 4514. At 4516, the service processor sends new service processor heartbeat messages to the heartbeat message queue. At 4518, the service processor processes any pending billing transactions. At 4520, the service processor determines if a heartbeat transmission is due, and if

not, returns to 4504 for processing any received heartbeat messages. If so, at 4522, the service processor sends the new service processor heartbeat message to the service controller.

[00381] Referring to Figure 45B, at 4532, the device is in an online state. At 4534, the service controller (e.g., service controller 122) processes any new heartbeat messages received from the service processor. At 4536, the service controller performs access control integrity checks. At 4538, the service controller determines whether there are any access control integrity errors. If so, then the service controller performs integrity error handling at 4540. At 4542, the service controller updates the billing database, updates the CRM information, synchronizes service counters, updates cost database if needed, and synchronizes CRM rules if necessary. At 4544, the service controller processes any pending billing transactions. At 4546, the service controller sends new service processor heartbeat messages to the heartbeat message queue. At 4548, the service controller determines if a heartbeat transmission is due, and if not, returns to 4534 for processing any received heartbeat messages. If so, at 4550, the service controller sends new service processor heartbeat message to the service processor.

[00382] **Open Content Distribution and Transaction System**

[00383] Referring now to Figures 46 and 47A-B, in another set of embodiments an open, decentralized, device based system for enabling central billing for third party electronic commerce transactions for mobile commerce is provided as shown. For example, in these embodiments, device information can be embedded in HTTP, WAP or other portal browser/network header request information that indicates a central billing option is available to a compatible third party transaction server, as further described below with respect to Figures 46 and 47A-B.

[00384] **Figure 46** is a functional diagram illustrating open, decentralized, device based mobile commerce transactions in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, a service processor 4615 of the device 100 (e.g., any mobile device capable of storing and executing the service processor 4615) includes access control integrity agent 1694, billing agent 1695, agent communication bus 1630, user interface 1697, policy control agent 1692, service monitor agent 1696, application interface agent 1693, policy implementation agent 1690, and modem router and firewall 1655, as similarly described herein with respect to various other service processor

embodiments. In some embodiments, an application 4604 (e.g., an HTML/WAP web browser) and a mobile payment agent 4699 are also included in the device, such as part of the service processor 4615 as shown. In some embodiments, the application 4604 is not integrated as part of the service processor 4615, but is executing and/or stored on the device. In some embodiments, the mobile payment agent 4699 includes billing agent 1695, user interface 1697 and/or application interface agent 1693, and/or various other functional components/agents. As shown, the service processor 4615 is in communication with a carrier access network 4610, which is in network communication with the Internet 120.

[00385] In some embodiments, device information can be embedded in HTTP, WAP or other portal browser/network header request information that indicates a central billing option is available to a compatible third party transaction server, such as the open content transaction partner site(s) 134. For example, the compatible transaction server can then send a signed confirmation request over a pre-assigned control socket channel to the billing agent 1695 with the billing agent 1695 confirming the signed confirmation request by either performing the signature check locally based on a stored and synchronized list of approved transaction servers or by passing the signed request onto a billing server 4630 for confirmation. Optionally, in another example, a triangle confirmation can be set up in which the billing server 4630 can confirm the transaction set up with the transaction server 134 or the transaction server 134 can confirm the transaction set up with the billing server 4630. Once the device confirms the compatible and approved status of the transaction server 134, the device/transaction server pair can then optionally further exchange keys for the remainder of the transaction for enhanced security. In another example, the transaction server 134 can also redirect the user browsing experience to one tailored to one or more of device type, service provider, device manufacturer or user. When the user selects a transaction, the transaction server sends the billing agent 1695 a transaction bill that describes the transaction and the amount. The billing agent 1695 can optionally confirm that the user account has sufficient credit limit to make the purchase by either confirming the stored credit limit on the device or querying the billing server 4630. The billing agent 1695 then invokes the device UI 1697 to display the transaction description and amount and request user approval for the billing to be conducted through the central billing option. User approval can be acquired, for example, by a simple click operation or require a secure password, key and/or biometric response from the user. Upon user approval, the billing agent 1695 generates a billing

approval and sends it to the transaction server 134, the transaction server 134 completes the transaction and then sends a bill to the billing agent 1695. The billing agent 1695 optionally sends a confirmation to the transaction server 134 and sends the bill to the billing server 4630. Again, optionally a triangle confirmation can be formed by the billing server sending a confirmation to the transaction server 134, or the transaction server 134 can send the bill to the billing server 4630. In some embodiments, the billing server 4630 can also communication such billed transactions to a central provider billing system 4623 via the carrier access network 4610. Also, in some embodiments, an alternate location billing server 4632 is in communication via the Internet 120, and an alternate location central provider billing system 4625 is also in communication via the Internet 120.

[00386] **Figures 47A** through **47B** are transactional diagrams illustrating open, decentralized, device based mobile commerce transactions in accordance with some embodiments. Referring to Figure 47A, the device application 4604 browses (e.g., based on the user submitting a browse request using a browser application) to transaction server 134 (e.g., a transaction web server, such as the open content transaction partner site 134). The transaction server 134 provides an offer to the device application 4604. The device application 4604 selects a purchase (e.g., based on the user's selection input). In response, the transaction server 134 seeks an API connection with the device mobile payment agent 4699, which then confirms the API connection. The transaction server 134 requests user purchase confirmation (mediated by the device mobile agent 4699 as shown), and the purchase is confirmed by the device application 4604 (e.g., based on the user's acknowledgement as similarly described above with respect to Figure 46). The transaction server 134 then transmits a purchase receipt, and the device application 4604 confirms the receipt. The transaction server 134 then transmits the purchase bill to the device mobile payment agent 4699, which then sends the purchase bill to the device billing server (e.g., billing server 4630). The transaction server also optionally sends a confirmation of the purchase bill to the device billing server for a triangle confirmation, as similarly described above with respect to Figure 46. The device billing server sends a copy of the purchase bill to the central provider billing system (e.g., central provider billing system 4623).

[00387] Referring now to Figure 47B, the device application 4604 browses (e.g., based on the user submitting a browse request using a browser application) to transaction server 134 (e.g., a transaction web server, such as the open content transaction partner site 134), in which the browse request includes device ID information, such as similarly described above with respect to Figure 46. The transaction server 134 establishes API contact with the device mobile agent 4699, which then confirms contact and good standing for transactional purchases from the device. The transaction server 134 provides an offer to the device application 4604. The device application 4604 selects a purchase (e.g., based on the user's selection input). The transaction server 134 notifies the device mobile payment agent 4699 of the purchase description and amount, and the device mobile payment agent 4699 then requests user purchase confirmation. The purchase is confirmed by the device application 4604 (e.g., based on the user's acknowledgement as similarly described above with respect to Figure 46), and the device mobile payment agent 4699 then transmits a purchase confirmation to the transaction server 134. The transaction server 134 then transmits a purchase receipt, and the device application 4604 confirms the receipt. The transaction server 134 then transmits the purchase bill to the device mobile payment agent 4699, which then sends the purchase bill to the device billing server (e.g., billing server 4630). The transaction server also optionally sends a confirmation of the purchase bill to the device billing server for a triangle confirmation, as similarly described above with respect to Figure 46. The device billing server sends the purchase bill to the central provider billing system (e.g., central provider billing system 4623). In some embodiments, the communications described above with respect to Figures 47A-B with the billing server and the central provider billing system are with the alternate location billing server 4632 and/or alternate location central provider billing system 4625 via the Internet 120. Similarly, in some embodiments, the transaction servers 134 are connected to the Internet 120.

[00388] Accordingly, these transaction billing embodiments do not require centralized content storage or content and transaction exchange infrastructure. For example, the transactions can be conducted over the Internet, and the user experience and content can be tailored versions of the transaction server/content provider's normal experience and content. This approach provides for a much wider array of content and transaction partners with minimal or no need to accommodate proprietary specialized systems. Moreover, the compatibility between the device billing agent transaction system and the transaction provider server is easily established, for

example, by writing specifications for the header information transmitted by the device and for the secure handshake and signed message transactions that take place between the device billing agent, the transaction server and optionally the transaction server and the billing server. Once a transaction partner shows compatibility test results and concludes a business relationship with the service provider, the service provider can place the transaction partner on the compatible and approved list and exchange security keys and/or certificates. If a common user experience is desired by the service provider across multiple transaction partners, then the experience specifications for the browser redirects can also be specified in the compatibility specification and tested before the transaction partner gains approval.

[00389] **Design and Testing for Service Control**

[00390] **Figure 48** illustrates a network architecture including a service controller device control system and a service controller analysis and management system in accordance with some embodiments. As described herein, the RAN gateway 410 generally represents the functionality of the various specific RAN gateway functional elements shown and/or discussed herein. For example, these RAN gateway 410 functional elements represent the gateways used to aggregate the radio access network traffic, control, charging and roaming functions and/or other functions and are shown and/or discussed herein using other terminology specific to certain industry standards, including SGSN gateway 410 and gateways 508, 512, 608, 612, 708 and 712. Although the same reference numerals are used for SGSN gateway 410 and RAN gateway 410, it will be appreciated that the RAN gateway 410 represents any or all of the RAN gateway functional elements 410, 508, 512, 608, 612, 708, 712 or any other similar industry equipment or functions depending on the embodiment. Similarly, transport gateway 420 represents the next higher level of gateway aggregation for the transport layer that is used in many networks, and this term transport gateway 420 can be interchanged with any or all of the gateways 420, 520, 620, 720 or any other similar industry equipment or functions depending on the embodiment. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate which gateway description applies to a respective embodiment in which the terms RAN gateway 410, gateway 410, transport gateway 420 or gateway 420 are referenced herein.

[00391] While the embodiments described below with respect to Figures 48 through 63 are depicted in the context of a conventional multi-tier access network, one of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that such embodiments can also be generalized to other network topologies including the various flattened network topologies described herein. As shown, the service controller is divided into two main functions (e.g., as compared with the embodiments of service controller 122 depicted in Figure 16): (1) a service controller device control system 4825 and (2) a service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835. The service controller device control system 4825 performs the device service control channel functions as previously described herein with respect to various embodiments.

[00392] The service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 separates out the service analysis, control policy design and publishing from the device service control channel functions. The service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 performs a variety of functions as described below. In some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 provides service usage statistical analysis, notification policy or procedure response analysis and/or billing policy or procedure response analysis for single devices, groups of devices, types of devices, groups of users, classes of users, or an entire set of devices and users that subscribe to a given service. In some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 detects, singles out and reports device service usage, notification responses or billing behavior that is outside of expected limits but may or may not be violating policy. In some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 provides service cost and profitability analysis for single devices, groups of devices, types of devices, groups of users, classes of users, or an entire set of devices and users that subscribe to a given service. In some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 provides user service control policy, notification policy or billing policy statistical satisfaction analysis for single devices, groups of devices, types of devices, groups of users, classes of users, or an entire set of devices and users that subscribe to a given service. In some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 provides statistical take rate analysis for transaction offers and billing offers for single devices, groups of devices, types of devices,

groups of users, classes of users, or an entire set of devices and users that subscribe to a given service.

[00393] In some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 provides service control policy definition work screens and "dry-lab" (pre-beta) testing against usage database for single devices, groups of devices, types of devices, groups of users, classes of users, or an entire set of devices and users that subscribe to a given service. In some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 provides service control policy, notification policy and/or billing policy beta testing (e.g., using beta test server 1658) in which the beta test profile is published to a subset of users or devices. In some embodiments, beta devices/users may or may not know that the service policy is being tested with them. In some embodiments, if they do know, then beta test apparatus includes offering system that provides user options to accept beta test and provide feedback in exchange for an offer (e.g., show them an offer page that comes up with their existing subscription service or ambient service – offer a free trial, a discount to something and/or reward zone points (or other incentives/rewards) if they accept the trial). In some embodiments, a beta test workstation (e.g., in communication with the beta test server 1658, such as VSP remote workstation 4920 as shown in Figure 49) allows the beta test manager to define one or more beta test service policy, notification policy and/or billing policy control profiles. In some embodiments, the beta test workstation publishes each profile to specific individual (single) devices, groups of devices, types of devices, groups of users, classes of users, or an entire set of devices and users that subscribe to a given service. In some embodiments, the beta test workstation allows the beta test manager to analyze usage statistics, notification response statistics and/or billing/transaction offer response statistics for devices, users, groups of devices or groups of users and compare actual real-time usage versus beta test usage goals. In some embodiments, the beta test workstation allows the beta test manager to fine tune service, notification and/or billing/transaction policies and re-publish to observe changes to actual service usage until the service policy and/or notification control policies achieve the desired result. In some embodiments, the beta test workstation also allows the beta test manager to collect direct user feedback to a set of pre-designed user satisfaction or other questions regarding service usage. For example, questions can be presented through a pre-designed beta test portal or through a series of brief pop-ups that come up when the user initiates a particular action or at a

particular time. In some embodiments, the beta test workstation also collects details of service and device usage (e.g., CRM data) that the beta test users have approved for collection. In some embodiments, the beta test workstation can decompose this data to determine if the users are using the service in the manner intended by the beta test goals. In some embodiments, the beta test workstation also allows for publishing multiple variants of the service and/or notification policy control settings and compare the service usage for each group with convenient screens with information displays (e.g., statistical usage versus time of day, usage of particular activities, billing activity, device discovery activity, user response to notification message and options, user satisfaction with a particular notification policy or billing policy or traffic control policy). In some embodiments, the screens can be designed by the beta test manager.

[00394] In some embodiments, once a service is completely tested and approved for production publication, the service download control server 1660 has a workstation screen that allows the service manager to specify which group of devices are to receive the new service policy configuration. In some embodiments, the service download control server 1660 allows the service manager to define specific individual (single) devices, groups of devices, types of devices, groups of users, classes of users, or an entire set of devices and users that subscribe to a given service.

[00395] In some embodiments, a service (e.g., a newly created or new version of an existing service) is tested and/or enhanced using a new service testing model. For example, a new service (or a new version of an existing service) is loaded onto a server for testing, the new service is (optionally) tested against existing device usage statistics, a new service control definition (e.g., implemented as service processor 115 for publishing to devices 100 and a corresponding new service controller 122 for the service provider, such as a central provider or an MVNO partner, and, for example, the new service processor and service controller can be implemented using the below described SDK) for the new service is developed and possibly adjusted based on the testing against existing device usage statistics, the new service control definition is then published to beta devices (e.g., various devices 100 used for beta testing the new service), which then use the new service, service usage statistics and/or user feedback statistics are then collected (e.g., to ensure that the service is functioning properly and so that the service control definition can be tuned to ensure adequate service, user experience and for

service pricing/profitability purposes), the service/service control definition is then fine tuned based on the service usage/user feedback statistics. Upon completion of the above testing and refinement of the service/service control definition, the service control definition can be published to specified groups of devices for using the new service. In some embodiments, this service control testing model for groups of devices and service partners is provided by a virtual MVNO or VSP. For example, this allows for new services to be more efficiently and more effectively developed, tested and proliferated.

[00396] In some embodiments, service history IPDRs come from within a networking component connected to the central provider core network 110 as depicted by (e.g., real-time) service usage 118 (which as discussed elsewhere is a general purpose descriptor for a function located in one or more of the networking equipment boxes). In some embodiments, service history IPDRs are collected/aggregated (in part) from the central billing system 123. In some embodiments, service history IPDRs are collected/aggregated (in part) from the transport gateways 420. In some embodiments, service history IPDRs are collected/aggregated (in part) from the RAN gateways 410. In some embodiments, service history IPDRs are collected/aggregated (in part) from the base station(s) 125 or a networking component co-located with the base station(s) 125, a networking component in the transport network 415, a networking component in the core network 110 or from another source.

[00397] **Virtual Service Provider for Service Control**

[00398] In some embodiments, virtual service provider (VSP) capabilities include making available to a third party service partner one or more of the following: (1) device group definition, control and security, (2) provisioning definition and execution, (3) ATS activation owner, (4) service profile definitions, (5) activation and ambient service definition, (6) billing rules definition, (7) billing process and branding controls, (8) bill by account settings, (9) service usage analysis capabilities by device, sub-group or group, (10) beta test publishing capabilities by device, sub-group or group, and (11) production publishing, fine tuning and re-publishing.

[00399] **Figure 49** illustrates a network architecture for an open developer platform for virtual service provider (VSP) partitioning in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835 is

configured so that multiple "service group owners" (e.g., the service provider for certain smart phones) or "device group owners" (e.g., eReader devices for the eReader service provider(s)) or "user group owners" (e.g., IT for Company X for their employees' corporate mobile devices), collectively referred to as the "Virtual Service Provider" (VSP), are serviced with the same service controller infrastructure and the same (or substantially similar) service processor design from virtual service provider workstation server 4910 and/or virtual service provider remote workstation(s) 4920. As shown, the virtual service provider remote workstation(s) 4920 communicates with the virtual service provider workstation server 4910 via VPN, leased line or secure Internet connections. The dashed lines shown in Figure 49 are depicted to represent that, in some embodiments, the virtual service provider workstation server 4910 is networked with the service controller device control system 4825 and/or, in some embodiments, the service controller design, policy analysis, definition, test, publishing system 4835. Based on the discussion herein, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the VSP workstation server 4910 can also be networked in various embodiments with billing system 123, AAA server 121, gateways 410 or 420, or other network components to perform, for example, various network provisioning and activation related functions discussed herein for the device group assigned to one or more VSPs, or for other reasons as will be apparent to a given VSP embodiment.

[00400] In some embodiments, the service controller functionality is partitioned for a VSP by setting up one or more secure workstations, secure portals, secure websites, secure remote software terminals and/or other similar techniques to allow the service managers who work for the VSP to analyze, fine tune, control or define the services they decide to publish to one or more groups of devices or groups of users that the VSP "owns," In some embodiments, the VSP "owns" such groups by virtue of a relationship with the central provider in which the VSP is responsible for the service design and profitability. In some embodiments, the central provider receives payment from the VSP for wholesale access services. In some embodiments, the VSP workstations 4910 and 4920 only have access to the service analysis, design, beta testing and publishing functions for the devices or users "owned" by the VSP. In some embodiments, the user or device base serviced by the central provider network is securely partitioned into those owned by the central provider, those owned by the VSP, and those owned by any other VSPs.

[00401] In some embodiments, the VSP manages their devices from the VSP workstations 4910 and 4920 using device based service control techniques as described herein. In some embodiments, the VSP manages their devices from the VSP workstations 4910 and 4920 using device assisted and network based service control techniques as described herein. In some embodiments, the VSP manages their devices from the VSP workstations 4910 and 4920 using network based service control techniques (e.g., DPI techniques) as described herein.

[00402] For example, this approach is particularly well suited for "open developer programs" offered by the central providers in which the central provider brings in VSPs who offer special value in the devices or service plans, and using this approach, neither the central provider nor the VSP needs to do as much work as would be required to set up a conventional MVNO or MVNE system, which often requires some degree of customization in the network solution, the billing solution or the device solution for each new device application and/or service application that is developed and deployed. In some embodiments, the service customization is simplified by implementing custom policy settings on the service processor and service controller, and the custom device is quickly brought onto the network using the SDK and test/certification process. In some embodiments, the VSP functionality is also offered by an entity other than the central provider. For example, an MVNE entity can develop a wholesale relationship with one or more carriers, use the service controller to create the VSP capabilities, and then offer VSP services for one network or for a group of networks. In some embodiments, the service customization is simplified by implementing custom policy settings through the VSP embodiments on the network equipment, including, in some embodiments, service aware or DPI based network equipment that has a relatively deep level of service activity control capability. For example, using the embodiments described herein, and possibly also including some of the activation and provisioning embodiments, it is possible to efficiently design and implement custom ambient service plans that are different for different types of devices, different OEMs, different VSPs, different distributors, or different user groups all using the same general infrastructure, whether the service control policy implementation is accomplished primarily (or exclusively) with networking equipment (network) based service control, primarily (or exclusively) with device based service control or with a combination of both (e.g., hybrid device and network based service control).

[00403] As discussed herein, various VSP embodiments for performing one or more of analyzing traffic usage and defining, managing service profiles or plans, dry lab testing service profiles or plans, beta testing service profiles or plans, fine tuning service profiles or plans, publishing service profiles or plans, or other policy related settings can involve programming settings in the network equipment and/or programming settings or software on the device. For example, as discussed herein, the service processor settings are controlled by the service controller, which can be partitioned to allow groups of devices to be controlled. As another example, equipment in the network involved with network based service control, such as DPI based gateways, routers or switches, can similarly be programmed to utilize various VSP embodiments to implement that portion of the service profile (or service activity usage control) that is controlled by network level functions, and it will be appreciated that substantially all or all of the service activity control for certain embodiments can be accomplished with the network functions instead of the device. Continuing this example, just as the device service processor settings control functions of the service processor can have a group of devices that are partitioned off and placed under the control of a VSP, various VSP control embodiments can partition off a group of devices that have service usage activity controlled by the networking equipment, including, in some embodiments, sophisticated service aware DPI based service control equipment, to achieve similar objectives. It will be appreciated that the discussion herein regarding service controller design, policy analysis, test, publishing 4835, and the discussion regarding device group, user group and other VSP related embodiments, should be understood as applicable to various embodiments described in view of device based services control, control assistance and/or monitoring, or network based services control, control assistance and/or monitoring, or a combination of device based services control, control assistance and/or monitoring and network based services control, control assistance and/or monitoring. The various embodiments described herein related to service activation and provisioning also make apparent how the programming of network equipment service control, service control assistance and/or monitoring can be implemented prior to and following activation of the device. It will also be appreciated that the VSP capabilities described herein can also be applied to those devices that have services controlled by, provided by and/or billed by the central provider, so these techniques can be applied to central provider service embodiments, MVNO embodiments and other embodiments.

[00404] **Open Development System for Access Services – SDK**

[00405] In some embodiments, an SDK is provided that allows developers, such as device manufacturers, service providers, MVNO, MVNE and/or VSPs, to develop various service processors (e.g., different versions of the service processor 115) for various devices (e.g., various types of devices 100) and corresponding service controllers (e.g., different versions of the service controller 122) for various types of services and network environments. For example, a device manufacturer can use the SDK to develop a new service processor for their new device (e.g., mobile phone, PDA, eBook reader, portable music device, computer, laptop, netbook, or any other network accessible device). The device manufacturer can also preload/preinstall their new service processor on their new devices. In this example, users of the new device would then be able to utilize the new device to access network based services using the new service processor, which communicates with the deployed new service controller, as similarly discussed herein in various embodiments. For example, the device can be preinstalled with the new service processor to provide ambient services, as similarly discussed herein in various embodiments. For example, the SDK can allow for substantially similar service processors to be installed on similar and/or different devices thereby minimizing any unnecessary differences between service processor elements for device assisted services. In some embodiments, for ambient services for a group of devices, or devices associated with a certain service provider, a set of numbers (e.g., dummy numbers) can be assigned for use for attempting access via the access network using a new device that is not yet otherwise subscribed for service. In some embodiments, the set of (dummy) numbers used for ambient access by the device can also be used for associate of the device with a service provider or a type of device (e.g., eReader or some other type of network accessible device), and upon activation, the service provider assigns a real number for the activated device (e.g., which can be provided at the time of manufacture of the device, point of sale of the device, or after the point of sale of the device, such as upon activation of the device). For example, ambient access of the device can use the device ID, SIM ID, assigned phone (real or dummy) number, and/or other information associated with the device for assigning appropriate service control and service policy/profile for the device.

[00406] In some embodiments, the service processor 115 is distributed as an SDK to any device that the central provider or the VSP desires to offer services with so that the service

processor 115 can be efficiently designed or adapted by the device OEM, ODM or manufacturer for operation on the service network. In some embodiments, the SDK includes either a complete set of service processor 115 agent software designed for and/or tested for the OS (Operating System) and processor set being used on the device, or a mature reference design for the OS and processor set being used on the device, or a less mature reference design (potentially for the same OS and/or processor set or a different OS and/or processor set being used on the device) that the OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturer) ports to the desired OS or processor set, or a basic set of example software programs that the OEM or ODM (Original Design Manufacturer) can use to develop software compatible with the service, or a set of specifications and descriptions (possibly forming an interoperability standard) of how to design the software to be compatible with the service. In some embodiments, the SDK includes a set of OEM lab test procedures and/or test criteria to ensure that the implementation of the service SDK is compatible with the service and will operate properly. In some embodiments, the SDK includes a set of network certification test procedures and/or test criteria to ensure that the implementation of the service SDK is compatible with the service and will operate properly. In some embodiments, the certification procedures are approved for testing by the OEM, the central provider, the VSP and/or a trusted third party. For example, the central provider is typically in control of the SDK and the test procedures, but others can be in control. In some embodiments, the test procedures are at least in part common across multiple central provider networks. In some embodiments, the SDK concept is extended to include one or more modem modules where one or more of the SDK embodiments described above is combined with a standard reference design or a standard hardware sales package for one or more modems so that the entire package forms a turn-key product that allows a device manufacturer, central provider, VSP or other entity bring new devices or device applications onto the central provider network possibly in combination with other networks in a manner that requires less engineering time and resources and less network certification time and resources than would be required in some designs that do not use this standard SDK plus module approach. For example, the standard SDK plus module product embodiments can be pre-certified and tested with one or more central providers to further reduce development time and expense. The standard SDK plus module embodiments can also use a multi-mode modem (e.g., modems based on a multimode CDMA, EVDO, UMTS, HSPA chipset as in the Gobi global multimode chipset product or modems based on other

recently announced LTE plus HSPA chipsets, WiMax plus Wi-Fi chipsets or LTE plus EVDO chipsets) and a multi-mode connection manager agent so that the same SDK plus modem embodiment may satisfy a wide range of applications for many service providers around the world.

[00407] In some embodiments, at the time of manufacture, the device is associated with an MVNO. For example, the MVNO can provide an ambient service that provides a service provider clearing house, in which the device can access a network in ambient access mode (e.g., a wholesale MVNO connection through the access network) for purposes of selecting a service provider (e.g., a VSP, MVNO or carrier). Based on the service provider selection, the device credentials and/or service processor are reprogrammed and/or new software is downloaded/installed to activate the device with the selected service provider, as described herein for provisioning the device and the account on that service provider network (e.g., the ATS can track such activation, for example, for revenue sharing purposes, as an activation incentive fee).

[00408] In some embodiments ATS is implemented entirely in the network as described below. At the time of manufacture or at sometime during device distribution, the device master agent programs a unique credential in the device that cannot be re-programmed or removed (or is difficult to re-program or remove) and that can be recognized and recorded by the network at the time of activation or at some other time. In this manner, even if other, possibly primary, device credentials are reprogrammed or removed, there will still be a credential that is associated with the device master agent. The ATS process can then be implemented by using a database search function to scan through the database of activated devices to form a list of devices that have been activated for the purpose of master agent reconciliation. Example credentials that can suffice are MEID, hardware MAC address, and/or serial number, that are picked up and recorded by the service provider or other service entity at time of activation or before or after activation.

[00409] **Interface Server Overlay for Billing/IPDR Feed Mediation**

[00410] **Figure 50** illustrates a network architecture including a billing to service controller interface for accommodating minimum changes in existing central billing, AAA and/or other network components in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the central

billing system 123 includes a mediation, customer service and billing databases, historical usage, billing systems component 5010 and a billing to service controller interface component 5020. For example, the billing to service controller interface component 5020 allows for the central billing system 123 to efficiently communicate with the service controller (e.g., service controller device control system 4825).

[00411] In some embodiments, an interface server (e.g., the billing databases, historical usage, billing systems component 5010 and/or the billing to service controller interface component 5020) is provided that reads the IPDRs, service profile and/or service plan information stored in the billing and/or service record database(s). In some embodiments, the interface server performs these functions in a manner that is compatible with communication formats of the billing and/or service record database(s) so that little or no changes are required in the configuration, communication formats or software of the existing central billing, AAA and/or other network components. In some embodiments, the interface server (e.g., including the billing databases, historical usage, billing systems component 5010 and the billing to service controller interface component 5020) is co-located with the central billing system components as shown, or in other embodiments, the interface server is located elsewhere. For example, the interface server can be located close to or within the components that comprise the service controller or anywhere else in the network.

[00412] In some embodiments, the interface server performs certain communication protocol translation or data format translation required to interface the information stored in the billing and/or service record database(s) to the service controller functions so that the central billing system 123 and other existing components in the network do not need to change much (if at all) to enable the service controller and service processor to implement device based/assisted service control. In some embodiments, the central billing system 123 or other network components are not required to be aware of the service control functions being implemented by the service controller or service processor, because the interface server acquires the network based information needed by the service controller and/or service processor while requiring little or no specialized awareness, communication, data formatting, user interfacing, service profile processing or service plan processing on the part of existing billing, database or networking components. In this type of overlay approach, various embodiments described herein can be

used to quickly upgrade the capabilities of existing networks for new devices while minimizing the required changes to the existing network that supports legacy devices.

[00413] For example, a new ambient service plan can be implemented within the central billing system 123 that is associated with a zero or low cost billing plan and a usage limit (e.g., ambient service) that may be difficult or impossible to support in a manner that would result in high user satisfaction and a high level of control for service cost and service policy definition. Even if the central billing system 123 is not highly involved in the process, the zero or low cost plan can be implemented in a manner that results in high user satisfaction and a cost controlled service by using the service controller and/or service processor and the interface server to implement the ambient services access control, service usage control, user interface, service usage notification, transaction billing or bill by account functionality. For example, this approach can be implemented by reading the service plan and/or service policy settings for a device in the central billing database using the interface server, looking up the corresponding service policy, user notification policy, transaction billing policy and bill by account policy associated with the particular service profile or service plan, and then implementing the policies with the assistance of the service controller and/or service processor. Similarly, in another definition, multiple tiers of service control and user notification policies can be added to any number of new service profiles or service plans that would not otherwise be supported with the central billing system 123 and other network components, all with minimal or no modifications to the pre-existing network and billing system.

[00414] Another embodiment calls for receiving a standard IPDR feed from central billing 123 or another network component just like an MVNO would. For example, the interface server function can be located in the central billing system, service processor or elsewhere in the network. This provides the IPDR records for service usage policy verification and service usage notification synchronization with little or no need to modify existing billing or network apparatus.

[00415] In some embodiments, duplicate the IPDRs are sent from the network equipment to the billing system and/or network management system that are currently used for generating service billing or are used for device management or network management. In some

embodiments, duplicate records are filtered to send only those records for devices controlled by the service controller and/or service processor. For example, this approach can provide for the same level of reporting, lower level of reporting, and/or higher level of reporting as compared to the reporting required by the central billing system.

[00416] In some embodiments, a bill-by-account billing offset is provided using the interface server. For example, bill-by-account billing offset information is informed to the billing system through an existing data feed and by updating the billing database using the interface server. In some embodiments, transaction billing is provided using the interface server. For example, transaction billing log information is provided to the billing system through an existing data feed and by updating the billing database using the interface server.

[00417] In some embodiments, existing/new service plan choice screens are displayed to the user, a user choice or decision/input is confirmed for a selected service plan, and then the service is implemented upon confirmation of the billing system update for the new service plan. In some embodiments, the service is implemented upon the user selection of a new service plan and then retracted if not confirmed as updated by the billing system within a certain period of time. In some embodiments, the new service plan information is updated in the billing system through an existing data feed or by updating the database using the interface server.

[00418] **Integrated Service Control**

[00419] **Figure 51** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions with AAA and network service usage functions in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, an integrated device service control, AAA, device usage monitoring system 5110 is provided that integrates service controller functions (e.g., service controller device control system functions 4825 of Figure 48) with access network AAA server 121 functions and network (e.g., real-time) service usage 118 functions.

[00420] **Figure 52** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions in the access transport network in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the service controller device control system 4825 is located in the access transport network 415, or in some embodiments, in the 4G/3G/2G RAN gateways 410 (as indicated by the

dashed line with the arrow), or alternatively, in the 4G/3G/2G transport gateways 420 (as indicated by the dashed line with the arrow).

[00421] **Figure 53** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions in the radio access network in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the service controller device control system 4825 is located in the radio access network 405, or in some embodiments, in the 4G/3G base station(s) 125 (as indicated by the dashed line with the arrow), or alternatively, in the 3G/2G base stations 125 (as indicated by the dashed line with the arrow).

[00422] **Ambient Services**

[00423] In some embodiments, improved and simplified processes for provisioning a device or user for service on a central provider network, an MVNO network or a virtual service provider (VSP) on the central provider network are provided. In some embodiments, provisioning includes one or more of the following: a process or result of assigning, programming, storing or embedding into the device and/or network a set of credentials, or otherwise providing the credentials to the user; the credentials being at least in part carried on the device or with the user; and/or at least a portion of or a counterpart to the credentials being stored or recognized by the network so that the various network elements responsible for admitting the device access to the appropriate service activities do so once the device or user service is active.

[00424] As an example, as discussed herein, the credentials can include one or more of the following: phone number, device identification number, MEID or similar mobile device identifier, hardware security device ID, security signature or other security credentials, device serial number, device identification and/or credential information via security hardware such as a SIM, one or more IP addresses, one or more MAC addresses, any other network address identifier, embedded device descriptive information block (static or programmable), security key, security signature algorithms, passwords or other secure authorization information, service processor (or similar device client or agent software) identifier or settings or version, device type identifier, browser (e.g., http, https, WAP, other browser client) header information or similar identifier, browser token information or similar identifier, browser cookie information or similar identifier, embedded browser instructions, portal-client (e.g., interface or communication agent

that connects to a network portal used at least in part for provisioning or activation for the device or by the user) header information or similar identifier, portal-client token information or similar identifier, portal-client cookie information or similar identifier, embedded portal-client instructions, service provider, OEM, master agent (service distributor), VSP, device service owner identifier, distributor or master agent, and/or any information the network can use to authorize network admission, provision the device, provision the network, activate service, authorize, associate or enable the device with a provisioning sequence, associate or enable the device with one or more service profiles, associate or assist the device with an activation sequence, associate or enable the device with an ambient profile or service experience, associate or enable the device with one or more service plans or service capabilities, associate the device with a service provider or service owner, associate the device with an OEM or master agent, associate the device with a distributor or master agent, or associate the device with a device group, user group or user.

[00425] In some embodiments, provisioning includes assigning, programming or embedding into the device and/or network the information to define the level of service activity, referred to as a service profile, that the device is authorized to receive. In some embodiments, provisioning also includes establishing the device settings and/or network settings to define an ambient activation experience in which the device user receives a set of services after (e.g., within a short period of time after) purchasing or otherwise obtaining or installing the device whether the device has or has not been registered and activated with the device user or device owner.

[00426] In some embodiments, the ambient experience is the user experience that is available at the time the device is sold in the event the user has not yet signed up for a service plan. For example, the ambient experience is defined by an ambient service profile, an ambient service plan and/or the other service usage activity control policies in effect in the network, on the device, or a combination of both. For example, if the device service processor is used in large part to define the ambient service profile, then the initial provisioning and activation settings in the service processor, and possibly the service controller, can define the user service upgrade offering choices, network destination access control possibilities, traffic control policies, mobile commerce transaction capabilities (e.g., which transaction websites, WAP sites or portals

the user can access to purchase information, content, music, games and/or eBooks), possibly free news or weather or other modest bandwidth Internet services that are provided free of charge to entice the user into using/upgrading the service or using the transactions or viewing advertisements, what advertisements are displayed to the user or what advertisement based websites the user is exposed to, certain applications may have access while others are blocked (e.g., Internet based text services have access but email downloads do not), or other example service capabilities. It will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that allowing all of these services, and blocking other ambient user service attempts (e.g., unpaid large file size Internet downloads or uploads or movie viewing or other access that would consume bandwidth and cause the ambient service to be a potential source of losses for the service provider) is made possible by the service profile control capabilities of the service processor and/or the service controller. The bill by account embodiments, as discussed herein, in which each service activity can, for example, be separately tracked with the service monitor and other agents and server functions to produce a billing offset that allows categorization and mediation of different billing entities (accounts) provides the capability for the service provider to individually account for the costs of each ambient service element. This allows business models wherein the free access to the end user is paid for or partially paid for by one or more service provider partners who are billed for service access using the bill by account capabilities (e.g., the transaction partners pay for user access to their transaction experience and perhaps pay a revenue share for transaction billing, the advertising sponsored website partners pay for their access service share).

[00427] While the service control capabilities of the service processor and the bill by account service cost sharing and transaction revenue sharing in some cases can create a profitable ambient business model, in other cases, the ambient services can be a potential source of losses for the service provider. Accordingly, in some embodiments, the ambient service capabilities can be modified over time to reduce service cost to the service provider or VSP based on a variety of decision factors. For example, the user can have one level of traffic control for a period of time, and if the user has not signed up for service by the end of the period, the ambient service access is reduced by changing the service control policy settings in the service processor, and the service level can be further reduced over time if the user continues to not sign up for service or the user does not create much transaction revenue. As another example, the recursive throttling algorithms discussed herein can be utilized to one or more of the service

activities offered in ambient service mode so that the user experiences what full speed service is like, and if the user continues consuming appreciable bandwidth with the service activity, then the activity is throttled back to reduce costs. In these examples, the service processor or service controller can issue the user a notification explaining that their service is currently free so their usage is being throttled, and if they desire to receive better service, service plan upgrade offers can be delivered to the UI. It will now be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the various ambient service parameters, including the provisioning and activation processes used to create the ambient service activation, can also be managed by the VSP apparatus and processes described herein. For example, this allows the same service controllers and service processor solutions to be used to define a wide range of ambient experiences for various device groups or user groups that are controlled by different VSPs.

[00428] Similarly, rather than controlling the ambient service profile settings using the VSP functions to control the service controller, service processor, provisioning and activation settings, other embodiments call for the ambient service profile settings to be controlled by the network based service activity control equipment as similarly discussed herein. Depending on the level of service control and service monitoring sophistication (e.g., highly advanced DPI or service aware techniques), some, much, most or all of the above described ambient services functionality can be implemented using network based service controls and the VSP management and control embodiments described herein.

[00429] In some embodiments, a device is suspended based on inactivity, or the device is placed in a suspended service state or suspended account state, so that the network does not get bogged down with a significant number of devices and credentials that are inactive. For example, this can also result in a portion of the device credentials being assigned back to an available pool rather than reserved for that particular device (e.g., phone numbers if phone numbers are scarce). The device account and/or activation state can be re-activated when the device comes back online. For example, the suspend state can be a simple suspension of services without changing the account status, in which case the re-activation process can be automatically completed as a subset or entire set of the activation sequence that occurs when the device is initially used as described herein. The suspend state can also involve changing the account status to inactive, in which case the re-activation process can automatically reconfigure the account

status back to an active state when the device re-accesses the network. For example, the suspend state can involve de-assigning or possibly re-claiming a portion of the device credentials. If a portion of the credentials are de-assigned, then when the device re-accesses the network credentials can be automatically re-assigned as described in various embodiments described herein.

[00430] **Network Based Service Monitoring, Notification and Control**

[00431] In some embodiments, as described herein, it is desirable to implement some or all of the deep service usage monitoring, service control or control assistance, or service notification or notification assistance associated with a service profile in network apparatus rather than in the device, or to implement some of the deep service monitoring, control, control assistance, notification or notification assistance in the device and others in the network. This is the case, for example, in a mixed network in which some devices have some, or at least one, or all of the service processor capabilities discussed herein, but other devices do not have as much or any of the service processor capabilities. Another example is for networks or devices that do not have any service processor capabilities or where it is desirable to do all of the service monitoring, control and notification in the network rather than the device. As described below, Figures 54 through 63 depict various embodiments for combinations of device based service monitoring, control or control assistance, usage notification or usage notification assistance and/or network based service monitoring, control or control assistance, usage notification or usage notification assistance.

[00432] **Figure 54** illustrates a network architecture for locating service controller device control functions with AAA and network service usage including deep packet inspection functions in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, an integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 is provided that integrates service controller functions including a deep packet control (DPC) policy implementation function 5402 with access network AAA server 121 functions and network real-time service usage 118 functions. In the following discussion, it is understood that the AAA server 121 function can be re-located to another point in the network or network equipment partitioning with no loss in generality. It is also understood that many of the functional partitions described for the various embodiments

within integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 can be re-drawn with no loss in applicability, function or generality. Finally, it is understood that one or more of the functional elements described within the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 can be removed for simplified embodiments and that not all the functionality described herein is necessary in some embodiments.

[00433] In some embodiments, the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 provides for network based service monitoring or control that satisfies various network neutrality and/or privacy requirements based on indication(s) received from the device or user (e.g., user input provided using the device UI using the service processor 115; user input provided through another website, WAP site or portal; or user input provided through the service contract where the user agrees to the monitoring and/or service control levels) and network based service control using a DPI service monitor 5412 and/or the DPC policy implementation 5402.

[00434] In some embodiments, the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 provides for network based service monitoring or service control that satisfies various privacy requirements using indication(s) received from the device or user (e.g., user input provided using the device UI using the service processor 115; user input provided through another website, WAP site or portal; or user input provided through the service contract where the user agrees to the monitoring and/or service control levels) and network based DPI service usage monitoring or DPC policy implementation using the DPI service monitor 5412 or DPC policy implementation 5402 as described below. In some embodiments, the DPI service monitor 5412 and/or DPC policy implementation 5402 include a secure database for storing service monitoring and CRM information for each device/device user. In some embodiments, the DPI service monitor 5412 and/or DPC policy implementation 5402 can be integrated with the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 (as shown) or provided within a separate router, server, and/or software/hardware implemented function that is in secure communication with the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 and/or other network elements based on the network architecture. In some embodiments, a secure data store, such as a secure database, is not integrated with the DPI service monitor 5412 or DPC policy implementation 5402 but is in secure communication with the DPI service

monitor 5412 or DPC policy implementation 5402, the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 and/or other network elements depending on the architecture (e.g., a billing server or any other network element). In some embodiments, the user selects limits and/or restrictions on who can access remotely stored service usage history and/or other CRM/privacy related data (e.g., CRM/privacy gatekeeper settings), and, for example, other network elements and/or network administrators access to such data can be limited and/or restricted accordingly. For example, access to such stored service monitoring and CRM information can require certain security credentials and/or using various other well known secure data storage techniques, such as the various secure storage techniques described herein.

[00435] In some embodiments, the secure database possessing user service usage information that is considered sensitive and has not been approved for distribution by the user can be made unavailable to the credentials possessed by network managers or network functions except, for example, for emergency service situations of government mandated monitoring needs where special credentials are brought out of secure storage that are not normally available. In some embodiments, rather than the user selecting limits, a certain set of restrictions are assumed unless the user selects information filtering settings that allow more information to be shared with the network functions, network administrators or service provider partners. In some embodiments, the information is filtered to remove information thought to be sensitive but still transmits service usage information needed for monitoring network services or other important parameters. For example, the website destinations a user is visiting can be classified with generic identifiers that are not decodable or the individual website information can be completely removed. Many other examples will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art.

[00436] For example, the stored service monitoring and CRM information can also be organized into groups to define group CRM profiles to store service monitoring information for every user indexed by the user credentials (e.g., such groups can also be used for various VSP related functions, as described herein). The DPI service monitor 5412 or DPC policy implementation 5402 also uses the secure storage to store service monitoring information for each user indexed by the user credentials or another aspect of the device identifier or address assignment (e.g., IP address or MAC address). In some embodiments, a CRM information manager (e.g., a supervisor program executing on the integrated device service control, device

usage monitoring system 5410) communicates with the other network functions and provides filtered service usage and CRM information according to CRM filtering rules for each user or for groups of users. In some embodiments, the filtered CRM data can be made available using secure communications with other networking equipment by the integrated device service control, usage monitoring system 5410. In some embodiments, the filter settings for some users allow more information to be shared from the secure service usage information than others due to the differences in user preference settings and/or service plan agreements.

[00437] In some embodiments, user privacy preference information is used to determine the privacy filter settings, which are securely implemented by the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410. For example, service CRM filter settings can be received at the time of service contract sign up (e.g., service plan selection) and/or allow the user to log into service preferences web page to change settings (e.g., without involving any interaction with local software on the device). As another example, software on the device (e.g., including the service processor 115) can be used for selecting user CRM/privacy preferences, which are securely communicated to the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 (e.g., the device can include credentials that can be verified to allow for selection/modification of CRM/privacy preferences or other user based preferences securely maintained in a network server, such as the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 or another network element, such as shown in various other embodiments described herein). In these examples, the filtered CRM data is available from the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 for other network components over a secure or open communication link. In another example, user CRM/privacy preferences are input using a web server hosted by the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 or the central billing system 123. In another example, software on the device (e.g., including the service processor 115) can be used for securely communicating user preference decisions to an intermediate server that acts as a device manager and intermediate server for devices or device groups and the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410.

[00438] In some embodiments, the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 provides for network based service control as described below. In some

embodiments and similar to the above described network based CRM filtering embodiments, the DPI service monitor 5412 or DPC policy implementation 5402 includes secure storage (e.g., a secure database) for storing service monitoring information (e.g., based on user selections/preferences), and the DPC policy implementation 5402 performs traffic shaping/throttling algorithms for each user based on the stored service monitoring information from DPI service monitor 5412. For example, network based DPI traffic inspection by the DPI service monitor 5412 can use the secure storage to save service monitoring information for each user indexed by the user credentials or other parameters, such as IP address or other network tag. As another example, the DPC policy implementation 5402, for example, which can be supervised by policy management server 1652 as described herein with respect to various other embodiments, can implement service usage history statistical analysis inside the secure storage and maintain a service usage history analysis for each device/user and/or perform various traffic shaping and/or throttling algorithms based on various device, user selected and/or service plan related settings (e.g., for network neutrality purposes) allowing for various higher level service usage goals for one or more users, as similarly described herein with respect to various device based service usage monitoring embodiments (e.g., except for certain encrypted network traffic flows or application related flows for which traffic control generally needs information from the application level and/or content specific traffic control).

[00439] In some embodiments, input is collected on how to implement service control (e.g., from the user of the device). For example, such input can be determined based on one or more of the following: a service plan choice for the device; input provided by a user via a website (e.g., web based portal) for indicating changes to service control policies, as similarly described above; input provided by a user via the device (e.g., including the service processor 115), which securely communicates the input to the DPC policy implementation 5402, for example, which can be supervised by the policy management server 1652; and input provided by a user via the device (e.g., including the service processor 115), which securely communicates the input to an intermediate server for the DPC policy implementation 5402, as similarly described above. In some embodiments, such service control is based on various algorithms as described herein that identify the heaviest usage service activities and recursively control the speed for those activities while leaving certain others unaffected, and in a manner that is specified or selected by the user to ensure network neutrality. In some embodiments, the user is

offered a choice for controlling service usage and/or selects an algorithm that controls all activities equally/neutrally (e.g., based on selected user preferences). For example, by implementing service control algorithms that are network neutral (e.g., throttling all activities equally or throttling the highest usage algorithms without singling out certain activities for throttling unless they satisfy certain network neutral usage history or usage statistics criteria), or that are approved, selected or otherwise specified by the user, network neutral traffic control or service usage control can be maintained.

[00440] In some embodiments, the DPI service monitor 5412, possibly in conjunction with the service usage notification 5420 and/or service history server 1650, provides service usage/service cost (e.g., a real-time service usage counter) related notifications to the device based on user preferences, as similarly described above with respect to various device based service usage/service related notification embodiments. For example, the DPI service monitor 5412, for example, in conjunction with the service usage notification 5420 and/or service history server 1650, can perform service usage/service related notification algorithms based on one or more of the following: service plans, device settings, and/or user selected preferences (e.g., such notification messages can be securely communicated to the device and/or to the device via an intermediate server). For example, the policies that govern how the user is notified of service usage or service cost can be determined by the policy management server 1652 and/or the service usage notification 5420. As another example, user acknowledgements of important notification messages and/or user choices related to important service usage decisions can be requested, as similarly discussed above with respect to device based service usage/control embodiments, which can then be communicated to the central billing system 123 as confirmation for any such important notification messages (e.g., related to service usage overage charges and/or confirmation of service upgrades). In some embodiments, various other service usage algorithms related to service usage and/or service cost forward projections described herein with respect device based service usage forward projection embodiments are performed in the network, such as by the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410, and such forward projections can then be communicated to each respective device as service usage notification messages (e.g., using a push based approach (initiated in the network) and/or pull based approach (initiated by a request from the device)). For example, these embodiments for projected service usage methods, as described herein, can be helpful for determining when

the user is using services in a manner that will cause the user to run over a service limit so that the user can be notified, or the service can be controlled or throttled if the user has selected a control or throttling option.

[00441] In some embodiments, one or more intermediate servers are provided for workload balancing and/or off-loading the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 and perform one or more of the functions described above with respect to various embodiments of the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410. In some embodiments, service plans, device settings, and/or user selected preferences are used to associate each device/user with a preprogrammed profile to more efficiently associate such devices/users with their selected service plans, device settings, and/or user preferences. For example, the process of setting a service profile for a given device can be determined by assigning the device to a service flow that has the pre-defined service profile and is shared with other devices within the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 rather than individually processing the service flow manipulations for each device. In some embodiments, the act of provisioning and activating a service profile for a given devices involves setting up the service flow definition and identifier within the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 (if it is not already set up) and then assigning the routing of the device credentials to that service flow identifier. User preferences can, for example, be accounted for by assigning the device service flow to one of several pre-defined profiles based on user preferences that are all supported under the same service plan. For example, one service flow profile can call for service usage notification but no control under the same service plan as another service flow profile that calls for less notification but active service usage control to maintain user costs to a monthly post-pay limit.

[00442] In some embodiments, the bill by account function is implemented in the context of the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 or other network based system embodiments described herein. For example, the DPI service monitor 5412, in some cases in conjunction with service history server 1650, can operate in conjunction with bill by account policy settings stored in the billing event server 1662 so that service activities are divided into the account classifications defined by the service profile settings. The bill by account feeds can then be sent to the billing system or to an intermediate billing event

aggregation server that collects this type of deep packet inspection generated information from one or more integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 units to aggregate and format the information in a manner that may be used by the central billing system 123. In some embodiments, the bill by account information collected in a network box like the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 is augmented by bill by account information collected on the device as described herein, and any intermediate server that can be used to aggregate and format these bill by account feeds for the central billing system deals with both types of data, from the network and from the devices.

[00443] As shown in Figure 54, in some embodiments, integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 includes the service control server link 1638, which, for example, can be used as described above (e.g., with respect to Figure 16 and other embodiments described herein) to communicate with device service processors 115. In some embodiments, billing server 1662 within integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 detects service usage events reported by DPI service monitor 5412, in some cases in conjunction with service history server 1650, generates a billing event that can be recorded or transmitted to the central billing system 123. In some embodiments, billing server 1662 receives information from device billing agent 1695 and/or device service monitor agent 1696 and transmits the device service usage billing events to the central billing system 123. In some embodiments, certain billing events that are advantageously collected in the network (e.g., DPI service monitor 5412 and/or billing event server 1662) are combined with certain billing events that are advantageously collected on the device (e.g., service monitor agent 1696 and/or billing agent 1695), and both sources of billing information are transmitted to the billing system 123. Similarly, in some embodiments, certain service usage information is collected with service usage monitor agent 1696, and that information is combined with service usage information collected from DPI service monitor 5412 and/or service history server 1650 and/or service usage 118. In some embodiments, certain service aspects are controlled using network based DPC policy implementation 5402, in some cases in conjunction with or supervised by network based policy management server 1652, and other service aspects are controlled using device based policy implementation agent 1690, in some cases in conjunction with or supervised by policy control agent 1692. As will now be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the numerous embodiments described herein, many hybrid approaches to service usage monitoring,

service control, service notification or service billing can be accomplished with some aspects of the policy, notification, control, monitoring or billing being implemented/performed on the device apparatus described herein and others implemented/performed on the network apparatus described herein. The presence of access control integrity server 1662 and many other service control verification embodiments described herein make it apparent that the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 embodiments also provide for affirmative verification of whatever functions are implemented on the device. It will also be apparent that all of the above combinations of device and network functions, and many others, can be accomplished in ways that are network neutral and/or protect user privacy preferences by implementing the service control algorithms in a network neutral manner and/or receiving user preference input on how to implement service control, and by maintaining service usage and CRM information security and filtering on both the device 100 and the network based integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410.

[00444] In some embodiments, the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 facilitates or plays a part in automated provisioning and activation of the devices as similarly described above with respect to various device based automated provisioning and activation embodiments. In some embodiments, the activation server 160 is integrated into or partially integrated into device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410.

[00445] In some embodiments, the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 facilitates ambient services as similarly described above with respect to various device based ambient services embodiments.

[00446] In some embodiments, the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5410 facilitates VSP and ODI solutions as similarly described above with respect to various device based VSP and ODI embodiments.

[00447] Various other network architectures for network based service control including deep packet inspection functions can similarly be used as will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the various embodiments described herein.

[00448] **Figure 55** illustrates another network architecture for locating service controller device control functions with AAA and network service usage including deep packet inspection functions in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the service processor 115 is not present on the devices 100, and the integrated device service control, device usage monitoring system 5510 performs all service monitoring, service control, billing, and notification functions.

[00449] **Figure 56** illustrates a 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, a 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway 5610 (e.g., implemented in either gateway 420 or gateway 410 or a combination of both) where the conventional service gateway functions 5616 (e.g., routing, switching, protocol translation/tunneling, charging data function (CDF), charging gateway function (GCF), mobility management, and/or suspend/resume) are combined with one or more of the following embodiments and integrated into one or a combination of the service gateways (e.g., RAN and/or transport gateways): DPI service monitor 5412, service history server 1650, device usage 118, DPC policy implementation 5402, policy management server 1652, user notification 5618, billing event server 1662, access control integrity server 1654, service control service link 1638, data plane I/O 5612 (e.g., used to represent the I/O port(s) for the gateway), and/or DPI/DPC gateway control plane link 5622 (e.g., used to represent the control plane network channel connecting the above elements to other network equipment and in communication with gateway control communication 5620). The packet processing architecture shown in this figure calls for a multi-point to multi-point backplane bus scheme, but it will apparent that other data path configurations are possible including serial. As will also be apparent, the above described configuration can also be applied to either the transport gateway 420 and/or the RAN gateway 410. As mentioned above, it is possible to maintain a secure storage on the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 420 or 410 that requires secure credentials to get into so that user privacy is protected and service usage information or CRM information is filtered according to user preferences prior to sending to another network function or network manager, and the same allowances can also be applied for emergency or government monitoring purposes. Network neutrality can also be maintained in this configuration by maintaining network neutrality in the service control algorithm and/or soliciting user input on how to control service usage just as discussed above for other network service control implementations or as discussed in the device based service control descriptions.

[00450] In some embodiments, the bill by account function is implemented in the context of the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5610 embodiment or other network based system embodiments described herein. For example, the bill by account information can be completely derived from the network box (e.g., 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5610) without assistance from device based service monitoring or billing capabilities, or none may exist on the device. In this example, the DPI service monitor 5412, in some cases in conjunction with service history server 1650, can operate in conjunction with bill by account policy settings stored in the billing event server 1662 so that service activities are divided into the account classifications defined by the service profile settings. The bill by account feeds can then be sent to the billing system or to an intermediate billing event aggregation server that collects this type of deep packet inspection generated information from one or 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5610 units to aggregate and format the information in a manner that can be used by the central billing system 123. In some embodiments, the bill by account information collected in a network box, such as the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5610, is augmented, refined or otherwise added to by bill by account information collected on the device as described herein and any intermediate server that can be used to aggregate and format these bill by account feeds for the central billing system deals with both types of data, from the network and from the devices.

[00451] **Figure 57** illustrates a network architecture including the VSP workstation server 4910 in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways 410 and 420 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the VSP workstation server 4910 is in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways 410 and/or 420, the Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835, and/or other networking elements including possibly the central billing system 123, the mobile wireless center 132 (HLR) and/or the AAA server 121 for the purpose of provisioning and/or controlling settings in the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways 410 and/or 420, the mobile wireless center 132 and possibly other equipment for the purpose of implementing a portion of the VSP open partner functionality discussed herein. In Figure 57, the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5610 functionality as shown in Figure 56 is implemented in the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN gateway 410 and/or the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC transport gateway 420 as similarly described above. For example, the VSP functionality can also be used to set higher level policies associated with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 420 or 410, such as provisioning or activation profiles or policies, ambient service profiles or policies, and/or bill by account

service profiles or the other higher level service profile or service plan embodiments discussed herein. In some embodiments, the provisioning and/or activation steps described herein involve setting service policies in the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 420 or 410. In some embodiments, ambient services or ambient activation involve setting up service profiles within the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 420 or 410 that allow the desired activities and block the undesired activities. For example, these settings can be included as part of the open service provider partner programming capabilities of the VSP workstation server 4910 embodiments.

[00452] **Figure 58** illustrates another 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, a 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5810 (e.g., implemented in either gateway 420 and/or gateway 410) is provided in which the service processor connection (e.g., via service control server link 1638 as shown in Figure 56) is not present so that all service monitoring, control, billing event collection and transmission, and notification are performed by the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5610 (e.g., gateways 410 and/or 420).

[00453] **Figure 59** illustrates another network architecture including the VSP workstation server 4910 in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways 410 and 420, the AAA 121 and the mobile wireless center 132 in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, Figure 59 provides a network diagram corresponding to Figure 58, with similar functionality to the embodiment shown in Figure 57, in which the service processors 115 are not present on the devices 100. In Figure 59, the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5810 functionality as shown in Figure 58 is implemented in the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN gateway 410 and/or the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC transport gateway 420 as similarly described above.

[00454] **Figure 60** illustrates a 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway and service controller device control system in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, enhanced network based service monitoring, control, billing and notification as discussed above is implemented using a 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway 6010 and service controller device control system 6025 as shown. In some embodiments, the functions shown in the figure to be inside of the service controller device control system 6025 have been moved from the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 5610 of Figure 56 (e.g., or from gateways 410 and/or 420) so that they reside in a separate server embodiment or other network equipment function separate from the

4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 6010. For example, this architecture can be used when the network equipment manufacturer desires to separate these functions or has an existing product that it is desirable to upgrade by adding a separate box. As another example, this architecture can be used when the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 6010 is not capable of keeping up with large numbers of individual user profiles so it is desirable to go to a scalable server configuration in which load balancing can be applied with a potentially more flexible programming environment for implementing service policy management functions, statistical service history analysis algorithms, service usage projection, and/or service control (or throttling) algorithms. In some embodiments, a secure storage is provided on the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 6010 and/or the service controller device control system 6025 that requires secure credentials to get into so that, for example, user privacy can be protected and service usage information or CRM information can be filtered according to user preferences prior to sending to another network function or network manager, and the same allowances can also be applied, for example, for emergency or government monitoring purposes. For example, network neutrality can also be maintained in this configuration by maintaining network neutrality in the service control algorithm construction and/or soliciting user input on how to control service usage just as discussed above for other network service control implementations or as discussed in the device based service control descriptions.

[00455] **Figure 61** illustrates another network architecture including the VSP workstation server 4910 in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways 410 and 420, AAA 121 and mobile wireless center 132 in accordance with some embodiments. In Figure 61, the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 6010 functionality as shown in Figure 60 is implemented in the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN gateway 410 and/or the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC transport gateway 420, as similarly described above, and which are in communication with the service controller device control system 6025 as shown.

[00456] **Figure 62** illustrates another 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC enabled gateway and service controller device control system in accordance with some embodiments. As shown, the capability to communicate with the service processor 115 has been removed so that all service monitoring, control, billing event collection and transmission, and notification are performed by the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways 6210 (e.g., implemented in gateways 410 and/or 420) in

conjunction with the service controller device control system 6225 without assistance from the service processors 115.

[00457] **Figure 63** illustrates another network architecture including the VSP workstation server 4910 in communication with the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateways 410 and 420, AAA 121 and mobile wireless center 132 in accordance with some embodiments. In Figure 61, the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC gateway 6210 functionality as shown in Figure 62 is implemented in the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN gateway 410 and/or the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC transport gateway 420, as similarly described above, and which are in communication with the service controller device control system 6225 as shown.

[00458] As will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art, the above described embodiments can be extended to include some or all of the functions depicted in the 4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC service gateways of Figure 56 in the base station or base station controller 125.

[00459] **Provisioning and Activation**

[00460] In some embodiments, automated provisioning and activation includes automation of one or more of the following functions: (1) programming device credentials or partial credentials and recording them in a database (or providing same when they are programmed into the device), (2) associating these credentials with the proper provisioning and/or activation actions to be taken on the device and in the network, (3) directing the device to the proper activation function (e.g., activation server) sequence when it attempts to connect to the network, (4) completing provisioning of the device, (5) programming the AAA, billing system, gateways, mobile wireless center and other network equipment to the proper initial device service control settings, and (6) establishing a service account for the device.

[00461] In some embodiments, improved processes for activating service for a device or user with a network service provided by a central provider network, an MVNO network or a VSP on the central provider network are provided. In some embodiments, activation includes one or more of the following: a process or result of associating a service account with device or user credentials; with the service account potentially further being associated with a service profile defining the service activities that the device is authorized to access; creating or updating

a service usage or billing record and associating it with the service account to create a service plan; and/or initiating service to the device or user in which the network equipment allows access to the appropriate level of service activities. In some embodiments, VSP embodiments include the provisioning and activation apparatus embodiments of any or all forms.

[00462] In conventional mobile device provisioning systems, the provisioning and activation process required to create a user service account and enable the device to access the desired level of service activities can limit mass market, low cost or user friendly applications of the device or service, because the process can often be cumbersome, time consuming and/or expensive for the service provider, service owner, master agent (service distributor), MVNO, VSP and/or user. Accordingly, the various embodiments for provisioning and activation described herein simplify the provisioning and activation process for mobile devices. In some embodiments, provisioning and activation for the device and/or the network accommodates a wide variety of device types and service profile types, with the capability to perform the provisioning and activation at a number of points in the manufacturing, distribution, sales and usage progression for the device, and the ability to either pre-activate before first device use or very quickly activate during first device use (or during some later use of the device).

[00463] In some embodiments, as described herein, the term provisioning generally refers to those actions/processes associated with programming the device with credentials or other device settings or software installations used to later activate the device, as well as, in some embodiments, creating database entries and other credential associations in the network so that the network and/or device have the information used to recognize the device or credentials and implement the service policies in the service profile and/or service plan once the service profile and/or service plan are activated. In some embodiments, as described herein, the term activation generally refers to the process of creating or selecting the service plan and/or service profile, programming the settings that are used in each (e.g., required) network function and/or each (e.g., required) device function so that the system can properly associate the device credentials with the appropriate service activity policies, and then admitting the device onto the network. The term activation can also refer in some embodiments to the creation of a user or device service account, in some cases, with user or device owner information or billing information. In some embodiments, the process of provisioning amounts to assigning credentials to the device

and programming a portion or all of the credentials on the device, entering a portion or all of the credentials in the various necessary network equipment databases so that the network components are capable of identifying the device and associating it with the network based portion of the admission, traffic processing, service monitoring, billing, service limits and other policies that are eventually defined by the service profile and service plan.

[00464] Further examples of the network based service profile policies include network access level, traffic routing, service monitoring, service limits and actions taken upon reaching service limits. Once the service profile is created and activated during the activation process, the device credentials and the associated service profile are communicated throughout the necessary network elements so that each element can implement its part of the network portion of the service profile policies. This process of propagating the service profile settings to all the required network equipment components is a portion of what is referred to herein as activation in accordance with some embodiments. In some embodiments, the activation process includes associating the credentials with the proper service plan and/or service profile, and possibly completing the process of programming the device functions and/or network functions so that the device can be admitted to the appropriate level of network services. In some embodiments, activation also includes the service processor software settings, configurations or installs for each function or agent in the service processor to implement its part of the service profile, service plan, service billing or transaction billing policies. In some embodiments, activation also includes the creation of entries in the various service account databases and/or billing databases to create a user account or device owner account for the purpose of managing the user choices for service plan and other account information storage and management aspects, such as maintaining status information, maintaining the central service profile configuration, conducting reconciliation and billing exchanges, service usage history, and/or account history.

[00465] In some embodiments, the term credentials generally refers to the set of information parameters that the network and/or device uses (e.g., requires) to admit the device onto the network and associate it with the appropriate service profile and/or service plan. For example, the credentials can include one or more of the following: phone number, device identification number, MEID or similar mobile device identifier, hardware security device ID, security signature or other security credentials, device serial number, device identification and/or

credential information via security hardware such as a SIM, one or more IP addresses, one or more MAC addresses, any other network address identifier, embedded device descriptive information block (static or programmable), security key, security signature algorithms, passwords or other secure authorization information, service processor (or similar device client or agent software) identifier or settings or version, device type identifier, browser (e.g., http, https, WAP, other browser client) header information or similar identifier, browser token information or similar identifier, browser cookie information or similar identifier, embedded browser instructions, portal-client (e.g., interface or communication agent that connects to a network portal used at least in part for provisioning or activation for the device or by the user) header information or similar identifier, portal-client token information or similar identifier, portal-client cookie information or similar identifier, embedded portal-client instructions, service provider, OEM, master agent (service distributor), VSP, device service owner identifier, distributor or master agent, and/or any information the network can use to authorize network admission, provision the device, provision the network, activate service, authorize, associate or enable the device with a provisioning sequence, associate or enable the device with one or more service profiles, associate or assist the device with an activation sequence, associate or enable the device with an ambient profile or service experience, associate or enable the device with one or more service plans or service capabilities, associate the device with a service provider or service owner, associate the device with an OEM or master agent, associate the device with a distributor or master agent, or associate the device with a device group, user group or user. In some embodiments, at least some of the credentials are unique to the device, and, in some embodiments, groups of devices share one or more aspects of the credentials. In some embodiments, the term permanent credentials generally refers to the set of credentials that include at least a subset that are intended to be assigned to a device or user on a permanent basis. In some embodiments, the term temporary credentials generally refers to the set of credentials that include at least a subset that are intended to be assigned to a device or user on a temporary basis. In some embodiments, temporary credentials are eventually replaced by permanent credentials. In some embodiments, at least some elements in the temporary credentials (e.g., phone number and/or access or authorization security credential) are used for more than one device. In some embodiments, the temporary credentials are recycled from one or more devices and used for one or more other devices, for example, when they remain unused for a period of

time or when they are replaced with permanent credentials on one or more devices. It should not be inferred from the term permanent credentials that permanent credentials are never recycled, for example, when the user discontinues service or use of the credentials. Also, the term temporary credentials does not imply that temporary credentials are always temporary. In some embodiments, partial credentials or pre-activation credentials generally refer to a subset of credentials that are to gain access to limited network services for the purpose of provisioning of credentials and/or activation of a service plan or service profile. For example, prior to a phone number being assigned, a device can gain access to a limited set of network server destinations in which embedded information contained in the device (e.g., the partial credentials) is provided to the server, the server associates that information with the proper additional credentials (including the phone number) to assign to the device and/or associates the information with the proper service profile to activate service. In this example, partial credentials can include device type, OEM, service provider, VSP, device identification number, SIM, service processor configuration or some other information used by the server to determine what the credentials should be and the proper service profile.

[00466] In some embodiments, a permanent service account generally refers to the service account that is permanently associated with the user and/or device. For example, this account includes an association with the device or user credentials, user information or billing information, service profile, billing profile, network authorization status and other aspects that define the device or user service policies and billing policies. In some embodiments, the term temporary service account generally refers to a service account that is temporarily set up and associated with the device before some or all of the required permanent account information is available or entered for a device or user. For example, this account can be set up with an association with an actual user, or can be set up with a mock user or unassigned user association so that the network and billing system can recognize the credentials, authenticate the device, admit the device, provide the proper level of service activity control according to the service profile associated with the temporary service account, or collect the service activity usage information for various network and billing system accounting needs before actual user information or billing information has been entered into the network systems. For example, a temporary service account can make it possible or easier to use existing billing systems or other network systems to provide simplified provisioning, simplified activation or ambient services. A

temporary service account can also become a permanent service account by replacing mock user or unassigned user information with actual user information, or a temporary service account may need to be replaced by a permanent service account when actual user information needs to be entered into the network systems, possibly including the billing or service profile databases.

[00467] In some embodiments, temporary or permanent device credentials and other information used/required for provisioning the device are generated with apparatus located at the manufacturer or in the distribution channel as discussed below. In some embodiments, the apparatus includes a local onsite server that typically shares some aspects of the provisioning information (e.g., phone number, phone number range, MEID or MEID range, SIM number or SIM number range, IP address or IP address range, MAC address or MAC address range, other secure device credential elements) with a network provisioning database. In some embodiments, the apparatus includes a server terminal, and the aforementioned portion of the credentials is generated by the network and shared with the local provisioning apparatus. In some embodiments, as will be discussed below, the provisioning credentials are in part generated in the network and shared with the device while it is connected online to an activation server (e.g., activation server 160) that is connected to the access network. Similarly, there can be activation servers connected to apparatus in the manufacturing or distribution channel that service device activation, or over the air or over the network apparatus connected to an activation server, which in turn connects to the device, can be used to accomplish activation programming of the network and device as further discussed below.

[00468] In some embodiments, when a device is provisioned and entered into the network provisioning database, it is associated with the automatic provisioning and/or activation sequence the device is intended to go through once it connects to the network or to the apparatus that will complete the process. In some embodiments, one or more device parameters (e.g., service owner, device type, OEM, plan type, IP address, security credential and/or software version) are used to determine what the appropriate network provisioning steps and/or settings are for completing the provisioning and/or activation process, and this association information is stored in the network provisioning database for propagation of the provisioning profiles or activation profiles to the various network equipment elements. In some embodiments, the network provisioning database is provided (e.g., in the network) that associates the pre-activation

provisioning information (e.g., generated, as described herein, at time of manufacture, sometime during distribution, by the user on a website by a sales associate or other activation assistant, or by the network when a new device enters the automatic activation process). For example, the pre-activation provisioning information informs the network whether or not to let the device onto an activation sequence when the device attempts access, and in some cases, also instructs the network to direct the device to a specific activation sequence including, for example, an activation server (or other activation sequencing apparatus) sequence as described herein. In some embodiments, a central database is queried by other network equipment or the central database is included in one or more of the network elements (e.g., the AAA server and/or billing system, mobile wireless center 132), or the database is copied in part or in whole in various network elements (e.g., the central database, AAA server, mobile wireless center, billing system and/or gateways).

[00469] In some embodiments, propagating the network equipment provisioning information for a given device or group of devices is accomplished with a network provisioning system that has access to the network provisioning database and is capable of programming the appropriate network equipment. In some embodiments, this network equipment is referred to as "network management" equipment or "network provisioning" equipment. In some embodiments, there are several functions that take part individually or in concert, including, for example, the AAA server 121, service controller 122 (either with device based/assisted services through the service processor related embodiments or with network only embodiments as described herein), the mobile wireless center 132 (e.g., including the home location register (HLR) or other similar function referred to by other industry terms), the activation server(s) 160, other network provisioning or management equipment attached to or associated with the billing database system, and/or some other equipment apparatus. In some embodiments, the local database on the device, database in the AAA server and/or database elsewhere in network is provisioned to inform the gateway of the process for handling the pre-provisioned device according to, for example, the credentials. For example, if the device is not recognized or not authenticated onto the access network as an activated device with associated active service profile and/or service plan, the device connection or communication can be directed (or routed) to a generic activation server that provides an activation sequence that is not necessarily determined by one or more of the specific device credential elements, partial credential elements,

device profile or partial device profile that define something specific about the activation sequence for the device. In another example, in which the device is not recognized or authenticated as an activated device with associated service profile and/or service plan, the device can be directed (or routed) to an activation service (or other activation sequencing apparatus) that uses some part of the credentials or range of partial credentials or a portion of a partial or complete device profile to determine a desired pre-determined device specific or device group specific activation sequence that is implemented by a specific activation service sequence or other activation sequence apparatus. In another example, in which the device is not recognized or authenticated as an activated device with associated active service profile and/or service plan, a portion of the device credentials or partial credentials can be used as a look-up index into a database that determines what the specific device activation sequence should be, and the device can be directed (or routed) to a specific activation server sequence or other activation sequencing apparatus.

[00470] In some embodiments, a database in the AAA server or database elsewhere in network is provisioned to inform the gateway what to do with a pre-provisioned device according to the credentials. For example, devices can be authenticated (for activated devices), routed to activation servers (or other activation sequencing apparatus) or denied access. In some embodiments, the AAA server (and/or other network elements) provide the above discussed look-up function for the above gateway description in which a lookup database, locally stored or stored in a central database, is queried to provide secondary routing information to the specific or generic activation servers.

[00471] In some embodiments, the pre-provisioned database is located in the billing system. In some embodiments, the billing system accesses the pre-provisioned database (e.g., stored on the billing system or another network element) for the purpose of setting up temporary accounts or permanent accounts and associating those accounts with pre-activation status, activated free ambient or activated paying customer.

[00472] In some embodiments, for zero activation, all the required pre-provisioning or programming of the above network elements, or others, is coordinated by the network provisioning system at some point after the partial or full device credentials have been associated

with the device or reserved for a particular device type or service type. In some embodiments, the network provisioning system also coordinates the information to or from the device provisioning apparatus that is described elsewhere.

[00473] In view of the various embodiments described herein, it will be appreciated that many of the automated or background provisioning, activation and ambient embodiments described herein can be accomplished with network based approaches, device based approaches, or network/device combination/hybrid based approaches. For example, when the access control for the provisioning process is accomplished in the device (e.g., a device based approach), the activation server can be located anywhere on the Internet, and the device will ensure that the activation process is conducted with the activation server while blocking other traffic from occurring. As another example, some or all of the ambient provisioning programming steps become steps to program the access control, traffic control, application control, bill by account rules, and/or other aspects in the service processor or service controller as described herein.

[00474] In some embodiments, the provisioning apparatus described herein can be a computer located in the user's home or business, and the user or an IT manager has access to a website that provides the provisioning information, in which the computer serves as the provisioning or software programming apparatus. In some embodiments, the network itself, possibly through an activation server 160, website or other interface to the device, becomes the provisioning apparatus, in some cases, with the assistance of software on the device to affect the programming of provisioning information from the network or the communication of device credentials or other information to the network. For example, this software can be a background process that runs without user interaction, a portal/widget program, a web browser based program, a WAP browser based program, and/or any other program that provides a counterpart function to the network functions effecting the provisioning (e.g., activation server). In some embodiments, the activation server either initiates a specific provisioning sequence if device software is present to assist or routes to a website for manual entry if there is no software present.

[00475] **Figure 64** illustrates another network architecture including a system located in the manufacturing or distribution chain for the device that provides the device provisioning or

partial provisioning, and any pre-activation required for the device to later activate on the network in accordance with some embodiments. Device credential, software and settings server 6420 provides a link to the network functions that generate or provide device credentials, and/or associate device credentials with activation profiles or pre-activation profiles in the network equipment (e.g., the billing system 123, service controller device control system 6225, gateways 410, 420, base station 125, credential generation and association server 6410, activation server 160, service download control server 1660 and/or other network apparatus). For example, the link between the device credential, software and settings server 6420 to the central provider core network equipment can be over the Internet 120 (e.g., a secure link over the Internet) as shown or over another connection such as a leased line. The device credential, software and settings server 6420 obtains credentials or partial credentials from the network apparatus that generates them, illustrated by the credential generation & association server 6410. Credential generation & association server 6410 need not be directly connected to the central provider core network 110 as shown, but can be located elsewhere (e.g., in another location connected by a secure Internet link). Credential generation & association server 6410 assigns credentials, or partial credentials, for use by device credential, software and settings server 6420. When these credentials are assigned to a device, they are programmed, loaded or otherwise associated with the device by device credential provisioning apparatus 6430, which is connected to the device wirelessly or via a wire line connection.

[00476] In some embodiments, a device software loading and programming apparatus 6440 provides software loading or device settings functions that form a portion or all of the provisioning or pre-provisioning device configuration, or form a portion or all of the device activation profile configuration, or form the device service owner, master agent or VSP device assignment or signature, and in some embodiments, using an activation tracking service (ATS) system. As discussed herein, the ATS monitors network connections and aspects of traffic that provide insight into which networks the device 100 is gaining access to, in some embodiments, for the purpose of ensuring that an OEM, master agent, device service owner or VSP is being compensated for devices that activate on a service provider network. In some embodiments, the ATS agent connects to a server counterpart that records and, in some embodiments, also analyzes the service or network connection information to make a determination of the type of access service the device is receiving and, in some cases, determine which networks the device is

activated on. In some embodiments, the ATS is installed on the device in a manner that makes it difficult to tamper with or remove so that the entity that is intended to get credit for device service activation does get credit (e.g., the ATS agent can be loaded into secure memory, it can be installed with software that makes it difficult to de-install, it can be installed on the modem possibly in secure memory, it can be installed in the BIOS, it can be installed deep in the OS kernel, it can be installed with one or more additional device agents that monitor the ATS agent and alert a network function or re-install it if tampered with). The SIM inventory 6450 is provided to illustrate that, in some embodiments, hardware elements (e.g., a SIM security module as shown) or hardware configurations are also installed or manipulated in device 100 and these operations and the recording of the resulting associations form a portion of the provisioning or pre-provisioning process.

[00477] In some embodiments, at the time the credentials or partial credentials are loaded, programmed, set, installed, read from the device or otherwise recorded, they are, in some cases, all associated together in a database that allows for later identification of the device and its appropriate provisioning and/or activation process through such associations. For example, this can involve reading device parameters such as MEID, MAC address, device type, or other information that is associated with the information being loaded or configured on the device. As discussed herein, this credential configuration and association information is stored in the network equipment responsible using it to configure the network to activate the device in one of the various embodiments disclosed herein.

[00478] Some embodiments include tying some or all of the activation provisioning steps and information settings together into a database that defines a higher level activation profile for a group of users(/devices), and a server is used to perform device and equipment programming for the devices in the group, including, for example, associating the following device information into the group definition: credentials, service owner or master agent, provisioning information and/or activation profile. Some embodiments further provide for this device group information being distributed to the various network equipment components required to activate the devices as discussed elsewhere. In some embodiments, this programming and device group association is accomplished using the VSP workstation server 4910. For example, a device can be

manufactured and distributed in a manner that provides flexible assignment of the device to a group that is assigned to an activation profile or a service owner.

[00479] In some embodiments, multiple activation servers 160 are provided (as shown), which illustrates that there can be multiple device activation servers 160 each with a different device activation experience and potentially controlled by a different VSP, service owner, service provider, OEM or master agent. As discussed herein, there are several ways that a device 100 can be routed to the proper activation server 160 so that the device provisioning and activation process can be completed. In some embodiments, all devices that are not activated are re-directed (or routed) to an activation server that reads one or more parameters in the device credentials. The device credential information can be determined either through the device identification information associated with the access network connection itself (e.g., MEID, IP address, phone number, security credentials, or other credentials identified for a device that gains access with the network), or with the aid of the device in a pre-arranged query-response sequence. The device can then be re-directed (or routed) to the appropriate activation server for that device, device group, device service owner or VSP. In some embodiments, the same process described above can be accomplished with a single re-direction from a service gateway 420 or 410, or another router enable network element. In some embodiments, the gateway or network element itself decodes the device credential information as described herein and performs the correct re-direct (or route) to the appropriate activation server 160 for that device. In some embodiments, the activation server 160 can be incorporated directly into the gateway 420 or 410, the base station 125 or other network component. In some embodiments, the activation server 160 can be incorporated into the service controller 122 or the service controller device control system 6225.

[00480] In some embodiments, apparatus other than the activation server are used to facilitate provisioning of credentials or partial credentials, or activation, during manufacturing or device distribution, and, for example, these apparatus can augment, supplement, compliment or replace the activation server function. Such apparatus include, for example, device programming equipment (e.g., device credential provisioning apparatus 6430, device software loading and programming apparatus 6440 or SIM inventory 6450), equipment that is networked into a central provider, MVNO or VSP database (e.g., device credential, software and settings server 6420) to

gain access to provisioning information or activation information that is programmed into a device or group of devices, or to place device credential or partial credential information in a network database for later recognition, or to receive or communicate security information such as certificates for devices or SIM modules that will later be used to complete provisioning or complete activation or gain access to a network. For example, these apparatus, or any other apparatus including the activation server, can be networked into a service provider network or device database, an MVNO network or device database or a VSP network or device database. In some embodiments, programming of the device credentials or other information associated with the service processor or device is provided, so that, for example, the device can be recognized by an activation server or similar network function at a later point in time so that provisioning or activation can be completed in an automated manner, potentially with reduced or no user involvement, that provides a provisioning or activation configuration that is in some way unique for the service provider or service provider partner, device type, user group, VSP, MVNO, master agent or other entity. In some embodiments, this programming is provided in a manner that is difficult to change without the proper authorization so that the device is properly associated with the proper "service owner" or master agent (e.g., for the purpose of activation incentive payments). For example, as discussed herein, various approaches can be applied to the device credential or other settings or software provisioning so that the settings or software are secure or protected, or so that if the software is removed, replaced or modified it is reported or replace or restored. In some embodiments, VSP control of the provisioning, partial provisioning or activation of devices is provided during manufacture or at different points in the distribution channel. As discussed herein, some of these embodiments allow the central provider to offer to service partners (e.g., VSPs, MVNOs, master agents, and/or OEMs) similar types of control for device activation experience design or device service assignment control (e.g., sometimes referred to as service provider device locking so that other service providers cannot provide primary access to the device) during the manufacturing or distribution process that are possible with devices manufactured and distributed for the central service provider.

[00481] In some embodiments, the device is provisioned before the user obtains the device with permanent credentials, temporary credentials or partial credentials. In this case, the necessary credential programming of the device occurs during manufacture, at some point in the device distribution, such as at a distribution depot or in a store, or at the point of sale or point of

shipment. In some embodiments, provisioning of network information as discussed above is used, and the network information is provisioned at the same time, before or after the device information is provisioned. In some embodiments, the device provisioning information is programmed with dedicated apparatus that connects to the device either with wires or wirelessly. For example, the dedicated apparatus can be local to the location where the device is being provisioned, or it can be partially or entirely networked into a database or provisioning solution located elsewhere and operated by the central provider, a VSP, OEM or other entity. For example, the apparatus to program the network portions of the provisioning information can also be networked and the operators who set up the required network programming for a device or group of devices may be in the vicinity of the servers that host the provisioning and management tools or they may network into the servers. In some embodiments, provisioning system operators have full or partial control of any device provisioning equipment associated with the entity they work for (e.g., OEM, VSP or master agent) but only have remote access via secure terminal, secure website or other techniques to network into a central provider or VSP server farm in which they control or partially control the network portion of provisioning capabilities for that subset of devices that are assigned to the entity they work for with (e.g. OEM, VSP or master agent).

[00482] In some embodiments, provisioning is accomplished over the air on the mobile access network for mobile devices, or over the wired access network or WLAN connection for wired access networks, either before the user receives the device or after the user receives the device. In some cases, the device can be connected to general purpose equipment, such as a computer to perform the programming required to complete provisioning. In the cases in which the device is provisioned at point of sale or after point of sale, the device provisioning can be triggered by a user initiated sequence, or can be initiated by an automated background sequence at any time after the device is powered on. In such cases, in some embodiments, partial credentials that include information such as device type, OEM or service provider are used to assist in determining how to complete the provisioning, and the information can also include secure information, certificate or signature programmed into the partial credentials that is required for the network to perform the provisioning of the remaining credential information in the device and possibly the network. In some embodiments, any network information

used/required to provision the device or service is generated at the time the partial credentials are determined rather than beforehand.

[00483] In some embodiments, the device is activated for service before the user obtains the device with permanent credentials, temporary credentials or partial credentials, or with a permanent service account or a temporary service account. For example, in this case, the necessary steps of provisioning and activating service for the device can occur during manufacture, at some point in the device distribution, such as at a distribution depot or in a store, or at the point of sale or point of shipment. In some embodiments, the steps for activating service include one or more of the following: provision the device (e.g., with permanent, temporary or partial credentials), provision the necessary network databases and equipment to prepare them to recognize the device and associate it with the service profile and/or service plan, create or select the service account (e.g., permanent or temporary service account), select or create the service profile and/or service plan, program any elements in the device required to activate service (e.g., account ID, device aspects of the service profile and/or service plan), and program the necessary network databases and equipment with the required associations of device credentials and service profile and/or service plan policy settings. In some embodiments, the device oriented programming portions of the service activation steps occur at the same time, before or after the network oriented programming portions of the service activation steps.

[00484] In some embodiments, the device activation information is programmed with dedicated apparatus that connects to the device via a wireless or wire line connection. For example, the dedicated apparatus can be local to the location where the device is being provisioned, or the dedicated apparatus can be partially or entirely networked into a database or service activation solution located elsewhere and operated by the central provider, a VSP, OEM or other entity. For example, the apparatus to program the network portions of the activation information can also be networked and the operators who set up the required network programming for a device or group of devices can be in the vicinity of the servers that host the service activation and management tools or they can network into the servers. In some embodiments, activation server tools operators have full or partial control of any device activation apparatus associated with the entity they work for (e.g., OEM, VSP or master agent) but only have remote and partial access via secure terminal, secure website or other techniques to

network into the network portion of the activation tools that are controlled by the central provider or VSP. The server tools operators can be restricted in some embodiments to providing network activation information or settings only for those devices or device groups that are assigned to the entity they work for with (e.g., OEM, VSP or master agent). For example, the device control group restriction can be accomplished with a secure database that has secure sub-partitions for one or more entities so that they cannot impact the control of one another's network activation settings but can control their own devices. In this way, a centralized set of activation tools resources controlled by a central provider, VSP or other entity can be partitioned so that different entities can have partial or full control of the activation service definition for devices or groups of devices without impact or risk to others who share the network and activation tools resources.

[00485] In some embodiments, activation is accomplished with an over the air interface to a mobile device, or over the wired access network or WLAN connection for wired access networks, either before the user receives the device or after the user receives the device. In some cases, the device can be connected to general purpose equipment such as a computer to perform the programming required to complete activation. In the cases in which the device is activated at point of sale or after point of sale, the final device activation process can be triggered by a user initiated sequence, or can be initiated by an automated background sequence at any time after the device is powered on. In such cases, some embodiments call for a temporary service account that is used to bring the device onto the network before the user has input the information necessary to create a permanent service account. In some embodiments, a temporary or permanent service account can be applied to the device at the time the device reaches the network, and the type of account, service profile and/or service plan can be influenced (e.g., partially determined or informed) or determined by information embedded in the device credentials or partial credentials, such as device type, device ID, SIM, OEM or service provider. For example, the device credentials can also include secure information, certificate or signature that can be required by the network to perform the activation steps for temporary or permanent service account status. In some embodiments, in which the device is activated in this manner before the user information is available, or before the user has selected a pay for service plan, the service profile and service plan are set up for ambient services as described herein.

[00486] In some embodiments, the device is activated during the manufacturing or distribution process, and then the activated device status is suspended. Once the temporary or permanent service account is set up, with appropriate service profile and/or service plan and temporary or permanent credentials, in some networks and billing systems the service can often be more easily resumed once suspended as compared to provisioning and activating the device from scratch. The device is then later resumed (or re-activated) when some event triggers the resume process, such as when it ships to the end user or when the end user attempts to use it. This process prevents the network from needing to manage credentials and accounts for devices that have been activated but are not yet on the network.

[00487] In some embodiments, provisioning is accomplished at least in part with temporary credentials in a manner which is automated and convenient for the user or device owner. In some embodiments, at least some subset of the temporary credential elements replaced at a later point in time by permanent credential elements in a manner that is also automated and convenient for the user or device owner. In some embodiments, the temporary credential set is pre-programmed into the device along with a temporary or permanent service account including service profile during the manufacturing or distribution process so that the device is activated with temporary credentials when it ships. In some embodiments, the aforementioned pre-programming is performed for the network via a secure set of server access equipment that networks into the network databases used to define the service profile and/or the service plan. In some embodiments, a subset of the temporary credentials is recycled once it is replaced, if a temporary service account is not activated or used after some period of time, if a permanent account is not activated or used after some period of time, or if the credentials subset is revoked from the device for some other reason.

[00488] In some embodiments, more than one device is assigned one or more elements of the temporary credentials, such as the phone number, which may be limited in supply. In some embodiments, a network will accept more than one set of temporary credentials, one or more redundant elements, for two or more different devices. In some embodiments, a device that has two or more temporary credential sets, in which at least a subset of the credential elements are different for the sets, so that if one set of credentials has elements that are already being used to

access the network, then one or more reserve sets can be drawn upon to gain access to the network.

[00489] In some embodiments, the temporary credentials are used to log onto the network to conduct an over the air or over the network activation process in which an activation server reads at least a portion the device credentials to determine some aspect of how the device service profile. In some embodiments, the aforementioned over the air activation process is accomplished in the background without user intervention. In some embodiments, the over the air activation process is initiated when the user first attempts to use the device or when the user first attempts to access the network or upon user request or approval. In some embodiments, the over the air activation process is initiated using a temporary service account for the device and/or network to gain access to the network. In some embodiments, the over the air activation process is initiated after the user has entered the information required to create a permanent user account into the device or into the network. In some embodiments, the user is required to enter the aforementioned user information before using the device or using some aspect of the device. In some embodiments, the temporary service account is replaced by a permanent service account some time after the user has entered the necessary information to create a permanent account into the device or network. In some embodiments, the over the air activation process is initiated using a permanent service account assignment for the device and/or network to gain access to the network.

[00490] In some embodiments, the service profile is assigned to the device and/or network during the aforementioned over the air activation to be a pay for service profile with a free trial period. In some embodiments, the service profile assigned to the device and/or network during the aforementioned over the air activation includes pre-pay, post-pay, session based pay or pay as you go options for service. As will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art, various embodiments disclosed herein are particularly well suited for control or pre-pay services. In some embodiments, the service profile that is assigned to the device and/or network during the aforementioned over the air activation is an ambient service profile providing service access before all the user information is available to assign a permanent account. In some embodiments, the service profile that is assigned to the device and/or network during the aforementioned activation is an ambient service profile providing a service upgrade selection

option interface to the user. In some embodiments, the service profile that is assigned to the device and/or network during the aforementioned activation is an ambient service profile providing transaction services to the user. In some embodiments, the service profile that is assigned to the device and/or network during the aforementioned activation is an ambient service profile providing bill by account functionality for the network. In some embodiments, the service profile that is assigned to the device and/or network during the aforementioned activation is an ambient service profile providing some amount of free networking or information service to entice the user to use the other ambient services. In some embodiments, the aforementioned ambient service is at least partially implemented with device based service activity control or control assistance. In some embodiments, the aforementioned ambient service is at least partially implemented by gateways, routers or switches in the network that are programmed according to the ambient access profile for the device to implement the ambient policies for network access control, routing control, traffic control or service monitoring and reporting for bill by account.

[00491] In some embodiments, activation is accomplished at least in part with a temporary service account in a manner that is automated and convenient for the user or device owner. In some embodiments, at least some subset of the temporary service account is replaced at a later point in time by permanent service account subset in a manner that is also automated and convenient for the user or device owner. In some embodiments, the temporary service account settings (e.g., including the service profile settings and/or the service plan settings) are pre-programmed into the device along with a temporary or permanent credentials set during the manufacturing or distribution process so that the device is activated with temporary credentials when it ships. In some embodiments, the aforementioned pre-programming for the network is performed via a secure set of server access equipment that networks into the network databases used to define the service profile and/or the service plan. In some embodiments, the device is suspended once it is activated but before the user is using it, and then resumed before or commensurate with the point in time that the user begins to use it. In some embodiments, some subset of the temporary service account is recycled once it is replaced, if the temporary service account is not used after some period of time, if the temporary service account is not upgraded to a permanent service account after some period of time, or if the activation is revoked from the device for some other reason. In some embodiments, more than one device is assigned to the

same temporary service account. In some embodiments, a network accepts more than one device on the same temporary service account. In some embodiments, a device includes or is associated with two or more temporary service accounts, in which at least a subset of the temporary service account elements are different, so that if one account is already being used to access the network then one or more reserve accounts can be drawn upon to gain access to the network. In some embodiments, the temporary service account is associated with a temporary credentials set. In some embodiments, the temporary service account is associated with a permanent credentials set.

[00492] In some embodiments, un-activated devices are detected by the network routing equipment (e.g., service gateways or routers in hierarchical networks or base stations with embedded gateways in flat networks) and the device routing is programmed to re-direct un-activated devices to an activation server network destination. For example, the activation server can first inspect the information associated with the device to determine if the device belongs to the list of devices, device types or device groups that the network is programmed to provide access to. For example, the information used to determine this can include device type, service provider, phone number, device ID, SIM ID or configuration, secure information used to qualify the device, IP address, MAC address, user, user group, VSP, OEM, device distributor, service distributor (master agent), service processor presence or configuration, presence or configuration of other software or hardware. There can also be some activation definition information embedded in the credentials, or associated with some portion of the credentials, or programmed additionally on the device that informs the activation server as to the service profile and/or service plan and/or service account that should be established for the device. If activation information (the service profile, service plan and/or service account information) is found through association with the device credentials (e.g., device ID, phone number, IP address, MAC address, SIM or other security credentials) rather than being read directly from information embedded in the device or device credentials, then the pertinent aspects of the credentials can be used as a cross reference to look up the service plan and/or service profile information stored in a database networked to or within the activation server. The activation information can include information to define a wide variety of service plans and service profiles that when properly implemented on the network functions, and perhaps device if necessary, can provide for a wide range of service activity policies, service billing policies, transaction billing policies and service account types that can be associated with the device over the air or over the network.

[00493] In some embodiments, once the activation server has determined the activation information from the device or from a look up based on some aspect of the device credentials, then the activation server initiates the necessary network settings and billing database entries to be programmed by sending the service profile instructions to the network provisioning and activation apparatus and the service plan instructions to the billing system. In some embodiments, the activation server can then also send the any necessary service profile and/or service plan settings required for the device to a provisioning and activation support software function on the device, such as various embodiments of the service processor, so that the device provisioning and activation can be completed. The provisioning can be with permanent credentials or temporary credentials, and the service account that is set up may be permanent or temporary. In some embodiments, the activation process described above is completed perhaps before the user has entered some or all of the user information necessary to set up a permanent service account, and, in these cases, a temporary service account can be set up. In some cases, the activation process can be completed in the background before the user has completed an attempt to access the network and the service profile can be set up to provide ambient services to a temporary service account. In some embodiments, the user is required to enter the information required to establish a permanent service account prior to gaining full use of the device, either on the device, on a computer or in the store, so that by the time the user begins using the device the above activation embodiments can provide for ambient services activation with permanent account status so that the user can purchase a service upgrade or any transaction without entering any more account information.

[00494] In some embodiments, a device status is changed from a temporary service account to a permanent service account. If the device is activated with a temporary service account, and the user information is available to set up a permanent account, then if the billing system rules and interfaces allow for such, the user information can be changed from the mock information to the actual user information while maintaining the same account identifiers in the billing system. If the billing system will not allow for such, then the user information can be used to establish a new account, the device credentials can be re-associated with the new account, in some cases, after modifying one or more of the device credential parameters, and the network functions can be re-programmed as required, and, in some cases, the device can be re-programmed as required to accommodate the new permanent account.

[00495] In some embodiments, code on the device pulls a temporary or permanent set of credentials. When the credentials are pulled, the network associates the device with an ambient service profile according to one or more of the following: embedded device information identifying device type, service owner (e.g., VSP), user group, or user, or device ID is cross referenced to a database that is populated some time from manufacturing time to post sale where the database provides information identifying device type, service owner (e.g., VSP), user group, or user. The device is then re-directed accordingly (e.g., for device based this is a matter of setting the policies or loading the software for the service processor, for the network based approach this is a matter of populating the routing tables and service profile). For example, credentials can be re-cycled after a period of time, and/or some portion of the credentials can be redundant with other devices. For example, this is essentially a dynamic service for (temporarily) assigning device credentials, and the duration of the temporary credential validity for that device ID can be time limited to give the user time to activate a real account or a free trial, session limited, or a longer duration of time that is perhaps refreshed each time the device logs on. For example, the device could also already have permanent or temporary credentials but not have a service account. The above process can be used to assign a temporary or permanent service account as well. Once the service account is assigned and the appropriate service profile is propagated to the network elements, the device can then be directed to or use the appropriate activation profile service activities or the appropriate ambient service activities.

[00496] In some embodiments, the device is activated in the background in a manner that is virtually transparent to the user. For example, at some point in the distribution channel, the device is programmed to seek the activation server system described above as soon as it is turned on, or as soon as some other event occurs like the user using the device or the user attempting to gain access. When the pre-programmed event is triggered, the device connects to the network and the gateways or routers re-direct the device to an activation server, as discussed above. As also described herein, the activation server either derives information from the device that informs the server what service the device should be activated with, or the server derives that information from a database look up with a portion of the device credentials as the cross reference parameter. Once the activation server has determined the activation information from the device or from a look up based on some aspect of the device credentials, then the activation server causes all the necessary network settings and billing database entries to be

configured/programmed by sending the service profile instructions to the network provisioning and activation apparatus and the service plan instructions to the billing system. In some embodiments, the activation server can then also send the any necessary service profile and/or service plan settings required for the device to a provisioning and activation support software function on the device, such as various embodiments of the service processor, so that the device provisioning and activation can be completed. For example, the provisioning can be with permanent credentials or temporary credentials, and the service account that is set up can be permanent or temporary.

[00497] In some embodiments, background activation is performed using the aforementioned activate/suspend process. At some point in the distribution channel, the device is programmed to seek to resume service as soon as it is turned on, or as soon as some other event occurs like the user using the device or the user attempting to gain access. When the pre-programmed event is triggered, the device attempts to connect to the network and the gateways or routers re-direct the device to an activation server as described herein. As also described herein, the activation server either derives information from the device that informs the server that the device is ready to resume service, or the server derives that information from a database look up with a portion of the device credentials as the cross reference parameter. Once the server is aware of this information, it sends a message to resume service to the billing system, or other network function that controls the suspend/resume function, and the service is resumed.

[00498] In some embodiments, background activation is performed as described below. The service processor and the credentials are pre-programmed during the manufacturing or distribution process to provide the desired service profile support and/or billing profile support for the desired initial ambient service. As described herein, this programming can be accomplished with dedicated apparatus at the manufacturer or distribution depot. Furthermore, the party responsible for defining the service (e.g., typically the central provider, OEM, VSP, distributor or master agent) can network into the service processor programming apparatus to control service processor and/or credential programming for all or a subset or group of the devices or device types locally available. The service processor enabled device is programmed to seek the activation server system described above as soon as it is turned on, or as soon as some other event occurs like the user using the device or the user attempting to gain access. In some

embodiments, the activation server is the access control server previously discussed or the access control server can act in concert with another server that performs the activation function. When the pre-programmed event is triggered, the device connects to the network and the gateways or routers re-direct the device to the activation server. As also described herein, the activation server can communicate with the service processor to verify the service processor security credentials, agents and configuration.

[00499] In some embodiments, if the activation server determines that the pre-programmed settings stored in the service processor need to be modified to provide the latest version of the desired service, or if the service processor agent software needs to be updated, then this can be accomplished prior to completing the activation process. Once the service processor configuration and settings are confirmed, the activation server causes the necessary network settings and billing database entries to be programmed by sending the service profile instructions to the network provisioning and activation apparatus and the service plan instructions to the billing system. Given that the service processor can perform some or much of the service activity control or control assistance, the service control options are generally larger than without the service processor, and there can be less configuration to perform for other networking equipment to complete the provisioning and activation process. The provisioning can be with permanent credentials or temporary credentials, and the service account that is set up can be permanent or temporary.

[00500] In some embodiments, pre-programming and pre-activation of devices with temporary credentials and a temporary service account are used to ship devices that are pre-activated. Given that the credentials are temporary and can be recycled when the permanent credentials are assigned, concerns about using up too many pre-assigned credentials are reduced. In embodiments in which a portion of credentials elements can be used for multiple devices, this concern is further reduced. If there is a concern about too many activated devices being assigned that are not actually active and generating service revenue, then the suspend/resume process discussed herein can be employed. In some embodiments, the temporary credentials and/or temporary account can be replaced with permanent credentials and/or account assignments at any time as follows. When a pre-programmed event in the device is triggered, then the device initiates a program that seeks the aforementioned activation server or another server that has the

capability of fulfilling the device request to exchange the temporary credentials for permanent credentials and/or exchange the temporary account for a permanent account. The event that triggers the credential exchange can be the same or different than the event that triggers the service account exchange. The service account exchange can typically be triggered by the point in time that the user enters account information.

[00501] In some embodiments, the aforementioned ambient service is partly implemented with a combination of the techniques for pre-provisioning during manufacturing or distribution and at least partially implementing the service activity control (e.g., access control, routing policy, traffic control, usage limits, and/or policy for usage limit overage) required for implementing ambient using the service policy provisioning capabilities in the data path gateways, routers or switches in the network. The gateways, router or switches are pre-programmed as discussed herein according to the ambient access profile for the device to implement the ambient policies for network access control, routing control, traffic control or service monitoring and reporting for bill by account. In some embodiments, the provisioning credential elements are not all pre-programmed before the device ships, but a subset of the credential elements are programmed using the activation server technique discussed herein. This over the air automated provisioning is combined with the activation server reading the device credentials to derive the service activity control settings for the gateways, routers or switches that will result in the desired ambient services activity controls.

[00502] In some embodiments, the aforementioned ambient service is implemented with a combination of the techniques for pre-activation during manufacturing or distribution and at least partially implementing the service activity control (e.g., access control, routing policy, traffic control, usage limits, and/or policy for usage limit overage) required for implementing ambient using the service policy control capabilities in the data path gateways, routers or switches in the network. The gateways, router or switches are programmed to recognize the pre-activated device credentials as discussed herein according to the ambient access profile for the device to implement the ambient policies for network access control, routing control, traffic control or service monitoring and reporting for bill by account. In some embodiments, the device activation profile and/or service account are not pre-programmed in the network and/or the device before the device ships but the activation profile and/or service account are programmed

using the activation server technique discussed herein. This over the air automated provisioning is combined with the activation server reading the device credentials to derive the service profile activity control settings for the gateways, routers or switches that results in the desired ambient services activity controls.

[00503] In some embodiment, a VSP capability is enabled by providing a secure network connection to the service policy settings tools that define the device pre-provisioning settings, the device pre-activation service profile settings, the network equipment service activity control policy settings (e.g., access control, routing policy, traffic control, usage limits, and/or policy for usage limit overage), and the network billing system database. By providing server tools that enable all these settings to be controlled (or perhaps only observed in the case of the billing system) by a secure workstation or secure website interface that networks into the equipment that programs the settings, and providing for a secure partitioning of the devices that can be controlled by a given secure workstation or secure website interface, a central provider can provide VSP services to multiple entities who all have different device and service plan combinations that they desire different flavors of ambient services for. These techniques can also be extended beyond ambient to any device/service profile/service plan combo the VSP desires to create. In some embodiments, the networking equipment is implemented to secure device service group domains in which the service policies for a group of devices can be controlled. In some embodiments, the pre-provisioning and pre-activation techniques are substituted with the over the air activation server techniques discussed herein, and a secure device group partition capability is provided in the activation server as well so that the activation server device group partition control capabilities can be added to the secure device group partition control capabilities of the network gateways, routers and/or switches, the device programming tools and the billing system to form a VSP partition solution for over the air activation of various device/service plan combinations. In some embodiments, the device groups are relatively small so that beta trials of arbitrarily large or small size can be designed and implemented by defining a service control group as described above, and after fine tuning and perfecting the beta trial settings the device group can be expanded to publish the automated provisioning and activation service settings to a larger user or device group for production services.

[00504] In some embodiments, device based service activity control assistance (e.g., based on the various service processor embodiments described herein) is combined with simplified provisioning techniques described herein so that service processor enabled devices can be shipped with pre-provisioned credentials (temporary or permanent) or can obtain credentials in an automated manner that is convenient and efficient for the user or device owner. In some embodiments, the service processor embodiments in combination with the manufacturing and supply chain credentials and provisioning apparatus described elsewhere provide various approaches for provisioning pre-provisioned service processor enabled devices. In some embodiments, the service processor embodiments in combination with the activation server variants discussed above provide various approaches for over the air or over the network simplified post-sale provisioning for service processor enabled devices. For example, these embodiments can also be used for ambient services given that as discussed herein the service processor has capability to implement service profile policies for deep control of ambient service activity control.

[00505] In some embodiments, provisioning includes provisioning partial device credentials that include, for example, a secure certificate that is used to authorize full credential provisioning and/or activation by performing a process for a later look-up/validation of the full device credentials. For example, the look-up/validation of the full device credentials can be performed by a gateway, router or similar network device that re-directs to a provisioning server and/or activation server or other network components that either: (1) recognizes the partial credentials that serve as a reference to direct the device communication to a specific provisioning/activation server determined from the partial credentials; or (2) does not recognize the partial credentials, and directs the device communication to a less specific provisioning/activation server that is not necessarily associated with a reference to the partial credentials.

[00506] In some embodiments, if the partial device credentials (e.g., temporary or permanent credentials) are being used for provisioning, then the partial credentials are read (e.g., and/or other credentials can be looked up based on the partial credentials as described above). The device is authorized if the proper credentials and/or secure certificate is present. The device credential provisioning is then completed (e.g., using activation server commands or settings to a

device based software and/or hardware element), and the credentials are, in some cases, also communicated to the various network equipment elements.

[00507] In some embodiments, if the partial device credentials are being used for activation, then partial or full device credential provisioning is performed, such as described above. A service account (e.g., temporary or permanent service account) is created or looked up based on the partial device credentials (e.g., a user account associated with the device through embedded partial or full credentials or a look up process, or based on a dynamically created/assigned temporary account associated with the device through embedded partial or full credentials). An initial service profile and, in some cases, an initial service plan (e.g., service control policy settings including a billing profile) are determined from embedded information and/or using a look up process (e.g., based on the device type and/or partial or full device credentials). The device is then programmed to enable access with the service profile and plan, and, in some cases, the various network components/elements are programmed to enable the service profile and plan, and, in some cases, proper entries in the billing system are made or confirmed, and the device credentials are, thus, activated for service.

[00508] In some embodiments, the above described provisioning and/or activation processes are performed with the provisioning server(s) and/or activation server(s) in the background with reduced, minimal or no user input required, for example, after the device is sold to the user and the user turns on the device so that by the time the user attempts to access the service using the device, the provisioning and/or activation process is already completed.

[00509] In some embodiments, device based service activity control assistance (e.g., based on the service processor embodiments) is combined with simplified activation techniques described herein so that service processor enabled devices can be shipped with pre-activated accounts (temporary or permanent), or can obtain activated account status in an automated manner that is convenient and efficient for the user or device owner. In some embodiments, the service processor embodiments in combination with the manufacturing and supply chain activation and provisioning apparatus described elsewhere provide various approaches for pre-activated service processor enabled devices. In some embodiments, the service processor embodiments in combination with the activation server variants discussed above provide various

approaches for over the air or over the network simplified post-sale account activation for service processor enabled devices. These embodiments can also be used for ambient services given that as discussed herein the service processor has capability to implement service profile policies for deep control of ambient service activity control.

[00510] As discussed herein, in some embodiments for activation, the network AAA (or other network function) either recognizes one or more aspects of a pre-activated device credentials and routes the pre-activated device communication to an activation server that is appropriate for that device (routing information either derived through look up of the credential aspect or by obtaining the required information directly from the credential itself), or the AAA (or other network function) does not recognize the credentials and routes the device communication to an activation server for unrecognized device credentials. In either case, in some embodiments, one or more of the credential aspects can then be used to perform a secondary determination of what provisioning and/or activation sequence to perform in association with the device, or which activation server sequence the device should be directed to. For example, one or more device credential aspects can be read and used as a cross-reference to determine a routing for the device communication (or the information required for routing can be in the device credential information itself) so that the device can be routed to the appropriate activation server sequence.

[00511] In some embodiments, an activation server sequence can be determined at least in part by using a browser server or a portal (e.g., http server, https server, WAP server or another standard or custom protocol server for a browser, embedded or automated browser or a portal client in the device). In some embodiments, the browser server is an http or https server. The pre-activated device communication can be routed to the https server in a manner similar to that described above, and the server can read the information embedded in the https communication to determine the device credential information required to initiate the correct provisioning completion and/or activation sequences. For example, the https header information, tokens, cookies or other secure information communicated over https from a secure embedded client on the device (or user) can either provide the activation server with the information required to perform the cross-reference to an appropriate provisioning and/or activation sequence, or the https embedded information or the embedded client (or user) information can instruct the

activation server on which services the device is to be provisioned and/or activated on and any necessary device or user information (e.g., device owner and/or billing information) can be exchanged, or the device might be provisioned and/or activated first on a free ambient service with temporary or permanent credentials or account.

[00512] In some embodiments, the service processor can be combined with the pre-provisioning and pre-activation techniques described above to create an ambient service solution that will work on roaming networks in which the central provider or VSP has no control or minimal control over the network elements. For example, the device includes a service processor pre-programmed for ambient service activity control as discussed herein, and the device credentials and other settings are pre-provisioned and pre-activated for the central provider network, all of which is described in numerous embodiments disclosed herein. Provided that the service provider has a roaming agreement with other service providers, or provided that the device may gain access to the roaming network, when the device is roaming it will be capable of ambient connectivity with bill by account functionality and all the other features of ambient. Furthermore, as also discussed herein, the ambient service activity control policies can be different for different roaming networks to accommodate the varying network costs and performance. Also, for example, it would be permissible to sign up for initial services or additional upgrade services with the central provider while roaming on the roaming partner network. One of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that this also allows for creating a VSP or MVNO for the purpose of creating a clearing house for central provider service activations according to geography or user choice. By using a global multi-mode modem module, and maintaining service agreements with a multitude of carriers, the MVNO or VSP can provide consistent ambient services across multiple carriers and multiple geographies while still maintaining a good degree of cost control. Using bill by account capabilities, it is also possible to have an activation agreement where a roaming service provider agrees to refund the cost of ambient roaming. From the ambient service platform, the VSP or MVNO can then provide service purchase options to the user based on the carrier networks available to the device, or the VSP or MVNO can broker the user off to any of the carriers by activating the device onto the carriers main central provider service.

[00513] Accordingly, these embodiments provide flexible capabilities for activating a device or group of devices with a broad range of service profiles and service plans by simply programming the device with the proper credentials at some time during manufacturing or distribution, or simply programming a database associated with the network so that a portion of the device credentials can be used to look up the desired service profile and service plan. For example, various activation embodiments described herein are highly convenient for the end user and need not, in many cases, involve any human intervention.

[00514] The service processor 115, service controller 122, policy implementation and/or profile implementation and various embodiments disclosed herein are applicable to conventional communication products as well as machine to machine applications. For example, if the machine to machine device includes a service processor 115 with an activated account, then the service profile settings can be optimized for machine communications to provide only the limited access required to support the particular machine to machine application. This allows for cost optimized access services and prevents the machine to machine device or access modem from being misappropriated and used for some other service access than that intended. For example, by programming the machine to machine communications device at time of manufacture or during distribution with credentials or partial credentials that provide for automated provisioning and activation as described herein, the device can be automatically provisioned and activated on the service network with a service account when deployed, thus eliminating the need for costly or time consuming human intervention. The various embodiments that make it simpler to design, manufacture, test and deploy devices may also be equally applied to machine to machine devices. These embodiments include the service processor 115 developers kit and the automated provisioning and activation management tools among others. Also, the service analysis and test tools and the virtual service provider embodiments can also be applied to machine to machine applications.

[00515] **Verifiable Device Assisted Services For Intermediate Networking Devices**

[00516] It should be appreciated that the various service monitoring, notification, control and billing embodiments disclosed herein can also be applied to intermediate networking device applications.

[00517] In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device is a communications device in which the service processor 115 is configured at least in part to allow the intermediate networking device to act as a service intermediary or intermediate connection between the network and one or more end point devices (e.g., communications devices). In addition, a service controller 122 or other suitable network functions can be employed to assist with the verifiable service usage monitoring, control and verification as disclosed in numerous embodiments described herein. In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device does this by implementing the service policies required for assisting service usage control of the intermediate networking device and connecting the network to provide services to one or more end point devices that are connected to the intermediate networking device. In some embodiments, the intermediate networking device also monitors the service use activities of the intermediate networking device and/or the end point devices connected to the intermediate networking device. In some embodiments, the intermediate networking device and/or end point device service usage is verified to ensure that the service usage is within the expected ranges for the policies that are implemented. In some embodiments, the intermediate networking device connects with the network using one modem technology and connects with the end point devices using one or more additional technologies. In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device connects the end point devices to the network by passing, bridging, forwarding, routing, traffic shaping or otherwise allowing the end point devices to communicate with the network. Example intermediate networking device embodiments include a Wi-Fi to WWAN (e.g., 2G, 3G, 4G or other wireless wide area networking access technology) bridge or router device, a Wi-Fi to DSL, cable or fiber gateway device, a WWAN to DSL or Cable femto cell device, a WWAN and Wi-Fi to DSL, Cable or fiber back-hauled femto cell device, a WWAN to WWAN router device, a WWAN to WLAN, WPAN or LAN bridge, router or gateway device, or a WWAN back up connection device for an enterprise router.

[00518] An intermediate networking device can also be provided in some embodiments by including a bridging, forwarding or routing function between two modems in a communications enabled device that connects to the network. For example, an intermediate networking device configuration can be a cell phone, smart phone, mobile internet device or any other mobile device that includes a WWAN modem and a Wi-Fi, WLAN, WPAN or LAN connection that can be used to connect to other end point devices. For example, the mobile device WWAN modem

can connect to the network, a service processor 115 can be included on the device processor to assist monitoring, controlling and billing for services between the WWAN network and end point devices connected to a Wi-Fi modem. In addition, a service controller 122 or other suitable network functions can be employed to assist with verifiable service usage monitoring, control and verification as disclosed in numerous embodiments disclosed throughout herein. In some embodiments, the Wi-Fi modem can be configured in access point mode or in ad hoc mode to communicate with other end point devices in the area covered by the mobile device WLAN modem. In this manner, a service processor 115 and a service controller 122 or other suitable network functions can be employed to enable the verifiable service usage monitoring, control and verification as disclosed in numerous embodiments described herein.

[00519] Another example embodiment is a notebook or sub-notebook computer with a WWAN modem and a Wi-Fi, Ethernet, Firewire, Bluetooth, near field or Zigbee modem in which the notebook processor has a service processor 115 running on the notebook processor and the service processor 115 is used to assist monitoring, control and billing for services communicated between the WWAN network and end point devices connected to the notebook or sub-notebook WLAN, LAN or WPAN. Another example embodiment is a Wi-Fi hot spot with a service processor 115 capability. Another example embodiment is a WWAN back up modem in an access network router where the back up modem connection to the WWAN network is used when the main wired network connection goes down, and a router processor or a WWAN back up modem processor runs a service processor 115 to assist monitoring, controlling and billing for services between the WWAN network and the access router (e.g., the service provider may only wish to enable a connection when the main wired network is down to ensure that the WWAN modem is not used for everyday access). In this manner, a service processor 115 and a service controller 122 or other suitable network functions can be employed to enable the verifiable service usage monitoring, control and verification as disclosed in numerous embodiments described herein.

[00520] Another example embodiment is a two-way home gateway configured to perform various functions such as reading power consumption of the home and/or components in the home, providing WLAN, WPAN or LAN connectivity for such components or to the power meters/controllers attached to such components, providing a WWAN or WAN connection to a

network that reads, records, monitors and/or controls the home and/or component power consumption, and possibly to provide other wide area network services for other devices in the home such as computers or entertainment electronics in a similar manner to the WWAN, DSL, cable and fiber gateway embodiments. The WLAN, WPAN connections can be made with one or more of Wi-Fi, Zigbee, Bluetooth, NFC or any other suitable wireless modem technology, and any desired wired LAN connections may be made with one or more of Ethernet, USB, Firewire, data over cable, data over power line or any other suitable wired modem technology. The WWAN connections can be made with one or more of 2G (e.g. CDMA 1xRT, GPRS), 3G (e.g. WCDMA UMTS/HSPA/non-MIMO HSPA+, CDMA EVDOrA/B, 802.16d/e WiMax), 4G (e.g. LTE, MIMO HSPA+, MIMO 802.16m WiMax) or any other suitable modem technologies and the wired WAN connections may be made with one or more of DSL, Cable, fiber or any other wired modem technology. A service processor 115 and a service controller 122 or other suitable network functions can be employed to enable the verifiable service usage monitoring, control and verification as disclosed in numerous embodiments disclosed throughout herein.

[00521] In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device can be used to connect one end point device to a network and assist in implementing service policies, or an intermediate networking device can connect multiple end point devices to one or more networks and assist in implementing service policies. In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device can be associated with one service profile, one service plan or one service account, or an intermediate networking device can be associated with multiple service profiles, multiple service plans or multiple service accounts. In some embodiments, end point devices connected to an intermediate networking device can have service usage policies implemented in aggregate for all end point devices, or service policies can be implemented differentially for different end point devices.

[00522] In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device can have a network connection associated with a single account and manage QOS between end point devices under one umbrella service profile or collection of profiles. In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device can treat all connected end point devices equally from a service sharing or QOS perspective so that, for example, service usage is based on end point device demand and/or contention. In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device differentiates service

QOS between different end point devices based on end point device service demand or service usage patterns, EDP device type or device group, end point device user or user group, end point device service account status or service plan status, or end point device application type, and/or traffic type or service type.

[00523] As discussed herein, the service processor 115 function assisting intermediate networking device implementation can be included on the intermediate networking device, can be included in part on the intermediate networking device and one or more end point devices, or can be implemented mainly or entirely on one or more end point devices.

[00524] In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device can be constructed in which end point devices connect to the intermediate networking device and gain access services to a WWAN network through a WWAN/Wi-Fi enabled intermediate networking device that is supplied with services associated with a single account and service profile. The intermediate networking device service processor 115 can assist in monitoring, control and billing for WWAN service usage for all end point devices in the area covered by the intermediate networking device Wi-Fi link. In some embodiments, end point devices receive service on first come first serve basis with no differentiation. In some embodiments, end point devices receive fair distribution of services so that if one end point device is using more significantly more service than the other end point devices, or is demanding more service than the intermediate networking device service profile settings provide for a single end point device (e.g., "bandwidth hogging"), then the high demand end point device is throttled and the other end point devices are not. In some embodiments, end point devices receive hierarchical distribution of services based on one or more of service type, device type, user type, and/or account status. In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device can provide for a large or unlimited number of end point devices to connect to the network and simply control aggregate service usage parameters for the intermediate networking device WWAN connection. In some embodiments, the intermediate networking device limits the number of end point devices that are allowed to connect to the WWAN network according the end point device count limits programmed in the service processor 115 service profile settings in the intermediate networking device. In some embodiments, end point device traffic can be identified by various end point device credential aspects including, for example, by Wi-Fi ID, MAC ID, IP address, user ID, LAN tag, end point

device agent credentials, and/or browser token or cookie. In some embodiments, the intermediate networking device service account can be billed for overall service usage and/or by number of end point device connections allowed or experienced. In some embodiments, as the intermediate networking device user or owner signs up for a higher end point device connection count, one ore more aspects of the service usage policy implementation and/or profile implementations in the service processor 115 profile settings can be increased.

[00525] The various verification techniques described herein can also be applied to the intermediate networking device and extended to multiple end point devices. For example, network based service usage measures for verification can be applied to the intermediate networking device just as if the intermediate networking device were an end point device. For example, network based service usage measures (e.g., IPDR information) can be used to perform network verification checks to ensure that intermediate networking device service usage is within acceptable ranges based on intermediate networking device policy settings as similarly described with respect to various device embodiments. In some embodiments, in the event intermediate networking device service usage is outside the policy limits set for the intermediate networking device service processor 115, a notification can be sent to the intermediate networking device main account owner. The main intermediate networking device account owner can also be required to acknowledge the notification. The notification can also be sent to one or more other users of the intermediate networking device connection, including possibly all users. Other actions that can be taken if the network based intermediate networking device service usage measure does not match the policy limits set on the service processor 115 include notify the user, notify the user and require acknowledgement, bill the user for service overage, suspend the end point device, quarantine the end point device, SPAN the end point device, and/or alert network manager or alert an automated network troubleshooting function. In some embodiments, a device based usage measure can be verified against a network based service usage measure. It will now be apparent that the various service processor 115 verification embodiments, service controller 122 verification embodiments, network verification embodiments, authentication embodiments, and tamper prevention or detection embodiments, such as those shown in and described with respect to Figures 22, 23, 26, 27 and 28, can be applied to intermediate networking device applications and embodiments.

[00526] In some embodiments, it is desirable to match up individual end point device or user intermediate networking device service usage with other service usage measures. For example, the individual end point device service usage measures logged or reported from the end point devices and/or the intermediate networking device can be aggregated to form a total intermediate networking device usage measure that is compared to an aggregate intermediate networking device usage measure logged or reported in the network. In some embodiments, if these measures do not match, then an error condition results and an action is taken. In some embodiments, the aggregate intermediate networking device service usage measure is compared to the aggregate network based service usage measure and as long as these two measures are within an acceptable tolerance, then the intermediate networking device service usage measures are trusted and can be used for deeper intermediate networking device and end point device usage measures for service control and/or billing than may be possible in the network. In such embodiments, the individual end point device service usage measures gained from the intermediate networking device or end point device can be used to verify end point device service usage versus service policy allowances. In some embodiments, end point device service usage measures are compared with intermediate networking device measures for the same end point devices.

[00527] In some embodiments, the IPDR records for one or more networks can include individual end point device service usage information. This is the case for example when the IPDRs include information broken down by end point device credential, such as IP address or other end point device credential. In such cases, intermediate networking device embodiments can be employed in which the individual end point device service usage information measured in the network can be compared with the service usage policy allowances or limits for the end point device. Also, in some embodiments, the individual end point device service usage measures from an end point device service usage monitor and/or an intermediate networking device service usage monitor can be compared with the network based service usage information to verify an end point device and/or an intermediate networking device service usage monitor is operating properly.

[00528] As similarly described with respect to end point device embodiments with no intermediate networking device between the end point device and the network, in some

intermediate networking device embodiments, service usage and service usage monitor reports can be periodically verified by performing a SPAN function on the traffic for an intermediate networking device. The SPAN traffic can be analyzed in a real-time manner or in a non-real-time manner in the network and the results can be compared with the intermediate networking device or end point device service policies or service usage measures.

[00529] The synchronized device notification and acknowledgement embodiments can also be employed in the case in which one service account is applied to the intermediate networking device. The service usage counters in the intermediate networking device can be synchronized or updated with the network based measures and the differences between the two may be minimized. The service usage notification can be sent to one or more of the end point devices connected to the intermediate networking device. For example, the notification can be sent to the intermediate networking device manager or service owner, all end point devices or the most active end point devices.

[00530] Similarly, user preference feedback can be collected from one or more of the service users connected to the intermediate networking device. In some embodiments, user preferences or user service selections or service settings are collected from one user or a subset of end point devices used by the service subscriber. In some embodiments, more than one service user can provide preference information or service settings even if there is only one user account. In some embodiments, there are multiple service subscribers each providing preferences. In some embodiments, as similarly described with respect to various device embodiments, user preferences can be used set service control policies that provide the user with their selected balance of cost and service capability in a manner that meets network neutrality requirements. Similarly, in some embodiments, the service monitoring and customer resource management information collected on the intermediate networking device or end point devices can be filtered according to user privacy preferences to maintain the level of user privacy selected by the user.

[00531] Adaptive intermediate networking device policy implementation can also be performed in the intermediate networking device service processor 115 embodiments, as similarly described with respect to various device embodiments. In some embodiments, the

service policy implementation for the intermediate networking device can be adapted by the service processor 115 agents (e.g., policy control agent 1692 working to control the settings in policy implementation agent 1690, and/or another service processor agent or function) to achieve a higher level service usage goal. In some embodiments, the usage goals or adaptation can be based on aggregate end point device usage for the intermediate networking device network services, and in some embodiments, the higher level usage goals or adaptation can apply to one or more individual end point devices.

[00532] In some embodiments, even though there is one intermediate networking device account, there can be multiple options for multi-end point device or multi-user operation in which the number of end point devices, number of users or service capabilities for some of the end point devices or users are selectable. These parameters are accommodated by an intermediate networking device service profile that includes the service capabilities that are to be delivered to a multitude of end point devices or users. In some cases, some end point devices or users have a different profile within the intermediate networking device service processor 115 with differentiated capabilities as compared to the intermediate networking device service processor 115 profile for other end point devices or users. This is the case for some of the examples provided herein. These multi-end point device or multi-user service profiles in the intermediate networking device service processor 115 can share services equally or can allow more capable access services to some end point devices or users than others. In some embodiments, a service profile implemented by the intermediate networking device service processor 115 for one end point device or user is different than that in the service profile implemented by the service processor 115 for another end point device or user (e.g., providing differentiated service profile implementations by end point devices and/or users). End point devices can be uniquely identified for purposes involving implementation of different service profiles in the intermediate networking device service processor 115 agents (e.g., depending on the embodiment, service monitor agent 1696, policy implementation agent 1690, policy control agent 1692, application interface agent 1693 and/or other service processor agents or functions) based on a number of parameters, such as IP address, local area network address (e.g., Wi-Fi address), MAC address end point device ID, user ID, and/or end point device application layer tag. This allows for independent service usage monitoring and control for different end point devices or users.

[00533] In some embodiments, an intermediate networking device also bridges services to end point devices or users that have individually managed service profiles, service plans or service accounts. As discussed herein, individual end point device service policy implementation and/or service profile implementation can be accomplished by classifying end point device service usage according to an end point device identifier so that service monitoring, control assistance and reporting may be differentiated between one or more end point devices. These end point device identifiers can then be associated with a different service plan or account in the service processor 115 and/or billing system 123. The end point device or user specific service usage monitoring, reporting, notification and control assistance can be accomplished by running one or more profiles for each end point device or each user.

[00534] It will now be apparent that billing can also be implemented with a single account encompassing service usage for all users or end point devices connected to an intermediate networking device, or for individual users, end point devices, user groups or end point device groups connected to an intermediate networking device. As similarly described with respect to the service profile, this is accomplished by associating service usage events and associated billing events with a end point device identifier, user identifier, end point device group identifier, and/or user group identifier.

[00535] In some embodiments, end point devices or users connect to more than one intermediate networking device with the same service account, service plan or service profile. In some embodiments, the intermediate networking device requires an authentication sequence for the end point device or user before allowing connection to the network through the intermediate networking device. This authentication sequence can involve the end point device communicating an active account or admission credential with the intermediate networking device. The intermediate networking device can compare the credential with a local database or may query a database in the network to admit the end point device to the intermediate networking device network connection. In either case, provided the user credential or network authorization process is passed, the service processor 115 service profile settings for the end point device are applied and service is then established as discussed herein. In these cases, the verification can be accomplished as described herein. In some embodiments, even if the end point device does not have a service processor 115, provided that the intermediate networking

device service policy implementations and/or service profile implementations are verified as described herein, then the intermediate networking device will accurately assist in control and reporting of service usage for the different end point devices or users, and the appropriate service policy controls and/or billing can be maintained.

[00536] In some embodiments, when the end point device attempts connection to the intermediate networking device, if the user or end point device does not already have an active account or logon credential that the intermediate networking device recognizes, then the intermediate networking device can offer the end point device or user a service sign up experience. This experience can be implemented in a number of ways, including a website, WAP site, portal, download of agent software, and other methods. For example, an automated recognition of new devices can redirect unauthorized end point devices to browse into a website, WAP site, or portal site located on the intermediate networking device or in the network. If the site is located on the intermediate networking device, it can be cached and refreshed at a time of day when the network is not overly busy. Once on the site, the user or end point device selects the plan choice they desire, inputs account information and, in some embodiments, downloads device agent software to aid in network service policy implementation and/or profile implementation with the intermediate networking device. Once the user signs up, the information is logged into the network data base, the service account is established and the intermediate networking device service profile for that user or end point device is activated and the user can begin using the service.

[00537] In some embodiments, a website, WAP site, or portal site located in the intermediate networking device can be used to provide the end point device user with a service usage monitor interface and a service purchase interface for cases in which the end point device does not posses any special software to allow it to display a more specialized service usage monitor function for information received from the intermediate networking device or network service usage counters. The service usage monitor for the intermediate networking device can be synchronized, as similarly described with respect to various device embodiments. In some embodiments, the service usage notification system can also display cost data from a usage to cost look-up function. In some embodiments, the service usage notification system can display projected service usage or projected cost, as similarly described with respect to various device

embodiments. The service usage monitor to drive these service notification embodiments can be located on one or more of the end point device, the intermediate networking device or the network.

[00538] In some embodiments, if multiple accounts are serviced by one or more intermediate networking devices, verification can be performed on the service controls for the end point device or user service usage. As will now be apparent, just as with the intermediate networking device, the end point device or user service usage comparison with usage policy settings can be verified in the ways described herein. If the usage is found to be out of policy, then any of the out of policy actions described herein can be performed, including, for example, notify the end user, notify and require acknowledgement, bill for overage, suspend, quarantine, SPAN, and/or flag to network manager or network error handling function. For example, the verification methods shown in and described with respect to Figures 22, 23, 26, 27 and 28 can be applied for the embodiments where intermediate networking devices have multiple account, multiple service plan, multiple service profile, multiple end point device, and/or multiple user capabilities.

[00539] It will be apparent that the various embodiments described herein for automated provisioning and activation also can similarly be applied to the intermediate networking device embodiments. It will also be apparent that the various virtual service provider embodiments can similarly be applied to the intermediate networking device embodiments.

[00540] Ambient services can be employed on the intermediate networking device and the ambient services can thus be provided to the end point devices. It will be apparent that the ambient service profile embodiments disclosed herein can similarly be applied to the intermediate networking device, and then the intermediate networking device can supply those ambient services to end point devices connected to the intermediate networking device. It will also be apparent that the intermediate networking device can provide an ambient service profile as described herein to end point devices or users that have not yet signed up for service, while providing other paid for service profiles to end point devices or users that have signed up for service.

[00541] Bill by account embodiments can similarly be applied to the intermediate networking device embodiments. For example, bill by account can be used in embodiments in which all end point devices or users are connected to the intermediate networking device under one account, or to embodiments in which some end point devices or users are accounted for separately with different service accounts, service plans or service profiles. In either case, it will be apparent that using one or more of the end point device or user identification credential aspects discussed herein can be used in a bill by account profile to account for any end point device or service activity. In such embodiments, billing event reports for those activities that include the end point device or user identifiers can also be provided for billing mediation and reconciliation down to the individual end point device or user level. For example, this allows for very deep service monitoring and billing capabilities with intermediate networking devices.

[00542] The intermediate networking device embodiments described above also have uses in machine to machine applications. It will be apparent that if the end point device includes the correct credentials to gain access to an existing account, or to allow an automated provisioning and activation account to be established, then the end point device can be connected to the network through the intermediate networking device without human intervention. Furthermore, the service profile that is established with the end point device for machine to machine communications can be set up to provide the access required to support the machine to machine application allowing for low cost access services and preventing the end point device from being misused for some service other than that intended. For example, the verification techniques and embodiments disclosed herein can similarly be applied to such machine to machine applications.

[00543] It will be apparent that the identifiers discussed above for bill by account mediation with accounting down to the individual end point device or user level can be combined with a billing mediation server in the network that accepts intermediate networking device billing events with end point device identification or user identification indexed billing, performs the necessary bill by account mediation functions, formats the billing events into the format used by the billing system, and transmits the mediated billing information to the billing system 123.

[00544] In some embodiments, the intermediate networking device service processor 115 functionality can be split. The division ranges from some or all of the service processor 115 on the device to some or all of the service processor 115 on the intermediate networking device.

[00545] In some embodiments, all of the service processor 115 is on the intermediate networking device. The end point device does not participate in service processor 115 functions and has no service processor 115 interface software. In some embodiments, the end point device has small subset of service processor 115 capabilities, including, for example, a service notification UI or a logon client with credentials. In some embodiments, service monitoring is implemented on the end point device or on both the end point device and in the intermediate networking device. In some embodiments, the end point device has additional service processor 115 capabilities including, for example, application layer tagging that associates application layer activity with service processor 115 service monitoring or service policy implementation and/or service profile implementation information. This can be accomplished by a range of techniques, for example, transmitting the application tagging information disclosed elsewhere to the intermediate networking device service processor 115 so that the policy implementation may be accomplished with knowledge of the application layer information. Another example involves assigning IP addresses in the intermediate networking device networking stack to the end point devices so that different types of end point device traffic can be routed into service processor 115 traffic shaping queues, each queue having a policy profile implementation engine, and application layer tagging information or similar traffic indentifying information is used to determine which policy implementation engine the traffic should be routed to in order to accomplish the desired traffic shaping for the traffic type, application type, service type, and/or content type. In some embodiments, the traffic control policy is implemented on the end point device either with an application layer traffic controller, or by implementing more of the service processor 115 functionality, as similarly described with respect to various device embodiments. In the end point device service functionality example, most or all of the service processor 115 functionality is implemented on the end point device and the intermediate networking device functionality can be reduced to a bridging, forwarding or routing function between the end point devices and the network that performs little or no service control, monitoring and/or billing functions. For example, the service usage monitoring agents can also be provided on the end point device to aid in verification.

[00546] In embodiments in which the end point device requires agent software, the software can be loaded at time of manufacture or during distribution, loaded later, and/or made available for download through the intermediate networking device. In the case in which the end point device agent SW is downloaded through the end point device, there can be locally cached copies of the SW for one or more OS variants stored in a cache on the intermediate networking device, with the cache being updated over the network at convenient or conducive times, or the software can be downloaded live over the network when it is needed by the end point device. Logging the service usage to download this software is another example in which bill by account functionality can be used to track network traffic that may not be desirable to bill to a end point device owner or user, and bill by account functionality can be used to log and mediate such usage out of the user or end point device owner's bill.

[00547] Any end point device agent software required to connect to the intermediate networking device can also be implemented as a service processor 115 developer's kit as described herein and distributed to aid manufacturers, service provider and virtual service providers in bringing new devices onto networks with intermediate networking device capability.

[00548] In the case of a femto cell intermediate networking device, in some embodiments, it is desirable to facilitate handover from the WWAN network to the femto cell. In some embodiments, this provided in the intermediate networking device service processor 115 in a variety of ways. In some embodiments, the voice and data traffic is routed through a VPN tunnel controlled by the service processor 115 and connected to a network element, such as the transport gateway or another specified traffic concentration destination for the femto cell. In some embodiments, the voice traffic, the data traffic or both can be routed in secure or open Internet channels to different destinations, or the data can be routed directly to the Internet destination specified by the packets. In some embodiments, the femto cell intermediate networking device controls the femto cell frequencies or local frequency channel strength surveys over the intermediate networking device control channel. In some embodiments, the service processor 115 has a VPN connection to a network base station hand off controller to assist in handoff to and from the WWAN network and/or has the capability to instruct the end point device and the base station handoff controller. In some embodiment, whenever an end point device authenticated for femto cell access is within range of the femto cell, the service

provider desires to set up a service processor 115 profile to get the end point device to connect to the femto cell even if it has a strong signal with one or more WWAN base stations so that the WWAN traffic may be offloaded. In some embodiments, the service processor 115 can form a secure control plane link with network AAA functions to manage authorization and admission of end point devices the femto cell has not yet admitted, or the network policies can require re-authorization every time a end point device attempts access. Once an end point device is connected to the femto cell intermediate networking device, the verifiable traffic monitoring, control and billing functions described herein can be applied to various application embodiments. For example, the intermediate networking device service policy verification techniques disclosed herein, as similarly described with respect to various device embodiments, can similarly be applied to the femto cell intermediate networking device embodiments.

[00549] In some embodiments, the service provider desires to keep the number of end point devices or users that access an intermediate networking device below a certain count specified in the service processor 115 profile. In some embodiments, this is accomplished by controlling the number of IP addresses allowed onto the intermediate networking device local area side connection. In some embodiments, this is facilitated by observing the end point device identification parameters available in the end point device traffic. In some embodiments, this is facilitated by observing the traffic patterns to determine the likely number of devices connecting to the network. For example, traffic demand patterns can be examined to determine how many users are likely to be demanding access at one time. Although the foregoing embodiments have been described in some detail for purposes of clarity of understanding, the invention is not limited to the details provided. There are many alternative ways of implementing the invention. The disclosed embodiments are illustrative and not restrictive.

[00550] WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

CLAIMS

1. A system, comprising:

a processor of a communications device configured to:

store a first set of device credentials for activating the communications device for a first service on a first network; and

send an access request to the first network, the access request including the first set of device credentials; and

a memory of the communications device coupled to the processor and configured to provide the processor with instructions.

2. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the communications device is a mobile communications device, and the first service includes one or more Internet based services.

3. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials.

4. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number.

5. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class.

6. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions.

7. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device.

8. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to an activation of the communications device.

9. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon a first access request to the first network.

10. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the communications device is associated with a first service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

11. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

provision the communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

12. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first service on the first network.

13. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

receive a second set of device credentials for provisioning the communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials.

14. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

15. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network provisioning function is provided by an activation server.

16. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

provision the communications device for the first service on the first network based on communications with a network provisioning function to receive provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials.

17. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials.

18. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

send an activation request to the first network to activate the communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and

send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

19. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of a communications device is further configured to:

associate the communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account.

20. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of a communications device is further configured to:

associate the communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended.

21. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity.

22. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

send a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity.

23. The system recited in claim 1, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

suspend the communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

send a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity using a second set of device credentials.

24. A method, comprising:

storing a first set of device credentials in a storage of a communications device for activating the communications device for a first service on a first network; and

sending an access request to the first network, the access request including the first set of device credentials.

25. A computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for:

storing a first set of device credentials in a storage of a communications device for activating the communications device for a first service on a first network; and

sending an access request to the first network, the access request including the first set of device credentials.

26. A system, comprising:

a processor of a network device configured to:

receive an access request from a first communications device, the access request including a first set of device credentials;

identify the first set of device credentials for the first communications device; and

set a plurality of access control settings to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

a memory of the network device coupled to the processor and configured to provide the processor with instructions.

27. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with the first network, and the network device includes one or more of the following: an activation server; a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station.

28. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is an activation server in communication with the first network.

29. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with a device credential database.

30. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the network device is in communication with a plurality of central provider networks for activating the first communications device.

31. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first communications device is a mobile communications device, and the first service includes one or more Internet based services.

32. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials.

33. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials are permanent credentials, temporary credentials, or partial credentials, and wherein the temporary credentials include a temporary phone number.

34. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more of the following: a temporarily assigned device identifier, a phone number, a device

identification, a device security signature, a subscriber identity module (SIM), a device type identifier, an IP address, a MAC address, a device group, a device class, a device service owner, a service provider, a virtual service provider, a device manufacturer, a device distributor, a service distributor, one or more service processor settings or version, a user identification, a user type, a user group, and a user class.

35. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first set of device credentials include one or more provisioning actions.

36. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials prior to a point of sale of the communications device.

37. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials after a point of sale of the communications device and prior to activation of the communications device.

38. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the first communications device is provisioned with the first set of credentials at a time of manufacture, during distribution, at a point of sale, after a point of sale, or upon an access request to the first network.

39. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

verify the first set of device credentials.

40. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of access control settings in one or more of the following: a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station.

41. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device in one or more of the following: a billing system; a AAA system; a gateway; a router; a switch; a network server; a device that generates, aggregates, manages or stores CDRs; a base station controller; and a base station.

42. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

43. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

set a plurality of service controls to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the plurality of service controls include one or more service profiles for the first communications device stored in an a AAA function for the first network.

44. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning requirements based at least in part the first set of device credentials.

45. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device.

46. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and

perform one or more provisioning actions prior to an activation of the first communications device.

47. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network.

48. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials.

49. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials; and

send to the first communications device a second set of device credentials for provisioning the first communications device for the first service on the first network, wherein the first set of device credentials are temporary credentials, and the second set of device credentials are permanent credentials, and wherein the first set of device credentials are recycled for later use by a second communications device.

50. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with one or more provisioning actions based at least in part the first set of device credentials, wherein the first set of device credentials are shared by a second communications device.

51. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

52. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the network device includes an activation server or is in communication with the activation server.

53. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the communications device is further configured to:

provision the first communications device for the first service on the first network by providing provisioning information based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the provisioning information includes a second set of device credentials.

54. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials.

55. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials; and

activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

56. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

receive an activation request for the first communications device for the first service on the first network, the activation request including the first set of device credentials;

activate the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials; and

send activation tracking service information to a billing server, wherein the activation tracking service information is based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

57. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a permanent service account or a temporary service account.

58. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with a service account based at least in part on the first set of device credentials, wherein the service account is a reactivated service account that was previously suspended.

59. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of a network device is further configured to:

associate the first communications device with a service plan based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

60. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity.

61. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity.

62. The system recited in claim 26, wherein the processor of the network device is further configured to:

suspend the first communications device upon an expiration of a period of time of inactivity; and

redirect the first communications device to a reactivation request to access the first service after the expiration of the period of time of inactivity, wherein the reactivation request is based at least in part on a second set of device credentials.

63. A method, comprising:

receiving an access request from a first communications device, the access request including a first set of device credentials;

identifying the first set of device credentials for the first communications device using a processor of a network device; and

setting a plurality of access control settings to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

64. A computer program product, the computer program product being embodied in a computer readable storage medium and comprising computer instructions for:

receiving an access request from a first communications device, the access request including a first set of device credentials;

identifying the first set of device credentials for the first communications device; and

setting a plurality of access control settings to prepare for activation of the first communications device for the first service on the first network, based at least in part on the first set of device credentials.

AUTOMATED DEVICE PROVISIONING AND ACTIVATION

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

[00551] Various embodiments are disclosed for a services policy communication system and method. In some embodiments, a communications device stores a set of device credentials for activating the communications device for a service on a network; and sends an access request to the network, the access request including the set of device credentials.

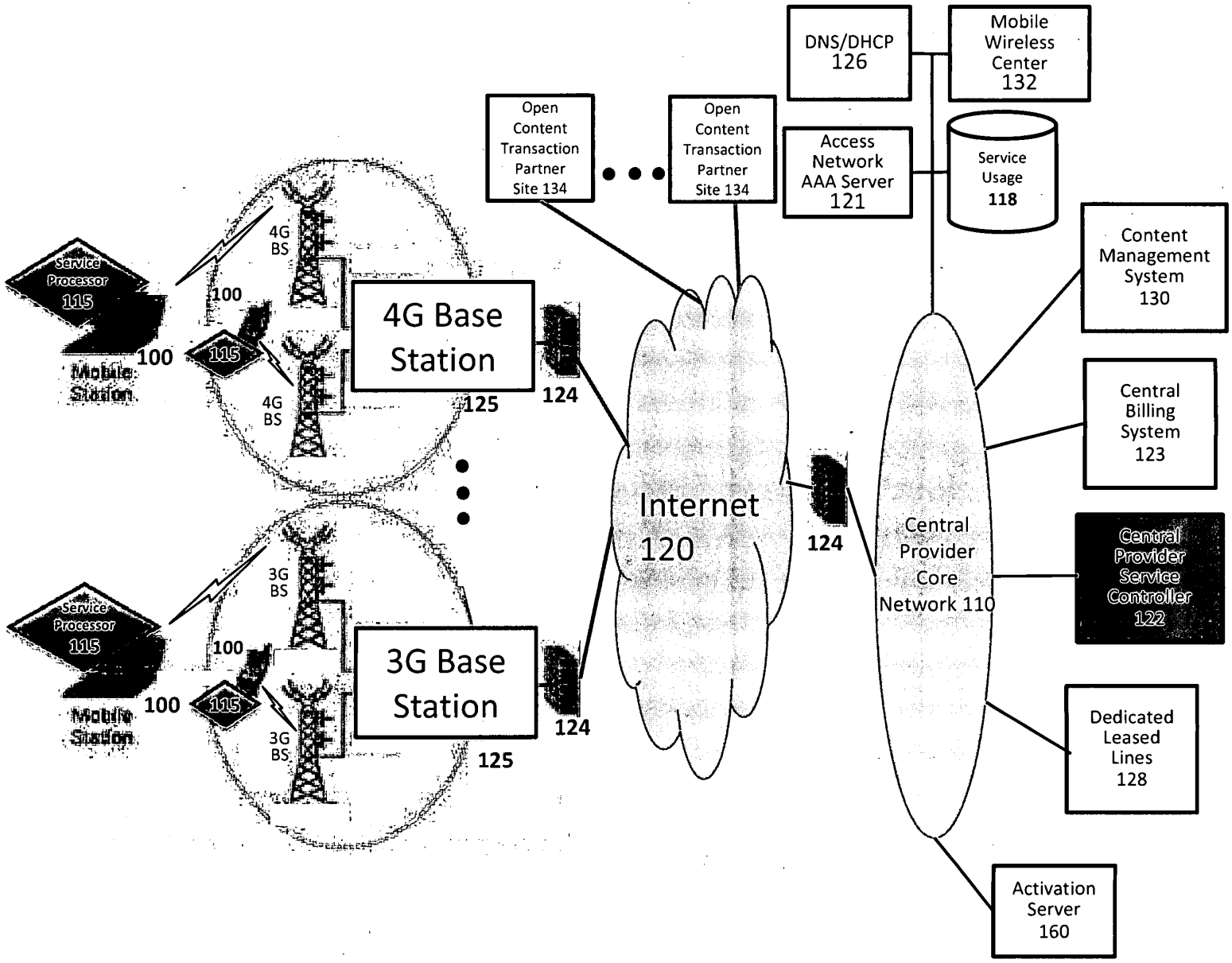

DNS/DHCP
126
Mobile
Wireless
Center
132
Open
Content
Transaction
Partner
Site 134
Open
Content
Transaction
Partner
Site 134
Access
Network
AAA Server
121
Service
Usage
118
Content
Management
System
130
Central
Billing
System
123
Central
Provider
Service
Controller
122
Dedicated
Leased
Lines
128
Activation
Server
160
Internet
120
Central
Provider
Core
Network 110
4G Base
Station
125
3G Base
Station
125
124
124
124
4G
BS
4G
BS
3G
BS
3G
BS
Service
Processor
115
Service
Processor
115
Mobile
Station
Mobile
Station
100
100
100
100
115
115

Figure 1

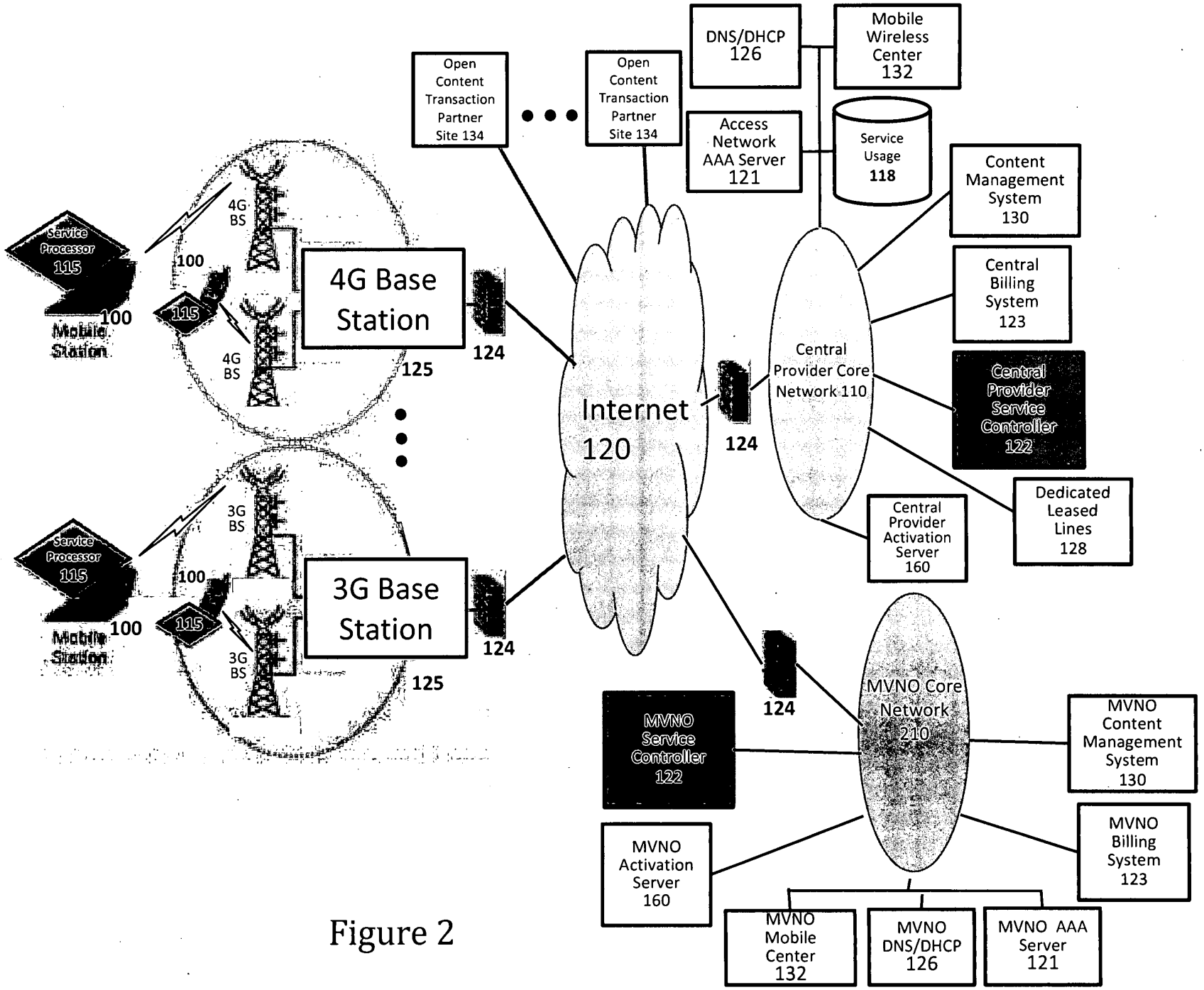

Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
Service Usage 118
Content Management System 130
Central Billing System 123
Central Provider Service Controller 122
Dedicated Leased Lines 128
Central Provider Activation Server 160
Central Provider Core Network 110
Internet 120
4G Base Station
3G Base Station
4G BS
3G BS
Service Processor 115
Mobile Station
100
115
124
125
MVNO Service Controller 122
MVNO Core Network 210
MVNO Content Management System 130
MVNO Billing System 123
MVNO Activation Server 160
MVNO Mobile Center 132
MVNO DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO AAA Server 121

Figure 2

860

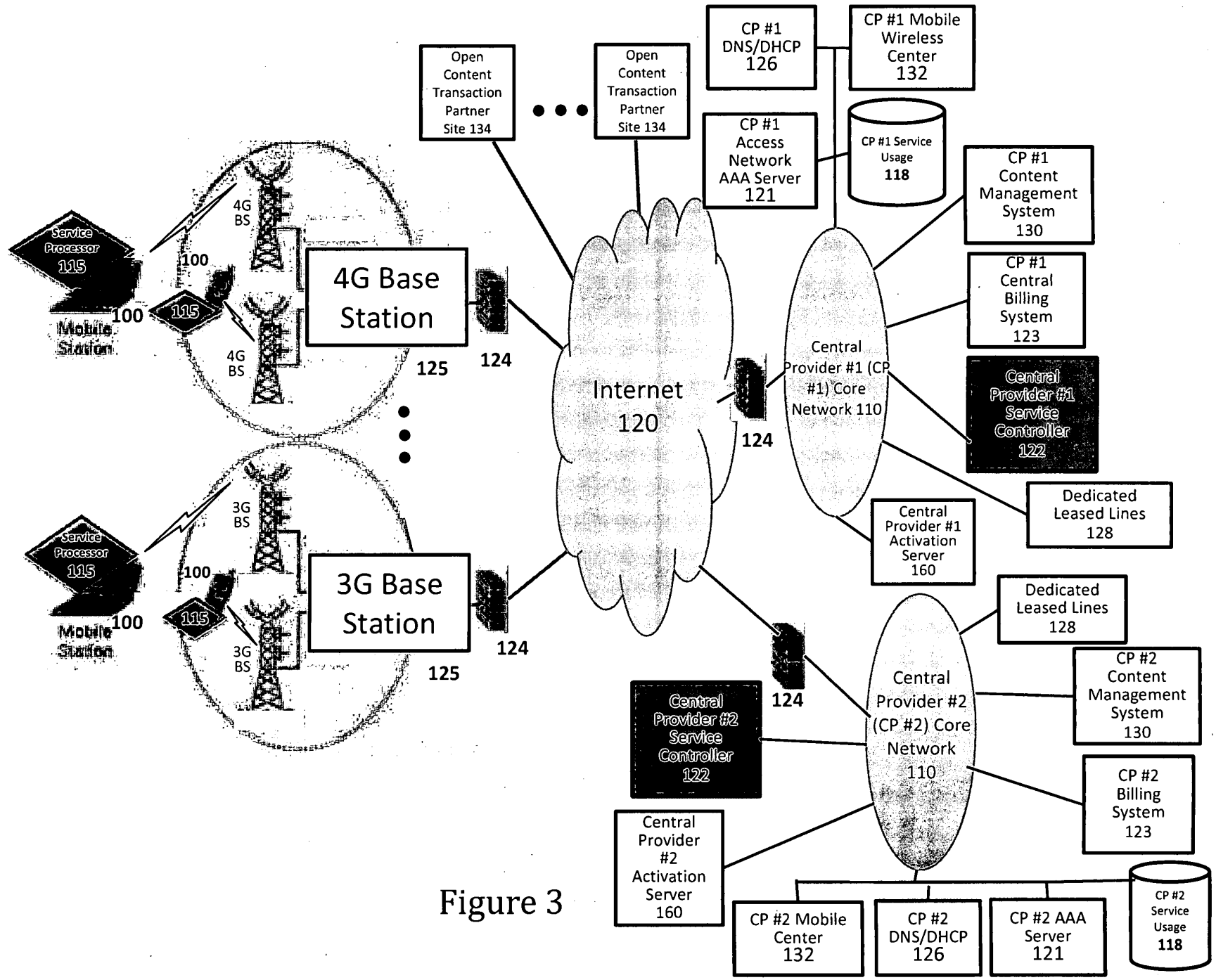
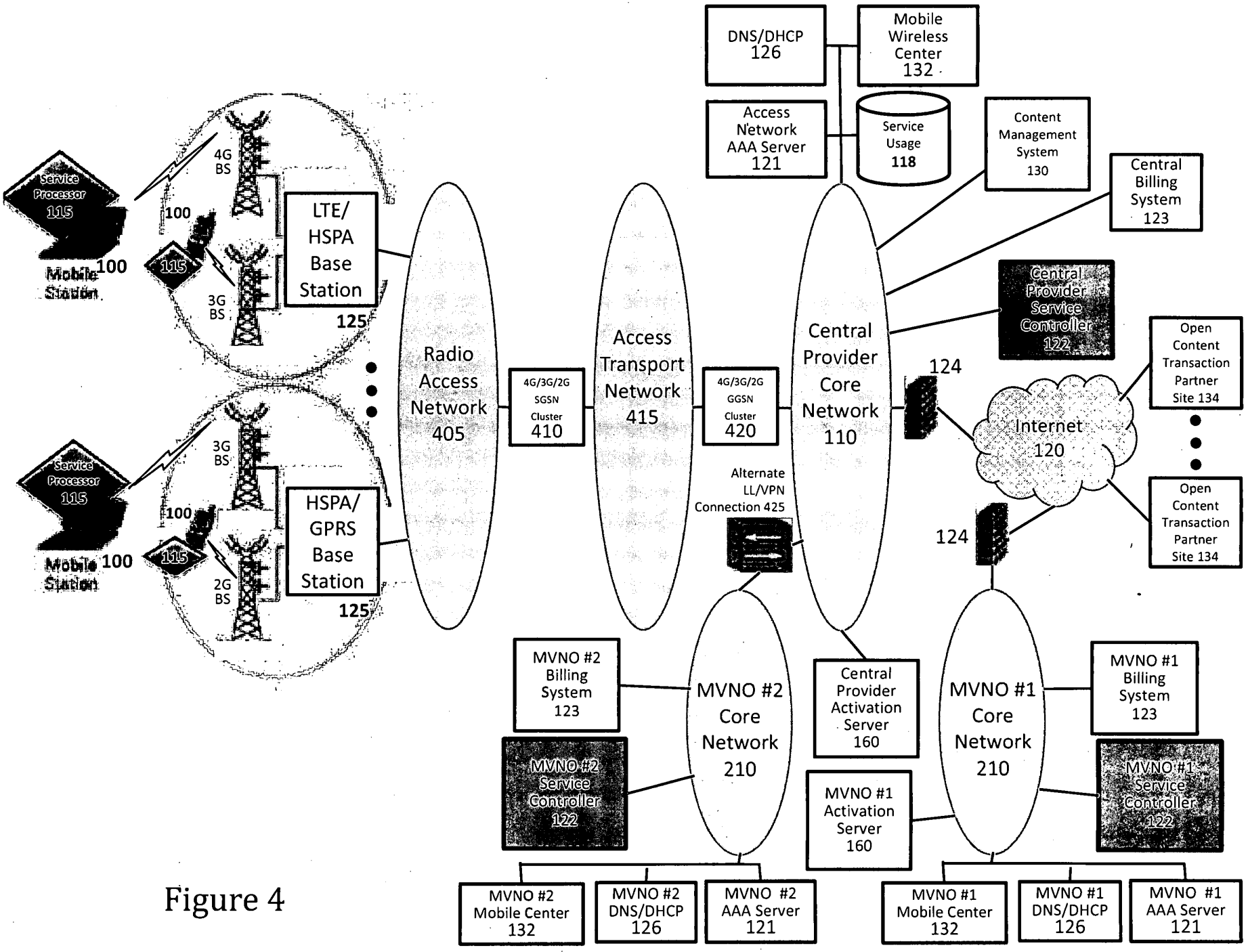

Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
CP #1 DNS/DHCP 126
CP #1 Mobile Wireless Center 132
CP #1 Access Network AAA Server 121
CP #1 Service Usage 118
CP #1 Content Management System 130
CP #1 Central Billing System 123
Central Provider #1 Service Controller 122
Central Provider #1 (CP #1) Core Network 110
Internet 120
Central Provider #1 Activation Server 160
Dedicated Leased Lines 128
Service Processor 115
100
115
Mobile Station
4G BS
4G Base Station
125
124
3G BS
3G Base Station
Central Provider #2 Service Controller 122
Central Provider #2 (CP #2) Core Network 110
Central Provider #2 Activation Server 160
CP #2 Content Management System 130
CP #2 Billing System 123
CP #2 Mobile Center 132
CP #2 DNS/DHCP 126
CP #2 AAA Server 121
CP #2 Service Usage 118

Figure 3


Service Processor 115
Mobile Station 100
4G BS
3G BS
2G BS
100
115
LTE/ HSPA Base Station 125
HSPA/ GPRS Base Station 125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G SGSN Cluster 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G GGSN Cluster 420
Alternate LL/VPN Connection 425
Central Provider Core Network 110
124
Internet 120
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
Service Usage 118
Content Management System 130
Central Billing System 123
Central Provider Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Billing System 123
MVNO #2 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Core Network 210
Central Provider Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Core Network 210
MVNO #1 Billing System 123
MVNO #1 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #2 AAA Server 121
MVNO #1 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #1 AAA Server 121

862

Figure 4

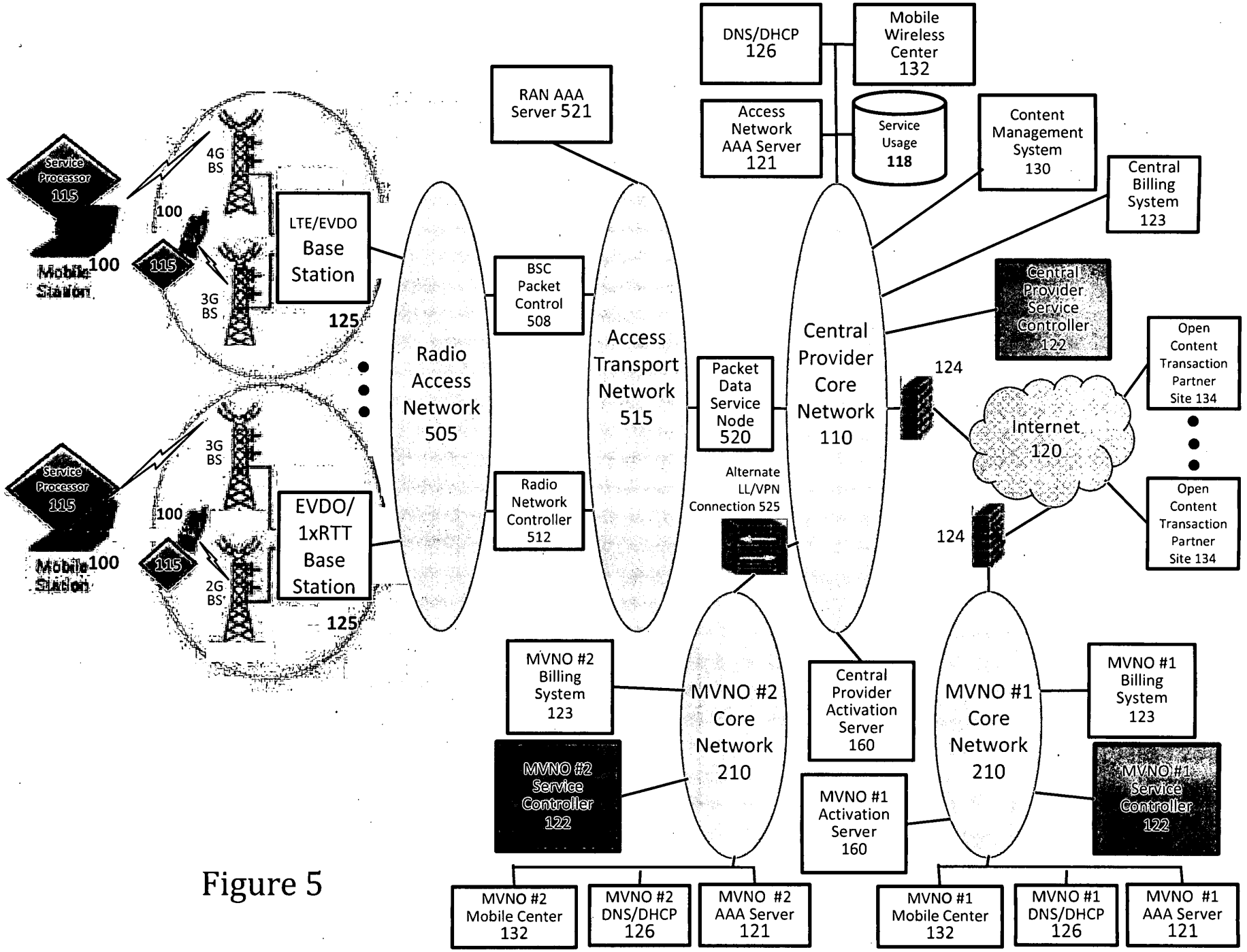

Service Processor 115
Mobile Station 100
4G BS
3G BS
LTE/EVDO Base Station
125
100
115
Service Processor 115
Mobile Station 100
3G BS
2G BS
EVDO/ 1xRTT Base Station
125
Radio Access Network 505
RAN AAA Server 521
BSC Packet Control 508
Radio Network Controller 512
Access Transport Network 515
Packet Data Service Node 520
Alternate LL/VPN Connection 525
Central Provider Core Network 110
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
Service Usage 118
Content Management System 130
Central Billing System 123
Central Provider Service Controller 122
124
Internet 120
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
MVNO #2 Billing System 123
MVNO #2 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Core Network 210
Central Provider Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Core Network 210
MVNO #1 Billing System 123
MVNO #1 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #2 AAA Server 121
MVNO #1 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #1 AAA Server 121

Figure 5

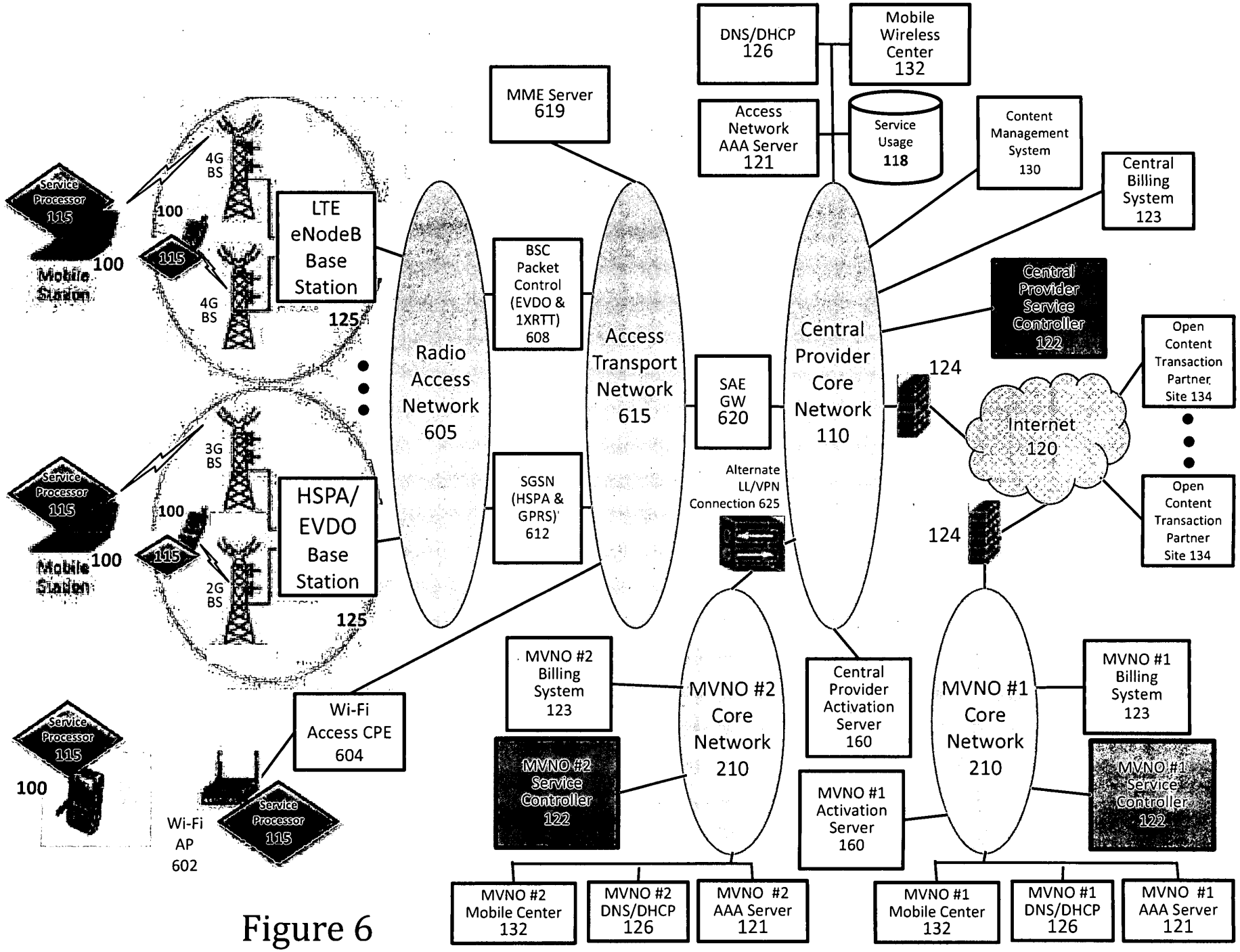

Service Processor 115
100
Mobile Station
4G BS
LTE eNodeB Base Station
125
3G BS
2G BS
HSPA/ EVDO Base Station
Wi-Fi Access CPE 604
Wi-Fi AP 602
Radio Access Network 605
MME Server 619
BSC Packet Control (EVDO & 1XRTT) 608
SGSN (HSPA & GPRS) 612
Access Transport Network 615
SAE GW 620
Alternate LL/VPN Connection 625
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
Service Usage 118
Content Management System 130
Central Billing System 123
Central Provider Service Controller 122
Central Provider Core Network 110
124
Internet 120
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
MVNO #2 Billing System 123
MVNO #2 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Core Network 210
Central Provider Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Core Network 210
MVNO #1 Billing System 123
MVNO #1 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #2 AAA Server 121
MVNO #1 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #1 AAA Server 121

Figure 6

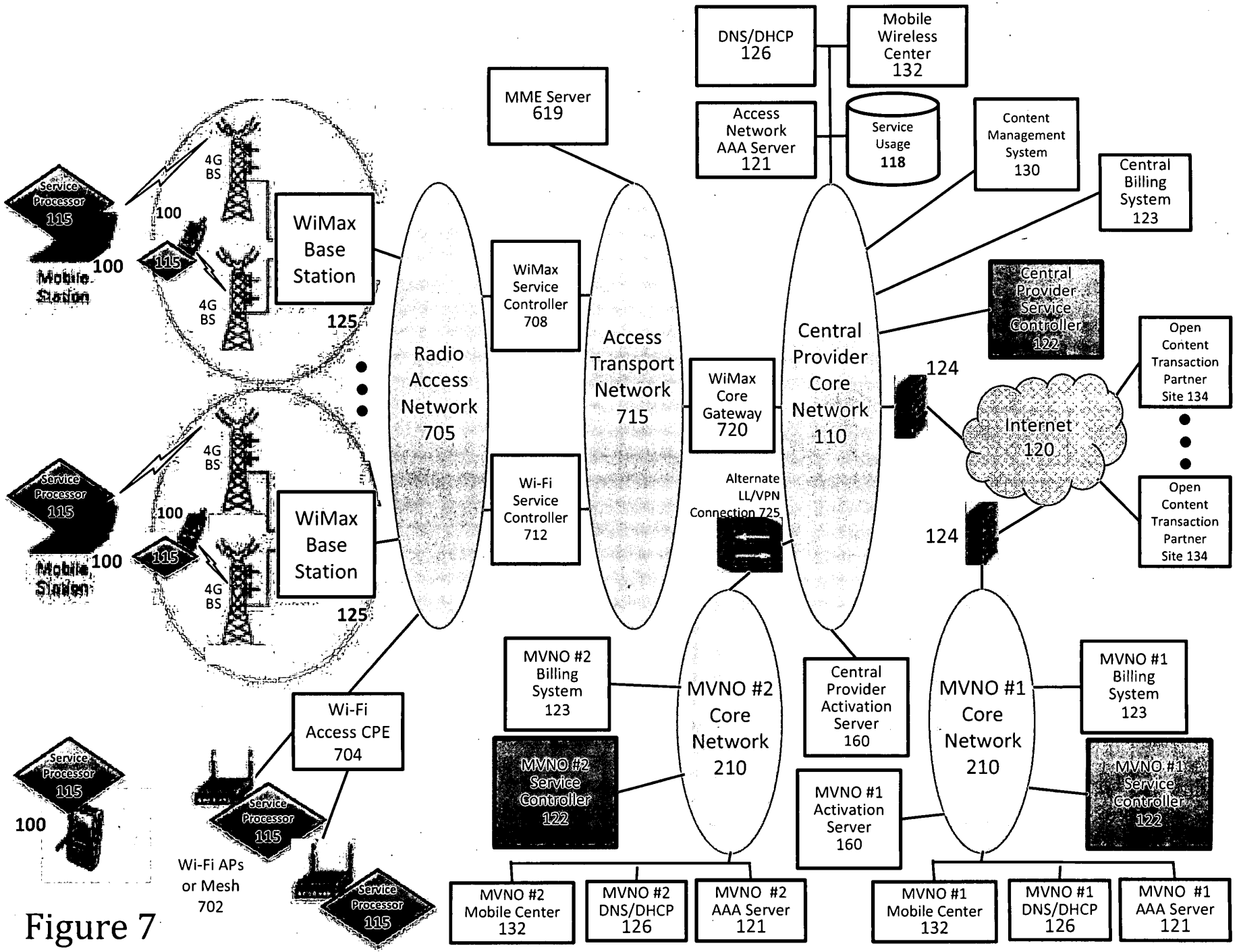

DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
MME Server 619
Access Network AAA Server 121
Service Usage 118
Content Management System 130
Central Billing System 123
Central Provider Service Controller 122
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
Internet 120
124
124
Central Provider Core Network 110
WiMax Core Gateway 720
Alternate LL/VPN Connection 725
Access Transport Network 715
WiMax Service Controller 708
Wi-Fi Service Controller 712
Radio Access Network 705
WiMax Base Station
WiMax Base Station
125
125
4G BS
4G BS
4G BS
100
100
100
115
115
115
Service Processor 115
Service Processor 115
Service Processor 115
Service Processor 115
Service Processor 115
Mobile Station
Mobile Station
Wi-Fi Access CPE 704
Wi-Fi APs or Mesh 702
MVNO #2 Billing System 123
MVNO #2 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Core Network 210
Central Provider Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Activation Server 160
MVNO #1 Core Network 210
MVNO #1 Billing System 123
MVNO #1 Service Controller 122
MVNO #2 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #2 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #2 AAA Server 121
MVNO #1 Mobile Center 132
MVNO #1 DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO #1 AAA Server 121

Figure 7

865

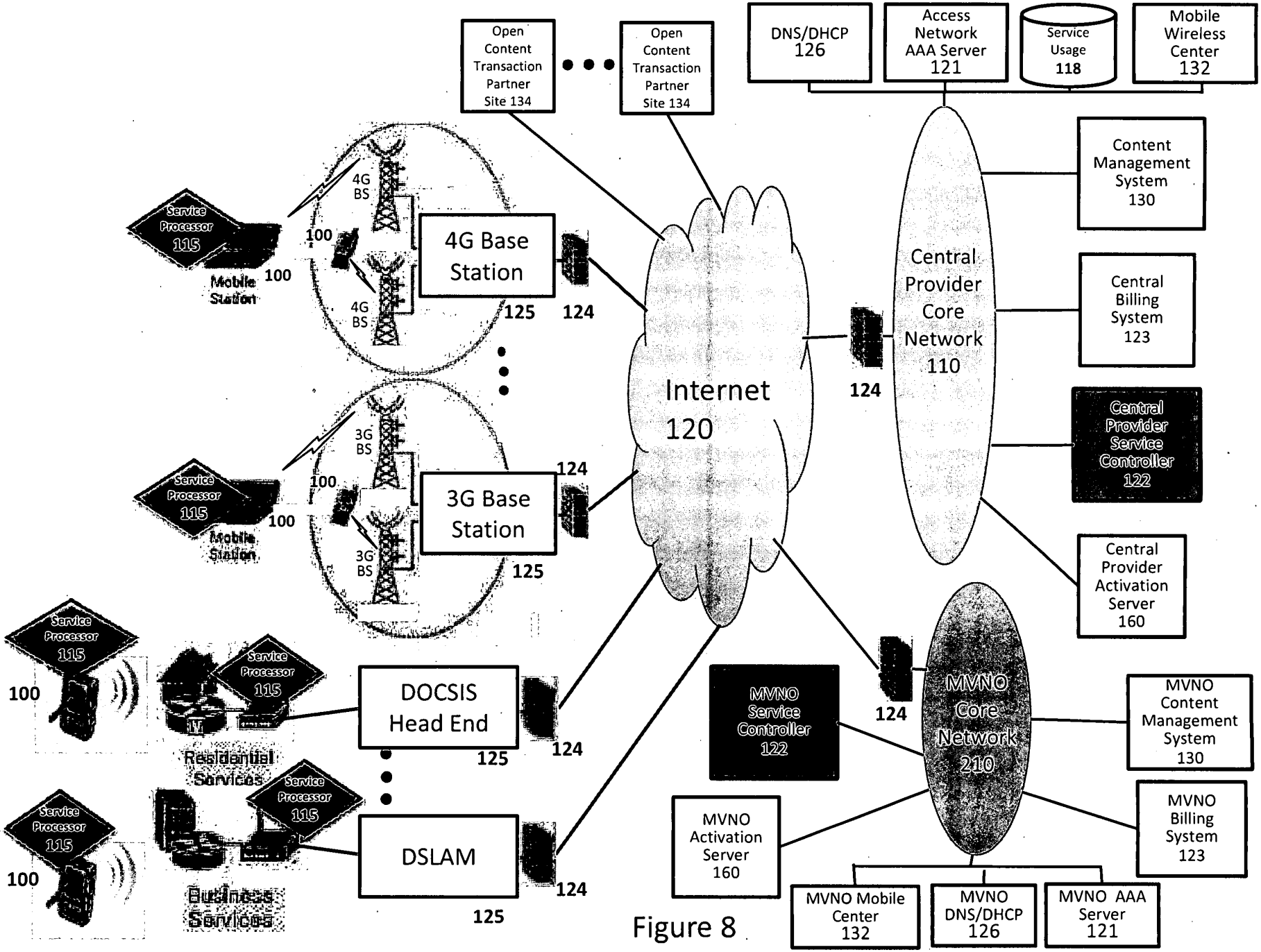

Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
DNS/DHCP 126
Access Network AAA Server 121
Service Usage 118
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Content Management System 130
Central Billing System 123
Central Provider Service Controller 122
Central Provider Activation Server 160
Central Provider Core Network 110
Internet 120
4G Base Station
3G Base Station
DOCSIS Head End
DSLAM
Service Processor 115
Mobile Station
Residential Services
Business Services
MVNO Service Controller 122
MVNO Core Network 210
MVNO Content Management System 130
MVNO Billing System 123
MVNO Activation Server 160
MVNO Mobile Center 132
MVNO DNS/DHCP 126
MVNO AAA Server 121

Figure 8

866

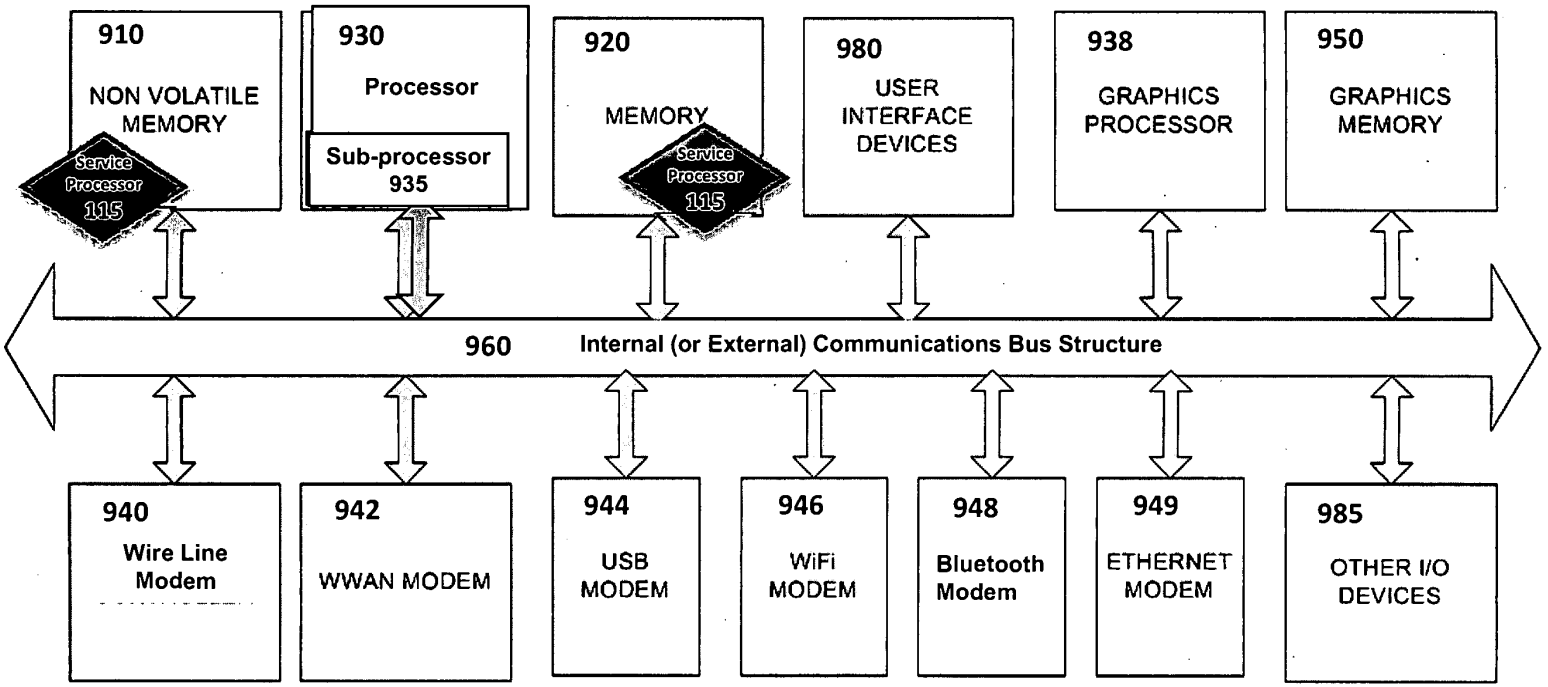
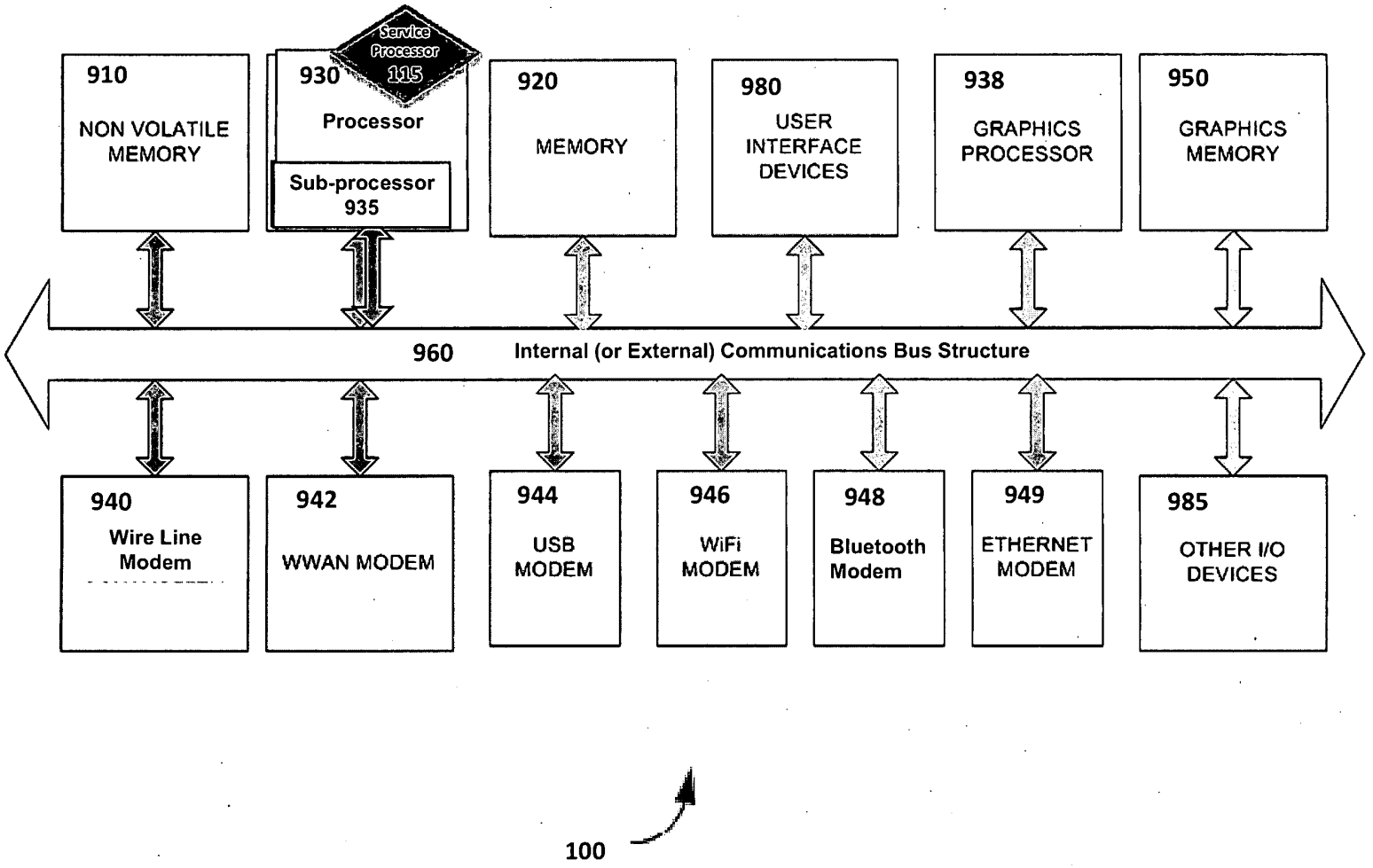

910
NON VOLATILE MEMORY
Service Processor 115
930
Processor
Sub-processor 935
920
MEMORY
Service Processor 115
980
USER INTERFACE DEVICES
938
GRAPHICS PROCESSOR
950
GRAPHICS MEMORY
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN MODEM
944
USB MODEM
946
WiFi MODEM
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
ETHERNET MODEM
985
OTHER I/O DEVICES
100

Figure 9

867



868

Figure 10

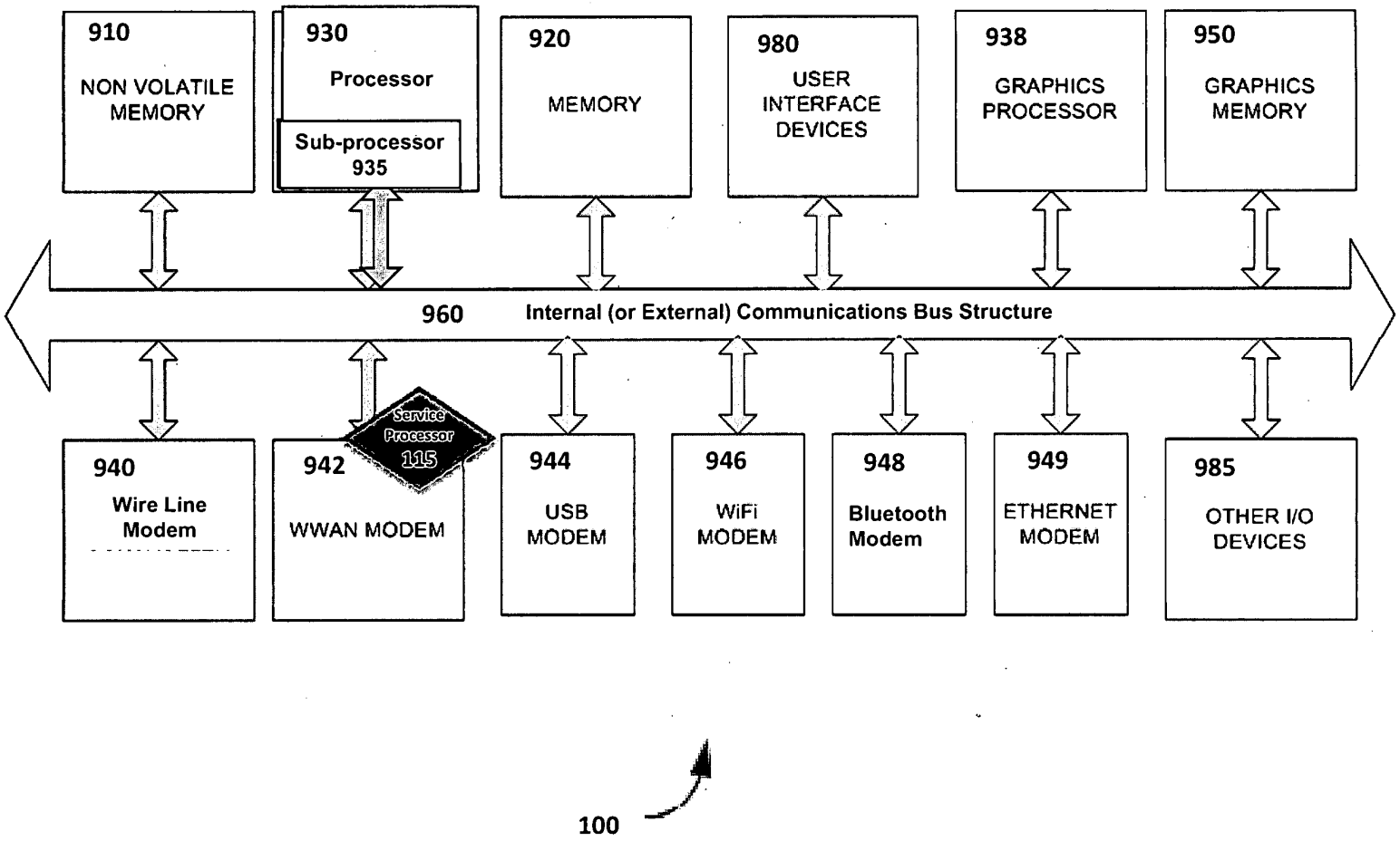

910
NON VOLATILE MEMORY
930
Processor
Sub-processor 935
920
MEMORY
980
USER INTERFACE DEVICES
938
GRAPHICS PROCESSOR
950
GRAPHICS MEMORY
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
Service Processor 115
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN MODEM
944
USB MODEM
946
WiFi MODEM
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
ETHERNET MODEM
985
OTHER I/O DEVICES
100

Figure 11

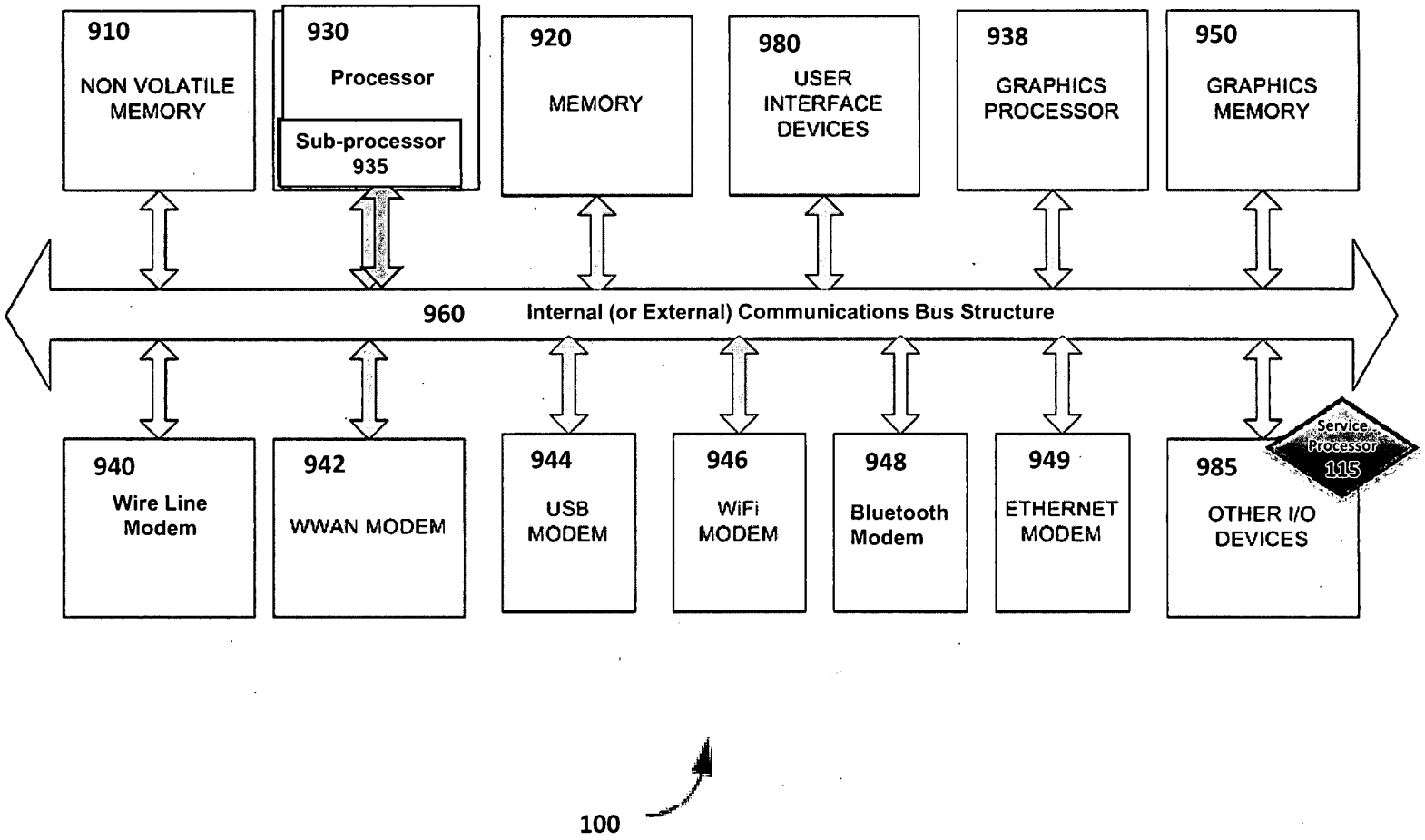

910
NON VOLATILE MEMORY
930
Processor
Sub-processor 935
920
MEMORY
980
USER INTERFACE DEVICES
938
GRAPHICS PROCESSOR
950
GRAPHICS MEMORY
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN MODEM
944
USB MODEM
946
WiFi MODEM
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
ETHERNET MODEM
985
OTHER I/O DEVICES
Service Processor 115
870
100

Figure 12

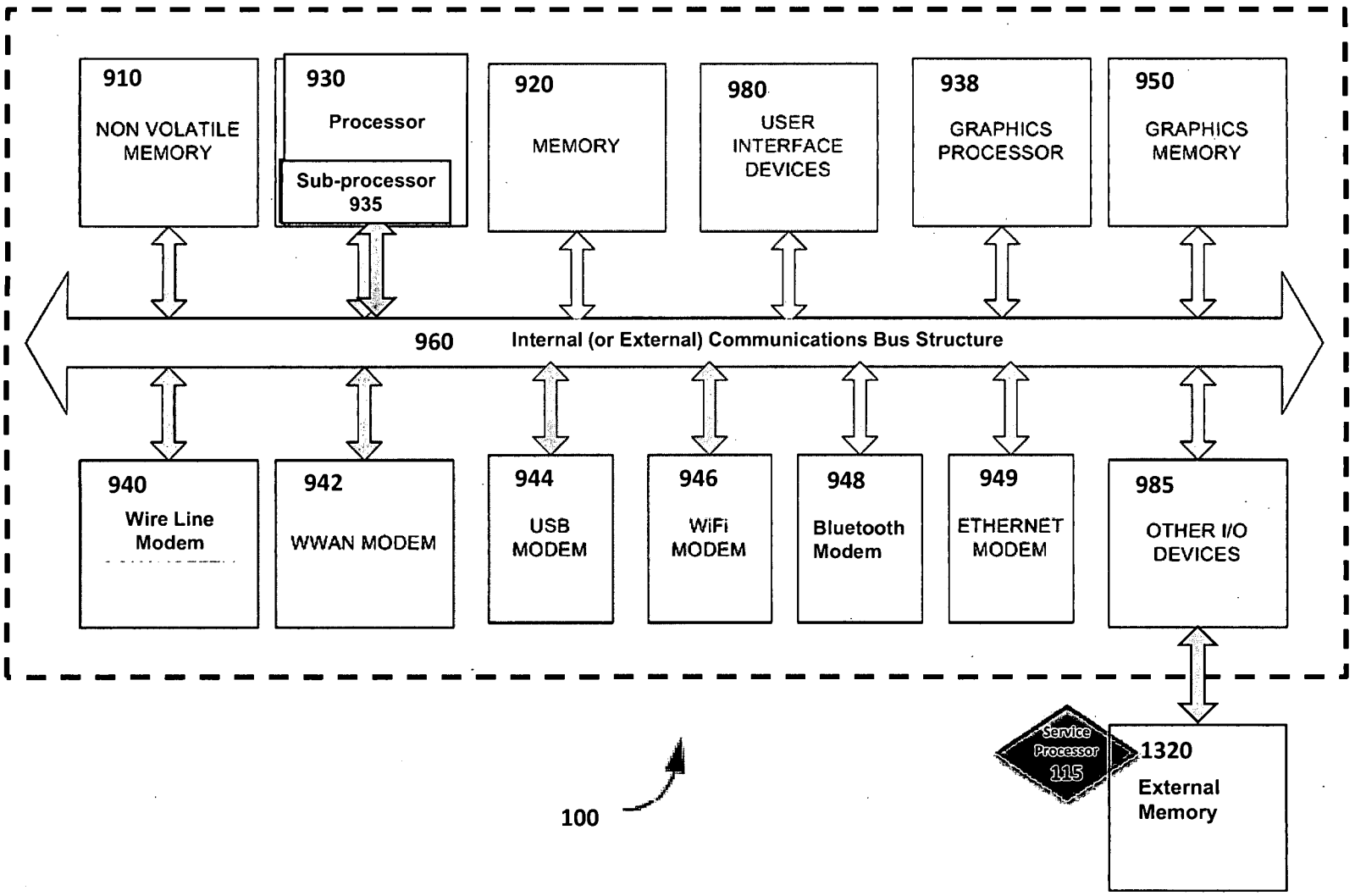

SOC Chipset 1310
910
NON VOLATILE MEMORY
930
Processor
Sub-processor 935
920
MEMORY
980
USER INTERFACE DEVICES
938
GRAPHICS PROCESSOR
950
GRAPHICS MEMORY
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN MODEM
944
USB MODEM
946
WiFi MODEM
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
ETHERNET MODEM
985
OTHER I/O DEVICES
Service Processor 115
1320
External Memory
100

Figure 13

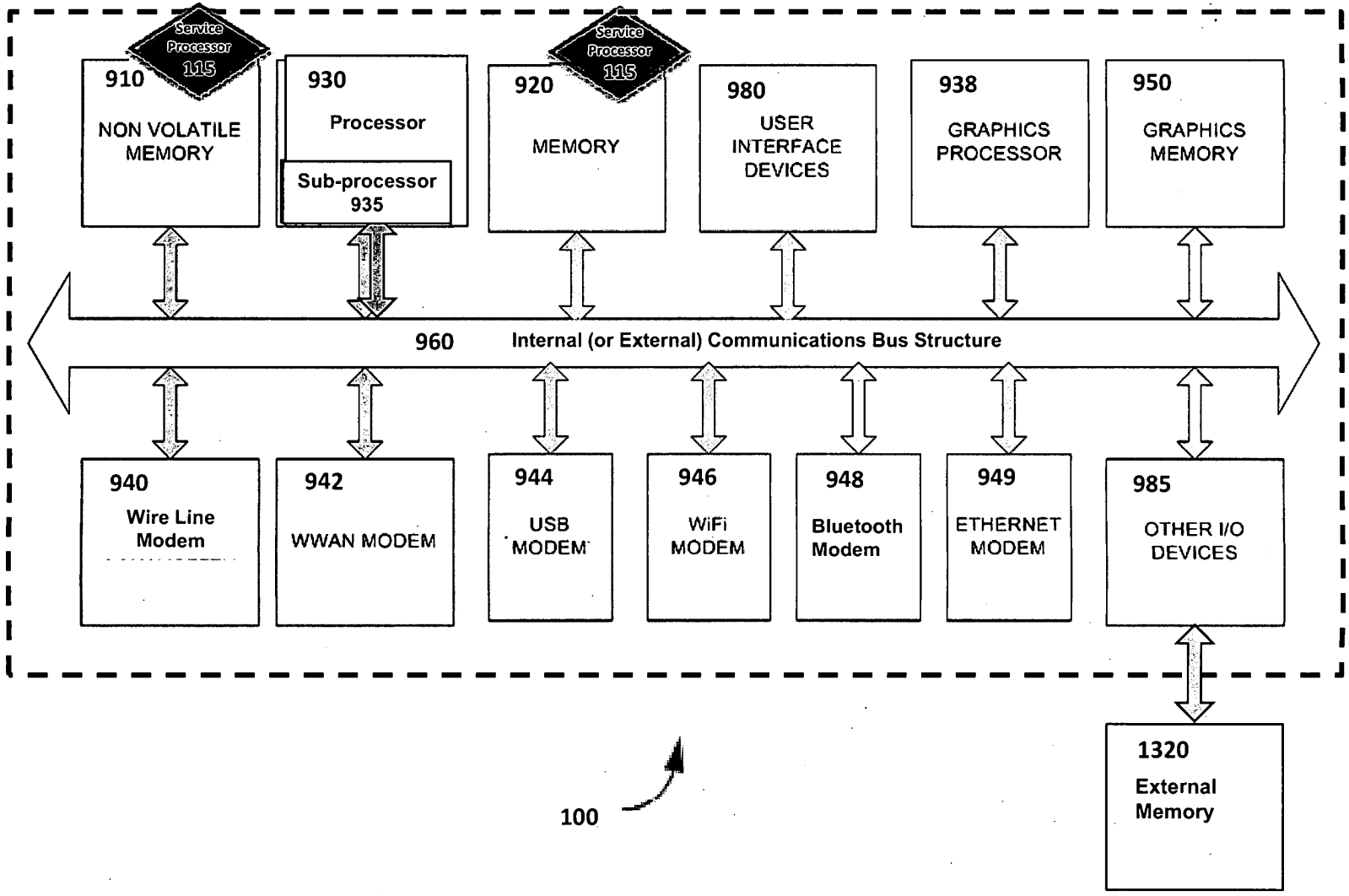


Figure 14

872

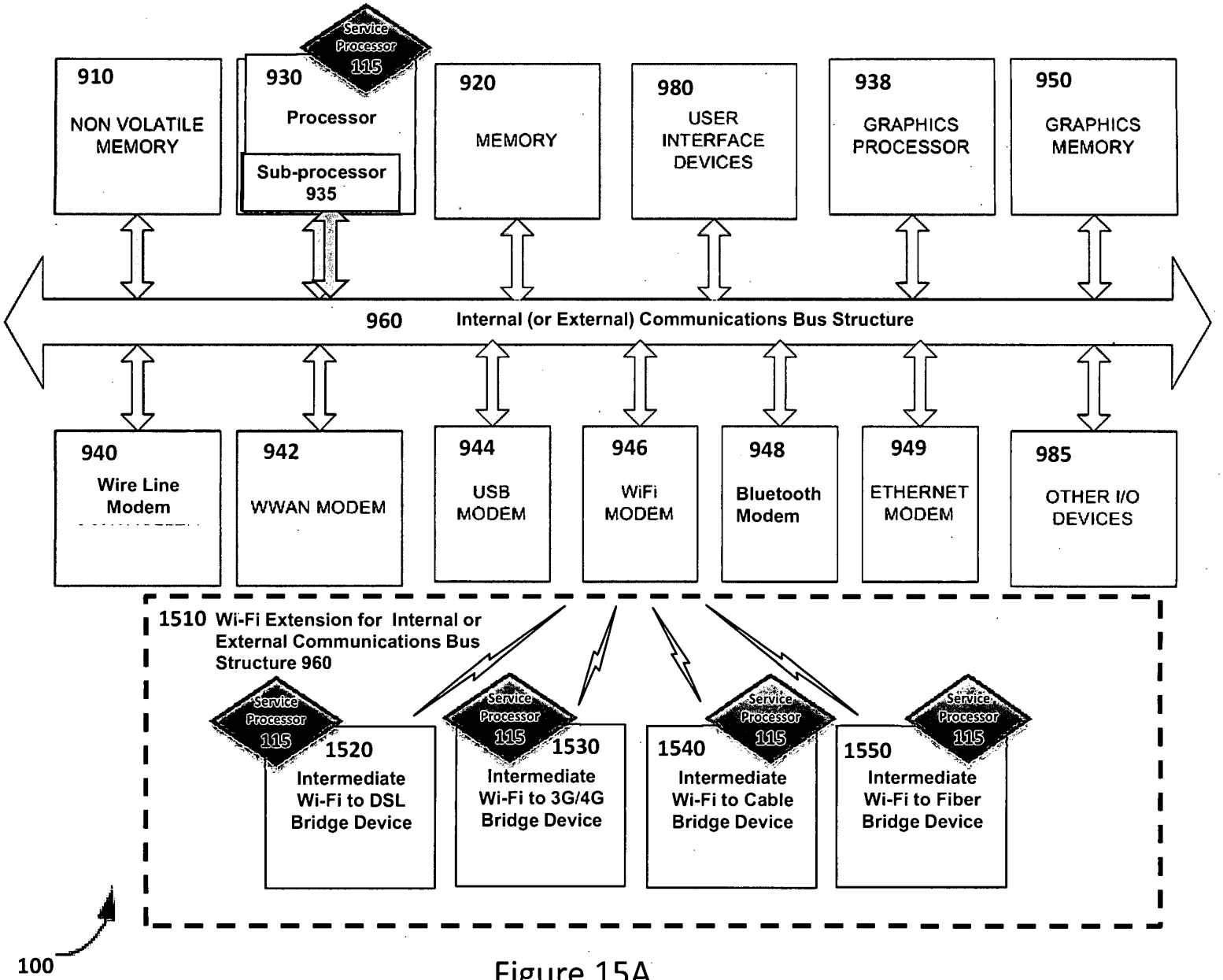

Service Processor 115
910
NON VOLATILE MEMORY
930
Processor
Sub-processor 935
920
MEMORY
980
USER INTERFACE DEVICES
938
GRAPHICS PROCESSOR
950
GRAPHICS MEMORY
960
Internal (or External) Communications Bus Structure
940
Wire Line Modem
942
WWAN MODEM
944
USB MODEM
946
WiFi MODEM
948
Bluetooth Modem
949
ETHERNET MODEM
985
OTHER I/O DEVICES
1510 Wi-Fi Extension for Internal or External Communications Bus Structure 960
1520
Intermediate Wi-Fi to DSL Bridge Device
1530
Intermediate Wi-Fi to 3G/4G Bridge Device
1540
Intermediate Wi-Fi to Cable Bridge Device
1550
Intermediate Wi-Fi to Fiber Bridge Device
100

Figure 15A

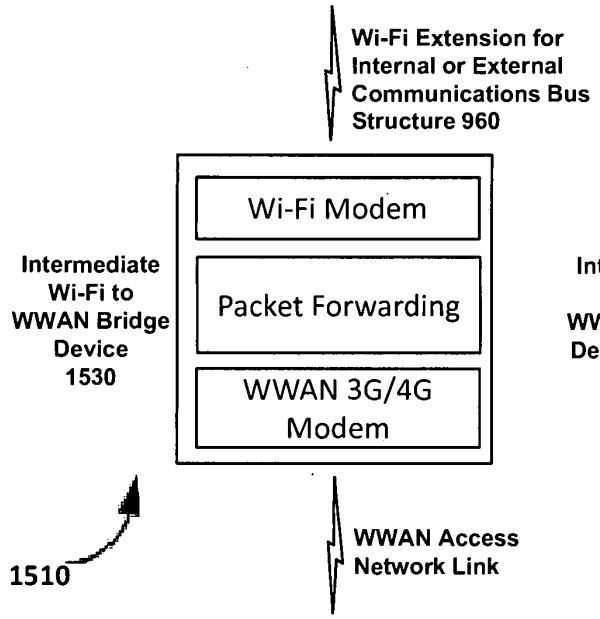


Figure 15B (1)

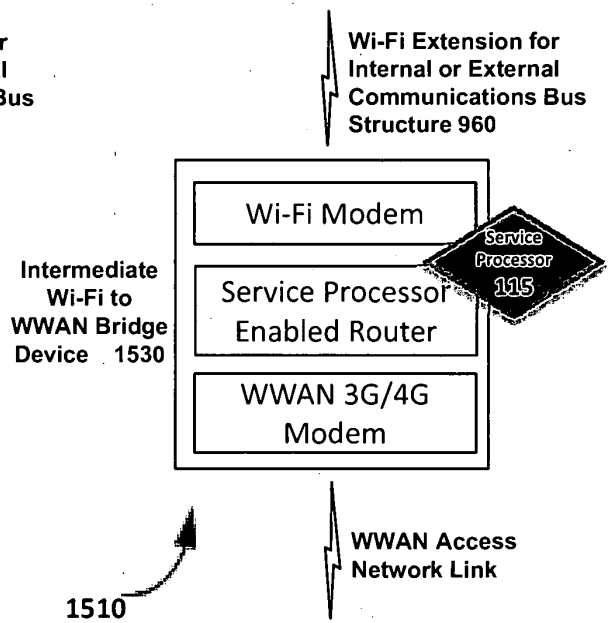


Figure 15B (2)

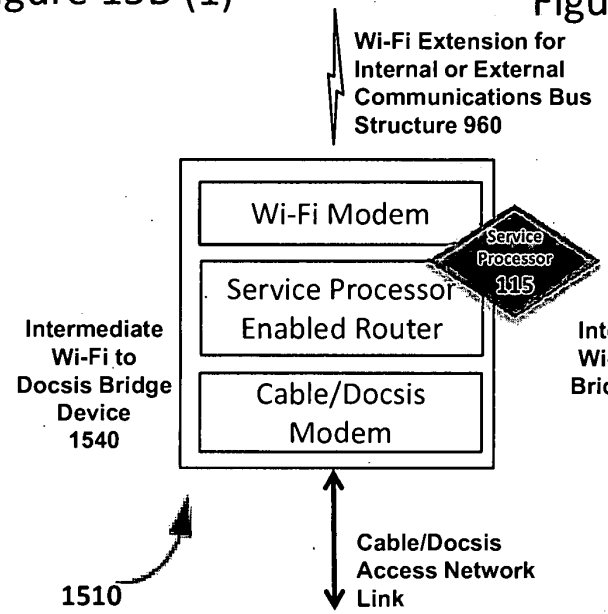


Figure 15B (3)

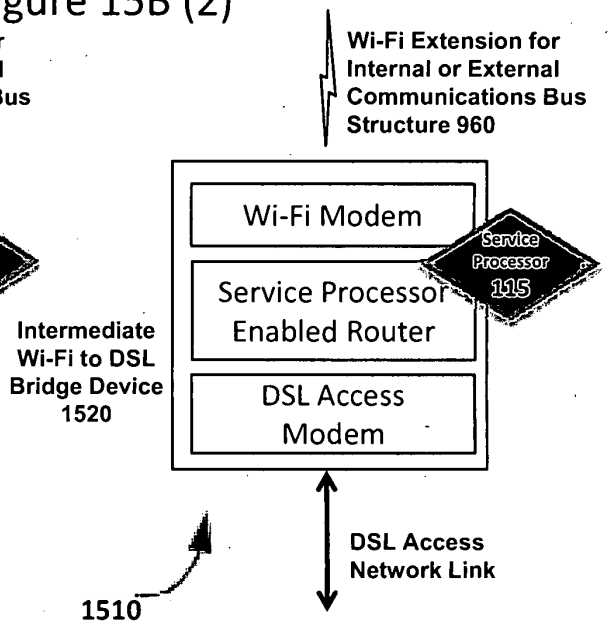


Figure 15B (4)

Figure 15B

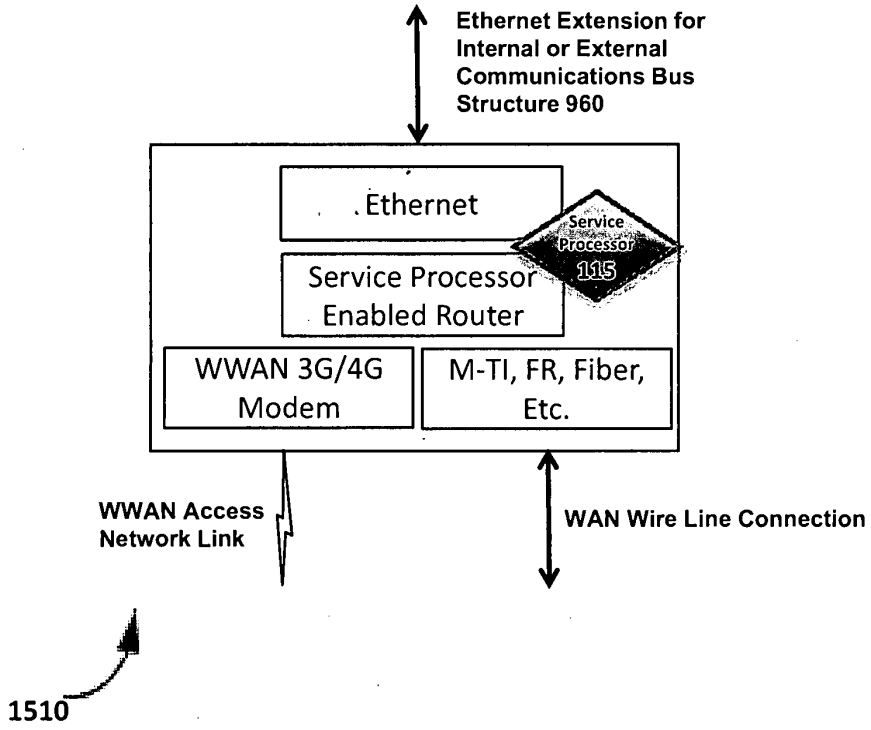

Ethernet Extension for Internal or External Communications Bus Structure 960
Ethernet
Service Processor 115
Service Processor Enabled Router
WWAN 3G/4G Modem
M-TI, FR, Fiber, Etc.
WWAN Access Network Link
WAN Wire Line Connection
1510

Figure 15C

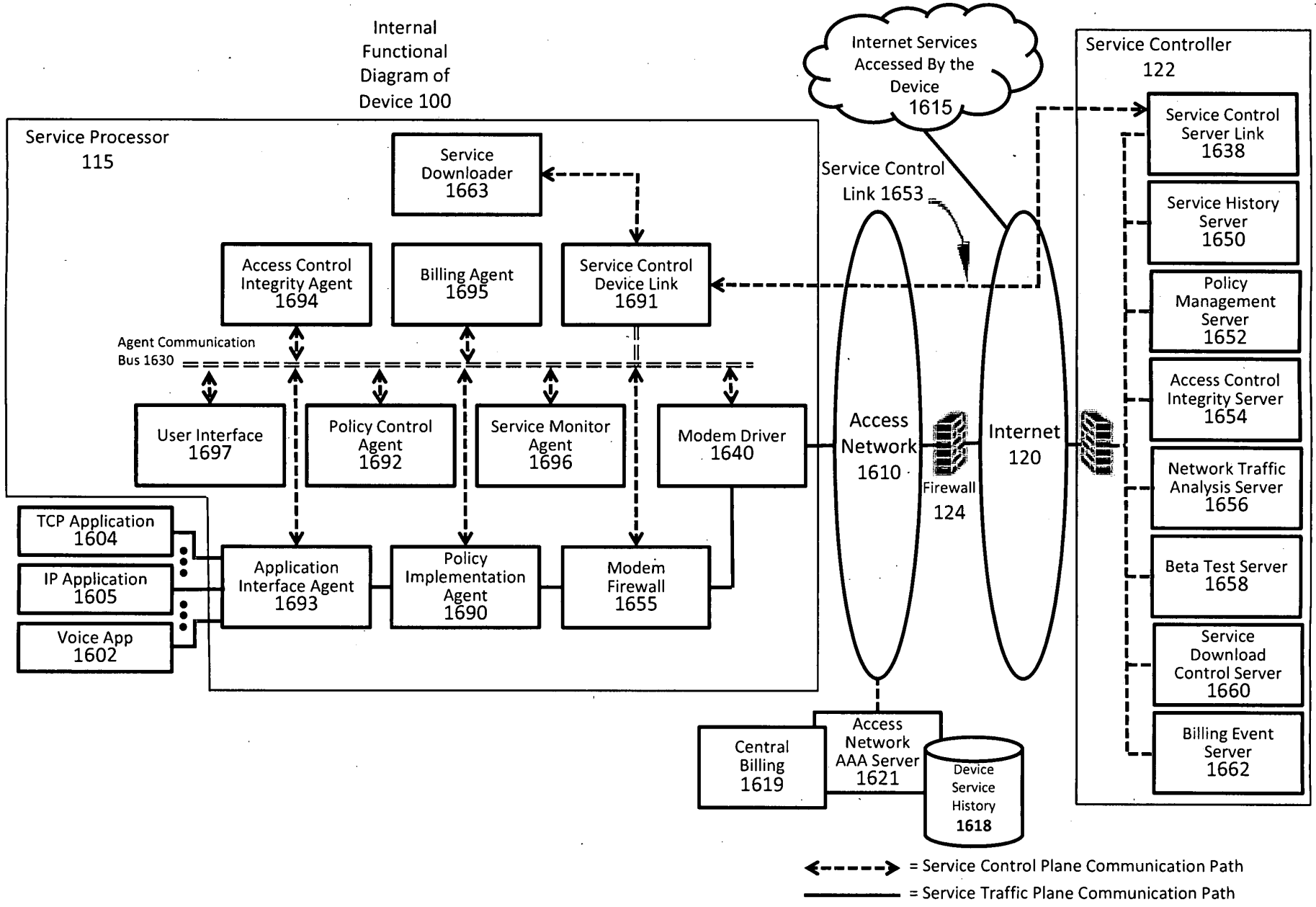

Internal Functional Diagram of Device 100
Service Processor 115
Service Downloader 1663
Access Control Integrity Agent 1694
Billing Agent 1695
Service Control Device Link 1691
Agent Communication Bus 1630
User Interface 1697
Policy Control Agent 1692
Service Monitor Agent 1696
Modem Driver 1640
TCP Application 1604
IP Application 1605
Voice App 1602
Application Interface Agent 1693
Policy Implementation Agent 1690
Modem Firewall 1655
Internet Services Accessed By the Device 1615
Service Control Link 1653
Access Network 1610
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Service Controller 122
Service Control Server Link 1638
Service History Server 1650
Policy Management Server 1652
Access Control Integrity Server 1654
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Billing Event Server 1662
Central Billing 1619
Access Network AAA Server 1621
Device Service History 1618
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path
876

Figure 16

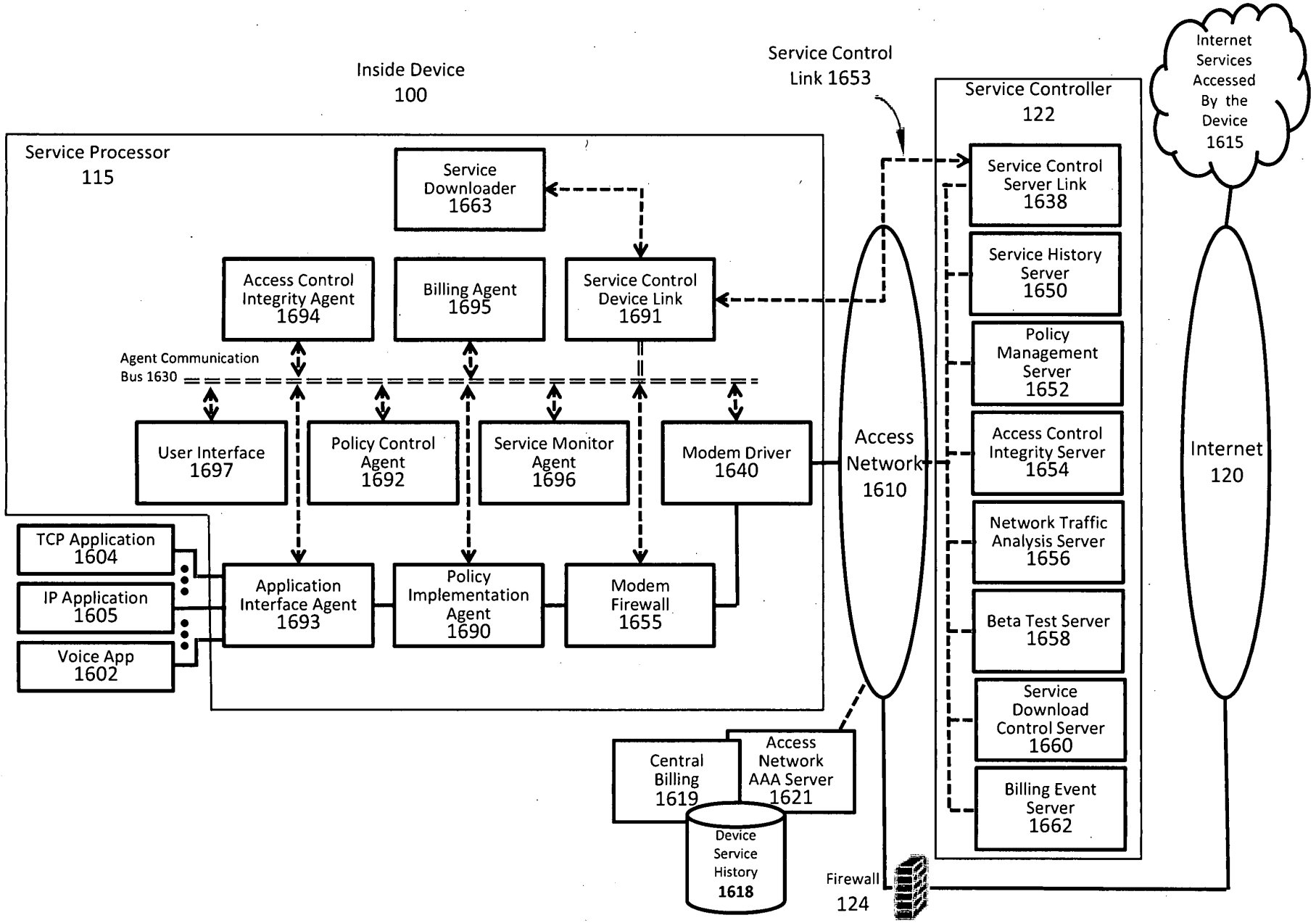
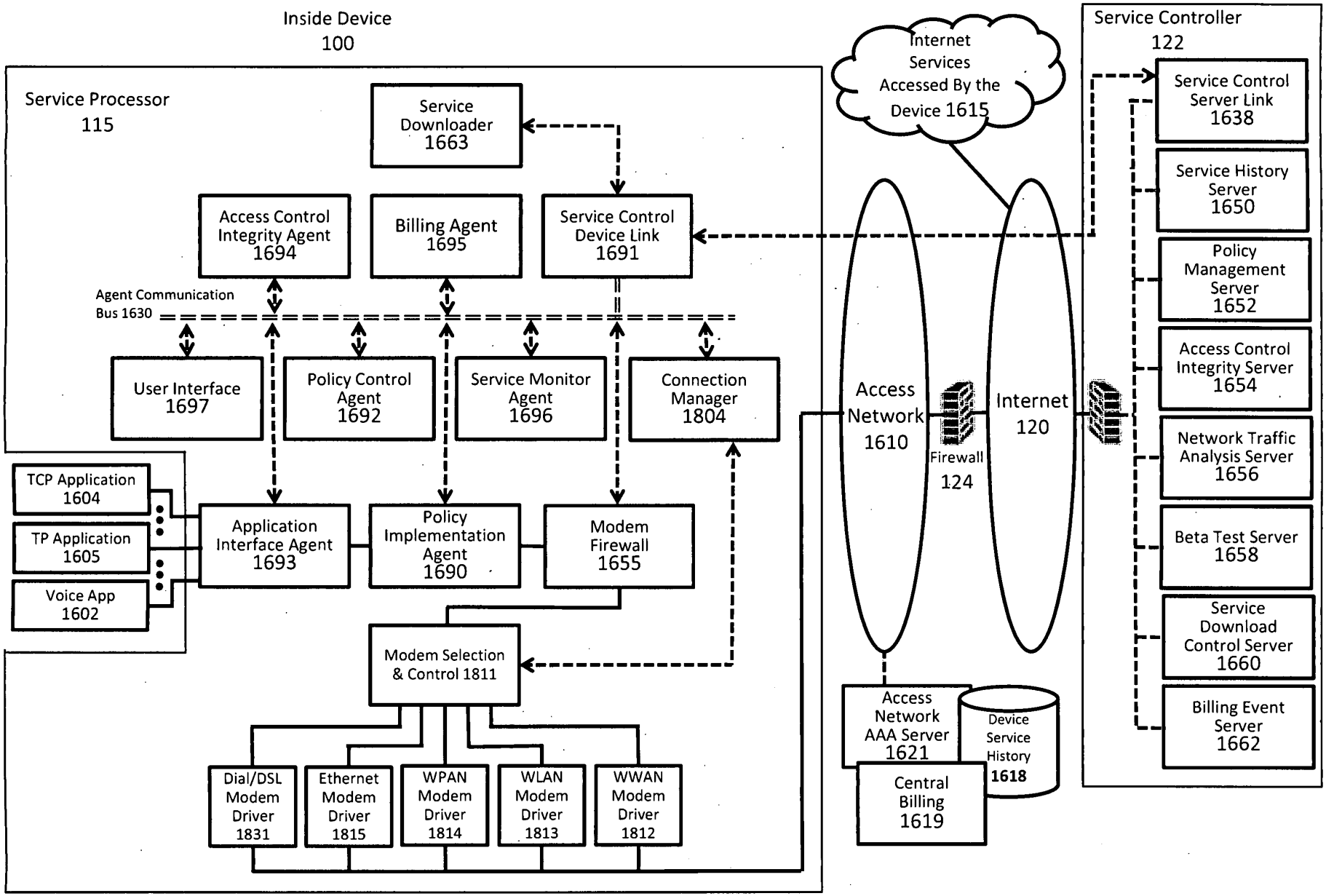


Figure 17

877



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Figure 18

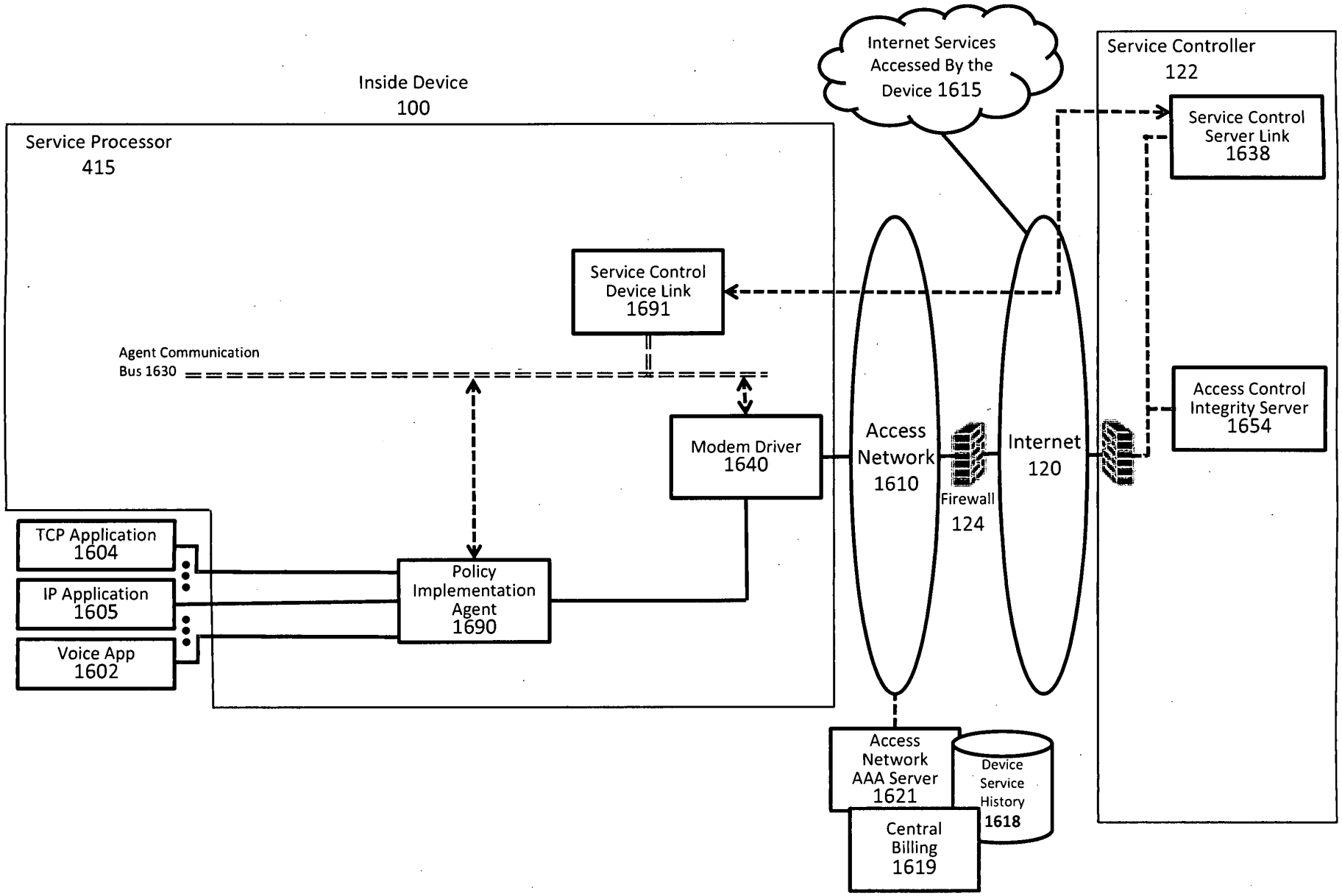

Inside Device
100
Service Processor
415
Service Control
Device Link
1691
Agent Communication
Bus 1630
Modem Driver
1640
TCP Application
1604
IP Application
1605
Voice App
1602
Policy
Implementation
Agent
1690
Internet Services
Accessed By the
Device 1615
Access
Network
1610
Firewall
124
Internet
120
Service Controller
122
Service Control
Server Link
1638
Access Control
Integrity Server
1654
Access
Network
AAA Server
1621
Device
Service
History
1618
Central
Billing
1619
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path

Figure 19

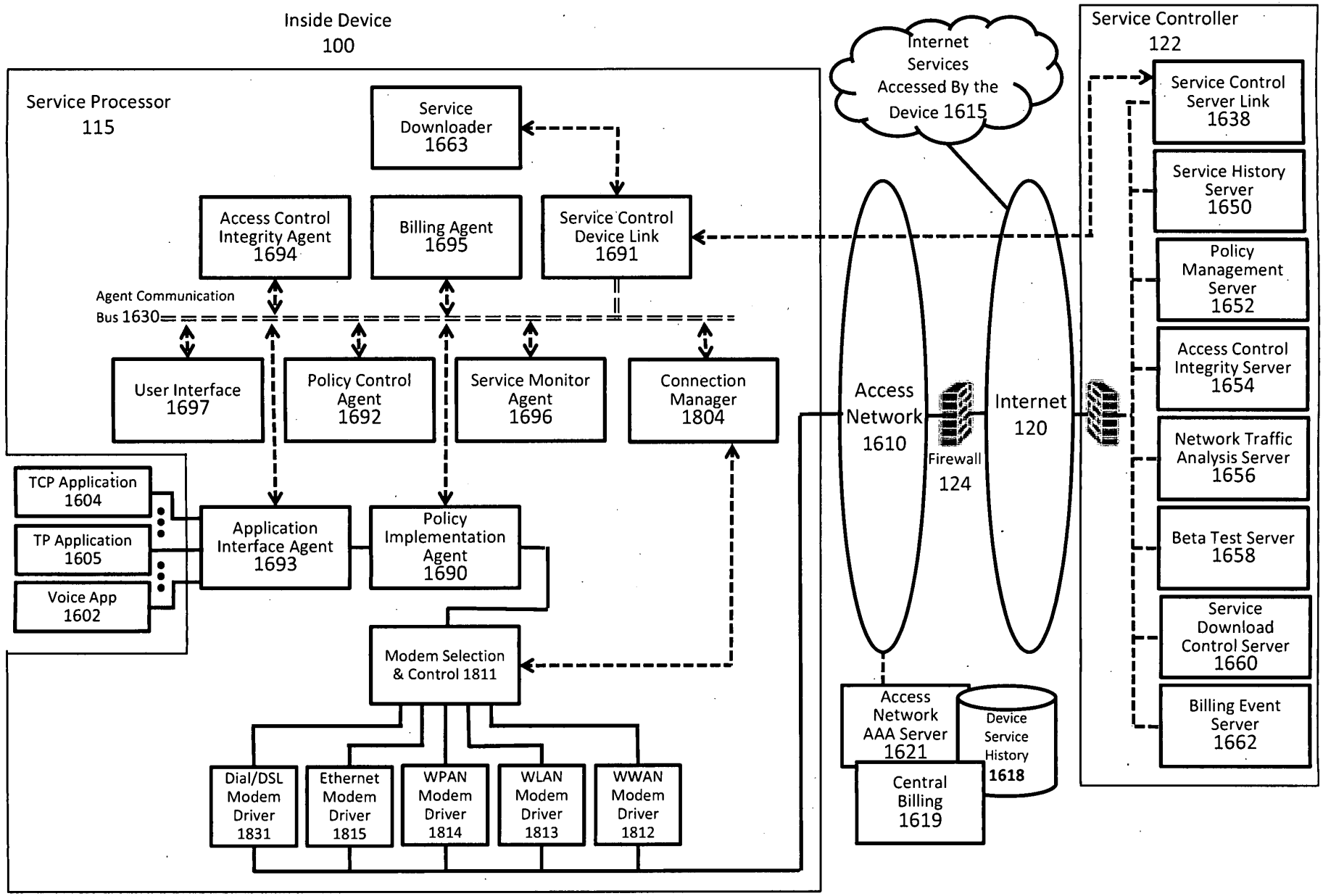

Inside Device
100
Service Processor
115
Service Downloader
1663
Access Control Integrity Agent
1694
Billing Agent
1695
Service Control Device Link
1691
Agent Communication Bus 1630
User Interface
1697
Policy Control Agent
1692
Service Monitor Agent
1696
Connection Manager
1804
TCP Application
1604
TP Application
1605
Voice App
1602
Application Interface Agent
1693
Policy Implementation Agent
1690
Modem Selection & Control 1811
Dial/DSL Modem Driver
1831
Ethernet Modem Driver
1815
WPAN Modem Driver
1814
WLAN Modem Driver
1813
WWAN Modem Driver
1812
Internet Services Accessed By the Device 1615
Access Network
1610
Firewall
124
Internet
120
Access Network AAA Server
1621
Device Service History
1618
Central Billing
1619
Service Controller
122
Service Control Server Link
1638
Service History Server
1650
Policy Management Server
1652
Access Control Integrity Server
1654
Network Traffic Analysis Server
1656
Beta Test Server
1658
Service Download Control Server
1660
Billing Event Server
1662
880
= Service Control Plane Communication Path
= Service Traffic Plane Communication Path

Figure 20

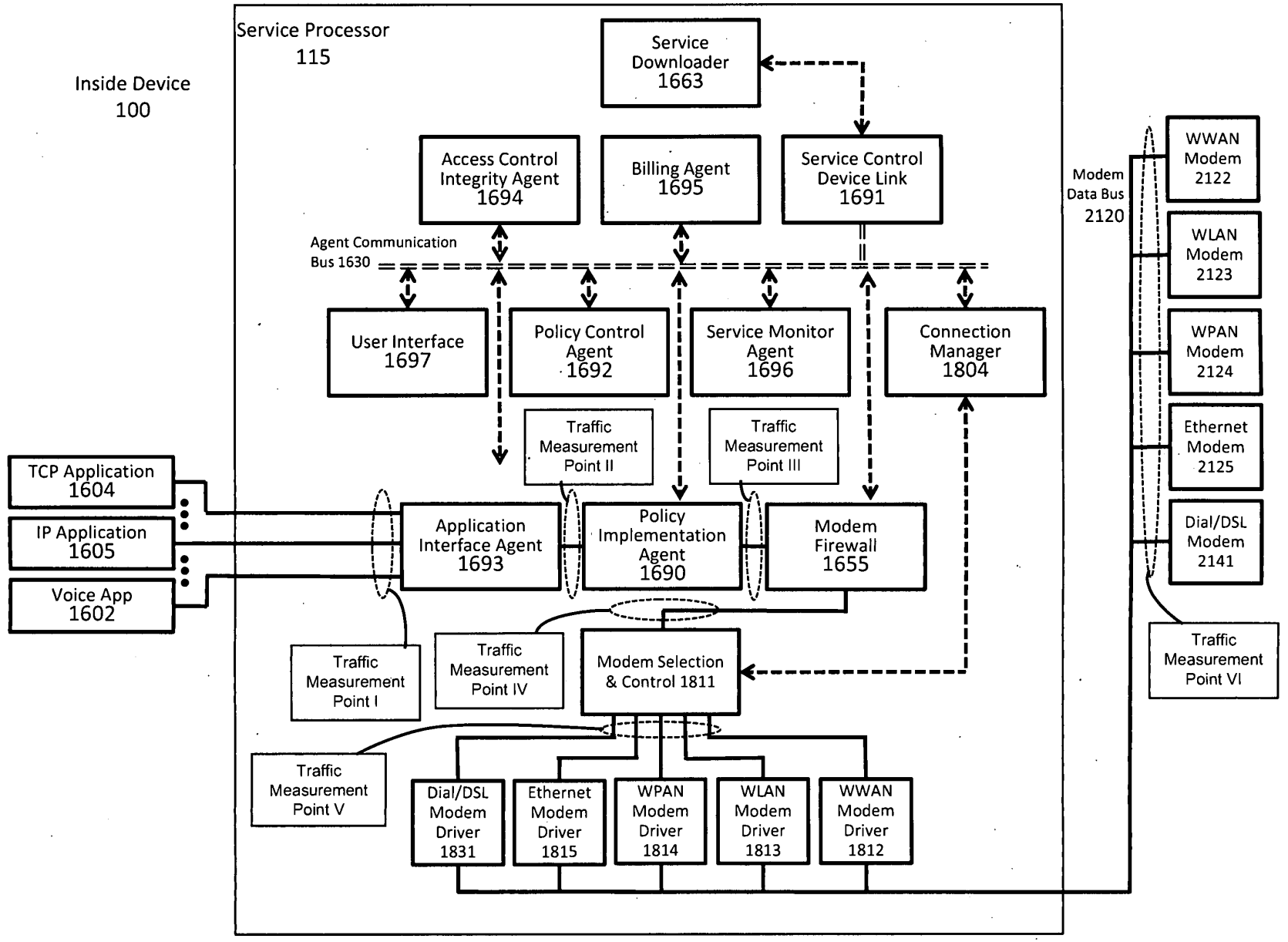


Figure 21

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Service Processor 115 Embodiment	Partial Summary of Embodiment Functions
Service Control Device Link 1691	Device side control plane link for connecting Service Processor 415 to Service Controller. In some embodiments, also serves as the link for the agent heartbeat function.
Access Control Integrity Agent 1694	Collects device information on service policy, service usage, agent configuration and agent behavior. Cross checks this information to identify integrity breaches in the service policy implementation and control system. Initiates action when a service policy violation or a system integrity breach is suspected. In some embodiments, verifies configuration of other agents or performs challenge-response sequence testing. In some embodiments, monitors software loading activity, protected memory access or communication with Service Processor agents to detect unauthorized changes to Service Processor software or configuration.
Policy Control Agent 1692	Takes policy instructions from the network and sets instantaneous device service policy. In some embodiments, performs a policy control function to adapt instantaneous service policies to achieve a service usage objective.
Policy Implementation Agent 1690	Implements traffic control and QOS policy rules for device. In some embodiments provides the functions of access control and/or firewall function or perform traffic inspection and characterization. In some embodiments packet inspection is aided by literal or virtual application layer tagging while in other embodiments packet inspection is performed completely in the Policy Implementation Agent 490.
Service Monitor Agent 1696	Records and reports device service usage. In some embodiments, assists in communicating application tagging of traffic flows through the networking stack policy implementation. In some embodiments, maintains a history and provides reports or summary reports of which networks in addition to the networks controlled by the Service Controller that the device has connected to. In some embodiments, this network activity summary may include a summary of the networks accessed, activity vs. time per connection, traffic vs. time per connection.
Application Interface Agent 1693	Rich feature interface for device application programs. In some embodiments, identifies application level traffic, reports service usage or tags traffic for service QOS control. In some embodiments, interacts with applications or programs applications to arrange application settings such as email file transfer options or browser headers. In some embodiments, intercepts certain application traffic to modify traffic application layer parameters such as email file transfer options or browser headers. In some embodiments implements certain aspects of traffic control or other service policies. In some embodiments, provides the functions of traffic control, access control and/or firewall.
Modem Firewall 1655	Blocks or passes traffic based on service policies and traffic attributes. In some embodiments, assists in traffic flow tagging. In some embodiments provides the functions of traffic control and/or access control.
Billing Agent 1695	Detects and reports billing events. In some embodiments interacts with the User Interface Agent 497 to provide the user with service plan options, accept service plan selections, provide notification on service usage levels, provide options on service usage control policy, accept choices on service usage policy, provide transaction options or accept transaction choices. In some embodiments, interacts with Transaction Servers 134 to conduct ecommerce transactions with central billing.
User Interface Agent 1697	Provide service interface to users.
Service Downloader 1663	Provides a download function to install or update service software elements on the device.
Connection Manager 1804	Provides a control and supervision function for one or more modem drivers or modems that connect to an access network.
Modem Selection and Control 1811	Selects the access network connection.
Modem Drivers 1831, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812	Converts data traffic into modem bus traffic for one or more modems.
Modems 2141, 2125, 2124, 2123, 2122	Connects the device to one or more networks.

Figure 22

Service Controller 122 Element	Partial Summary of Embodiment Functions
Service Control Server Link 1638	Network side control plane link for connecting Service Controller 422 Service Processor 415 device agents. In some embodiments, also serves as the link for the agent heartbeat function.
Access Control Integrity Server 1654	Collects device information on service policy, service usage, agent configuration and agent behavior. Cross checks this information to identify integrity breaches in the service policy implementation and control system. Initiates action when a service policy violation or a system integrity breach is suspected.
Policy Management Server 1652	Transmits policies to the Service Processor 415.
Access Network AAA Server 1621	Provides access control and authorization functions for the device access layer. Records and reports device network service usage.
Service History Server 1650	Collects and records service usage reports from the Access Network AAA Server 421 and the Service Monitor Agent 496. In some embodiments, maintains a history of which networks in addition to the networks controlled by the Service Controller that the device has connected to. In some embodiments, this network activity summary may include a summary of the networks accessed, activity vs. time per connection, traffic vs. time per connection. In some embodiments, this activity summary is further analyzed or reported to estimate the type of service plan associated with the traffic activity for the purpose of bill sharing reconciliation.
Central Provider Billing System 1619	Provides mediation function for central provider billing events. Accepts service plan changes. In some embodiments, provides updates on device service usage, service plan limits or service policies.
Billing Event Server 1662	In some embodiments, collects billing events, provides service plan information to the Service Processor 415, provides service usage updates to the Service Processor 415, serves as interface between device and central Provider Billing System 123, or provides trusted third party function for certain ecommerce billing transactions.
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656	Collects service usage history for devices or groups of devices and analyses the service usage. In some embodiments, presents service usage statistics in various formats to identify improvements in network service quality or service profitability. In other embodiments, estimates the service quality or service usage for the network under variable settings on potential service policy. In other embodiments, identifies actual or potential service behaviors by one or more devices that are causing problems for overall network service quality or service cost.
Beta Test Server 1658	Publishes candidate service plan policy setting to one or more devices. In some embodiments, provides summary reports of network service usage or user feedback information for one or more candidate service plan policy setting. In some embodiments, provides a means to compare the beta test results for different candidate service plan policy settings or select the optimum candidates for further setting optimization.
Service Download Control Server 1660	Provides a download function to install or update service software elements on the device.
Transaction Server 134	Provides an electronic commerce offering and transaction platform to the device.

Figure 23

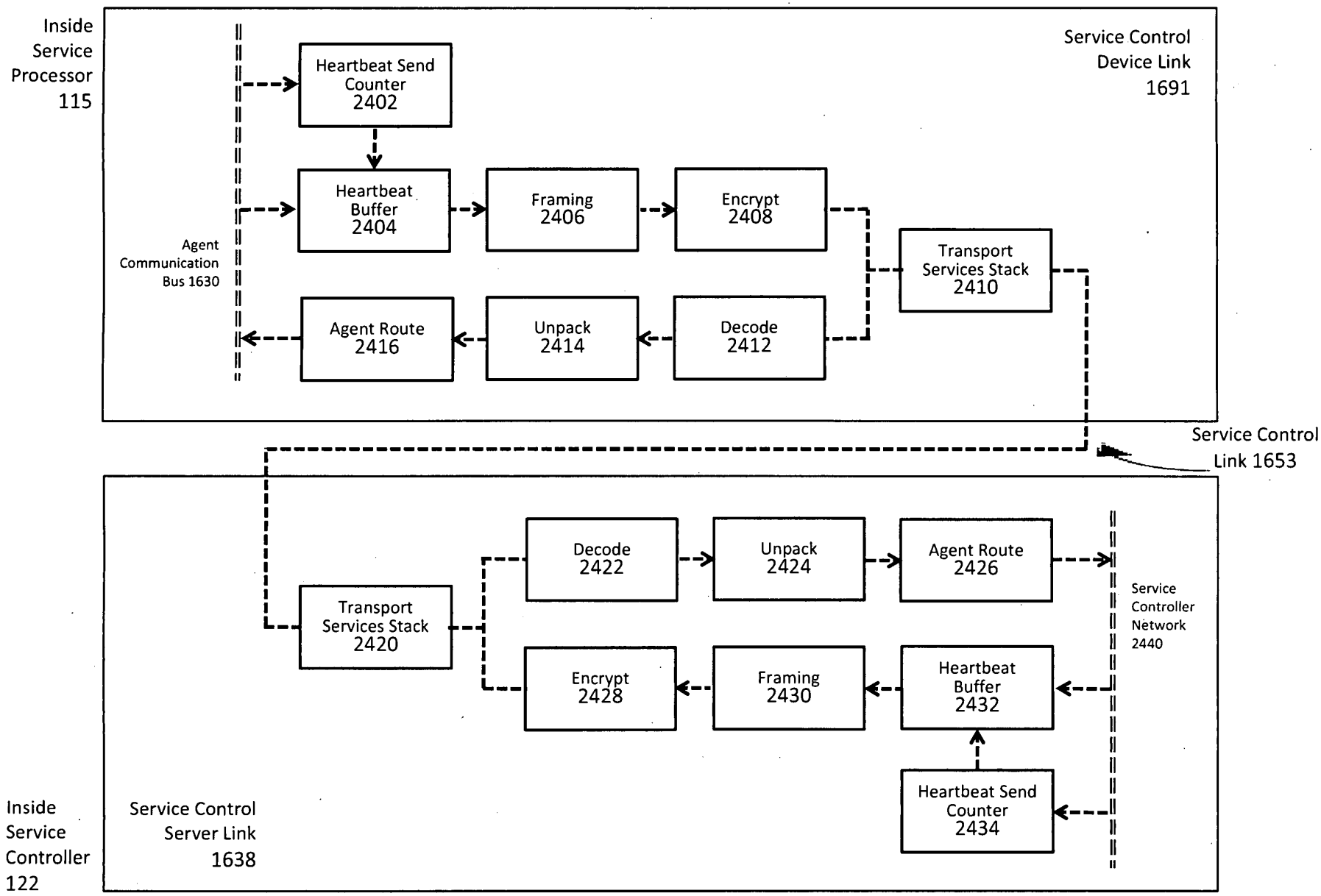
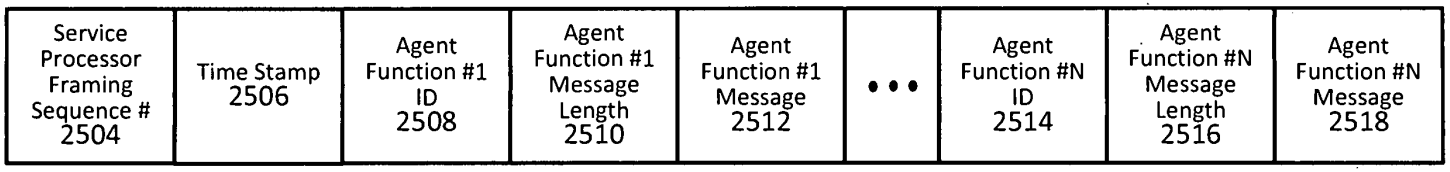
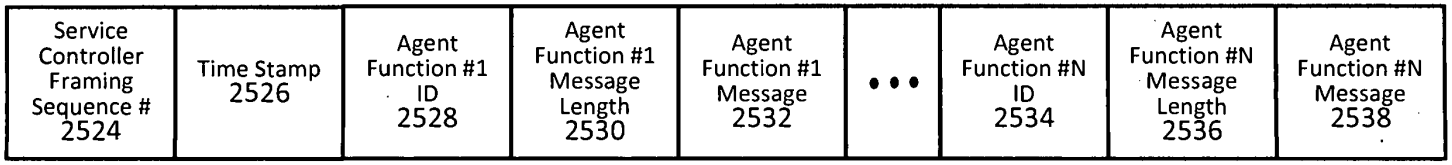


Figure 24

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Service Processor Communication Frame 2502



Service Controller Communication Frame 2522

Figure 25

Example Service Processor Heartbeat Parameter Embodiments	Description	Frequency
Access control integrity report	Contains the latest results of the Access Control Integrity agents Service Processor system checks and reports any error events.	Not necessary to report in every heartbeat if there are no errors. Can report only on error, set a minimum frequency or respond to Service Controller polling.
Service monitor report	Reports filtered summary of Service Monitor Agent measurements. Summary reduces control traffic and filters out unauthorized private information.	Every heartbeat. Some embodiments link this to amount of data usage in the data path to keep overhead low. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Billing event report	Reports any billing activity since the last heartbeat. Billing events may include service usage events, transaction events, bill by account records, bill by account offset reports, or any other event that results in a billing event report.	Send upon billing event. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Service Processor settings report	Reports service policy settings for all Service Processor agents.	Not necessary to send every heartbeat. Some embodiments link this to amount of data usage to reduce overhead. Can report every N heartbeats. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Customer resource management report	Reports filtered summary of Service Monitor Agent measurements or filtered summary of other device or user activity such as service preferences, advertisement behavior and location. Summary reduces control traffic and filters out unauthorized private information.	Not necessary to send every heartbeat. Some embodiments link this to amount of data usage to reduce overhead. Can report every N heartbeats. Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Responses to Service Processor agent queries	Sends agent responses to challenge-response queries from the Service Controller.	Report immediately upon polling from Service Controller.
Location tracking service update	Reports filtered summary of location tracking information. Summary reduces control traffic and filters out unauthorized private information.	Not necessary to send every heartbeat. Some embodiments call for a minimum time based transmission frequency.
Service usage based transmission frequency	Lowers overhead by buffering and reserving heartbeat communications from agents and servers until a certain amount of data has been transmitted or received in the network, or a certain amount of service has been consumed. When the parameters are chosen properly, this can result in the network control plane traffic overhead being a small percentage of data path traffic or result in the control plane traffic cost being a small percentage of the service usage cost.	Ranges depending on settings. For example, if there are 5 agents messages that typically need to be communicated, and each message is less than 100 bytes, and Service Processor heartbeat framing plus network overhead would result in a packet size of less than 1,000 bytes, and the heartbeat packet is transmitted when 10,000,000 bytes have been communicated over the data path, then the overhead loss due to one heartbeat packet in each direction is less than 0.02%.
Constant frequency transmissions	Since the device may be off line for long periods of time where the Service Control Processor needs to verify service control integrity, in some embodiments it can be advantageous to transmit heartbeat packets at a minimum rate regardless of data traffic activity. This is accomplished by setting a timer that sends queued heartbeat packets on a regular schedule.	Ranges depending on settings and applications.
Service Controller polled transmissions	In some embodiments, the Service Controller may poll the Service Processor for a heartbeat transmission at which time the Service Processor will frame and transmit all queued heartbeat messages.	Ranges depending on applications. In some embodiments this is used as an on demand function while in others it is used as a way to set heartbeat transmission timing functions in the Service Controller.
Service Processor polled transmissions	In some embodiments, the Service Processor polls the Service Controller for a heartbeat transmission at which time the Service Controller will frame and transmit all queued heartbeat messages.	Ranges depending on applications. In some embodiments this is used as an on demand function while in others it is used as a way to set heartbeat transmission timing functions in the Service Processor.

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Figure 26A

Example Service Processor Heartbeat Parameter Embodiments	Description	Frequency
Agent self-check reports	Agent reports results of various agent self-diagnosis procedures to ensure that the agent is properly configured, operating properly, properly implementing service control policy or has not been tampered with. [provide examples which are extensions of typical software security self diagnosis reporting]	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
Environment reports	One or more agents scan the storage or execution environment for one or more of the agents to identify potential threats to the integrity of the service implementation or agent integrity and makes a report. In one example embodiment, a scan is done to determine if unauthorized software or hardware is executing in a secure agent environment. In another embodiment, a scan is done to determine the software that has been loaded into a portion of the device operating environment, memory or storage, and the software list is referenced against a known threat list. In another example embodiment, the list of entities that accessed one or more agents is scanned to determine if an unauthorized access to an agent has occurred. In another embodiment a scan is performed to determine if unauthorized access to secure execution environment, memory or storage has occurred. In another example embodiment, the network access pattern for the device is logged and analyzed to determine if there is an access pattern that is known to be associated with a threat to service or agent control integrity. In another example embodiment, the internal device software, memory or peripheral access pattern is logged and analyzed to determine if there is an access pattern that is known to be associated with a threat to service or agent control integrity.	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
User notification response reports	Billing agent, UI agent or another agent logs user notification events and the response of the user to the notification event. In some embodiments these events may be cross-referenced to the notification policy that should be in force on the device and the device service usage to ensure that the proper notification sequences are being adhered to. In other embodiments, the user notification responses are logged and used to document user choices to notification events, billing event decisions, service control decisions or service cost control decisions. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to positively identify that the user is in possession of the device or to verify that the service is operating properly or is implemented properly. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to acknowledge a service overage notification and/or to also provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to verify the service overage acknowledgement.	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device, for example when there has been a user notification sequence action with the user. In some embodiments, the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.

Figure 26B

Example Service Processor Heartbeat Parameter Embodiments	Description	Frequency
User warning response reports	Billing agent, UI agent or another agent logs user warning events and the response of the user to warning event. In some embodiments the user response is used to determine if the user is in positive control of the device. In some embodiments the response is used to confirm that the user acknowledges a billing overage or other service cost event. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to positively identify that the user is in possession of the device or to verify that the service is operating properly or is implemented properly.	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device, for example when there has been a warning sequence action with the user. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
Agent communication log reports	Reports entities that established or attempted to establish communication with the agents. In one embodiment, reports a list of entities and the number of times the entity communicated or attempted to communicate with the agent. In another embodiments, reports an error flag when unauthorized entities attempt to establish communication with an agent.	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.
Service usage synchronization data	IPDR or other data that is used to synchronize the device service usage counters. In some embodiments the data is time stamped so that the service usage at a point in time may be reconciled between the local device usage count and the network based usage count, and then the local device usage count since the point in time may be used to estimate the present real-time usage count. In some embodiments, the service usage data from the device is used by the network as the actual service usage or billing data base for the device. In other embodiments, a bill by account function is included in the service usage synchronization data so that the service usage may be billed to different accounts other than a single or main user account.	Service usage synchronization is continuous with each heartbeat in some embodiments. In other embodiments service usage synchronization is based on a push from the Service Controller or other network function that sends the IPDR information to the device. In other embodiments, the device requests a synchronization data transmission.
Service cost synchronization data	Information to reconcile a service cost estimate on the local device with a service cost count from a network based function. Similar to the service usage count, in some embodiments the service cost information is time stamped so that service cost at a point in time may be reconciled between the device and the network based function, and then a local measure of service cost may be used to estimate the present real-time service cost. In some embodiments the local service cost is determined by taking recorded billing events and looking up the cumulative cost of one or more billing events using a service usage to cost look up data base stored locally on the device or available from a network function. In some embodiments, service cost estimation is done entirely in the network and the result is pushed out to the device UI. In other embodiments service cost estimation is done in the device based on local usage estimates and a local usage to cost lookup table.	Service cost synchronization is continuous with each heartbeat in some embodiments. In other embodiments service cost synchronization is based on a push from the Service Controller or other network function that sends the IPDR information to the device. In other embodiments, the device requests a synchronization data transmission.

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Figure 26C

Example Service Processor Heartbeat Parameter Embodiments	Description	Frequency
Available network information and roaming information	Device receives available network or available roaming service provider information from a network function. The available network or roaming service information may include the potential network service or roaming service a device or user may choose to select, or the network service or roaming service the user has already selected. In some embodiments this information includes service cost information to aid the device or the user in determining the potential or actual costs of service usage while using the available network or roaming network. In some embodiments the service cost information is used to help the user in selecting the available network provider or roaming service provider. In some embodiments the available network cost information or roaming cost information is combined with a measure of expected or possible service usage to estimate how much a typical usage scenario may cost. In some embodiments, the available network information or roaming information is used to help the user estimate the present available network or roaming service charges for services used to date. In some embodiments service usage is recorded and sent to a network function that estimates the current service cost. In other embodiments the service cost is estimated locally on the device based on a service usage estimate and a service usage to cost look up function. In other embodiments, the service cost is derived by querying the available network or roaming network billing system.	In some embodiments available network information or roaming information is requested by the device. In other embodiments, the information is periodically updated by the Service Controller or other network function that contains the information.
System messages and responses	In some embodiments the heartbeat function may be used as a secure control channel to display a system messages or screen that is generated by a network function or server to the end user and possibly report user inputs to the UI message or screen. Examples include, ... etc.	System messages are generated by the Service Controller and transmitted as needed in some embodiments. In other embodiments, some system messages are generated in response to user input or requests. In other embodiments, system messages are generated on a regular time table or in accordance with a certain amount of service usage.
UI screen messages and responses	In some embodiments the heartbeat function may be used as a secure control channel to display user interface message or screen that is generated by a network function or serve to the end user and possibly report user inputs to the UI message or screen. Examples include service usage UI, service choice UI, upgrade UI, transaction UI, marketing UI, billing UI, user identify confirmation UI, user service warning UI, user potential service tamper response request UI, etc.	UI screen messages are generated by the Service Controller and transmitted as needed in some embodiments. In other embodiments, some user UI messages are generated in response to user input or requests. In other embodiments, UI messages are generated on a regular time table or in accordance with a certain amount of service usage.
Local agent check-in history	Logs and reports agent check-ins or self-reports that are made to a local agent integrity verification function.	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified.

Figure 26D

Example Service Processor Heartbeat Parameter Embodiments	Description	Frequency
Software install report	Logs and reports one or more aspects of software installs that have occurred on the device.	In some embodiments an report is made during every heartbeat transmission. In other embodiments the report is generated by a request from the Service Controller. In other embodiments the report is generated by timing determined by the device. In some embodiments the report is generated when there is a verification error of some kind that is identified. In some embodiments, the report is generated when new SW is installed.
Test billing event	In some embodiments the Service Controller or other network function may send or cause a test billing event wherein the device triggers a local billing sequence for the purpose of verifying that the billing sequence is properly logged, conducted and reported. The billing sequence can be related to a service usage event or sequence, a transaction event or sequence, or any other event or sequence that should result in a billing event.	In some embodiments, the test billing event timing is determined by the Service Controller or other network function. In others it is generated by the device or on a regular schedule.
Test service event	In some embodiments the service Controller or other network function may send or cause a service usage event wherein the device triggers a local service usage event or sequence for the purpose of verifying that the service usage event or sequence is properly logged and reported.	In some embodiments, the test service usage event timing is determined by the Service Controller or other network function. In others it is generated by the device or on a regular schedule.

Figure 26E

Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Verify service usage measure in network is consistent with expected service behavior	Network service usage measure is in conflict with expected service usage. Examples: traffic usage outside limits, address access outside limits, data rate outside limits, traffic shaping rules not being followed.	In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify service usage measure at device is consistent with expected service behavior	Device service usage measure is in conflict with expected service usage. Examples: traffic usage too high, address access outside limits, email accessed against policy.	Same as above.
Verify service usage measure in network is consistent with service usage measure at device	Device service usage measure varies significantly from network service usage measure	Same as above.
Verify service usage measure at one point in device is consistent with service usage measure at a second point in device	Service usage measure at one point in device stack that is inconsistent with another point indicates error or potential parasitic usage	Same as above. In some embodiments, the differences in service measures on the device may be used to evaluate the nature of the service usage policy implementation problem.
Verify that service policies in effect are as intended	Service policy setting queries result in settings that are different than intended	In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persist. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

Figure 27A

Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Verify presence of Service Processor agents	Agent does not respond to agent communication or query-response	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify configuration of Service Processor agents	Agent configuration audit or configuration self-check fails.	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify billing events are reported or are reported properly	Billing Agent query reveals logged billing events that have not been reported.	In some embodiments, perform a billing event test to determine if the billing event reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

Figure 27B

Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Verify network reported service usage measure are consistent with reported device billing data.	Billing agent is not properly reporting billing events for service usage, transactions, bill by account, or other billing event functions.	In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the service usage reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify device reported service usage measure are consistent with reported device billing data.	Billing agent reports are inconsistent with service usage reports.	In some embodiments, perform a billing event test to determine if the billing event reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the service usage reporting sequence is operating properly. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

Figure 27C

Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Send test billing event through device and verify it is reported.	Test billing event is nor properly reported by the device.	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify device reports billing events reported from transaction servers.	Transaction server receipts do not correspond with billing events from device.	In some embodiments, perform checks to determine of transaction server receipts are valid. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if these are not the error correction methods employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify activation tracking system presence, configuration or operation	Activation tracking service is not present, is not providing scheduled network activity reporting, or is exhibiting erroneous reports.	In some embodiments the response is to place the device ID. on a list of devices suspected of having activation tracking functions that have been tampered with for the purpose of central provider billing reconciliation. In some embodiments, install a new copy of the activation tracking service agent software either from a locally stored device copy or a network download. In some embodiments where authorization exists to manage device software and some aspects of service tracking, run further checks on device service integrity such as agent query-response. In some embodiments where authorization exists to manage a device access service connection, send error message to device UI, suspend device or place device on quarantine route. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Verify device standing or service plan standing	No service plan on record or device not authorized	In some embodiments, if device is not yet activated with a service plan, provide UI with activation sequence. In some embodiments, if device is not authorized for service on one of the networks controlled by the Service Controller, send the UI en error message instructing the user how to proceed. In some embodiments, configure the Service Processor for the ambient service intended for that device. In some embodiments, download the appropriate Service Processor agent software that is appropriate for that device.

Figure 27D

Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Verify proper operation of Service Processor agents	Check input to output relationship on Policy Implementation agent, Firewall agent. Check billing event reports to verify events are being recorded. Check application and traffic inspection tagging system correctly tagging traffic. Verify Service Processor heartbeat reports proper agent integrity self-checks, cross-checks and query/response sequences with Service Controller.	In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Service Processor heartbeat response reports	One or more of the heartbeat reports indicate an error in operation, configuration, or tamper and error prevention system. Heartbeat function not functioning properly but device is still indicating service usage on the network.	In some embodiments the severity of the error and/or the persistence of the error and/or the existence of other errors are used to determine the appropriate response or action. In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Test service event	Service usage reporting system does not properly report test service usage event	In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing test event to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

Figure 27E

Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Load a fresh version of Service Processor software and perform integrity reports	After fresh load of Access Control Integrity Agent, agent discovers one or more of the other agents are corrupted.	Run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh other agents and see if problem persists. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify Service Processor code configuration with agent self diagnosis checks	One or more of the agents indicates an error after running a self-check.	Run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh other agents and see if problem persists. If this does not clear the error, or if this is not the error correction method employed, then perform on or more of the following actions: In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.
Verify that device uses service only after being authorized	Device gains access to the network and does not check in with the Access Control Integrity Server and service measures indicate device is on the network.	In some embodiments, reset service policies and see if error persists. In some embodiments, perform agent settings check to verify that agent service usage control policy settings are correct. In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, perform a billing event test or a service usage test to determine if the device is properly reporting billing events or service usage events. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

Figure 27F

Service Policy Implementation Verification Technique Embodiments	Example Error Trigger Criteria Embodiments	Example Error Response Embodiments
Verify user standing	User does not respond with proper response to UI query such as request for ID., password or biometric input. This process may be part of handling a suspected error.	In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis. In some embodiments, the user may be asked to acknowledge a service overage notification and/or to also provide a password, biometric signature, hardware key or other mechanism to verify the service overage acknowledgement.
Agent communications log	Unauthorized communications with one or more agents is detected	In some embodiments, perform agent query/response to determine agent integrity. In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh one or more agents. In some embodiments, a user query or warning is sent to the UI to notify the user, confirm that the device is in the user's possession, or involve the user in the process of determining the source or error or to assist in verifying the device based service control. In some embodiments, the device identification number is placed on an error list for further error handling. In some embodiments, the device is placed on a SPAN process, or a similar traffic or service inspection process, or another service usage watch status, to closely monitor service behavior and determine if it is consistent with the service usage policy that is intended to be in place. In some embodiments, the device is placed on quarantine network routing status, possibly with a user message being sent to inform the user. In some embodiments, the device service is suspended, possibly after sending the user a message that may include instructions on the process for correcting the error and resuming service. In some embodiments, the user messages are sent through an alternative messaging system, such as email or text messaging, as an alternative to or in addition to a message sent to the device. In some embodiments, an error message is sent to a human interface in the network for further error analysis.

Figure 27G

Service Policy Implementation Tamper or Error Protection Technique	Example Error Trigger Criteria	Example Error Responses
Detect or block device networking activity that is potentially harmful for the operation of Service Processor.	Network activity is observed in service monitor reports that fit known patterns that indicated harmful software may be present on device.	Initiate or install and initiate eradication software. Block traffic from the suspect entity. In some embodiments if software can not be eradicated or blocked, then send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Detect or block unauthorized Service Processor software from being loaded.	Access Control Integrity Agent discovers software that is on a known malicious list.	Same as above.
Detect or block unauthorized access of protected Service Processor software or hardware memory.	Unauthorized access is detected, memory contents are corrupted or unresponsive.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Detect or block unauthorized communication with Service Processor software or hardware.	Unauthorized communication is detected.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Secure loader with signed SW installed into protected memory	Unauthorized access is detected, memory contents are corrupted or unresponsive.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Secure encrypted communication between Service Processor agents.	Secure communication link is in error or unauthorized access is detected.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments, run dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code to refresh agents with communication links that are in error or entire Service Processor. In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Secure encrypted communication between Service Processor and Service Controller.	Service Processor communication is lost.	Send error message to device UI (if possible), suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place device on quarantine route. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Execution of Service Processor software within secure memory.	Unauthorized access is detected, memory contents are corrupted or unresponsive.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.

Figure 28A

Service Policy Implementation Tamper or Error Protection Technique	Example Error Trigger Criteria	Example Error Responses
Storage of service processor software in secure memory	Secure memory violation or Service Processor stored in non-secure memory	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Detection or removal of software thought to be harmful to Service Processor operation.	Unauthorized software is detected.	Initiate or install and initiate eradication software. Block traffic from the suspect entity. In some embodiments if software can not be eradicated or blocked, then send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Recording and reporting of software loading signatures, software activity signatures or network activity signatures for later identification of threat sequences.	Unauthorized software or malicious network activity is detected	Same as above.
Implement critical Service Processor software as a self-refreshing program that resists corruption by running self-audit and reinstall processes such as placing audit function in inaccessible memory or OS functions or bios.	Re-installation function alerts that re-installation has been required. Continued re-installations or failure to re-install alert increases severity of warnings.	Identify the entity that has gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate. In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting.
Encrypted agent code	Code check, agent query-response, agent self check or other agent configuration check discovers error in code encryption	In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting. Identify the entity that may have gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate.
Obfuscated agent code	Code check, agent query-response, agent self check or other agent configuration check discovers error in code obfuscation	Same as above.
Unique agent identification numbers and signatures	Agent is discovered to have an incorrect ID. or fails signature	Same as above.
Secure agent communication bus	Agent communication bus monitoring discovers unauthorized communication or other unauthorized access to one or more agents is discovered	Same as above.
Agent level message encryption	Agent is found to be communicating without the required level of agent communication encryption	Same as above.

Figure 28B

Service Policy Implementation Tamper or Error Protection Technique	Example Error Trigger Criteria	Example Error Responses
Service control link message level encryption	Unauthorized communication traffic is discovered on service control link	In some embodiments repair any compromised agents with dynamic agent load, in some cases with different encryption, sequencing or obfuscation for the new agent code . In some embodiments send message to UI and either suspend device, place on SPAN, place on watch list, place on further action list or place on quarantine network. In some embodiments send error message to human interface for troubleshooting. Identify the entity that may have gained access to the Service Processor if possible and eradicate.
Service control link transport layer encryption	Unauthorized communication traffic is discovered on service control link	Same as above.
Agent communication access permissions	Unauthorized communication is discovered with one or more agents	Same as above.
Agent communication log	Unauthorized communication is discovered with one or more agents	Same as above.
Encrypted agent code for downloads	Agent download is found to have incorrect or absent encryption or signature	Same as above.
Secure downloader memory	Unauthorized access to or storage in secure downloader memory is discovered	Same as above.

900

Figure 28C

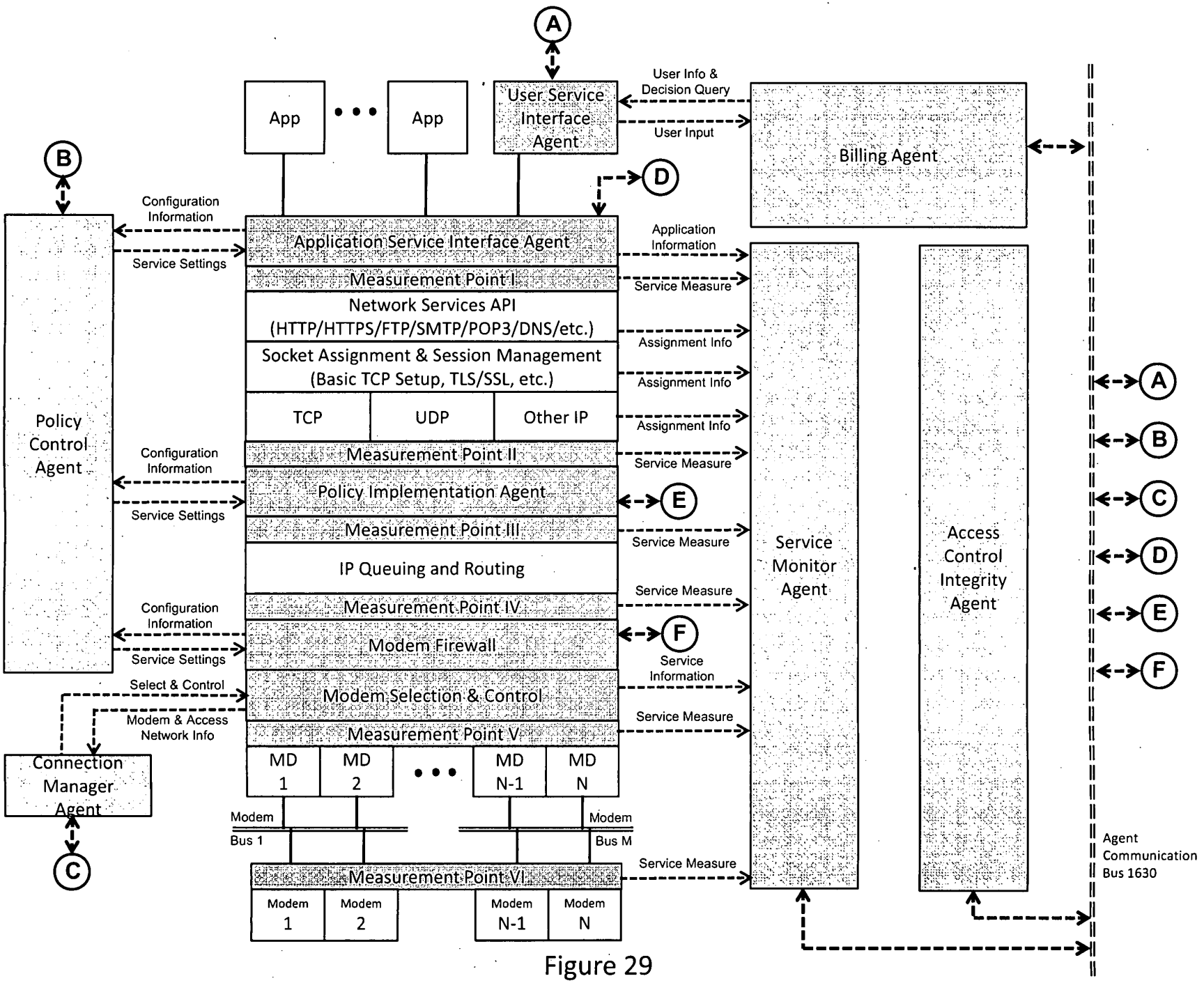


Figure 29

901

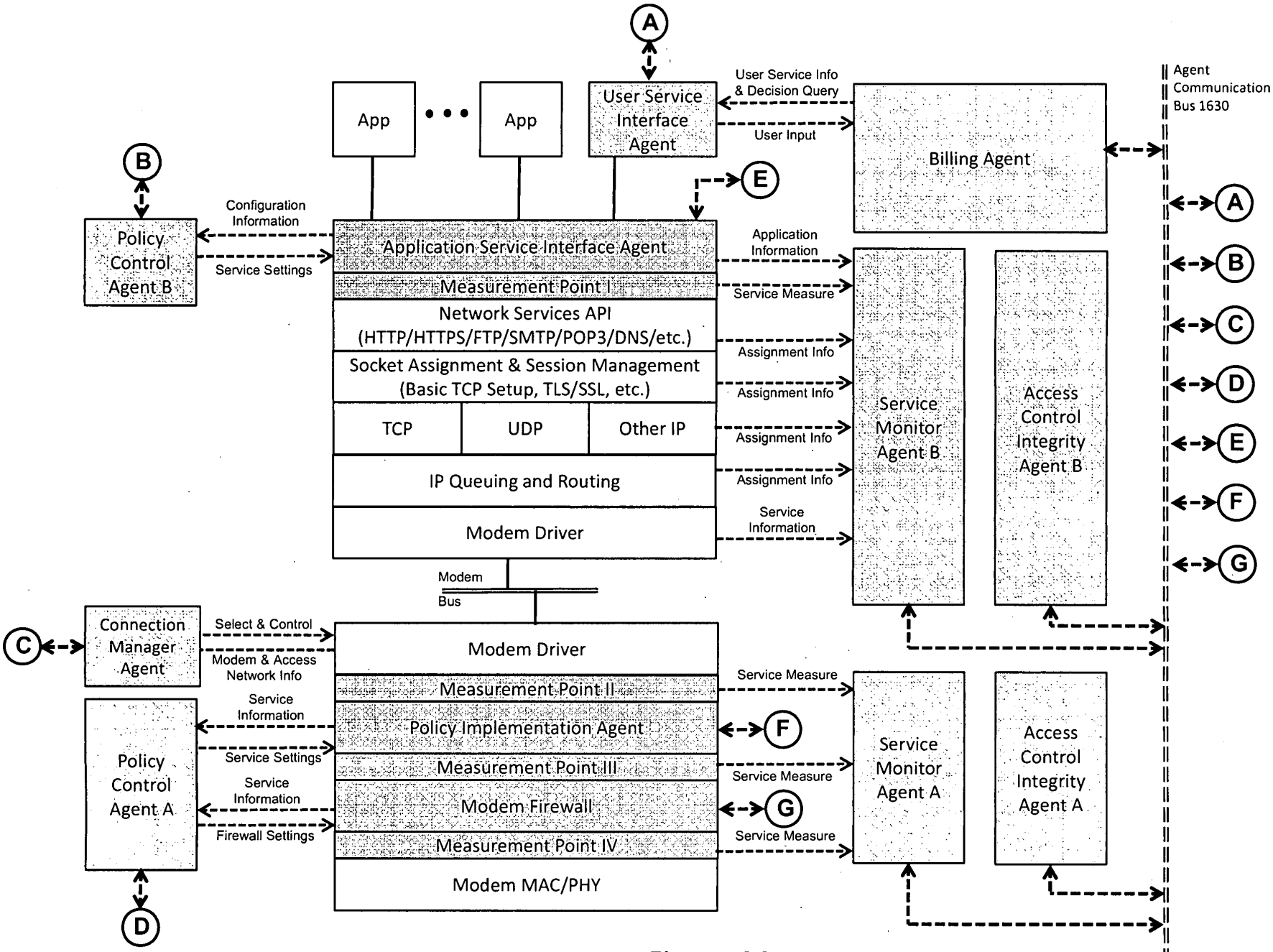

A
App
App
User Service Interface Agent
User Service Info & Decision Query
User Input
Billing Agent
Agent Communication Bus 1630
B
E
Configuration Information
Policy Control Agent B
Service Settings
Application Service Interface Agent
Application Information
Measurement Point I
Service Measure
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Assignment Info
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
Assignment Info
TCP
UDP
Other IP
Assignment Info
IP Queuing and Routing
Assignment Info
Modem Driver
Service Information
Service Monitor Agent B
Access Control Integrity Agent B
Modem
Bus
C
Connection Manager Agent
Select & Control
Modem & Access Network Info
Modem Driver
Measurement Point II
Service Measure
Service Information
Policy Implementation Agent
F
Service Settings
Measurement Point III
Service Measure
Policy Control Agent A
Service Information
Modem Firewall
G
Firewall Settings
Measurement Point IV
Service Measure
Modem MAC/PHY
Service Monitor Agent A
Access Control Integrity Agent A
D
902

Figure 30

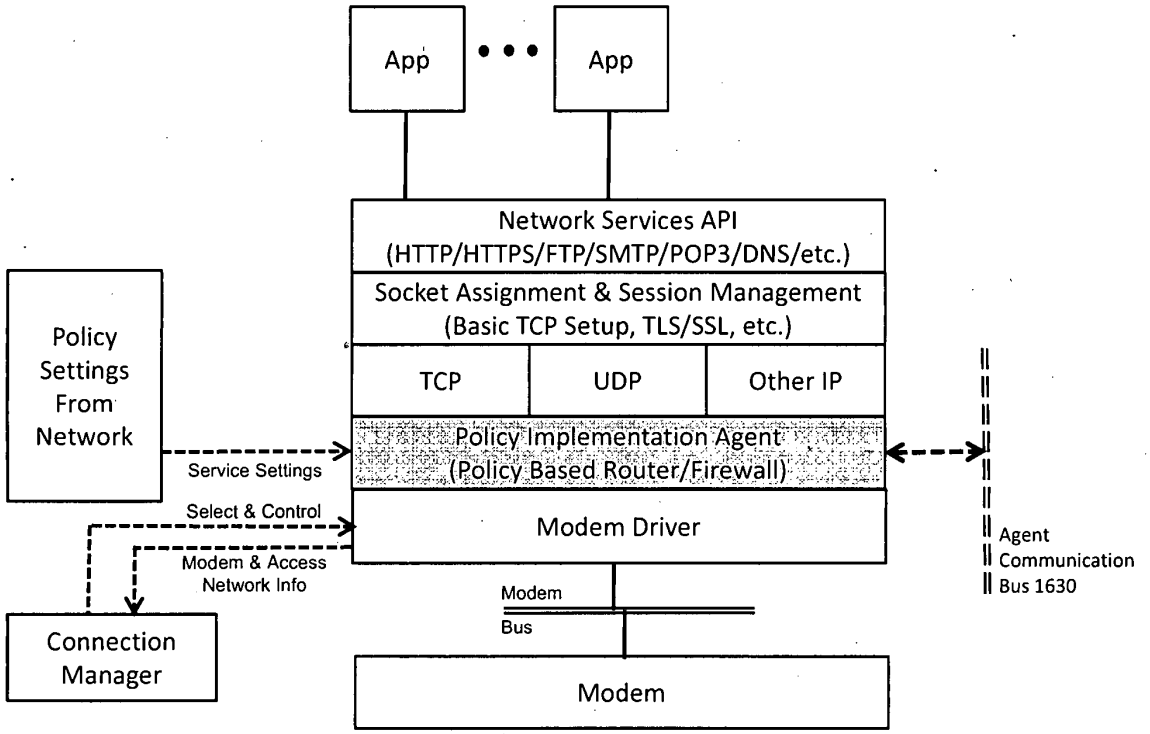

903
App
App
Network Services API
(HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management
(Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
Policy Implementation Agent
(Policy Based Router/Firewall)
Modem Driver
Modem
Bus
Modem
Policy
Settings
From
Network
Service Settings
Select & Control
Modem & Access
Network Info
Connection
Manager
Agent
Communication
Bus 1630

Figure 31

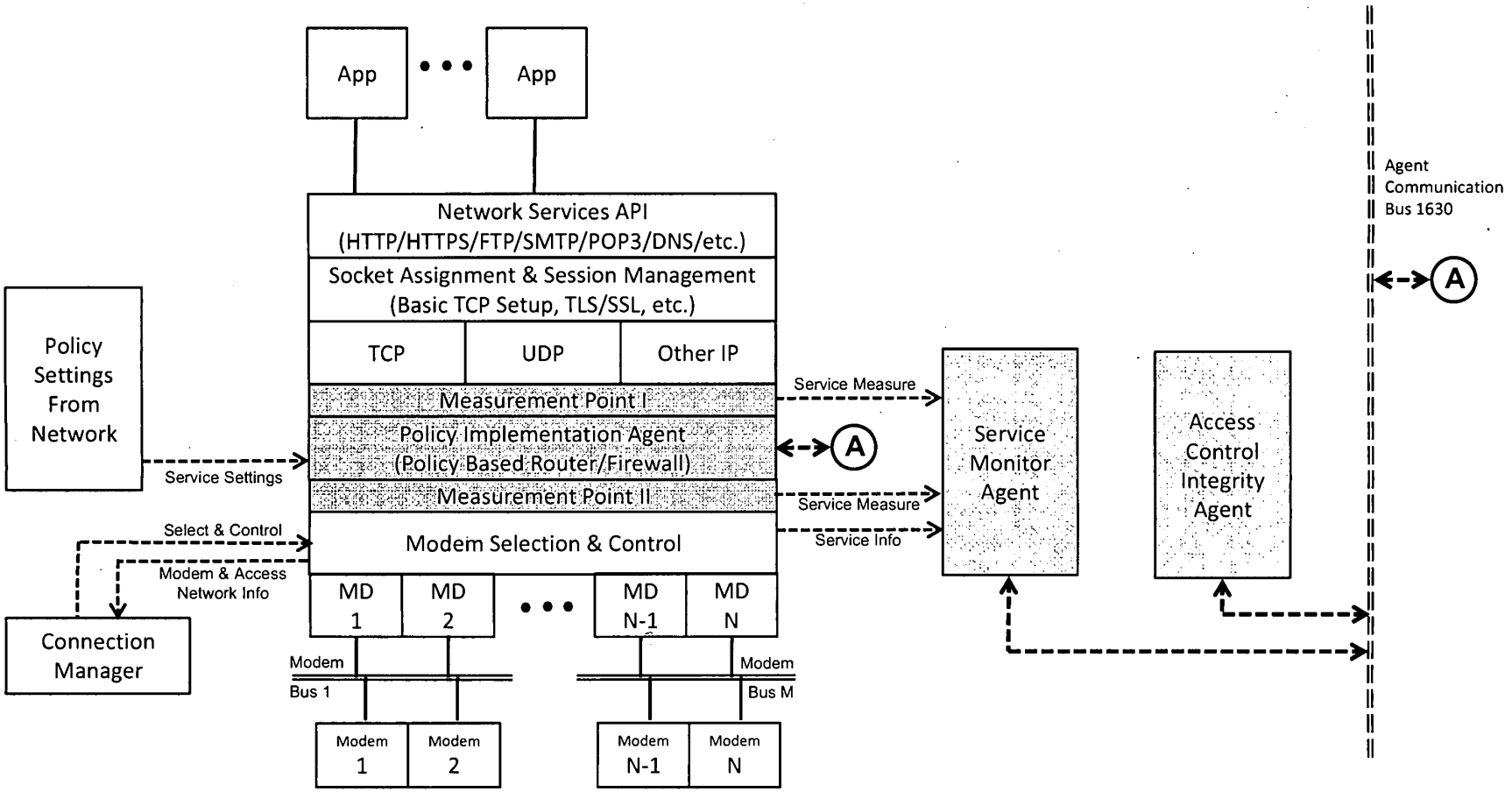

904
App
App
Network Services API
(HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management
(Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
Measurement Point I
Policy Implementation Agent
(Policy Based Router/Firewall)
Measurement Point II
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
Policy Settings From Network
Service Settings
Select & Control
Modem & Access Network Info
Connection Manager
Service Measure
Service Measure
Service Info
Service Monitor Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent
Agent Communication Bus 1630
A
A

Figure 32

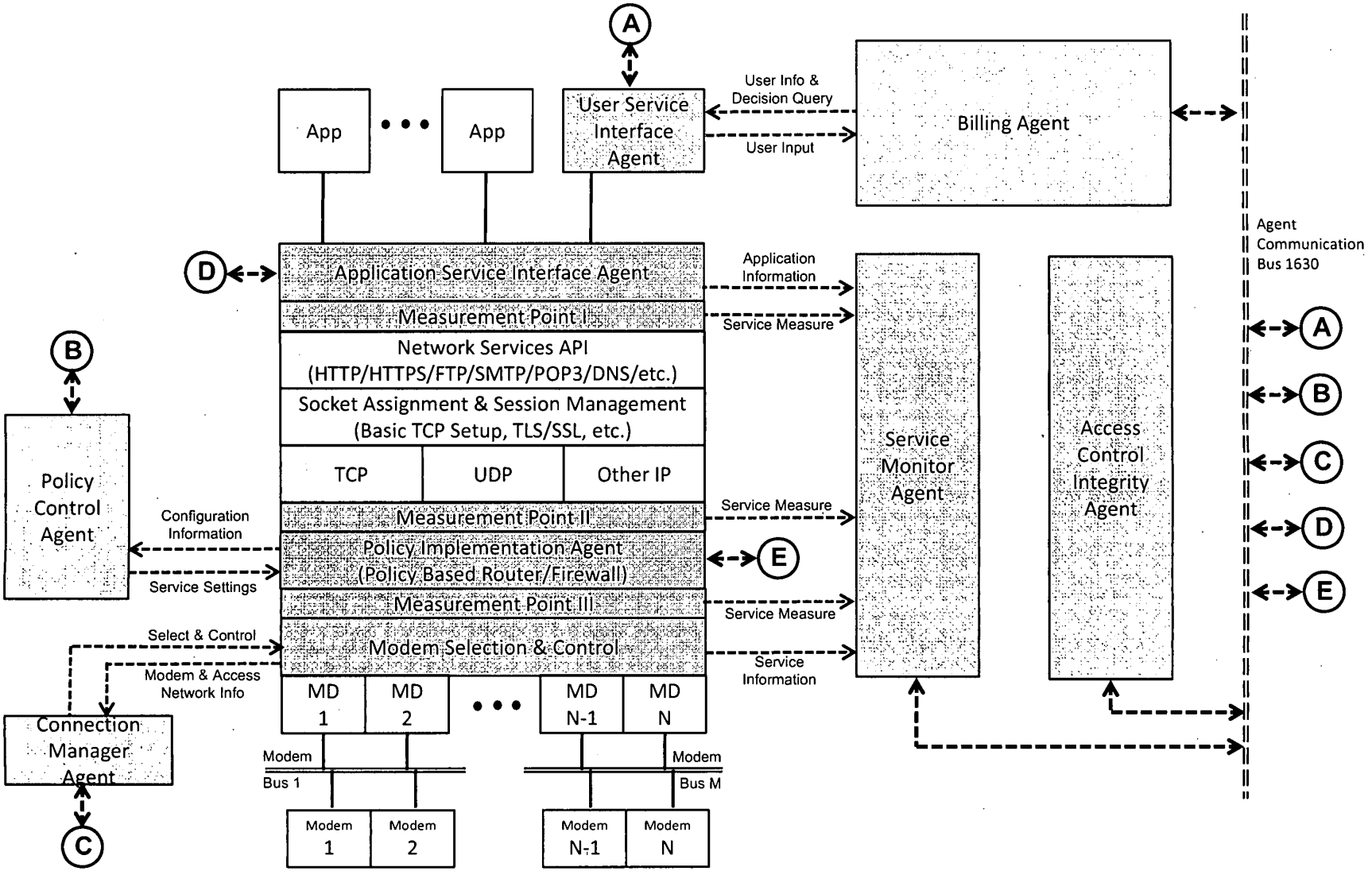

905
A
App
App
User Service Interface Agent
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
Billing Agent
Agent Communication Bus 1630
D
Application Service Interface Agent
Application Information
Measurement Point I
Service Measure
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
B
Policy Control Agent
Configuration Information
Measurement Point II
Service Measure
Policy Implementation Agent (Policy Based Router/Firewall)
E
Service Settings
Measurement Point III
Service Measure
Select & Control
Modem Selection & Control
Service Information
Modem & Access Network Info
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Connection Manager Agent
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
C
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
Service Monitor Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent

Figure 33

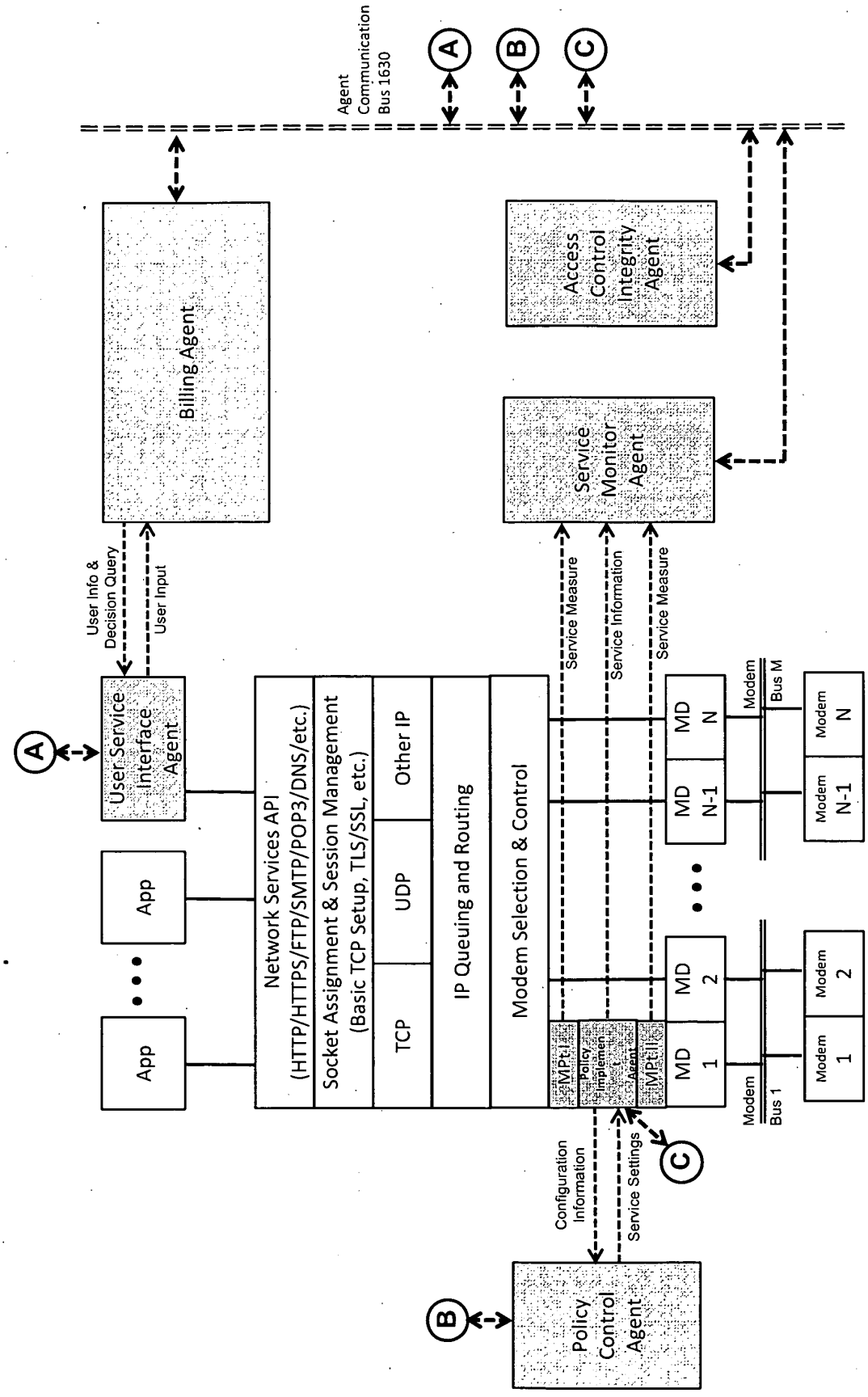

Agent Communication Bus 1630
A
B
C
Billing Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent
Service Monitor Agent
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
User Service Interface Agent
App
App
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Selection & Control
Service Measure
Service Information
Service Measure
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Policy Control Agent

Figure 34

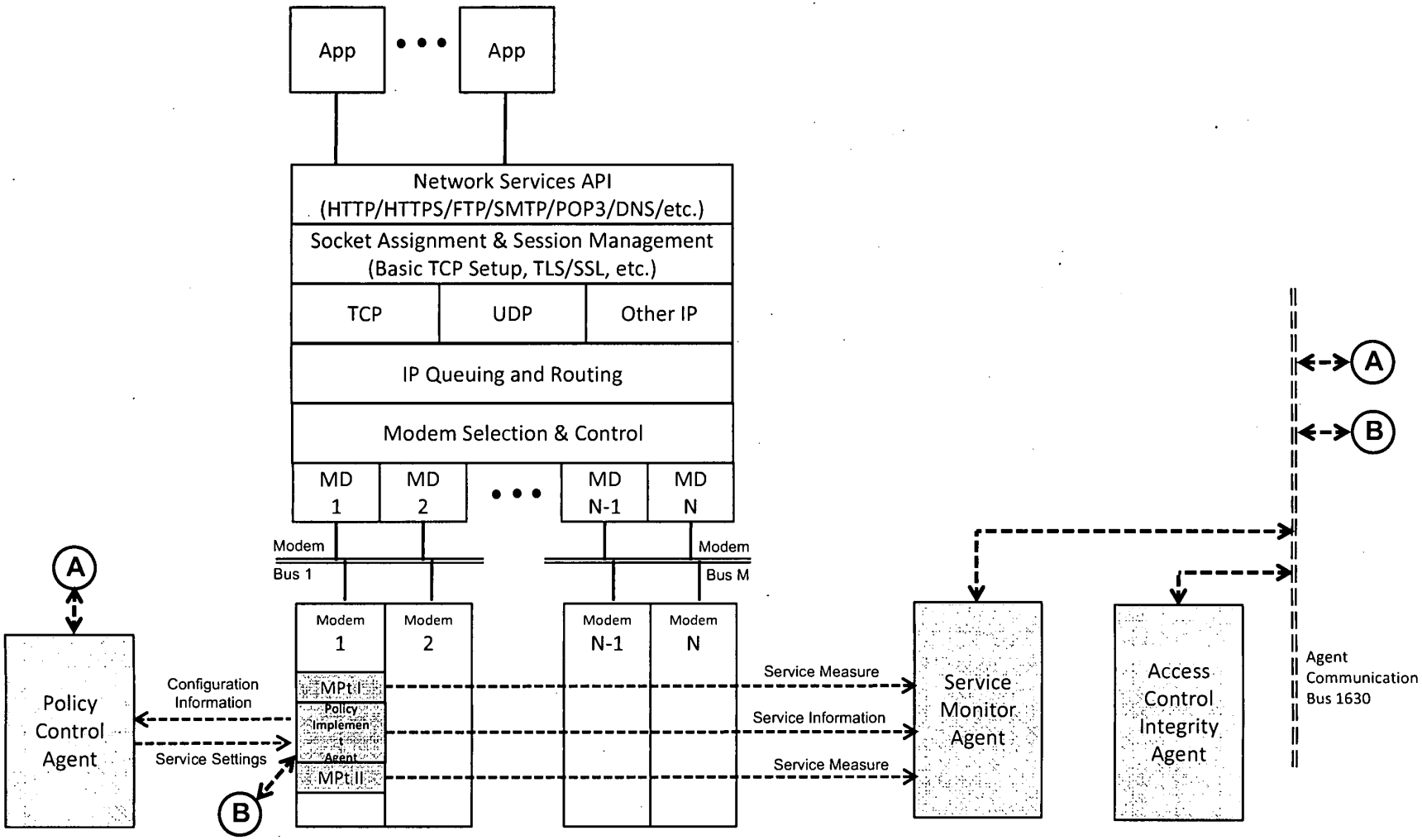

App
App
Network Services API
(HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management
(Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
Modem 1
Modem 2
Modem N-1
Modem N
MPt I
Policy Implementation Agent
MPt II
A
B
Policy Control Agent
Configuration Information
Service Settings
Service Measure
Service Information
Service Measure
Service Monitor Agent
Access Control Integrity Agent
Agent Communication Bus 1630

Figure 35

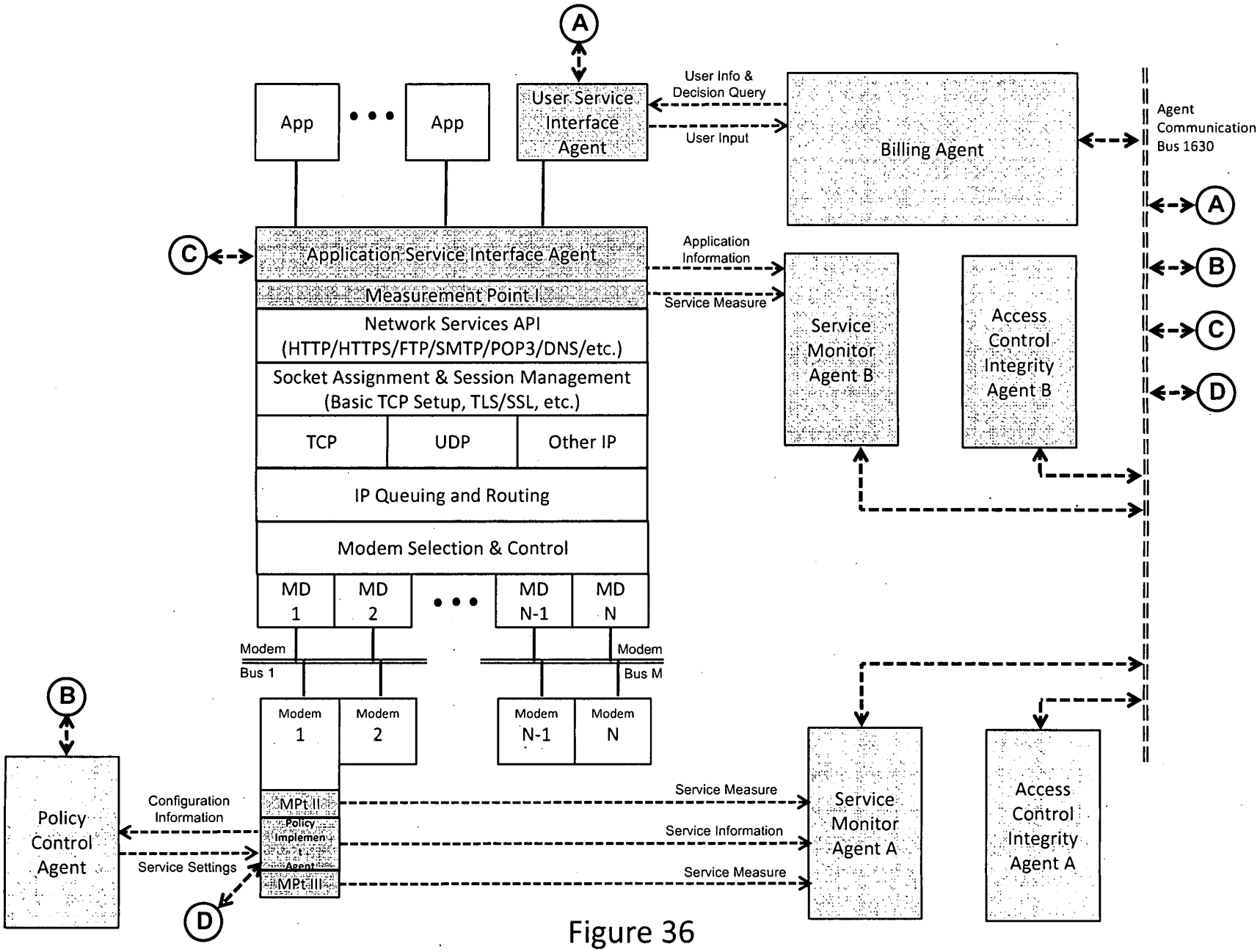


Figure 36

806

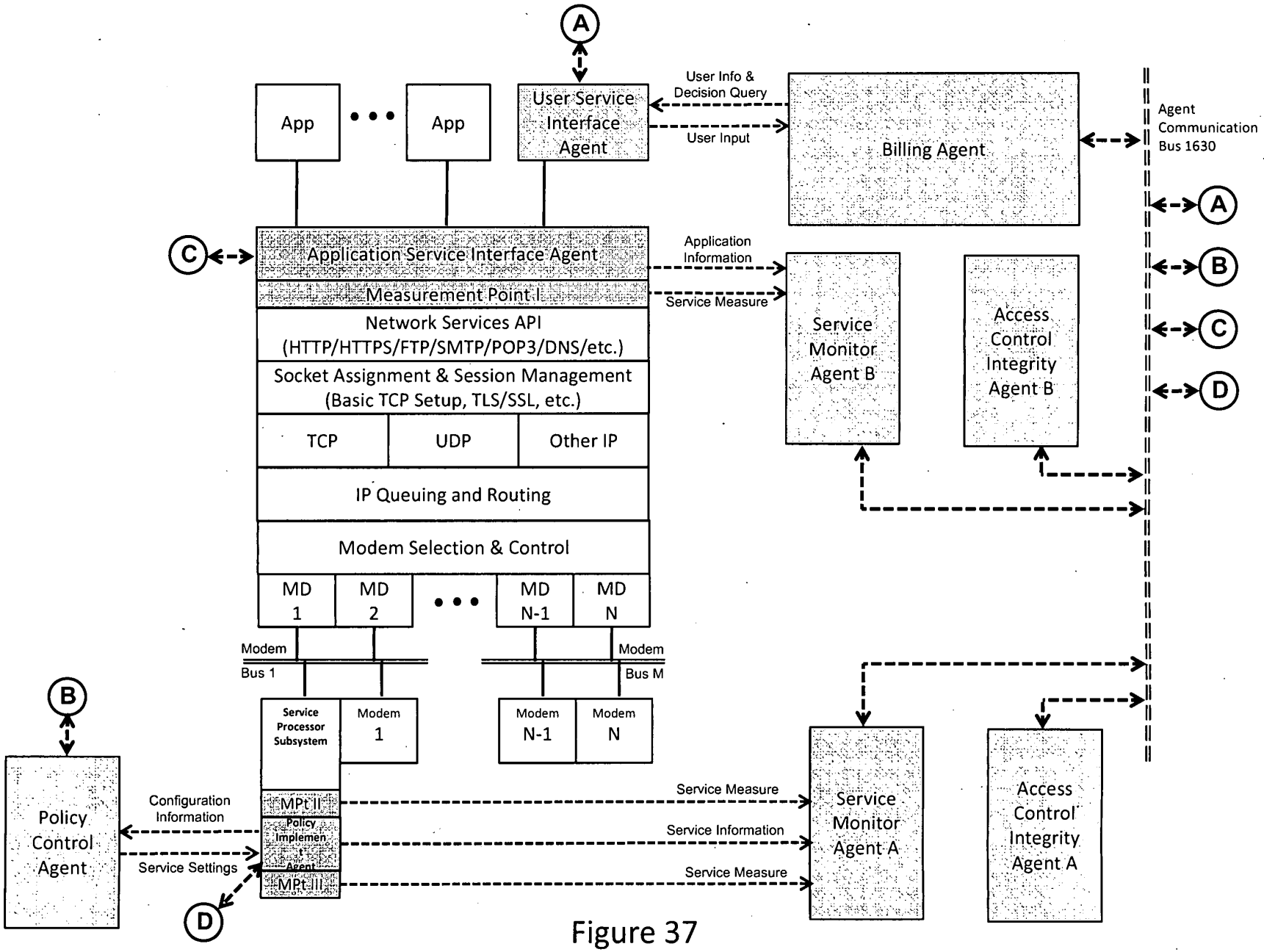
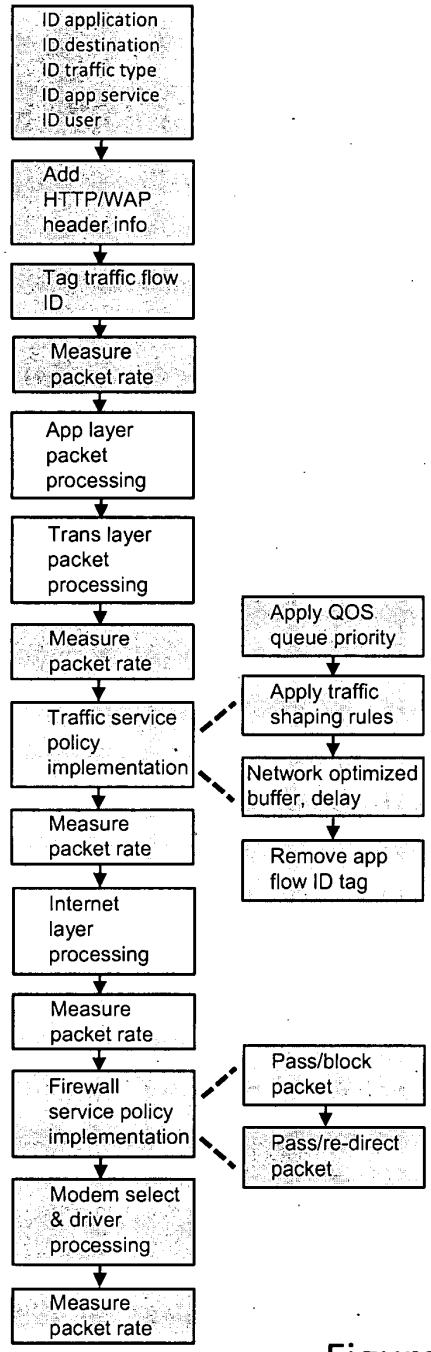
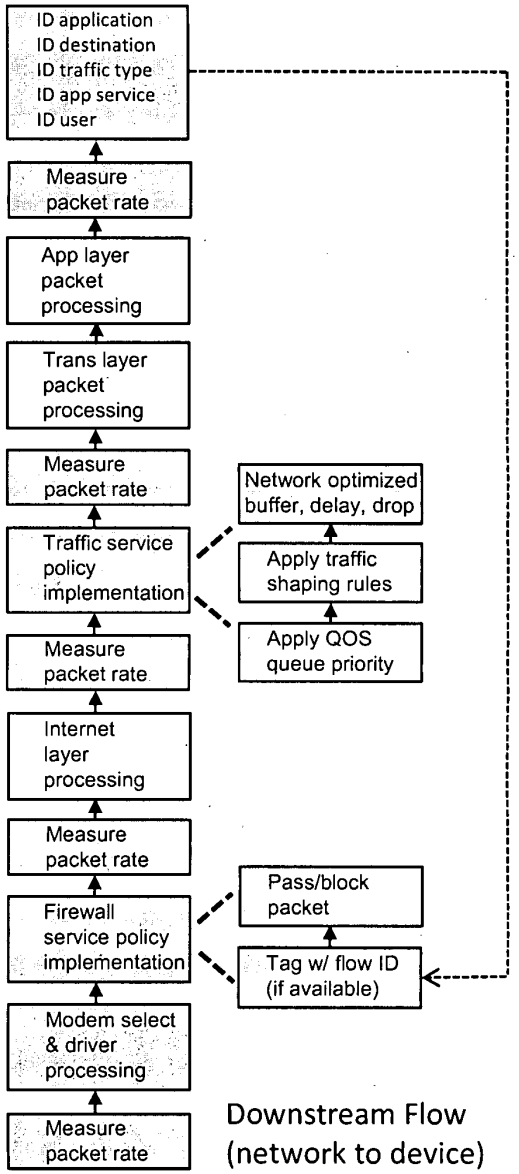

606
A
App
App
User Service Interface Agent
User Info & Decision Query
User Input
Billing Agent
Agent Communication Bus 1630
C
Application Service Interface Agent
Application Information
Measurement Point I
Service Measure
Network Services API (HTTP/HTTPS/FTP/SMTP/POP3/DNS/etc.)
Socket Assignment & Session Management (Basic TCP Setup, TLS/SSL, etc.)
TCP
UDP
Other IP
IP Queuing and Routing
Modem Selection & Control
MD 1
MD 2
MD N-1
MD N
Service Monitor Agent B
Access Control Integrity Agent B
Modem Bus 1
Modem Bus M
B
Service Processor Subsystem
Modem 1
Modem N-1
Modem N
Policy Control Agent
Configuration Information
Service Settings
MPt II
Policy Implementation Agent
MPt III
Service Measure
Service Information
Service Measure
Service Monitor Agent A
Access Control Integrity Agent A
D

Figure 37



Upstream Flow
(device to network)



Downstream Flow
(network to device)

Figure 38

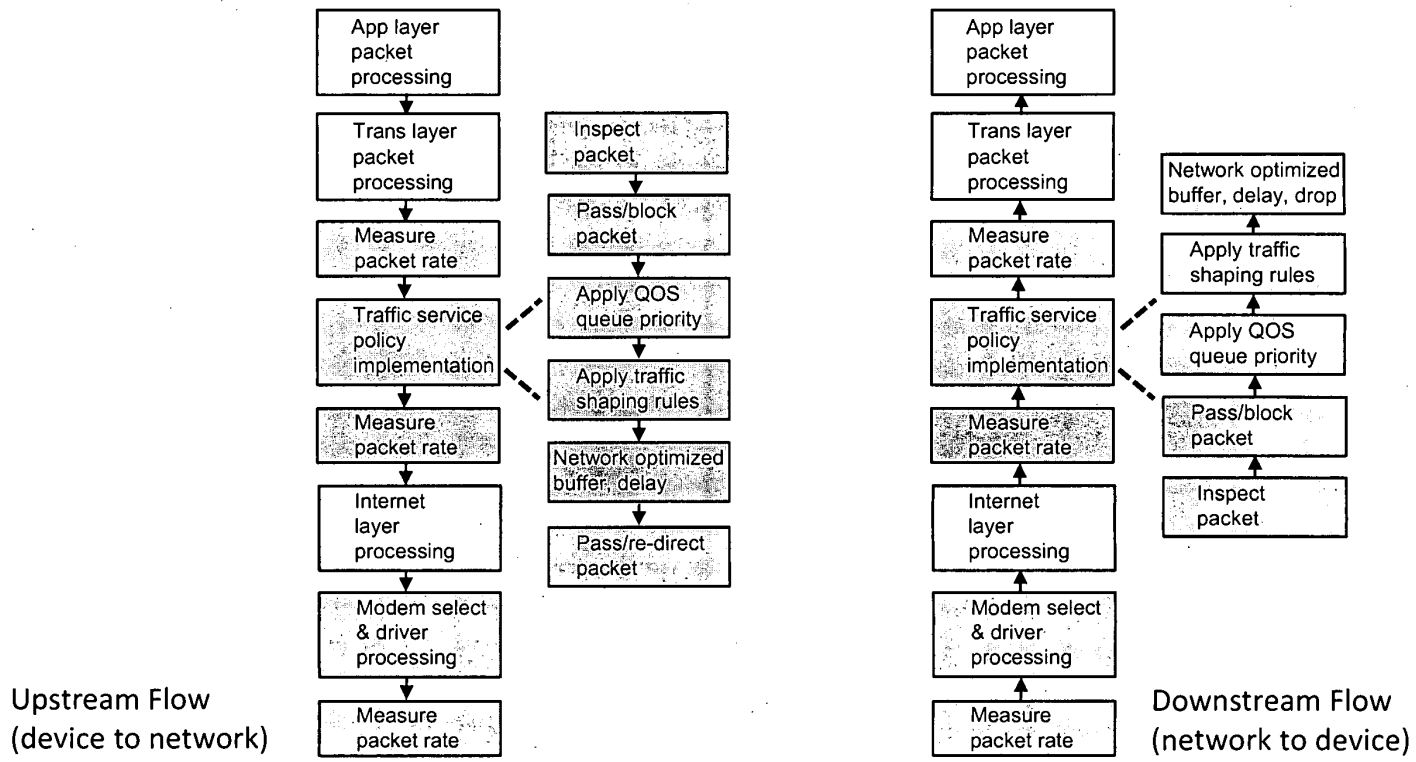

App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy implementation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Inspect packet
Pass/block packet
Apply QOS queue priority
Apply traffic shaping rules
Network optimized buffer, delay
Pass/re-direct packet
Upstream Flow
(device to network)
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy implementation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Network optimized buffer, delay, drop
Apply traffic shaping rules
Apply QOS queue priority
Pass/block packet
Inspect packet
Downstream Flow
(network to device)

Figure 39

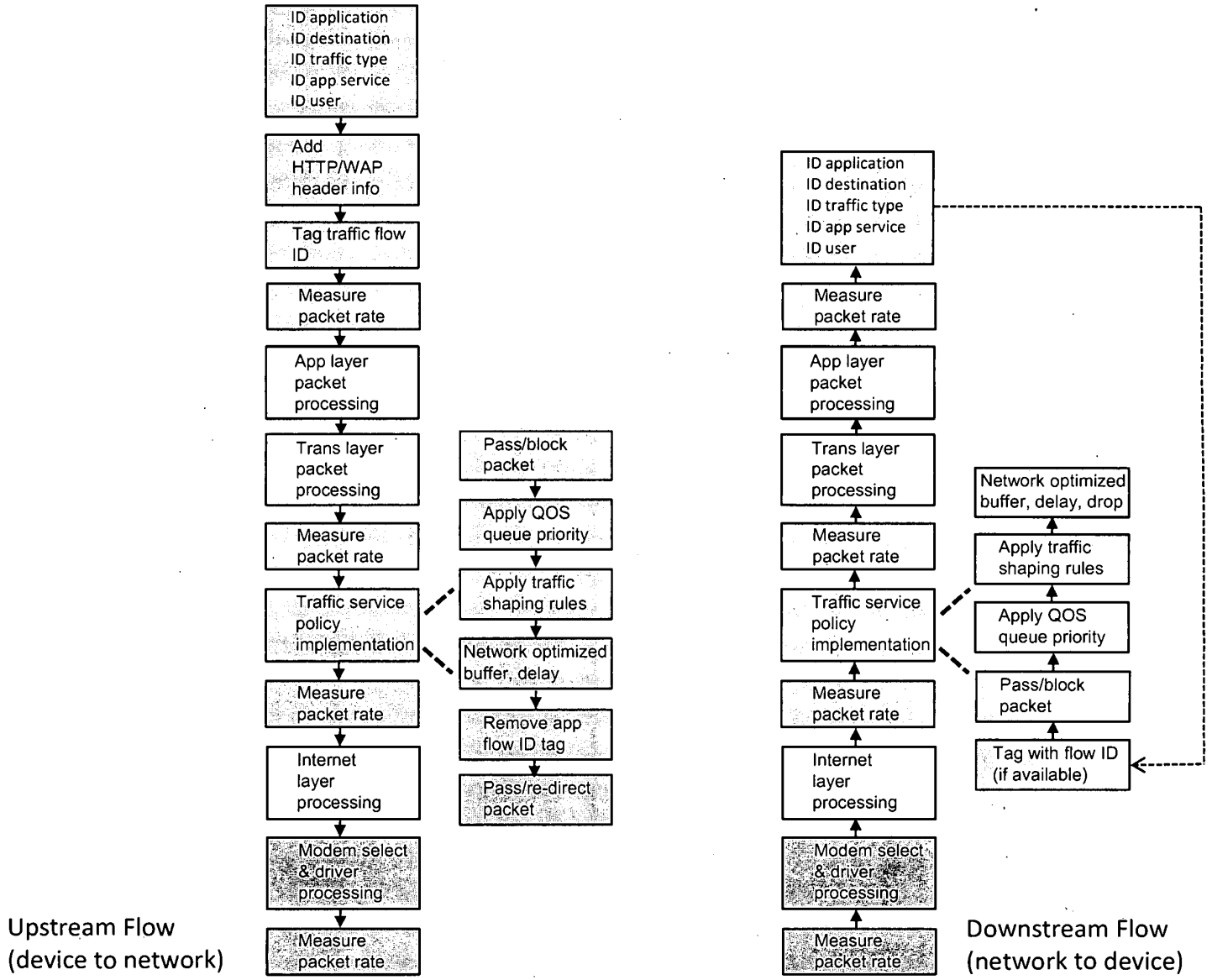

ID application
ID destination
ID traffic type
ID app service
ID user
Add HTTP/WAP header info
Tag traffic flow ID
Measure packet rate
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy implementation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Pass/block packet
Apply QOS queue priority
Apply traffic shaping rules
Network optimized buffer, delay
Remove app flow ID tag
Pass/re-direct packet
Upstream Flow (device to network)
ID application
ID destination
ID traffic type
ID app service
ID user
Measure packet rate
App layer packet processing
Trans layer packet processing
Measure packet rate
Traffic service policy implementation
Measure packet rate
Internet layer processing
Modem select & driver processing
Measure packet rate
Network optimized buffer, delay, drop
Apply traffic shaping rules
Apply QOS queue priority
Pass/block packet
Tag with flow ID (if available)
Downstream Flow (network to device)

Figure 40

Example Device CRM Data Collection and Reporting Classification	Partial Description	Example Sensitivity Level Classification	Example Authorization Level to Include in Report
Basic non-specific service usage parameters	User sensitive information is filtered from this report which is used for purposes such as service control, service control integrity monitoring or network traffic analysis.	Low	None
Service billing events or service plan selection events	Documents user selection process from service plan selection or billing options.	Low	Customer authorization with basic service agreement or enterprise agreement
Transaction billing events	Documents user selection process from service plan selection or billing options.	Low	Customer authorization with central billing agreement or enterprise agreement
Device location – customer location based service assist	Reports customer location for the purpose of assisting with location based services such as directions, yellow pages, shopping and social networking.	High	Customer authorization with basic service agreement or enterprise agreement
Device location – device or people tracking	Reports customer location for the purpose of providing tracking services for the device or the user.	High	Customer authorization with separate device tracking service agreement or enterprise agreement
Transaction associated information	Reports customer information such as networking activity, location, advertising usage, shopping behavior that is associated with a commerce transaction or happens around the same time as the transaction.	High	Customer authorization – potential service discount or upgrade or enterprise agreement
URL history	Reports customer web surfing history.	High	Customer authorization – potential service discount or upgrade or enterprise agreement
Served and visited advertisement history	Reports the advertisements served to the user or which advertisements the user responded to. This information may be used to determine customer preferences or for a revenue sharing relationship with the advertisers.	Medium	Customer authorization – potential service discount, perk or upgrade or enterprise agreement
911 Service usage and location trace log	This log contains all information pertinent to emergency service personnel responding to a 911 call or other emergency situation. In some embodiments this information is password protected and generally not available to the service provider unless it happens to also be contained in reports authorized by the consumer as in the examples above.	Very High	Available only for 911 support or enterprise agreement

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Figure 41

Partial List of Example Service Policy Functionality Embodiments	Partial Description of Functionality Example	Example Authorization Level Required to Implement Embodiment
Block downstream or upstream traffic	Various embodiments block traffic associated with one or more of user, network address identifier, application, content or data type, type of network, central provider, transaction provider, or transaction type. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of command usage are access control prior to authorization, access control policy limits as defined by service plan or special device type, access control for ambient activation services, access control for error handling or access control for tamper prevention. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode.	Basic authority to pass or block traffic for access control, authorization, ambient services, or plan specific services typically may be provided by the user when they acknowledge the service plan agreement. Authorization to block traffic access as part of controlling user service costs typically may be provided by they service plan agreement options the user chooses to manage cost or may be provided when the user acknowledges the limitations in the UI notifications.
Pass downstream or upstream traffic	Various embodiments allow traffic associated with one or more of user, network address identifier, application, content or data type, type of network, central provider, transaction provider, or transaction type. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of command usage are access control prior to authorization, access control policy limits as defined by service plan or special device type, access control for ambient activation services, access control for error handling or access control for tamper prevention. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode.	Same as above.
Limit maximum data rate	Various embodiments limit maximum data rate for traffic associated with one or more of user, network address identifier, application, content or data type, type of network, central provider, transaction provider, or transaction type. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of how this command can be implemented include limiting data rate to the device according to service plan; limiting data rate by network address identifier, application or content type for the purpose of implementing a tiered garden; limiting data rate in to different levels according to the type of access technology used by the present network connection; limiting data rate to different levels according to the service provider for the present network; or limiting data rate according to an agreement or lack of agreement with a transaction provider. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode.	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.
Analyze traffic	Provides capability resident on the device to analyze device or user traffic statistics to determine how to implement adaptive policy control or how best to assist the user with notification messages. In some embodiments it is important to perform traffic analysis locally on the device to reduce network chatter with the Control Processor or to maintain user CRM privacy levels by not sharing sensitive raw traffic usage history needed to determine implementation of less sensitive service control policies. Typical but non-exhaustive examples of command usage are analyzing traffic usage statistics or patterns to determine compliance with service plan limits; analyzing traffic usage statistics or patterns to determine likely future compliance with service plan limits; analyzing traffic statistics or patterns to categorize usage according to network address identifiers, applications, content types, network types or central providers; analyzing traffic demand vs. usage statistics or patterns to determine if user may be better served with another service plan; analyzing traffic statistics or patterns to identify potential tamper threats. This command may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode, but adaptive application of the analysis results is typically associated with adaptive policy control mode.	Authorization to analyze traffic for local device service policy control purposes or 911 service typically may be provided for in the basic service contract. Authorization to transmit a complete or filtered version of the traffic analysis to the Service Controller typically may be provided under user selected options in the service plan contract.
Successive limitation	Provides capability to begin with one limit on access or data rate according to a set of defined service usage trigger criteria, to further limit access or data rate according to said criteria, and then to successively remove limits according to said criteria. In some embodiments this function provides for service usage that starts at a given level for one or more service aspects, but as said service aspect exhibits usage that potentially threatens an overage on service plan limits then the level of service for said service aspect is reduced successively until the threat of service plan overage is reduced or eliminated. In some embodiments, the limits on service level for said service aspect are eventually removed either all at once or successively over a specified time period or set of time periods so that the limits on service level for said service aspect are eventually removed if the service aspect is used less vigorously for a period of time. In this type of embodiment the projection for future service usage by a given service aspect is assisted by the analyze traffic statistics function. As a more specific example, the service aspect may be a URL address that is popular with the user and demands a high service consumption, and the data rate allowed to that URL may start at a relatively high level when the user first begins to surf and as long as the surfing session is finished quickly there is never a reduction in service level, but if the user surfs for a longer time so that service usage begins to threaten plan limit overage, the data rate allowed to that URL is successively reduced the longer the surfing session occurs. Continuing this example embodiment, if the URL is not visited for a defined period of time then the data rate limitation may be removed in steps over multiple pre-defined time periods, or may be removed all at once back to the initial data rate established in the service policy for that URL. Other specific embodiment examples include email download or upload data rate; download or upload rates for certain types of file transfers; or download or upload rates for a given network access technology or central provider. This command is associated with adaptive policy control mode for the Service Processor. In more advanced adaptive embodiments, the policy control system first identifies those service aspects that are consuming a large percentage of the service usage and then begins to successively limit service level only for these highest usage service aspects so that all other service aspects that are not responsible for potential service plan limit overage continue to receive relatively high service levels. In another embodiment, some high usage service aspects may be exempt or partially exempt from limitations in service level, as for example a service aspect that is associated with a secondary source of service or transaction payment or that may be separately accounted for in the service plan usage reporting.	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.

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Figure 42A

Partial List of Example Service Policy Functionality Embodiments	Partial Description of Functionality Example	Example Authorization Level Required to Implement Embodiment
Limit email file transfers	Sets and enforces limits on email downloads. In some embodiments this can include use of the successively limit functionality. In some embodiments, this is accomplished by identifying specific email downloads or uploads and controlling traffic for those traffic flows. In other embodiments, this includes interacting with the email application to set download or upload file settings. This functionality may be implemented in instantaneous policy implementation mode or adaptive policy control mode, with the more advanced functionality such as successive limitation on email file transfers being implemented in the adaptive policy control mode.	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.
Seek to manage below service limit	Implements adaptive policy control in an attempt to manage service usage to reduce service plan limit overages. In some embodiments there are successive limits on service level for overall traffic, or for the highest usage service aspects, with the successive limits being lowered until average service usage is projected to be below service plan limits. The algorithms that may be applied to achieve this adaptive service level limitation are quite varied and only a few are given here. In one embodiment, the service usage for the service plan period is projected using the analyze traffic functionality, and overall device data rate is successively limited until service usage is projected to be below the service plan limit. In another embodiment, the analyze traffic functionality is used to identify those service aspects that are causing the majority of the service plan usage, and then each of those service plan aspects are limited using the successive limitation functionality, with the service level limitations being based on the traffic usage patterns and specific application scenarios for each service aspect. For example, in some embodiments the service aspects that are creating the most service usage are subjected to more service level limitation than service aspects that are creating less service usage. Service usage may be defined as usage of a raw service measurement such as total data consumption, files downloaded or time spent on network, or it may be translated into an economic measure using the lookup service cost functionality. In some embodiments, the period of time elapsed in the service accounting period is taken into account in determining...	Same as above.
Synchronize service usage counters	Synchronizes service usage counters on device from time to time to minimize service accounting errors between the device data base and the central billing data base. In some embodiments this is a part of the Service Processor heartbeat communication system that need not happen every heartbeat. In some embodiments this occurs with a request for update by the device to the central billing system or to a server function in the Ser	Provided for in the basic service agreement.
Lookup service cost	Provides a data base of service usage vs. cost for each type of service offered on the device. Provides for a lookup function of service cost.	Same as above.
Convert service usage to service cost	Uses the service cost vs. usage lookup function to transform one or more service usage aspects to one or more service cost aspect. One example embodiment provides a service cost measure for one specific aspect of service usage, for example total data consumed over a period of time. Another example embodiment provides a total service cost measure for all service usage over a period of time.	Same as above.
Notify user of service overage	Sends a notification message or screen to the UI to inform the user that the one or more aspects of service usage has exceeded the specified limits of one or more service plans. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen.	Same as above.
Project service usage	Uses the analyze traffic functionality and projects an estimate of what the traffic usage will be at the end of a service plan measurement interval if the service usage does not change. In some embodiments the projected service usage is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above.

915

Figure 42B

Partial List of Example Service Policy Functionality Embodiments	Partial Description of Functionality Example	Example Authorization Level Required to Implement Embodiment
Notify user of service cost overage	Performs a service cost estimate based on one or more aspects of service usage and informs the user that the one or more aspects of service cost has exceeded the specified limits of a service plan. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen.	Provided for in the basic service agreement.
Notify user of usage behavior likely to run over service usage limit	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, notifies the user if the projected usage is over the service plan limit for the service plan measurement interval. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen. In some embodiments the projected service usage is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above.
Notify user of usage behavior likely to run over cost limit	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, uses convert service measure to service cost functionality to estimate the service cost of the projected service overage, notifies the user if the projected cost is over the service plan cost associated with the service plan service limit for the service plan measurement interval. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen. In some embodiments the projected cost is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above.
Project user service cost if usage behavior continues	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, uses convert service measure to service cost functionality to estimate the service cost of the projected service overage, notifies the user of what the projected cost will be if the service usage behavior remains the same. In some embodiments, the user notice is a pop-up window and in some embodiments there is a continuous display on a small gauge in main screen. In some embodiments the projected cost is made based on assuming the average service usage per unit time in the present service plan measurement interval does not change for the remainder of the service plan measurement interval.	Same as above.
Limit access likely to cause overage and notify	Uses the project service usage functionality to determine if the service usage is projected to go beyond the service plan limit, if the service usage is projected to go over the service limit, notifies the user that limits are being applied to keep service usage or cost under the service limit, applies limits to various aspects of service usage to bring down usage so that projections are within service limits. In one embodiment, the seek to manage below service limit functionality is used.	Authorization to limit data rate for all traffic or a subset of traffic typically may be provided in the options the user specifies for how to limit potential or actual service plan usage or cost overages. For example, one user may choose to have no limits and be notified when service usage is over or about to go over, while another user may choose to allow traffic control sufficient to keep service usage under the service plan limit without any notification.
Require acknowledgement of notification	Requires the user to acknowledge a notification of potential service or cost overage or a notification of an option to limit the service overage or cost of service overage.	Provided for in the basic service agreement.
Log or report acknowledgement of notification	In some embodiments, the user acknowledgement of notification is stored, or sent to the Service Controller, or stored and later sent to the service Controller.	Same as above.
Notify user of service plan options prior to running over service usage limit	Notifies the user of options to extend the service plan limit before reaching the service plan limit. In some embodiments, accepts user input on which service plan extension option if any the user wishes to accept. In some embodiments, notifies the billing system when the user has accepted a service plan extension option.	Same as above.
Notify user of service plan options after running over service usage limit	Notifies the user of options to extend the service plan limit after reaching the service plan limit. In some embodiments, accepts user input on which service plan extension option if any the user wishes to accept. In some embodiments, notifies the billing system when the user has accepted a service plan extension option.	Same as above.
Time of day variations	Each of the functionalities for traffic control, service cost, service limits may be modified with a time of day variation so that the values used are different for different times of day.	Same as above.

916

Figure 42C

Partial List of Example Service Policy Functionality Embodiments	Partial Description of Functionality Example	Example Authorization Level Required to Implement Embodiment
Access control enable list	List of service usage activities that are enabled.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the control data base.
Access control block list	List of service usage activities that are blocked.	Same as above.
User service control option UI	Provides the user with a list of options for how they would like to control service usage or service cost.	In some embodiments UI screens and scripts are defined by the UI agent software version and access to modifying this software is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI data base. Some embodiments call for the UI screens or UI screen content to be generated by the service controller, VSP or another network function (e.g. service usage notification gateway or billing system) and in this case access is restricted to to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI pass through screens.
User service notification option preference	Provides the user with a list of options for how they would like service notification information to be displayed. In some embodiments provides the user with the option to turn off one or more aspects of service notification. In some embodiments the user is not allowed to turn off notification for service usage events that require user decision or acknowledgement.	In some embodiments UI screens and scripts are defined by the UI agent software version and access to modifying this software is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI data base. Some embodiments call for the UI screens or UI screen content to be generated by the service controller, VSP or another network function (e.g. service usage notification gateway or billing system) and in this case access is restricted to to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the UI pass through screens.
User CRM or service usage monitoring filtering option preference	Filters the device and/or user information that is being collected before it is reported to the network to maintain the desired level of user privacy. In some embodiments the user defines preferences on user privacy that are used to define the filter settings.	In some embodiments this is not accessible by the network and only may be modified by the user. In other embodiments it may be read but not written by the network and in this case authorization is restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the filter settings data base. In some embodiments the network is allowed to change the CRM filter settings and in this case Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the CRM filter settings data base.
Service usage billing event record	A record of service usage billing events. In some embodiments this record is transmitted to the billing server or another network function to aid service billing or billing reconciliation.	In some embodiments authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the billing data base. In some embodiments the user is allowed to read but not write the data base.
Bill by account	The bill by account embodiments provide for service billing to accounts different than the main user account, for example tracking network device chatter that is not desired to be billed to the user, transaction partner access costs that are shared with or billed to the transaction partner, ambient service cost tracking, tracking temporary account costs, etc.	In some embodiments authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the billing data base. In some embodiments the user is allowed to read but not write the data base.
Central billing transaction and event recording	Billing event tracking and reporting associated with the central provider open billing embodiments. Some embodiments include generation of billing certificates or receipts. In some embodiments the device may serve as a billing feed.	In some embodiments authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the billing data base. In some embodiments the user is allowed to read but not write the data base.

Figure 42D

Partial List of Example Service Policy Functionality Embodiments	Partial Description of Functionality Example	Example Authorization Level Required to Implement Embodiment
Service owner registration or re-registration	Function that allows a portion of the device credentials to be programmed to indicated the VSP.	In some embodiments authorization to write the device is restricted with security signatures or other security methods to the VSP and possibly the central provider. Some embodiments involve provisions to report to a network function when the VSP settings are changed or the software is uninstalled. Other embodiments involve restoring VSP settings or software if removed.
Credentials swap	Function that provides for swapping of credentials, for example temporary credentials to permanent credentials.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the credentials data base.
Account information swap	Function that provides for swapping the account information, for example temporary account to permanent account.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the activation service profile data base.
Configure or re-configure service processor for new device service	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the service profile, device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the service profile data base.
Ambient service profile definition	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the ambient service profile, device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the ambient service profile data base.
Analyze service usage statistics	VSP function to analyzer service usage statistics for a device, defined group of devices, defined group of service plans or service profiles, defined group of users or other groupings.	Authorization typically restricted to service controller, VSP or other network entity with the credentials to access the service usage history data bases.
Dry lab test new service policy	Allows simulated testing of draft service profiles and/or service plans against device usage statistics for a defined group of devices or users or service profiles, or against simulated device service usage behavior. Some embodiments show the estimated profitability of proposed service profile and service plan. Some embodiments allow decomposition of the service usage statistics to identify the user group service usage activities that may be modified by changing the service usage control policies or made more profitable by changing the service plan billing policies.	Authorization typically restricted to service controller, VSP or other network entity with the credentials to access the service usage history data bases.
Beta test publishing system	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the service profile, device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters for a beta test device group.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the service profile data base.
Publish new service	Function that provides for service processor programming for all the information that defines the service profile, device credentials, VSP and other necessary parameters for a production device group.	Authorization restricted to service controller, VSP or other network function with proper credentials to access the service profile data base.

Figure 42E

Partial List of Example Service Policy Functionality Embodiments	Partial Description of Functionality Example	Example Authorization Level Required to Implement Embodiment
Roaming selection service	Function that surveys available roaming service partners, looks up the billing rates for the partners, and displays to the user the set of choices and billing rates. In some embodiments the roaming partner billing rates for one or more roaming partners are applied to a typical user service usage scenario for the purpose of estimating possible projected roaming costs and displaying those costs to the user. In some embodiments the roaming data is stored locally on the device and periodically updated with network refreshes, while in other embodiments the data base is looked up at the time of service. In some embodiments, the user is asked if they would like to modify their service usage notification or control profiles to save roaming costs and if the user responds yes they are provided with a set of options for changing service usage notification or service usage control policies.	Authorization to modify the policies typically restricted to the VSP or other entity responsible for managing the roaming service.
Roaming usage count	Provides a service usage estimate to the user while roaming.	Same as above.
Roaming cost service	Provides a service cost estimate to the user while roaming.	Same as above.
Roaming policy control service	Provides the user or VSP with the capability to switch service usage notification or service usage control policies while roaming. Some embodiments provide for restrictions to roaming carrier options. Some embodiments provide policies based on carrier chosen. Some embodiments provide policies based on the service cost for carrier chosen. Some embodiments specify preferred roaming lists that may be different than the central provider roaming list.	Same as above.
Switch policies for new network	Provides the user or VSP with the capability to switch service usage notification or service usage control policies depending on which network the device is connected to. Some embodiments provide for restrictions to certain network options. Some embodiments provide policies based on network chosen. Some embodiments provide policies based on the service cost for network chosen. Some embodiments provide for a network connection preference list.	Authorization to modify the policies typically restricted to the VSP or other entity responsible for managing the network selection policies.

Figure 42F

Service Processor Authorization

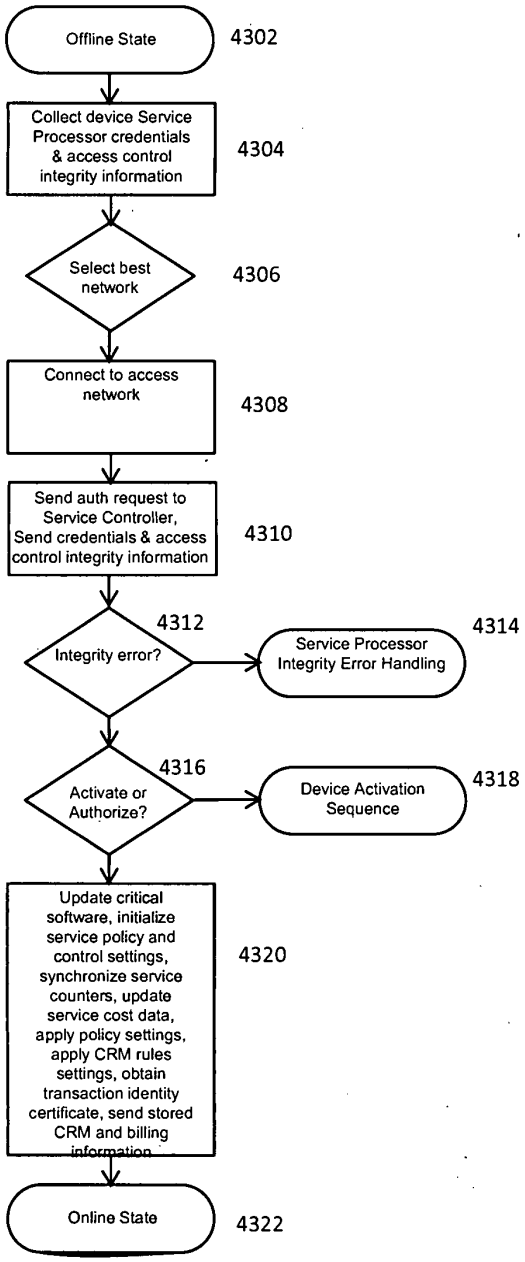


Figure 43A

Figure 43

Service Controller Authorization

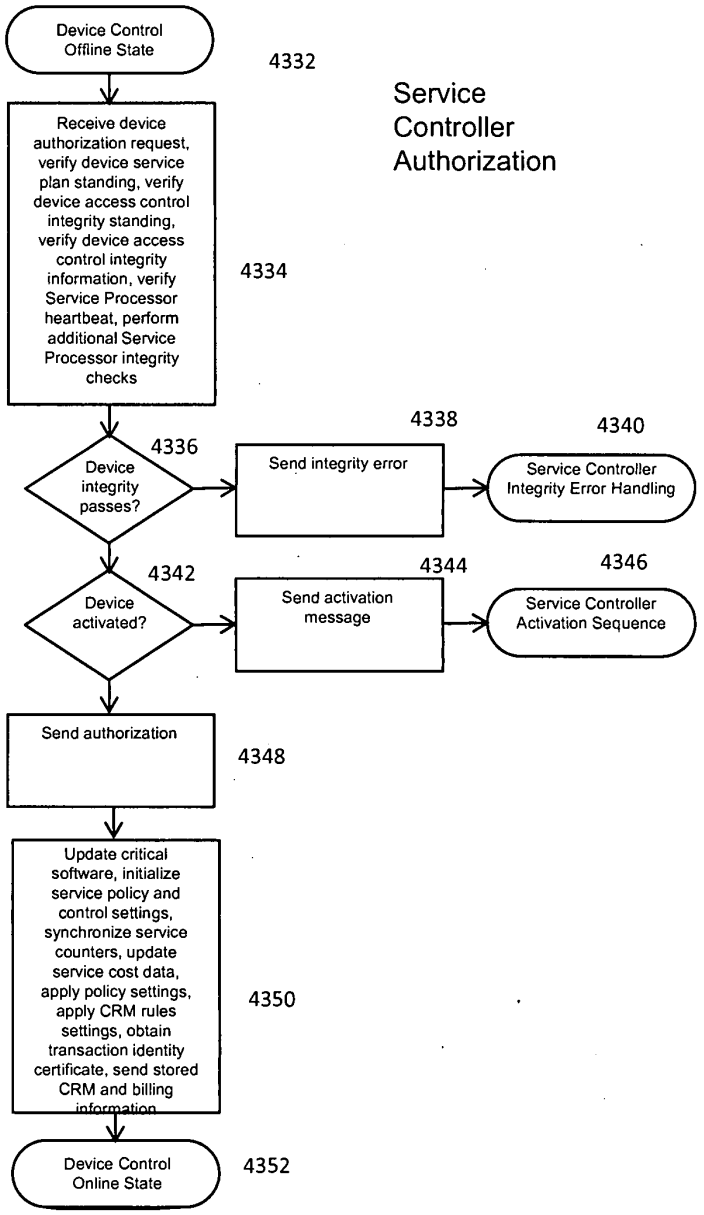


Figure 43B

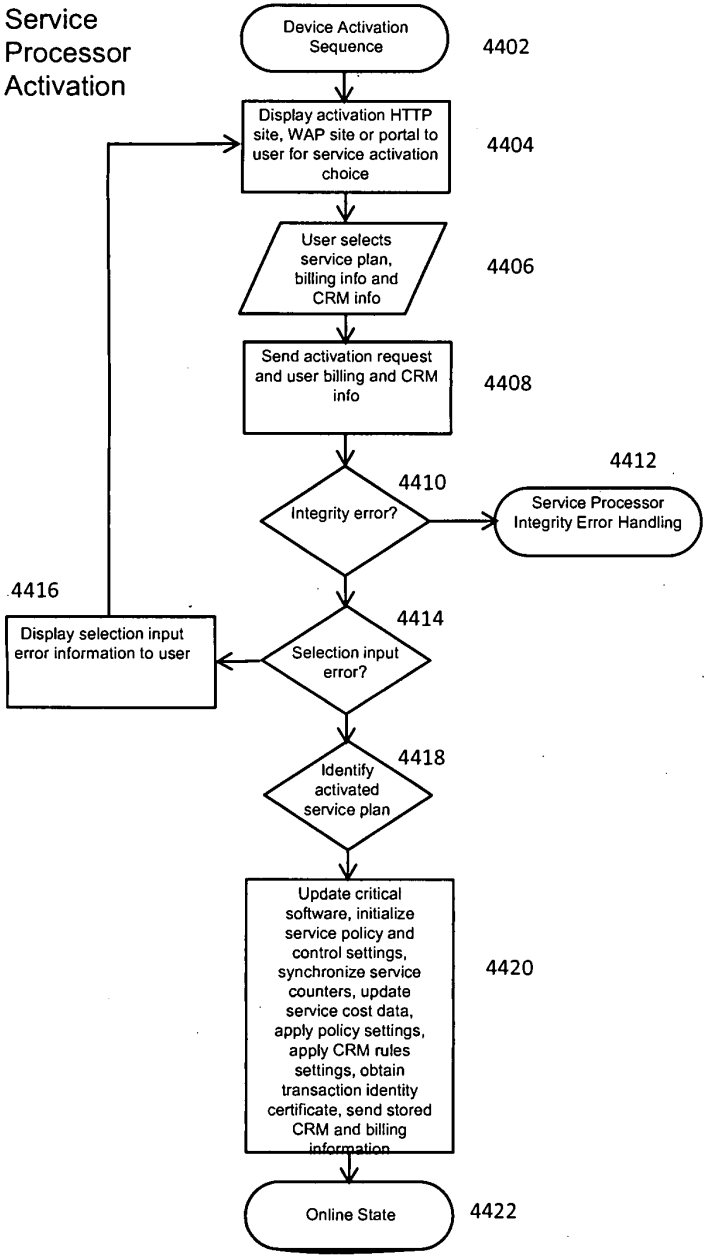


Figure 44A

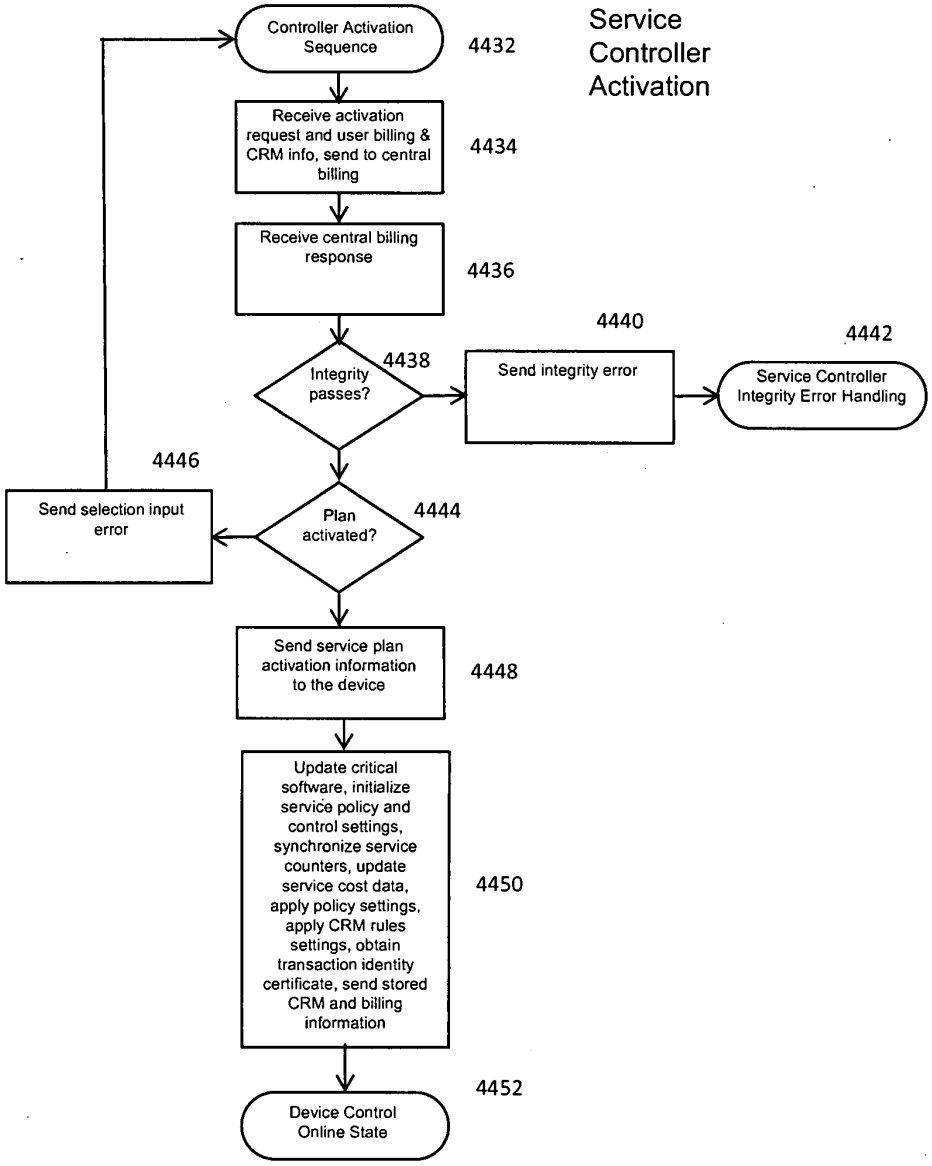


Figure 44B

Figure 44

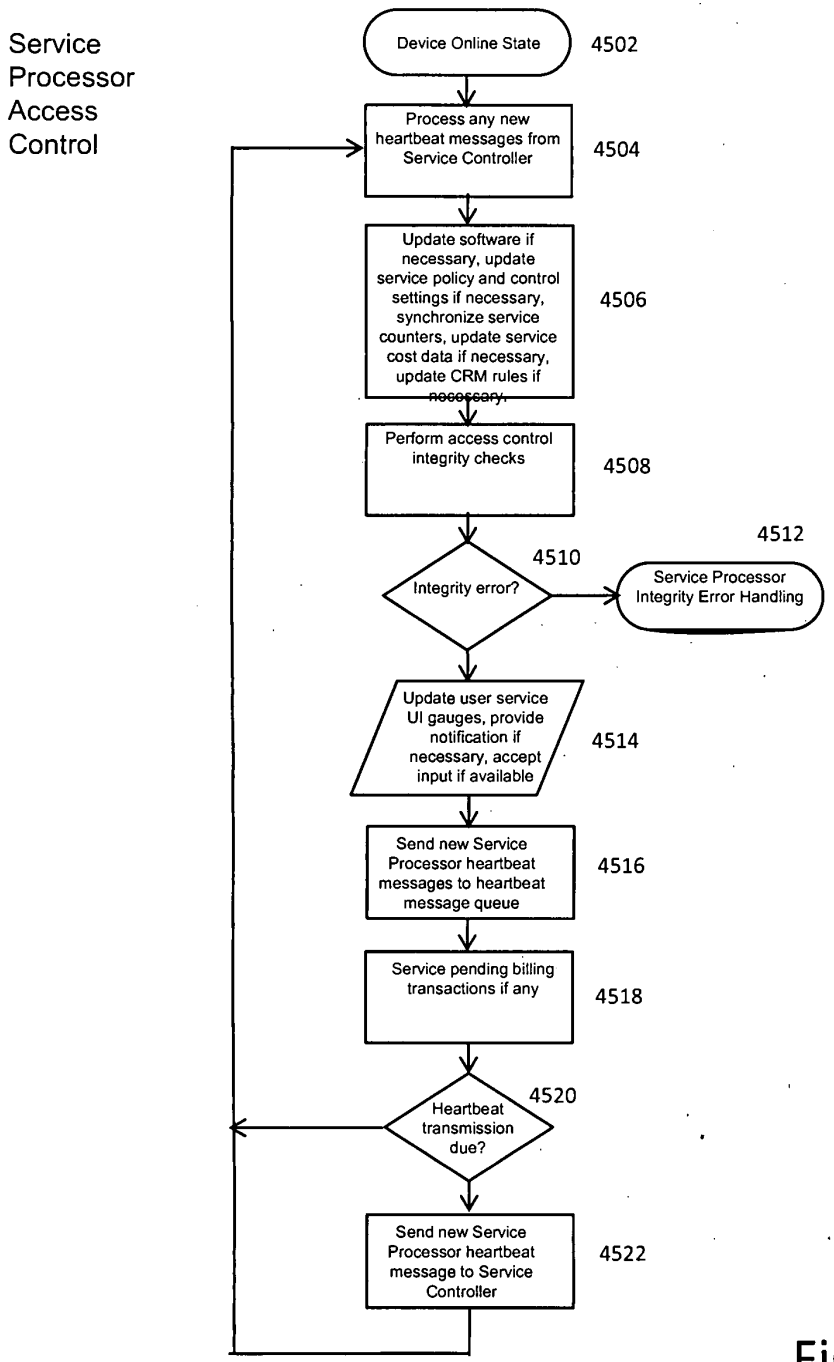


Figure 45A

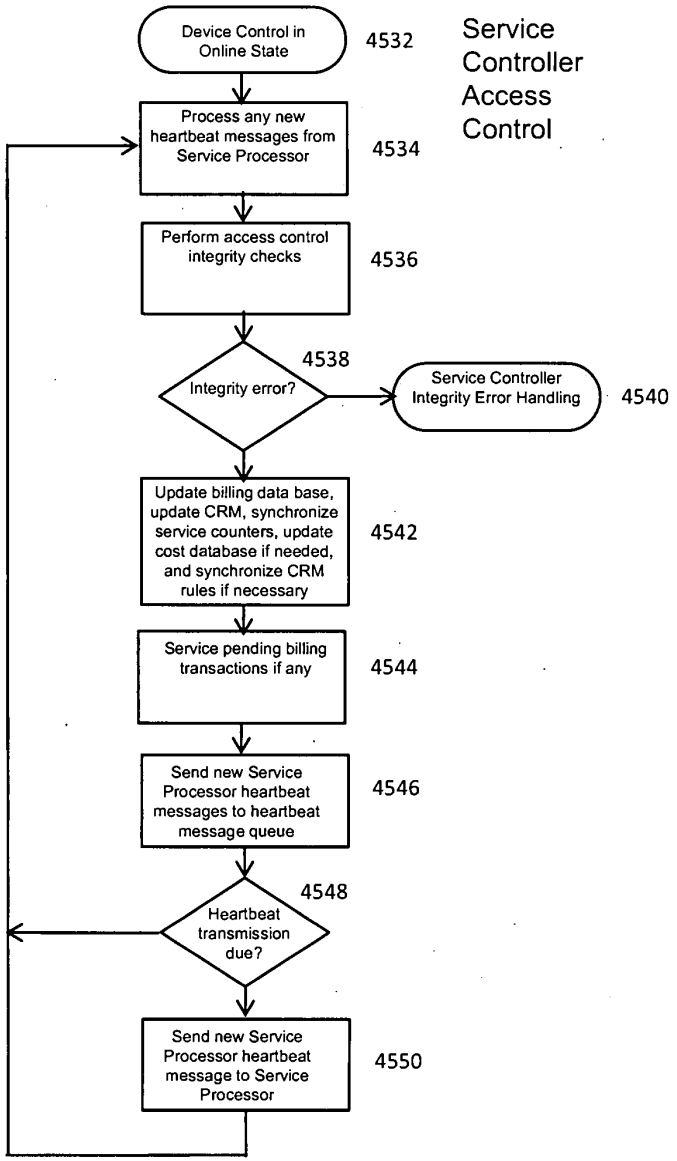


Figure 45B

Figure 45

922

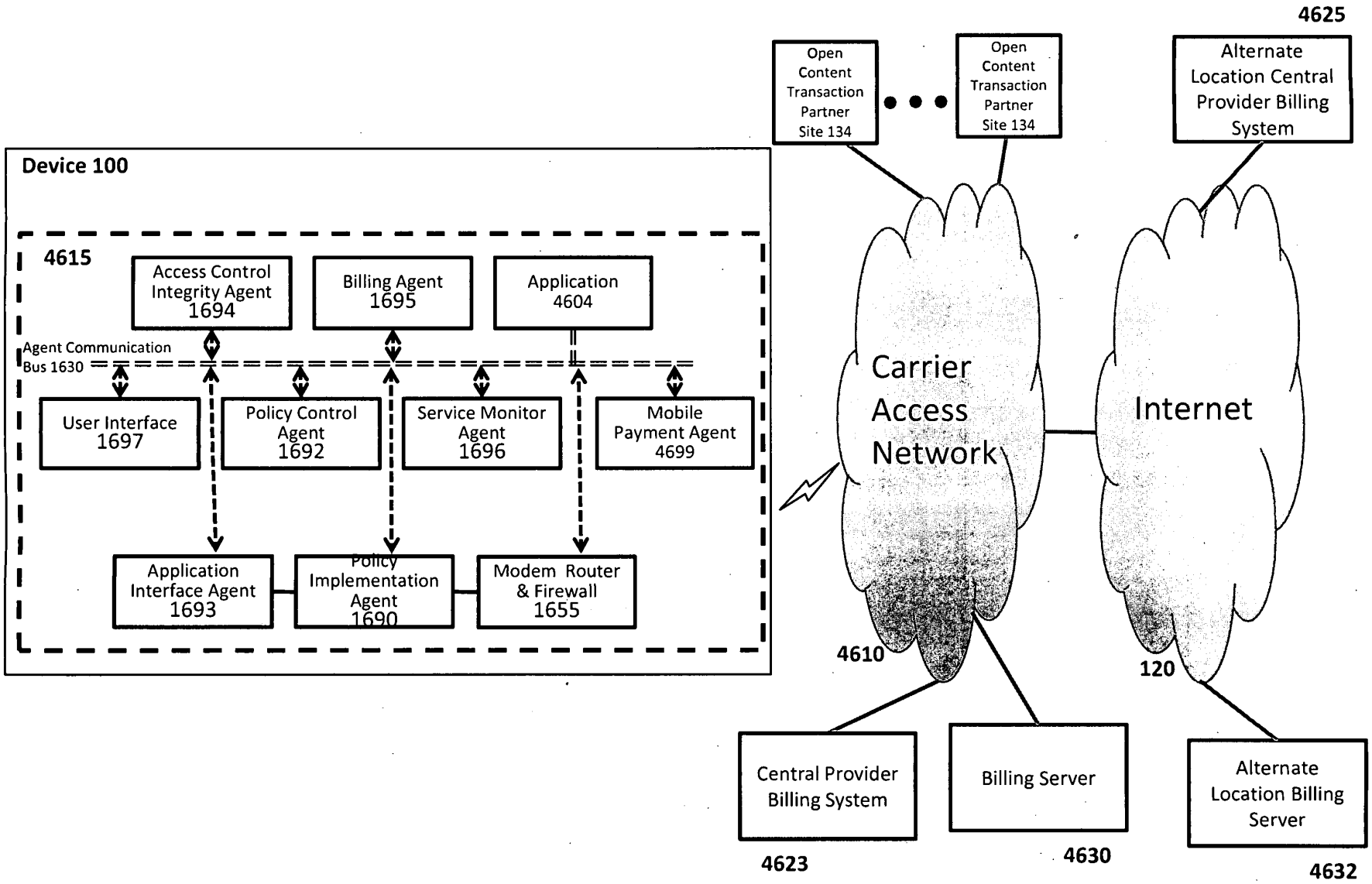

4625
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
Open Content Transaction Partner Site 134
Alternate Location Central Provider Billing System
Device 100
4615
Access Control Integrity Agent 1694
Billing Agent 1695
Application 4604
Agent Communication Bus 1630
User Interface 1697
Policy Control Agent 1692
Service Monitor Agent 1696
Mobile Payment Agent 4699
Application Interface Agent 1693
Policy Implementation Agent 1690
Modem Router & Firewall 1655
Carrier Access Network
Internet
4610
120
Central Provider Billing System
Billing Server
Alternate Location Billing Server
4623
4630
4632

Figure 46

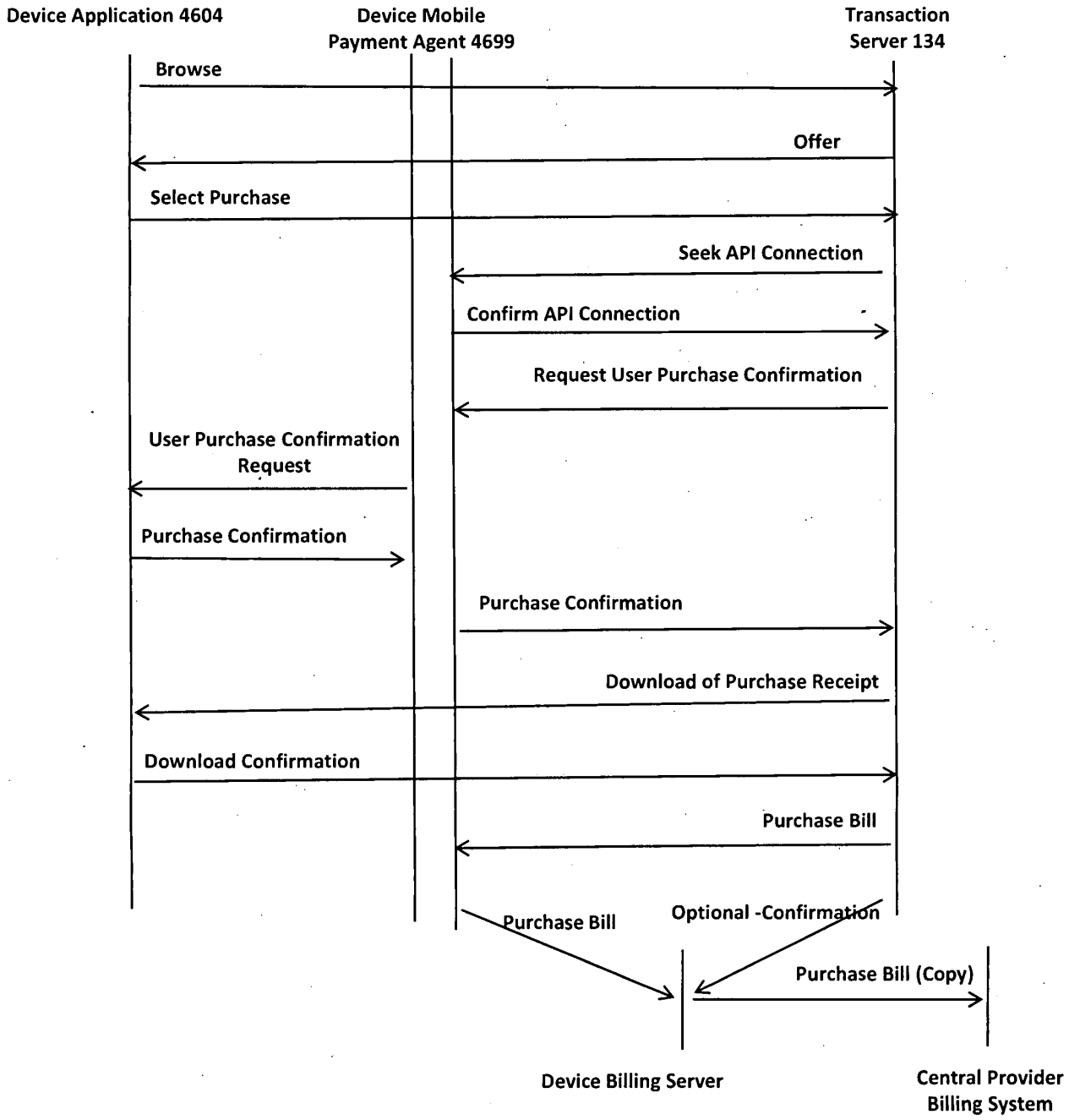

Device Application 4604
Device Mobile Payment Agent 4699
Transaction Server 134
Browse
Offer
Select Purchase
Seek API Connection
Confirm API Connection
Request User Purchase Confirmation
User Purchase Confirmation Request
Purchase Confirmation
Purchase Confirmation
Download of Purchase Receipt
Download Confirmation
Purchase Bill
Purchase Bill
Optional -Confirmation
Purchase Bill (Copy)
Device Billing Server
Central Provider Billing System

Figure 47A

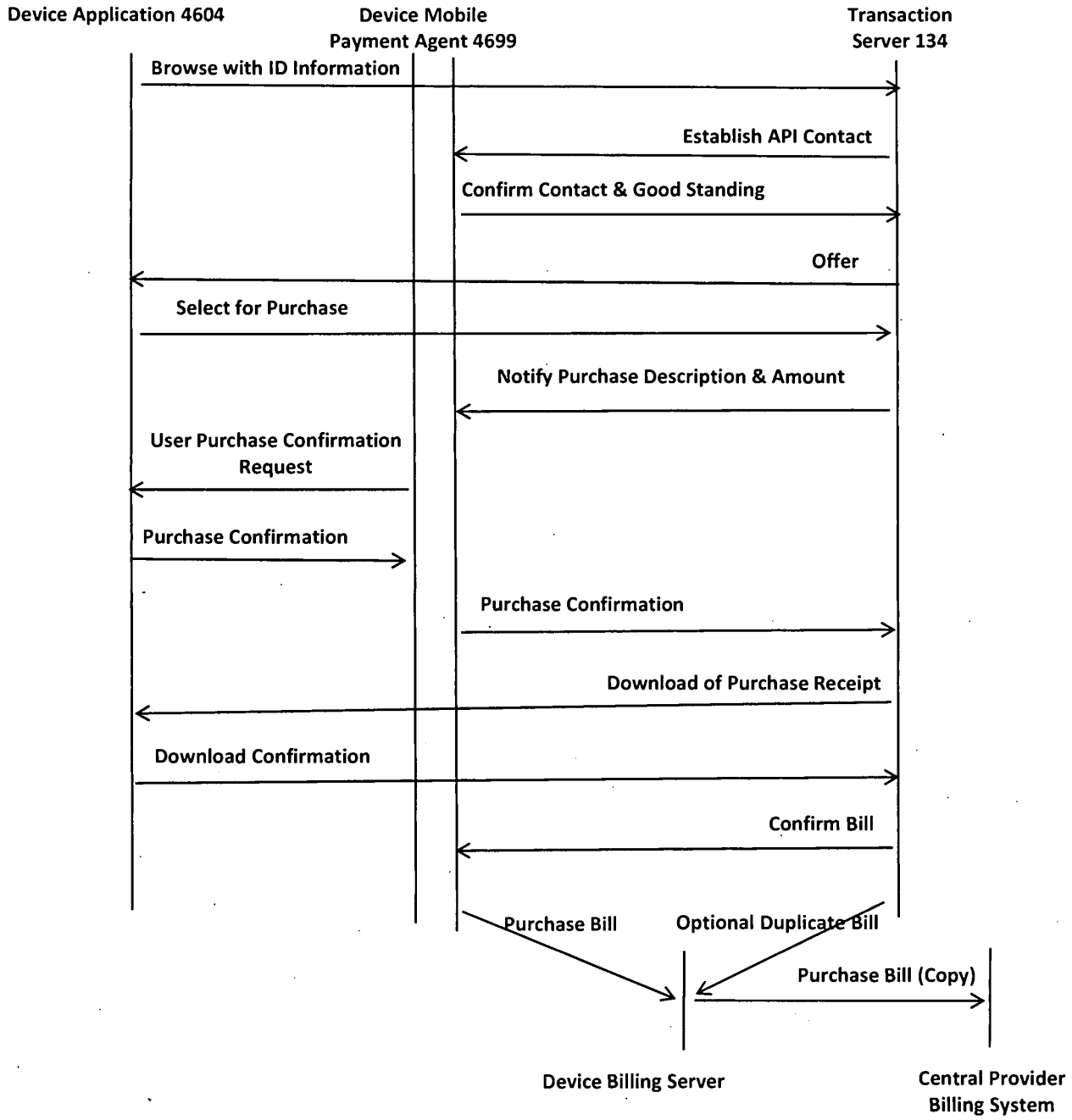

Device Application 4604
Device Mobile Payment Agent 4699
Transaction Server 134
Browse with ID Information
Establish API Contact
Confirm Contact & Good Standing
Offer
Select for Purchase
Notify Purchase Description & Amount
User Purchase Confirmation Request
Purchase Confirmation
Purchase Confirmation
Download of Purchase Receipt
Download Confirmation
Confirm Bill
Purchase Bill
Optional Duplicate Bill
Purchase Bill (Copy)
Device Billing Server
Central Provider Billing System

Figure 47B

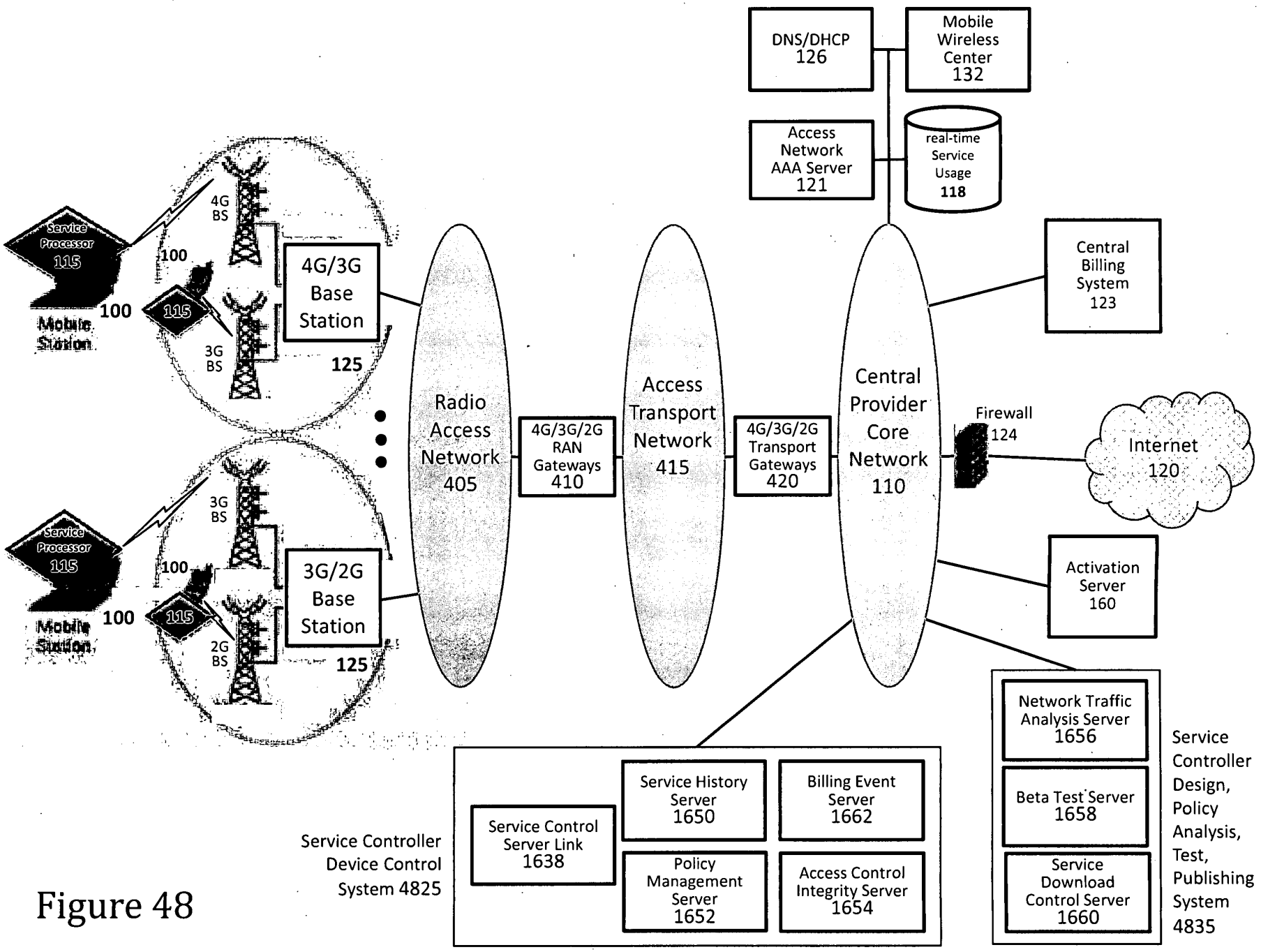


Figure 48

926

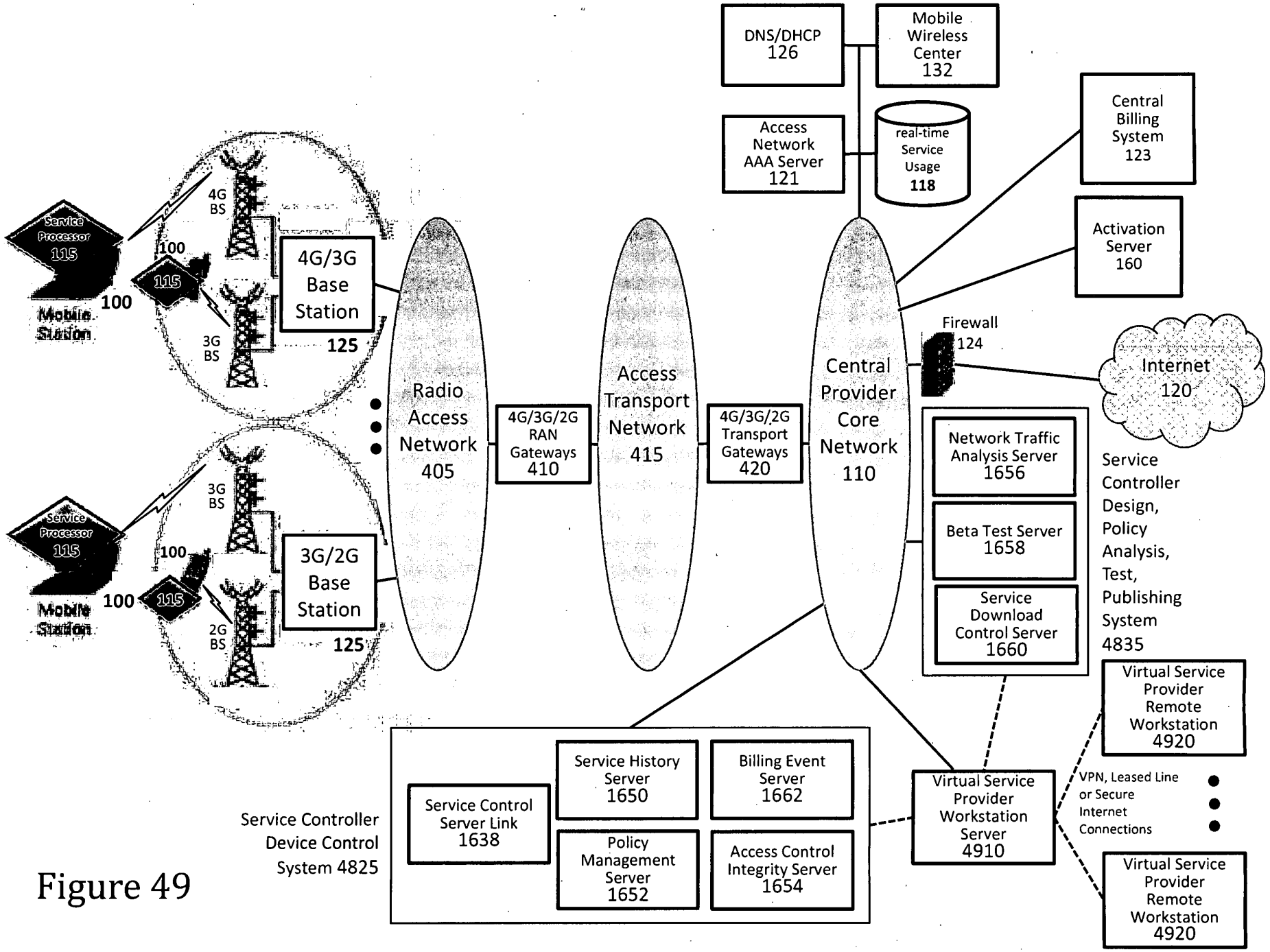


Figure 49

927

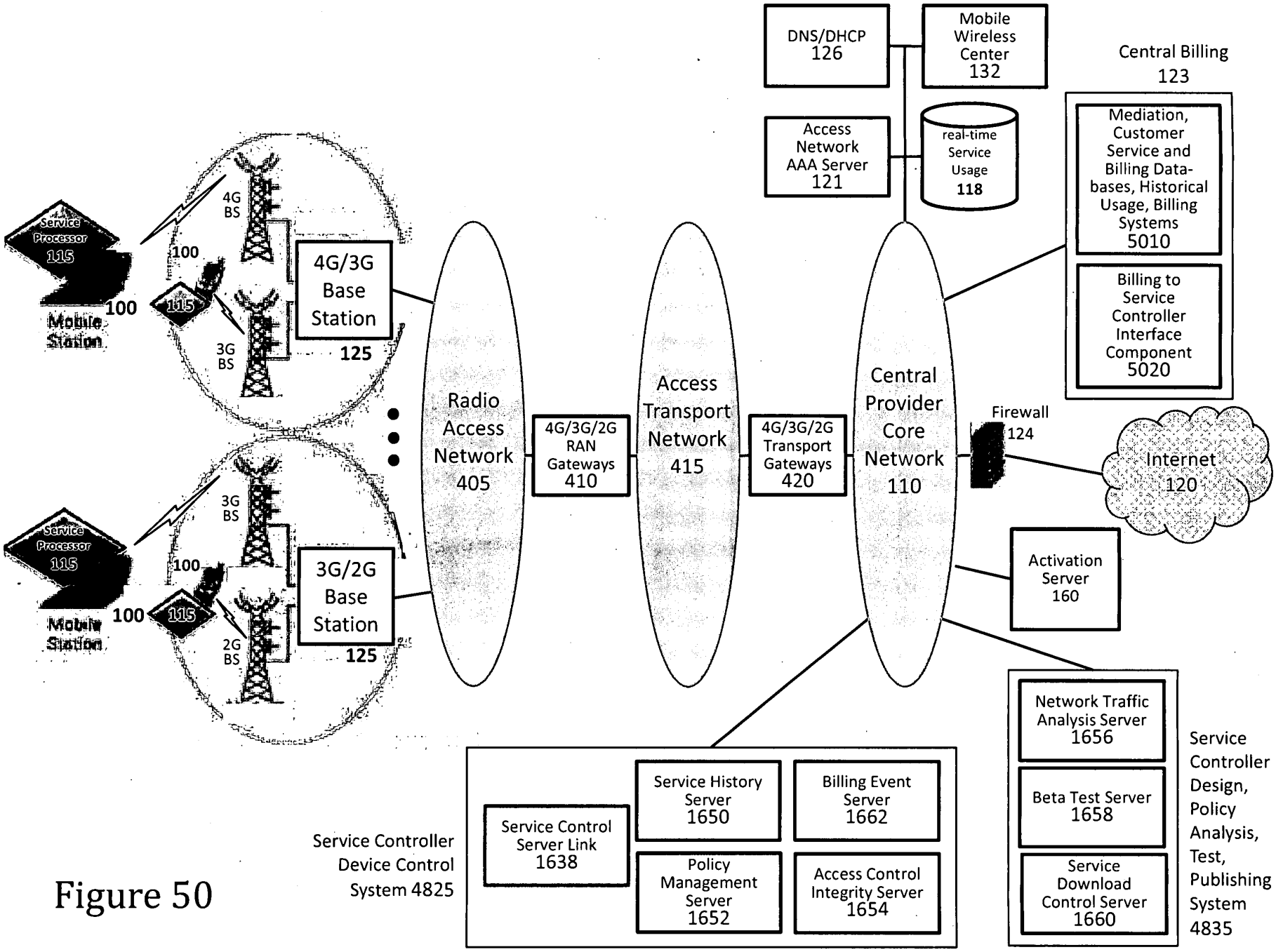

928
Service Processor 115
100
Mobile Station
4G BS
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station
125
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 110
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
real-time Service Usage 118
Central Billing 123
Mediation, Customer Service and Billing Data-bases, Historical Usage, Billing Systems 5010
Billing to Service Controller Interface Component 5020
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Activation Server 160
Service Controller Device Control System 4825
Service Control Server Link 1638
Service History Server 1650
Billing Event Server 1662
Policy Management Server 1652
Access Control Integrity Server 1654
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835

Figure 50

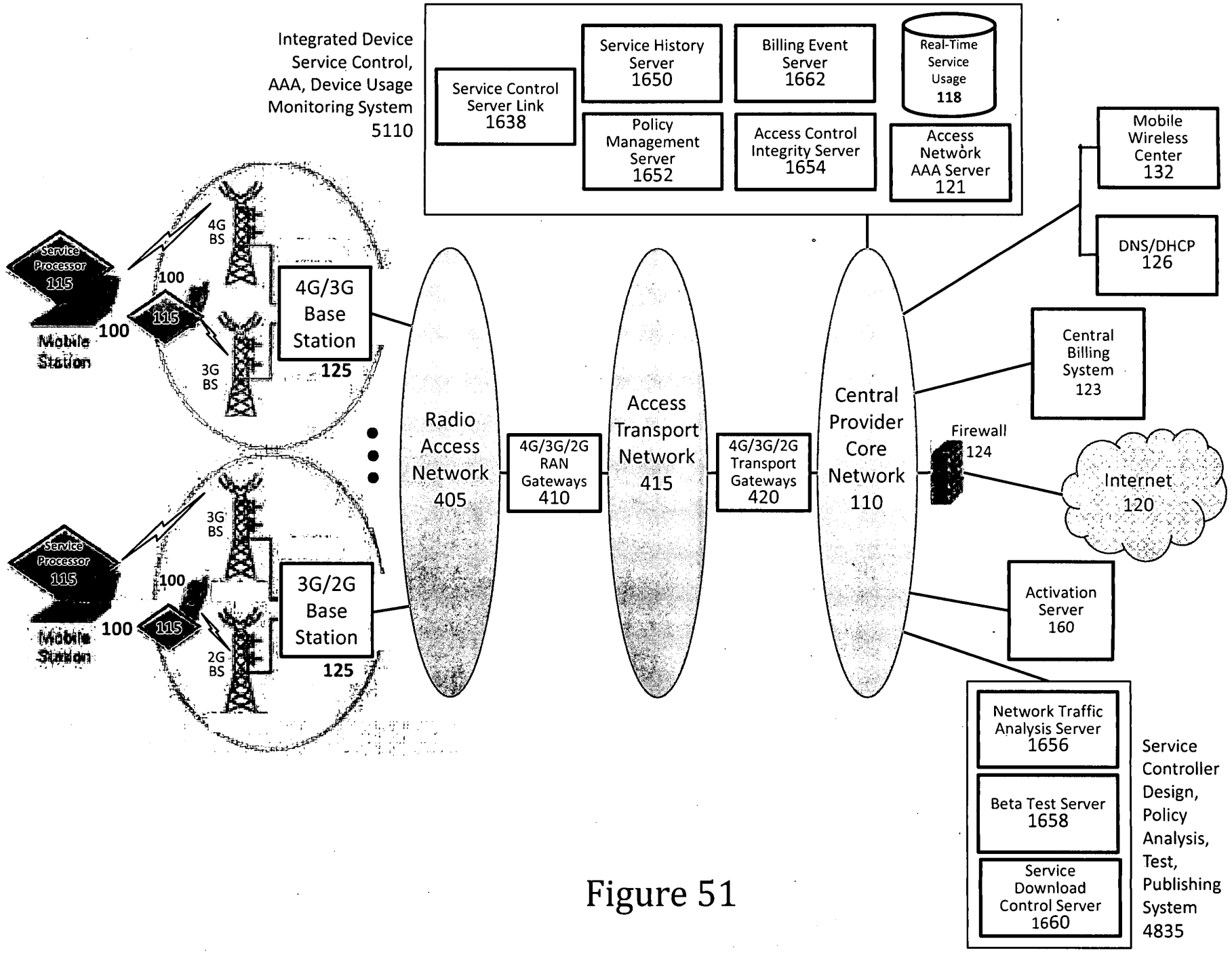

Integrated Device Service Control, AAA, Device Usage Monitoring System 5110
Service Control Server Link 1638
Service History Server 1650
Billing Event Server 1662
Real-Time Service Usage 118
Policy Management Server 1652
Access Control Integrity Server 1654
Access Network AAA Server 121
Mobile Wireless Center 132
DNS/DHCP 126
Central Billing System 123
Service Processor 115
Mobile Station
100
115
4G BS
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station 125
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station 125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 110
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Activation Server 160
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835

Figure 51

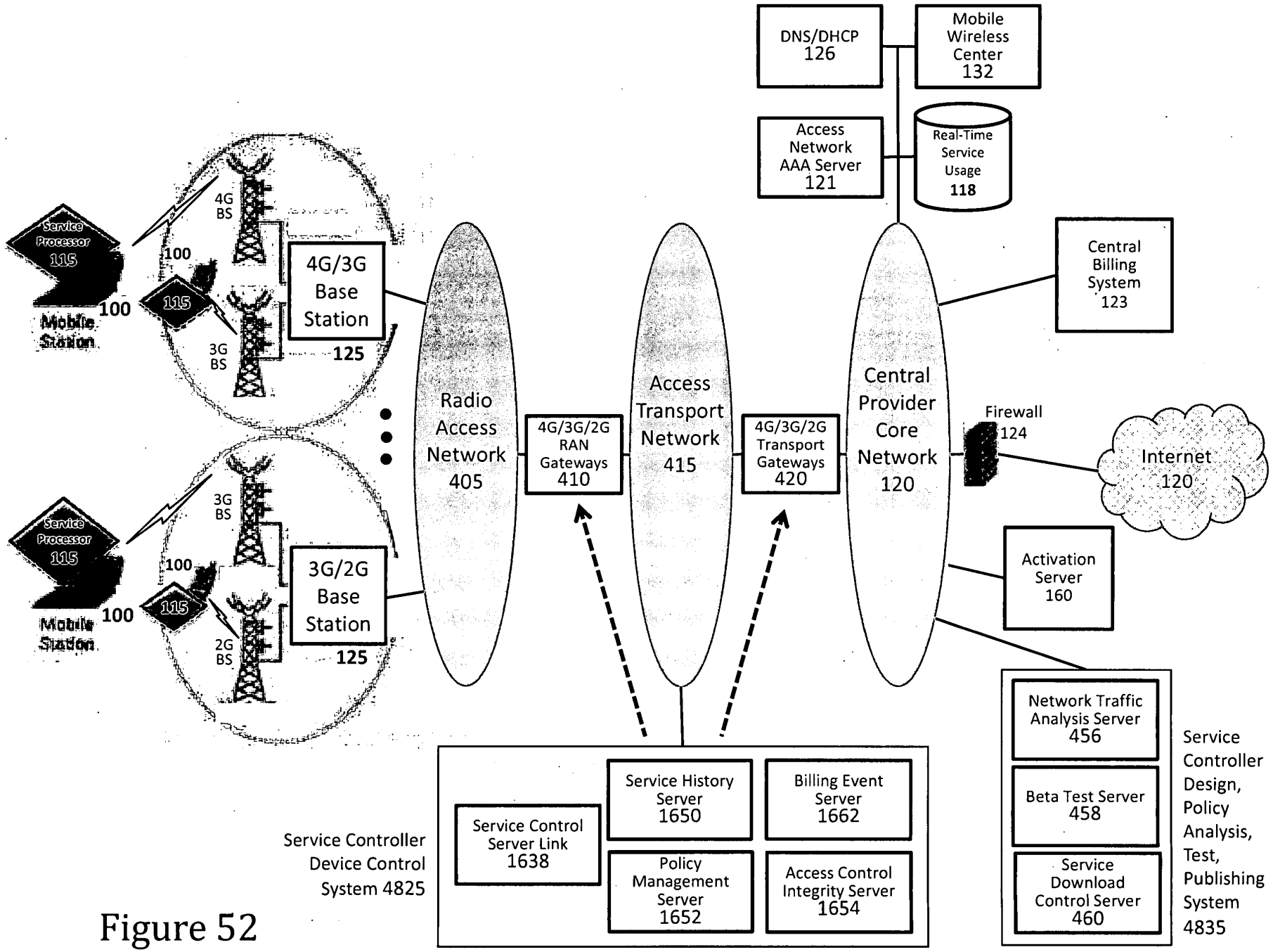

930
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
Real-Time Service Usage 118
Central Billing System 123
Service Processor 115
100
Mobile Station
4G BS
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station 125
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station 125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 120
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Activation Server 160
Service Controller Device Control System 4825
Service Control Server Link 1638
Service History Server 1650
Billing Event Server 1662
Policy Management Server 1652
Access Control Integrity Server 1654
Network Traffic Analysis Server 456
Beta Test Server 458
Service Download Control Server 460
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835

Figure 52

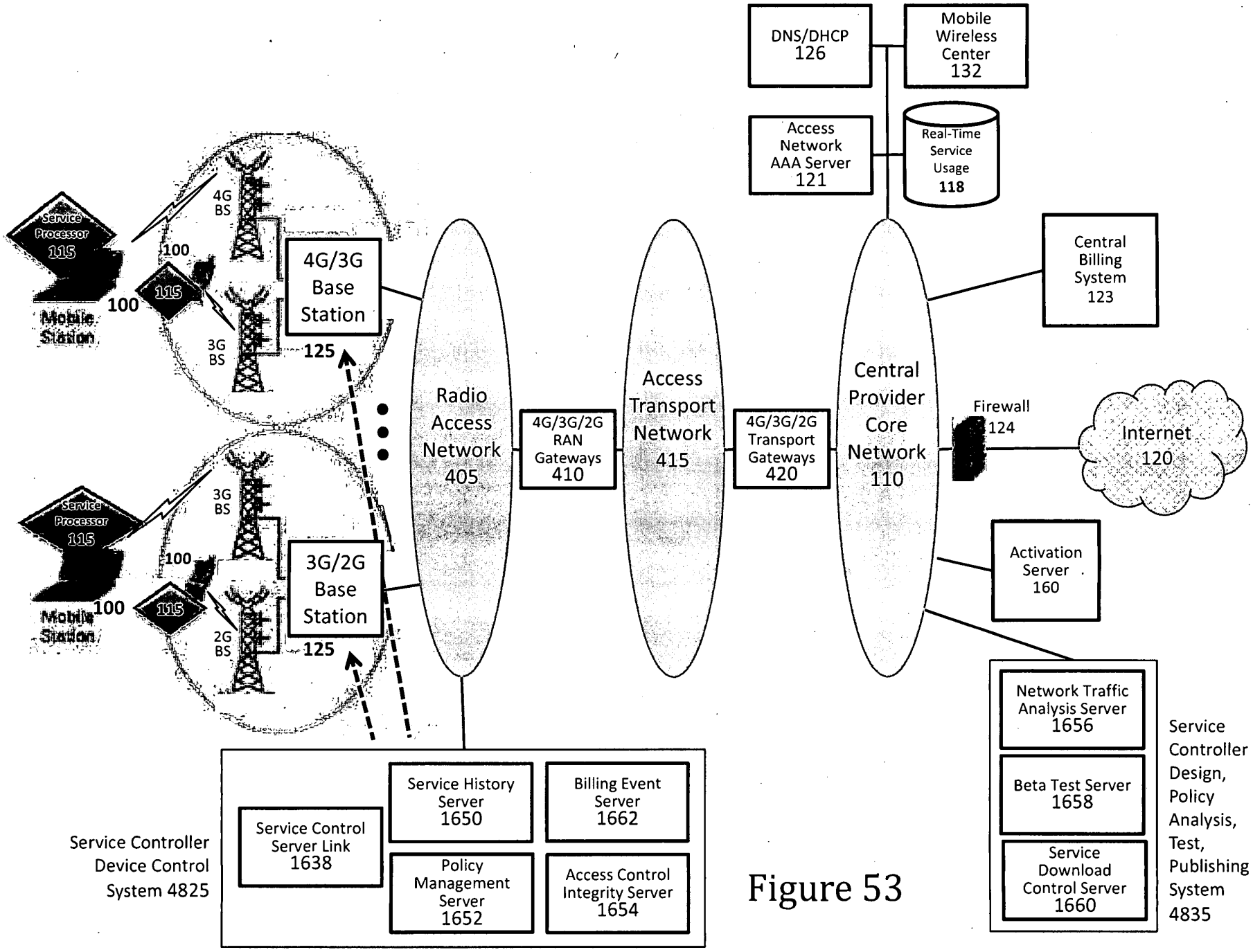


Figure 53

931

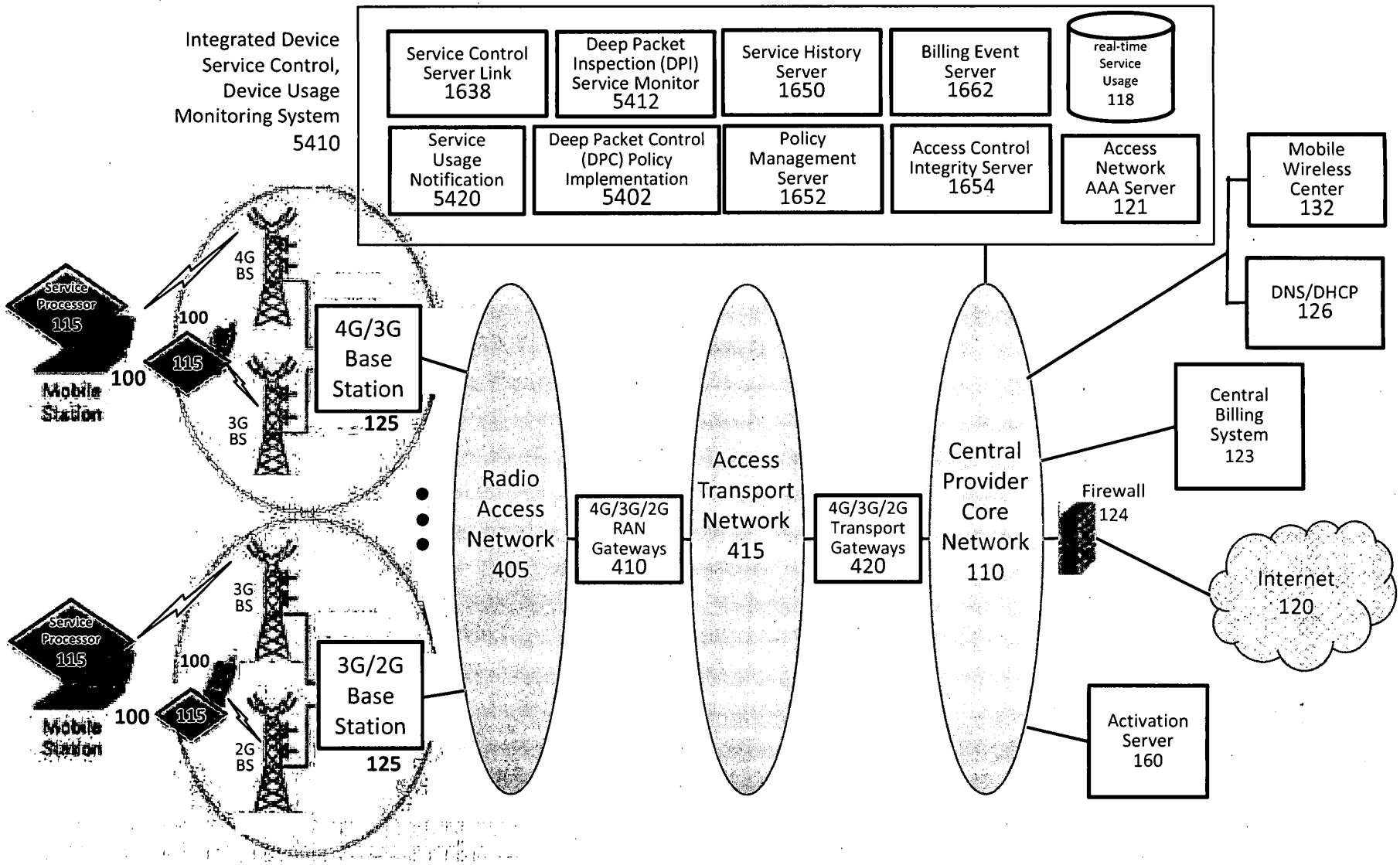

Integrated Device Service Control, Device Usage Monitoring System 5410
Service Control Server Link 1638
Deep Packet Inspection (DPI) Service Monitor 5412
Service History Server 1650
Billing Event Server 1662
real-time Service Usage 118
Service Usage Notification 5420
Deep Packet Control (DPC) Policy Implementation 5402
Policy Management Server 1652
Access Control Integrity Server 1654
Access Network AAA Server 121
Mobile Wireless Center 132
DNS/DHCP 126
Central Billing System 123
Service Processor 115
Mobile Station
100
115
4G BS
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station 125
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station 125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 110
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Activation Server 160
932

Figure 54

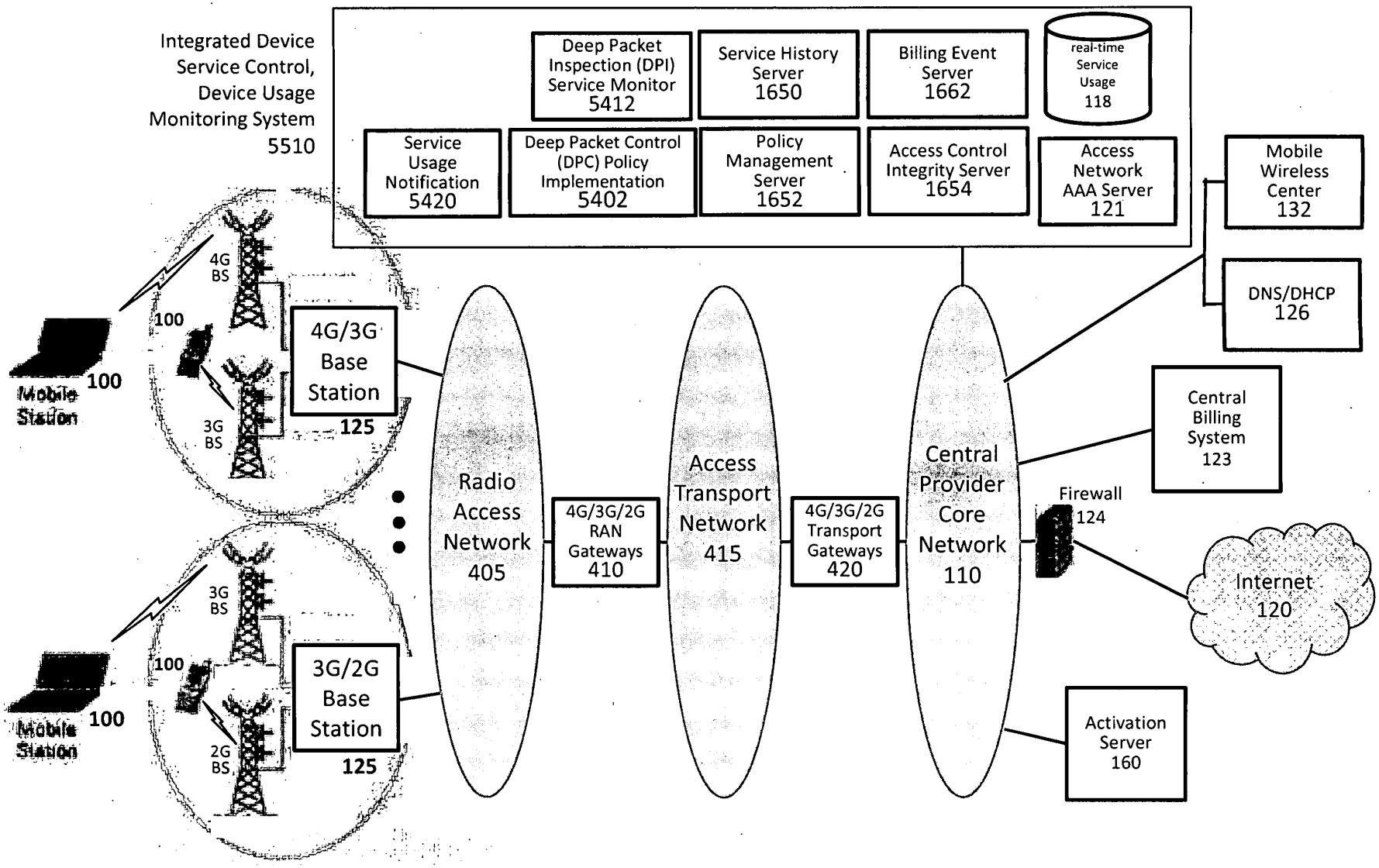


Figure 55

933

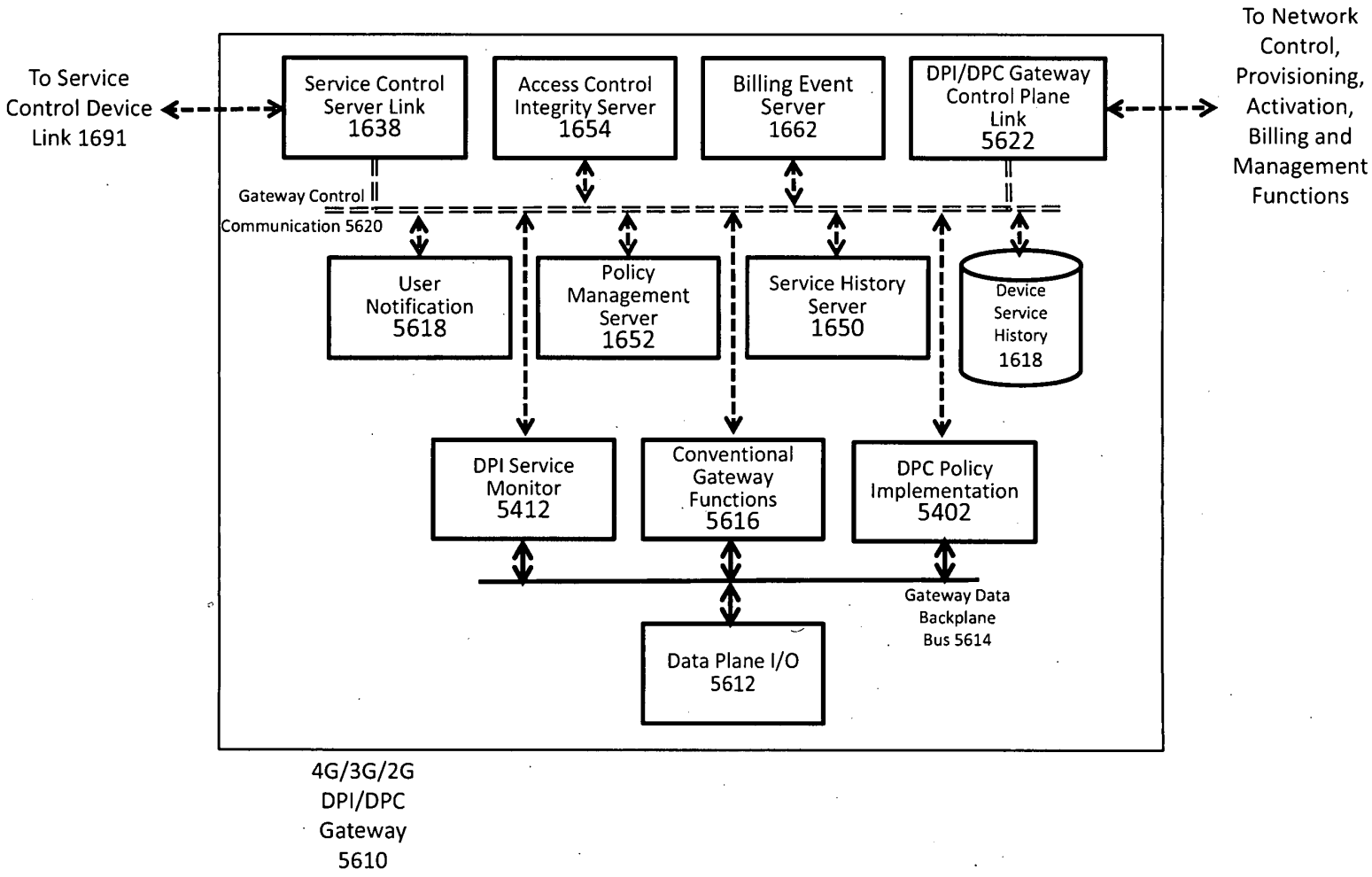


Figure 56

934

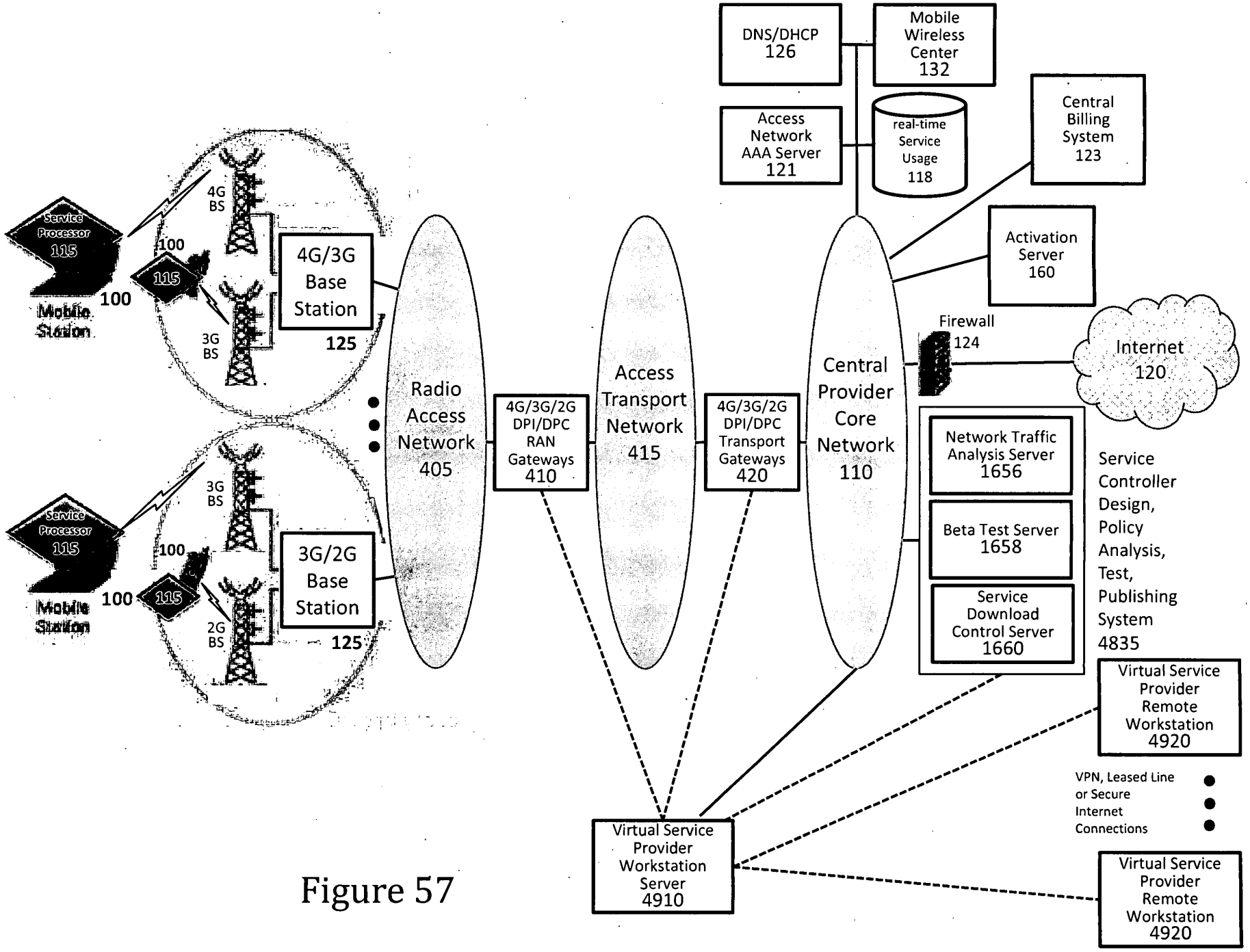

935
Service Processor 115
100
Mobile Station
115
4G BS
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station
125
Service Processor 115
100
Mobile Station
115
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station
125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 110
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
real-time Service Usage 118
Central Billing System 123
Activation Server 160
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server 4910
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920

Figure 57

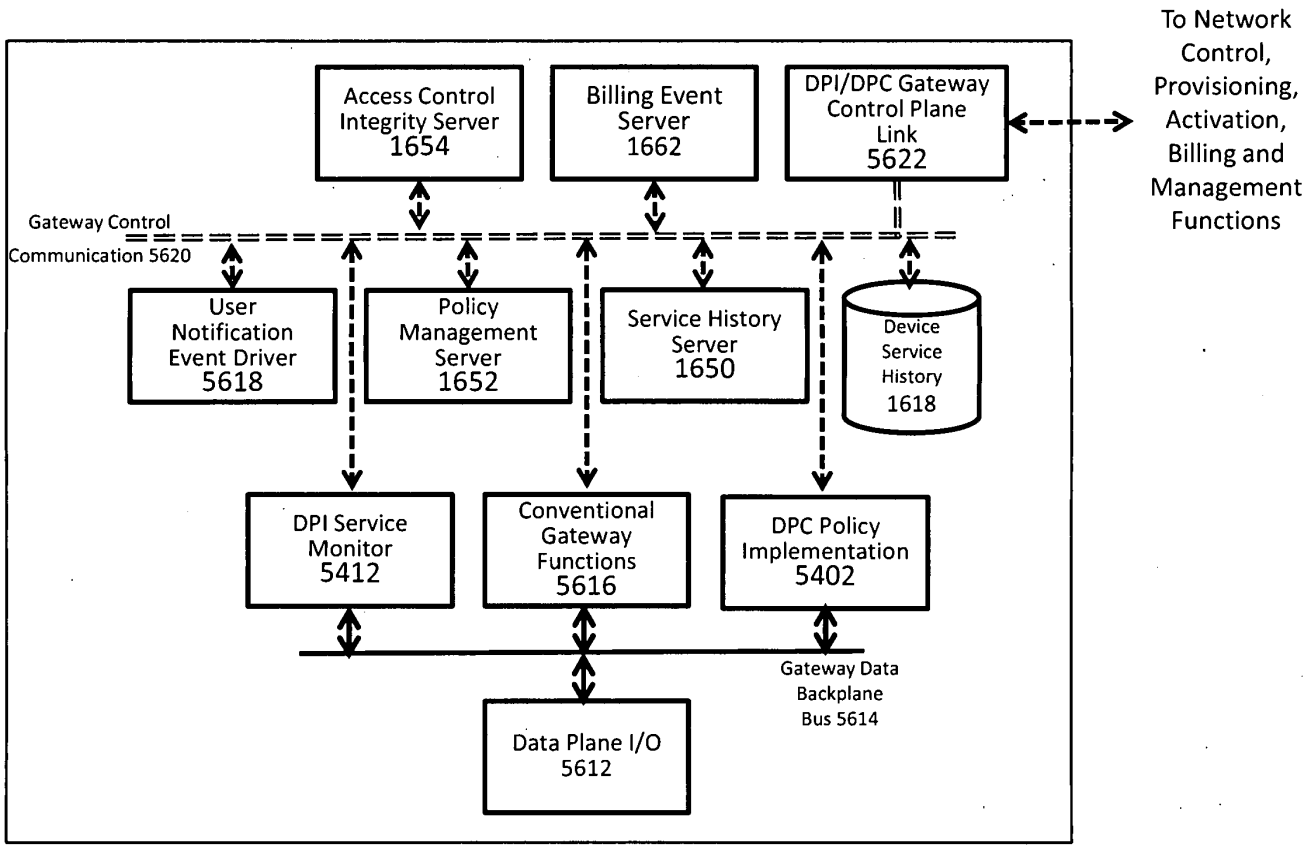

Access Control Integrity Server 1654
Billing Event Server 1662
DPI/DPC Gateway Control Plane Link 5622
To Network Control, Provisioning, Activation, Billing and Management Functions
Gateway Control Communication 5620
User Notification Event Driver 5618
Policy Management Server 1652
Service History Server 1650
Device Service History 1618
DPI Service Monitor 5412
Conventional Gateway Functions 5616
DPC Policy Implementation 5402
Gateway Data Backplane Bus 5614
Data Plane I/O 5612
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Gateway 5810

Figure 58

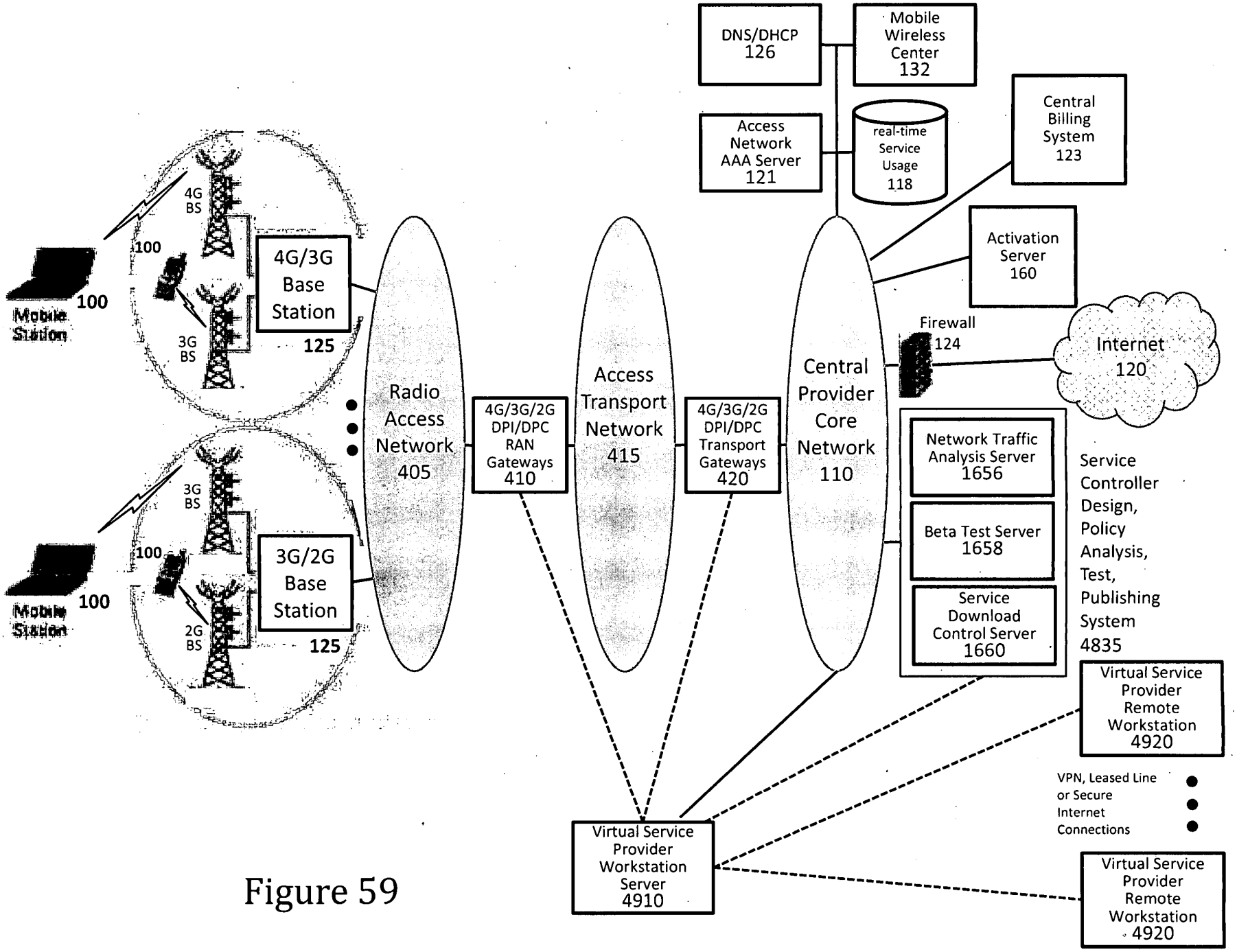

DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
real-time Service Usage 118
Central Billing System 123
Activation Server 160
Firewall 124
Internet 120
4G BS
3G BS
100
Mobile Station
4G/3G Base Station 125
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station 125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 110
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server 4910
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920

Figure 59

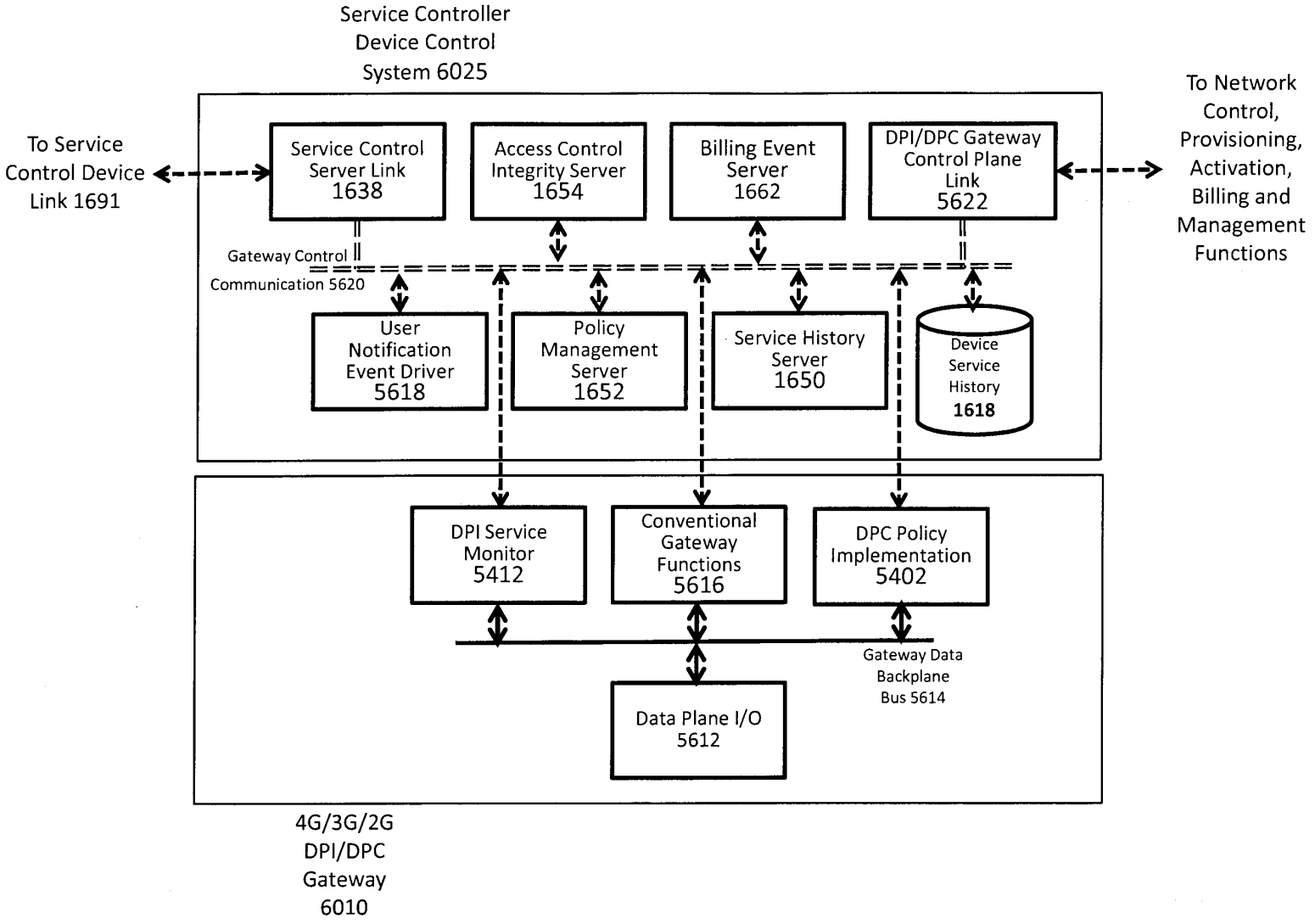

Service Controller
Device Control
System 6025
To Service
Control Device
Link 1691
Service Control
Server Link
1638
Access Control
Integrity Server
1654
Billing Event
Server
1662
DPI/DPC Gateway
Control Plane
Link
5622
To Network
Control,
Provisioning,
Activation,
Billing and
Management
Functions
Gateway Control
Communication 5620
User
Notification
Event Driver
5618
Policy
Management
Server
1652
Service History
Server
1650
Device
Service
History
1618
DPI Service
Monitor
5412
Conventional
Gateway
Functions
5616
DPC Policy
Implementation
5402
Gateway Data
Backplane
Bus 5614
Data Plane I/O
5612
4G/3G/2G
DPI/DPC
Gateway
6010

Figure 60

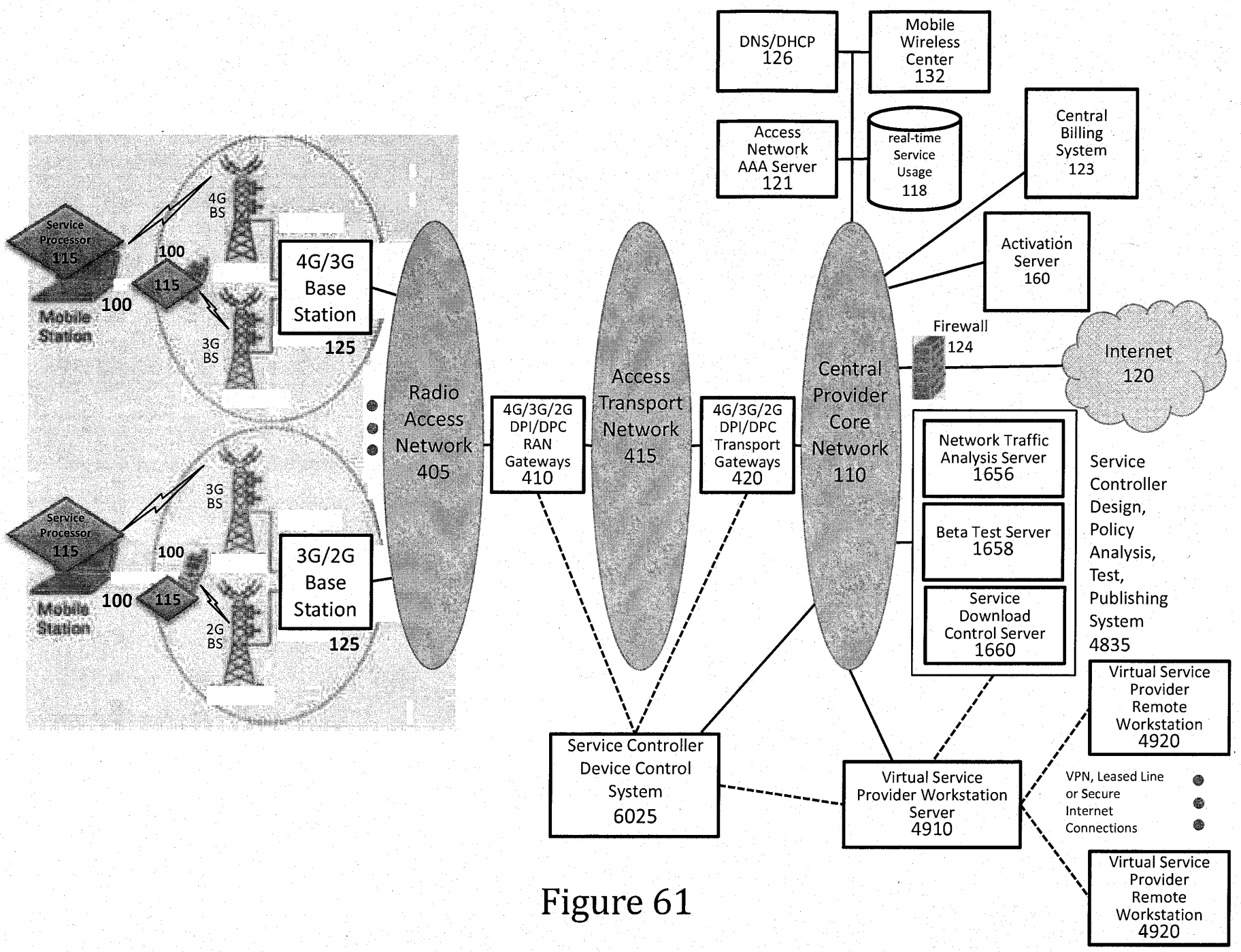

DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
real-time Service Usage 118
Central Billing System 123
Activation Server 160
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Service Processor 115
100
Mobile Station
4G BS
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station 125
3G BS
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station 125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 110
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920
Service Controller Device Control System 6025
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server 4910
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920

Figure 61

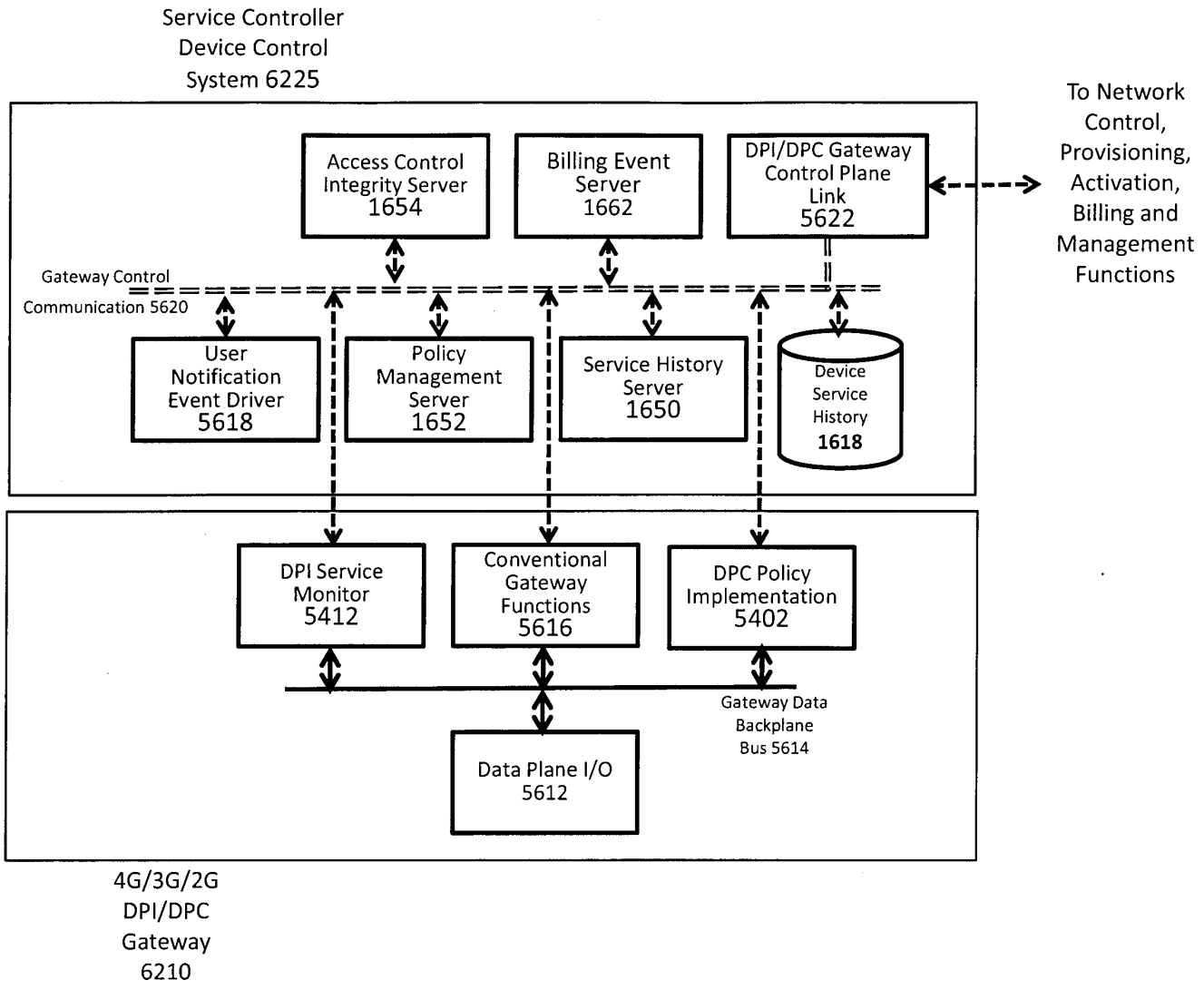

Service Controller
Device Control
System 6225
To Network
Control,
Provisioning,
Activation,
Billing and
Management
Functions
Access Control
Integrity Server
1654
Billing Event
Server
1662
DPI/DPC Gateway
Control Plane
Link
5622
Gateway Control
Communication 5620
User
Notification
Event Driver
5618
Policy
Management
Server
1652
Service History
Server
1650
Device
Service
History
1618
DPI Service
Monitor
5412
Conventional
Gateway
Functions
5616
DPC Policy
Implementation
5402
Gateway Data
Backplane
Bus 5614
Data Plane I/O
5612
4G/3G/2G
DPI/DPC
Gateway
6210

Figure 62

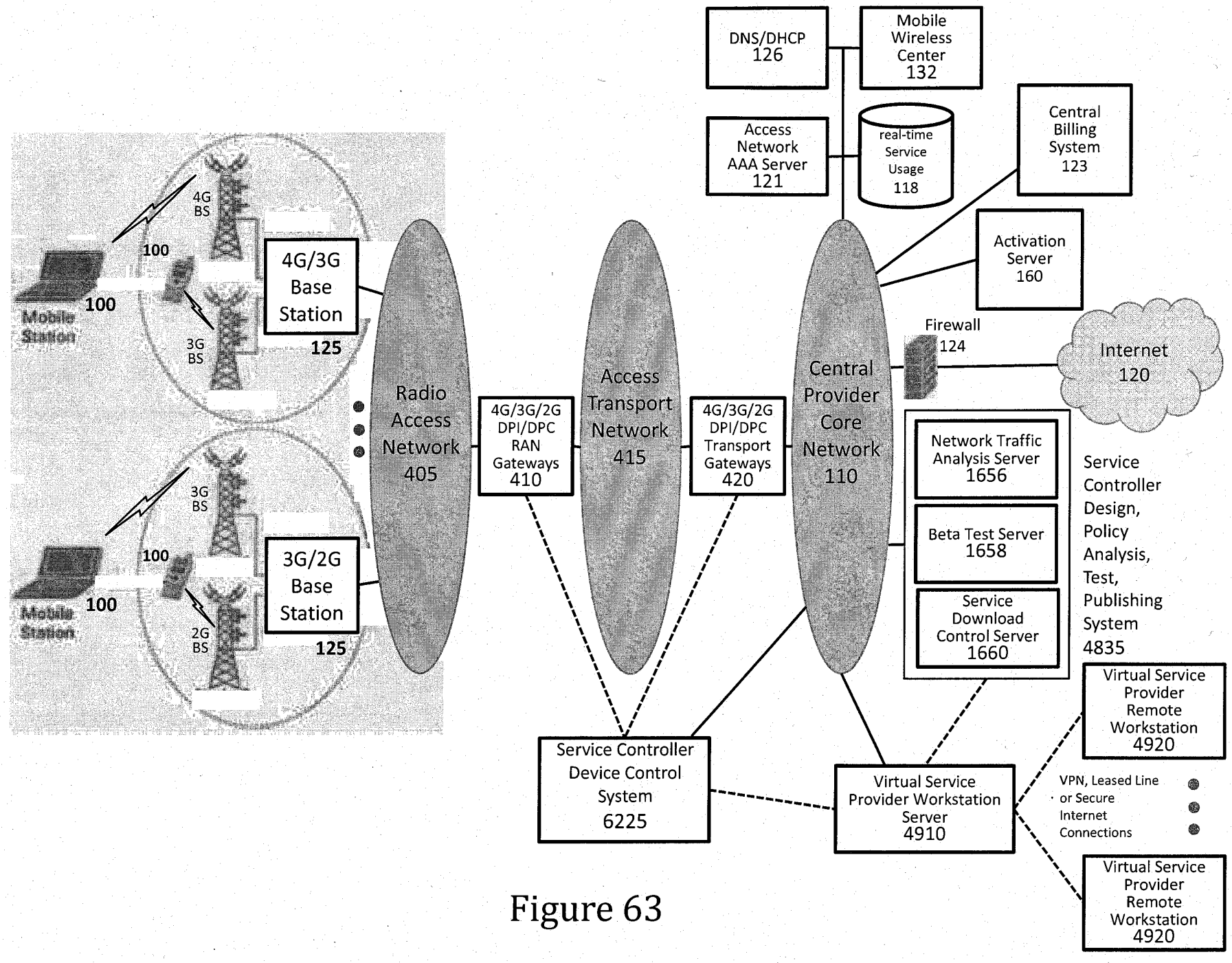

4G BS
100
100
Mobile Station
3G BS
4G/3G Base Station
125
3G BS
100
100
Mobile Station
2G BS
3G/2G Base Station
125
Radio Access Network 405
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways 410
Access Transport Network 415
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways 420
Central Provider Core Network 110
DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Access Network AAA Server 121
real-time Service Usage 118
Central Billing System 123
Activation Server 160
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920
Service Controller Device Control System 6225
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server 4910
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920

Figure 63

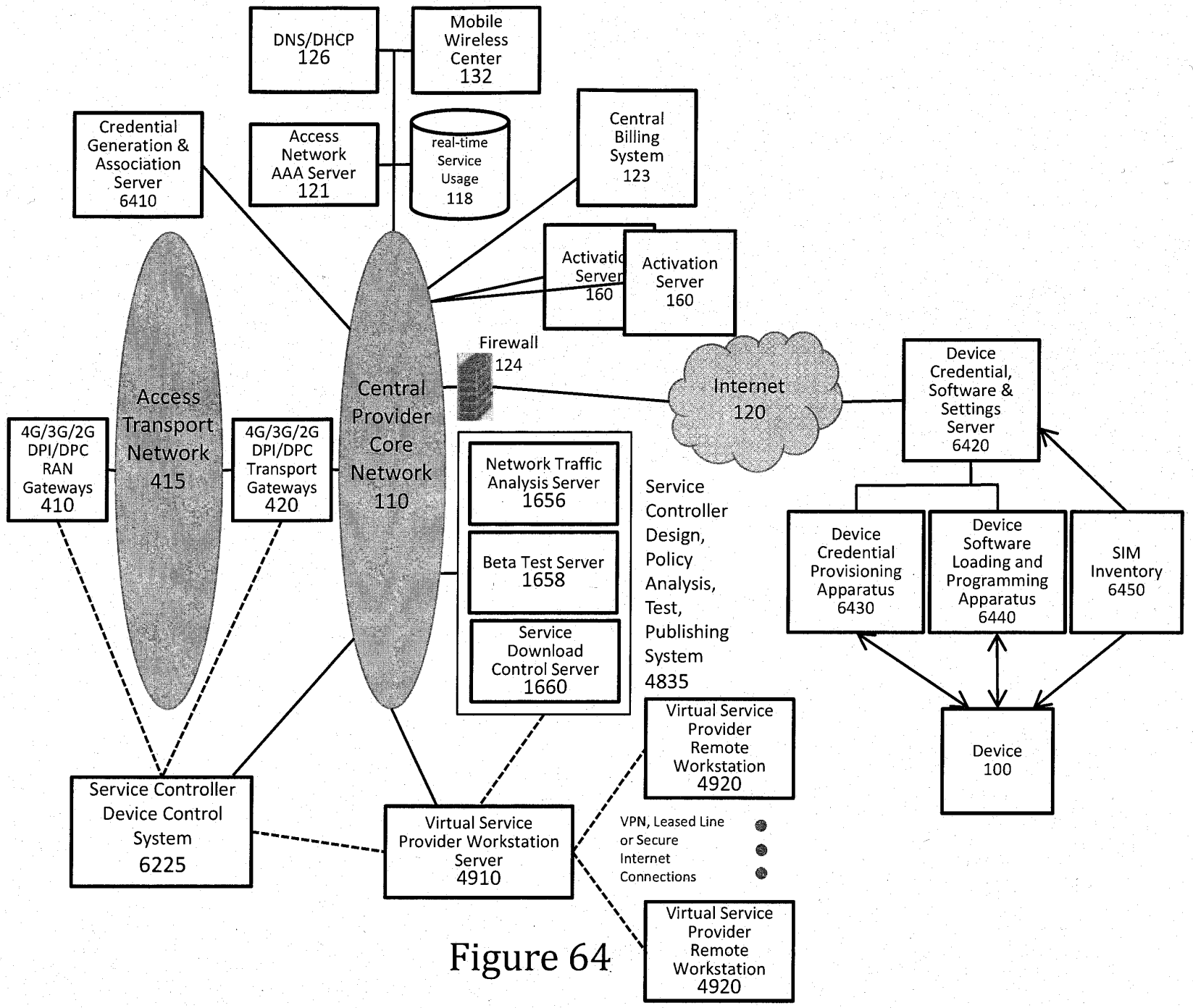

DNS/DHCP 126
Mobile Wireless Center 132
Credential Generation & Association Server 6410
Access Network AAA Server 121
real-time Service Usage 118
Central Billing System 123
Activation Server 160
Activation Server 160
Firewall 124
Internet 120
Device Credential, Software & Settings Server 6420
Access Transport Network 415
Central Provider Core Network 110
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC RAN Gateways 410
4G/3G/2G DPI/DPC Transport Gateways 420
Network Traffic Analysis Server 1656
Beta Test Server 1658
Service Download Control Server 1660
Service Controller Design, Policy Analysis, Test, Publishing System 4835
Device Credential Provisioning Apparatus 6430
Device Software Loading and Programming Apparatus 6440
SIM Inventory 6450
Device 100
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920
Service Controller Device Control System 6225
Virtual Service Provider Workstation Server 4910
VPN, Leased Line or Secure Internet Connections
Virtual Service Provider Remote Workstation 4920

Figure 64

DocCode - SCORE

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PTO/SB/06 (12-04)

Filing Date: 03/02/09

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PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD Substitute for Form PTO-875	Application or Docket Number 12/380,780

APPLICATION AS FILED – PART I

FOR	(Column 1) NUMBER FILED	(Column 2) NUMBER EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY RATE ($)	SMALL ENTITY FEE ($)	OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY RATE ($)	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY FEE ($)
BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	330
SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), or (m))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	540
EXAMINATION FEE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	220
TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(i))	64 minus 20 =	44	x$26		OR	x$52	2288
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(h))	6 minus 3 =	* 3	x$110			x$220	660
APPLICATION SIZE FEE (37 CFR 1.16(s))	If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is $260 ($130 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR						1350
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j))			195			390	
* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.			TOTAL			TOTAL	5388

APPLICATION AS AMENDED – PART II

		(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY RATE ($)	SMALL ENTITY ADDITIONAL FEE ($)	OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY RATE ($)	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY ADDITIONAL FEE ($)
AMENDMENT A	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))					N/A		OR	N/A	
						TOTAL ADD'T FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'T FEE	

		(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	RATE ($)	ADDITIONAL FEE ($)	OR	RATE ($)	ADDITIONAL FEE ($)
AMENDMENT B	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))					N/A		OR	N/A	
						TOTAL ADD'T FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'T FEE	

* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.
** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".
*** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".
The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest number found in the appropriate box in column 1.

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