

Feit Electric's Infringement Analysis

U.S. Patent No. 8,604,678 – Savant Technologies LLC d/b/a GE Lighting

Claims 1, 2, 3, 16, 19, 20, 21, 25, and 29.

Feit Electric Co., Inc. ("Feit Electric") provides evidence of infringement of claims 1, 2, 3, 16, 19, 20, 21, 25, and 29 of U.S. Patent No. 8,604,678 (the "'678 Patent") by Savant Technologies LLC d/b/a GE Lighting ("Savant"). In support thereof, Feit Electric provides the following claim charts.

"Accused Instrumentalities" as used herein refers to Light Emitting Diodes ("LEDs") including, but not limited to the GE LED Pearl Filament Model Nos. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T, LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T, and LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T and any products made, used, offered for sale, sold and/or imported by Defendant that include a LED filament that contains a top layer composed of white light scattering material. These claim charts demonstrate Savant's infringement by comparing each element of the asserted claims to corresponding components, aspects, and/or features of the Accused Instrumentalities. These claim charts are not intended to constitute an expert report on infringement. These claim charts include information provided by way of example, and not by way of limitation.

The analysis set forth below is based on publicly available and/or publicly discernable materials regarding the Accused Instrumentalities. An analysis of Savant's (or other third parties') technical documentation may assist in fully identifying all infringing features and functionality, as well as additional infringing claims. Accordingly, Feit Electric reserves the right to supplement this infringement analysis once such information is made available to Feit Electric. Furthermore, Feit Electric reserves the right to revise this infringement analysis, as appropriate, upon issuance of a court order construing any terms recited in the asserted claims.

Feit Electric provides this evidence of infringement and related analysis without the benefit of claim construction or expert reports or discovery. Accordingly, Feit Electric reserves the right to supplement, amend or otherwise modify this analysis and/or evidence based on any such claim construction or expert reports or discovery.

Unless otherwise noted, Feit Electric contends that Savant directly infringes the '678 Patent in violation of 35 U.S.C. § 271(a) by selling, offering to sell, making, using, and/or importing the Accused Instrumentalities. Savant makes, uses, sells, imports, or offers for sale in the United States, or has made, used, sold, imported, or offered for sale in the past, without authority products that infringe claims 1, 2, 3, 16, 19, 20, 21, 25, and 29 of the '678 patent, including without limitation, the Accused Instrumentalities. Feit Electric believes and contends that each element of each claim asserted herein is literally met by the Accused Instrumentalities.

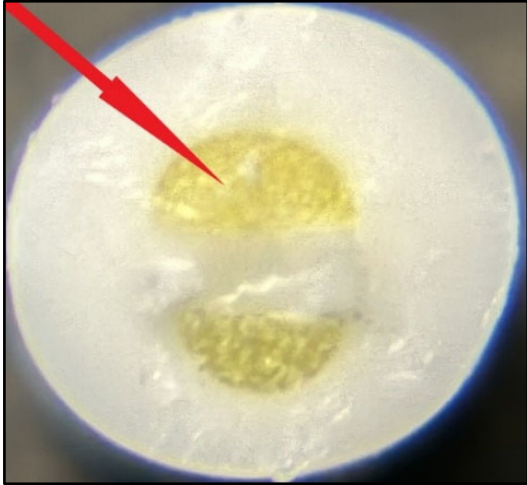
To the extent the chart of an asserted claim relies on evidence about certain specifically identified Accused Instrumentalities, Feit Electric asserts that, on information and belief, any similarly functioning instrumentalities also infringe the charted claim. Feit Electric reserves the right to amend this infringement analysis based on other products made, used, sold, imported, or offered for sale by Savant. Feit Electric also reserves the right to amend this infringement analysis by citing other claims of the '678 Patent, not listed in the claim chart, that are infringed by the Accused Instrumentalities. Feit Electric further reserves the right to amend this infringement analysis by adding, subtracting, or otherwise modifying content in the "Accused Instrumentalities" column of each chart.

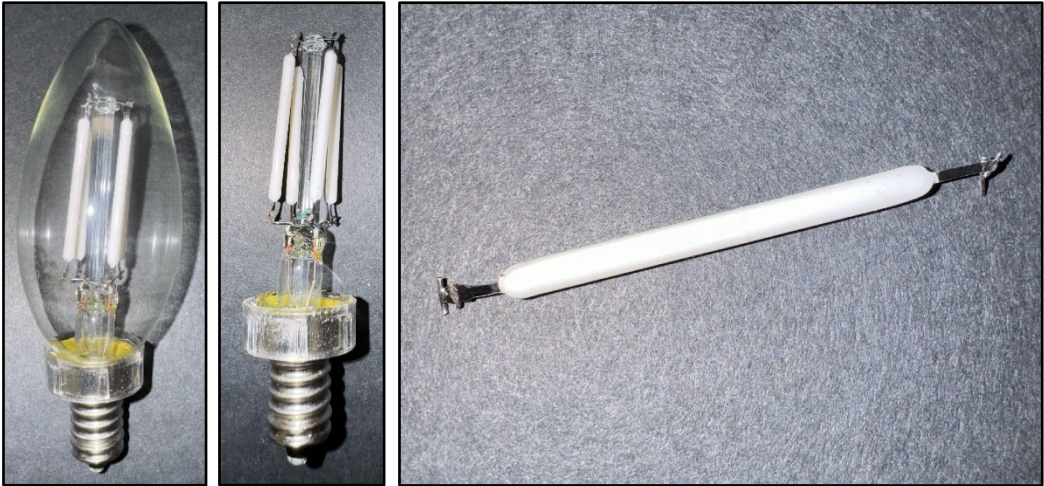
Exhibit A

GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T

Claims 1, 2, 3, 16, 19, 20, 21, 25, and 29 of U.S. Patent No. 8,604,678

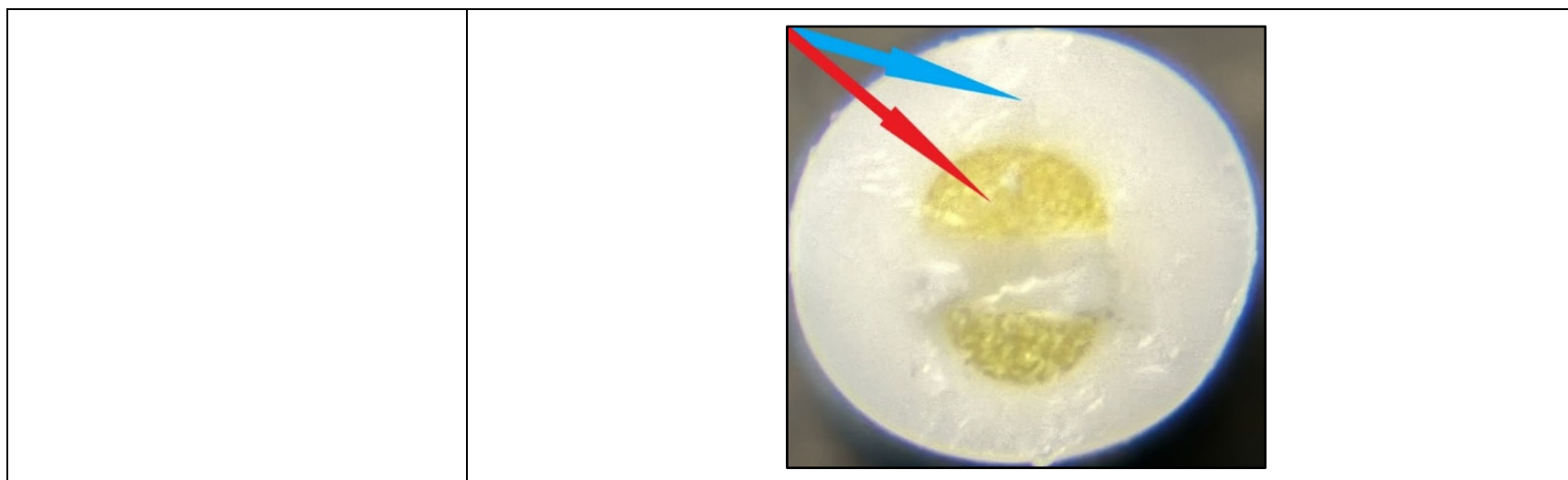
Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
A wavelength conversion component for a light emitting device comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T, which incorporates a wavelength conversion component for an LED.
a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The yellow material shown in the image and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	
a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an off-state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. 

Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of excitation light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the light emitting device is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 

Claim 2	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
The component of claim 1, wherein the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer are in direct contact with each other.	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. As shown in the image below, the yellow wavelength conversion material indicated by the red arrow and the white light diffusing material indicated by the blue arrow are in direct contact with each other.

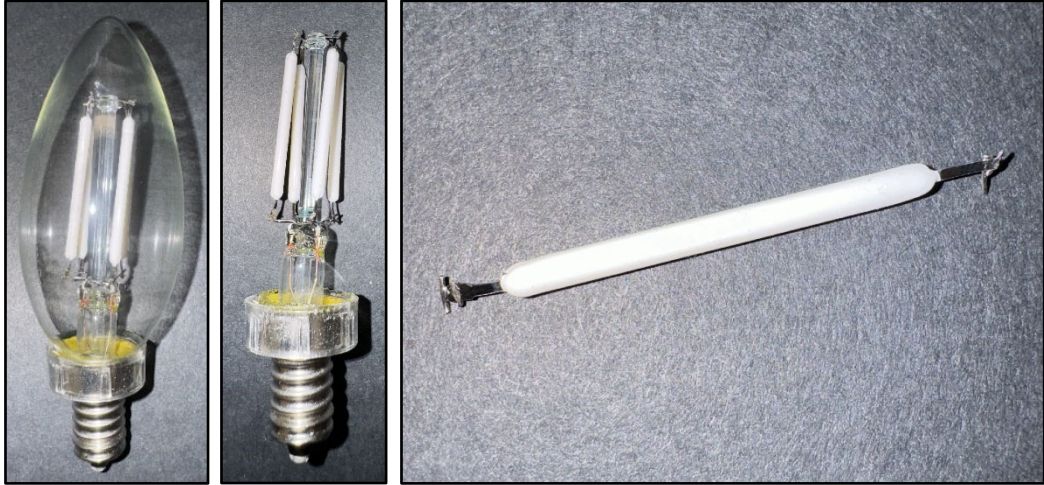


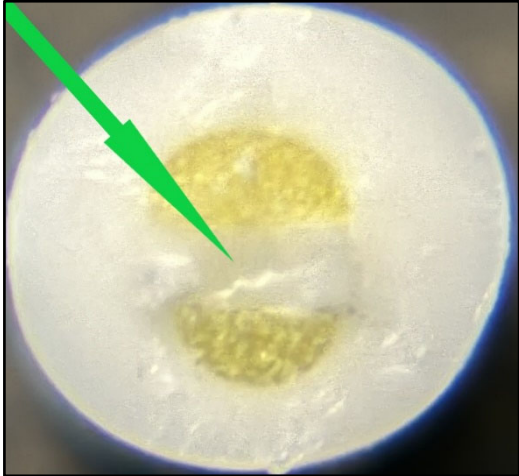
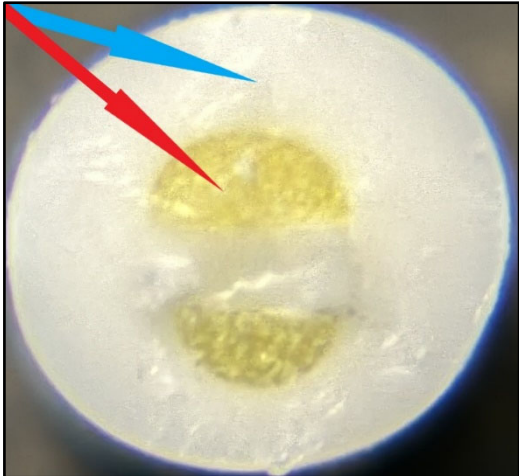
Claim 3	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
The component of claim 1, wherein the wavelength conversion layer comprises a mixture of the at least one phosphor material and a light transmissive binder and the light	The images below provide cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The yellow material shown in the image below and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief,

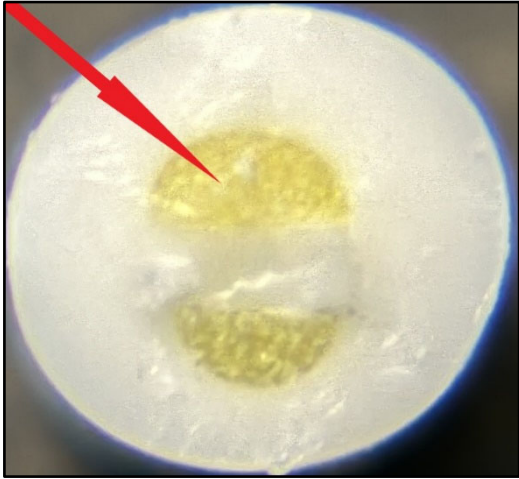
Claim 3	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
diffusing layer comprises a mixture of the light scattering material and the light transmissive binder.	the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

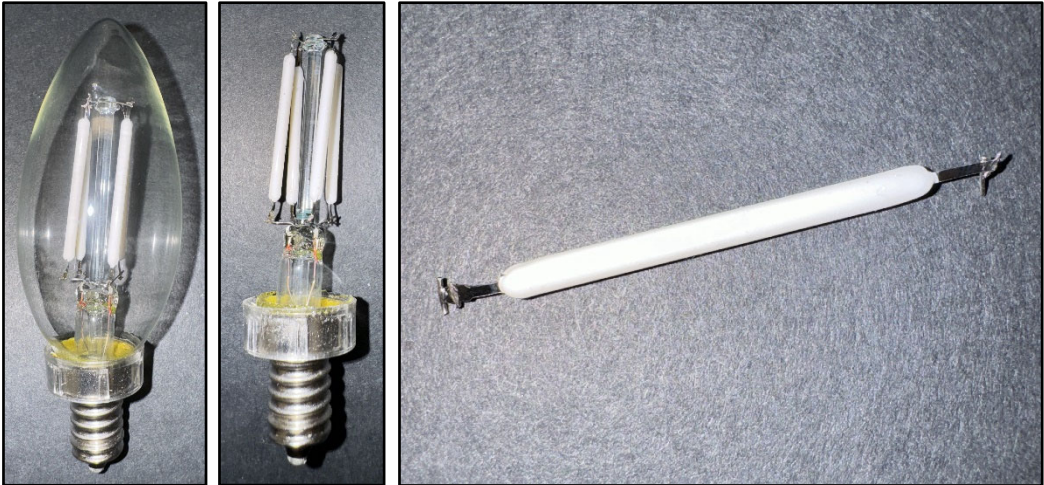
Claim 3	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	

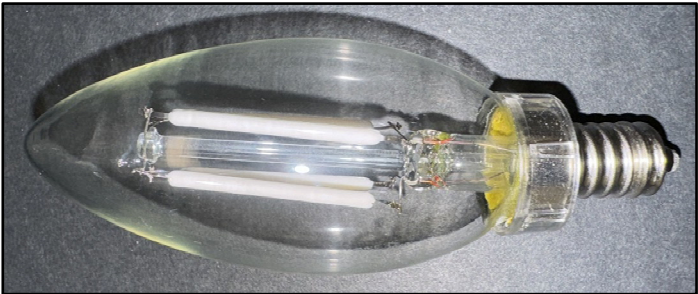
Claim 16	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
The component of claim 1 in which the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer comprises planar shapes.	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament. A circular cross-section of an LED filament. The center is a bright yellow, textured area, likely the LED chip or phosphor. This is surrounded by a white, translucent ring, which is the light diffusing layer. The entire structure is circular and planar. A full-length view of a single LED filament. It is a long, thin, cylindrical white object. At each end, there are small metal contacts or leads extending from the filament. The filament is shown against a dark, textured background.

Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
A light emitting device, comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T, which is a light bulb that utilizes light emitting devices. The images below depict the light bulb and its filaments. 
at least one solid-state light emitter operable to generate excitation light; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The white central portion indicated by the green arrow in the image below comprises of a string of series-connected LEDs, which are solid-state light emitters operable to generate excitation light. On information and belief, the LEDs emit blue light greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below.

Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	
a wavelength conversion component comprising:	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The yellow and white material indicated by the red and blue arrows in the image below comprise a wavelength conversion component. 

Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
a wavelength conversion layer excitable by the excitation light, wherein the wavelength conversion layer comprises particles of at least one photoluminescence material; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The yellow material shown in the image and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer excitable by the excitation light comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. 
a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

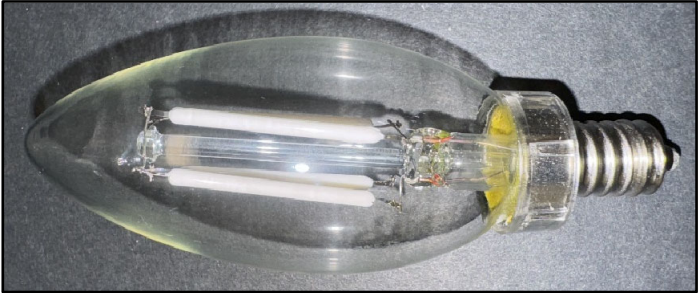
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an OFF state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. 

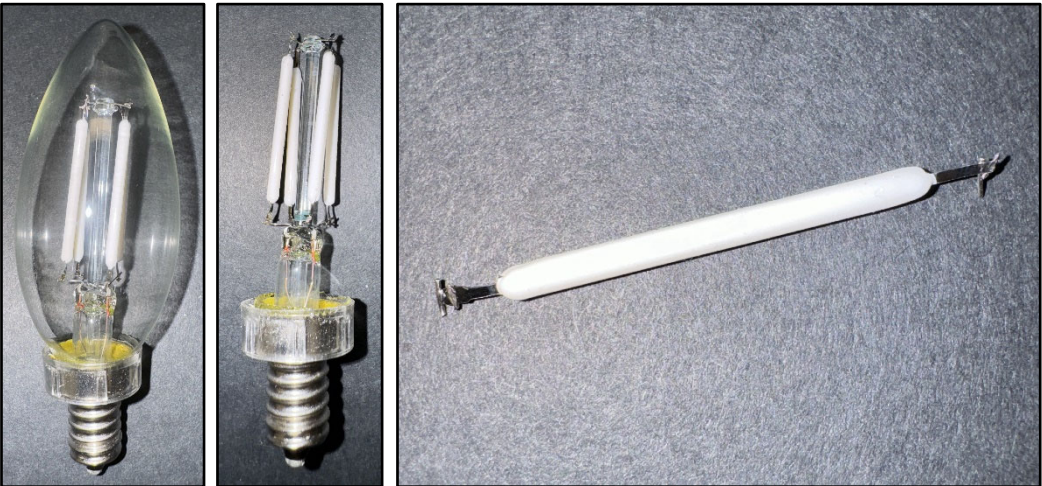
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the at least one solid-state light emitter is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 
Claim 20	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
The device of claim 19, wherein the light emitting device is selected from the group consisting of: downlights, light bulbs, linear lamps, lanterns, wall lamps, pendant lamps, chandeliers, recessed lights, track lights, accent lights, stage lighting, movie lighting, street lights, flood lights, beacon lights, security lights, traffic lights, headlamps, taillights, and signs.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb. 

Claim 21	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
The device of claim 19 in which the light scattering material within the light diffusing layer corresponds to an average particle size that improves the OFF state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component.	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. The image block contains three photographs. The leftmost photograph shows a GE LED Pearl Filament light bulb from a front-facing perspective, highlighting its pear-shaped glass enclosure and the internal filament structure. The middle photograph shows the same bulb from a side-on perspective, showing the base and the vertical orientation of the filaments. The rightmost photograph is a close-up of a single LED filament, showing its white, cylindrical appearance and the electrical contacts at each end. A blue arrow in this image points to the white outer layer of the filament. The cross-sectional view of the LED filament demonstrates that the OFF state white appearance is a result of the white outer light diffusing layer. The white outer layer of the LED filament indicated by the blue arrow in the image below comprises a light diffusing layer composed of particles of light scattering material of an average particle size that result in the LED filament having a white appearance in the OFF state.

Claim 21	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	

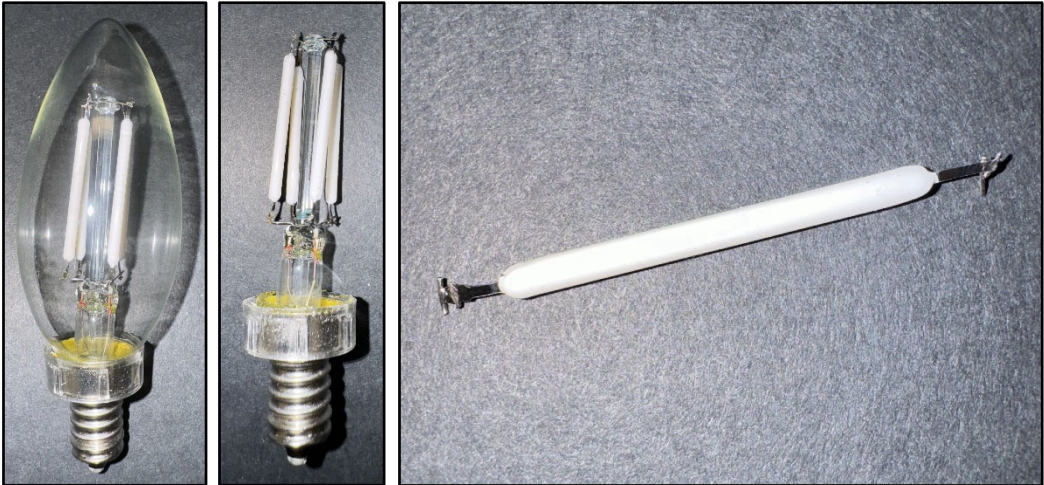
Claim 25	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
The device of claim 19 in which the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer comprises planar shapes.	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament. A circular cross-section of an LED filament. The center is a bright yellow, textured area, likely the LED chip or phosphor. This is surrounded by a white, translucent ring, which is the light diffusion layer. The entire structure is circular and planar. A long, thin, white cylindrical LED filament lying horizontally on a dark, textured surface. The filament has a slightly tapered end and a small metal contact point visible at the right end.

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
A light bulb comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb. The images below depict the light bulb. 
a connector base configured to be inserted in a socket to form an electrical connection for the light bulb;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb. The connector base shown in the image and indicated by the black arrow is configured to be inserted in a socket to form an electrical connection for the light bulb. 

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb electrically connected to a lamp. As shown in the image below, the light bulb is connected through the connector base and forms an electric connection that allows the light bulb to be turned on. 
a body comprising one or more solid-state light emitters;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb and its filaments. The LED filaments are solid-state light emitters that compose the body of the light bulb. 
a wavelength conversion component having a three dimensional shape	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. As

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
that is configured to enclose the one or more solid-state light emitters and to in part at least define a light mixing chamber,	shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament. A circular cross-section of the LED filament. It features a white, translucent outer ring (light diffusion layer) surrounding two distinct, yellow, granular regions (wavelength conversion layer) positioned vertically. The entire structure is circular and planar. A perspective view of the LED filament, which is a long, thin, white cylindrical object. It has small metal leads at both ends, visible against a dark, textured background. The white coating is uniform along its length.
wherein the wavelength conversion component comprises a wavelength	The images below provide cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T. The yellow material shown in

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material and a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	the image below and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. A microscopic image of a circular LED chip. The chip has a white, textured surface. There are two distinct yellow, granular regions on the surface, one in the upper half and one in the lower half. A red arrow points to the upper yellow region, and a blue arrow points to the white surface material. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

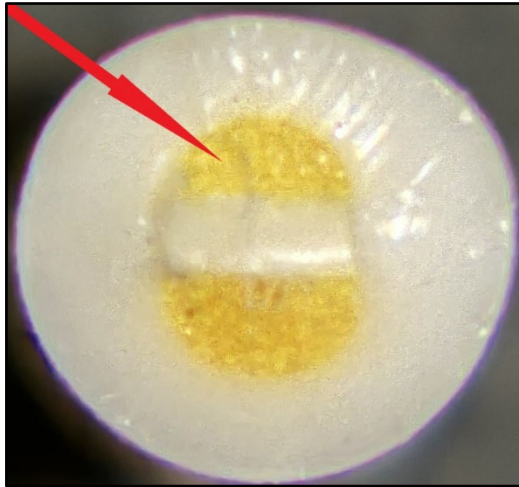
Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
	
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an off-state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. 

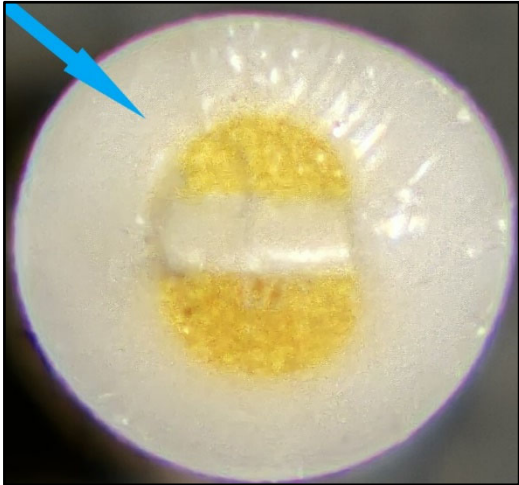
Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T)
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the one or more solid-state light emitters is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED6DBC/DL9GCQWF-3T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 

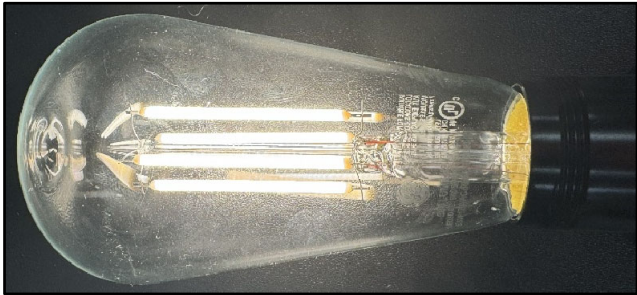
Exhibit B

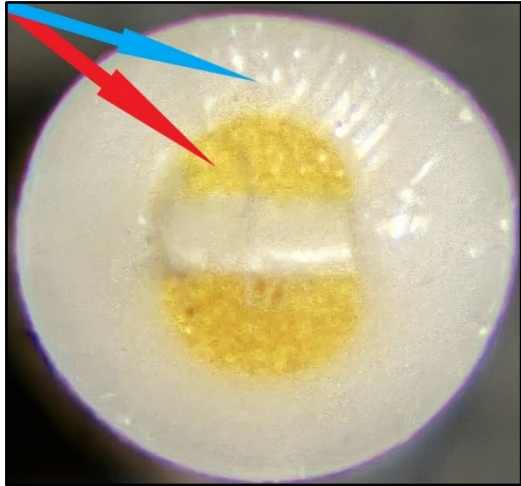
GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T

Claims 1, 2, 3, 16, 19, 20, 21, 25, and 29 of U.S. Patent No. 8,604,678

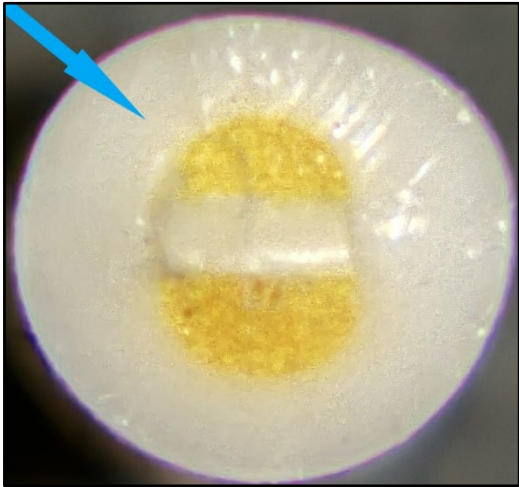
Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
A wavelength conversion component for a light emitting device comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T, which incorporates a wavelength conversion component for an LED.
a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material shown in the image and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. 

Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. 
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an off-state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments.

Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
	
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of excitation light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the light emitting device is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 

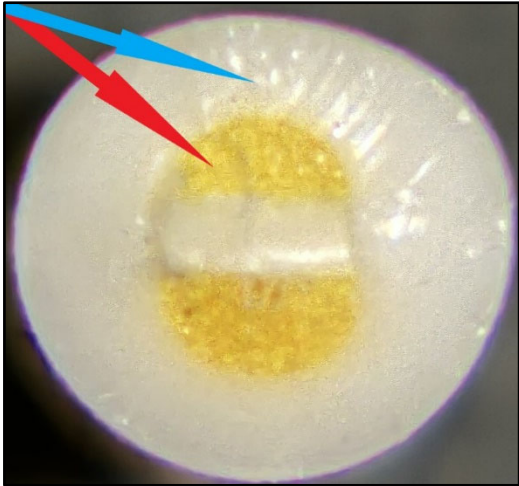
Claim 2	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
The component of claim 1, wherein the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer are in direct contact with each other.	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. As shown in the image below, the yellow wavelength conversion material indicated by the red arrow and the white light diffusing material indicated by the blue arrow are in direct contact with each other. 

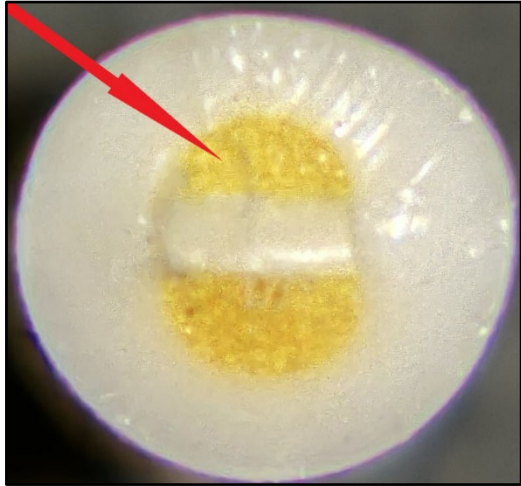
Claim 3	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
The component of claim 1, wherein the wavelength conversion layer comprises a mixture of the at least one phosphor material and a light transmissive binder and the light diffusing layer comprises a mixture of the light scatter-ing material and the light transmissive binder.	The images below provide cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material shown in the image below and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

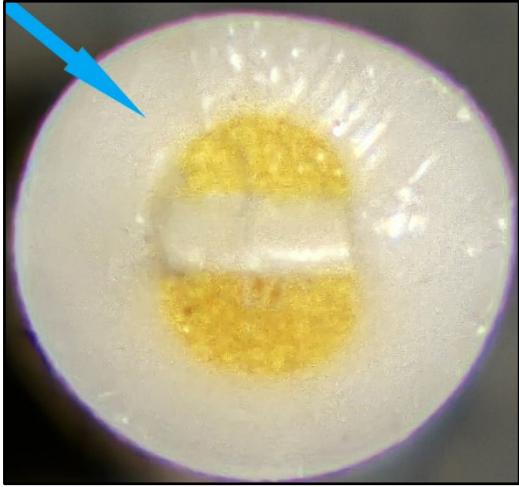
Claim 3	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
	

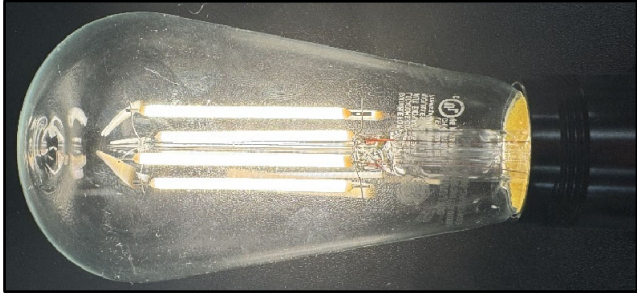
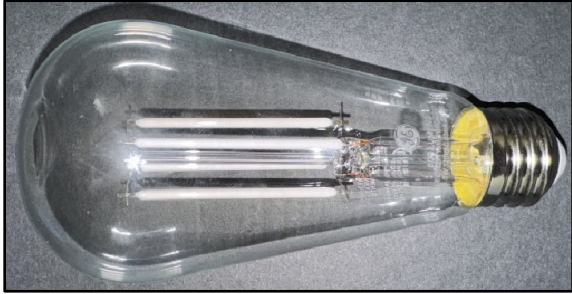
Claim 16	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
The component of claim 1 in which the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer comprises planar shapes.	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament.

Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
A light emitting device, comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T, which is a light bulb that utilizes light emitting devices. The images below depict the light bulb and its filaments. 
at least one solid-state light emitter operable to generate excitation light; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The white central portion indicated by the green arrow in the image below comprises of a string of series-connected LEDs, which are solid-state light emitters operable to generate excitation light. On information and belief, the LEDs emit blue light greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below.

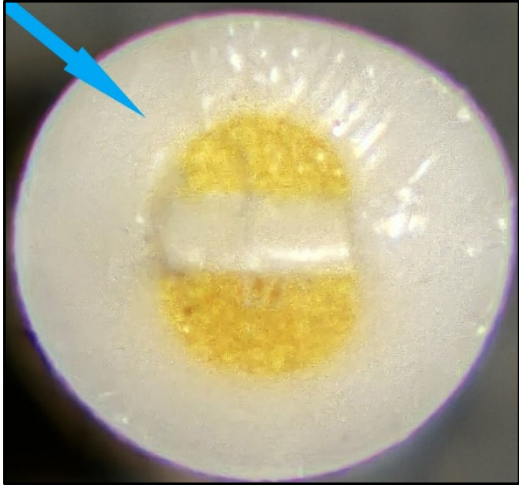
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
	
a wavelength conversion component comprising:	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The yellow and white material indicated by the red and blue arrows in the image below comprise a wavelength conversion component. 

Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
a wavelength conversion layer excitable by the excitation light, wherein the wavelength conversion layer comprises particles of at least one photoluminescence material; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material shown in the image and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer excitable by the excitation light comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. 
a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

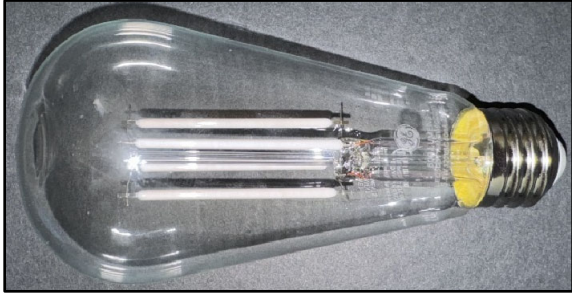
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
	
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an OFF state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. 

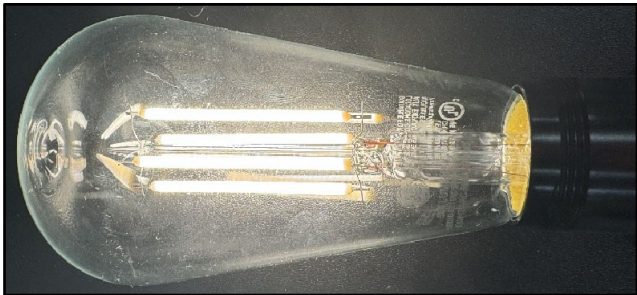
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the at least one solid-state light emitter is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 
Claim 20	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
The device of claim 19, wherein the light emitting device is selected from the group consisting of: downlights, light bulbs, linear lamps, lanterns, wall lamps, pendant lamps, chandeliers, recessed lights, track lights, accent lights, stage lighting, movie lighting, street lights, flood lights, beacon lights, security lights, traffic lights, headlamps, taillights, and signs.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb. 

Claim 21	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
The device of claim 19 in which the light scattering material within the light diffusing layer corresponds to an average particle size that improves the OFF state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component.	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. The cross-sectional view of the LED filament demonstrates that the OFF state white appearance is a result of the white outer light diffusing layer. The white outer layer of the LED filament indicated by the blue arrow in the image below comprises a light diffusing layer composed of particles of light scattering material of an average particle size that result in the LED filament having a white appearance in the OFF state.

Claim 21	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
	 A microscopic image of a circular, translucent component. The component has a central, irregularly shaped yellow area. A blue arrow points to the upper-left portion of this yellow area. The surrounding translucent material shows some internal structure and reflections.

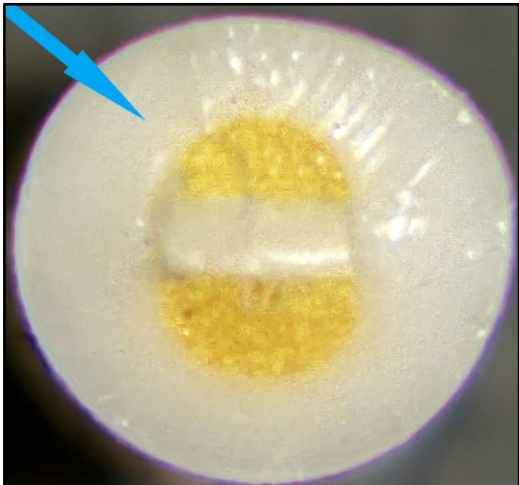
Claim 25	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
The device of claim 19 in which the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer comprises planar shapes.	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament.

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
A light bulb comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb. The images below depict the light bulb. 
a connector base configured to be inserted in a socket to form an electrical connection for the light bulb;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb. The connector base shown in the image and indicated by the black arrow is configured to be inserted in a socket to form an electrical connection for the light bulb. 

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb electrically connected to a lamp. As shown in the image below, the light bulb is connected through the connector base and forms an electric connection that allows the light bulb to be turned on. 
a body comprising one or more solid-state light emitters;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments. The LED filaments are solid-state light emitters that compose the body of the light bulb. 
a wavelength conversion component having a three dimensional shape	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T.

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
that is configured to enclose the one or more solid-state light emitters and to in part at least define a light mixing chamber,	As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament.
wherein the wavelength conversion component comprises a wavelength	The images below provide a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material and a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	shown in the image below and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
	
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an off-state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. 

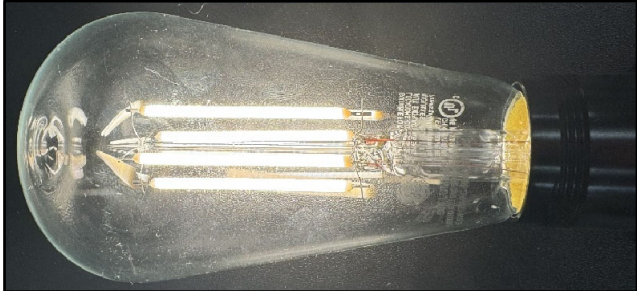
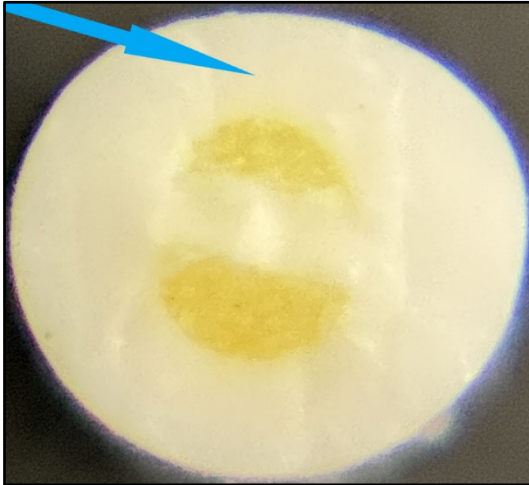
Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T)
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the one or more solid-state light emitters is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/SW9GCQWF-2T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 

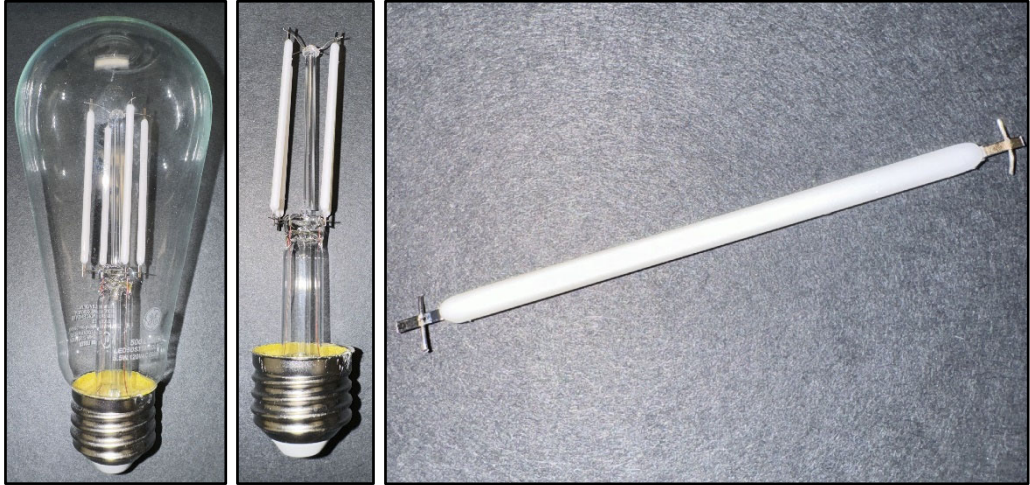
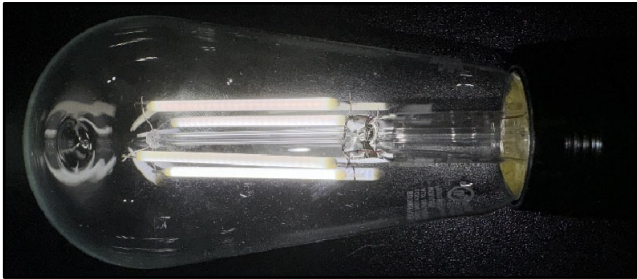
Exhibit C

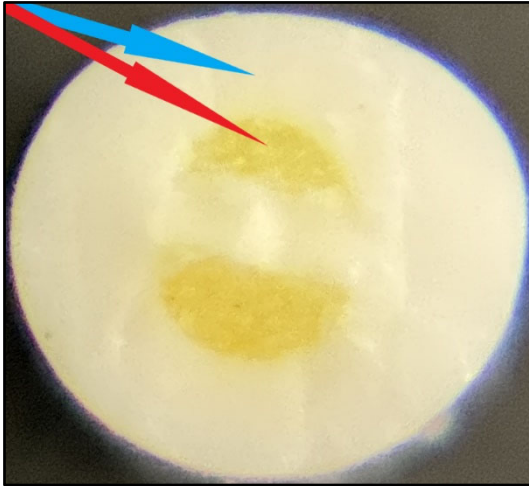
GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T

Claims 1, 2, 3, 16, 19, 20, 21, 25, and 29 of U.S. Patent No. 8,604,678

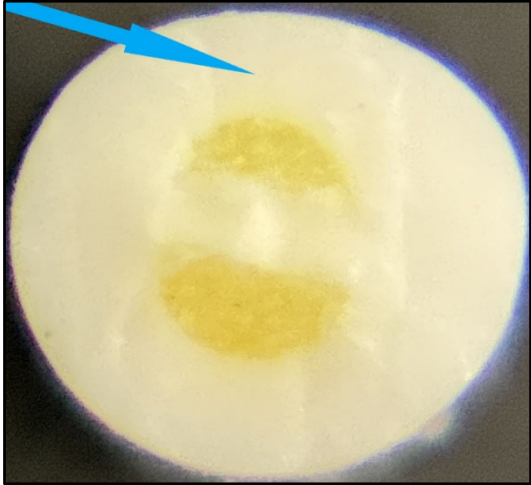
Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
A wavelength conversion component for a light emitting device comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T, which incorporates a wavelength conversion component for an LED.
a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material shown in the image and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. 
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an off-state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments.

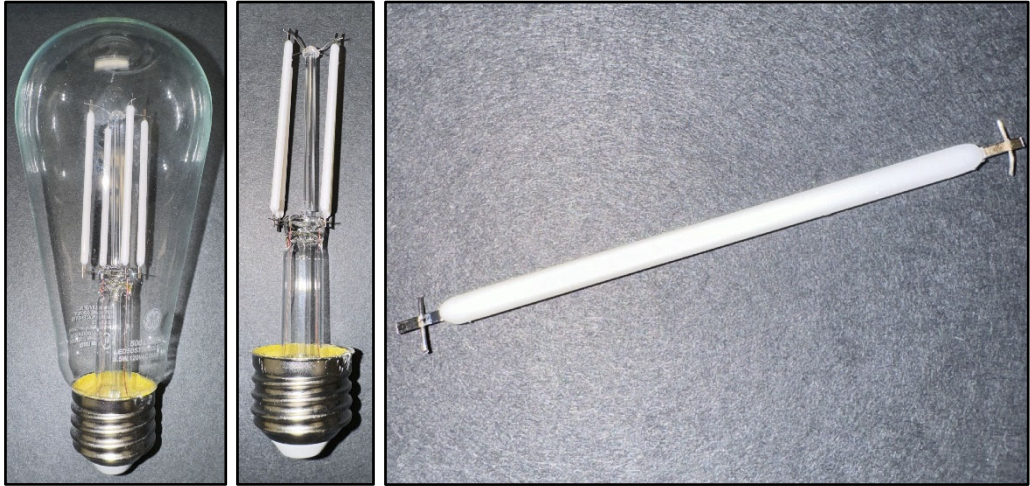
Claim 1	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
	
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of excitation light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the light emitting device is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 

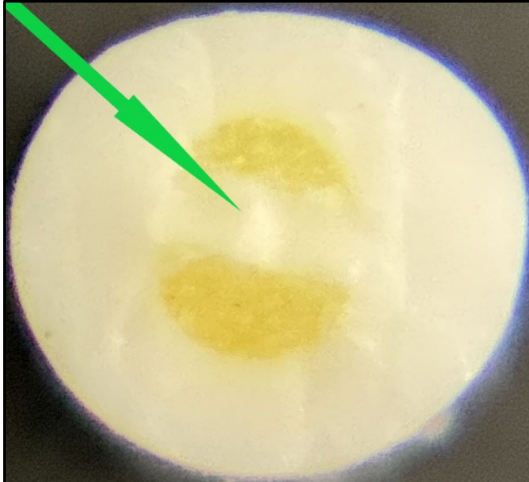
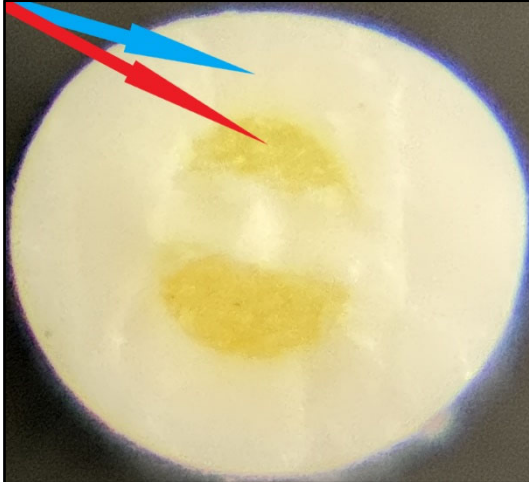
Claim 2	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
The component of claim 1, wherein the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer are in direct contact with each other.	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. As shown in the image below, the yellow wavelength conversion material indicated by the red arrow and the white light diffusing material indicated by the blue arrow are in direct contact with each other.  The image is a circular cross-section of an LED filament. It features a central yellow region and a surrounding white region. A red arrow points to the yellow region, and a blue arrow points to the white region. The two regions are in direct contact, with no visible gap between them.

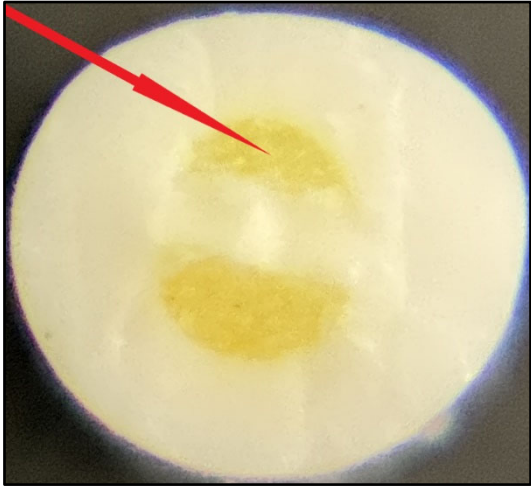
Claim 3	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
The component of claim 1, wherein the wavelength conversion layer comprises a mixture of the at least one phosphor material and a light transmissive binder and the light diffusing layer comprises a mixture of the light scatter-ing material and the light transmissive binder.	The images below provide cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material shown in the image below and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

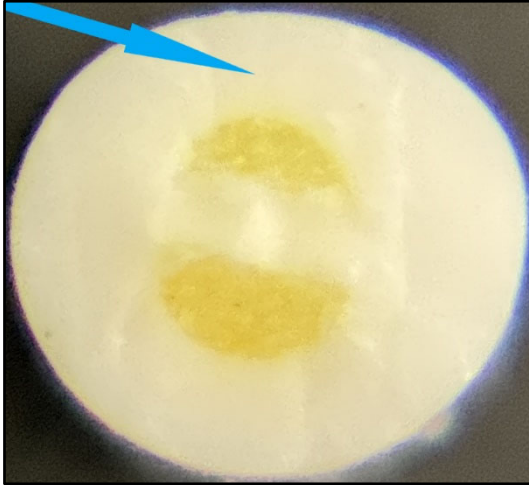
Claim 3	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
	

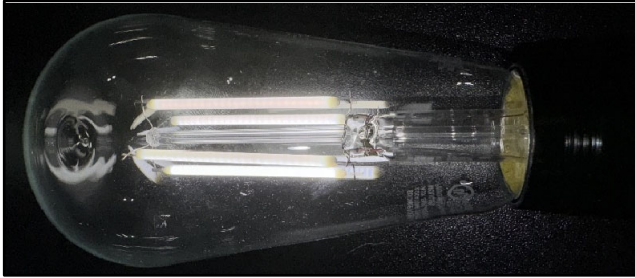
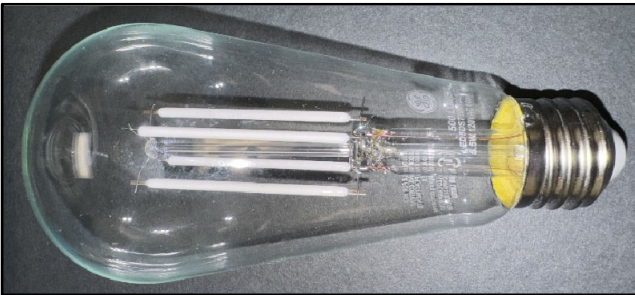
Claim 16	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
The component of claim 1 in which the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer comprises planar shapes.	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament.

Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
A light emitting device, comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T, which is a light bulb that utilizes light emitting devices. The images below depict the light bulb and its filaments. 
at least one solid-state light emitter operable to generate excitation light; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The white central portion indicated by the green arrow in the image below comprises of a string of series-connected LEDs, which are solid-state light emitters operable to generate excitation light. On information and belief, the LEDs emit blue light greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below.

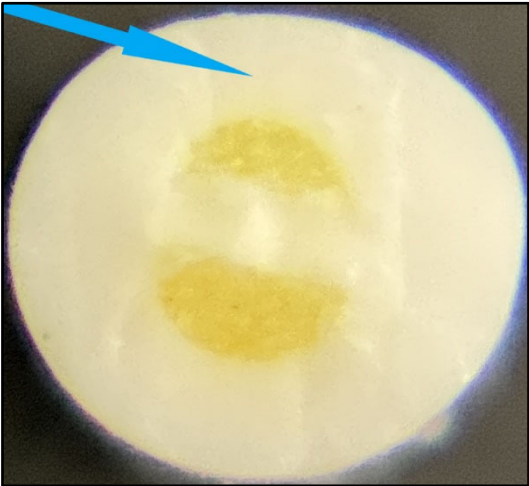
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
	
a wavelength conversion component comprising:	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The yellow and white material indicated by the red and blue arrows in the image below comprise a wavelength conversion component. 

Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
a wavelength conversion layer excitable by the excitation light, wherein the wavelength conversion layer comprises particles of at least one photoluminescence material; and	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material shown in the image and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer excitable by the excitation light comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief, the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. 
a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	The image below provides a cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

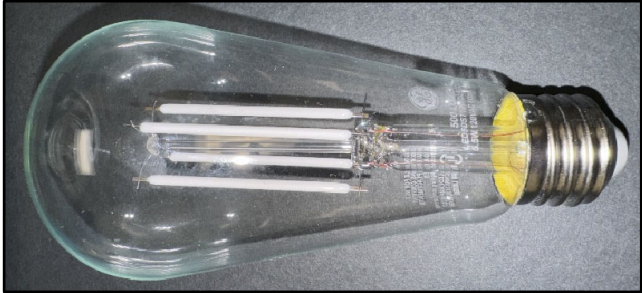
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
	
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an OFF state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. 

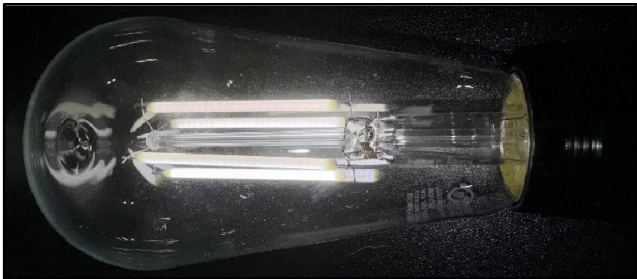
Claim 19	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the at least one solid-state light emitter is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 
Claim 20	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
The device of claim 19, wherein the light emitting device is selected from the group consisting of: downlights, light bulbs, linear lamps, lanterns, wall lamps, pendant lamps, chandeliers, recessed lights, track lights, accent lights, stage lighting, movie lighting, street lights, flood lights, beacon lights, security lights, traffic lights, headlamps, taillights, and signs.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb. 

Claim 21	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
The device of claim 19 in which the light scattering material within the light diffusing layer corresponds to an average particle size that improves the OFF state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component.	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. The image block contains three photographs. The first photograph on the left shows a GE LED Pearl Filament light bulb (Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T) with its base. The second photograph in the middle shows the bulb with the filament removed, revealing the internal structure. The third photograph on the right shows a single filament with a cross-sectional view of the white outer layer, which is the light diffusing layer. The cross-sectional view of the LED filament demonstrates that the OFF state white appearance is a result of the white outer light diffusing layer. The white outer layer of the LED filament indicated by the blue arrow in the image below comprises a light diffusing layer composed of particles of light scattering material of an average particle size that result in the LED filament having a white appearance in the OFF state.

Claim 21	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
	

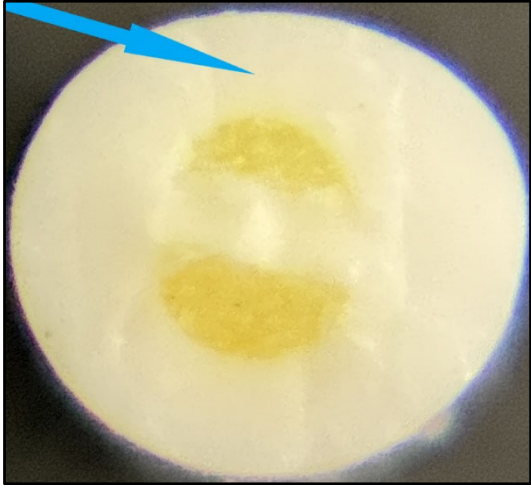
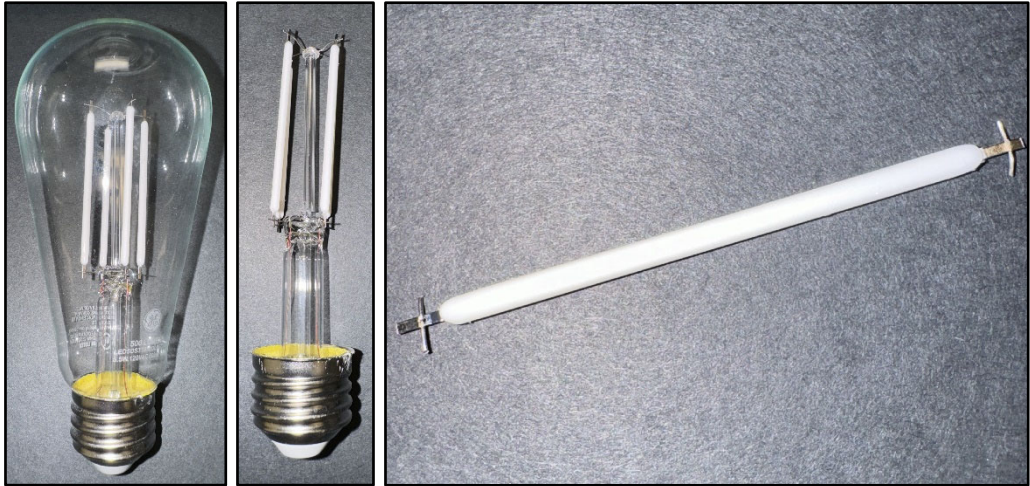
Claim 25	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
The device of claim 19 in which the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusing layer comprises planar shapes.	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament.

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
A light bulb comprising:	The preamble does not serve as a limitation/element as it is not necessary to breathe life and meaning into the claim. Nevertheless, Savant sells, offers to sell, makes, uses, and/or imports into the United States, the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb. The images below depict the light bulb. 
a connector base configured to be inserted in a socket to form an electrical connection for the light bulb;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb. The connector base shown in the image and indicated by the black arrow is configured to be inserted in a socket to form an electrical connection for the light bulb. 

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb electrically connected to a lamp. As shown in the image below, the light bulb is connected through the connector base and forms an electric connection that allows the light bulb to be turned on. 
a body comprising one or more solid-state light emitters;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments. The LED filaments are solid-state light emitters that compose the body of the light bulb. 
a wavelength conversion component having a three dimensional shape that is configured to enclose the one	The images below depict a single LED filament and a cross-sectional view of a portion of that LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. As shown in the image below, the wavelength conversion

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
or more solid-state light emitters and to in part at least define a light mixing chamber,	layer and the light diffusion layer comprise a circular planar shape that extends throughout the LED to create a cylindrical filament.
wherein the wavelength conversion component comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one	The images below provide cross-sectional view of a portion of the LED filament from the GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T. The yellow material shown in the image below and indicated by the red arrow comprises a wavelength conversion layer comprising particles of at least one photoluminescence material. On information and belief,

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
photoluminescence material and a light diffusing layer comprising particles of a light scattering material,	the wavelength conversion layer comprises a phosphor that converts blue light to white light, mixed in a carrier material such as silicone. The white material shown in the image and indicated by the blue arrow comprises a light diffusing layer comprising particles of light scattering material. On information and belief, the light diffusing layer comprises a material such as titanium dioxide mixed in a carrier material such as silicone.

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
	
wherein the light diffusing layer improves an off-state white appearance of the wavelength conversion component;	The images below depict a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb and its filaments in the off-state. The off-state appearance of the LED filament in the images is white rather than the yellow to orange appearance of the phosphor conversion material of typical LED filaments. 

Claim 29	Infringement by Savant (LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T)
wherein the wavelength conversion component is configured such that in operation a portion of light comprising blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm generated by the one or more solid-state light emitters is emitted through the wavelength conversion component to contribute to a final visible emission product.	The image below depicts a GE LED Pearl Filament Model No. LED5DST19M/DL9GCQWF-2T light bulb in the on-state. On information and belief, when the LED filaments are powered, the LEDs of the LED filaments emit blue light having a wavelength of greater than or equal to 440 nm, that is converted by the wavelength conversion layer to white light, and then the white light passes through and is scattered by the light diffusing layer to contribute to a final visible emission product as shown in the image below. 