



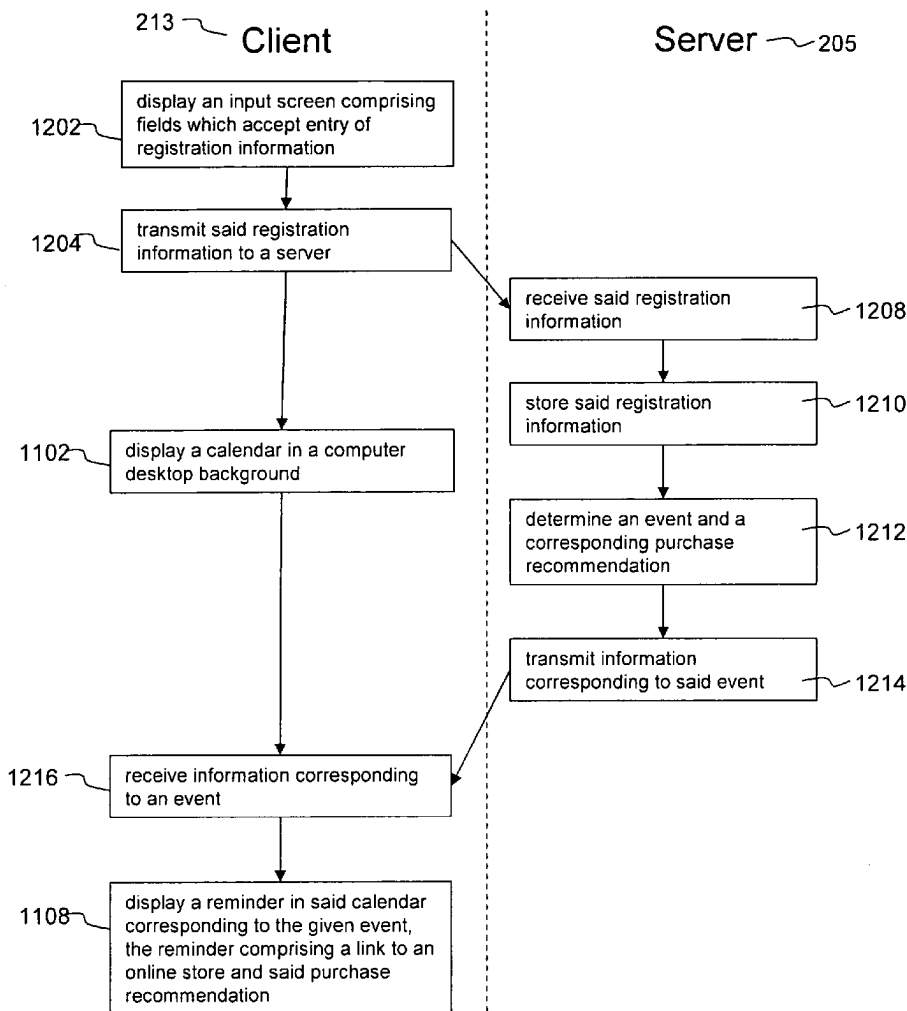
US 20070219875A1

(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication** (10) **Pub. No.: US 2007/0219875 A1**
Toulotte (43) **Pub. Date: Sep. 20, 2007**(54) **METHOD AND SYSTEMS FOR USING A
CLIENT-SERVER NETWORK TO
FACILITATE EVENT PURCHASES**(52) **U.S. CL. 705/26**(76) **Inventor: Jean-Jacques Toulotte, Woburn, MA
(US)**

Correspondence Address:
**BROMBERG & SUNSTEIN LLP
125 SUMMER STREET
BOSTON, MA 02110-1618 (US)**

(21) **Appl. No.: 11/384,194**(22) **Filed: Mar. 17, 2006****Publication Classification**(51) **Int. Cl. G06Q 30/00 (2006.01)**(57) **ABSTRACT**

A method for facilitating event purchases using a client-server framework includes displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application; receiving information from a server corresponding to an event; and displaying a reminder in the calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising information corresponding to said event, and at least one link to an online store. A corresponding system includes an online store comprising means for transmitting items to a specified recipient; computer readable program means for displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application; said calendar comprising a reminder corresponding to a given event, said reminder comprising: information corresponding to said event, and a link to said online store.



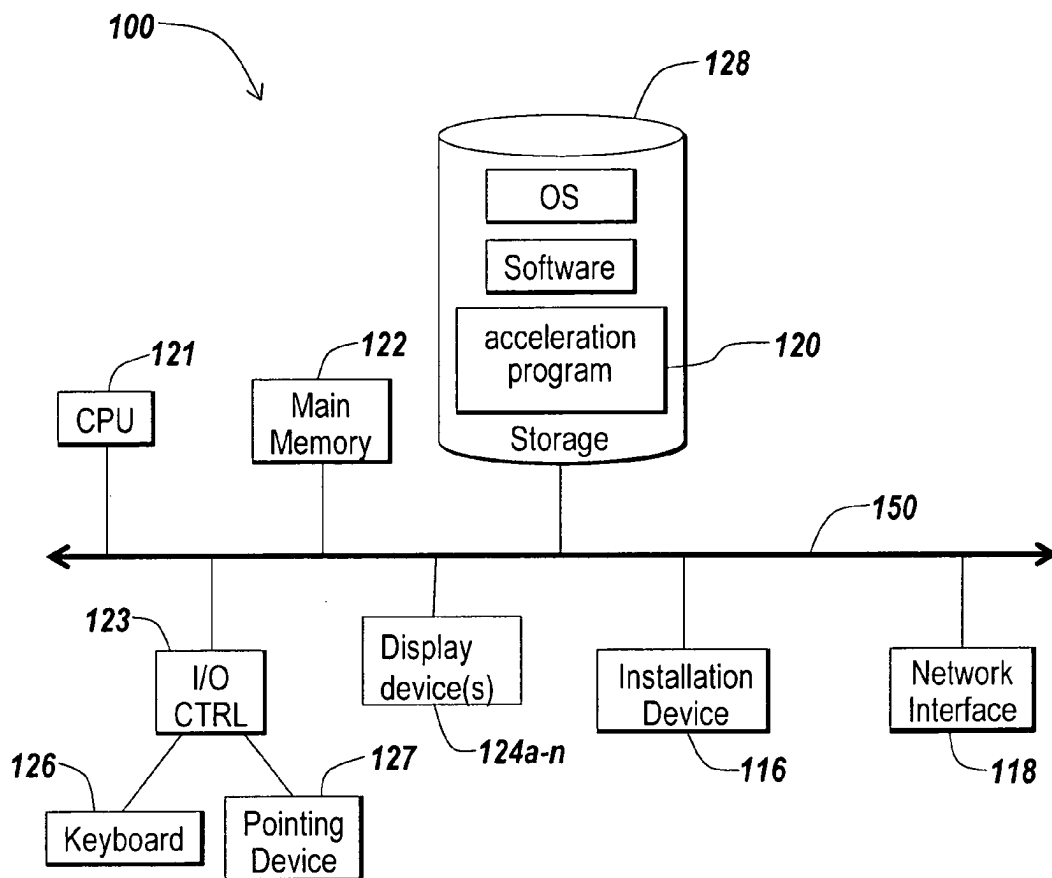


Fig. 1A

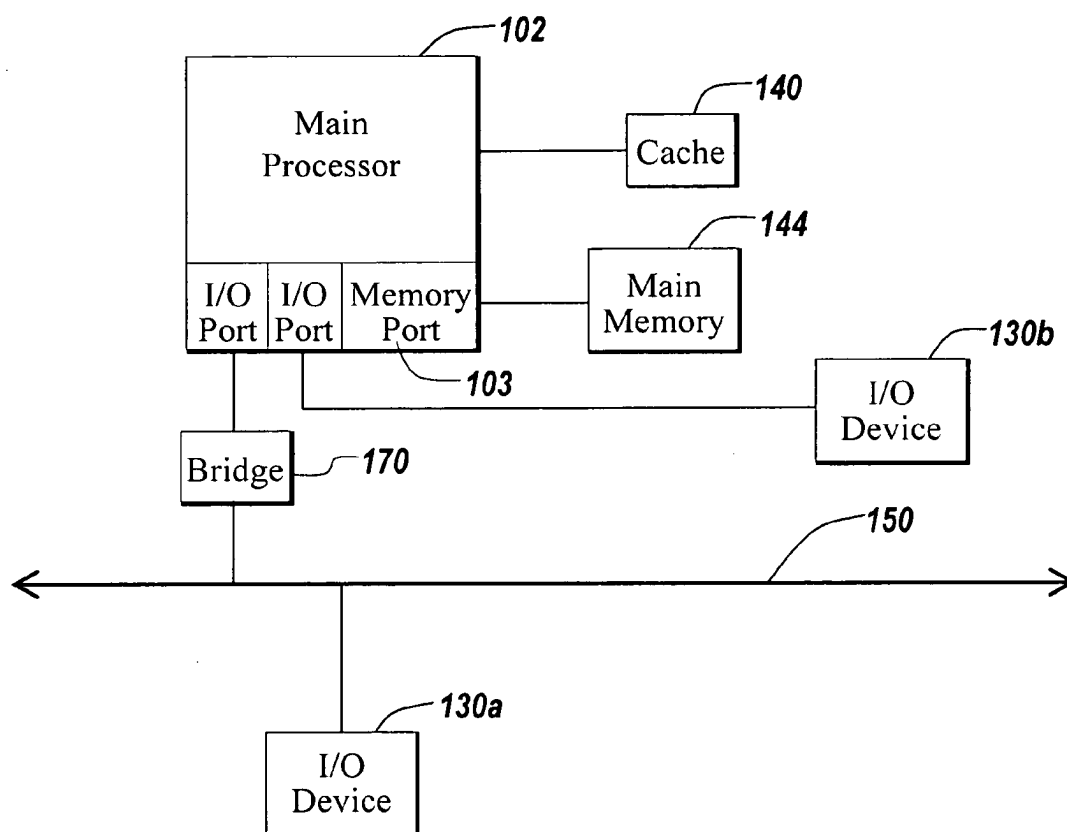


Fig. 1B

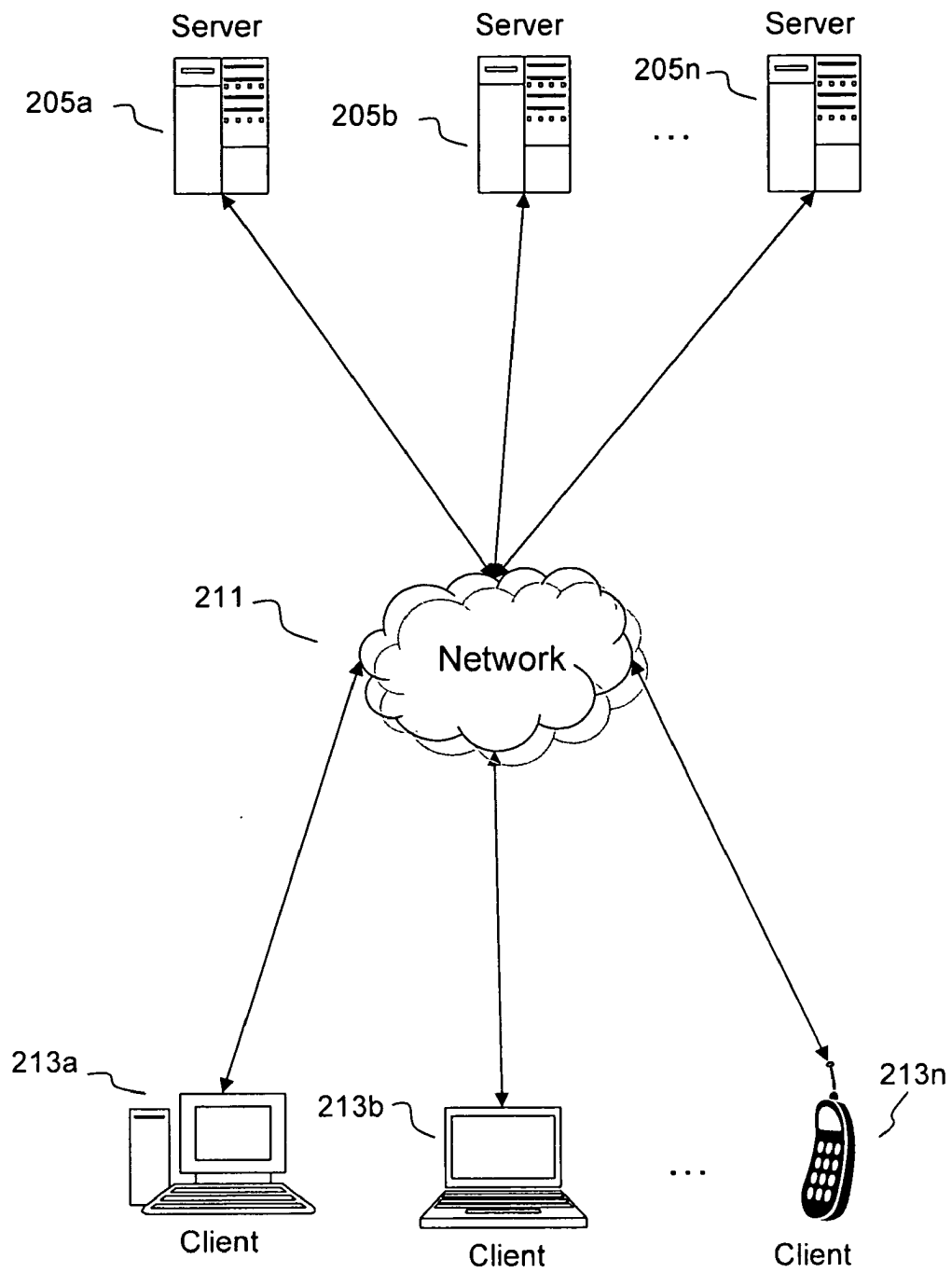


Fig. 2

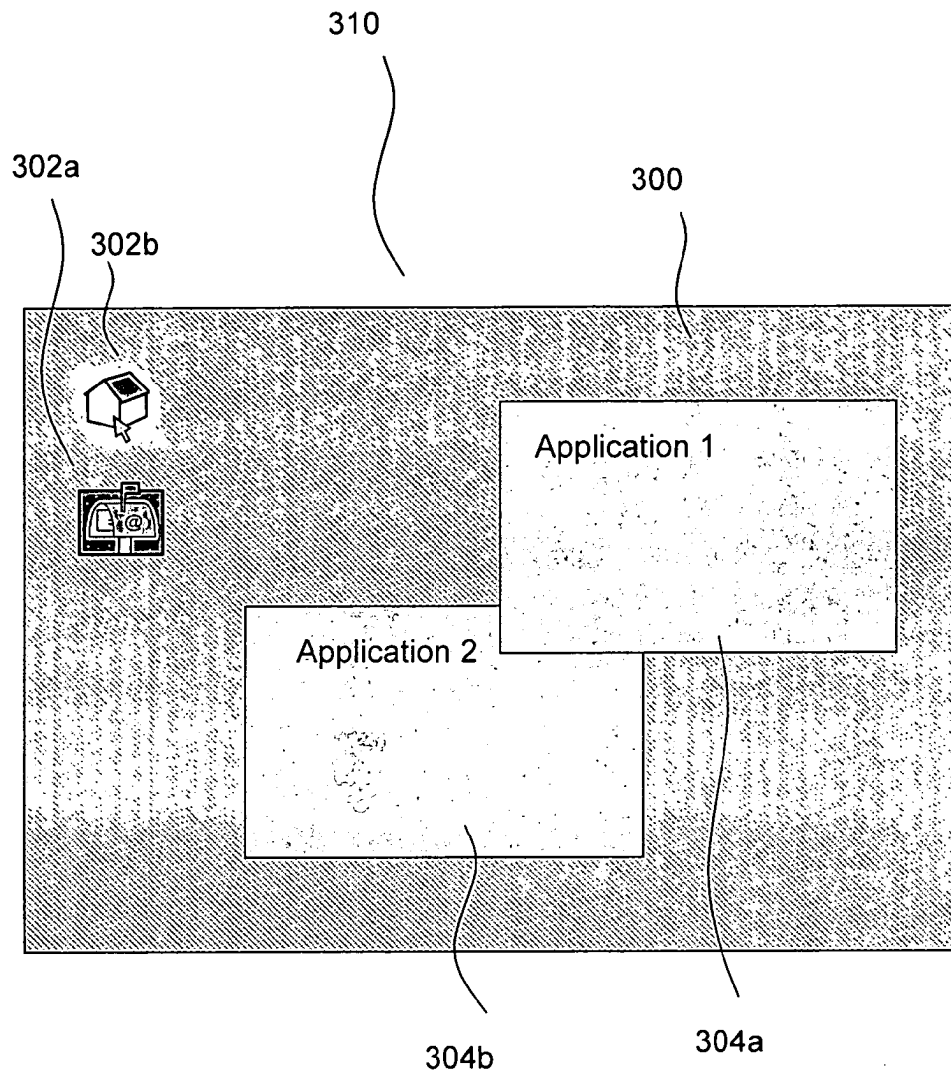


Fig. 3

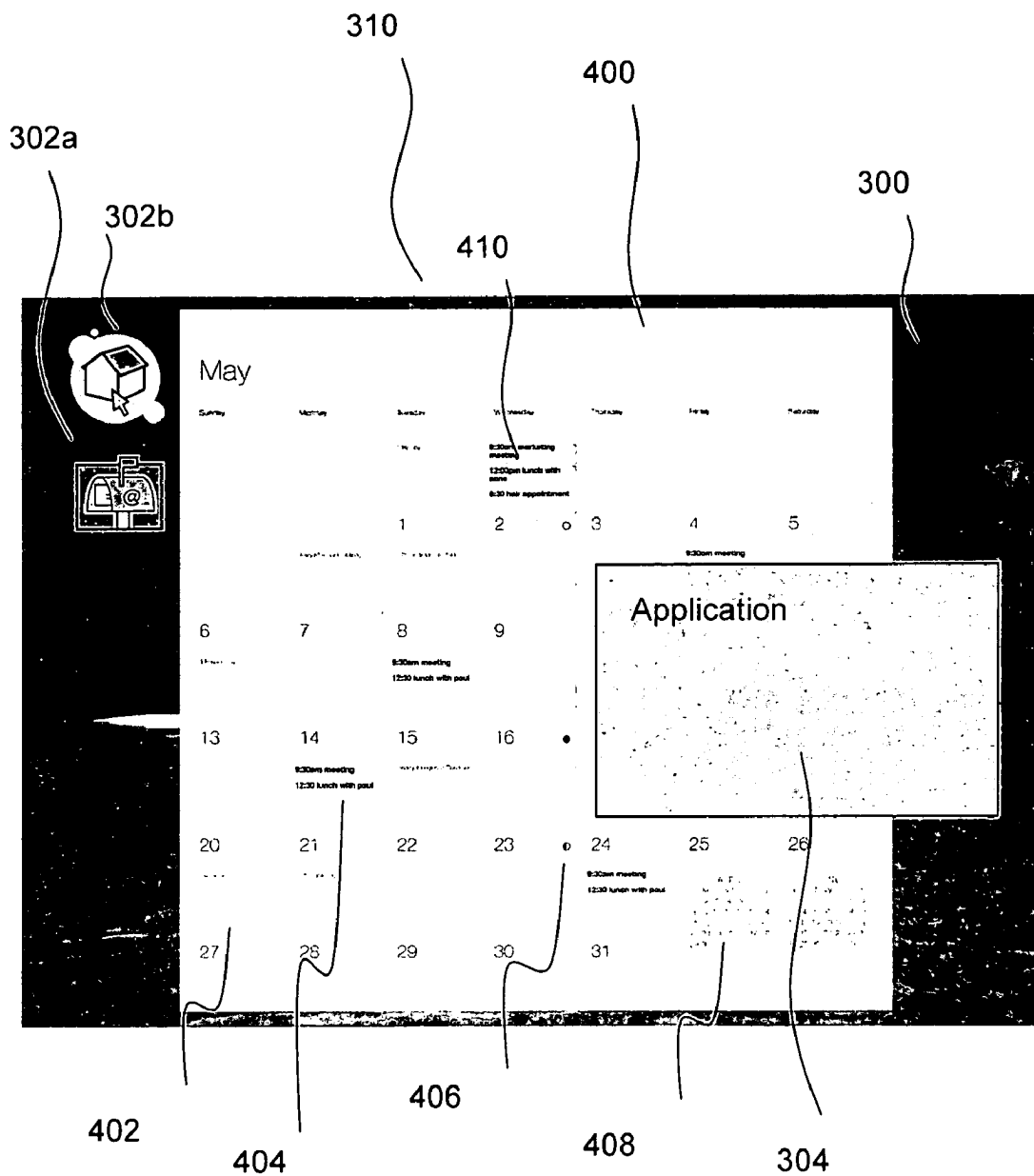


Fig. 4

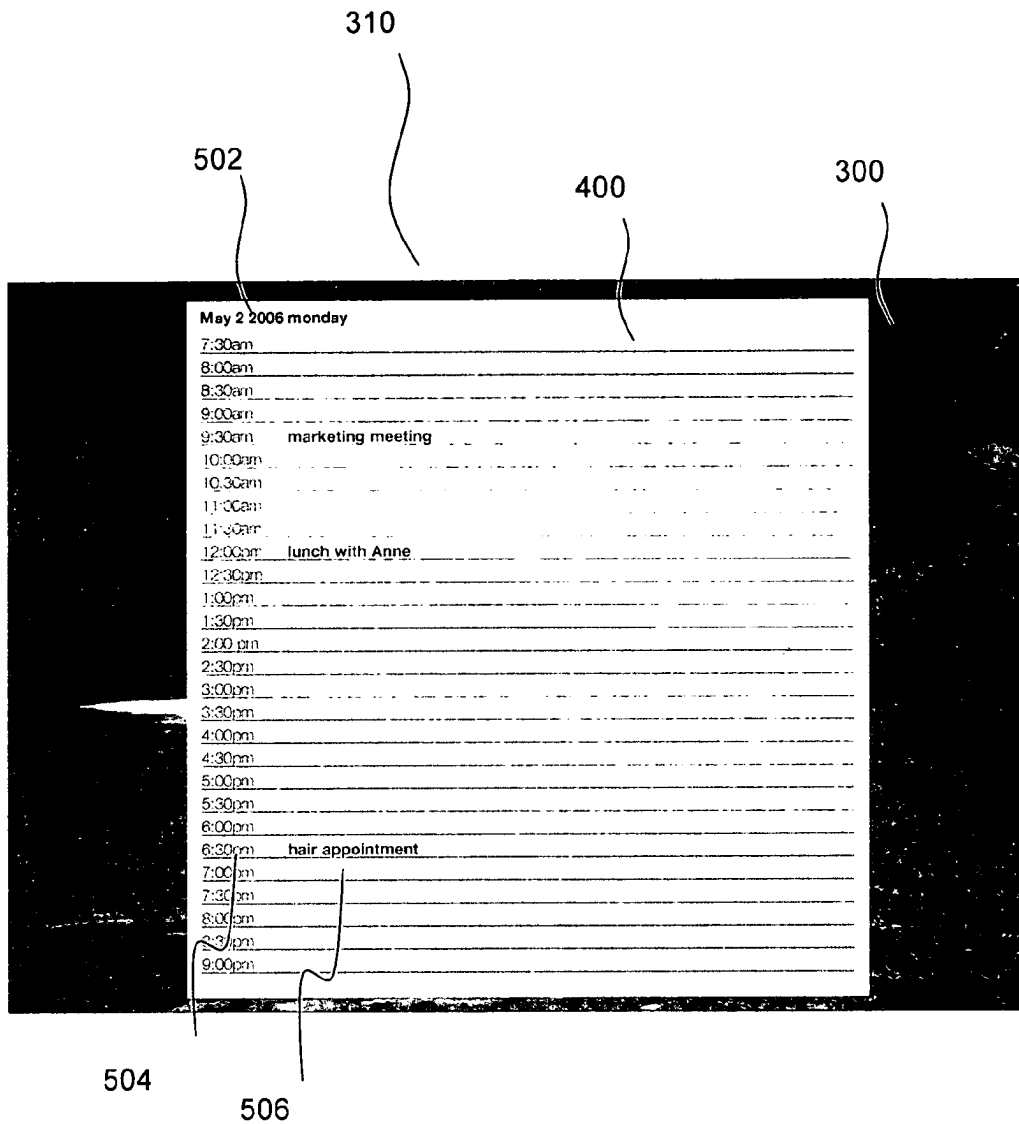


Fig. 5

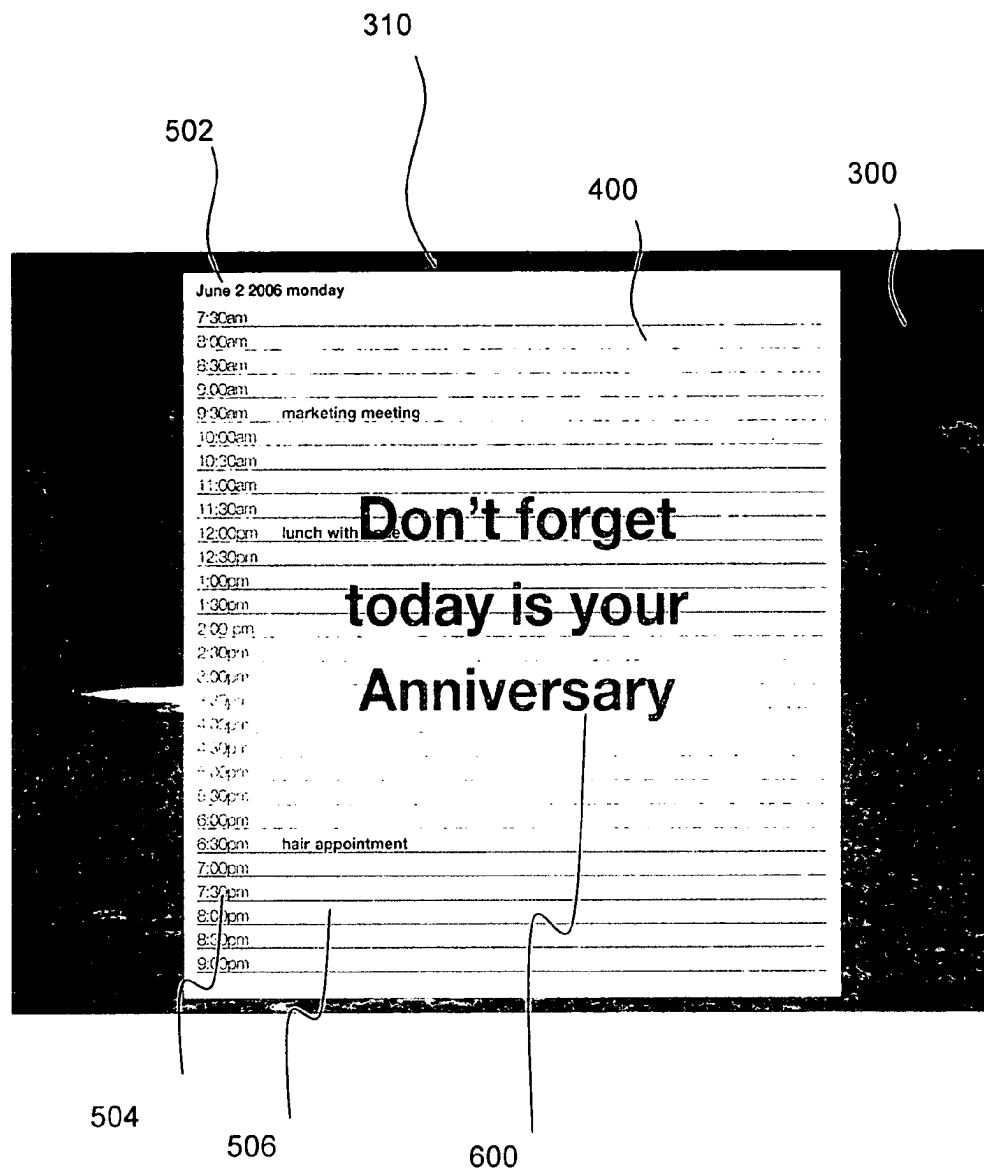


Fig. 6

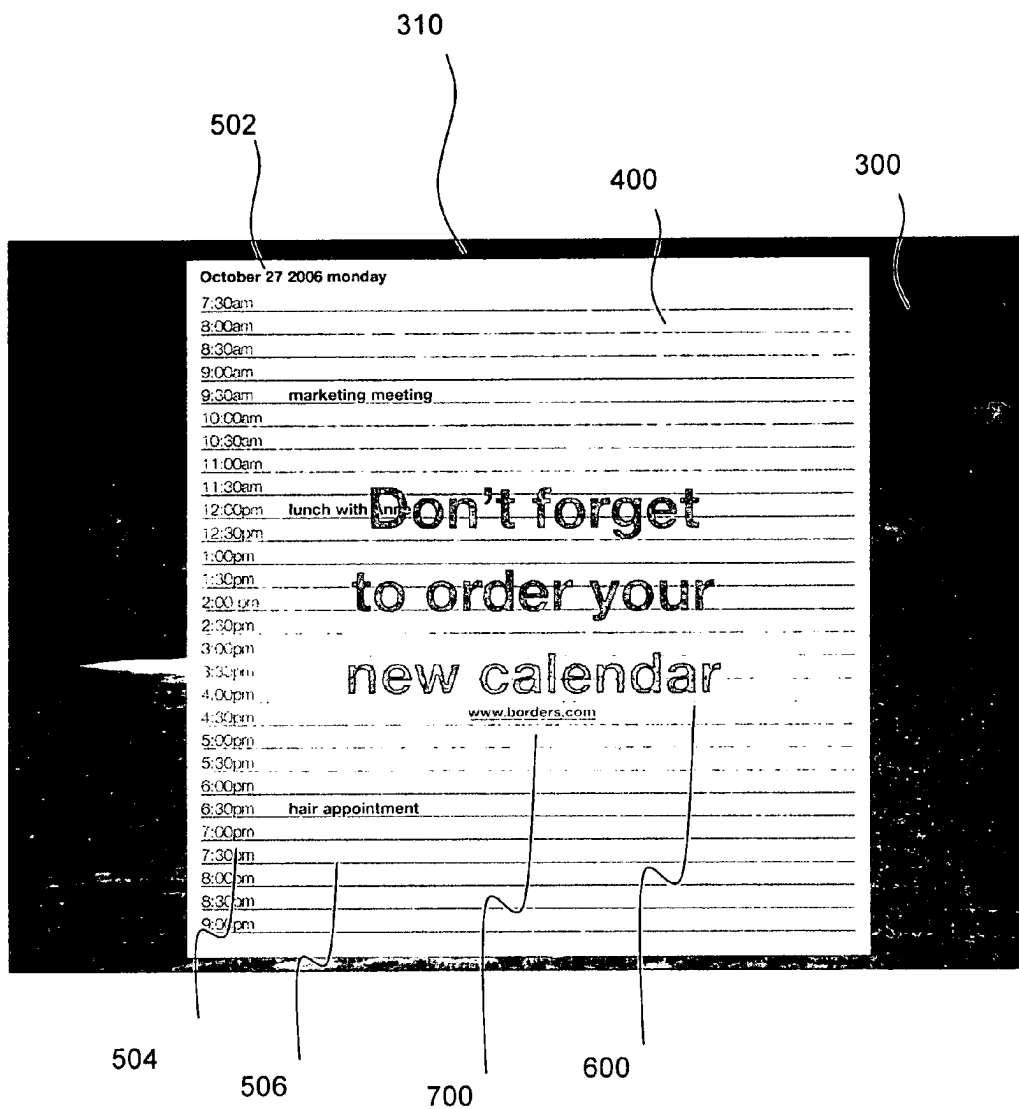


Fig. 7

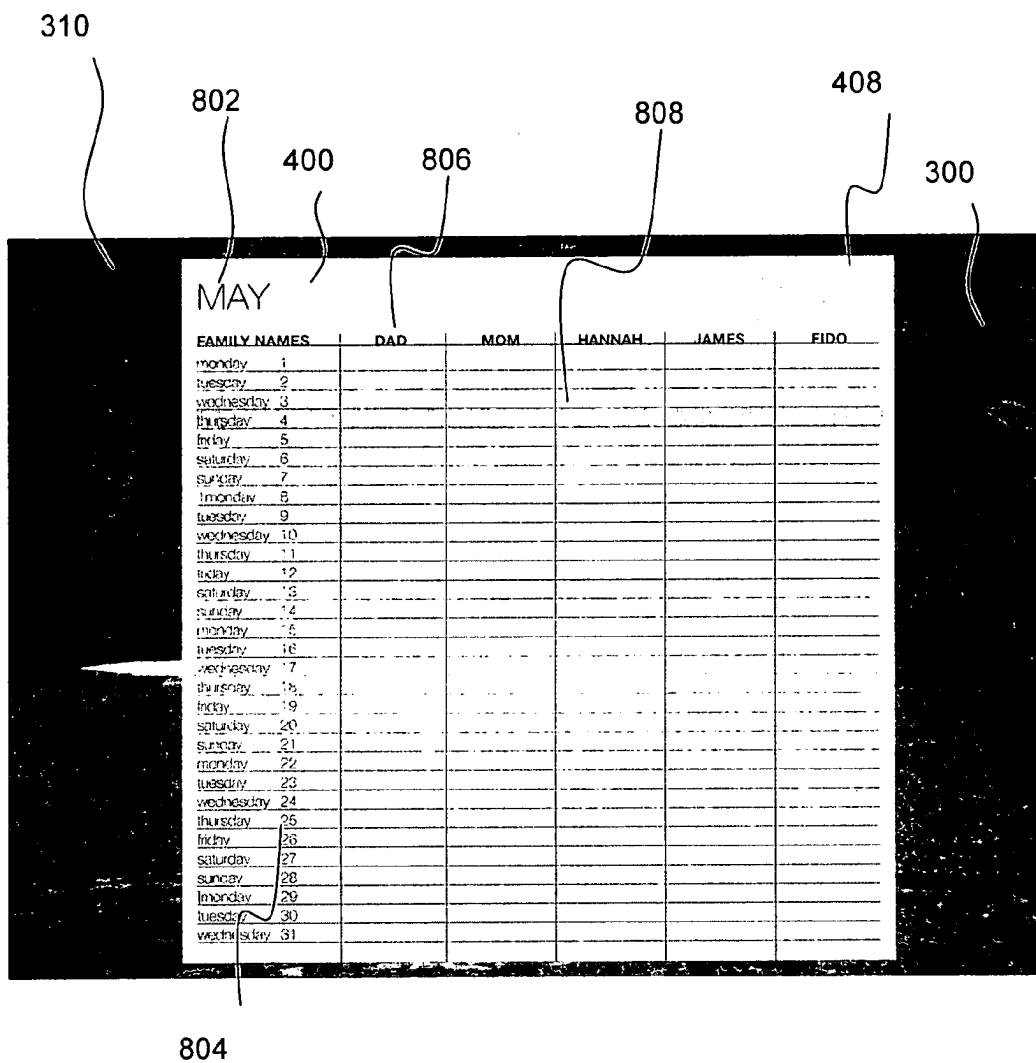


Fig. 8

900

902

904

906

908

BIRTHDAYS & SPECIAL EVENTS

Birthdays

My Birthday	10/12/06
Anne's Birthday	6/8/06
Joe's Birthday	7/12/06
Sarah's Birthday	10/12/06
Paul's Birthday	7/12/06
Allen's Birthday	10/12/06
Jill's Birthday	7/12/06
Julie's Birthday	10/12/06

Anniversaries

My Anniversary	10/14/06
Parent's Anniversary	6/8/06
Abbey & Richard	7/12/06

Events

Family Reunion	10/04/06
Group Garage Sale	6/8/06
Abbey & Richard	7/12/06

Fig. 9

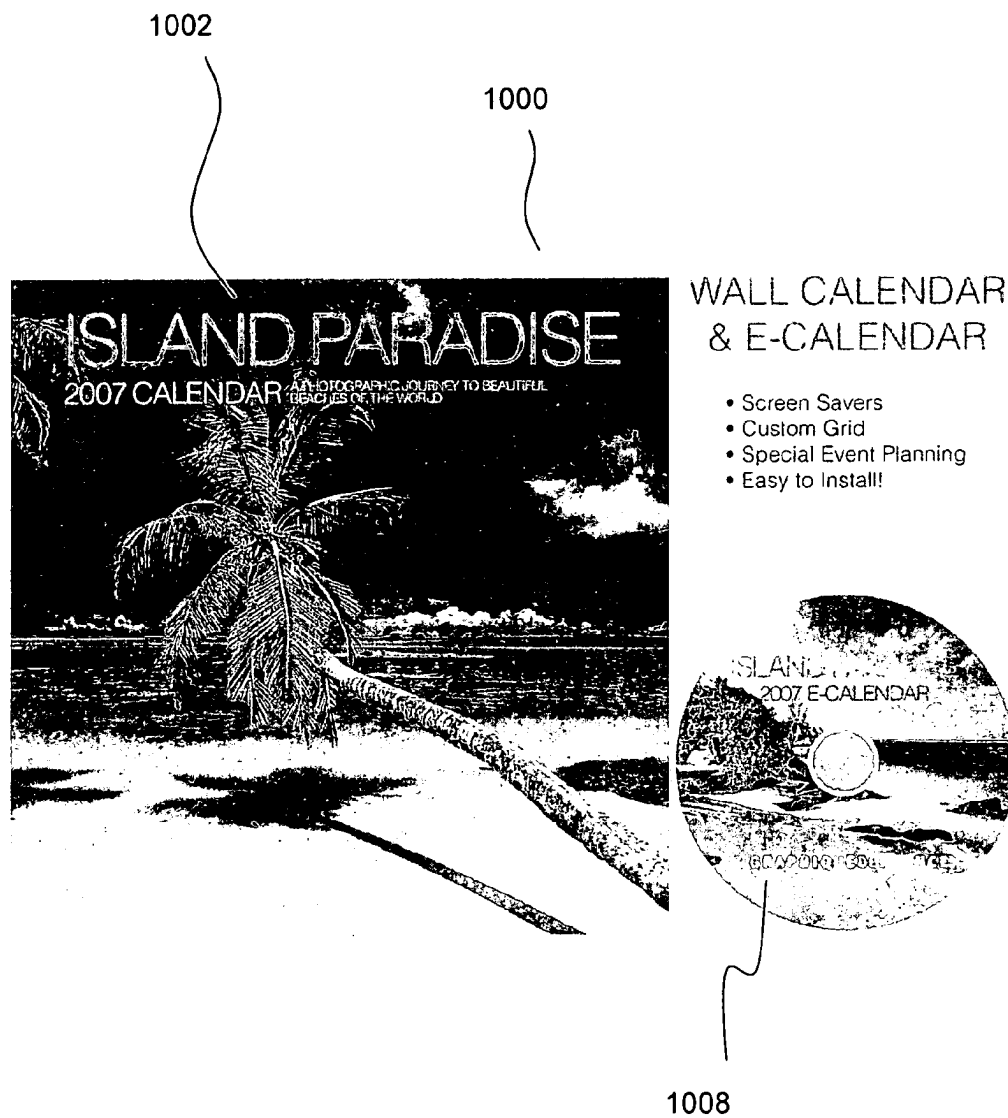
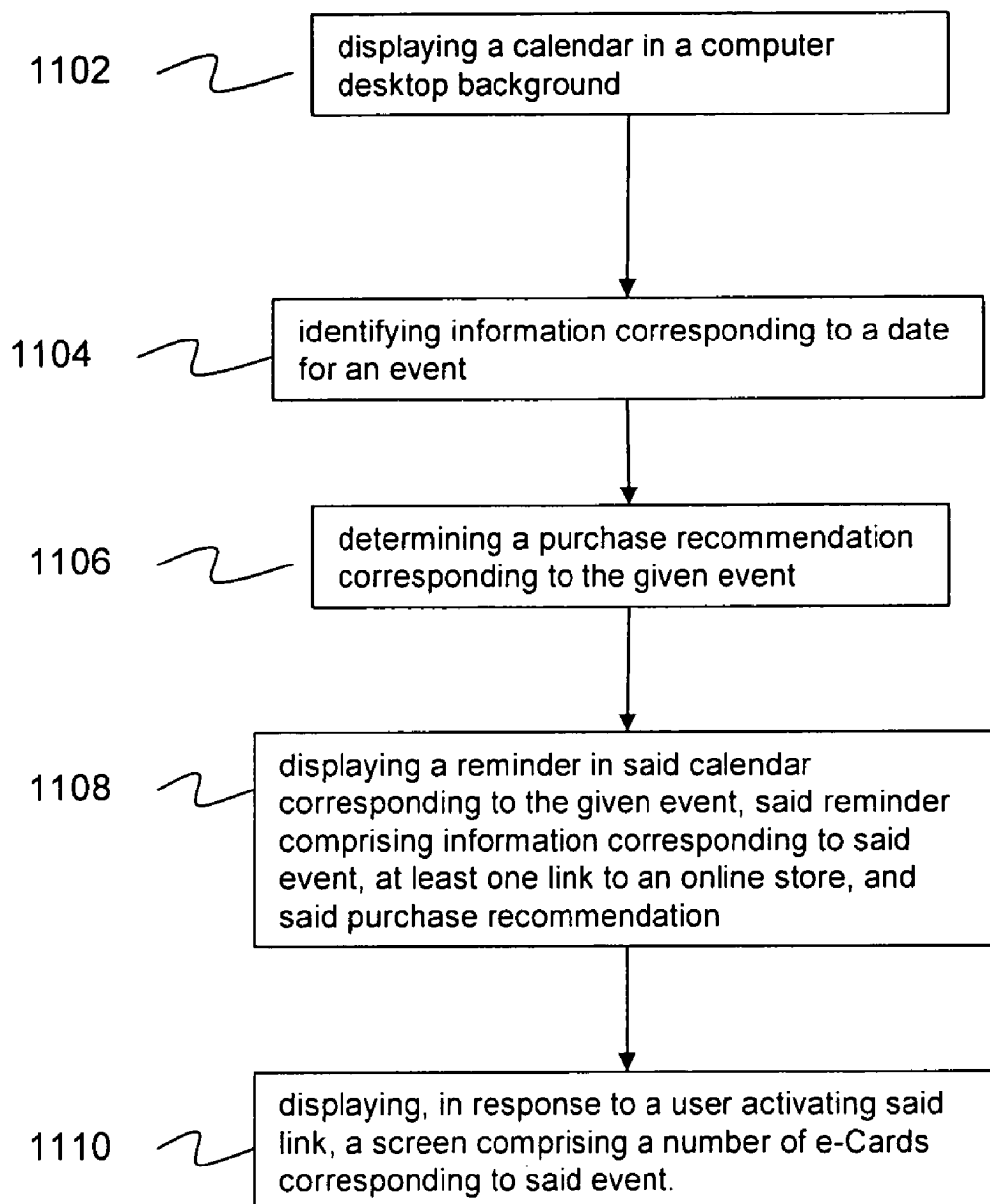


Fig. 10

*Fig. 11*

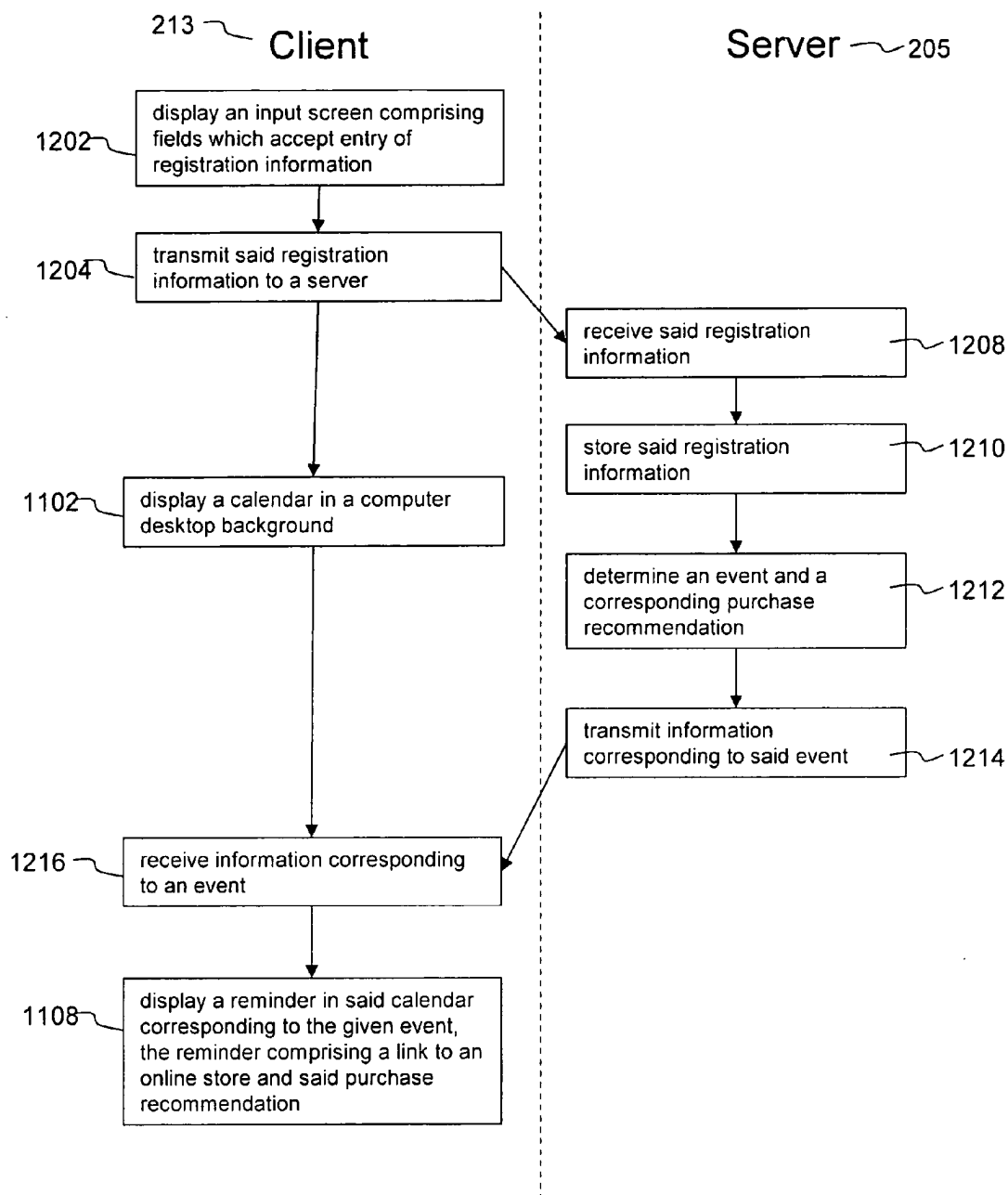


Fig. 12

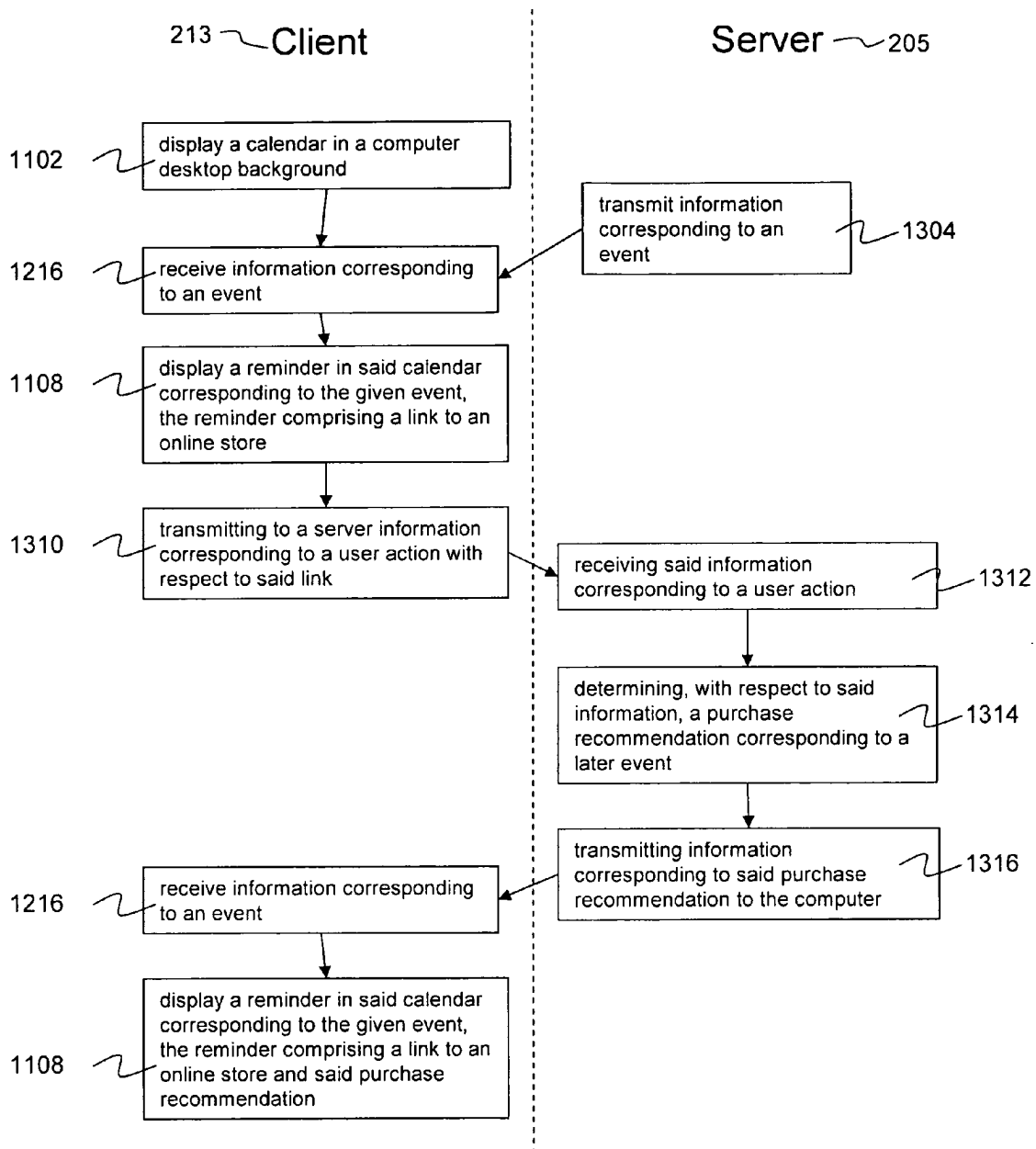


Fig. 13

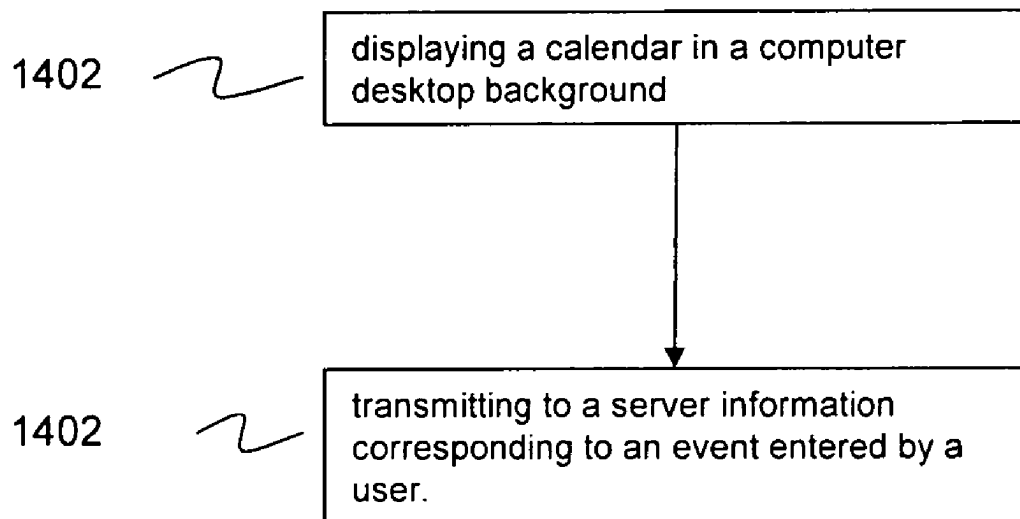


Fig. 14

METHOD AND SYSTEMS FOR USING A CLIENT-SERVER NETWORK TO FACILITATE EVENT PURCHASES

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The present invention is directed to facilitating purchases for events, and more particularly, displaying purchase recommendations and links in conjunction with events in a calendar displayed in a computer desktop application.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] Many people have difficulty remembering events such as holidays, birthdays, and anniversaries. Calendars currently exist in many formats, including printed calendars and software that displays a calendar on a computer, and these may be used to remind people of current and upcoming events. However, many calendars may not remind a person of an event before the event has already occurred. Many calendars may also remind a person of an event at a time when it is inconvenient for a person to take an appropriate action in preparation for an event. For example, many holidays and events are customarily associated with gift giving. A person may consult a calendar and be reminded of an upcoming birthday, but because the person is not currently near a store or means of purchasing a gift, the reminder may be ineffective.

[0003] Stores and businesses may wish to provide people with reminders of upcoming events, and may also wish to recommend purchases for the events. However, businesses may not be aware of when are a given customer's birthday or other events. Further, businesses may not have a means of effectively recommending purchases if the businesses are unaware of the dates or types of events upcoming for a given customer.

[0004] Thus, there exists a need for a system or method that effectively reminds people of upcoming events and provides efficient means for the people to then purchase items for the upcoming events. There also exists a need for businesses to effectively communicate and market to people with upcoming events to better sell products tailored to those events.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0005] The present invention provides a system and method for facilitating event purchases using a client-server framework. The invention provides a means for people to effectively be reminded of upcoming events, and an efficient means for people to purchase items for the upcoming events.

[0006] In one aspect, the invention is a method for facilitating event purchases. The method comprises displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application; receiving information from a server corresponding to an event; and displaying a reminder in the calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising information corresponding to said event, and at least one link to an online store. In some embodiments the method also comprises receiving a purchase recommendation from a server. In other embodiments, the method comprises transmitting information to a server corresponding to events or user actions with respect to the links to an online store. In still other embodiments, the method comprises transmitting registration information to a server.

[0007] In another aspect, the invention is a computer-implemented system for facilitating event purchases, said system comprising: an online store comprising means for transmitting items to a specified recipient; computer readable program means for displaying a calendar comprising a reminder corresponding to a given event, said reminder comprising: information corresponding to said event, and a link to said online store.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] The foregoing and other objects, aspects, features, and advantages of the invention will become more apparent and may be better understood by referring to the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0009] FIGS. 1A and 1B are block diagrams of embodiments of a computing or network device useful as a device in a client-server network.

[0010] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of a client-server network.

[0011] FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating an example of a computer desktop.

[0012] FIG. 4 is an illustration of one embodiment of a calendar displayed in a computer desktop background.

[0013] FIG. 5 is an illustration of another embodiment of a calendar displayed in a computer desktop background.

[0014] FIG. 6 is an illustration of an embodiment of displaying a calendar in a computer desktop background comprising a reminder.

[0015] FIG. 7 is an illustration of an embodiment of displaying a calendar in a computer desktop background comprising a reminder, where said reminder comprises a link to an online store.

[0016] FIG. 8 is an illustration of another embodiment of a calendar displayed in a computer desktop background.

[0017] FIG. 9 is an illustration of an embodiment of input and output means for events corresponding to dates in a calendar.

[0018] FIG. 10 is an illustration of an article of manufacture intended for sale as a unitary item comprising a printed calendar having a plurality of images, and computer readable program means for displaying a calendar in a computer desktop background.

[0019] FIG. 11 is a flow diagram depicting one embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

[0020] FIG. 12 is a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

[0021] FIG. 13 is a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

[0022] FIG. 14 is a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0023] The foregoing and other objects, aspects, features, and advantages of the invention will become more apparent

and may be better understood by referring to the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

[0024] FIGS. 1A and 1B are block diagrams of embodiments of a computing or network device useful as a device in a client-server network.

[0025] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of a client-server network.

[0026] FIG. 3 is a block diagram illustrating an example of a computer desktop.

[0027] FIG. 4 is an illustration of one embodiment of a calendar displayed in a computer desktop background.

[0028] FIG. 5 is an illustration of another embodiment of a calendar displayed in a computer desktop background.

[0029] FIG. 6 is an illustration of an embodiment of displaying a calendar in a computer desktop background comprising a reminder.

[0030] FIG. 7 is an illustration of an embodiment of displaying a calendar in a computer desktop background comprising a reminder, where said reminder comprises a link to an online store.

[0031] FIG. 8 is an illustration of another embodiment of a calendar displayed in a computer desktop background.

[0032] FIG. 9 is an illustration of an embodiment of input and output means for events corresponding to dates in a calendar.

[0033] FIG. 10 is an illustration of an article of manufacture intended for sale as a unitary item comprising a printed calendar having a plurality of images, and computer readable program means for displaying a calendar in a computer desktop background

[0034] FIG. 11 is a flow diagram depicting one embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

[0035] FIG. 12 is a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

[0036] FIG. 13 is a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

[0037] FIG. 14 is a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0038] FIGS. 1A and 1B depict block diagrams of a typical computer 100 useful as client computing devices and server computing devices. As shown in FIGS. 1A and 1B, each computer 100 includes a central processing unit 102, and a main memory unit 104. Each computer 100 may also include other optional elements, such as one or more input/output devices 130a-130-b (generally referred to using reference numeral 130), and a cache memory 140 in communication with the central processing unit 102.

[0039] The central processing unit 102 is any logic circuitry that responds to and processes instructions fetched from the main memory unit 104. In many embodiments, the central processing unit is provided by a microprocessor unit, such as those manufactured by Intel Corporation of Moun-

tain View, Calif.; those manufactured by Motorola Corporation of Schaumburg, Ill.; the Crusoe and Efficeon lines of processors manufactured by Transmeta Corporation of Santa Clara, Calif.; the lines of processors manufactured by International Business Machines of White Plains, N. Y.; or the lines of processors manufactured by Advanced Micro Devices of Sunnyvale, Calif.

[0040] Main memory unit 104 may be one or more memory chips capable of storing data and allowing any storage location to be directly accessed by the microprocessor 102, such as Static random access memory (SRAM), Burst SRAM or SynchBurst SRAM (BSRAM), Dynamic random access memory (DRAM), Fast Page Mode DRAM (FPM DRAM), Enhanced DRAM (EDRAM), Extended Data Output RAM (EDO RAM), Extended Data Output DRAM (EDO DRAM), Burst Extended Data Output DRAM (BEDO DRAM), Enhanced DRAM (EDRAM), synchronous DRAM (SDRAM), JEDEC SDRAM, PC100 SDRAM, Double Data Rate SDRAM (DDR SDRAM), Enhanced SDRAM (ESDRAM), SyncLink DRAM (SLDRAM), Direct Rambus DRAM (DRDRAM), or Ferroelectric RAM (FRAM). In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1A, the processor 102 communicates with main memory 104 via a system bus 120 (described in more detail below). FIG. 1B depicts an embodiment of a computer system 100 in which the processor communicates directly with main memory 104 via a memory port. For example, in FIG. 1B the main memory 104 may be DRDRAM.

[0041] FIGS. 1A and 1B depict embodiments in which the main processor 102 communicates directly with cache memory 140 via a secondary bus, sometimes referred to as a "backside" bus. In other embodiments, the main processor 102 communicates with cache memory 140 using the system bus 120. Cache memory 140 typically has a faster response time than main memory 104 and is typically provided by SRAM, BSRAM, or EDRAM.

[0042] In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1A, the processor 102 communicates with various I/O devices 130 via a local system bus 120. Various busses may be used to connect the central processing unit 102 to the I/O devices 130, including a VESA VL bus, an ISA bus, an EISA bus, a MicroChannel Architecture (MCA) bus, a PCI bus, a PCI-X bus, a PCI-Express bus, or a NuBus. For embodiments in which the I/O device is an video display, the processor 102 may use an Advanced Graphics Port (AGP) to communicate with the display. FIG. 1B depicts an embodiment of a computer system 100 in which the main processor 102 communicates directly with I/O device 130b via HyperTransport, Rapid I/O, or InfiniBand. FIG. 1B also depicts an embodiment in which local busses and direct communication are mixed: the processor 102 communicates with I/O device 130a using a local interconnect bus while communicating with I/O device 130b directly.

[0043] A wide variety of I/O devices 130 may be present in the computer system 100. Input devices include keyboards, mice, trackpads, trackballs, microphones, and drawing tablets. Output devices include video displays, speakers, inkjet printers, laser printers, and dye-sublimation printers. An I/O device may also provide mass storage for the computer system 800 such as a hard disk drive, a floppy disk drive for receiving floppy disks such as 3.5-inch, 5.25-inch disks or ZIP disks, a CD-ROM drive, a CD-R/RW drive, a

DVD-ROM drive, tape drives of various formats, and USB storage devices such as the USB Flash Drive line of devices manufactured by Twintech Industry, Inc. of Los Alamitos, Calif.

[0044] In further embodiments, an I/O device **130** may be a bridge between the system bus **120** and an external communication bus, such as a USB bus, an Apple Desktop Bus, an RS-132 serial connection, a SCSI bus, a FireWire bus, a FireWire **800** bus, an Ethernet bus, an AppleTalk bus, a Gigabit Ethernet bus, an Asynchronous Transfer Mode bus, a HIPPI bus, a Super HIPPI bus, a SerialPlus bus, a SCI/LAMP bus, a FibreChannel bus, or a Serial Attached small computer system interface bus.

[0045] General-purpose computers of the sort depicted in FIG. 1A and FIG. 1B typically operate under the control of operating systems, which control scheduling of tasks and access to system resources. Typical operating systems include: MICROSOFT WINDOWS, manufactured by Microsoft Corp. of Redmond, Wash.; MacOS, manufactured by Apple Computer of Cupertino, Calif.; OS/2, manufactured by International Business Machines of Armonk, N.Y.; and Linux, a freely-available operating system distributed by Caldera Corp. of Salt Lake City, Utah, among others.

[0046] For embodiments comprising mobile devices, the device may be a JAVA-enabled cellular telephone, such as the i55sr, i58sr, i85s, or the i88s, all of which are manufactured by Motorola Corp. of Schaumburg, Ill.; the 6035 or the 7135, manufactured by Kyocera of Kyoto, Japan; or the i300 or i330, manufactured by Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., of Seoul, Korea. In other embodiments comprising mobile devices, a mobile device may be a personal digital assistant (PDA) operating under control of the PalmOS operating system, such as the Tungsten W, the VII, the VIIx, the i705, all of which are manufactured by palmOne, Inc. of Milpitas, Calif. In further embodiments, the client **113** may be a personal digital assistant (PDA) operating under control of the PocketPC operating system, such as the iPAQ 4155, iPAQ 5555, iPAQ 1945, iPAQ 2215, and iPAQ 4255, all of which manufactured by Hewlett-Packard Corporation of Palo Alto, Calif.; the ViewSonic V36, manufactured by ViewSonic of Walnut, Calif.; or the Toshiba PocketPC e405, manufactured by Toshiba America, Inc. of New York, N.Y. In still other embodiments, the mobile device is a combination PDA/telephone device such as the Treo 180, Treo 270, Treo 600, Treo 650, or the Treo 700, all of which are manufactured by palmOne, Inc. of Milpitas, Calif. In still further embodiments, the mobile device is a cellular telephone that operates under control of the PocketPC operating system, such as the MPx200, manufactured by Motorola Corp. A typical mobile device may comprise many of the elements described above in FIG. 1A and 1B, including the processor **102** and the main memory **104**.

[0047] FIG. 2 depicts a block diagram illustrating an embodiment of a client-server network. In brief overview, a number of clients **213a**, **213b**, . . . **213n'** (collectively referred to as **213**), are connected via a network **211** to a number of servers **205a**, **205b**, **205n** (collectively referred to as **205**). The clients **213**, networks **211**, and servers **205** may comprise any computing devices comprising substantially similar capabilities, descriptions, functions, and configurations as described above.

[0048] Still referring to FIG. 2, in greater detail, a number of servers **205** is shown. In the embodiment shown, the

servers **205** may comprise any device capable of processing information and sending and receiving information, including a standalone computer server, a blade server, a rack mounted server, or a group of any types of said servers. The servers may further comprise databases, file servers, web servers, application servers or any other type of server. In embodiments involving multiple servers, the servers may be identical servers, or may differ in make, model, type, content, performance, availability, or any other aspect.

[0049] The network **211** may comprise the Internet, local networks, web servers, file servers, routers, databases, computers, servers, network appliances, or any other computing devices capable of sending and receiving information. The networks **211** may comprise computing devices connected via cables, IR ports, wireless signals, or any other means of connecting multiple computing devices. The network **211** and any devices connected to the networks may communicate via any communication protocol used to communicate among or within computing devices, including without limitation SSL, HTML, XML, RDP, ICA, FTP, HTTP, TCP, IP, UDP, IPX, SPX, NetBIOS, NetBEUI, SMB, SMTP, Ethernet, ARCNET, Fiber Distributed Data Interface (FDDI), RS232, IEEE 802.11, IEEE 802.11a, IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g and direct asynchronous connections, or any combination thereof. The networks **211** may comprise mobile telephone networks utilizing any protocol or protocols used to communicate among mobile devices including AMPS, TDMA, CDMA, GSM, GPRS or UMTS.

[0050] Referring now to FIG. 3, a block diagram illustrating an example of a computer desktop **310** is shown. In brief overview, the computer desktop **310** comprises a background **300** (indicated by the diagonally hatched region), a number of icons **302a**, **302b** (generally **1202**), and a number of applications **304a**, **304b** (generally **1204**). The computer desktop may comprise anything capable of being displayed on a computer, including an application, icon, utility, menu, document, file, toolbar, status bar, system tray, panel, and dialog. A computer desktop **310** may be displayed on a display of any of the computing devices discussed previously.

[0051] Still referring to FIG. 3, now in greater detail, an example of a computer desktop **310** is shown. The desktop **310** comprises a background **300** which is displayed behind any executing applications **304a**, **304b** and icons **302a**, **302b**. The background **300** may be obscured either partially or completely by any application, utility, menu, document, file, toolbar, status bar, system tray, panel, or dialog. Although the background **300** may be obscured from view, the background **300** is always present in the desktop **310**. When all the items obscuring all or a portion of the desktop background **300** have been closed or moved, the desktop background typically becomes visible again. The desktop background **300** can typically not be closed or minimized without altering the desktop **310** settings. Thus, the desktop background **300** is unlike applications **304** which may typically can be closed or minimized without altering the desktop **310** settings. Well known desktop backgrounds **300** may comprise a blank screen, a geometric pattern, or a favorite image of the user.

[0052] In some embodiments, displaying a desktop computer application may comprise displaying an application with a standard desktop application window. In some

embodiments, displaying a program in a computer desktop application **300** may comprise displaying a program in an application window, wherein said application window lacks the title bar, window sizing buttons, and window close buttons common to typical application windows. In other embodiments, displaying a computer desktop application may comprise displaying a program in a computer desktop background **300**. Displaying a program in a computer desktop background may comprise displaying a program such that all visual output from the program is displayed in the desktop background **300**. In this embodiment, the program would always be displayed behind any open applications **304** on the desktop **310**.

[0053] Referring now to FIG. 4, an embodiment of a calendar **400** displayed in a computer desktop application **300** is shown. In brief overview, the computer desktop **310** comprises a number of icons **302a**, **302b**, an application **304**, and a background **300** comprising a calendar **400**. The calendar **400** may comprise any event or element typical to a calendar of any other type such as a printed calendar or day-planner. The events, dates, text, symbols and images displayed in the calendar **400** may be manually entered by a user, or may be automatically provided by the calendar **400**.

[0054] Still referring to FIG. 4, now in greater detail, a calendar **400** is displayed in a computer desktop application **300**. In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may cover or occupy a portion of the computer desktop background **300**. In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may cover or occupy the entire computer desktop background **300**. In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may be displayed along with or superimposed over an image. In one embodiment, the image may be substantially similar to an image from a printed calendar. In another embodiment, the image may correspond to a theme corresponding to a plurality of images from a printed calendar. In still another embodiment, the image may be selected by a user.

[0055] A calendar **400** comprises functionality for visually depicting a given time period and visually depicting events scheduled to occur within the time period. Time periods depicted may comprise any time period including standard calendar time periods of years, months, weeks, days, and hours. In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may comprise functionality for viewing a plurality of such time periods. A calendar **400** may comprise means for a user to switch between a plurality of such views. A user may switch between the views of differing time periods using any input means, including selecting the view from using a menu, button, slider, checkbox, toggle, mouse click, or keyboard. In one embodiment, clicking on a square corresponding to a date in a month view might bring up the detailed view of that particular day. In another embodiment, a menu might be provided which allows the user to select a day, week, month, or year view.

[0056] Events may comprise any activity, task, or occurrence associated with a given time. Examples of events include birthdays, anniversaries, holidays, ceremonies, meetings, appointments, tasks, chores, and trips. Other examples of events may include reminders corresponding to given events. For example, a calendar **400** may store both a given family member's birthday as well as a reminder one week before the person's birthday to purchase a gift.

[0057] A date corresponding to an event may comprise any time specification, including year, month, week, day, and specific time. For example, the date of a person's birthday may comprise a specific year and day, while the date of a lunch meeting may comprise a week, day, and specific time.

[0058] A Calendar **400** may display a date or number of dates, and events corresponding to those dates. A calendar **400** may display text, symbols, or images corresponding to any event, date, and occasion typically found in printed or electronic calendars, including without limitation, birthdays, holidays, anniversaries, celebrations, ceremonies, meetings, appointments. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 4, the calendar **400** displays boxes (e.g. **402**) for every date in a given month. The boxes may comprise indicators of events, including text, symbols, or images. For example, in the embodiment shown, the calendar **400** displays bold text **404** to list the events scheduled for a given day. The calendar **400** displays holidays in regular text **402**, and also displays icons indicating the moon phase for given dates **406**. The calendar **400** also comprises a snapshot of the surrounding months **408**.

[0059] A calendar **400** may display some or all of the events for a given date. In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may determine how much information to display depending on the size of the space allocated for a given date **402**. For example, if the size of a given date is small, the calendar **400** may only display a summary or the first three words of a given event. In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may only display events indicated as important events. In still other embodiments, the calendar may not list any events for a given date, but indicate that events exist for a given date by displaying an image or icon, or using bold, underlined, or flashing text to display the date. In these embodiments, the calendar **400** may display information corresponding to the given events only after a user clicks on a given date.

[0060] In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may provide means to access a more detailed description or information corresponding to an event. In one embodiment, the calendar **400** may respond to a user clicking on an event by displaying a detailed description of the event. For example, while the text displayed in the month-view of **400** might be "Charlie's Birthday," clicking on the text of "Charlie's Birthday" might trigger a display of information relating to the time and place of Charlie's birthday party.

[0061] In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may provide means to input and change information corresponding to events. In some embodiments, a user may enter information about an event by selecting a day or time the event occurs, and then typing information corresponding to the event. In other embodiments, a user may enter information about an event by using an input display, such as the input display depicted in FIG. 9.

[0062] In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may highlight portions of the display corresponding to a given date, dates, event, or events. In one embodiment, a calendar **400** may highlight the current day. In another embodiment, the calendar **400** may highlight a date or dates selected by the user. In another embodiment, the calendar **400** may highlight dates corresponding to designated events. In still another embodiment, the calendar **400** may highlight specific events designated as important or special.

[0063] Referring now to FIG. 5, another embodiment of a calendar 400 displayed in a computer desktop application 300 is shown. The calendar 400 displays a list of time slots 504 and corresponding events 506 for a given date 502. In some embodiments, the calendar 400 may display only a portion of the time slots for a given date. In these embodiments, a user may access the time slots not displayed using a scrollbar, menu, button, or other input means.

[0064] Referring now to FIG. 6, another embodiment of a calendar 400 displayed in a computer desktop application 300 is shown. In brief overview, the calendar 400 displays a list of time slots 504 and corresponding events 506 for a given date 502. The calendar 400 also displays a reminder 600 corresponding to a given event.

[0065] Still referring to FIG. 6, now in greater detail, the calendar 400 displays a reminder 600 corresponding to a given event. A reminder 600 may comprise any information corresponding to a given event. In some embodiments, the reminder 600 may be displayed on the date of the event. In other embodiments, the reminder 600 may be displayed prior to the event. In still other embodiments, a reminder 600 may be displayed after an event. In some embodiments, a reminder 600 may be displayed much larger than other events or text on the calendar 400. In some embodiments a reminder 600 may be displayed in the same manner as events. In one embodiment, a reminder 600 may be displayed in a different portion of the desktop than the calendar 400. In other embodiments, the reminder 600 may be accompanied by a sound. In still other embodiments the reminder 600 may require user action to dismiss the reminder before the calendar 400 may be accessed. In other embodiments, the calendar 400 may provide functionality for delaying a viewed reminder. For example, a user might see a reminder 600 that his wife's birthday is one week away, click a button next to the reminder 600 marked "remind me tomorrow," and the calendar would display the reminder 600 again on the next day.

[0066] In some embodiments reminders may be provided automatically by the calendar, in other embodiments the reminders may be manually entered by a user. For example, a calendar 400 may automatically display a reminder one week before any person's birthday. Also as an example, a user may manually enter a reminder for three days before a business trip reminding to remind the user to reserve a hotel room.

[0067] Referring now to FIG. 7, another embodiment of a calendar 400 displayed in a computer desktop application 300 is shown. In brief overview, the calendar 400 displays a list of time slots 504 and corresponding events 506 for a given date 502. The calendar 400 also displays a reminder 600 corresponding to a given event. The reminder 600 comprises information corresponding to a given event and a link to an online store 700.

[0068] Still referring to FIG. 7, now in greater detail, a calendar 600 displays a reminder 600 comprising information corresponding to a given event and a link to an online store 700. In one embodiment, in response to a user clicking on the link 700, the calendar 400 may open a new window comprising a web browser directed to the site. In another embodiment, in response to a user clicking on the link 700, the calendar 400 may open a web browser directed to the site within the calendar computer desktop application 300. In

another embodiment, the user may copy the address referenced by the link 700 into an already open browser. In some embodiments, multiple links 700 may be displayed within a single reminder. For example, a reminder of a birthday might be comprise a link to both www.flowers.com and www.hallmark.com.

[0069] The link 700 comprises a link to an online store. An online store may comprise any web site where items may be obtained or purchased. Examples of links to online stores may include www.borders.com, www.amazon.com, www.starbucks.com, www.hallmark.com, and www.flowers.com. In some embodiments, the link 700 may comprise a link to a store's home page, such as www.borders.com. In other embodiments, the link 700 may comprise a link to a specific product within an online store. For example, the link 700 might comprise a link to a specific page offering a specific book for sale within www.borders.com. Or, for example, the link 700, might comprise a link to a specific type of flowers within www.flowers.com. In still another embodiment, a link 700 may comprise information that will allow the online store to identify the owner of the calendar. For example, a calendar 400 may access information identifying the owner of the calendar to a particular store, and append that information to the link 700. When the user clicked on the link, the online store may then identify the user and open a personalized page corresponding to the user.

[0070] In some embodiments, the online store may comprise a store offering e-Cards. Said e-Cards may comprise any form of electronic message. In some embodiments, an e-Card may comprise a message transmitted to a recipient via e-mail. In one embodiment, an e-Card may comprise an e-mail with a link to a website where the recipient may view a card. In some embodiments, the e-Cards may comprise personalized greetings. In other embodiments, the e-Cards may comprise any other images, sounds, or text. In some embodiments, said e-Cards may be sold, in other embodiments said e-Cards may be offered at no charge.

[0071] In some embodiments, the online store may comprise functionality for attaching a gift to an e-Card. In one embodiment, an online store might give a user the option of selecting from a plurality of e-Cards, and then give the user an option to specify a gift to be sent with said e-Card. For example, after a user selects a given e-Card, an online store may give the user an option to purchase a song from a downloadable music service to be included in said card. Or, for example, after a user selects a given e-Card, an online store may give the user an option to purchase a certificate redeemable at a store to be included in said card. In some embodiments, the online store may comprise links to third-party sites where a user may purchase gifts to be included with said e-Card. Gifts which may be included with an e-Card may comprise any gifts capable of being transmitted electronically, including without limitation music files, gift certificates redeemable online, gift certificates which may be printed by a recipient, software programs. In some embodiments, the online store may comprise links to third-party sites where a user may purchase items to be transmitted separately from said e-Card.

[0072] In other embodiments, additional text may be displayed along with the links 700. In some embodiments, the additional text might explain the items offered for sale at the online store. For example, the link www.hallmark.com

might be accompanied by the text “Buy a card.” In other embodiments, the additional text might comprise a special offer, sale, or other incentive for the user to visit the online store. For example, a link might be accompanied by the text “25% off your next purchase.” In still other embodiments, the additional text might indicate a user’s past action or actions with respect to similar events. For example, a link **700** might be accompanied by the text “you purchased tulips for this event last year,” or the text “you bought coffee last month.”

[0073] In still other embodiments, the reminder may comprise a coupon. The coupon may comprise a voucher, discount, sale, or other special offer from an online store or physical store. In one embodiment, the reminder may comprise a link to a printable coupon redeemable in person at a store. In another embodiment, the reminder may comprise a coupon redeemable at an online store. For example, the reminder may comprise the text “Go to www.hallmark.com and enter promotional code ABCDEFG,” where ABCDEFG is a code entitling a user to \$5 off a purchase price. In still another embodiment, a link **700** may comprise a coupon. For example, a link **700** may comprise a promotion code indicating to the online store that a user is entitled to a 10% discount. Or, for example, a link **700** may comprise a URL directed to a specific area of a site relating to a buy-one-get-one-free offer. Or for example, the coupon may comprise a voucher redeemable for a free song, card, coffee, or other item.

[0074] Referring now to FIG. 8, another embodiment of a calendar **400** displayed in a computer desktop application **300** is shown. The calendar **400** displays a list of days **804** for a given month **802**. For each day **804** events are displayed corresponding to a plurality of given individuals **806**. A date or dates may be highlighted **808**.

[0075] Still referring to FIG. 8, now in greater detail, in the embodiment shown the calendar **400** displays event information across a number of individuals. The individuals may comprise any group of individuals, including family members, coworkers, friends, or contacts. In some embodiments, the event information corresponding to each person may be manually entered by the user of the calendar. For example, a father might enter information corresponding to a son’s sporting event. In other embodiments, the event information corresponding to each person may be collected by the calendar **400** from a multitude of calendars used by the group of individuals. The multitude of calendars may comprise calendars of the same type as the calendar shown **400**, or the multitude of calendars may comprise other electronic calendars. In some embodiments, events corresponding to individuals may be received from a server **205**.

[0076] In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may display that two events corresponding to two individuals conflict. For example, the calendar **4000** may identify and highlight a time period if two individuals have events scheduled during that time. In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may also identify and display time periods in which all of the selected individuals are available.

[0077] Referring now to FIG. 9, an embodiment of an input display for entering events into a calendar **400** is shown. In brief overview, an input display **900** comprises means for entering information corresponding to a number of events **906** and dates **908** corresponding to the events **904**.

The events **904** on a given input display **900** may all be assigned to a given category **902** and may be grouped according to subcategories **902**. An input display may also comprise means for entering information corresponding to actions to be taken with respect to events.

[0078] Still referring to FIG. 9, now in greater detail, an input display **900** accepts entry of events and dates into a calendar **400**. The input display **900** may be displayed alongside a calendar **400** or displayed separately. In some embodiments, the input display **900** may be displayed in a desktop background **300**; in other embodiments the input display **900** may be displayed in an application window. In some embodiments, the input display **900** may be opened by using any input device such as a menu, button, checkbox, or tab. In other embodiments, the input display **900** may be opened by clicking on a specific date or event.

[0079] In some embodiments, the input display **900** may comprise a general category **902**. The general category **902** may comprise any category of events. Examples of general categories **902** may include birthdays, anniversaries, special events, holidays, meetings, phone calls, and appointments. In some embodiments the input display **900** may also comprise subcategories **904**. In some embodiments, a category **902** or subcategory **904** may comprise events that share a certain renewal property. For example, a category may comprise yearly events, such as birthdays and anniversaries. In some embodiments the input screen may set a given renewal property for a given event. In other embodiments the input screen **900** may provide any input means, such as a menu, checkbox, or text field, for a user to input a renewal property for a given event.

[0080] The input display **900** comprises means for entering events **906**. Events may be entered by any input means. In some embodiments, a user may type the name of an event in a text field. In other embodiments, a user may select an event title from a menu. The input screen **900** also comprises means for entering dates corresponding to the events. In some embodiments, a user may type the date of an event in a text field. In other embodiments, a user may select a date from a menu. In still other embodiments, event text or dates may be automatically filled in by the calendar **400**.

[0081] The input display **900** may also comprise means for entering information corresponding to actions to be taken with respect to certain events. In one embodiment, an input display **900** may comprise fields which accept input of information corresponding to whether a user wishes to be reminded in advance of a given event. In other embodiments, an input display **900** may comprise fields which accept input of information corresponding to the automatic sending of an item for a given event. Said item may comprise any item corresponding to a given event, including a gift, e-mail, and e-Card. In one embodiment, the input display may comprise a checkbox next to an event labeled “send card on date.” When a user checked the box, a second input screen may be displayed prompting the user for information about an e-Card to send, such as what type of card the user wished to send, and what message they wished to include. On the date of the event, the calendar **400** may then transmit instructions corresponding to the sending of said e-Card. In another embodiment, the input display may comprise a button corresponding to an event, said button labeled “send gift.” When a user clicked the button, a second

input screen may be displayed prompting the user for information about a gift to send, such as what type of gift, what online site to order the gift from, and purchase information such as a credit card number. On the date of the event, the calendar **400** may then transmit instructions corresponding to the ordering of said gift. In other embodiments, the calendar may transmit instructions corresponding to the ordering of said gift a given time period prior to said event.

[0082] In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may comprise additional displays for displaying as output a list of events entered. In some embodiments, these displays may be similar in appearance to the input display **900**. Said output displays may list all events of a given type, or may list all events occurring within a given date range. In some embodiments, the output displays may display additional information corresponding to each event. In other embodiments, the output displays may comprise functionality for sorting events based on event properties.

[0083] Referring now to FIG. **10**, an embodiment of an article of manufacture **1000** intended for sale as a unitary item comprising a printed calendar **1002** having a plurality of images, and computer readable program means **1004** for displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application. In addition, the article **1002** may comprise any other elements, including packaging material, paper inserts, registration cards, coupons, other computer readable program means, and promotional material.

[0084] Still referring to FIG. **10**, now in greater detail, an embodiment of an article of manufacture **1000** intended for sale as a unitary item is shown. The article **1000** may be packaged in any way such that the printed calendar **1002** and computer readable program means **1004** are sold together. In some embodiments, the calendar **1002** and computer readable program means **1004** may be packaged together in a box. In other embodiments, the calendar **1002** and computer readable program means **1004** may be shrink-wrapped together. In other embodiments, the computer readable programs means **1004** may be packaged as an insert within the printed calendar **1002**. In still other embodiments, the printed calendar **1002** may be packaged with a specific link or code that allows that the purchaser of the calendar to download the computer readable program means **1004** from a web site.

[0085] The printed calendar **1002** may comprise any type of printed calendar comprising a plurality of images, including a wall calendar, desk calendar, planner, or journal. The plurality of images may comprise any series of images. In some embodiments, each of the plurality of images corresponds to a given theme. For example, a printed calendar **1002** may comprise images corresponding to a theme of tropical islands. Said plurality of images might include images of beaches, palm trees, and tropical wildlife. In some embodiments, each image in the plurality of images corresponds to a given month of the printed calendar **1002**.

[0086] The computer readable program means **1004** may comprise any medium for distributing a computer readable program. In one embodiment, the computer readable program means **1004** may be provided on a Compact Disc or DVD. In another embodiment, the computer readable program means **1004** may be provided on a floppy disk. In still other embodiments the computer readable program means

1004 may comprise any other portable storage medium including a cartridge, ROM chip, or Flash drive. In another embodiment the computer readable program means **1004** may be downloaded by a purchaser by using a link or code printed in the article **1000**.

[0087] In some embodiments, the article **1000** may also comprise computer readable program means for displaying a screensaver. In some embodiments, the screensaver may comprise an image or series of images. In one embodiment, the screensaver may comprise an image substantially similar to one of the plurality of images on the printed calendar **1002**. In another embodiment, an image or images of the screensaver may correspond to a theme, said theme also corresponding to a plurality of images in the printed calendar **1002**. In other embodiments the screensaver may comprise functionality for a user to insert images of the user's choice.

[0088] Referring now to FIG. **11**, a flow diagram depicting one embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases is shown. In brief overview, the method comprises displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application (step **1102**); identifying information corresponding to a date for an event (step **1104**); determining a purchase recommendation corresponding to the given event (**1106**); displaying a reminder in said calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising: information corresponding to said event, said purchase recommendation and at least one link to an online store (step **1108**); and displaying, in response to a user activating said link, a screen comprising a number of e-Cards corresponding to said event (step **1110**).

[0089] Still referring to FIG. **11**, now in greater detail, the method comprises displaying a calendar **400** in a computer desktop application **300** (step **1102**). The calendar **400** may comprise any of the features, embodiments, and techniques discussed herein. The calendar **400** may be displayed on any of the devices discussed herein. In some embodiments the calendar **400** may be displayed in response to a user action. In one embodiment, the calendar **400** may be displayed in response to a user altering the desktop settings of the user's computing device. In another embodiment, the calendar **400** may be displayed in response to a user running a given program. In another embodiment, the calendar **400** may be displayed after a certain period of user inactivity. In still another embodiment, the calendar **400** may be displayed in response to a certain area of the desktop being covered or uncovered. In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may automatically be displayed on startup.

[0090] After displaying a calendar **400** in a computer desktop application **300** (step **1102**), a calendar **400** identifies information corresponding to a date for an event (step **1104**). In some embodiments, a calendar **400** identifies information corresponding to a date for an event (step **1104**) by reading information stored on a computing device. In one embodiment, a calendar **400** may read a table comprising a list of events and corresponding dates. In another embodiment, a calendar **400** may read a linked list of events and dates. In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may identify information manually entered by a user, such as, for example, in the input display depicted in FIG. **9**.

[0091] In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may identify information corresponding to a date for an event (step **1104**) by processing data from another application. In some

embodiments the calendar **400** may import information from other calendar software residing on the computing device. Examples of calendar software from which the calendar **400** may import information include MICROSOFT OUTLOOK and MICROSOFT OUTLOOK EXPRESS, manufactured by the Microsoft Corporation and iCAL, manufactured by the Apple Corporation. In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may import information from a spreadsheet. Examples of spreadsheet software from which the calendar **400** may import information include MICROSOFT EXCEL and MICROSOFT WORKS manufactured by the Microsoft Corporation.

[0092] In some embodiments a calendar may identify information corresponding to a date for an event (step **1104**) by adding or subtracting time from a given date. For example, a calendar **400** may identify a week before a person's birthday by consulting a table to determine the person's birthday, and then determining the date 7 days prior to the birthday.

[0093] After identifying information corresponding to a date for an event (step **1104**), a calendar **400** may then determine a purchase recommendation corresponding to the given event (step **1106**). A purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation to purchase a product, products, brand of products, or class of products. A purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation to purchase from a specific store, company, market, or geographic region. A purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation to purchase a physical good, such as a book or coffee. A purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation to purchase a non-physical good, such as music downloads, computer software, and e-Cards. A purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation to purchase something at a particular price, or purchase something at a particular time. A purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation for a method of purchase. In some embodiments, a purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation to purchase from an online store. In other embodiments, a purchase recommendation may comprise a recommendation to use a given coupon or promotional code when purchasing. In some embodiments the calendar **400** may determine a plurality of purchase recommendations corresponding to an event.

[0094] In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to the type of the given event. In one embodiment, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation based on a given holiday. For example, the calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation comprising red roses for Valentine's Day. Or, for example, the calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation comprising a toy store for Christmas. In other embodiments, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation based on a type of event such as a birthday or anniversary. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation comprising chocolate cake for a birthday, or a calendar may determine a purchase recommendation comprising a romantic card for an anniversary.

[0095] In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may determine a type of an event through a user specifying that an event is a predetermined type. For example, a user might check a box next to an event indicating that the event is a

birthday. Or, for example, the user might enter information corresponding to the event in an input display like the input display **900** previously discussed which contains categories for types of events. In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may process information corresponding to the event to determine a type for the event. For example, a calendar **400** might determine that the user-entered event "Steve's party" corresponds to a party, and subsequently determine a purchase recommendation of a bottle of wine. In still other embodiments, the calendar **400** may process other information to determine a type for the event. For example, a calendar **400** might determine that the user entered event "Steve's party" is a Christmas party, based on the information that "Steve's party" is on December 22nd. Or, for example, a calendar might determine that the user entered event "Dinner with Sarah" is a birthday event, based on information that Sarah's birthday is two days after the dinner.

[0096] In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a record of a given printed calendar being purchased. The record of a given printed calendar being purchased may comprise the date, time, place, and type of calendar purchased. In some embodiments, the record of a given printed calendar being purchased comprises a record of a given printed calendar **1002** being purchased together with the calendar **400** in a single article of manufacture such as the article depicted previously in FIG. **10**. In one embodiment, the calendar may generate a record of the printed calendar **1002** purchased with the calendar **400** by prompting a user to enter information corresponding to the purchase. In another embodiment a record of the purchase may be stored on computer readable program means **1004** comprising the type of the bundled printed calendar **1002** and the store selling the printed calendar **1002**.

[0097] In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may determine a date when a given printed calendar will expire based on a record of the printed calendar being purchased. The calendar **400** may then determine a purchase recommendation for a new printed calendar on the given date. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of a 2007 calendar featuring poodles based on a record that a user purchased a 2006 calendar comprising images of dogs.

[0098] In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to an image or images in a printed calendar. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of a dog treat for Christmas based on the printed calendar comprising images of dogs. In another embodiment, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a theme corresponding to images in a printed calendar. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of hotel reservations in Colorado based on the printed calendar having a theme of mountains. In still another embodiment, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a likely demographic corresponding to a record of a given printed calendar purchase. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of football tickets based on a record of a purchase of a printed calendar comprising images of sports cars.

[0099] In one embodiment, the calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to past user activity with respect to a given event. In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a past purchase made for a recurring event. For example, the calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of red roses for Valentine's Day with respect to information that a user purchased red roses on the previous Valentine's Day. Or, for example, the calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of a novel for a birthday with respect to information that the user purchased a book for the previous birthday. Or, for example, a calendar might determine a purchase recommendation of chocolate for Valentine's Day with respect to information that a user declined to purchase flowers on the previous Valentine's Day.

[0100] In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a number of past activities. For example, a calendar might determine a purchase recommendation of flowers for the event "Sarah's party" with respect to information that a user declined to purchase wine for a previous "Sarah's party", but purchased flowers for a previous event titled "Susan's party."

[0101] In some embodiments, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a record of a given screensaver being used. In some embodiments, the given screensaver comprises a screensaver purchased with the calendar **400** in a single article of manufacture **1000**. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of a dog treat for Christmas based on a screensaver comprising images of dogs. In another embodiment, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a theme corresponding to images in a screensaver. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of hotel reservations in Colorado based on the screensaver having a theme of mountains. In still another embodiment, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a likely demographic corresponding to a record of a given screensaver being used. For example, a calendar **400** may determine a purchase recommendation of football tickets based on a record of a purchase of a screensaver comprising images of sports cars.

[0102] After determining a purchase recommendation corresponding to the given event (step **1106**), the calendar **400** may display a reminder **600** in said calendar **400** corresponding to the given event, said reminder **600** comprising information corresponding to said event, at least one link to an online store **700**, and said purchase recommendation (step **1108**). The reminder **600** and link to an online store **700** may be displayed according to any of the methods previously discussed. In some embodiments said link to an online store comprises a link to an online store offering an item for sale recommended by said purchase recommendation.

[0103] The purchase recommendation may be displayed in any font, color, style or manner. In some embodiments, the purchase recommendation may comprise text, in other embodiments the purchase recommendation may comprise an image, movie, or sound corresponding to the recommendation. In some embodiments, the purchase recommendation may be displayed in the same style and manner as

events. In other embodiments, the purchase recommendation may be displayed in a different style, font, or location than events.

[0104] In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may display the purchase recommendation separately from the link to an online store **700**. In one embodiment, the purchase recommendation may be displayed as text prior to or following the link to an online store **700**. For example, the link www.borders.com may be followed by text displaying a purchase recommendation "buy a romantic novel." Or, for example, the purchase recommendation displayed as "buy red roses" might be followed by links to a plurality of online florists.

[0105] In some embodiments, the purchase recommendation may be integrated into the link to an online store **700**. In some embodiments, a link to an online store **700** may be modified to take a user directly to the page where a recommended item can be purchased. In other embodiments, a link to an online store **700** may be modified to include a coupon or promotional code corresponding to the purchase recommendation.

[0106] After displaying a reminder in said calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising: information corresponding to said event, said purchase recommendation and at least one link to an online store (step **1108**); the calendar **400** may display, in response to a user activating said link, a screen comprising a number of e-Cards corresponding to said event (step **1110**). In some embodiments, displaying a screen comprising a number of e-Cards (step **1110**) may comprise launching a web browser directed to a given web site offering a number of e-Cards corresponding to said event. In one embodiment, the browser may be launched within the calendar **400** application window. In another embodiment, the browser may be launched in a new window. The web site comprising a number of e-Cards may comprise any website comprising e-Cards discussed herein.

[0107] Referring now to FIG. **12**, a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases is shown. In brief overview, a client **213** displays an input screen comprising fields which accept entry of registration information (step **1202**); transmits said registration information to a server (step **1204**); and displays a calendar in a computer desktop application (step **1102**). A server **205** receives said registration information (step **1208**); stores said registration information (step **1210**); determines, with respect to said registration information, an event and a purchase recommendation corresponding to said event (step **1212**); and transmits information corresponding to said event and purchase recommendation (step **1214**). A client **213** receives information from the server corresponding to said event (step **1216**); and displays a reminder in the calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising information corresponding to said event, said purchase recommendation and at least one link to an online store (step **1108**).

[0108] Still referring to FIG. **12**, now in greater detail, a client **213** displays an input screen comprising fields which accept entry of registration information (step **1202**). In some embodiments, the input screen may comprise part of a calendar **400** executing in a computer desktop application. In some embodiments, the input screen may be displayed

prior to the installation of a calendar **400**. In other embodiments, the input screen may be displayed after the installation of a calendar **400**. In some embodiments, a user may have an option to complete the input screen. In other embodiments, a user may be forced to complete the input screen in order to install a calendar **400**.

[0109] The registration information may comprise any information corresponding to a user, a product, a purchase, or a user's computer. In some embodiments, the registration information may comprise personal information such as a name, birthday, address, and gender. In other embodiments, the registration information may comprise information corresponding to the date and location of a purchase of a printed calendar. The printed calendar may comprise a calendar **1002** sold together with calendar software **1008**. In some embodiments, some or all of the input fields may be automatically completed.

[0110] After a client **213** displays an input screen comprising fields which accept entry of registration information (step **1202**), the client **213** transmits said registration information to a server (step **1204**). Said transmission may occur over any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously discussed. In some embodiments, a client **213** may transmit other any other information along with the registration information. For example, a client **213** may determine the system configuration of the user and transmit that information along with the registration information.

[0111] In the embodiment shown, after the client **213** transmits said registration information to a server (step **1204**) the client **213** displays a calendar **400** in a computer desktop application (step **1102**). Although FIG. 12 depicts the calendar **400** being displayed after the registration process, in some embodiments, the calendar **400** may be displayed at any time before, during or after the input of registration information (step **1202**). In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may be displayed at any time before, during, or after the transmission of said registration information.

[0112] In the embodiment shown, a server **205** receives the registration information (Step **1208**). The server may receive the information via any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously discussed. In some embodiments, a central server **205** may be configured to receive registration information from a plurality or a totality of calendars **400**. In other embodiments, a plurality of servers running at a plurality of locations may receive registration information from a plurality or a totality of calendars **400**.

[0113] After the server **205** receives the registration information (step **1208**), the server **205** stores the registration information (step **1210**). In some embodiments, the registration information may be stored on the server **205**; in other embodiments, the registration information may be stored on an external computing device. In some embodiments the registration information may be stored along with other data corresponding to a given user or calendar. In other embodiments, the registration information may be transferred to a third party.

[0114] After the server **205** stores the registration information (step **1208**), the server **205** determines, with respect to said registration information, an event and a purchase

recommendation corresponding to said event (step **1210**). The server may determine an event using any of the methods previously described. In one embodiment, the server may determine an event corresponding to a user's birthday. In another embodiment, the server may determine an event corresponding to the expiration of a printed calendar **1002**.

[0115] The server **205** may determine a purchase recommendation using any of the previously discussed methods for determining a purchase recommendation. In some embodiments, the server may determine a purchase recommendation using only the registration information received. In other embodiments, the server may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a plurality of received registration information. In some embodiments a server may determine a plurality of purchase recommendations. In still other embodiments, the server may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a combination of received registration information and other information. In some embodiments, the other information may comprise publicly available knowledge, databases of customer data, data provided by third parties, and data relating to past calendar activity.

[0116] In some embodiments, the registration information and purchase recommendation may be transmitted to an online store. Said online store may comprise any online store as discussed herein. In one embodiment, said online store may be configured to recognize requests for links **700** originating in a calendar **400**. Said online store may display web page corresponding to a given calendar **400** user upon receiving a request for a link **700** originating in a calendar **400**. In one embodiment, said online store may comprise e-Cards which may be transmitted to a given recipient. In another embodiment, said online store may display said purchase recommendation and provide means for attaching the recommended purchase to an e-Card. In one embodiment, said means may comprise a link to a third-party site. In some embodiments, the server or servers receiving the registration information may also operate an online store as discussed herein. In some embodiments, an online store may operate said server or servers in the collection and processing of any user information.

[0117] After the server **205** determines an event and a purchase recommendation corresponding to the event (step **1210**), the server **205** transmits information corresponding to said event and purchase recommendation (step **1212**). The server **205** may transmit said information over any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously discussed. In some embodiments, the server may transmit information corresponding to a given event and purchase recommendation to a single client **213**. In other embodiments the server may transmit the same information to a plurality of clients **213**. In other embodiments, a server **205** may transmit information corresponding to a plurality of events and purchase recommendations to a single client **213**.

[0118] In the embodiment shown, a client then receives information corresponding to an event (step **1216**). The client may receive the information via any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously discussed. In some embodiments a client **213** may receive information corresponding to a plurality of events. In other embodiments a client may receive information corresponding to an event and a purchase recommendation for said event. In still other

embodiments a client may receive information corresponding to a plurality of events and purchase recommendations.

[0119] After receiving information corresponding to an event (step 1216) the client 213 the client 213 may display a reminder 600 in said calendar 400 corresponding to the given event, said reminder 600 comprising information corresponding to said event, at least one link to an online store 700, and said purchase recommendation (step 1108). This step may be carried out using any of the methods previously discussed. In some embodiments, the calendar 400 may display information corresponding to events received from a server in a different manner than the calendar 400 displays information corresponding to events entered by a user. In other embodiments, the calendar 400 may display information corresponding to events received from a server in a manner similar to the manner the calendar 400 displays information corresponding to events entered by a user.

[0120] Referring now to FIG. 13, a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases is shown. In brief overview, a client 213 displays a calendar in a computer desktop application (step 1102); receives information from a server corresponding to an event (step 1216); displays a reminder in the calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising information corresponding to said event, and at least one link to an online store (step 1108); and transmits to a server information corresponding to a user action with respect to said link (step 1310). A server 205 receives said information corresponding to a user action (step 1312); determines, with respect to said information, a purchase recommendation corresponding to a later event (step 1314); and transmits information corresponding to said purchase recommendation. A client 213 receives information from the server corresponding to the event (step 1216); and displays a reminder in the calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising information corresponding to said event, and at least one link to an online store (step 1108).

[0121] Still referring to FIG. 13, now in greater detail, a client 213 displays a calendar in a computer desktop application (step 1102). This step may be performed in accordance with any of the methods previously discussed.

[0122] The client 213 receives information from a server corresponding to an event (step 1216). This step may be performed in accordance with any of the methods previously discussed.

[0123] The client displays a reminder in the calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising information corresponding to said event, and at least one link to an online store (step 1108). This step may be performed in accordance with any of the methods previously discussed.

[0124] The client 213 then transmits to a server information corresponding to a user action with respect to said link (step 1310). The client may transmit the information over any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously discussed. In some embodiments the information transmitted may comprise information about whether the user clicked on the link. In some embodiments, the information transmitted may comprise a date that the user clicked on the link. In other embodiments, the information may

comprise information indicating whether the user viewed the page referenced by the link. In one embodiment, the information may comprise a time interval the user spent viewing the page or site referenced by the link. In another embodiment, the information may comprise information about whether the user purchased an item from the page or site referenced by the link. In still another embodiment, the information may comprise information about whether a user followed a given purchase recommendation with respect to the link.

[0125] The client 213 may transmit any other information along with the information corresponding to a user action. In some embodiments, the client 213 may also transmit information corresponding to past, current, or future events. In other embodiments, the client 213 may transmit information corresponding to any other user activity with respect to the calendar, such as the frequency of use, times and dates of use, number of entries, and type of entries. In still other embodiments, the client may transmit information corresponding to any other user activity, including the user's type of computer, software installed, frequency of computer use, or frequency of web browsing.

[0126] The server 205 receives the information corresponding to a user action (step 1312). The server 205 may receive the information over any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously discussed. In some embodiments, the server may receive the information in combination with other information corresponding to the client 213, or a calendar 400 executing on the client 213. In some embodiments, the server 205 may receive information corresponding to a plurality of user actions corresponding to a plurality of users.

[0127] The server 205 then determines with respect to said information, a purchase recommendation corresponding to a later event (step 1314). The server 205 may determine the purchase recommendation according to any of the methods previously discussed. In some embodiments a server 205 may determine a plurality of purchase recommendations. In some embodiments, the server 205 may determine a purchase recommendation using only the information received. In other embodiments, the server 205 may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a plurality of received registration information and information corresponding to user actions. In still other embodiments, the server 205 may determine a purchase recommendation with respect to a combination of information corresponding to a user action and any other information. In some embodiments, the other information may comprise publicly available knowledge, databases of customer data, data provided by third parties, and data relating to past calendar activity.

[0128] The later event may comprise any event occurring during or after the time the server receives the information. In some embodiments, the later event may be determined by the server 205. In some embodiments, the later event may correspond to an event entered by a user. In some embodiments, the later event may correspond to an event similar to an event corresponding to the information received corresponding to a user action. In some embodiments, the later event may correspond to an event for the user from which the user action information was received. In other embodiments, the later event may correspond to an event for a different user.

[0129] The server **205** then transmits information corresponding to said purchase recommendation to a client **213** (step **1316**). The server **205** may transmit said information over any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously discussed. In some embodiments the server will transmit the information to the same client **213** from which the server received information corresponding to the user action. In other embodiments, the server **205** may transmit the information corresponding to the purchase recommendation to a different client. In some embodiments, the server may transmit information corresponding to a given event and purchase recommendation to a single client **213**. In other embodiments the server may transmit the same information to a plurality of clients **213**. In other embodiments, a server **205** may transmit information corresponding to a plurality of events and purchase recommendations to a single client **213**.

[0130] The client **213** may then receive information corresponding to said event (step **1216**). This step may be performed in accordance with any of the methods previously discussed.

[0131] The client **213** may then display a reminder **600** in said calendar **400** corresponding to the given event, said reminder **600** comprising information corresponding to said event, at least one link to an online store **700**, and said purchase recommendation (step **1108**). This step may be performed in accordance with any of the methods previously discussed.

[0132] Referring now to FIG. **14**, a flow diagram of another embodiment of a method for facilitating event purchases is shown. In brief overview, the method comprises displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application (step **1102**); and transmitting, to a server, information corresponding to an event entered by a user (step **502**).

[0133] Still referring to FIG. **14**, now in greater detail, the method comprises displaying a calendar **400** in a computer desktop application (step **1102**). This step may be performed in accordance with any of the methods previously discussed.

[0134] The calendar **400** may then transmit, to a server, information corresponding to an event entered by a user (step **1402**). The event may have been entered by the user by any of the means previously discussed. The calendar **400** may transmit the information over any of the protocols, networks, and communication means previously described. In some embodiment, the calendar **400** may transmit the information in combination with any of the information and transmissions previously discussed. In some embodiments, the calendar **400** may also transmit information corresponding to past, current, or future events. In other embodiments, the calendar **400** may transmit information corresponding to any other user activity with respect to the calendar, such as the frequency of use, times and dates of use, number of entries, and type of entries. In still other embodiments, the calendar **400** may transmit information corresponding to any other user activity, including the user's type of computer, software installed, frequency of computer use, or frequency of web browsing.

[0135] While various embodiments of the present invention have been described above, it should be understood that they have been presented by way of example only, and not limitation. Thus, it will be understood by those skilled in the

relevant art(s) that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as defined in the appended claims. Accordingly, the breadth and scope of the present invention should not be limited by any of the above-described exemplary embodiments, but should be defined only in accordance with the following claims and their equivalents.

We claim:

1. A method for facilitating event purchases, said method comprising the steps of:

- (a) displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application;
- (b) receiving, from a server, information corresponding to an event;
- (c) displaying a reminder in said calendar corresponding to the given event, said reminder comprising:
 - (i) information corresponding to said event, and
 - (ii) at least one link to an online store.

2. The method of claim 1 further comprising the steps of:

- (d) displaying an input screen comprising fields which accept entry of registration information; and

(e) transmitting said registration information to a server.

3. The method of claim 2 further comprising the steps of:

- (f) receiving, on a server, said registration information; and

(g) storing said registration information.

4. The method of claim 2 wherein said registration information comprises information corresponding to at least one of the group of:

- (i) date of purchase of a printed calendar,

(ii) place of purchase of a printed calendar,

5. The method of claim 3 further comprising the steps of:

- (f) receiving, on a server, said registration information;

(g) storing said registration information;

(h) determining, with respect to said registration information, an event and a purchase recommendation corresponding to said event; and

- (i) transmitting information corresponding to said event and purchase recommendation.

6. The method of claim 1 wherein said event corresponds to the expiration of a printed calendar.

7. The method of claim 1, wherein step (b) comprises receiving, from a server, information corresponding to a purchase recommendation for said event.

8. The method of claim 7, wherein said reminder comprises:

- (i) information corresponding to said event,

(ii) at least one link to an online store, and

(iii) said purchase recommendation.

9. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of transmitting to a server information corresponding to an event entered by a user.

10. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of transmitting to a server information corresponding to a user action with respect to said link.

11. The method of claim 10 further comprising the steps of:

receiving, on a server, said information corresponding to a user action;

determining, with respect to said information, a purchase recommendation corresponding to a later event; and

transmitting information corresponding to said purchase recommendation.

12. A computer-implemented system for facilitating event purchases, said method comprising:

an online store comprising means for transmitting items to a specified recipient;

computer readable program means for displaying a calendar in a computer desktop application; said calendar comprising a reminder corresponding to a given event, said reminder comprising:

information corresponding to said event, and

a link to said online store;

13. The system of claim 12, wherein said online store comprises means for transmitting an e-Card to a specified recipient.

14. The system of claim 13, wherein said online store comprises means for transmitting an e-Card and an associated gift to a specified recipient.

15. The system of claim 13, wherein said associated gift comprises a certificate redeemable at a store.

16. The system of claim 14, wherein said means for transmitting an associated gift to a specified recipient comprises a link to second online store.

17. The system of claim 12 wherein said calendar comprises:

an input screen comprising fields which accept entry of registration information; and

means for transmitting said registration information to said online store.

18. The system of claim 17 wherein said online store receives said registration information, and stores said registration information.

19. The system of claim 17 wherein said registration information comprises information corresponding to at least one of the group of:

(i) date of purchase of a printed calendar,

(ii) place of purchase of a printed calendar,

20. The system of claim 17 wherein said online store determines, with respect to said registration information, an event and a purchase recommendation corresponding to said event; and transmits information corresponding to said event and purchase recommendation.

21. The system of claim 20 wherein said event corresponds to the expiration of a printed calendar.

22. The system of claim 12, wherein the online store displays, in response to a request for said link, a web page corresponding to the type of said event.

23. The system of claim 12, wherein the online store displays, in response to a request for said link, a web page corresponding to the user of said calendar.

24. The system of claim 12 wherein said calendar comprises means for transmitting to said online store information corresponding to an event entered by a user.

25. The system of claim 24 wherein the online store receives said information corresponding to an event; determines, with respect to said information, a purchase recommendation corresponding to said event; and displays, in a web page, said purchase recommendation.

26. The system of claim 25, wherein said purchase recommendation comprises a link to a second online store.

27. The system of claim 25, wherein said calendar displays a reminder comprising a link to said web page.

* * * * *