

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

|                                  |   |                |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------|
| EXELIXIS, INC.,                  | ) |                |
|                                  | ) |                |
| Plaintiff,                       | ) |                |
|                                  | ) |                |
| v.                               | ) | C.A. No. _____ |
|                                  | ) |                |
| MSN LABORATORIES PRIVATE LIMITED | ) |                |
| and MSN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.,   | ) |                |
|                                  | ) |                |
| Defendants.                      | ) |                |

**COMPLAINT FOR PATENT INFRINGEMENT**

1. This is an action for patent infringement under the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 U.S.C. §§ 100, et. seq., as well as the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201-02, against Defendants MSN Laboratories Private Limited (“MSN Laboratories”) and MSN Pharmaceuticals Inc. (“MSN Pharmaceuticals” and together with MSN Laboratories, “MSN”). This action arises out of the submission by MSN of Abbreviated New Drug Application (“ANDA”) No. 213878 to the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (“FDA”) seeking approval to manufacture and sell a generic version of CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup> (“the MSN ANDA Product”) prior to the expiration of U.S. Patent No. 12,128,039.

**PARTIES**

2. Plaintiff Exelixis, Inc. (“Exelixis”) is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with its principal place of business at 1851 Harbor Bay Parkway, Alameda, California 94502. Exelixis is engaged in the business of creating, developing, and bringing to market new medicines for difficult-to-treat cancers. Exelixis sells CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup> throughout the United States, including in Delaware.

3. Upon information and belief, MSN Laboratories is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of India, having its principal place of business at MSN House, Plot No:

C-24, Industrial Estate, Sanath Nagar, Hyderabad, Telangana, India, 500018.

4. Upon information and belief, MSN Pharmaceuticals is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, having its principal place of business at 20 Duke Road, Piscataway, New Jersey 08854. Upon information and belief, MSN Pharmaceuticals is a wholly owned subsidiary of MSN Laboratories.

5. Upon information and belief, MSN Laboratories, itself and through its subsidiaries and agents, including MSN Pharmaceuticals, develops, manufactures, distributes, and/or imports pharmaceutical products for sale and use throughout the United States, including in Delaware.

6. Upon information and belief, MSN Pharmaceuticals develops, manufactures, distributes, and/or imports pharmaceutical products for sale and use throughout the United States, including in Delaware.

7. Upon information and belief, MSN Pharmaceuticals has been designated as United States agent for MSN Laboratories in accordance with 21 C.F.R. § 314.50(a) in connection with one or more ANDAs.

8. Upon information and belief, MSN Pharmaceuticals and MSN Laboratories acted collaboratively in the preparation and submission of ANDA No. 213878.

9. Upon information and belief, following any FDA approval of ANDA No. 213878, MSN Laboratories, itself and through its subsidiaries and agents, including MSN Pharmaceuticals, will make, use, offer to sell, and/or sell the MSN ANDA Product that is the subject of ANDA No. 213878 throughout the United States, including in Delaware, and/or import such generic products into the United States, including into Delaware.

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

10. This case arises under the patent laws of the United States of America, 35 U.S.C. §§ 100, et. seq., and the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201-2202, and this Court has

subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338(a), 2201, and 2202.

11. This Court has personal jurisdiction over MSN because, *inter alia*, MSN has committed an act of patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2) and intends a future course of conduct that includes acts of patent infringement under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b) and/or (c), including in Delaware. These acts have led and will lead to foreseeable harm and injury to Exelixis, a Delaware corporation, in Delaware. For example, on information and belief, following approval of ANDA No. 213878, MSN will make, use, import, sell, and/or offer for sale the MSN ANDA Product in the United States, including in Delaware, prior to the expiration of U.S. Patent No. 12,128,039.

12. The Court also has personal jurisdiction over MSN because, among other things, this action arises from actions of MSN directed toward Delaware, and because MSN has purposefully availed itself of the rights and benefits of Delaware law by engaging in systematic and continuous contacts with Delaware. Upon information and belief, MSN regularly and continuously transacts business within Delaware, including by selling pharmaceutical products in Delaware either directly or indirectly through affiliated companies. Upon information and belief, MSN derives substantial revenue from the sale of those products in Delaware and has availed itself of the privilege of conducting business within Delaware.

13. In addition, the Court has personal jurisdiction over MSN Pharmaceuticals because, upon information and belief, it is a Delaware corporation with a registered agent in Delaware and is registered to conduct business in Delaware.

14. In the alternative, this Court has jurisdiction over MSN Laboratories because the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(k)(2)(A) are met.

15. MSN has previously availed itself of this forum for the purpose of litigating its

patent infringement disputes. For example, MSN has filed counterclaims in *Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc. v. MSN Laboratories Private Ltd., et al.*, C.A. No. 16-1255-GMS (D. Del.) and *Onyx Therapeutics, Inc., v. MSN Pharmaceuticals, Inc., et al.*, C.A. No. 16-999-LPS (D. Del.). MSN has also filed counterclaims in this forum in *Exelixis, Inc. v. MSN Laboratories Private Limited et al.*, C.A. No. 19-2017-RGA-SRF (D. Del.) (consolidated) and *Exelixis, Inc. v. MSN Laboratories Private Limited et al.*, C.A. No. 22-228-RGA (D. Del.) (consolidated).

16. Venue is proper in this Court as to MSN Pharmaceuticals under 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b) because, upon information and belief, it is incorporated under the state laws of Delaware and therefore resides in the District of Delaware.

17. Venue is proper in this Court as to MSN Laboratories under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(c)(3), because, upon information and belief, it is not a resident of the United States and may thus be sued in any judicial district.

### **BACKGROUND**

18. U.S. Patent No. 12,128,039 (“the ’039 Patent”) (“Exhibit A”), entitled “Processes for Preparing Quinoline Compounds and Pharmaceutical Compositions Containing Such Compounds,” was duly and legally issued on October 29, 2024. The ’039 Patent will expire February 10, 2032. The claims of the ’039 Patent are valid, enforceable, and not expired. All rights and interests in the ’039 Patent are owned by and assigned to Exelixis.

19. CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup> (cabozantinib) is a tyrosine kinase inhibitor, for oral administration, approved by the FDA for the treatment of patients with advanced kidney cancer (renal cell carcinoma), patients with liver cancer (hepatocellular carcinoma) who have been previously treated with the medicine sorafenib, and patients with advanced or metastatic thyroid cancer (differentiated thyroid cancer) who have progressed following prior VEGFR-targeted therapy and who are radioactive iodine-refractor or ineligible. Exelixis sells CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup> in

the United States pursuant to New Drug Application No. 208692 which was approved by the FDA in 2016.

20. CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup> is covered by at least, inter alia, claims 1-5 of the '039 Patent.

21. The '039 Patent has been listed in connection with CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup> in the FDA's publication, Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations, referred to as the "Orange Book."

22. By letter dated February 5, 2025, and received via Federal Express on February 6, 2025 (the "Notice Letter"), MSN notified Exelixis that MSN had submitted ANDA No. 213878 to the FDA for Cabozantinib (S)-Malate Tablets, 20 mg, 40 mg, and 60 mg, a generic version of CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup>.

23. By submitting ANDA No. 213878, MSN has necessarily represented to the FDA that the MSN ANDA Product has the same active ingredient as CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup>, has the same dosage forms and strengths as CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup>, and is bioequivalent to CABOMETYX<sup>®</sup>.

24. In the Notice Letter, MSN stated that its ANDA included a paragraph IV certification pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 355(j) with respect to the '039 Patent and alleged that the '039 Patent is "not valid, unenforceable, and/or will not be infringed by the commercial manufacture, use, or sale" of the MSN ANDA Product. The Notice Letter also informed Exelixis that MSN seeks approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, or importation of the MSN ANDA Product before the '039 Patent expires.

25. Upon information and belief, MSN had knowledge of the '039 Patent at least as of the time it submitted its paragraph IV certification.

26. Upon information and belief, MSN intends to engage in the manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of the MSN ANDA Product immediately and imminently upon approval of ANDA No. 213878.

27. This action is being commenced before the expiration of forty-five days from the date of Exelixis' receipt of the Notice Letter.

**CLAIMS FOR RELIEF**

**COUNT I: INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NO. 12,128,039**

28. Exelixis incorporates each of the preceding paragraphs 1–27 as if fully set forth herein.

29. MSN's submission of ANDA No. 213878 to obtain approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of the MSN ANDA Product before the expiration of the '039 Patent constituted an act of infringement of at least claim 1 of the '039 Patent ("the '039 Asserted Claims") under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A). In the Notice Letter, MSN has not contested the infringement of any claim of the '039 patent to the extent that the patent's claims are valid.

30. MSN's commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale and/or importation of the MSN ANDA Product and/or its active ingredient prior to expiration of the '039 Patent, and MSN's inducement of and/or contribution to such conduct, would further infringe at least the '039 Asserted Claims, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b), and/or (c).

31. Upon FDA approval of ANDA No. 213878, MSN will infringe at least the '039 Asserted Claims, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by making, using, offering to sell, selling, and/or importing the MSN ANDA Product and/or its active ingredient, and/or by actively inducing and contributing to infringement of the '039 Asserted Claims by others, under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b), and/or (c), unless enjoined by the Court. Such infringement is imminent because, among other things, MSN has notified Exelixis of the submission of MSN's ANDA seeking approval to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or

importation of the MSN ANDA Product before the expiration of the '039 Patent.

32. A substantial and justiciable controversy exists between the parties hereto as to the infringement of the '039 Patent.

33. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, Exelixis is entitled to a declaratory judgment that MSN's making, using, offering to sell, selling, and/or importing the MSN ANDA Product, inducement thereof, or contribution thereto, will infringe the '039 Patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §§ 271(a), (b), and/or (c).

34. Upon information and belief, MSN acted, and upon FDA approval of ANDA No. 213878, will act, without a reasonable basis for believing that they would not be liable for directly and/or indirectly infringing the '039 Patent. This is an exceptional case.

35. Unless MSN is enjoined from directly or indirectly infringing the '039 Patent, Exelixis will suffer irreparable injury. Exelixis has no adequate remedy at law.

### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Exelixis asks that this Court grant the following relief:

- (a) A judgment that the claims of the '039 Patent are not invalid, are not unenforceable, and were infringed by MSN's submission of ANDA No. 213878 under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A), and that MSN's manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale, or importation of the MSN ANDA Product, inducement thereof, or contribution thereto, prior to the expiration of the '039 Patent, will infringe the '039 Asserted Claims, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b), and/or (c);
- (b) An Order pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(4)(A) providing that the effective date of any FDA approval of MSN's ANDA No. 213878 shall not be earlier than the expiration of the '039 Patent, including any extensions and/or additional periods

of exclusivity to which Exelixis is or becomes entitled;

- (c) A declaratory judgment that MSN's manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale, or importation, including inducement thereof and contribution thereto, of the MSN ANDA Product and/or its active ingredient prior to the expiration of the '039 Patent, would infringe at least the '039 Asserted Claims, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b), and/or (c);
- (d) An Order permanently enjoining MSN, and its affiliates, subsidiaries, and each of its officers, agents, servants and employees and those acting in privity or concert with MSN, from making, using, offering to sell, selling, or importing the MSN ANDA Product and/or its active ingredient until after the '039 Patent's expiration, including any extensions and/or additional periods of exclusivity to which Exelixis is or becomes entitled;
- (e) Damages or other monetary relief, including costs, fees, pre-judgment interest and post-judgment interest to Exelixis if MSN engages in commercial manufacture, use, offers to sell, sale, or importation into the United States of the MSN ANDA Product prior to the expiration of the '039 Patent, including any extensions and/or additional periods of exclusivity to which Exelixis is or becomes entitled; and
- (f) Such further and other relief as this Court deems proper and just.

MORRIS, NICHOLS, ARSHT & TUNNELL LLP

*/s/ Anthony D. Raucci*

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