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(54) **MULTI-PLUNGER PUMPS AND
ASSOCIATED DRIVE SYSTEMS**

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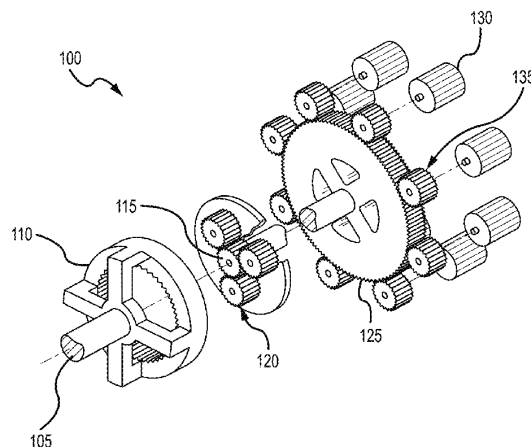
(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None
See application file for complete search history.

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A hydraulic fracturing system for fracturing a subterranean formation is described according to various embodiments. In an embodiment, the system can include a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump fluidly connected to a well associated with the subterranean formation, the multi-plunger pump configured to pump fluid into a wellbore associated with the well at a high pressure so that the fluid passes from the wellbore into the subterranean formation and fractures the subterranean formation. In an embodiment, a plurality of motors can be positioned to power the multi-plunger pump, and a planetary gear train can have a plurality of pinion gears in rotational contact with each of the plurality of motors. In an embodiment, a gear ratio of the planetary gear train and a speed at which the plurality of motors operates can be selected so as to limit a maximum pump speed associated with the multi-plunger pump.

20 Claims, 10 Drawing Sheets



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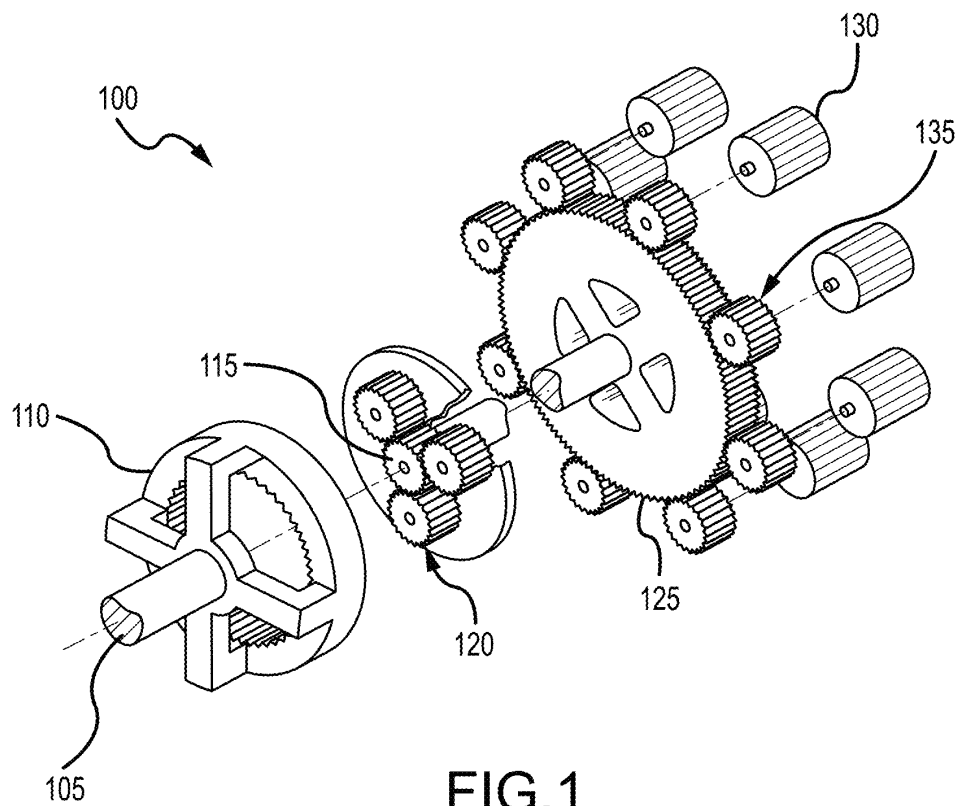
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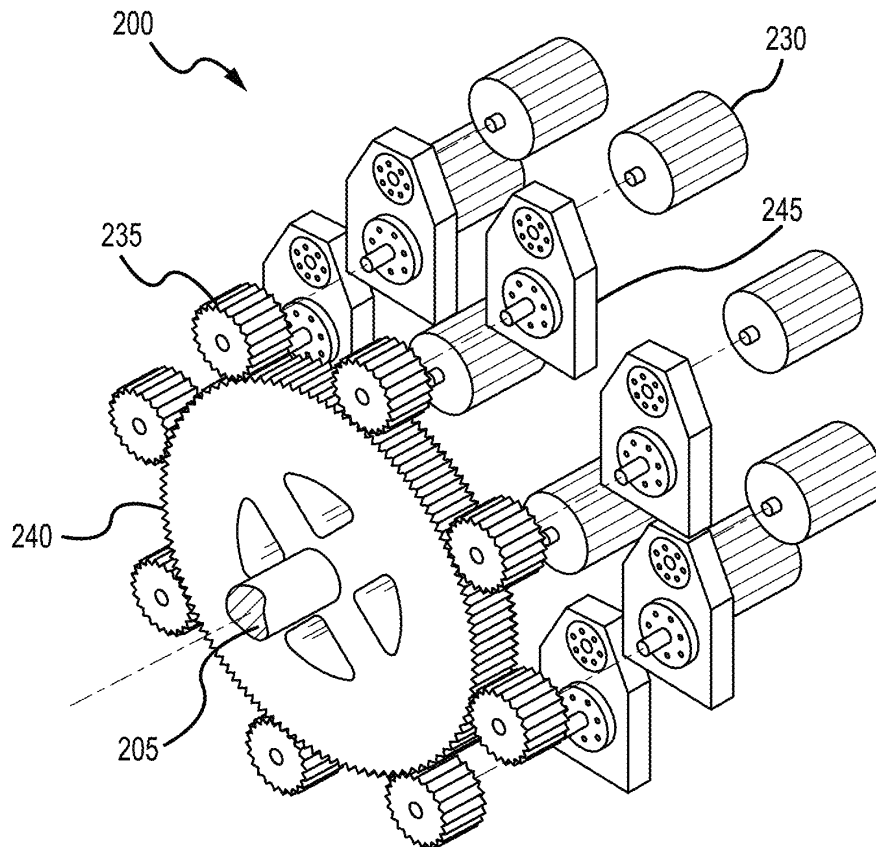


FIG.2

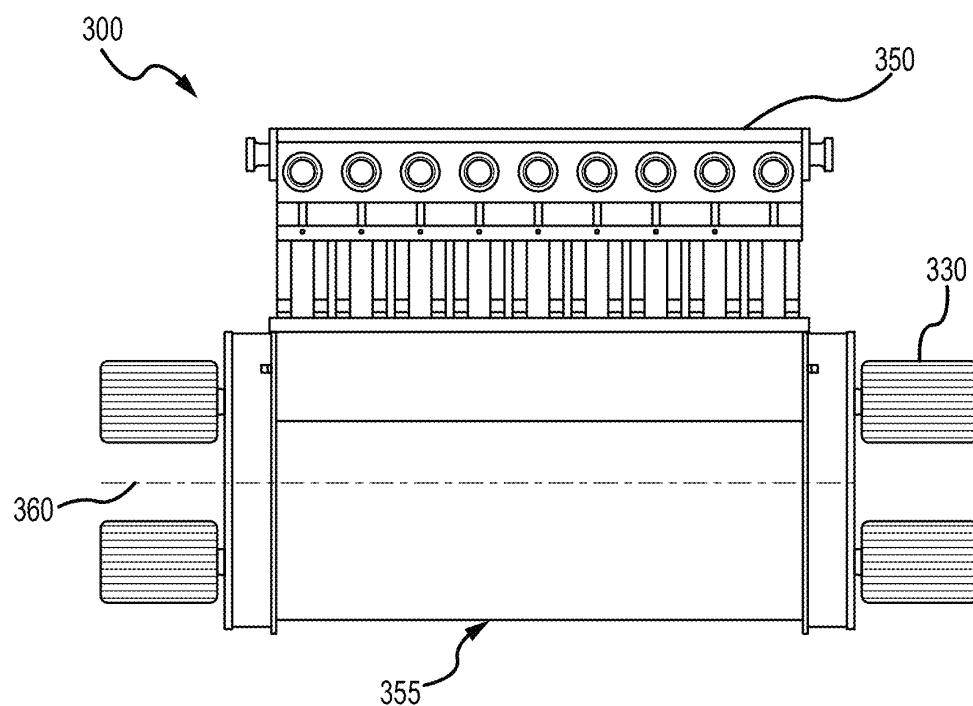


FIG.3

Plunger Critical Speed Calculations

Plunger Critical Speed = 12 in/sec (based on 120 rpm crankshaft speed on 8" stroke pump)
Plunger Maximum Speed = 40 in/sec (based on 130 rpm crankshaft speed on 8" stroke pump)

Pump Stroke (in.)	Volume per rev. (BBL)					Crankshaft rpm		Discharge Rates (BPM) at Critical Speed				Discharge Rates (BPM) at Maximum Speed			
	Triplex	Quint	9 Plunger	13 Plunger		Critical	Maximum	Triplex	Quint	9 Plunger	13 Plunger	Triplex	Quint	9 Plunger	13 Plunger
2.75" Bore	8	0.01489	0.02349	0.04408	0.06967	120.00	150.00								
	9	0.01653	0.02575	0.04959	0.07363	106.67	133.33								
	10	0.01837	0.03081	0.05510	0.07959	96.00	120.00	1.76	2.94	5.29	7.64	2.20	3.67	6.61	9.55
	11	0.02020	0.03367	0.06061	0.08754	87.27	109.09								
	12	0.02204	0.03673	0.06612	0.09550	80.00	100.00								
3.0" Bore	8	0.02388	0.03979	0.07163	0.10946	73.85	92.31								
	9	0.02719	0.04524	0.08266	0.12577	120.00	150.00								
	10	0.03186	0.05463	0.09557	0.09471	96.00	120.00	2.10	3.50	6.79	8.09	2.62	4.27	7.87	11.37
	11	0.037404	0.06007	0.07213	0.10419	87.27	109.09								
	12	0.042623	0.06471	0.07889	0.11366	80.00	100.00								
3.25" Bore	8	0.02752	0.04420	0.06136	0.08893	120.00	150.00								
	9	0.03209	0.05248	0.06926	0.10004	106.67	133.33								
	10	0.03765	0.06275	0.07696	0.11116	96.00	120.00	2.46	4.10	7.38	10.67	3.08	5.13	9.23	13.34
	11	0.04322	0.07073	0.08465	0.12227	87.27	109.09								
	12	0.04878	0.07830	0.09235	0.13339	80.00	100.00								
3.5" Bore	8	0.03380	0.05587	0.07740	0.10313	120.00	150.00								
	9	0.03977	0.06462	0.08802	0.11602	106.67	133.33								
	10	0.04675	0.07595	0.09925	0.12962	96.00	120.00	2.86	4.76	8.27	12.38	3.57	5.95	10.71	15.47
	11	0.05372	0.08454	0.09817	0.14181	87.27	109.09								
	12	0.06070	0.09350	0.10710	0.15470	80.00	100.00								
4.0" Bore	8	0.04109	0.06181	0.08328	0.11347	120.00	150.00								
	9	0.04887	0.07219	0.10491	0.15154	106.67	133.33								
	10	0.05686	0.08476	0.11657	0.16898	96.00	120.00	3.73	6.32	13.38	16.16	4.66	7.77	13.99	20.21
	11	0.06473	0.09724	0.12823	0.18572	87.27	109.09								
	12	0.07262	0.10771	0.13989	0.20206	80.00	100.00								
4.5" Bore	8	0.05534	0.08537	0.11878	0.17049	120.00	150.00								
	9	0.06426	0.09737	0.13278	0.19180	106.67	133.33								
	10	0.07318	0.08196	0.14754	0.21311	96.00	120.00	4.72	7.87	14.18	20.49	5.90	9.54	17.70	25.57
	11	0.08210	0.09916	0.16229	0.23442	87.27	109.09								
	12	0.09102	0.09836	0.17704	0.25573	80.00	100.00								
5.0" Bore	8	0.06857	0.08055	0.14571	0.21048	120.00	150.00								
	9	0.07884	0.09107	0.16193	0.23678	106.67	133.33								
	10	0.08971	0.10119	0.18214	0.26309	96.00	120.00	5.83	9.71	17.49	25.20	7.29	12.14	21.86	31.57
	11	0.09679	0.11131	0.20036	0.28940	87.27	109.09								
	12	0.07286	0.12143	0.22857	0.31571	80.00	100.00								

FIG. 4

Transmission CAT TH55-E90 RATES				Pump Fluid End Quint			
				Rate BPM/rev			
				1.0 5.0/3.57			
				1.5 7.5/5.00			
				2.0 10.0/6.67			
				2.5 12.5/8.33			
				3.0 15.0/10.00			
				3.5 17.5/11.67			
				4.0 20.0/13.33			
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				5.0 25.0/16.67			
				5.5 27.5/18.33			
				6.0 30.0/20.00			
				6.5 32.5/21.67			
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				9.0 45.0/30.00			
				9.5 47.5/31.67			
				10.0 50.0/33.33			
				10.5 52.5/35.00			
				11.0 55.0/36.67			
				11.5 57.5/38.33			
				12.0 60.0/40.00			
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				152.0 760.0/506.67			
				152.5 762.5/508.33			
				153.0 765.0/510.00			
				153.5 767.5/511.67			
				154.0 770.0/513.33			
				154.5 772.5/515.00			
				155.0 775.0/516.67			
				155.5 777.5/518.33			
				156.0 780.0/520.00			
				156.5 782.5/521.67			
				157.0 785.0/523.33			
				157.5 787.5/525.00			
				158.0 790.0/526.67			
				158.5 792.5/528.33			
				159.0 795.0/530.00			
				159.5 797.5/531.67			
				160.0 800.0/533.33			
				160.5 802.5/535.00			
				161.0 805.0/536.67			
				161.5 807.5/538.33			
				162.0 810.0/540.00			
				162.5 812.5/541.67			
				163.0 815.0/543.33			
				163.5 817.5/545.00			
				164.0 820.0/546.67			
				164.5 822.5/548.33			
				165.0 825.0/550.00			
				165.5 827.5/551.67			
				166.0 830.0/553.33			
				166.5 832.5/555.00			
				167.0			

Transmission			Frac Pump	
Allison 9800 Ratios			Fluid End	Triplex
1st Gear	2.75		Bore	BBU/rev
2nd Gear	2.58		2.12"	0.031407
3rd Gear	2.20		4.6"	0.039338
4th Gear	1.77		5.0"	0.048355
5th Gear	1.58			
6th Gear	1.27			
7th Gear	1.06			

Allison 9800 Transmission, Triplex Pumps

Allison 9800 Transmission	Triplex 4.6"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	Triplex 4.6"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	Triplex 4.6"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	Triplex 4.6"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM
		1500	65.1	2.28		1500	65.1	2.28		1500	65.1	2.28		1500	65.1	2.28
1st Gear	2nd Gear	1550	67.2	2.49	2nd Gear	1550	67.2	2.49	2nd Gear	1550	67.2	2.49	2nd Gear	1550	67.2	2.49
		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69
		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89
		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09
		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29
		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49
		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69
		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89
		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09
		2000	86.1	4.29		2000	86.1	4.29		2000	86.1	4.29		2000	86.1	4.29
2nd Gear	3rd Gear	1500	65.1	2.28	3rd Gear	1500	65.1	2.28	3rd Gear	1500	65.1	2.28	3rd Gear	1500	65.1	2.28
		1550	67.2	2.49		1550	67.2	2.49		1550	67.2	2.49		1550	67.2	2.49
		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69
		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89
		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09
		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29
		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49
		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69
		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89
		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09
3rd Gear	4th Gear	1500	65.1	2.28	4th Gear	1500	65.1	2.28	4th Gear	1500	65.1	2.28	4th Gear	1500	65.1	2.28
		1550	67.2	2.49		1550	67.2	2.49		1550	67.2	2.49		1550	67.2	2.49
		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69		1600	69.3	2.69
		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89		1650	71.4	2.89
		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09		1700	73.5	3.09
		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29		1750	75.6	3.29
		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49		1800	77.7	3.49
		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69		1850	79.8	3.69
		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89		1900	81.9	3.89
		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09		1950	84.0	4.09

FIG. 6

Transmission		Pac Pump	
Allison 9800 Ratios		Fluid End Bore	Quint BBL/rev
1st Gear	5.75	4.0"	0.05197
2nd Gear	2.69	4.5"	0.06949
3rd Gear	2.00	5.0"	0.08097
4th Gear	1.77		
5th Gear	1.56		
6th Gear	1.27		
7th Gear	1.00		

Allison 9800 Transmission, Quint Pumps

	Quint 4.0"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	Quint 4.5"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	Quint 5.0"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	Quint 5.5"	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM
Allison 9800 Transmission	1st Gear	1500	80.0	5.20	2nd Gear	1500	80.0	4.54	3rd Gear	1500	80.0	3.26	4th Gear	1500	80.0	2.60
		1550	85.1	5.26		1550	85.2	4.60		1550	85.4	3.33		1550	85.8	2.72
		1600	87.2	5.47		1600	89.6	4.84		1600	94.2	3.62		1600	107.5	2.95
		1650	88.5	5.56		1650	94.6	4.96		1650	108.2	3.69		1650	146.7	2.58
		1700	75.4	5.66		1700	99.0	5.14		1700	121.6	4.28		1700	152.0	2.73
	2nd Gear	1750	70.5	5.86	3rd Gear	1750	102.4	5.26	4th Gear	1750	125.2	5.42	5th Gear	1750	150.0	2.68
		1800	70.9	6.00		1800	106.3	5.44		1800	128.8	5.65		1800	160.1	2.27
		1850	77.7	6.08		1850	108.3	5.56		1850	132.4	5.84		1850	164.3	2.50
		1900	79.8	6.12		1900	111.2	5.74		1900	135.9	6.02		1900	169.0	2.39
		1950	85.9	6.29		1950	114.1	5.86		1950	139.5	7.21		1950	172.4	2.66
Allison 9800 Transmission	1st Gear	1500	80.0	4.12	2nd Gear	1500	80.0	3.26	3rd Gear	1500	80.0	2.03	4th Gear	1500	80.0	2.73
		1550	85.1	4.29		1550	85.2	3.44		1550	85.4	2.26		1550	107.8	2.65
		1600	87.2	4.49		1600	89.6	3.12		1600	94.2	2.60		1600	142.3	2.32
		1650	88.5	4.54		1650	94.6	3.32		1650	108.2	2.73		1650	146.7	2.61
		1700	75.4	4.67		1700	99.0	3.21		1700	121.6	2.96		1700	151.2	2.89
	2nd Gear	1750	70.5	4.80	3rd Gear	1750	102.4	3.71	4th Gear	1750	125.2	3.20	5th Gear	1750	150.0	2.89
		1800	70.9	4.95		1800	106.3	3.80		1800	128.8	3.43		1800	160.1	2.49
		1850	77.7	5.08		1850	108.3	3.89		1850	132.4	3.67		1850	164.3	2.77
		1900	79.8	5.22		1900	111.2	4.28		1900	135.9	3.80		1900	169.0	2.66
		1950	85.9	5.38		1950	114.1	4.37		1950	139.5	3.14		1950	172.4	2.36
Allison 9800 Transmission	1st Gear	1500	80.0	5.56	2nd Gear	1500	80.0	4.54	3rd Gear	1500	80.0	3.26	4th Gear	1500	80.0	2.60
		1550	85.1	5.77		1550	85.2	4.72		1550	85.4	3.33		1550	85.8	2.72
		1600	87.2	5.44		1600	89.6	4.96		1600	94.2	3.62		1600	107.5	2.95
		1650	88.5	5.43		1650	94.6	5.02		1650	108.2	3.69		1650	146.7	2.58
		1700	75.4	5.78		1700	99.0	5.05		1700	121.6	3.85		1700	152.0	2.73
	2nd Gear	1750	70.5	5.99	3rd Gear	1750	102.4	5.19	4th Gear	1750	125.2	5.14	5th Gear	1750	150.0	2.68
		1800	70.9	6.13		1800	106.3	5.30		1800	128.8	5.40		1800	160.1	2.49
		1850	77.7	6.29		1850	108.3	5.46		1850	132.4	5.71		1850	164.3	2.72
		1900	79.8	6.46		1900	111.2	5.50		1900	135.9	5.80		1900	169.0	2.68
		1950	85.9	6.60		1950	114.1	5.64		1950	139.5	6.09		1950	172.4	2.69

FIG. 7

Transmission	
CAT TH55-E70 Ratio	
1st Gear	6.25
2nd Gear	4.00
3rd Gear	3.20
4th Gear	2.40
5th Gear	1.80
6th Gear	1.35
7th Gear	1.00

Drive Pump	
Flow l/min	100 l/min
Pressure	100 bar

CAT TH55-E70 Transmission, Triplex Pumps

Transmission	Gear	1000/50			1000/50	Gear	1000/50			1000/50	Gear	1000/50			1000/50	Gear	1000/50		
		Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump RPM			Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump RPM			Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump RPM			Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump RPM
CAT TH55-E70 Transmission	1st Gear	1500	24.0	2.25	2nd Gear	1700	28.0	2.60	3rd Gear	1850	32.0	3rd Gear	1950	36.0	4th Gear	2050	40.0	5th Gear	2150
		1550	24.8	2.25			1550	28.8	2.60				1550	36.8			1550	40.8	
		1600	25.6	2.25			1600	29.6	2.60				1600	37.6			1600	41.6	
		1650	26.4	2.25			1650	30.4	2.60				1650	38.4			1650	42.4	
		1700	27.2	2.25			1700	31.2	2.60				1700	39.2			1700	43.2	
		1750	28.0	2.25			1750	32.0	2.60				1750	40.0			1750	44.0	
		1800	28.8	2.25			1800	32.8	2.60				1800	40.8			1800	44.8	
		1850	29.6	2.25			1850	33.6	2.60				1850	41.6			1850	45.6	
		1900	30.4	2.25			1900	34.4	2.60				1900	42.4			1900	46.4	
		1950	31.2	2.25			1950	35.2	2.60				1950	43.2			1950	47.2	
CAT TH55-E70 Transmission	2nd Gear	1500	48.0	4.50	3rd Gear	1700	56.0	5.20	4th Gear	1850	64.0	5th Gear	1950	72.0	6th Gear	2050	80.0	7th Gear	2150
		1550	49.6	4.50			1550	57.6	5.20				1550	73.6			1550	81.6	
		1600	51.2	4.50			1600	59.2	5.20				1600	75.2			1600	83.2	
		1650	52.8	4.50			1650	60.8	5.20				1650	76.8			1650	84.8	
		1700	54.4	4.50			1700	62.4	5.20				1700	78.4			1700	86.4	
		1750	56.0	4.50			1750	64.0	5.20				1750	80.0			1750	88.0	
		1800	57.6	4.50			1800	65.6	5.20				1800	81.6			1800	89.6	
		1850	59.2	4.50			1850	67.2	5.20				1850	83.2			1850	91.2	
		1900	60.8	4.50			1900	68.8	5.20				1900	84.8			1900	92.8	
		1950	62.4	4.50			1950	70.4	5.20				1950	86.4			1950	94.4	
CAT TH55-E70 Transmission	3rd Gear	1500	72.0	6.75	4th Gear	1700	84.0	7.80	5th Gear	1850	96.0	6th Gear	1950	108.0	7th Gear	2050	120.0	8th Gear	2150
		1550	74.4	6.75			1550	86.4	7.80				1550	110.4			1550	122.4	
		1600	76.8	6.75			1600	88.8	7.80				1600	112.8			1600	124.8	
		1650	79.2	6.75			1650	91.2	7.80				1650	115.2			1650	127.2	
		1700	81.6	6.75			1700	93.6	7.80				1700	117.6			1700	129.6	
		1750	84.0	6.75			1750	96.0	7.80				1750	120.0			1750	132.0	
		1800	86.4	6.75			1800	98.4	7.80				1800	122.4			1800	134.4	
		1850	88.8	6.75			1850	100.8	7.80				1850	124.8			1850	136.8	
		1900	91.2	6.75			1900	103.2	7.80				1900	127.2			1900	139.2	
		1950	93.6	6.75			1950	105.6	7.80				1950	129.6			1950	141.6	

FIG. 8

Transmission	
CAT TH55-E70 6-Speed	
1st Gear	4.22
2nd Gear	4.55
3rd Gear	5.39
4th Gear	6.46
5th Gear	8.27
6th Gear	11.20

Pump	
Model	Flow
TH55	1.50 GPM
TH55	1.50 GPM

CAT TH55-E70 Transmission, Quint Pumps

Transmission	Gear	Engine			Engine	Engine			Engine	Engine			Engine	Engine			Engine	Engine		
		rpm	Pump	Pump		rpm	Pump	Pump		rpm	Pump	Pump		rpm	Pump	Pump		rpm	Pump	Pump
CAT TH55-E70	1st Gear	1500	15.0	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50
		1550	15.5	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55
		1600	16.0	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60
		1650	16.5	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65
		1700	17.0	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70
		1750	17.5	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75
	2nd Gear	1500	15.0	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50
		1550	15.5	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55
		1600	16.0	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60
		1650	16.5	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65
		1700	17.0	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70
		1750	17.5	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75
CAT TH55-E70	3rd Gear	1500	15.0	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50
		1550	15.5	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55
		1600	16.0	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60
		1650	16.5	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65
		1700	17.0	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70
		1750	17.5	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75
	4th Gear	1500	15.0	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50
		1550	15.5	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55
		1600	16.0	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60
		1650	16.5	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65
		1700	17.0	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70
		1750	17.5	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75
CAT TH55-E70	5th Gear	1500	15.0	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50
		1550	15.5	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55
		1600	16.0	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60
		1650	16.5	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65
		1700	17.0	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70
		1750	17.5	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75
	6th Gear	1500	15.0	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50	1500	15.0	1.50	1.50
		1550	15.5	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55	1550	15.5	1.55	1.55
		1600	16.0	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60	1600	16.0	1.60	1.60
		1650	16.5	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65	1650	16.5	1.65	1.65
		1700	17.0	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70	1700	17.0	1.70	1.70
		1750	17.5	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75	1750	17.5	1.75	1.75

FIG. 9

Transmission		Rec Pump	
TA90-8501 Ratios		Fluid End	Quint
1st Gear	4.47	Bore	180/rev
2nd Gear	3.59	4.5"	0.055169
3rd Gear	2.85	4.5"	0.05548
4th Gear	2.41	5.0"	0.08098
5th Gear	1.92		
6th Gear	1.54		
7th Gear	1.25		
8th Gear	1.00		
9th Gear	0.80		

Twin Disc TA90-8501 Transmission - Quint Pumps																				
4.0" Fluid End	1st Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	2nd Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	3rd Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	4th Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	5th Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM
		1500	32.8	3.91		1500	38.3	4.62		1500	45.6	4.42		1500	50.3	5.33		1500	128.0	6.95
		1600	34.8	3.91		1600	40.3	4.62		1600	47.6	4.42		1600	52.3	5.33		1600	131.2	6.95
		1700	36.8	3.91		1700	42.3	4.62		1700	49.6	4.42		1700	54.3	5.33		1700	134.4	6.95
		1800	38.8	3.91		1800	44.3	4.62		1800	51.6	4.42		1800	56.3	5.33		1800	137.6	6.95
		1900	40.8	3.91		1900	46.3	4.62		1900	53.6	4.42		1900	58.3	5.33		1900	140.8	6.95
		2000	42.8	3.91		2000	48.3	4.62		2000	55.6	4.42		2000	60.3	5.33		2000	144.0	6.95
		2100	44.8	3.91		2100	50.3	4.62		2100	57.6	4.42		2100	62.3	5.33		2100	147.2	6.95
		2200	46.8	3.91		2200	52.3	4.62		2200	59.6	4.42		2200	64.3	5.33		2200	150.4	6.95
		2300	48.8	3.91		2300	54.3	4.62		2300	61.6	4.42		2300	66.3	5.33		2300	153.6	6.95
4.5" Fluid End	1st Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	2nd Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	3rd Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	4th Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	5th Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM
		1500	32.8	3.91		1500	38.3	4.62		1500	45.6	4.42		1500	50.3	5.33		1500	128.0	6.95
		1600	34.8	3.91		1600	40.3	4.62		1600	47.6	4.42		1600	52.3	5.33		1600	131.2	6.95
		1700	36.8	3.91		1700	42.3	4.62		1700	49.6	4.42		1700	54.3	5.33		1700	134.4	6.95
		1800	38.8	3.91		1800	44.3	4.62		1800	51.6	4.42		1800	56.3	5.33		1800	137.6	6.95
		1900	40.8	3.91		1900	46.3	4.62		1900	53.6	4.42		1900	58.3	5.33		1900	140.8	6.95
		2000	42.8	3.91		2000	48.3	4.62		2000	55.6	4.42		2000	60.3	5.33		2000	144.0	6.95
		2100	44.8	3.91		2100	50.3	4.62		2100	57.6	4.42		2100	62.3	5.33		2100	147.2	6.95
		2200	46.8	3.91		2200	52.3	4.62		2200	59.6	4.42		2200	64.3	5.33		2200	150.4	6.95
		2300	48.8	3.91		2300	54.3	4.62		2300	61.6	4.42		2300	66.3	5.33		2300	153.6	6.95
5.0" Fluid End	1st Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	2nd Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	3rd Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	4th Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM	5th Gear	Engine rpm	Pump Crank rpm	Pump BPM
		1500	32.8	3.91		1500	38.3	4.62		1500	45.6	4.42		1500	50.3	5.33		1500	128.0	6.95
		1600	34.8	3.91		1600	40.3	4.62		1600	47.6	4.42		1600	52.3	5.33		1600	131.2	6.95
		1700	36.8	3.91		1700	42.3	4.62		1700	49.6	4.42		1700	54.3	5.33		1700	134.4	6.95
		1800	38.8	3.91		1800	44.3	4.62		1800	51.6	4.42		1800	56.3	5.33		1800	137.6	6.95
		1900	40.8	3.91		1900	46.3	4.62		1900	53.6	4.42		1900	58.3	5.33		1900	140.8	6.95
		2000	42.8	3.91		2000	48.3	4.62		2000	55.6	4.42		2000	60.3	5.33		2000	144.0	6.95
		2100	44.8	3.91		2100	50.3	4.62		2100	57.6	4.42		2100	62.3	5.33		2100	147.2	6.95
		2200	46.8	3.91		2200	52.3	4.62		2200	59.6	4.42		2200	64.3	5.33		2200	150.4	6.95
		2300	48.8	3.91		2300	54.3	4.62		2300	61.6	4.42		2300	66.3	5.33		2300	153.6	6.95

FIG. 10

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**MULTI-PLUNGER PUMPS AND
ASSOCIATED DRIVE SYSTEMS****CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED
APPLICATIONS**

This application claims priority to and the benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 62/594,912, filed Dec. 5, 2017, the full disclosure of which is hereby incorporated by reference herein for all purposes.

BACKGROUND**1. Technical Field**

This disclosure relates generally to drive systems for reciprocating plunger-style pumps used in hydraulic fracturing operations, and more particularly to multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pumps and associated drive systems.

2. Background

With advancements in technology over the past few decades, the ability to reach unconventional sources of hydrocarbons has tremendously increased. Horizontal drilling and hydraulic fracturing are two such ways that new developments in technology have led to hydrocarbon production from previously unreachable shale formations. Hydraulic fracturing (fracking) operations typically require powering numerous components in order to recover oil and gas resources from the ground. For example, hydraulic fracturing usually includes pumps that inject fracking fluid down the wellbore, blenders that mix proppant into the fluid, cranes, wireline units, and many other components that all must perform different functions to carry out fracking operations.

Hydraulic fracturing operations commonly use diesel-powered pumps to transmit fluid media down the well bore, the transmissions for the diesel-powered pumps often having seven speeds or more. When one or more pumps go offline during operation, for example due to system failure or for scheduled maintenance, the speed of the remaining operating pumps is increased accordingly. However, many of the top gears in these diesel transmissions provide speeds that are above the critical speed for the associated plunger pumps. Thus, compensating for the downed pump or pumps by up-shifting operation of the remaining pumps to these higher gears, above the critical speed for the pumps, can result in damage to the pumps. There is a need for hydraulic fracturing pumps that are capable of operation at or below the critical speed, without sacrificing pump rate, efficiency, and efficacy.

SUMMARY

One of the most common transmissions utilized in hydraulic fracturing pump applications is a nine-speed transmission, often driven by a diesel-powered engine. When this transmission is in fifth gear and the engine is running at 1700 rotations per minute (rpm), for example, the critical speed of 120 rpm on an associated 8-inch stroke pump is reached. Therefore, running the pump with the transmission operating in any of gears six through nine, above the critical speed reached at gear five, could cause pump cavitation and damage accumulation to the fluid end of the pump.

It has historically been believed that pump cavitation is caused by air entering the pump. Through testing and

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data-gathering, however, Applicants have observed that pump cavitation and damage are caused by the formation of vacuum bubbles as a result of fluid being accelerated too fast through the pump. A heightened speed of operation creates low pressure within the pumps, creating vacuum bubbles. As the pump plungers retract, the vacuum bubbles implode, causing damage (cavitation) to the pump and engine systems. Although the risks of operating the pumps at too great of speeds may be known, concerns about lowered pump rates and lost efficiency resulting from maintaining slower transmission speeds commonly lead to disregard of the risks as an unavoidable consequence of maintaining pump efficiency.

In seeking to avoid such pump damage, Applicants have observed that, by operating transmissions such that pumps are maintained at or below critical pump speeds, such formation of vacuum bubbles and resulting pump cavitation and damage may be avoided. Further still, Applicants have observed that use of electric- or hydraulic-powered pumps may allow for better control of pump speeds at or below the critical speed due to the smaller increments between gear speeds as compared to those of pumps driven by diesel-powered engines.

Operation below critical pump speeds has previously been avoided as being considered inefficient and ineffective for pump usage in fracking, as slower pump speeds are historically believed to be directly tied to pump rates. Applicant has observed, however, that the introduction of multiple electric- or hydraulic-powered motors driving planetary gear trains can provide effective and efficient pumping power, thereby maintaining a consistent pump rate for fluid transfer, while also sustaining a pumping speed at or below the critical speed for the plungers. For example, Applicant discovered that varying pump bore sizes and stroke lengths, as well as number of plungers, allowed for operation at slower pump speeds while maintaining or increasing fluid pump rates. Applicant also discovered, through testing and analysis, that certain bore size, stroke length, and plunger number combinations provided maximum pump rate efficiency at a usable and economically effective overall pump size.

The present disclosure is directed to hydraulic fracturing system for fracturing a subterranean formation, according to various embodiments. In an embodiment, the hydraulic fracturing system can include a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump fluidly connected to a well associated with the subterranean formation, and the multi-plunger pump can be configured to pump fluid into a wellbore associated with the well at a high pressure so that the fluid passes from the wellbore into the subterranean formation and fractures the subterranean formation. In an embodiment, the system can further include a plurality of motors positioned to power the multi-plunger pump, and a planetary gear train having a plurality of input pinion gears in rotational contact with each of the plurality of motors. In an embodiment, a gear ratio of the planetary gear train and a speed at which the plurality of motors operates can be selected so as to limit a maximum pump speed associated with the multi-plunger pump.

In an embodiment, the system can include a plurality of speed reduction gearboxes positioned between the plurality of input pinion gears and the plurality of motors so as to achieve a desired pump rate.

In an embodiment, the plurality of motors can include one of a plurality of electric motors or a plurality of hydraulic motors.

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In an embodiment, the maximum pump speed can correlate to a critical plunger speed associated with each of the plurality of hydraulic pumps.

In an embodiment, the maximum pump speed can be 5% or less over a critical plunger speed associated with each of the plurality of hydraulic pumps.

In an embodiment, the plurality of hydraulic pumps includes an odd number of plungers greater than or equal to five plungers.

In an embodiment, a stroke length of each of the plungers associated with the plurality of hydraulic pumps can be selected to inversely relate to a pump speed associated with the plurality of hydraulic pumps so as to achieve a predetermined flow rate.

In an embodiment, the system can include a variable frequency drive (VFD) connected to the plurality of motors to control the speed of the plurality of motors. The VFD can be positioned to accelerate or decelerate pump rotational speeds associated with each of the plurality of hydraulic pumps, according to an embodiment.

In an embodiment, the VFD can include a plurality of VFDs and the plurality of VFDs can be configured to share a load required to power the plurality of hydraulic pumps.

In an embodiment, the plurality of VFDs can be configured to automatically shut off in the event of an overpressure event with respect to the plurality of hydraulic pumps.

The present disclosure is also related to a hydraulic fracturing system for fracturing a subterranean formation, according to an embodiment. In an embodiment, the system can include a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump fluidly connected to a well associated with the subterranean formation, and the multi-plunger pump can be configured to pump fluid into a wellbore associated with the well at a high pressure so that the fluid passes from the wellbore into the subterranean formation and fractures the subterranean formation. In an embodiment, a plurality of motors can be positioned to power the multi-plunger pump. The system can further include a variable frequency drive connected to the plurality of motors to control the speeds of the plurality of electric motors, according to an embodiment. In an embodiment, the system can include a planetary gear train having a plurality of input pinion gears in rotational contact with each of the plurality of motors. In an embodiment, a gear ratio of the planetary gear train and a speed at which the plurality of motors operates can be selected so as to limit a maximum pump speed associated with the multi-plunger pump.

The present disclosure is also directed to a method for pumping fluid into a wellbore associated with a subterranean formation. In an embodiment, the method can include fluidly connecting a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump to a well associated with the subterranean formation such that the multi-plunger pump pumps fluid into the wellbore at a high pressure so that fluid passes from the wellbore into the subterranean formation and fractures the subterranean formation. In an embodiment, the method can include powering the multi-plunger pump with a plurality of motors. In an embodiment, the method can further include providing a planetary gear train having a plurality of input pinion gears in rotational contact with each of the plurality of motors so as to translate power from the plurality of motors into a desired pump rate of the multi-plunger pump.

Other aspects and features of the present disclosure will become apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art after reading the detailed description herein and the accompanying figures.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

Some of the features and benefits of the present invention having been stated, others will become apparent as the description proceeds when taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

FIG. 1 is an exploded schematic example of a planetary gear train having multiple input pinions for direct connection to an electric motor, according to an embodiment.

FIG. 2 is an exploded schematic example of a planetary gear train having a speed reduction gearbox mounting for connection to an electric motor, according to an embodiment.

FIG. 3 is a schematic example of a multi-plunger pump having nine plungers and four electric motors mounted for driving the multi-plunger pump, according to an embodiment.

FIG. 4 is a table showing calculations of plunger pump critical speeds according to embodiments of the present technology.

FIG. 5 is a table showing data related to certain pumps and transmissions in an example application, meant to highlight certain embodiments of the present technology.

FIGS. 6-10 are tables showing additional data related to certain pumps and transmissions in further example applications, meant to further highlight embodiments of the present technology.

While the invention will be described in connection with the preferred embodiments, it will be understood that the included description is not intended to limit the invention to the described preferred embodiments. On the contrary, the description is intended to cover all alternatives, modifications, and equivalents, as may be included within the spirit and scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF INVENTION

The method and system of the present disclosure will now be described more fully hereinafter with reference to the accompanying drawings in which embodiments are shown. The method and system of the present disclosure may be in many different forms and should not be construed as limited to the illustrated embodiments set forth herein; rather, these embodiments are provided so that this disclosure will be thorough and complete, and will fully convey its scope to those skilled in the art. Like numbers refer to like elements throughout.

It is to be further understood that the scope of the present disclosure is not limited the exact details of construction, operation, exact materials, or embodiments shown and described, as modifications and equivalents will be apparent to one skilled in the art. In the drawings and specification, there have been disclosed illustrative embodiments and, although specific terms are employed, they are used in a generic and descriptive sense only and not for the purpose of limitation.

Described herein is an example of a method and system for providing reciprocating, plunger-style pumps as part of a multi-plunger system for use in hydraulic fracturing operations. Also described are various drive systems for use with the described reciprocating, plunger-style pumps. In various embodiments, the pumps and drive systems may be utilized by conventionally powered (i.e., diesel engine-driven) hydraulic fracturing pumping systems, or in other embodiments by hydraulically powered or electrically powered hydraulic fracturing pumping systems.

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Multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pumps, though known in the art, are typically limited to either triplex (three plungers) or quintuplex (five plungers) arrangements. Common hydraulic fracturing pumps often utilize 8-inch, 10-inch, and 11-inch stroke triplex and quintuplex hydraulic fracturing pumps. Hydraulic fracturing pumps are commonly driven by an engine (usually a 2500 horsepower (HP) diesel engine) and a multiple speed transmission, usually having seven speeds or more. However, many of the top gears, depending on the manufacturer and gear ratios, provide speeds that are above the critical speed of a plunger pump. FIG. 4 details calculations of such plunger critical speeds.

For example, one of the most common transmissions utilized in hydraulic fracturing pump applications is the Caterpillar model TH55-E90, which is a 9-speed transmission. As shown in FIG. 5, when this transmission is in 5th gear and the engine is operating at 1700 rpm, the critical speed of 120 rpm on an 8-inch stroke pump is reached. Therefore, running the pump with the transmission in any of gears 6 through 9 could cause pump cavitation and damage accumulation to the fluid end.

Similarly, the common hydraulic fracturing application transmissions known in the art may exhibit the same issues in higher gears, as shown below in FIGS. 6-10. For example, as shown in FIG. 6 and FIG. 7, the critical plunger speed is reached in the 3rd gear, such that use of gears 4-7 may cause cavitation and damage accumulation. Similarly, as shown in FIG. 8 and FIG. 9, the critical plunger speed is reached in the 4th gear, such that use of gears 5-7 may cause cavitation and damage accumulation. In FIG. 10, the critical plunger speed is reached in the 4th gear, such that use of gears 5-9 may result in cavitation and damage accumulation.

Use of the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pumps according to the present disclosure may eliminate the need for a diesel engine and transmission. As shown above, diesel engines and transmissions often include multiple gears that accelerate the plunger speed above critical operating speeds. This elimination of the typical engine and transmission from hydraulic fracturing pump units may enable the pumps to be driven by multiple electric motors, according to some embodiments, or multiple hydraulic motors according to other embodiments. These electric or hydraulic motors may have fewer gears such that operation in gears that increase the plunger speeds above their critical speeds can be avoided. By using multiple motors, whether hydraulic or electric, to drive a single pump, pump rates can be increased without exceeding critical plunger speeds.

Use of electric or hydraulic motors, rather than diesel motors, may also make maintenance, repair, and replacement of the electric motors safer and faster than single or double electric motor-driven pumps. This configuration may prevent the fracturing pumps from being run at speeds higher than the critical plunger speed, which may help to minimize pump cavitation and damage accumulation, thus greatly extending the usable life of the pump fluid ends. For example, as discussed in more detail below, the system could be designed to allow only a slight overspeed of the pumps beyond the identified critical pump speed as a safety margin in the event that one of the fleet's pumps were taken offline for repairs or maintenance, and an additional rate of the remaining online pumps were required to complete the stage being pumped.

In the multiple electric motor-driven embodiment of the present disclosure, the electric motors may directly drive the pump, and the gear ratios of the planetary drive along with the electric motor-rated speeds may be chosen to limit the

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maximum pump speed, so as to not exceed the plunger critical speed. However, the gear ratios and electric motor-rated speeds may also be chosen to allow only a slight percentage of overspeed (higher than critical plunger speed) as a safe margin to enable a fleet of operating pumps to achieve a desired pump rate, for example when one pump is taken off line, as is often the case in hydraulic fracturing. For example, the gear ratios and electric motor-rated speeds may be chosen to operate 5% or less above the critical plunger speed according to some examples; 10% or less above the critical plunger speed according to some examples; or any other acceptable range as will be readily understood by one having ordinary skill in the art. Repairs or maintenance are generally performed as quickly as possible so that the offline pump is available by the next sequential fracturing stage. This same logic could be applied to the hydraulic motor driven system or the system that utilizes speed reduction gearboxes driving a single ring gear.

By the present disclosure, multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pumps utilizing higher multiples of plungers, such as 7, 9, 11, 13, etc. (septenplex, novenplex, undenplex, tredenplex, etc.), are described. In some embodiments, more than 13 plungers may be utilized, as will be readily understood by one having ordinary skill in the art. In some embodiments, odd numbers of plungers may be chosen so that the pump flow ripple magnitude is minimized. For example, in multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pumps having higher numbers of plungers, the plunger ripple frequency may be increased, thereby reducing the amount of time between ripples, which may provide a smoother pressure performance for the pumps.

In some embodiments, longer stroke lengths of the plunger pumps may be utilized to reduce plunger speed. For example, a 10-inch stroke pump of a given plunger size may be run at a slower speed than an 8-inch stroke pump of the same plunger size, in order to accomplish the same flow rate. Slowing the plunger down may also decrease the possibility of pump cavitation. For example, when triplex and quintuplex pumps, as are known in the art, are operated at higher rates, conditions for cavitation to occur are measurably higher. According to an embodiment, a critical pump speed may be 120 rpm of the pump crankshaft. With this pump speed, on the currently used 8-inch stroke pumps, the rotational speed translates to an average linear speed of the plungers at a velocity of 32 inches per second. At higher speeds, with every stroke of the plungers, fluid is accelerated into and out of the pump fluid end, creating a likelihood of low pressure regions within the fluid end that approach or dip below vapor pressure values for the fluid, thereby causing cavitation, and ultimately damage accumulation, to occur. The use of longer stroke plungers accordingly contributes critically to longer fluid end life.

Various drive systems for powering multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pumps are contemplated. According to an embodiment, multiple electric motors may be utilized to power the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump. The number of motors utilized may be selected based on the output hydraulic horsepower for which the pump is designed, in some examples. In other examples, the number of motors could be determined on an "n plus 1" basis, in which "n" number of motors would be adequate to provide enough input power according to the output hydraulic horsepower for which the pump is designed, and one ("1") additional motor would be included to allow for a single motor failure or maintenance situation. In such a situation, the failed motor (or motor purposefully removed for maintenance) could be disconnected from the electrical circuit

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and allowed to freewheel, while the remaining operational motors would still provide adequate power for the pump, according to an embodiment.

In the example illustrated in FIG. 1, an exploded schematic view shows an embodiment of a planetary gear train **100** in which the multiple input pinion gears **135** are directly connected to the electric motors **130**. According to the illustrated embodiment, both ends of the pump crankshaft **105** may be powered with an identical planetary gear train **120** and electric motors **130** to enable the motors **130** to be sized small enough to simplify motor removal and installation as compared to a larger single electric motor, or a double electric motor drive system.

In the illustrated embodiment of FIG. 1, eight electric motors **130** may correspond to and drive eight input pinion gears **135** associated with a single main planetary gear **125**. The main planetary gear **125** may in turn drive the sun gear **115** positioned central to three planetary gears **120**. The final drive gear **110** may have internal gear teeth positioned to catch the external gear teeth of the three planetary gears **120**, which may cause rotation of the pump crankshaft **105**. In this way, a plurality of electric motors **130** may provide power to a pump crankshaft **105**, which may in turn drive a multi-plunger pump, for example as illustrated in FIG. 3 and discussed in greater detail below.

In another embodiment, multiple hydraulic motors may be utilized to power a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump, in which a planetary gear train system **100** similar to that illustrated in FIG. 1 could also be utilized. In an example, a planetary gear train system may be utilized on one or both ends of the pump crankshaft to allow for smaller hydraulic motors to be utilized.

According to an alternate embodiment, for example as illustrated in FIG. 2, a plurality of electric motors or hydraulic motors **230** each may be mounted to a plurality of speed reduction gearboxes **245**. FIG. 2 illustrates an exploded schematic example of a planetary gear train **200** having a plurality of speed reduction gearbox **245** mountings for connection to a plurality of electric motors **230**, according to an embodiment. The speed reduction gearboxes **245** may, in turn, power a single ring gear **240** to turn the pump crankshaft **205** at the proper rpm needed to drive the multi-plunger pumps at the desired pump rate. In some examples, this configuration may not require use of a multi-planetary gear train system as described above and illustrated in FIG. 1, for example. For example, as illustrated in the embodiment of FIG. 2, the plurality of electric motors **230** may drive the main planetary gear in the form of a ring gear **240** through speed reduction gearboxes **245**, and the ring gear **240** may directly turn the pump crankshaft **205**. In such an example additional planetary gears **120**, as illustrated in the embodiment of FIG. 1, for example, may not be included.

In an embodiment utilizing multiple electric motors, the fleet of fracturing pumps may be powered by multiple electric motors, and overall electric power may be generated by one or more diesel or gas turbines. When the pumps are being brought online to pump fluids into the well, the power may be switched via appropriate switchgear to the electric motors.

In some embodiments, the speed of the motors may be controlled by one or more variable frequency drives (VFD), which may accelerate or decelerate the pump rotational speeds using an S curve. The pump operator may select the various pump speeds via a human-machine interface (HMI) according to some embodiments, for example from inside a data van, or from a "suitcase," which is a portable, stand-alone HMI. The HMI or suitcase may allow on/off control of

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the pumps as well as speed control of the pumps, to allow the pumps to run at speeds from zero crankshaft rpm up to the maximum speed, which would correlate with the plunger critical speed.

According to an embodiment, one of the VFDs may be designated as the master VFD, and the remaining VFDs may be designed to share the load required to power the pump under all load conditions. In the case of an overpressure event, the hydraulic fracturing controls may automatically turn the VFD off using the on/off signal for rapid shutdown, instead of using the rpm command, which uses an S curve to control the acceleration and/or deceleration. A manual emergency shutdown may also be included, which uses an HMI (such as a push button or other HMI, which may be electronic and/or manual) to shut off the VFD using the on/off function. This manual emergency shutdown feature may be configured to shut down all VFDs simultaneously, thereby shutting down the entire site. The emergency shutdown may also be configured to stop the VFD on the blender discharge pumps, and may or may not be tied into the electrical microgrid to open breakers, thereby stopping the flow and/or generation of electricity and/or gas compression.

The HMI may be designed to allow only a slight percentage of overspeed (higher than critical plunger speed) as a safe margin to enable a fleet of operating pumps to achieve a desired pump rate when one pump is taken offline, for example, as is often the case in hydraulic fracturing. Repairs or maintenance are generally performed as quickly as possible so that the offline pump is available by the next sequential fracturing stage. This same logic could be applied to the hydraulic motor driven system or the system that utilizes speed reduction gearboxes driving a single ring gear.

FIG. 3 illustrates a schematic example of a multi-plunger pump **300** with four electric motors mounted to the pump for driving the multi-plunger pump, according to an embodiment. In the illustrated embodiment, the multi-plunger pump **300** may include nine plungers positioned at the multi-plunger fluid end **350** of the multi-plunger pump **300**. In other embodiments, various other numbers of plungers may be included, as will be readily understood by one having ordinary skill in the art.

A crankshaft centerline **360** may bisect the multi-plunger pump **300** between the multi-plunger fluid end **350** and the pump power end **355**. Two electric motors **330** may be positioned on opposing sides of the multi-plunger pump **300**, across the crankshaft centerline **360**. The four total electric motors **330** may drive the crankshaft associated with the nine plungers, as described above with respect to FIGS. 1 and 2. For example, in some embodiments the four electric motors **330** may drive the crankshaft via one or more planetary gear trains. In some embodiments, a plurality of speed reduction gearboxes may be positioned between the electric motors **330** and the one or more planetary gear trains so as to control the rotational speed of the one or more planetary gear trains and, ultimately, the pump rate of the plungers.

The present invention described herein, therefore, is well adapted to carry out the objects and attain the ends and advantages mentioned, as well as others inherent therein. While a presently preferred embodiment of the invention has been given for purposes of disclosure, numerous changes exist in the details of procedures for accomplishing the desired results. These and other similar modifications will readily suggest themselves to those skilled in the art, and are intended to be encompassed within the spirit of the present invention disclosed herein and the scope of the appended claims.

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What is claimed is:

1. A hydraulic fracturing system for fracturing a subterranean formation comprising:

a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump fluidly connected to a well associated with the subterranean formation, the multi-plunger pump configured to pump fluid into a wellbore associated with the well at a high pressure so that the fluid passes from the wellbore into the subterranean formation and fractures the subterranean formation;

a plurality of motors positioned to simultaneously power the multi-plunger pump; and

a planetary gear train having a plurality of input pinion gears in rotational contact with each of the plurality of motors,

wherein a gear ratio of the planetary gear train and a speed at which the plurality of motors operates are selected so as to limit a maximum pump speed associated with the multi-plunger pump.

2. The system of claim 1, the system further comprising a plurality of speed reduction gearboxes positioned between the plurality of input pinion gears and the plurality of motors so as to achieve a desired pump rate.

3. The system of claim 1, wherein the plurality of motors comprises one of a plurality of electric motors or a plurality of hydraulic motors.

4. The system of claim 1, wherein the maximum pump speed correlates to a critical plunger speed associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

5. The system of claim 1, wherein the maximum pump speed is 5% or less over a critical plunger speed associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

6. The system of claim 1, wherein the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump comprises an odd number of plungers greater than or equal to five plungers.

7. The system of claim 6, wherein a stroke length of each of the plungers associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump is selected to inversely relate to a pump speed associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump so as to achieve a predetermined flow rate.

8. The system of claim 1, further comprising:

a variable frequency drive (VFD) connected to the plurality of motors to control the speed of the plurality of motors, wherein the VFD is positioned to accelerate or decelerate pump rotational speeds associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

9. The system of claim 8, wherein the VFD comprises a plurality of VFDs and wherein the plurality of VFDs are configured to share a load required to power the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

10. The system of claim 9, wherein the plurality of VFDs are configured to automatically shut off in the event of an overpressure event with respect to the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

11. A hydraulic fracturing system for fracturing a subterranean formation comprising:

a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump fluidly connected to a well associated with the subterranean formation, the multi-plunger pump configured to pump fluid into a wellbore associated with the well at a high pressure so that the fluid passes from the wellbore into the subterranean formation and fractures the subterranean formation;

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a plurality of motors positioned to simultaneously power the multi-plunger pump;

a variable frequency drive connected to the plurality of motors to control the speeds of the plurality of motors; and

a planetary gear train having a plurality of input pinion gears in rotational contact with each of the plurality of motors,

wherein a gear ratio of the planetary gear train and a speed at which the plurality of motors operates are selected so as to limit a maximum pump speed associated with the multi-plunger pump.

12. The system of claim 11, the system further comprising a plurality of speed reduction gearboxes positioned between the plurality of input pinion gears and the plurality of motors so as to achieve a desired pump rate.

13. The system of claim 11, wherein the plurality of motors comprises one of a plurality of electric motors or a plurality of hydraulic motors.

14. The system of claim 11, wherein the maximum pump speed correlates to a critical plunger speed associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

15. A method for pumping fluid into a wellbore associated with a subterranean formation, the method comprising:

fluidly connecting a multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump to a well associated with the subterranean formation such that the multi-plunger pump pumps fluid into the wellbore at a high pressure so that fluid passes from the wellbore into the subterranean formation and fractures the subterranean formation;

simultaneously powering the multi-plunger pump with a plurality of motors;

providing a planetary gear train having a plurality of input pinion gears in rotational contact with each of the plurality of motors so as to translate power from the plurality of motors into a desired pump rate of the multi-plunger pump.

16. The method of claim 15, further comprising:

positioning a plurality of speed reduction gearboxes between the plurality of input pinion gears and the plurality of motors so as to achieve the desired pump rate.

17. The method of claim 15, wherein the plurality of motors comprises one of a plurality of electric motors or a plurality of hydraulic motors.

18. The method of claim 15, wherein the maximum pump speed correlates to a critical plunger speed associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

19. The method of claim 15, further comprising:

connecting a variable frequency drive (VFD) to the plurality of motors so as to control the speed of the plurality of motors, wherein the VFD is positioned to accelerate or decelerate pump rotational speeds associated with the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump.

20. The method of claim 19, the method further comprising:

detecting an overpressure event with respect to the multi-plunger hydraulic fracturing pump; and automatically shutting off the VFD.

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