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(43) **Pub. Date: Jun. 24, 2010**(54) **APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR
MANAGING A PRESENTATION OF MEDIA
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(52) **U.S. Cl.** **370/352; 725/109**(57) **ABSTRACT**

A system that incorporates teachings of the present disclosure may include, for example, a communication device having a controller to detect a media device operating externally to the communication device actively engaged in presenting media content, detect an incoming communication session initiated by another communication device, present a notice identifying the media device and the media content being presented by the media device, detect a directive to modify an operation of the media device to mitigate interrupting a communication session with the other communication device, and instruct the media device to modify its operation according to the directive. Other embodiments are disclosed.

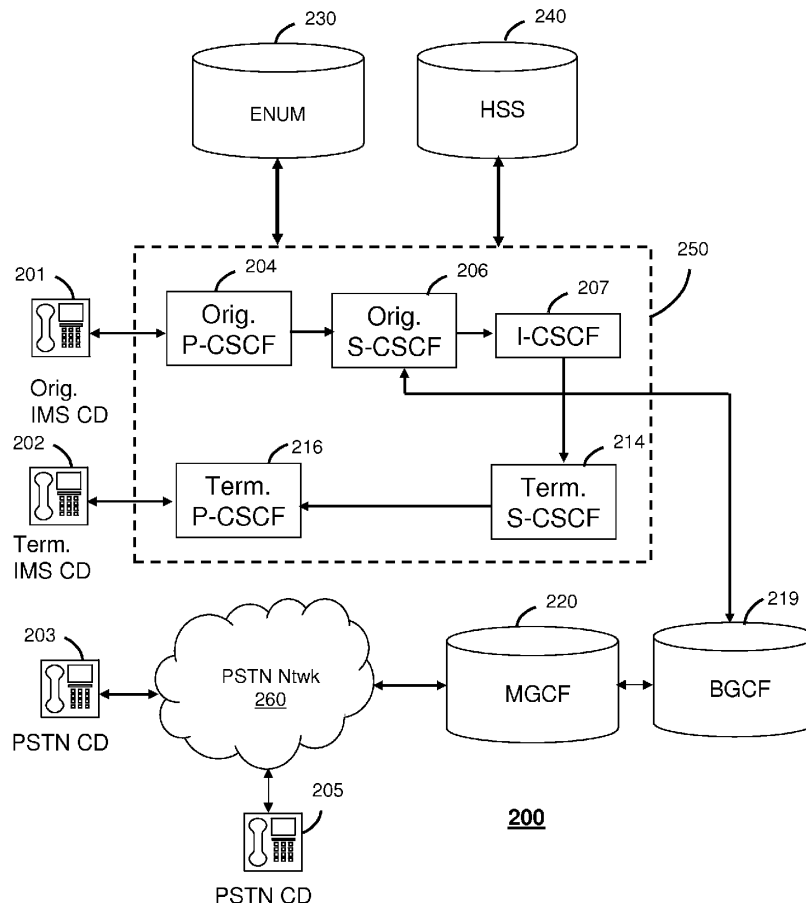
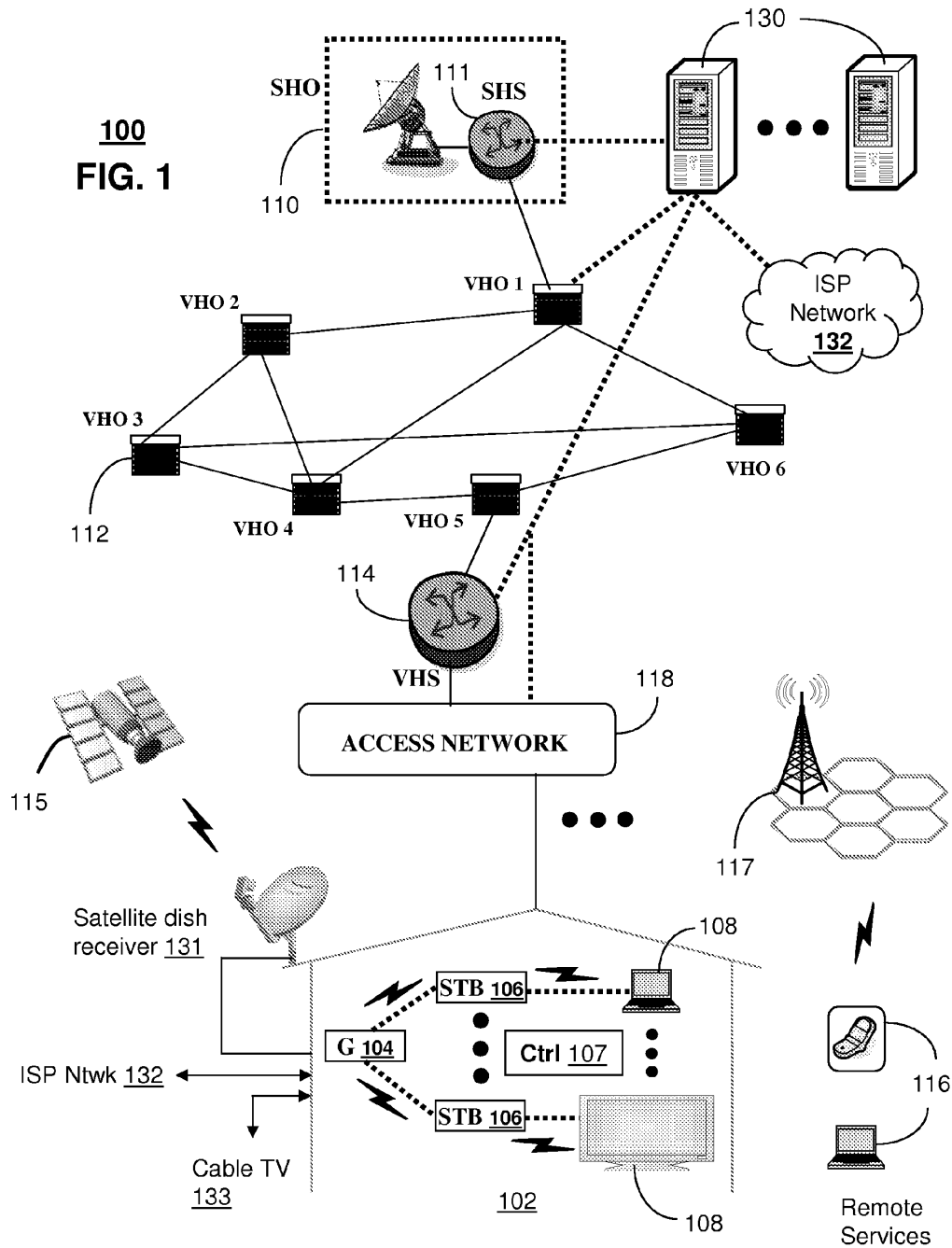
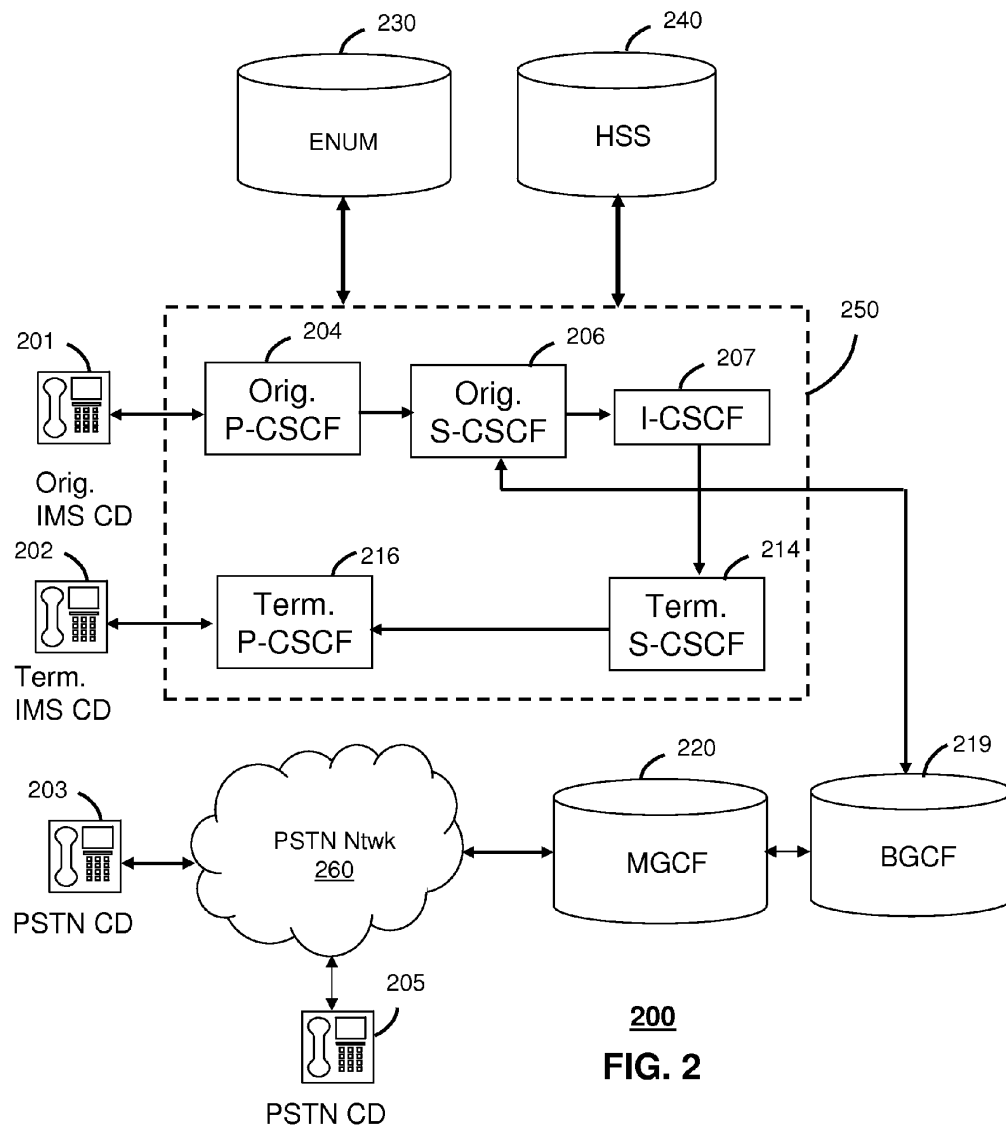
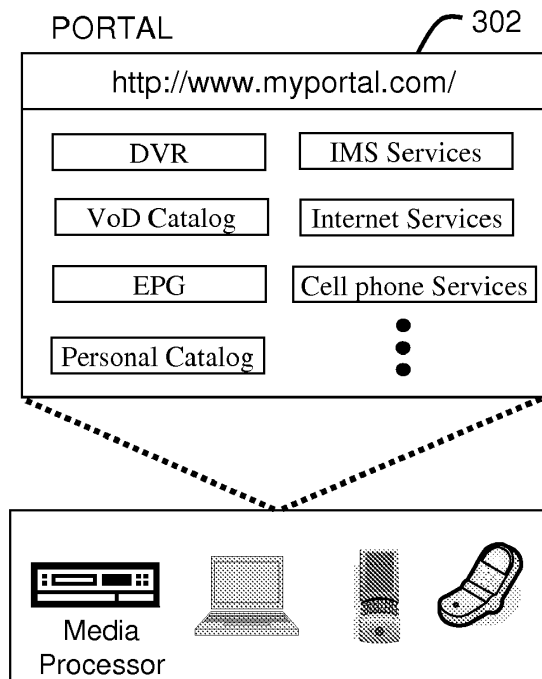


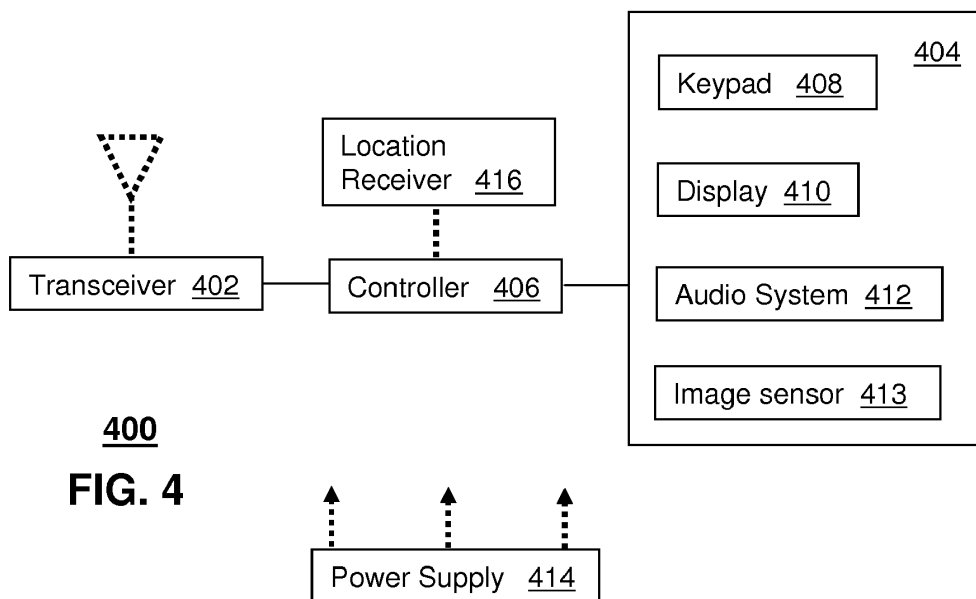
FIG. 1



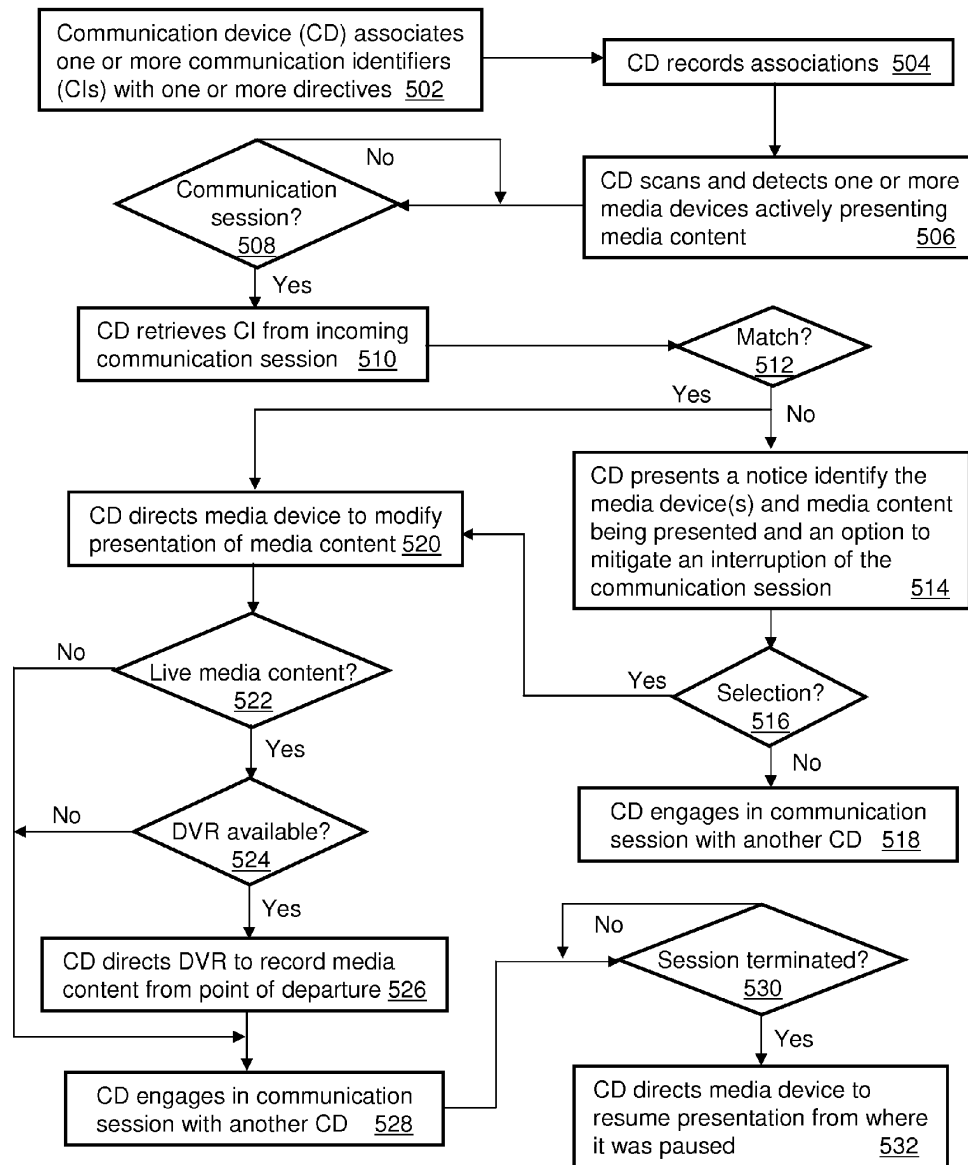




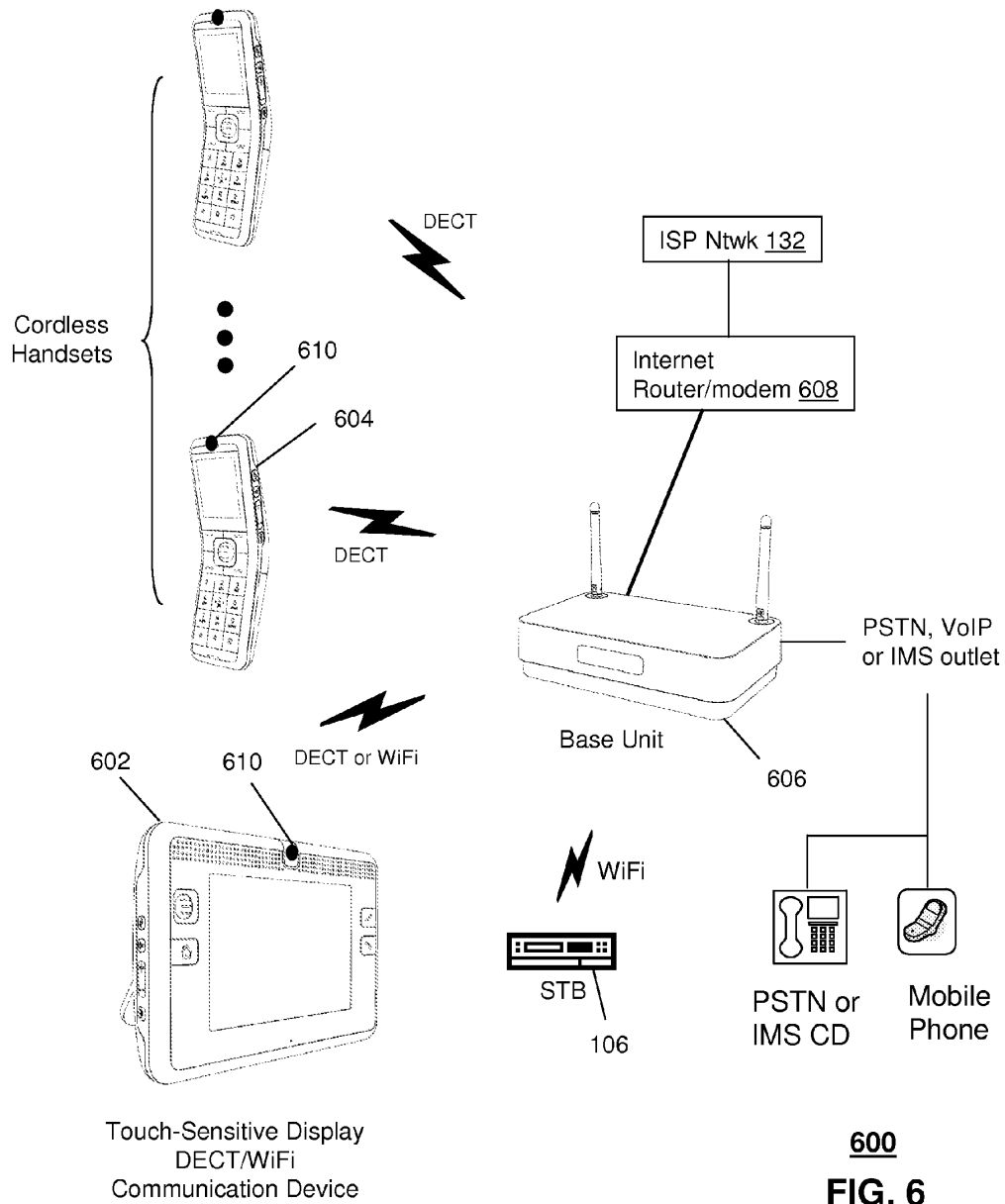
300
FIG. 3

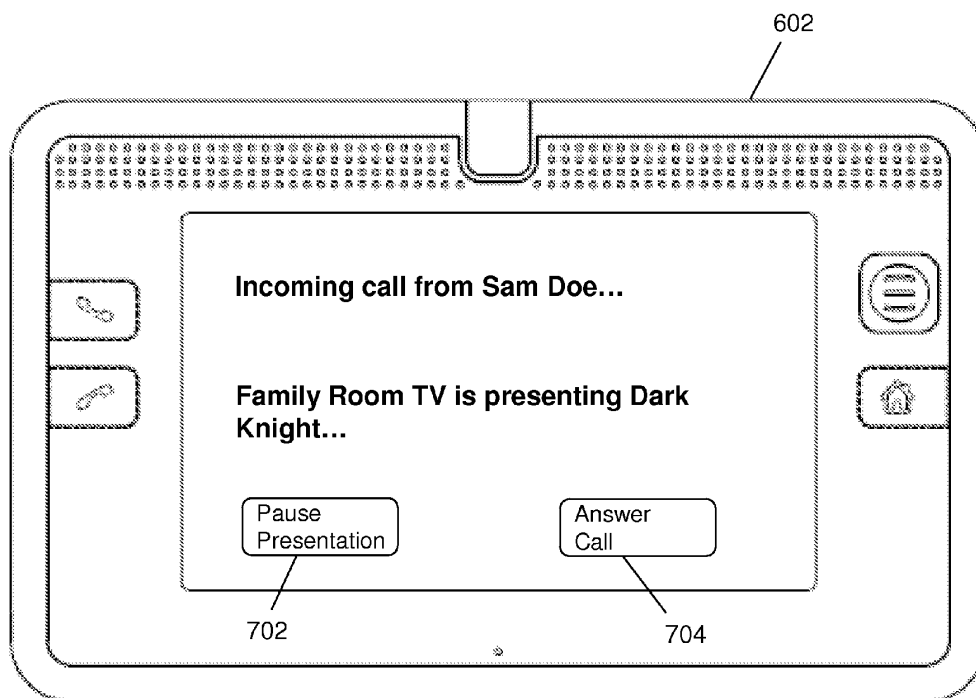


400
FIG. 4



500
FIG. 5





700
FIG. 7

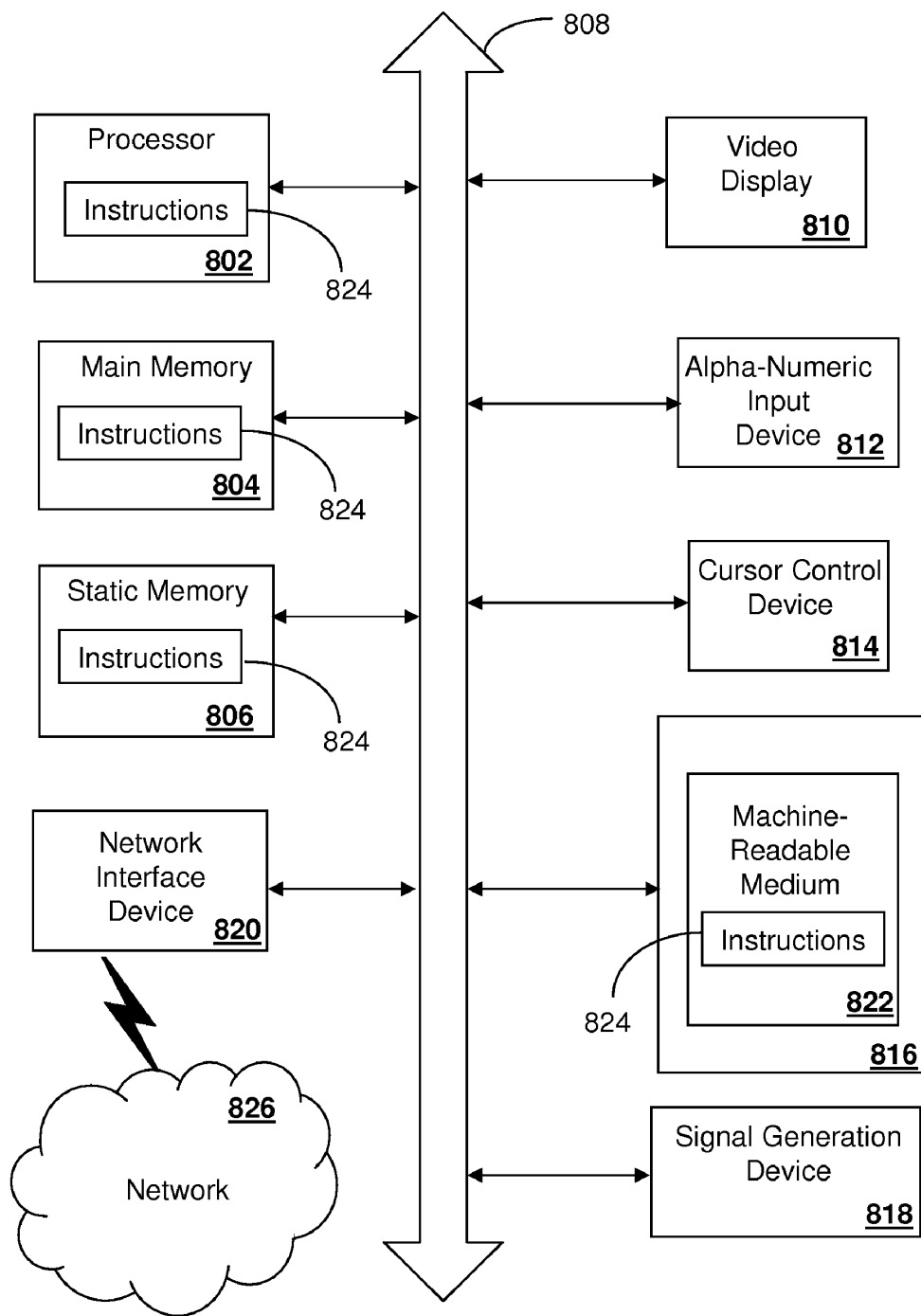


FIG. 8 800

APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR MANAGING A PRESENTATION OF MEDIA CONTENT

FIELD OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0001] The present disclosure relates generally to presentation techniques and more specifically to an apparatus and method for managing a presentation of media content.

BACKGROUND

[0002] There are many types of media devices today such as for example MP3 players, set-top boxes, DVD players, DVR recorders, CD players, and so on. It is not uncommon for an individual to engage in communication activities such as a phone conversation while media devices are in the midst of presenting media content.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0003] FIGS. 1-2 depict illustrative embodiments of communication systems that provide media services;

[0004] FIG. 3 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a portal interacting with the communication systems of FIGS. 1-2;

[0005] FIG. 4 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication device utilized in the communication systems of FIGS. 1-2;

[0006] FIG. 5 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a method according to the present disclosure;

[0007] FIGS. 6-7 depict illustrative embodiments of the method of FIG. 5; and

[0008] FIG. 8 is a diagrammatic representation of a machine in the form of a computer system within which a set of instructions, when executed, may cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0009] One embodiment of the present disclosure can entail a communication device having a controller to detect a media device operating externally to the communication device actively engaged in presenting media content, detect an incoming communication session initiated by another communication device, present a notice identifying the media device and the media content being presented by the media device, detect a directive to modify an operation of the media device to mitigate interrupting a communication session with the other communication device, and instruct the media device to modify its operation according to the directive.

[0010] Another embodiment of the present disclosure can entail a computer-readable storage medium operating in a communication device having computer instructions to detect a media device actively engaged in presenting media content, detect an incoming communication session initiated by another communication device, and instruct the media device to modify its operation to mitigate interrupting a communication session with the other communication device.

[0011] Yet another embodiment of the present disclosure can entail a media device having a controller to present media content supplied by a media communication system, notify a communication device in a vicinity of the media device of the presentation, and receive a request from the communication device to modify the presentation of the media content to

mitigate an interruption of a communication session between the communication device and another communication device.

[0012] Another embodiment of the present disclosure can entail signaling a media device to modify a presentation of media content to mitigate an interruption of a communication session between communication devices.

[0013] FIG. 1 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a first communication system **100** for delivering media content. The communication system **100** can represent an Internet Protocol Television (IPTV) broadcast media system. The IPTV media system can include a super head-end office (SHO) **110** with at least one super headend office server (SHS) **111** which receives media content from satellite and/or terrestrial communication systems. In the present context, media content can represent audio content, moving image content such as videos, still image content, or combinations thereof. The SHS server **111** can forward packets associated with the media content to video head-end servers (VHS) **114** via a network of video head-end offices (VHO) **112** according to a common multicast communication protocol.

[0014] The VHS **114** can distribute multimedia broadcast programs via an access network **118** to commercial and/or residential buildings **102** housing a gateway **104** (such as a common residential or commercial gateway). The access network **118** can represent a group of digital subscriber line access multiplexers (DSLAMs) located in a central office or a service area interface that provide broadband services over optical links or copper twisted pairs to buildings **102**. The gateway **104** can use common communication technology to distribute broadcast signals to media processors **106** such as Set-Top Boxes (STBs) which in turn present broadcast channels to media devices **108** such as computers or television sets managed in some instances by a media controller **107** (such as an infrared or RF remote control).

[0015] The gateway **104**, the media processors **106**, and media devices **108** can utilize tethered interface technologies (such as coaxial or phone line wiring) or can operate over a common wireless access protocol. With these interfaces, unicast communications can be invoked between the media processors **106** and subsystems of the IPTV media system for services such as video-on-demand (VoD), browsing an electronic programming guide (EPG), or other infrastructure services.

[0016] Some of the network elements of the IPTV media system can be coupled to one or more computing devices **130** a portion of which can operate as a web server for providing portal services over an Internet Service Provider (ISP) network **132** to wireline media devices **108** or wireless communication devices **116** by way of a wireless access base station **117** operating according to common wireless access protocols such as Wireless Fidelity (WiFi), or cellular communication technologies (such as GSM, CDMA, UMTS, WiMAX, Software Defined Radio or SDR, and so on).

[0017] It will be appreciated by an artisan of ordinary skill in the art that a satellite broadcast television system can be used in place of the IPTV media system. In this embodiment, signals transmitted by a satellite **115** supplying media content can be intercepted by a common satellite dish receiver **131** coupled to the building **102**. Modulated signals intercepted by the satellite dish receiver **131** can be submitted to the media processors **106** for generating broadcast channels which can be presented at the media devices **108**. The media processors

106 can be equipped with a broadband port to the ISP network **132** to enable infrastructure services such as VoD and EPG described above.

[0018] In yet another embodiment, an analog or digital broadcast distribution system such as cable TV system **133** can be used in place of the IPTV media system described above. In this embodiment the cable TV system **133** can provide Internet, telephony, and interactive media services.

[0019] It follows from the above illustrations that the present disclosure can apply to any present or future interactive over-the-air or landline media content services.

[0020] FIG. 2 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a communication system **200** employing an IP Multimedia Sub-system (IMS) network architecture to facilitate the combined services of circuit-switched and packet-switched systems. Communication system **200** can be overlaid or operably coupled with communication system **100** as another representative embodiment of communication system **100**.

[0021] Communication system **200** can comprise a Home Subscriber Server (HSS) **240**, a tElephone NUmber Mapping (ENUM) server **230**, and other common network elements of an IMS network **250**. The IMS network **250** can establish communications between IMS compliant communication devices (CD) **201**, **202**, Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) CDs **203**, **205**, and combinations thereof by way of a Media Gateway Control Function (MGCF) **220** coupled to a PSTN network **260**.

[0022] IMS CDs **201**, **202** can register with the IMS network **250** by contacting a Proxy Call Session Control Function (P-CSCF) which communicates with a corresponding Serving CSCF (S-CSCF) to register the CDs with at the HSS **240**. To initiate a communication session between CDs, an originating IMS CD **201** can submit a Session Initiation Protocol (SIP INVITE) message to an originating P-CSCF **204** which communicates with a corresponding originating S-CSCF **206**. The originating S-CSCF **206** can submit queries to the ENUM system **230** to translate an E.164 telephone number in the SIP INVITE to a SIP Uniform Resource Identifier (URI) if the terminating communication device is IMS compliant.

[0023] The SIP URI can be used by an Interrogating CSCF (I-CSCF) **207** to submit a query to the HSS **240** to identify a terminating S-CSCF **214** associated with a terminating IMS CD such as reference **202**. Once identified, the I-CSCF **207** can submit the SIP INVITE to the terminating S-CSCF **214**. The terminating S-CSCF **214** can then identify a terminating P-CSCF **216** associated with the terminating CD **202**. The P-CSCF **216** then signals the CD **202** to establish communications.

[0024] If the terminating communication device is instead a PSTN CD such as references **203** or **205**, the ENUM system **230** can respond with an unsuccessful address resolution which can cause the originating S-CSCF **206** to forward the call to the MGCF **220** via a Breakout Gateway Control Function (BGCF) **219**. The MGCF **220** can then initiate the call to the terminating PSTN CD by common means over the PSTN network **260**.

[0025] The aforementioned communication process is symmetrical. Accordingly, the terms "originating" and "terminating" in FIG. 2 are interchangeable. It is further noted that communication system **200** can be adapted to support video conferencing by way of common protocols such as H.323. In addition, communication system **200** can be

adapted to provide the IMS CDs **201**, **203** the multimedia and Internet services of communication system **100**.

[0026] FIG. 3 depicts an illustrative embodiment of a portal **302** which can operate from the computing devices **130** described earlier of communication **100** illustrated in FIG. 1. The portal **302** can be used for managing services of communication systems **100-200**. The portal **302** can be accessed by a Uniform Resource Locator (URL) with a common Internet browser such as Microsoft's Internet Explorer™ using an Internet-capable communication device such as those described for FIGS. 1-2. The portal **302** can be configured, for example, to access a media processor **106** and services managed thereby such as a Digital Video Recorder (DVR), a VoD catalog, an EPG, a personal catalog (such as personal videos, pictures, audio recordings, etc.) stored in the media processor, provisioning IMS services described earlier, provisioning Internet services, provisioning cellular phone services, and so on.

[0027] FIG. 4 depicts an exemplary embodiment of a communication device **400**. Communication **400** can serve in whole or in part as an illustrative embodiment of the communication devices of FIGS. 1-2. The communication device **400** can comprise a wireline and/or wireless transceiver **402** (herein transceiver **402**), a user interface (UI) **404**, a power supply **414**, a location receiver **416**, and a controller **406** for managing operations thereof. The transceiver **402** can support short-range or long-range wireless access technologies such as Bluetooth, WiFi, Digital Enhanced Cordless Telecommunications (DECT), or cellular communication technologies, just to mention a few. Cellular technologies can include, for example, CDMA-1X, UMTS/HSDPA, GSM/GPRS, TDMA/EDGE, EV/DO, WiMAX, SDR, and next generation cellular wireless communication technologies as they arise. The transceiver **402** can also be adapted to support circuit-switched wireline access technologies (such as PSTN), packet-switched wireline access technologies (such as TCP/IP, VoIP, etc.), and combinations thereof.

[0028] The UI **404** can include a depressible or touch-sensitive keypad **408** with a navigation mechanism such as a roller ball, joystick, mouse, or navigation disk for manipulating operations of the communication device **400**. The keypad **408** can be an integral part of a housing assembly of the communication device **400** or an independent device operably coupled thereto by a tethered wireline interface (such as a USB cable) or a wireless interface supporting for example Bluetooth. The keypad **408** can represent a numeric dialing keypad commonly used by phones, and/or a Qwerty keypad with alphanumeric keys. The UI **404** can further include a display **410** such as monochrome or color LCD (Liquid Crystal Display), OLED (Organic Light Emitting Diode) or other suitable display technology for conveying images to an end user of the communication device **400**. In an embodiment where the display **410** is touch-sensitive, a portion or all of the keypad **408** can be presented by way of the display.

[0029] The UI **404** can also include an audio system **412** that utilizes common audio technology for conveying low volume audio (such as audio heard only in the proximity of a human ear) and high volume audio (such as speakerphone for hands free operation). The audio system **412** can further include a microphone for receiving audible signals of an end user. The audio system **412** can also be used for voice recognition applications. The UI **404** can further include an image sensor **413** such as a charged coupled device (CCD) camera for capturing still or moving images.

[0030] The power supply **414** can utilize common power management technologies such as replaceable and rechargeable batteries, supply regulation technologies, and charging system technologies for supplying energy to the components of the communication device **400** to facilitate long-range or short-range portable applications. The location receiver **416** can utilize common location technology such as a global positioning system (GPS) receiver for identifying a location of the communication device **100** based on signals generated by a constellation of GPS satellites, thereby facilitating common location services such as navigation.

[0031] The communication device **100** can use the transceiver **402** to also determine a proximity to a cellular, WiFi or Bluetooth access point by common power sensing techniques such as utilizing a received signal strength indicator (RSSI) and/or a signal time of arrival (TOA) or time of flight (TOF). The controller **406** can utilize computing technologies such as a microprocessor, a digital signal processor (DSP), and/or a video processor with associated storage memory such as a Flash, ROM, RAM, SRAM, DRAM or other storage technologies.

[0032] The communication device **400** can be adapted to perform the functions of the media processor **106**, the media devices **108**, or the portable communication devices **116** of FIG. 1, as well as the IMS CDs **201-202** and PSTN CDs **203-205** of FIG. 2. It will be appreciated that the communication device **400** can also represent other common devices that can operate in communication systems **100-200** of FIGS. 1-2 such as a gaming console and a media player.

[0033] FIG. 5 depicts an illustrative method **500** operating in portions of the aforementioned communication systems. FIG. 6 shows an illustrative embodiment of communication devices operating according to method **500**. Block diagram **600** comprises a landline communication device **602** in the form of a tablet with a touch-sensitive display (herein referred to as tablet **602**). The tablet **602** can include communication technology to support both DECT and WiFi protocols. The tablet **602** can be communicatively coupled to a base unit **606** by way of DECT and WiFi air interfaces. A plurality of cordless handsets **604** can also be communicatively coupled to the base unit **606** using the DECT protocol.

[0034] The base unit **606** can include communication technology for communicatively interfacing to a PSTN, VoIP or IMS network such as those described earlier. The base unit **606** can be coupled to an Internet/router modem **608** for communicatively interfacing to the ISP network **132**. The base unit **606** can provide the cordless handsets voice communication services, and the tablet **602** a combination of voice and data communication services. The tablet **602** and cordless handsets **604** can be equipped with common camera sensors **610** (such as CCD sensors) which can enable these devices to support video communication services and capture still images or pictures. The tablet **602** can also monitor the activities of media devices such as the STB **106** by way of the base unit **606** using a WiFi air interface.

[0035] With the configuration of FIG. 6 in mind, method **500** can begin with step **502** in which a communication device such as the tablet **602** associates one or more communication identifiers with one or more directives. A communication identifier in the present context can represent an E.614 number, a SIP URI, an email address, and instant messaging address, an SMS address, and MMS address, just to mention a few. A directive can represent one or more instructions submitted to a media device to control its operations. For

example, a directive can represent an instruction to be executed by the media device for pausing a presentation of media content. Another directive can represent an instruction to lower speaker volume or mute an audible portion of the presentation of media content. Other instructions are possible such as a directive to the media device or a DVR device coupled thereto to initiate a DVR recording while the presentation of the media content is paused.

[0036] Step **502** can be implemented by way of a graphical user interface (GUI) presented by the tablet **602**. The associations can be performed by way of entries in an address book, or independently by way of a specialized GUI. The associations can be recorded in step **504** and can be periodically updated by reinitiating steps **502** and **504**. In step **506**, the tablet **602** can scan and detect one or more media devices actively presenting media content. The tablet **602** can scan for media devices by way of the base unit **606** being communicatively coupled to other WiFi-capable devices such as the STB **106** shown in FIG. 6.

[0037] Once a media device such as the STB **106** is detected, the tablet **602** can direct the STB **106** to provide information that describes itself (e.g., STB family room) and information associated with the media content being presented. Media content in the present context can represent audio content, still or moving image content, or both. The STB **106** can provide metadata to the tablet **602** describing what is being presented (e.g., Mission Impossible III), a speaker volume level of the media content is being presented, and the resource available to the STB to record the media content (e.g., DVR). With this information in hand, the tablet **602** can begin to monitor incoming communication sessions in step **508**.

[0038] If an incoming communication session such as a voice or video call is detected in step **508**, the tablet **602** can proceed to step **510** where it retrieves a communication identifier (e.g., caller ID) from the call. If the communication identifier matches an associated directive recorded in step **504**, the tablet proceeds to step **520**. In this step, the tablet **602** transmits by way of the base unit **606** over the WiFi air interface the identified directive to media device to modify the presentation of the media content. The directive can represent for example muting the presentation, pausing the presentation, lowering the volume of presentation, or some other mitigating factor defined by the directive. Other directives for modifying the presentation of the media content are possible and therefore contemplated by the present disclosure.

[0039] Once the media device has modified the presentation of the media content, the tablet **602** can proceed to steps **522-524** where it can take steps to prevent loss of content. In these steps the tablet **602** can determine whether the media content is a live broadcast and whether a DVR is available in step **524**. If the media content is a live broadcast, and a DVR is available, the tablet **602** can direct the DVR in step **526** to record the media content from the point at which it was paused. Steps **520-526** can operate together in rapid succession (or contemporaneously) to prevent loss of content.

[0040] Once the presentation has been paused (and possibly being recorded by a DVR), the tablet **602** can accept in step **528** the communication request from the other communication device (e.g., caller's mobile phone). The modified presentation of the media content can reduce if not eliminate an interruption between the user of the tablet **602** and someone else communicating with the user by way of the communication device that initiated the call. Once the communica-

tion session is terminated in step 530, the tablet 602 can direct the media device to resume presentation from where it was paused. This step can represent a number of instructions directed to the STB and the DVR.

[0041] Referring back to step 512, when the communication identifier retrieved in step 510 matches an associated directive recorded in step 504, the tablet 602 can follow an automated path for mitigating an interruption by media devices in a vicinity of the tablet. When a match, however, is not detected, the tablet 602 can present its user in step 514 a notice that identifies the media devices and media content being presented and an option to mitigate an interruption to the communication session if it is accepted. FIG. 7 shows an illustrative embodiment of step 514.

[0042] In this illustration, the tablet 602 presents a GUI with a message indicating Sam Doe is calling. The notice also shows that the Family Room TV is presenting the movie the Dark Knight. To mitigate an interruption to the voice call with Sam Doe, the tablet 602 can offer the user an option to pause the presentation of the movie by pressing button 702. If the selection of button 702 is detected in step 516, the tablet 602 proceeds to step 520 where it directs the STB 106 to pause the movie. Steps 522-526 can be used to record the presentation if it is a live broadcast. If the movie is derived from a DVD player, the pause request can occur with no loss of content and steps 522-526 would be skipped.

[0043] If the user does not care to pause the presentation in step 516, the user can select button 704 to answer the call, which directs the tablet 602 to accept the communication request in step 518 without mitigation. In this instance, the user of the tablet 602 may have decided that the presentation of the movie was acceptable while engaging in a voice communication with Sam Doe.

[0044] Upon reviewing the aforementioned embodiments, it would be evident to an artisan with ordinary skill in the art that said embodiments can be modified, reduced, or enhanced without departing from the scope and spirit of the claims described below. Method 500 can be adapted so that it applies to any form of communication: email, video call, instant messaging, SMS, and MMS. Method 500 can also be adapted so that it applies to all types of media devices including media players, gaming consoles, and other devices which can potentially interrupt a user during a communication session. Method 500 can also be adapted so that the communication device can also be communicatively coupled to media devices by a wireline interface such as wireline Ethernet. In yet another embodiment, the communication device can represent a mobile phone, PDA, or computer.

[0045] Other suitable modifications can be applied to the present disclosure without departing from the scope of the claims below. Accordingly, the reader is directed to the claims section for a fuller understanding of the breadth and scope of the present disclosure.

[0046] FIG. 8 depicts an exemplary diagrammatic representation of a machine in the form of a computer system 800 within which a set of instructions, when executed, may cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed above. In some embodiments, the machine operates as a standalone device. In some embodiments, the machine may be connected (e.g., using a network) to other machines. In a networked deployment, the machine may operate in the capacity of a server or a client user machine in server-client user network environment, or as a peer machine in a peer-to-peer (or distributed) network environment.

[0047] The machine may comprise a server computer, a client user computer, a personal computer (PC), a tablet PC, a laptop computer, a desktop computer, a control system, a network router, switch or bridge, or any machine capable of executing a set of instructions (sequential or otherwise) that specify actions to be taken by that machine. It will be understood that a device of the present disclosure includes broadly any electronic device that provides voice, video or data communication. Further, while a single machine is illustrated, the term "machine" shall also be taken to include any collection of machines that individually or jointly execute a set (or multiple sets) of instructions to perform any one or more of the methodologies discussed herein.

[0048] The computer system 800 may include a processor 802 (e.g., a central processing unit (CPU), a graphics processing unit (GPU, or both), a main memory 804 and a static memory 806, which communicate with each other via a bus 808. The computer system 800 may further include a video display unit 810 (e.g., a liquid crystal display (LCD), a flat panel, a solid state display, or a cathode ray tube (CRT)). The computer system 800 may include an input device 812 (e.g., a keyboard), a cursor control device 814 (e.g., a mouse), a disk drive unit 816, a signal generation device 818 (e.g., a speaker or remote control) and a network interface device 820.

[0049] The disk drive unit 816 may include a machine-readable medium 822 on which is stored one or more sets of instructions (e.g., software 824) embodying any one or more of the methodologies or functions described herein, including those methods illustrated above. The instructions 824 may also reside, completely or at least partially, within the main memory 804, the static memory 806, and/or within the processor 802 during execution thereof by the computer system 800. The main memory 804 and the processor 802 also may constitute machine-readable media.

[0050] Dedicated hardware implementations including, but not limited to, application specific integrated circuits, programmable logic arrays and other hardware devices can likewise be constructed to implement the methods described herein. Applications that may include the apparatus and systems of various embodiments broadly include a variety of electronic and computer systems. Some embodiments implement functions in two or more specific interconnected hardware modules or devices with related control and data signals communicated between and through the modules, or as portions of an application-specific integrated circuit. Thus, the example system is applicable to software, firmware, and hardware implementations.

[0051] In accordance with various embodiments of the present disclosure, the methods described herein are intended for operation as software programs running on a computer processor. Furthermore, software implementations can include, but not limited to, distributed processing or component/object distributed processing, parallel processing, or virtual machine processing can also be constructed to implement the methods described herein.

[0052] The present disclosure contemplates a machine readable medium containing instructions 824, or that which receives and executes instructions 824 from a propagated signal so that a device connected to a network environment 826 can send or receive voice, video or data, and to communicate over the network 826 using the instructions 824. The instructions 824 may further be transmitted or received over a network 826 via the network interface device 820.

[0053] While the machine-readable medium 822 is shown in an example embodiment to be a single medium, the term “machine-readable medium” should be taken to include a single medium or multiple media (e.g., a centralized or distributed database, and/or associated caches and servers) that store the one or more sets of instructions. The term “machine-readable medium” shall also be taken to include any medium that is capable of storing, encoding or carrying a set of instructions for execution by the machine and that cause the machine to perform any one or more of the methodologies of the present disclosure.

[0054] The term “machine-readable medium” shall accordingly be taken to include, but not be limited to: solid-state memories such as a memory card or other package that houses one or more read-only (non-volatile) memories, random access memories, or other re-writable (volatile) memories; magneto-optical or optical medium such as a disk or tape; and/or a digital file attachment to e-mail or other self-contained information archive or set of archives is considered a distribution medium equivalent to a tangible storage medium. Accordingly, the disclosure is considered to include any one or more of a machine-readable medium or a distribution medium, as listed herein and including art-recognized equivalents and successor media, in which the software implementations herein are stored.

[0055] Although the present specification describes components and functions implemented in the embodiments with reference to particular standards and protocols, the disclosure is not limited to such standards and protocols. Each of the standards for Internet and other packet switched network transmission (e.g., TCP/IP, UDP/IP, HTML, HTTP) represent examples of the state of the art. Such standards are periodically superseded by faster or more efficient equivalents having essentially the same functions. Accordingly, replacement standards and protocols having the same functions are considered equivalents.

[0056] The illustrations of embodiments described herein are intended to provide a general understanding of the structure of various embodiments, and they are not intended to serve as a complete description of all the elements and features of apparatus and systems that might make use of the structures described herein. Many other embodiments will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description. Other embodiments may be utilized and derived therefrom, such that structural and logical substitutions and changes may be made without departing from the scope of this disclosure. Figures are also merely representational and may not be drawn to scale. Certain proportions thereof may be exaggerated, while others may be minimized. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative rather than a restrictive sense.

[0057] Such embodiments of the inventive subject matter may be referred to herein, individually and/or collectively, by the term “invention” merely for convenience and without intending to voluntarily limit the scope of this application to any single invention or inventive concept if more than one is in fact disclosed. Thus, although specific embodiments have been illustrated and described herein, it should be appreciated that any arrangement calculated to achieve the same purpose may be substituted for the specific embodiments shown. This disclosure is intended to cover any and all adaptations or variations of various embodiments. Combinations of the above embodiments, and other embodiments not specifically

described herein, will be apparent to those of skill in the art upon reviewing the above description.

[0058] The Abstract of the Disclosure is provided to comply with 37 C.F.R. §1.72(b), requiring an abstract that will allow the reader to quickly ascertain the nature of the technical disclosure. It is submitted with the understanding that it will not be used to interpret or limit the scope or meaning of the claims. In addition, in the foregoing Detailed Description, it can be seen that various features are grouped together in a single embodiment for the purpose of streamlining the disclosure. This method of disclosure is not to be interpreted as reflecting an intention that the claimed embodiments require more features than are expressly recited in each claim. Rather, as the following claims reflect, inventive subject matter lies in less than all features of a single disclosed embodiment. Thus the following claims are hereby incorporated into the Detailed Description, with each claim standing on its own as a separately claimed subject matter.

What is claimed is:

1. A communication device, comprising a controller to:
 - detect a media device operating externally to the communication device actively engaged in presenting media content;
 - detect an incoming communication session initiated by another communication device;
 - present a notice identifying the media device and the media content being presented by the media device;
 - detect a directive to modify an operation of the media device to mitigate interrupting a communication session with the other communication device; and
 - instruct the media device to modify its operation according to the directive.
2. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the media device corresponds to one of a set-top box, a media player, and a gaming console.
3. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the communication device corresponds to one of a mobile phone, a fixed-line phone, and a computer, wherein the communication session corresponds to one of a voice communication session, a video communication session, an instant messaging communication session, a short messaging service (SMS) communication session, a multimedia messaging service (MMS) communication session, and an email communication session.
4. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the controller is adapted to present in the notice an option which when selected directs the media device to pause the presentation of the media content.
5. The communication device of claim 4, wherein the controller is adapted to:
 - detect the selection of the option; and
 - direct the media device to pause the presentation of the media content.
6. The communication device of claim 5, wherein the controller is adapted to direct a media recorder communicatively coupled to the media device to record the media content while the media presentation has been paused.
7. The communication device of claim 5, wherein the controller is adapted to direct the media device to resume the presentation of the media content.
8. The communication device of claim 7, wherein the media device is adapted to resume the presentation of the media content from a demarcation point established at a time the presentation of the media content was paused.

9. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the media content corresponds to one of audio content, image content, and a combination thereof.

10. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the communication device operates in at least one of a cellular communication system, a Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) communication system, a Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) communication system, an IPTV communication system, a cable TV communication system, a satellite TV communication system, and an IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) communication system.

11. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the controller is adapted to:

- retrieve a communication identifier from the incoming communication session;
- identify an association between the communication identifier and the directive; and
- modify the operation of the media device according to the directive responsive to identifying the association.

12. The communication device of claim 11, wherein the controller is adapted to:

- associate one or more communication identifiers with one or more corresponding directives;
- record the one or more associations; and
- identify the association between the communication identifier and the directive from the recorded one or more associations.

13. The communication device of claim 1, wherein the notice identifies the media device by name and describes the media content being presented.

14. A computer-readable storage medium operating in a communication device, comprising computer instructions to:

- detect a media device actively engaged in presenting media content;
- detect an incoming communication session initiated by another communication device; and
- instruct the media device to modify its operation to mitigate interrupting a communication session with the other communication device.

15. The storage medium of claim 14, wherein the media device corresponds to one of a set-top box, a media player, and a gaming console, wherein the communication device corresponds to one of a mobile phone, a fixed-line phone, and a computer, and wherein the media content corresponds to one of audio content, image content, and a combination thereof.

16. The storage medium of claim 14, comprising computer instructions to present in the notice an option which when selected directs the media device to pause the presentation of the media content.

17. The storage medium of claim 16, comprising computer instructions to:

- detect the selection of the option; and
- direct the media device to pause the presentation of the media content.

18. The storage medium of claim 17, comprising computer instructions to direct a media recorder communicatively

coupled to the media device to record the media content while the media presentation has been paused.

19. The storage medium of claim 14, comprising computer instructions to:

- detect a termination of the communication session; and
- direct the media device to resume the presentation of the media content responsive to the termination.

20. The storage medium of claim 19, wherein the media device is adapted to resume the presentation of the media content from a demarcation point established at a time the presentation of the media content was paused.

21. The storage medium of claim 14, wherein the communication device operates in at least one of a cellular communication system, a Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) communication system, a Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) communication system, an IPTV communication system, a cable TV communication system, a satellite TV communication system, and an IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) communication system.

22. A media device, comprising a controller to:

- present media content supplied by a media communication system;
- notify a communication device in a vicinity of the media device of the presentation; and
- receive a request from the communication device to modify the presentation of the media content to mitigate an interruption of a communication session between the communication device and another communication device.

23. The media device of claim 22, wherein the mitigation takes place before or after the communication session, wherein the modification request corresponds to one of a request to pause the presentation of the media content and a request to mute the presentation of the media content, wherein the media device corresponds to one of a set-top box, a media player, and a gaming console, wherein the communication device corresponds to one of a mobile phone, a fixed-line phone, and a computer, wherein the media content corresponds to one of audio content, image content, and a combination thereof, and wherein the media communication system corresponds to one of an Internet Protocol TV communication system, a cable TV communication system, and a satellite TV communication system.

24. A method, comprising signaling a media device to modify a presentation of media content to mitigate an interruption of a communication session between communication devices.

25. The method of claim 24, wherein the modification request corresponds to one of a request to pause the presentation of the media content and a request to mute the presentation of the media content, wherein the media device corresponds to one of a set-top box, a media player, and a gaming console, wherein each of the communication devices correspond to one of a mobile phone, a fixed-line phone, and a computer, and wherein the media content corresponds to one of audio content, image content, and a combination thereof.

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