

EXHIBIT 2004

CLG

CONCEPT LAW GROUP

6400 N. Andrews Avenue, Suite 500
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309

Tel: (754) 300-1500 www.ConceptLaw.com
Fax: (754) 300-1501 ABrown@ConceptLaw.com

VIA FEDEX AND EMAIL

October 26, 2023

Mr. Doug Brown, President
Fresh Products LLC
30600 Oregon Road
Perrysburg, OH 43551
Email: freshhr@freshproducts.com

**Re: PATENT INFRINGEMENT OF U.S. PATENT NOS. 10,036,154 AND
10,294,649**

Dear Mr. Brown,

This law firm represents Sanastar, Inc., d/b/a WizKid Products, (“Sanastar”) with respect to certain intellectual property matters. As you are undoubtedly aware, Sanastar provides patented goods in the sanitation and custodial industries, which helped Sanastar gain worldwide notoriety and success. Specifically, Sanastar owns U.S. Patent Nos. 10,036,154 (“the ’154 Patent”) and 10,294,649 (“the ’649 Patent”), which is a continuation of the ’154 Patent, for “URINAL ANTI-SPLASH DEVICE[S]”. A true and correct copy of the ’154 and the ’649 Patents are enclosed as **Exhibits A** and **B**, respectively. Sanastar considers its technology to be among its most valuable assets and is committed to protecting its rights with vigor.

Under the United States Patent Act, infringement occurs when one makes, uses, sells, offers for sale, or imports into the United States a patented invention without authorization from the patent owner. *See* 35 U.S.C. § 271 *et seq.* To this end, it recently came to Sanastar’s attention that Fresh Products, LLC (“Fresh Products”) is making, offering to sell, and/or selling urinal anti-splash devices which practice and infringe at least one independent claim of the ’154 and ’649 Patents.

In connection with this discovery, Sanastar reviewed Fresh Products’ “Tsunami” anti-splash device (“Accused Product”) — a picture of which is available on Fresh Products’ website and herein enclosed as **Exhibit C** — and determined that it incorporates and misappropriates

various aspects of Sanastar's intellectual property, including the subject matter protected by the '154 and '649 Patents. For example, the Accused Product infringes at least independent claim 1 of the '154 Patent and independent claim 1 of the '649 Patent.¹ Claim 1 of said Patents are outlined below for your benefit, and recite:

The '154 Patent

1. A urinal anti-splash device comprising:

an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal, the anti-splash body including:

a first portion;

a second portion opposite the first portion;

a length extending from the first portion to the second portion; and

an upper surface extending the length;

a base couplable to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion;

a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the upper surface of the anti-splash body and which taper downwardly in a direction toward the upper surface of the anti-splash body; and

a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

The '649 Patent

1. A urinal anti-splash device, comprising:

an anti-splash body configured to be mounted vertically on a back wall of a urinal and having a plurality of protrusions that extend from a front surface of the anti-splash body;

a base attached to the anti-splash body at a coupling region formed between the base and the anti-splash body, the base being configured to cover at least a portion of a urinal drain and having a plurality of protrusions extending away from the base on a surface of the base that is contiguous with the front surface of the anti-splash body;

¹ It is possible Fresh Products' Tsunami infringes other claims of the '154 and '649 Patents, as well as claims of other patents owned by Sanastar. Those claims are not included in this letter simply because Sanastar believes Fresh Products' infringement of claim 1 of the cited Patents is clear; but all other claims are specifically reserved and preserved.

the coupling region is configured allow the base to move between a first position including the base oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body and a second position including the base oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the base.

The Accused Product, and all those functionally equivalent to the Accused Product, are believed to literally infringe the '154 and '649 Patents as described and depicted in the enclosed exemplary claim chart ("Claim Chart"), attached as **Exhibit D**.

Based on this analysis, it is clear to Sanastar that Fresh Products infringes the '154 and '649 Patents. As such, Sanastar hereby demands Fresh Products immediately cease all sales, offers to sell, manufacture, and/or use of the Accused Product (and all those functionally equivalent as described above), and immediately desist from resumption of such activity. Further, Sanastar demands Fresh Products:

- (a) immediately advise all of its employees and/or agents involved in the manufacture and/or use of the Accused Products to cease their conduct forthwith;
- (b) produce to us all inventory of the Accused Products in Fresh Products' possession, custody, or control;
- (c) provide an accounting of all sales of each of the Accused Products sold by Fresh Products to date;
- (d) provide an accounting of all units of each of the Accused Products manufactured by Fresh Products to date;
- (e) disclose the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all persons associated with the manufacturer, distribution, use, and/or sales of the Accused Products; and
- (f) maintain continuing custody of all original books, records, and other documents related to the foregoing demands.

Failure to comply with the aforementioned demands will serve to increase Fresh Products' liability exposure to Sanastar and may subject Fresh Products to enhanced damages and payment of Sanastar's attorneys' fees related to any enforcement of its rights against Fresh Products in court, should such become necessary. That said, we are hopeful that we can work together to avoid the need for potential judicial intervention and look forward to hearing from you to discuss methods of assuring your compliance.

We trust that you appreciate the importance of this matter and, as such, request that you respond in writing, by November 8, 2023, assuring us of your immediate actions taken to comply with the demands of this letter. Should you have any questions concerning the notices and demands

set forth herein, you may contact me at the telephone number or email address provided in the header of this correspondence.

Nothing contained herein or omitted here from constitutes a waiver of any of the rights or remedies at law or in equity of Sanastar, all of which are hereby expressly reserved.

PLEASE CONDUCT YOURSELVES ACCORDINGLY.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Alexander Brown", written over a horizontal line.

ALEXANDER BROWN, ESQ.
For the Firm

EXHIBIT A



US010036154B2

(12) **United States Patent**
Crevier

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 10,036,154 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** **Jul. 31, 2018**

(54) **URINAL ANTI-SPLASH DEVICE**

(71) Applicant: **Jeffrey Scott Crevier**, Fort Lauderdale,
FL (US)

(72) Inventor: **Jeffrey Scott Crevier**, Fort Lauderdale,
FL (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

(21) Appl. No.: **15/342,543**

(22) Filed: **Nov. 3, 2016**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2018/0119403 A1 May 3, 2018

(51) **Int. Cl.**
E03D 9/00 (2006.01)
E03D 13/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **E03D 13/005** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC E03D 9/00
USPC 4/300.3
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,671,976 A * 6/1987 Vidal A47K 1/14
4/286
4,866,793 A * 9/1989 Luedtke E03D 9/00
4/300.3
D329,893 S * 9/1992 Luedtke E03D 9/00
D23/310
5,313,672 A * 5/1994 Luedtke E03D 9/00
4/144.1

5,398,347 A * 3/1995 Luedtke E03D 9/00
4/300.3
D393,896 S * 4/1998 Wagner E03D 9/00
D23/261
5,774,905 A * 7/1998 Wager E03D 13/00
4/222.1
5,809,590 A * 9/1998 Williams A47K 11/12
4/300.3
D427,295 S * 6/2000 Wagner A47K 11/12
D23/307
6,550,075 B1 * 4/2003 Brannon A47K 13/24
4/300.3
D639,410 S * 6/2011 Ramirez A47K 17/00
D23/310
8,043,498 B2 * 10/2011 Rueda E03F 1/00
210/164
8,056,153 B2 * 11/2011 Ruedas E03D 13/00
4/222

(Continued)

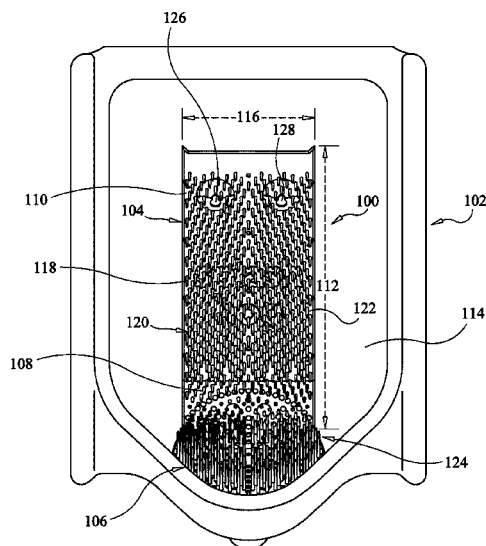
Primary Examiner — Lori Baker

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — The Concept Law
Group; Scott D. Smiley; Scott M. Garrett

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A urinal anti-splash device including an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal. The anti-splash body may include a first portion, a second portion opposite the first portion, a longitudinal length extending from the first portion to the second portion, and an upper surface extending the longitudinal length. The urinal anti-splash device also includes a base coupled to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion. The urinal anti-splash device further includes a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the upper surface of the anti-splash body and a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

20 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

D678,482	S *	3/2013	Williams		E03D 9/00	D23/261
8,856,976	B1 *	10/2014	Niedzielski		E03D 9/00	4/300.3
8,856,977	B2 *	10/2014	Ramirez		E03D 13/00	4/309
D787,031	S *	5/2017	Morgan-Williams		D23/307	
2004/0093662	A1 *	5/2004	Zhu		A47K 17/00	4/300.3
2013/0000027	A1 *	1/2013	San Luis		E03D 9/00	4/300.3
2015/0047114	A1 *	2/2015	Ramirez		E03D 13/00	4/300.3
2015/0143624	A1 *	5/2015	Irving		E03D 9/00	4/300.3

* cited by examiner

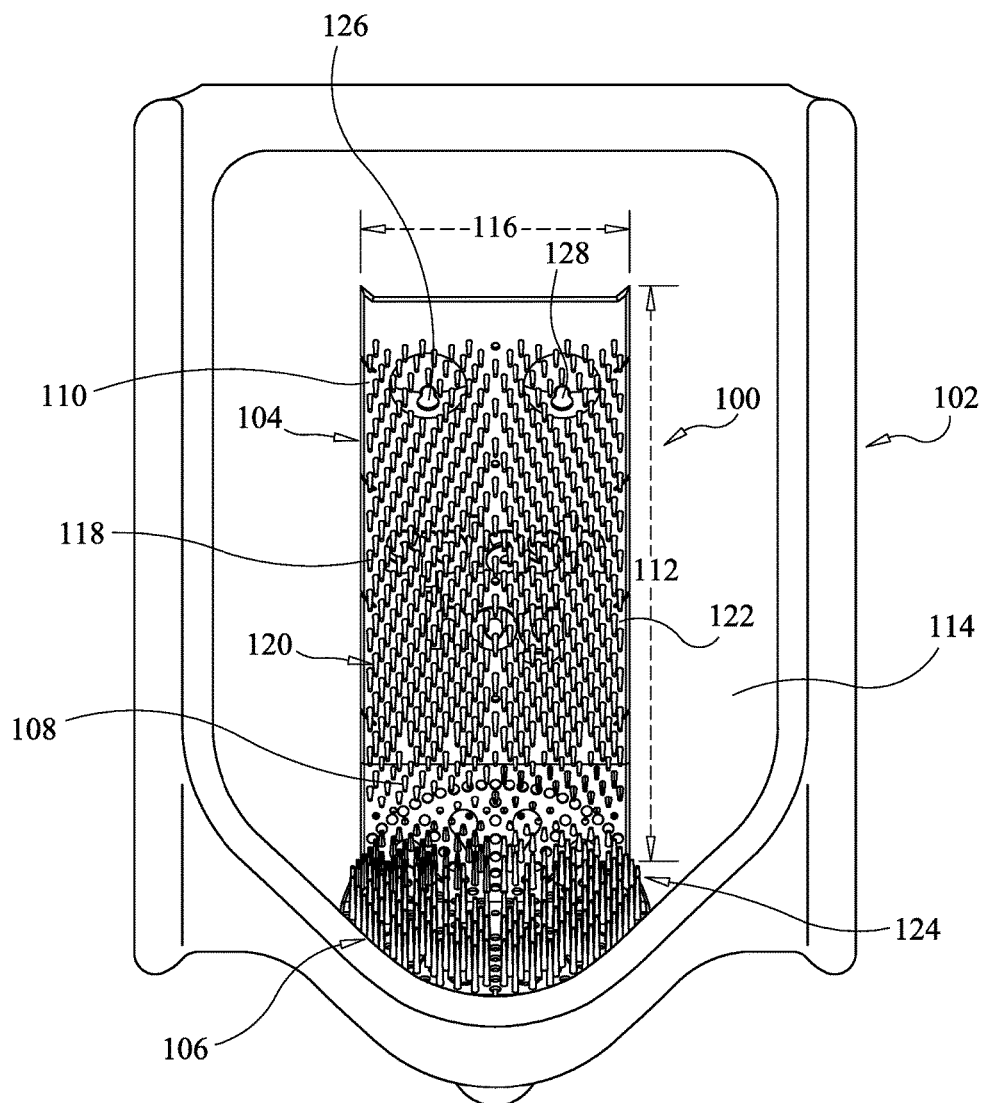


FIG. 1

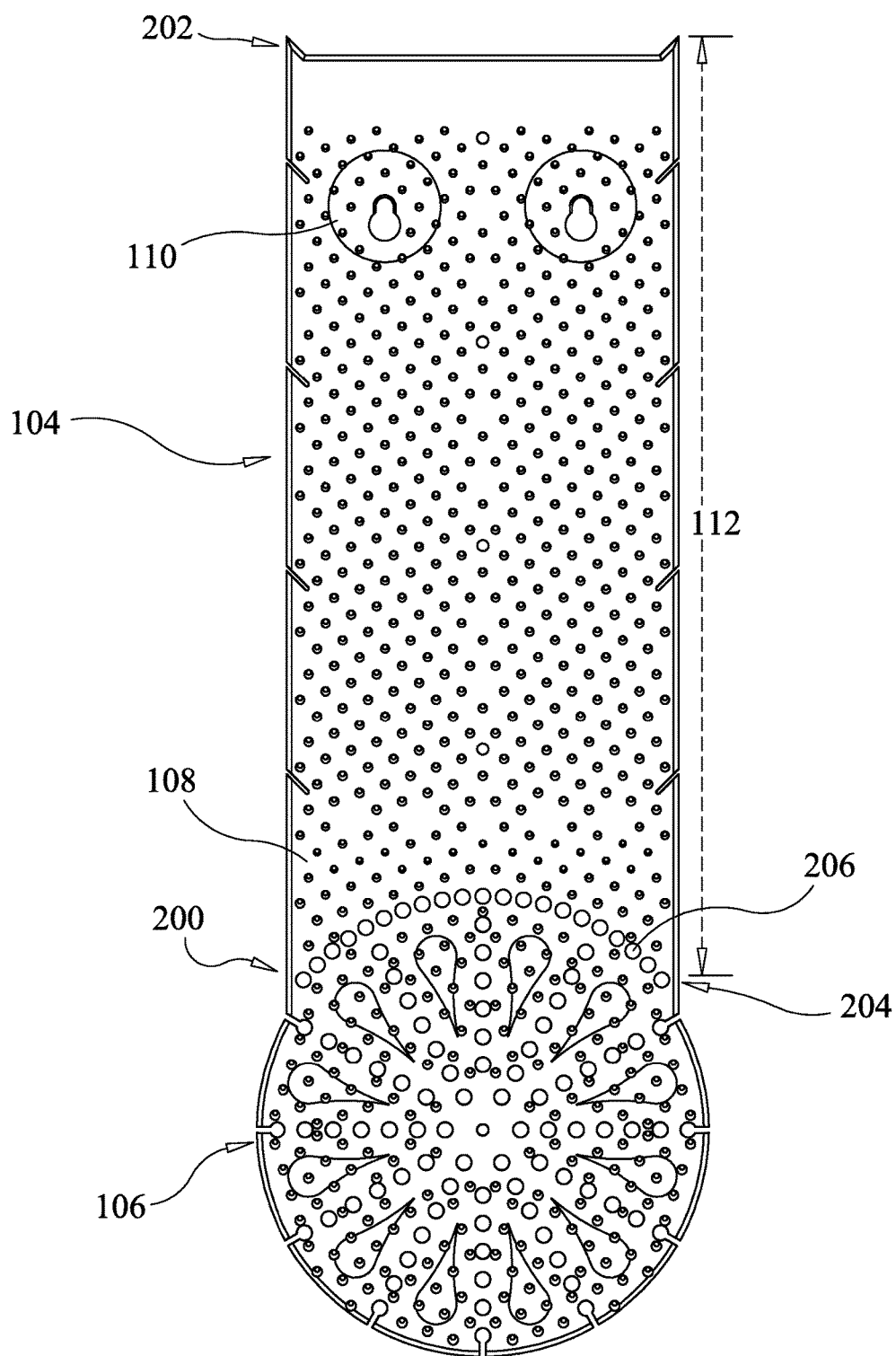


FIG. 2

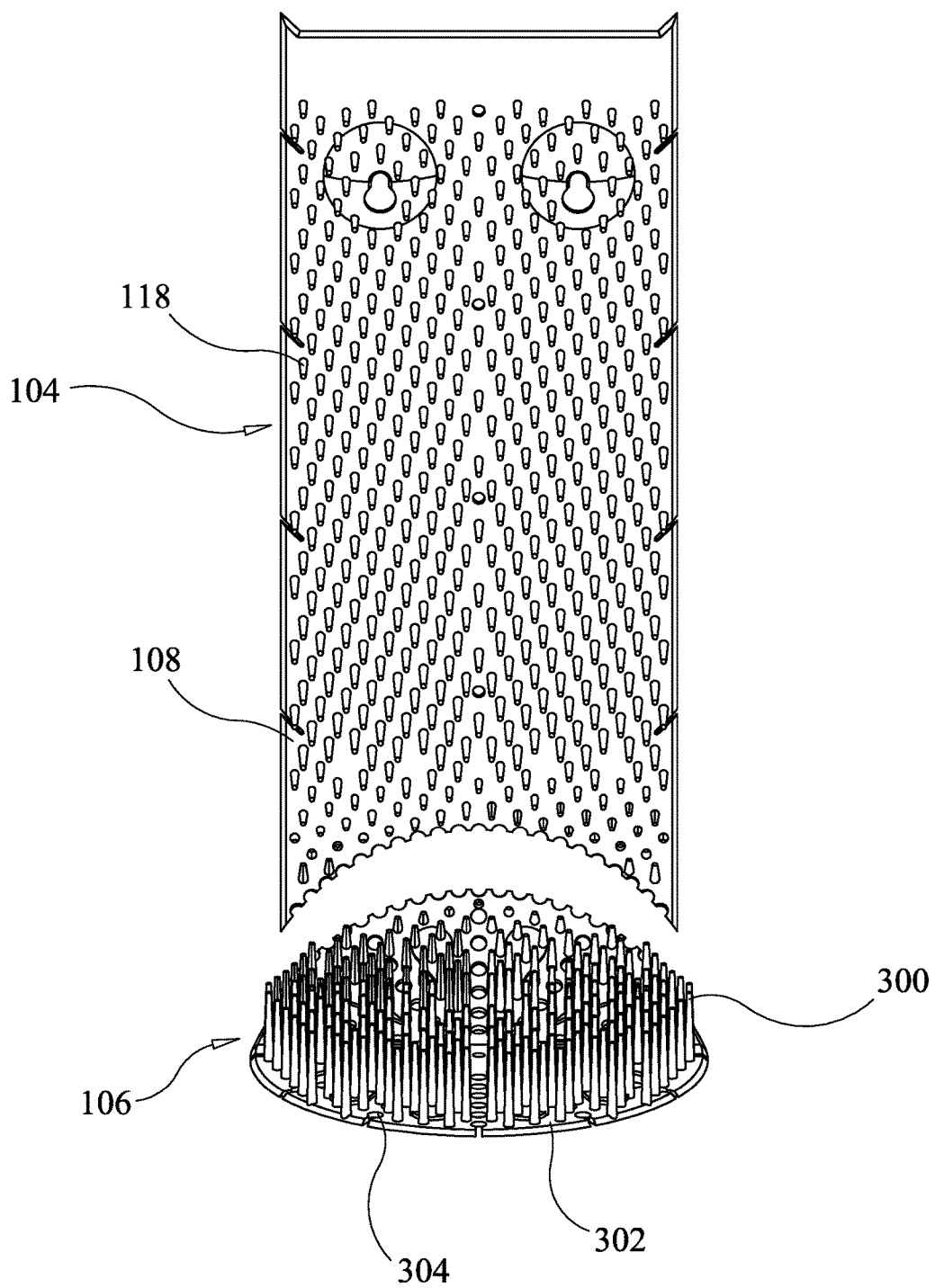


FIG. 3

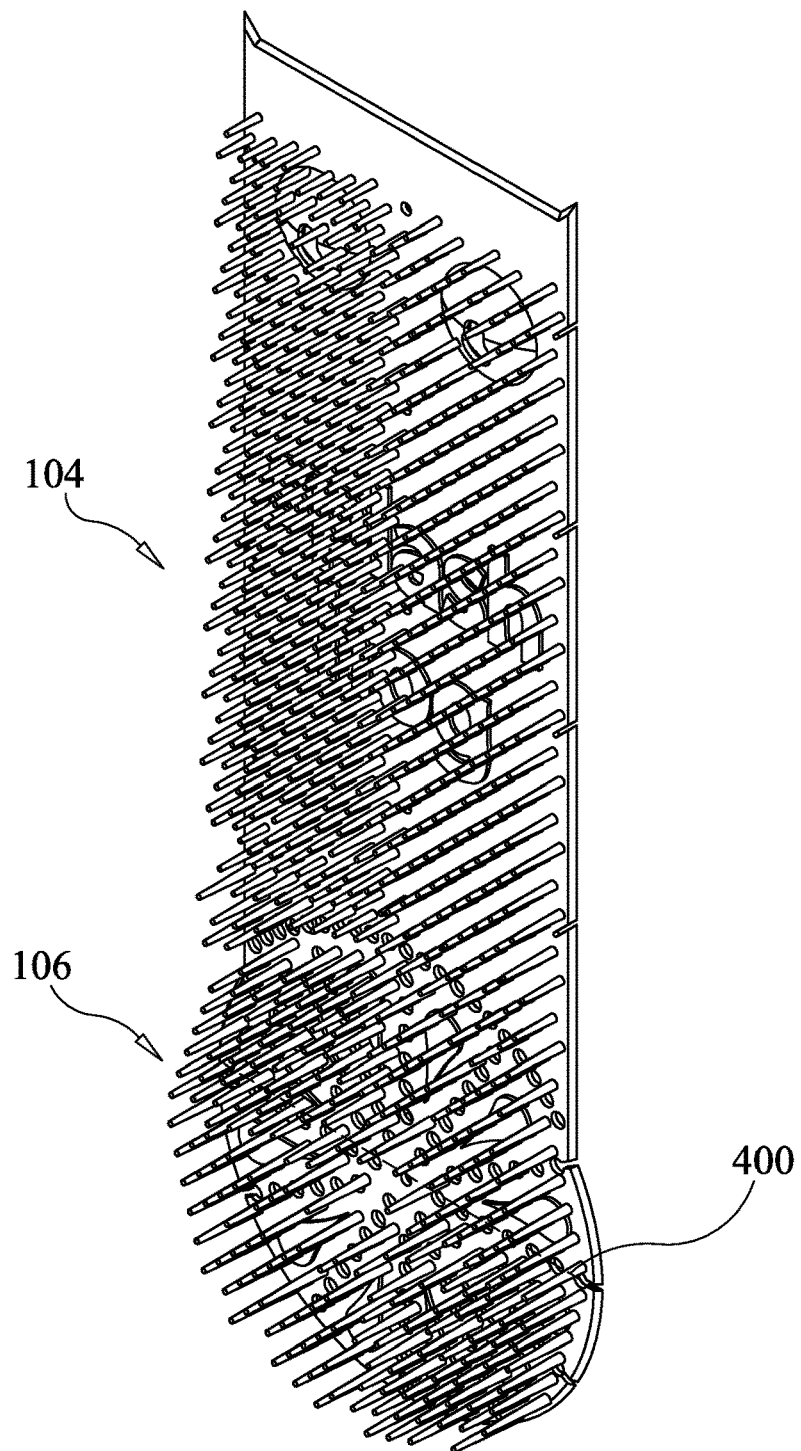


FIG. 4

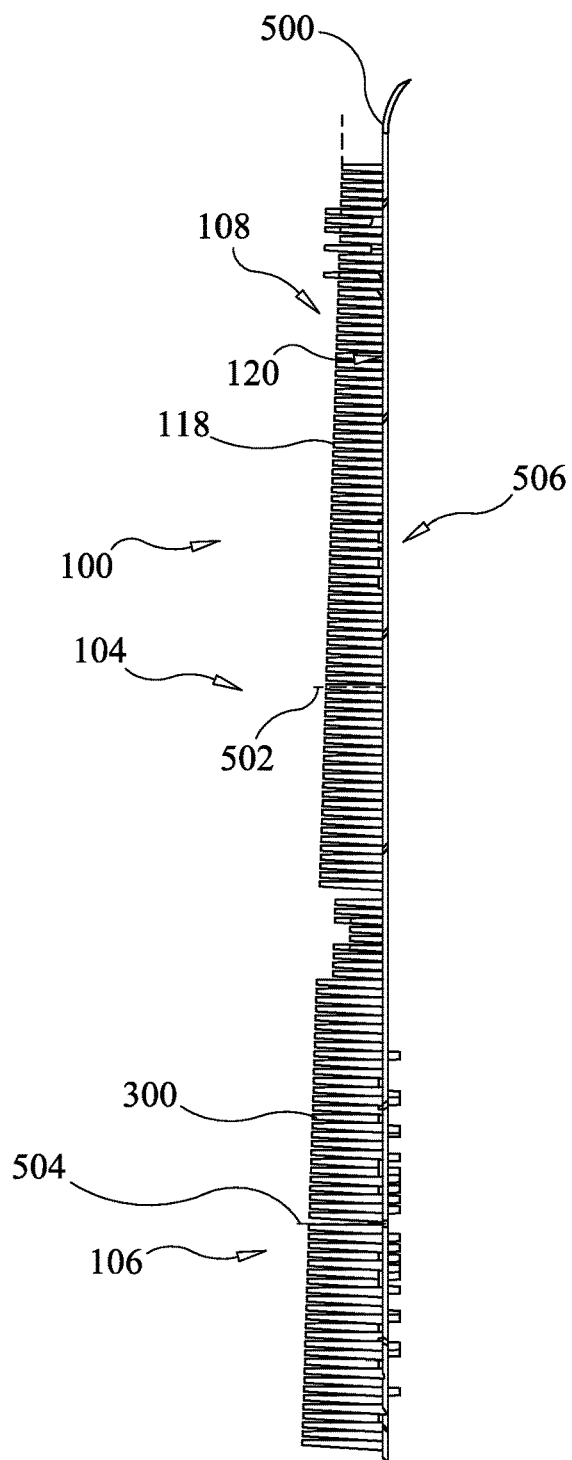


FIG. 5

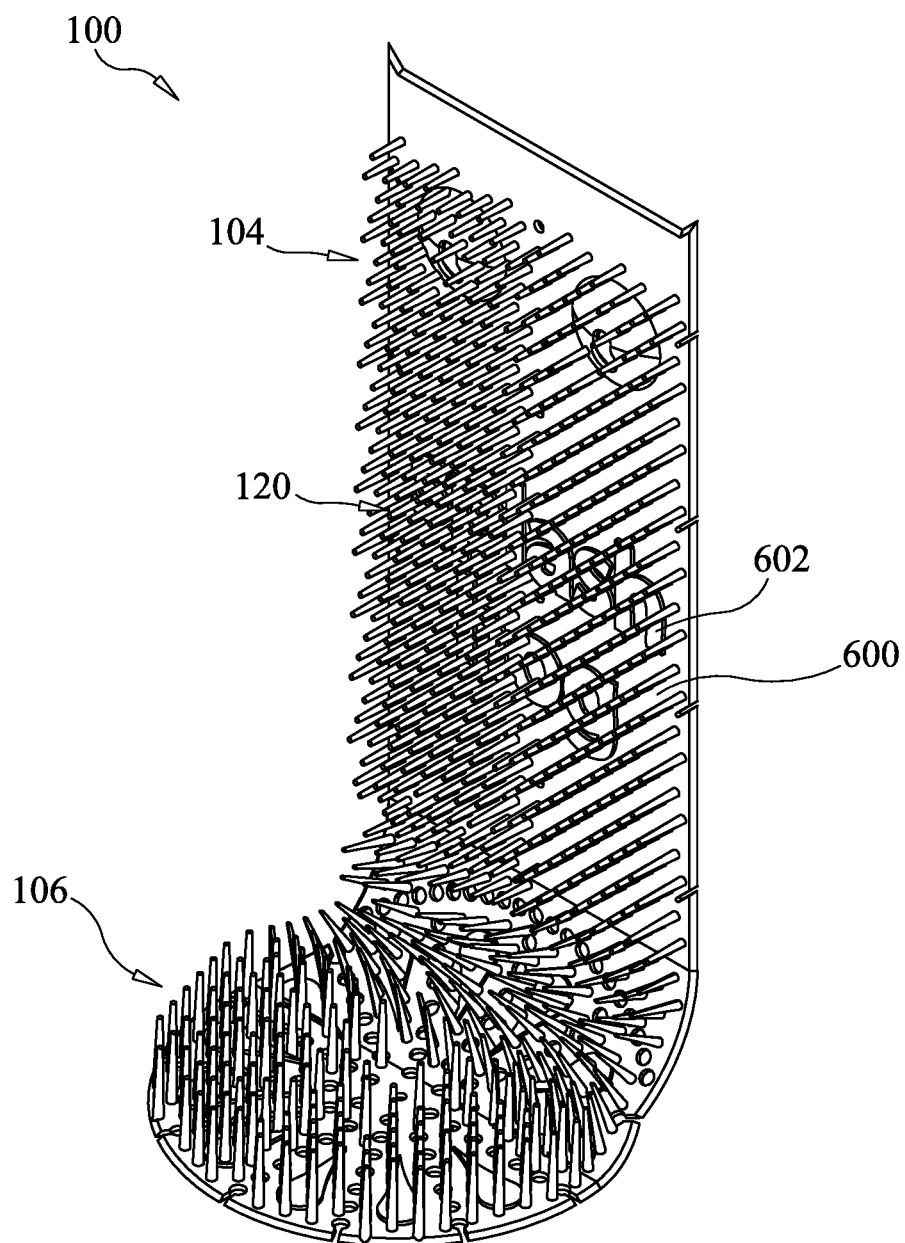


FIG. 6

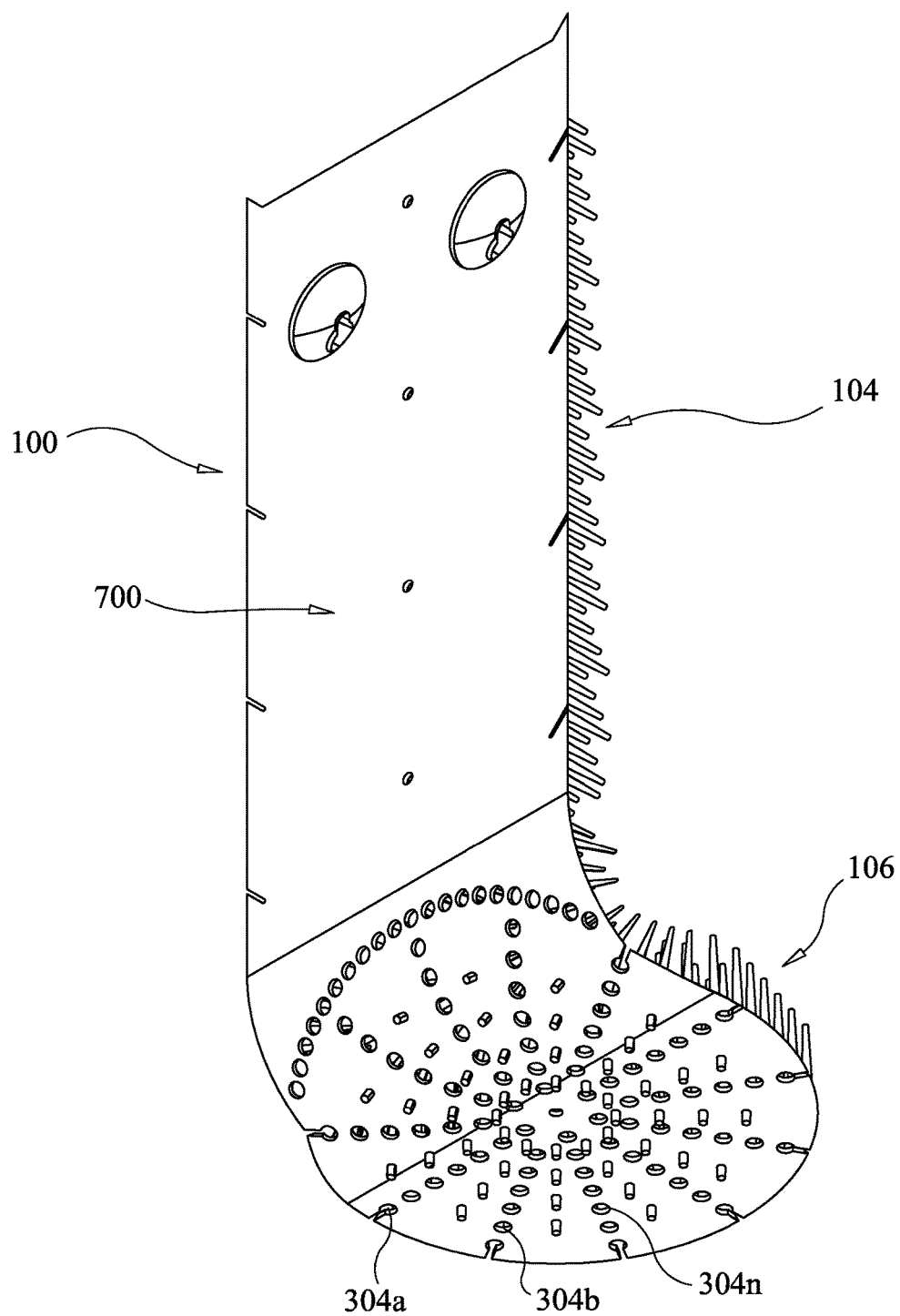


FIG. 7

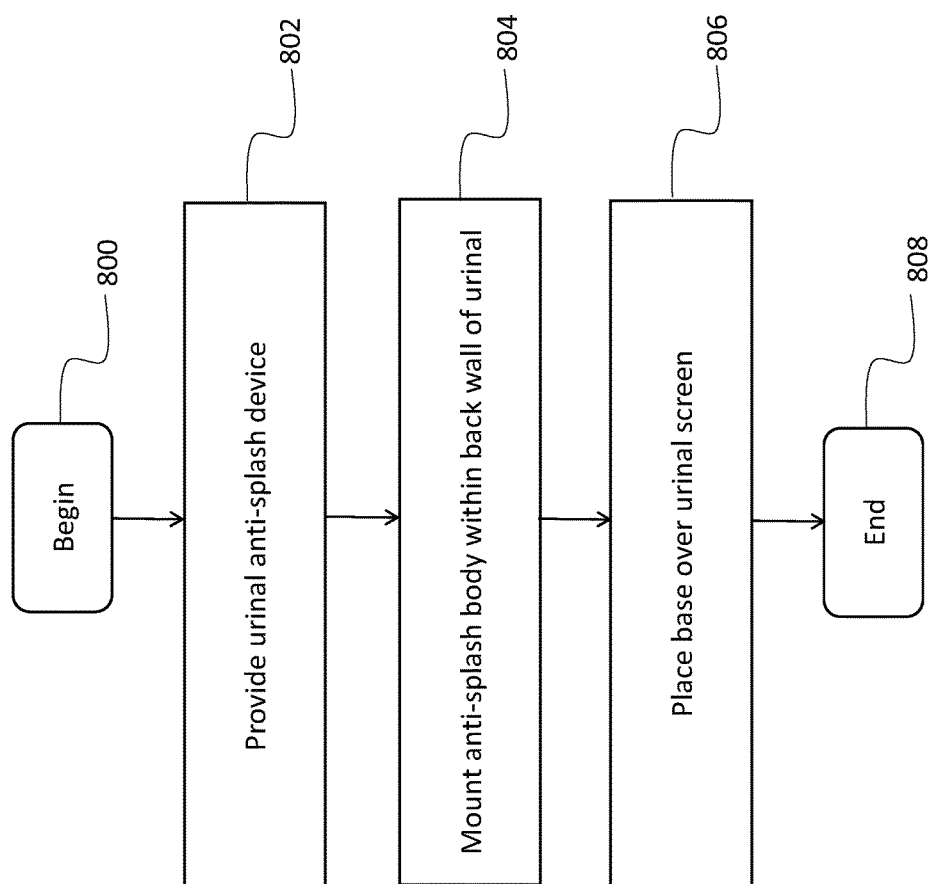


FIG. 8

1

URINAL ANTI-SPLASH DEVICE**FIELD OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention relates generally to urinal accessories, and, more particularly, relates to a urinal anti-splash device for placement within a urinal.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A urinal, often installed for efficiency when compared to a general purpose toilet, is a sanitary plumbing fixture commonly located in male restrooms. The use of a urinal, in comparison to a general purpose toilet, is often more convenient for a user due to the absence of additional doors and locks. As an added convenience, urinals do not require a user to turn up a seat prior to use, which is both convenient and generally more sanitary than the toilet. Moreover, urinals occupy less space and consume less water per flush, or possibly no water at all, than a toilet which requires flushing.

Devices designed to be placed within urinals are well-known. For example, urinals found in public restrooms often have a plastic mesh guard to prevent large debris from entering the drain. Unfortunately, such plastic mesh guards fail to reduce or prevent the splashing of urine onto the user. In fact, such plastic mesh guards may actually increase the risk of the user being splashed by the urine as the urine ricochets from the plastic mesh guard. Moreover, these plastic mesh guards do not prevent the splashing of urine that is directed towards the back wall of the urinal.

Other known devices designed to be placed within urinals, often referred to as urinal screens or occasionally as urinal mats, are sized and shaped to cover either the urinal's back wall or the drain. Such urinal screens do not allow the user the option of covering both the back wall and the drain to prevent the urine from splashing onto the user from a maximum surface area of the urinal. Moreover, some urinal screens are made of a rigid material that may fail to conform to the various sizes and shapes of urinals.

Additional known devices designed for placement within a urinal often include protrusions that are densely compacted together, preventing a urine stream from flowing in a vertical direction toward the urinal screen. In this vein, such devices rely on the protrusions to break up the urine stream, leaving urine deposited on the protrusions, resulting in an unpleasant odor and the need for increased cleaning frequency of the device. Moreover, many urinal screens include urinal cakes or deodorizers which require costly and frequent replacement.

Therefore, a need exists to overcome the problems with the prior art as discussed above.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides a urinal anti-splash device that overcomes the hereinafore-mentioned disadvantages of the heretofore-known devices and methods of this general type and that provides a urinal anti-splash device sized and shaped to mate with a urinal back wall and a urinal screen to prevent urine from splashing on a user when urine is deposited in the direction of the urinal back wall and/or the urinal screen.

With the foregoing and other objects in view, there is provided, in accordance with the invention, a urinal anti-splash device including an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal, the anti-splash body having a first portion, a second portion

2

opposite the first portion, a length extending from the first portion to the second portion, an upper surface extending the length, a base couplable to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion, a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the upper surface of the anti-splash body, and a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature, an embodiment of the present invention includes the base of a shape different than a shape of the anti-splash body.

In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the anti-splash body includes an elongated shape of a flexible material configured to couple to a back wall of a urinal.

In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the urinal anti-splash device includes at least one fastener sized and shaped to orient the anti-splash body in a vertical direction parallel to a vertical direction of a urinal wall.

In accordance with yet another feature of the present invention, the base is removably coupled to the first portion.

In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the urinal anti-splash device includes a perforated coupling region disposed between the first portion of the anti-splash body and the base, the perforated coupling region configured to translate the base from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body to a second position including the base being in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature of the present invention, the base is made of buoyant material.

In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the anti-splash body is a rectangular-like shape and the base is a circular-like shape.

In accordance with another feature of the present invention, the first plurality of protrusions are of a variable length.

In accordance with another feature of the present invention, the first plurality of protrusions taper downwardly in a direction toward the upper surface of the anti-splash body.

In accordance with yet another feature, an embodiment of the present invention includes the urinal anti-splash device having an anti-splash body configured to couple to a urinal wall, the anti-splash body including a first portion, a second portion opposite the first portion, and a longitudinal length separating the first portion from the second portion, a base couplable to the first portion of the anti-splash body, the base sized and shaped to cover at least a portion of a urinal drain, a coupling region configured to translate the base between a first position including the base oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body and a second position including the base oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the base, and a plurality of protrusions coupled to the anti-splash body and the base.

In accordance with another feature of the present invention, the anti-splash body is of a shape different than a shape of the base.

In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the base is removably coupled to the anti-splash body.

In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the coupling region includes a perforated edge.

In accordance with another feature of the present invention, the plurality of protrusions taper downwardly in a direction toward an upper surface of the anti-splash body and the base.

In accordance with yet another feature of the present invention, the anti-splash body includes a thermochromic material.

In accordance with the present invention, a method for mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal includes providing a urinal anti-splash device having an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal, the anti-splash body including a first portion, a second portion opposite the first portion, a longitudinal length extending from the first portion to the second portion, and an upper surface extending the longitudinal length, a base couplable to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion, a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the upper surface of the anti-splash body, and a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body, mounting the anti-splash body within a back wall of a urinal, and placing the base over a urinal screen.

In accordance with another feature of the present invention, the method may include removably coupling the anti-splash body from the base.

In accordance with a further feature of the present invention, the method may include bending the urinal anti-splash device at a location of a perforated coupling region disposed between the first portion of the anti-splash body and the base, the perforated coupling region configured to translate the base from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body to a second position including the base being in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

Although the invention is illustrated and described herein as embodied in a urinal anti-splash device, it is, nevertheless, not intended to be limited to the details shown because various modifications and structural changes may be made therein without departing from the spirit of the invention and within the scope and range of equivalents of the claims. Additionally, well-known elements of exemplary embodiments of the invention will not be described in detail or will be omitted so as not to obscure the relevant details of the invention.

Other features that are considered as characteristic for the invention are set forth in the appended claims. As required, detailed embodiments of the present invention are disclosed herein; however, it is to be understood that the disclosed embodiments are merely exemplary of the invention, which can be embodied in various forms. Therefore, specific structural and functional details disclosed herein are not to be interpreted as limiting, but merely as a basis for the claims and as a representative basis for teaching one of ordinary skill in the art to variously employ the present invention in virtually any appropriately detailed structure. Further, the terms and phrases used herein are not intended to be limiting; but rather, to provide an understandable description of the invention. While the specification concludes with claims defining the features of the invention that are regarded as novel, it is believed that the invention will be better understood from a consideration of the following description in conjunction with the drawing figures, in which like reference numerals are carried forward. The figures of the drawings are not drawn to scale.

Before the present invention is disclosed and described, it is to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. The terms "a" or "an," as used

herein, are defined as one or more than one. The term "plurality," as used herein, is defined as two or more than two. The term "another," as used herein, is defined as at least a second or more. The terms "including" and/or "having," as used herein, are defined as comprising (i.e., open language). The term "coupled," as used herein, is defined as connected, although not necessarily directly, and not necessarily mechanically. The term "providing" is defined herein in its broadest sense, e.g., bringing/coming into physical existence, making available, and/or supplying to someone or something, in whole or in multiple parts at once or over a period of time.

As used herein, the terms "about" or "approximately" apply to all numeric values, whether or not explicitly indicated. These terms generally refer to a range of numbers that one of skill in the art would consider equivalent to the recited values (i.e., having the same function or result). In many instances these terms may include numbers that are rounded to the nearest significant figure. In this document, the term "longitudinal" should be understood to mean in a direction corresponding to an elongated direction of the body of the urinal anti-splash device in a direction from a ground surface toward a ceiling.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying figures, where like reference numerals refer to identical or functionally similar elements throughout the separate views and which together with the detailed description below are incorporated in and form part of the specification, serve to further illustrate various embodiments and explain various principles and advantages all in accordance with the present invention.

FIG. 1 is an elevational front view of a urinal anti-splash device disposed in a urinal in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 2 is an elevational front view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 disposed outside of a urinal and depicting a base disposed in a direction substantially parallel to an anti-splash body in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 3 is an elevational front view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting the base uncoupled from and disposed in a direction substantially perpendicular to the anti-splash body in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting further features of the base in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 5 is an elevational side view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting a plurality of protrusions of a variable length in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting the urinal anti-splash device having a thermochromic material added to the urinal anti-splash device in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 7 is a perspective rear view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting the anti-splash body having a substantially level rear surface and the base defining a plurality of apertures; and

FIG. 8 is a process flow diagram depicting a method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

While the specification concludes with claims defining the features of the invention that are regarded as novel, it is believed that the invention will be better understood from a

5

consideration of the following description in conjunction with the drawing figures, in which like reference numerals are carried forward. It is to be understood that the disclosed embodiments are merely exemplary of the invention, which can be embodied in various forms.

The present invention provides a novel and efficient urinal anti-splash device that prevents urine from splashing onto a user when the urine is deposited on the urinal wall, e.g., the urinal back wall, or in a direction toward the urinal drain. Advantageously, the urinal anti-splash device includes an anti-splash body and a base that may be separated from each other to provide a device that conforms to various types of urinals, while simultaneously covering a substantial portion of the overall surface area of the urinal. Embodiments of the invention also provide one or more protrusions that substantially span a longitudinal length of the anti-splash body and define one or more protrusion voids which allow the urine to flow in the direction toward the urinal drain.

Referring now to FIG. 1, one embodiment of the present invention is shown in an elevational front view. FIG. 1 shows several advantageous features of the present invention, but, as will be described below, the invention can be provided in several shapes, sizes, combinations of features and components, and varying numbers and functions of the components. The first example of a urinal anti-splash device **100** placed within a urinal **102**, as shown in FIG. 1, includes an anti-splash body **104** coupled to a base **106**. In one embodiment, the anti-splash body **104** is sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal **102**, e.g., a standard sized urinal. The term “urinal” is defined herein in its broadest possible sense as a container or other receptacle normally found in a restroom and may include a standard sized adult urinal, a child’s urinal, or the like. The urinal **102** may be of a shape that is, without limitation, rectangular, square, round, oval, or the like. It is understood that the urinal dimensions and shapes described herein are merely exemplary and not intended to be limiting.

In one embodiment, the portion of the urinal **102** configured to receive the anti-splash body **104** is a back wall **114** of the urinal **102**. In one embodiment, the back wall **114** may include a height of approximately 17.0-22.0 inches in length and a width that is approximately 9.0-14.0 inches in length. In other embodiments, the urinal **102** may include a length and a width that is outside of this range.

FIG. 1 depicts the anti-splash body **104** having a first portion **108**, a second portion **110** opposite the first portion **108**, and a length **112**, i.e., a longitudinal length, extending from the first portion **108** to the second portion **110**. In one embodiment, the length **112** permits the anti-splash body **104** to cover a substantial portion of the back wall **114** of the urinal **102** to prevent urine from splashing on a user when the urine strikes the anti-splash body **104**. The term “substantial portion” is defined herein as covering at least 40%-50% of the back wall **114** of the urinal **102**. In other embodiments, the length **112** covers less than the substantial portion of the back wall **114** of the urinal **102**.

In one embodiment, the anti-splash body **104** includes an elongated shape of a flexible material configured to couple to the urinal **102**. The term “elongated” is defined herein as having a length that is at least twice as long as a width. In other embodiments, the length may be less than twice as long as the width. For example, in one embodiment the length **112** is approximately 17.0-20.0 inches. In this embodiment, the anti-splash body may include a width **116** that is approximately 5.0-8.0 inches. In another embodiment, the length **112** may be approximately 13.0-16.0 inches

6

and the width **116** may be approximately 3.0-6.0. In other embodiments, the length **112** and the width **116** may be outside of these ranges.

FIG. 1 depicts the elongated shape of the anti-splash body **104** being a rectangular-like shape. The term “rectangular-like” is defined herein as having at least one pair of opposing parallel sides of equal length. The term “rectangular-like” may encompass round or curved edges. In other embodiments, the anti-splash body **104** may be rectangular, square, round, oval, or another shape conducive for coupling to the back wall **114** of a urinal **102**.

In one embodiment, the anti-splash body **104** may be made of a material that is flexible and tough, such as DuPont Elvax®250, PVC plastic, or the like. In other embodiments, the anti-splash body **104** may be composed of a composite material, a metallic material, or another material conducive for placement within a urinal. The material may or may not have elastically deformable properties (e.g., the ability to change its shape and return back to its static-state shape after its change in shape). In one advantageous embodiment, the material is a buoyant material that provides a base **106** that will rise above the water line where water remains in the urinal after flushing, thereby decreasing the risk of the urinal drain being blocked by the anti-splash device **100**. In other embodiments, the material may be a non-buoyant material.

In one embodiment, the urine is prevented from splashing onto the user when striking the anti-splash body **104** at least partly due to a first plurality of protrusions **118** being coupled to an upper surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104**. The term “protrusion” is defined herein as a part that extends away from the upper surface **120** and may include bristles, a wave pattern, one or more shapes, e.g., squares, or another configuration designed to prevent urine from splashing onto a user when using the anti-splash device **100**. In use, such as when a urine stream strikes the protrusions **118**, the urine may be broken apart by the protrusions **118**. Said another way, the anti-splash device **100** may not rely on a capillary action to reduce or prevent urine from splashing from the anti-splash device **100** onto a user.

Advantageously, the protrusions **118** define a plurality of protrusion voids **122** which permit the urine to effectively flow in a downward direction along the upper surface **120** toward the lower portion **124** of the urinal **102** which houses the urinal drain. In one embodiment, such as when the device **100** is disposed in a vertical direction with respect to the back wall **114** of the urinal **102**, gravity may assist in causing the urine to effectively flow in the downward direction toward the lower portion **124** of the urinal **102**. The protrusion voids **122** may also provide space for the protrusions **118** to bend and deflect when struck by the urine.

In order to effectively mount the anti-splash body **104** to the back wall **114**, the anti-splash body **104** includes at least one fastener **126** sized and shaped to orient the anti-splash body **104** in the vertical direction parallel to a vertical direction of the back wall **114**. FIG. 1 depicts the anti-splash body **104** mounted to the back wall **114** using a first suction cup coupled to the fastener **126** and a second suction cup coupled to a second fastener **128**. The fasteners **126**, **128** are depicted as apertures defined by the anti-splash body **104**. In other embodiments, the fasteners **126**, **128** may be adhesive, e.g., tape, hooks, or another type of fastener configured to mount the anti-splash body **104** in a stationary position relative to the back wall **114**.

With reference now to FIG. 2, the base **106** is depicted as being coupled to the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**. Generally speaking, the first portion **108** includes the

region extending approximately from a first end **200** to a midpoint along the length **112**. In the same vein, the second portion **110** includes the region extending approximately from a second end **202** to the midpoint along the length **112**. The midpoint is generally defined as being disposed approximately halfway between the first end **200** and the second end **202**.

With brief reference to FIG. 2, in conjunction with FIG. 3, in one advantageous embodiment, in order to effectively separate, e.g., removably couple, the anti-splash body **104** from the base **106** (FIG. 3), the first end **200** includes a perforated coupling region **204** disposed between the first portion **108** and the base **106**. More specifically, the perforated coupling region **204** extends from the first portion **108** to the base **106** and includes a perforated edge **206** that facilitates in the ability to simply tear, split, or otherwise separate the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104** from the base **106** along the perforated edge **206**. The term “perforated” is defined herein as visibly displaying a hole, perforation, puncture, or other visible marking such that the user is provided with a visual indication of where the anti-splash body **104** may be uncoupled, i.e., separated, from the base **106**. Said another way, the anti-splash body **104** may be removably coupled from the base **106**. Advantageously, the perforated coupling region **204** not only allows the user to remove the base **106** from urinals with raised drainage points, but it also provides the user with the ability to independently move and position the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106** relative to select locations on a urinal.

In one embodiment, the perforated coupling region **204** is configured to translate the base **106** from a first position in which the base **106** is oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body **104** (FIG. 2) to a second position including the base **106** being oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104** (FIG. 3). The term “substantially perpendicular” is defined herein as being disposed at an approximate 90 orientation (+/-15-20°) with respect to the first portion **108**. The base **106** may be translated from the first position to the second position when coupled to the anti-splash body **104** or alternatively, when separated from the anti-splash body **104**.

With reference again to FIG. 1, the substantially perpendicular orientation of the base **106** enables the user to bend the urinal anti-splash device **100** in accordance with the dimensions of the urinal. In the same vein, this embodiment provides the urinal anti-splash device **100** that covers the urinal's back wall **114** and lower portion **124**, thereby reducing or preventing urine from splashing on the user when either or both the back wall **114** and the lower portion **124** are struck by a stream of urine. As an added advantage, the urinal anti-splash device **100** may be made from a single mold, effectively reducing the costs associated with making the urinal anti-splash device **100** in comparison to other existing urinal accessories that may require the manufacturing of separate components. In other embodiments, the anti-splash device **100**, e.g., the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106**, may be manufactured as separate components.

With reference now to FIG. 3, a second plurality of protrusions **300** can be seen extending outwardly from the base **106**. The second plurality of protrusions **300** are configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**. This configuration advantageously prevents urine from splashing onto the user when striking the base **106**. Similar to the protrusions **118** described above, in use, such as when a urine stream strikes the protrusions **300**, the urine may be broken apart by the protrusions **300**. Advantageously, the

protrusions **300** define a plurality of protrusion voids **302** which permit the urine to effectively flow in the downward direction toward the urinal drain. In order to effectively allow the urine to flow into the urinal drain, the base **106** is depicted as defining a plurality of apertures **304** which define a urine flow path from the base **106** to the urinal drain. The protrusion voids **302** may also give space for the protrusions **300** to bend and deflect when struck by the urine.

With reference now to FIG. 4, in order to prevent urine from bouncing off of the urinal drain screen in a direction toward the user, the base **106** is sized and shaped to cover at least a portion of the surface area of a urinal drain screen. In one embodiment, the portion may be at least 30% of the surface area of the urinal drain screen. In other embodiments, the base **106** may cover less than the 30% of the surface area of the urinal drain screen. In one non-limiting embodiment the base **106** includes a diameter **400** that is approximately 5.0-7.0 inches in length. In others embodiments, the diameter **400** may be outside of this range.

FIG. 4 depicts the shape of the base **106** as being a circular-like shape, i.e., different than the shape of the anti-splash body **104**. The term “circular-like” is defined herein as having at least two round edges. The circular-like shape is conducive for covering the urinal drain which is commonly a circular shape. In other embodiments, the shape of the base **106** and the shape of the anti-splash body **104** may be the same, e.g., rectangular, circular, square, round, oval, or another shape conducive for fitting within the urinal.

With reference now to FIG. 5, an elevational side view of the urinal anti-splash device **100** is shown. More specifically, the first portion **108** is depicted having an angled region **500** to facilitate water and/or urine flow along the upper surface **120** in a direction toward the urinal drain. Additionally, the protrusions **118**, **300** are depicted as having a variable length which may also increase the facilitation of water and/or urine flow along the upper surface **120** toward the urinal drain. In other embodiments, the protrusions **118** and/or the protrusions **300** may have a uniform length. In one embodiment, the protrusions **118** include a protrusion length **502** that is between approximately 0.25 to 1.0 inch. In other embodiments, the protrusion length **502** may be outside of this range. In the same vein, in one embodiment, the protrusions **300** include a protrusion length **504** that is the same as the protrusion length **502**. In other embodiments, the protrusion length **504** may be outside of this range, e.g., between approximately 0.50 to 1.5 inches.

The protrusions **118**, **300** can be seen tapering downwardly in a direction toward the upper surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106** to further facilitate the water and/or urine flow. Said another way, the protrusions **118**, **300** are wider at the location of the base than at the top. Such configuration causes the protrusions **118**, **300** to break up the urine, while simultaneously allowing the urine to strike the upper surface **120** and travel in the downward direction toward the drain when the urinal anti-splash device **100** is disposed in the vertical orientation. The tapering configuration also decreases the complexity associated with the manufacturing process of the device **100** because the protrusions **118**, **300** may be relatively simply removed from the molding during the manufacturing process due to the lack of edges. In another embodiments, either the protrusions **118** or the protrusions **300** may include the tapering configuration. In other embodiments, the protrusions **118**, **300** may be of a uniform width and devoid of the tapering configuration.

In one embodiment, the urinal anti-splash device **100** may include a fragrance embedded within the material of the

urinal anti-splash device **100** during the manufacturing process, e.g., during the extrusion or molding phase of the manufacturing process. In another embodiment, the fragrance may be added to the material using a film process. The fragrance may be a volatile substance, such as a fragrant oil, an odor neutralizer, or the like. Such advantageous embodiments eliminate the need for the use of a room deodorizer or urinal cake that may be inconvenient and costly to consistently replace.

With reference now to FIG. 6, the anti-splash body **104** is depicted as being coupled to and in the substantially perpendicular orientation relative to the base **106**. In one embodiment, the anti-splash body **104** and/or the base **106** made be made with a thermochromic material **600**. More specifically, a layer of thermochromic dye may be added to the upper surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104**. In a preferred embodiment, the layer of thermochromic dye may be added to the upper surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106**. The thermochromic dye may be, without limitation, spiro lactone, fluoran, spiropyran, or fulgide, as commonly used by those of ordinary skill in the art. In other embodiments, another type of material may be used to form the thermochromic material **600**.

The thermochromic dye provides the user with the urinal anti-splash device **100** that changes color due to a change in temperature, e.g., that which occurs when urine strikes the thermochromic dye on the urinal anti-splash device **100**. Advantageously, the thermochromic dye is not only aesthetically appealing, but also allows a viewer, such as maintenance personnel, to observe rinse coverage and the flow of water in order to efficiently and effectively clean the anti-splash device **100**. As an added advantage, such configuration also allows businesses to advertise an insignia **602**, e.g., a business name and/or logo, which becomes visible when the anti-splash device **100** changes color during use.

FIG. 7 depicts a perspective rear view of the device **100** showing the anti-splash body **104** having a rear surface **700** that facilitates in the anti-splash body **104** being flush with the back wall **114** of the urinal (FIG. 1). In one embodiment, the rear surface **700** is substantially level with the back wall **114** of the urinal. The term “substantially level” is defined herein as having a relatively flat surface with minimal sloping. In other embodiments, the rear surface **700** may include an uneven rear surface **700**, although the level rear surface **700** is preferred.

To effectuate the flow of a stream of urine along the urine flow path from the base **106** in a direction toward the urinal drain, FIG. 7 depicts the apertures **304a-n** arranged in a substantially linear configuration. The indicator “a-n” is intended to represent any number of items, with “a” indicating 1 and “n” indicating any number greater than 1. The term “substantially linear” is defined herein as arranged in a nearly straight line allowing nominal deviation. The substantially linear configuration of the apertures **304a-n** forces the stream of urine and/or water to be directed toward the urinal drain. In another embodiments, the apertures **304a-n** may be arranged in another configuration, e.g., in a deviating configuration with respect to each other.

With reference now to the process flow chart of FIG. 8, in conjunction with FIGS. 1-7, an exemplary method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal is shown. Although FIG. 8 shows a specific order of executing the process steps, the order of executing the steps may be changed relative to the order shown in certain embodiments. Also, two or more blocks shown in succession may be executed concurrently or with partial concurrence in some

embodiments. Certain steps may also be omitted in FIG. 8 for the sake of brevity. In some embodiments, some or all of the process steps included in FIG. 8 can be combined into a single process.

In said process, the method begins as step **800** and immediately proceeds to step **802** of providing a urinal anti-splash device, such as the urinal anti-splash device **100** described above. More specifically, in one embodiment, the urinal anti-splash device **100** includes the anti-splash body **104** coupled to the base **106**. As discussed above, the anti-splash body **104** may also include the first plurality of protrusions **118** extending outwardly from the upper surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104** and the second plurality of protrusions **300** extending outwardly from the base **106**. The second plurality of protrusions **300** are configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**.

In step **804**, the process continues with mounting the anti-splash body **104** within a back wall of a urinal. In one embodiment, such mounting may be performed using suction cups coupled to at least one fastener disposed on the urinal anti-splash device **100**. In other embodiments, another type of fastener, e.g., adhesive, tape, hooks, etc., may be used to mount the anti-splash body **104** within the urinal.

Next, the process continues to the step of **806** of placing the base **106** over a urinal screen. Advantageously, in one embodiment, the process includes removably coupling, i.e., separating, the base **106** from the anti-splash body **104** such that the components may be independently positioned within the urinal. Such advantageous embodiment provides the urinal anti-splash device **100** that is not only conducive for placement within different size and shape urinals, but also may cover a portion of the surface area of the urinal, to prevent urine from splashing onto a user. The portion of the surface area of the urinal covered by the anti-splash device **100** may depend on the overall size of the urinal and the relative dimensions of the urinal anti-splash device **100**.

In another embodiment, the process may include bending the urinal anti-splash device **100** at a location of a perforated coupling region disposed between the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106**, as discussed above. The perforated coupling region is configured to translate the base **106** from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body **104** to a second position including the base **106** being in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**. In such configuration the base **106** may remain coupled to the anti-splash body **104**, or alternatively, may be detached from the anti-splash body **104**. The process then terminates at step **808**.

A urinal anti-splash device has been disclosed that not only includes an anti-splash body and a base that may be separated from each other to cover a back wall and a urinal screen to prevent urine from splashing onto a user of the urinal, but also provides an upper surface conducive for allowing the urine and/or water to flow in a downward direction toward the urinal drain.

What is claimed is:

1. A urinal anti-splash device comprising:
 - an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal, the anti-splash body including:
 - a first portion;
 - a second portion opposite the first portion;
 - a length extending from the first portion to the second portion; and
 - an upper surface extending the length;

11

- a base couplable to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion;
 - a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the upper surface of the anti-splash body and which taper downwardly in a direction toward the upper surface of the anti-splash body; and
 - a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.
2. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein:
- the base is of a shape different than a shape of the anti-splash body.
3. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein:
- the anti-splash body includes an elongated shape of a flexible material configured to couple to a back wall of a urinal.
4. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, further comprising:
- at least one fastener sized and shaped to orient the anti-splash body in a vertical direction parallel to a vertical direction of a urinal wall.
5. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein:
- the base is removably coupled to the first portion.
6. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, further comprising:
- a perforated coupling region disposed between the first portion of the anti-splash body and the base, the perforated coupling region configured to translate the base from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body to a second position including the base being in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.
7. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein:
- the base is made of buoyant material.
8. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein:
- the anti-splash body is a rectangular-like shape; and
 - the base is a circular-like shape.
9. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein:
- the first plurality of protrusions are of a variable length.
10. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, further comprising:
- an angled portion at a top of the anti-splash body configured to facilitate flow along the upper surface.
11. A urinal anti-splash device comprising:
- an anti-splash body configured to couple to a urinal wall, the anti-splash body including a first portion, a second portion opposite the first portion, and a longitudinal length separating the first portion from the second portion;
 - a base couplable to the first portion of the anti-splash body, the base sized and shaped to cover at least a portion of a urinal drain;
 - a coupling region configured to translate the base between a first position including the base oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body and a second position

12

- including the base oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the base; and
 - a plurality of protrusions coupled to the anti-splash body and the base.
12. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 11, wherein:
- the anti-splash body is of a shape different than a shape of the base.
13. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 11, wherein:
- the base is removably coupled to the anti-splash body.
14. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 11, wherein:
- the coupling region includes a perforated edge.
15. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 11, wherein:
- the plurality of protrusions taper downwardly in a direction toward an upper surface of the anti-splash body and the base.
16. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 11, wherein:
- the plurality of protrusions substantially span the longitudinal length and define a plurality of protrusion voids.
17. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 11, wherein:
- the anti-splash body includes a thermochromic material.
18. A method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal comprising:
- providing a urinal anti-splash device including:
 - an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal, the anti-splash body including:
 - a first portion;
 - a second portion opposite the first portion;
 - a longitudinal length extending from the first portion to the second portion; and
 - an upper surface extending the longitudinal length;
 - a base couplable to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion;
 - a coupling region disposed between the first portion of the anti-splash body and the base, the coupling region configured to allow the base to be moved from being substantially parallel to the anti-splash body in a first position to a second position substantially perpendicular to the anti-splash body;
 - a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the upper surface of the anti-splash body; and
 - a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body;
 - mounting the anti-splash body within a back wall of a urinal; and
 - placing the base over a urinal screen.
19. The method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal according to claim 18, further comprising:
- removably coupling the anti-splash body from the base.
20. The method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal according to claim 18, further comprising:
- bending the urinal anti-splash device at the coupling region.

EXHIBIT B

(12) **United States Patent**
Crevier

(10) **Patent No.:** **US 10,294,649 B2**
(45) **Date of Patent:** ***May 21, 2019**

(54) **URINAL ANTI-SPLASH DEVICE**

(71) Applicant: **Jeffrey Scott Crevier**, Fort Lauderdale, FL (US)

(72) Inventor: **Jeffrey Scott Crevier**, Fort Lauderdale, FL (US)

(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this patent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 0 days.

 This patent is subject to a terminal disclaimer.

D329,893	S	9/1992	Luedtke et al.
5,313,672	A	5/1994	Luedtke et al.
5,398,347	A	3/1995	Luedtke et al.
D393,896	S	4/1998	Wagner et al.
5,774,905	A	7/1998	Wager et al.
5,809,590	A	9/1998	Williams et al.
D427,295	S	6/2000	Wagner
6,550,075	B1	4/2003	Brannon, III
D639,410	S	6/2011	Ramirez
8,043,498	B2	10/2011	Rueda
8,056,153	B2	11/2011	Ruedas
D678,482	S	3/2013	Williams
8,856,976	B1	10/2014	Niedzielski, III
8,856,977	B2	10/2014	Ramirez

(Continued)

(21) Appl. No.: **16/023,862**

(22) Filed: **Jun. 29, 2018**

(65) **Prior Publication Data**
US 2018/0305916 A1 Oct. 25, 2018

Related U.S. Application Data

(63) Continuation of application No. 15/342,543, filed on Nov. 3, 2016, now Pat. No. 10,036,154.

(51) **Int. Cl.**
 E03D 13/00 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **E03D 13/005** (2013.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC **E03D 9/00**
USPC **4/300, 300.3**
See application file for complete search history.

(56) **References Cited**
 U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

4,671,976	A	6/1987	Vidal
4,866,793	A	9/1989	Luedtke et al.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Examination Report from the European Union Intellectual Property Office dated Oct. 4, 2018, pp. 1-5.

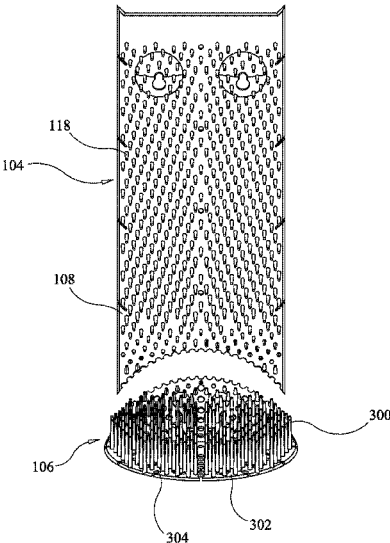
Primary Examiner — Lori Baker

(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — The Concept Law Group, P.A.; Scott M. Garrett; Scott D. Smiley

(57) **ABSTRACT**

A urinal anti-splash device including an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal. The anti-splash body may include a first portion, a second portion opposite the first portion, a longitudinal length extending from the first portion to the second portion, and an front surface extending the longitudinal length. The urinal anti-splash device also includes a base coupled to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion. The urinal anti-splash device further includes a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the front surface of the anti-splash body and a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

20 Claims, 8 Drawing Sheets



(56)

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

D787,031	S	5/2017	Morgan-Williams	
10,036,154	B2 *	7/2018	Crevier	 E03D 13/005
2004/0093662	A1	5/2004	Zhu	
2013/0000027	A1	1/2013	San Luis et al.	
2015/0047114	A1	2/2015	Ramirez	
2015/0143624	A1	5/2015	Irving	

* cited by examiner

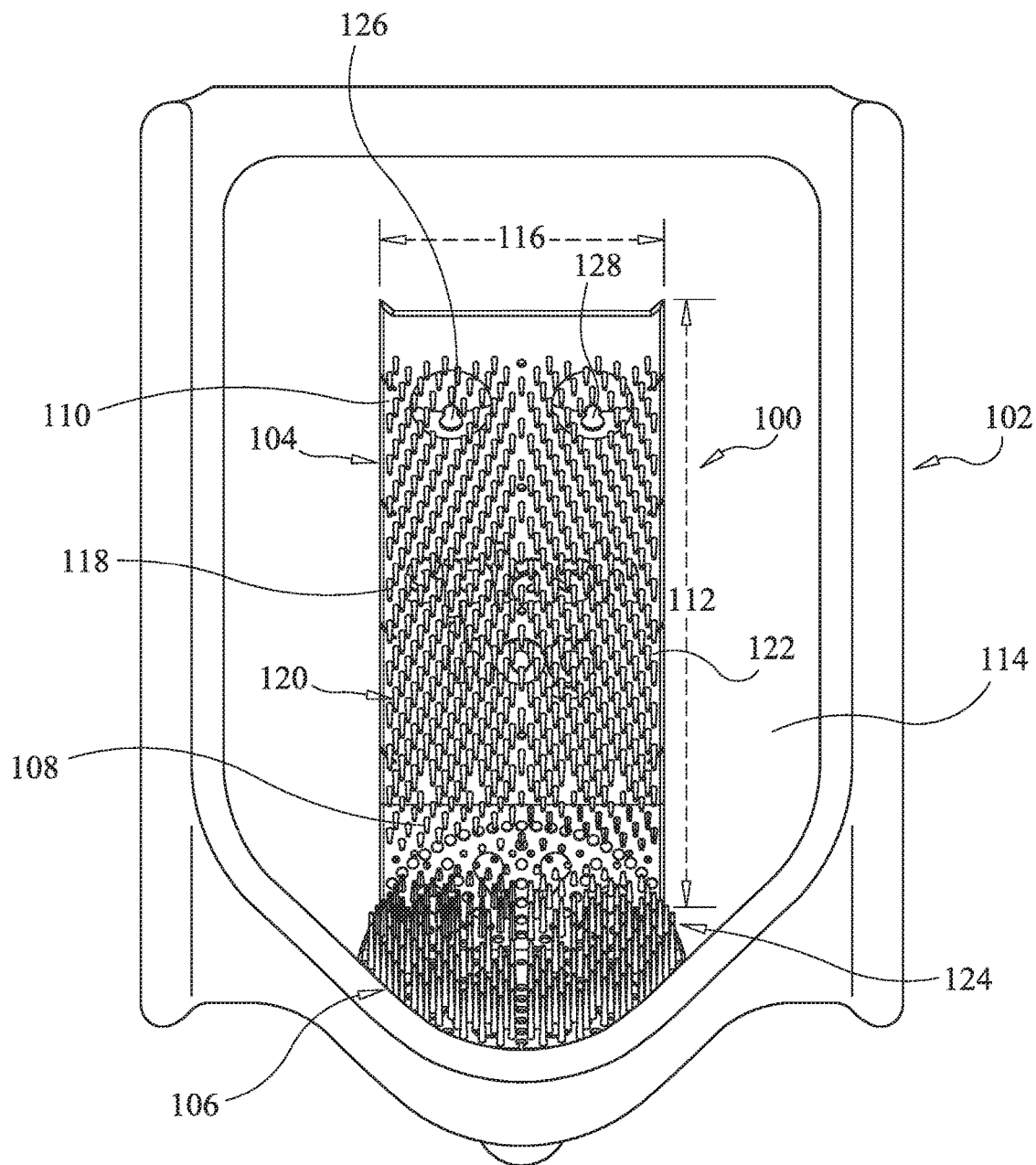


FIG. 1

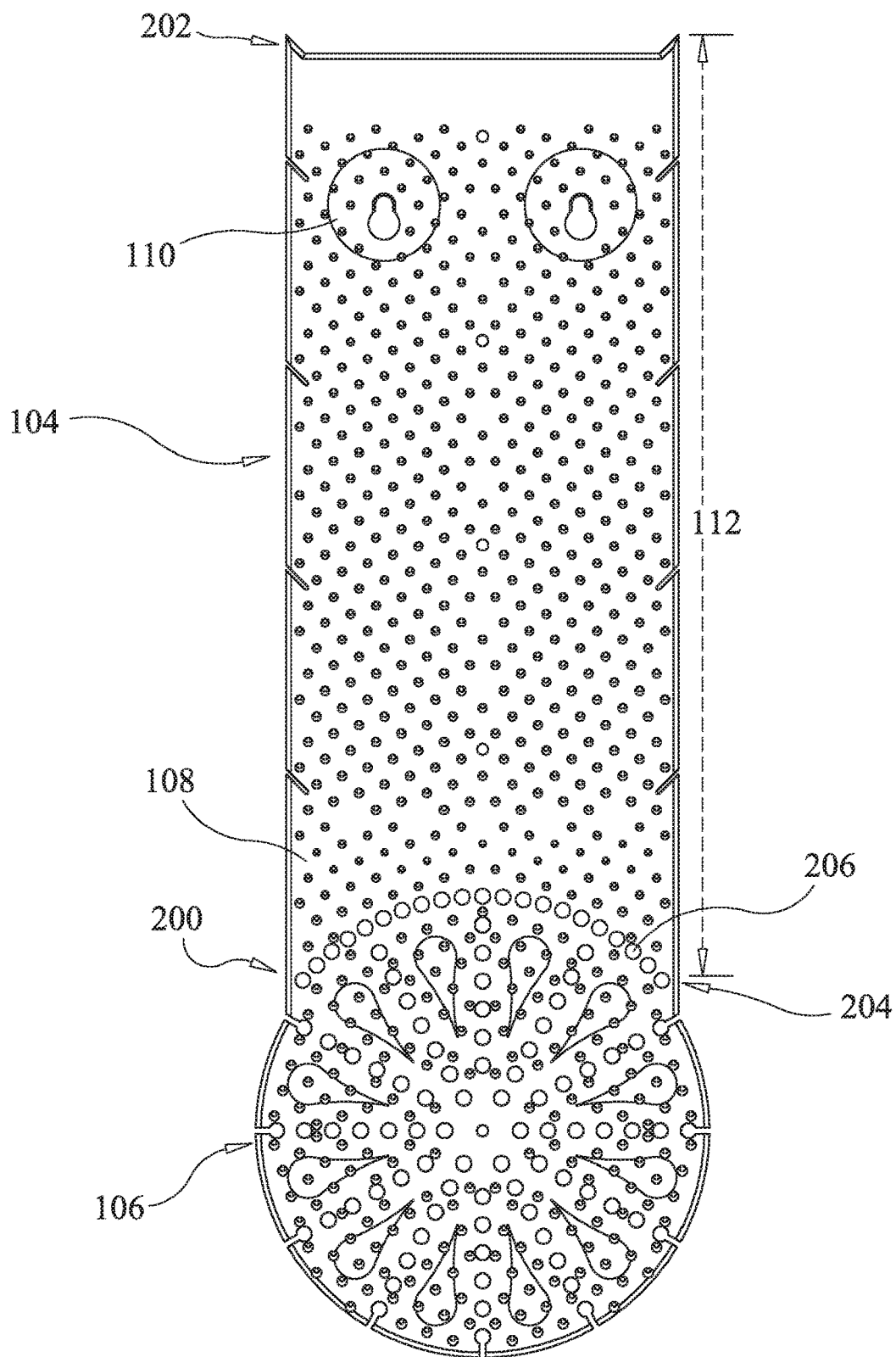


FIG. 2

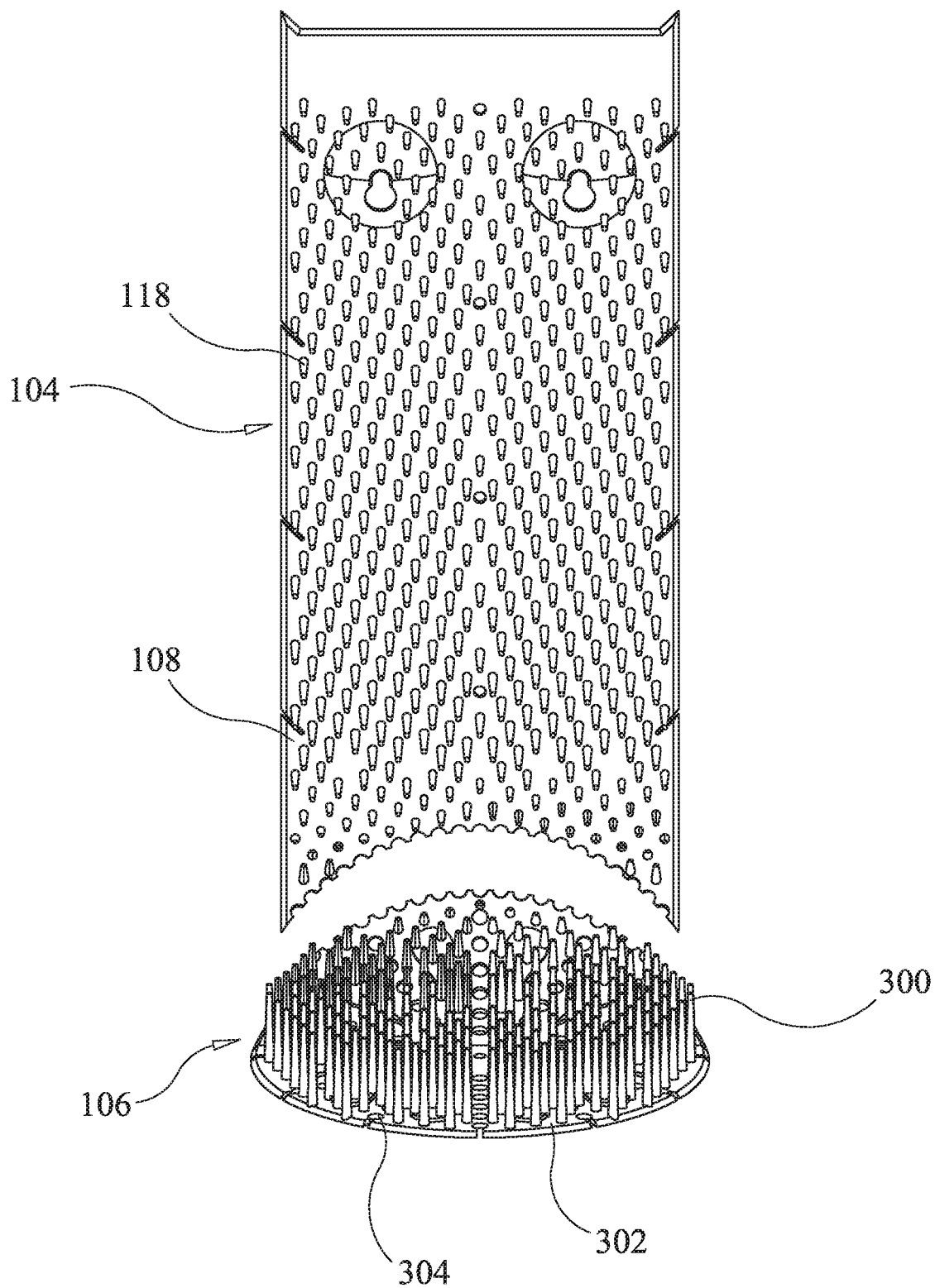


FIG. 3

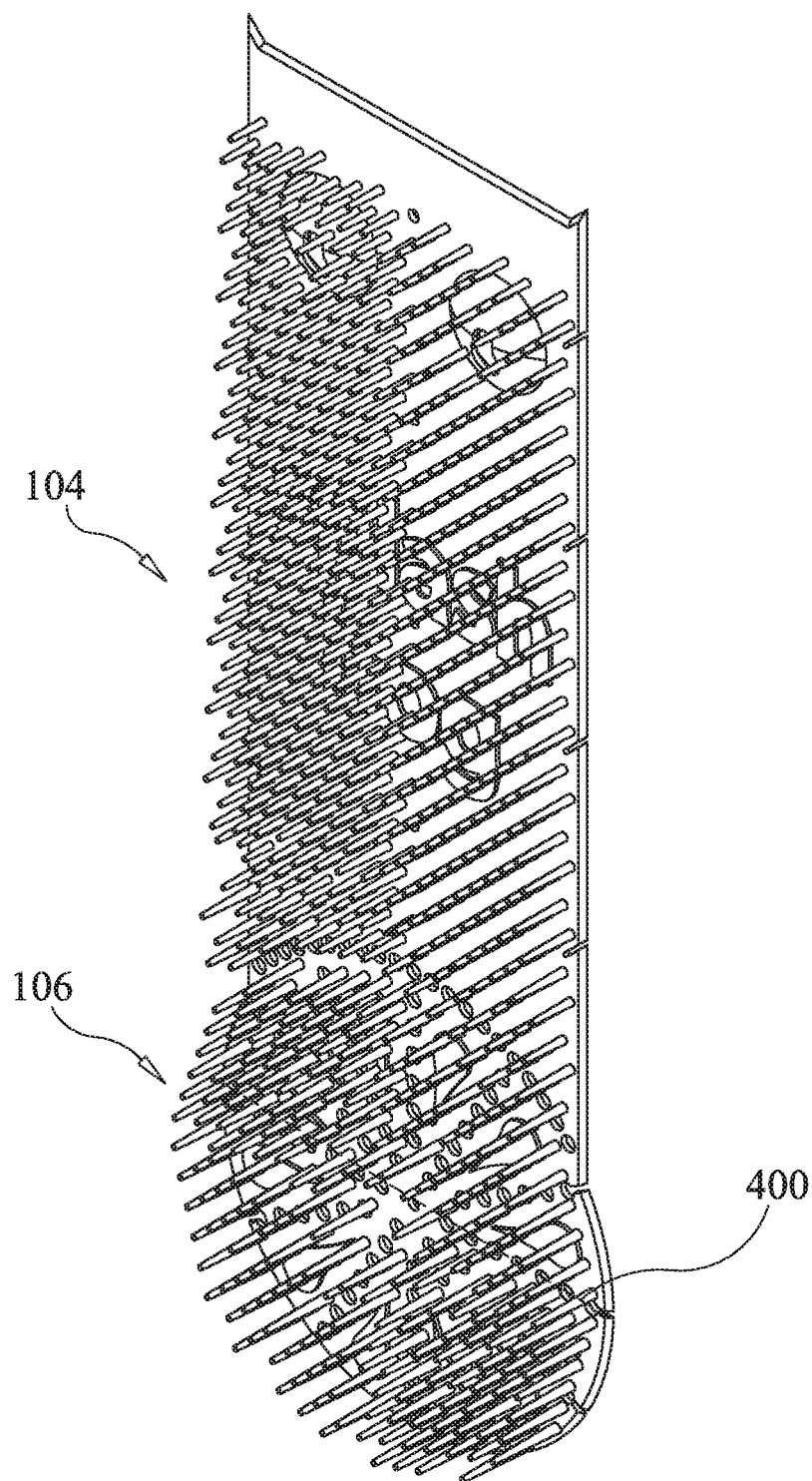


FIG. 4

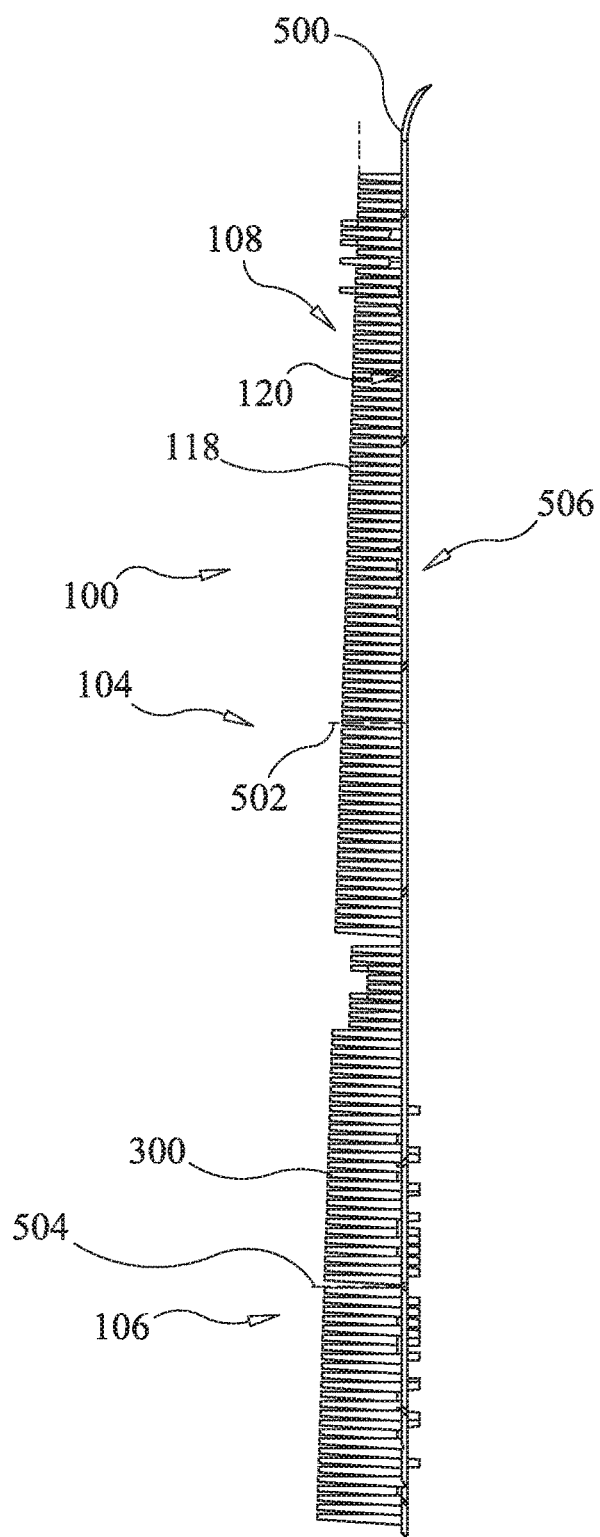


FIG. 5

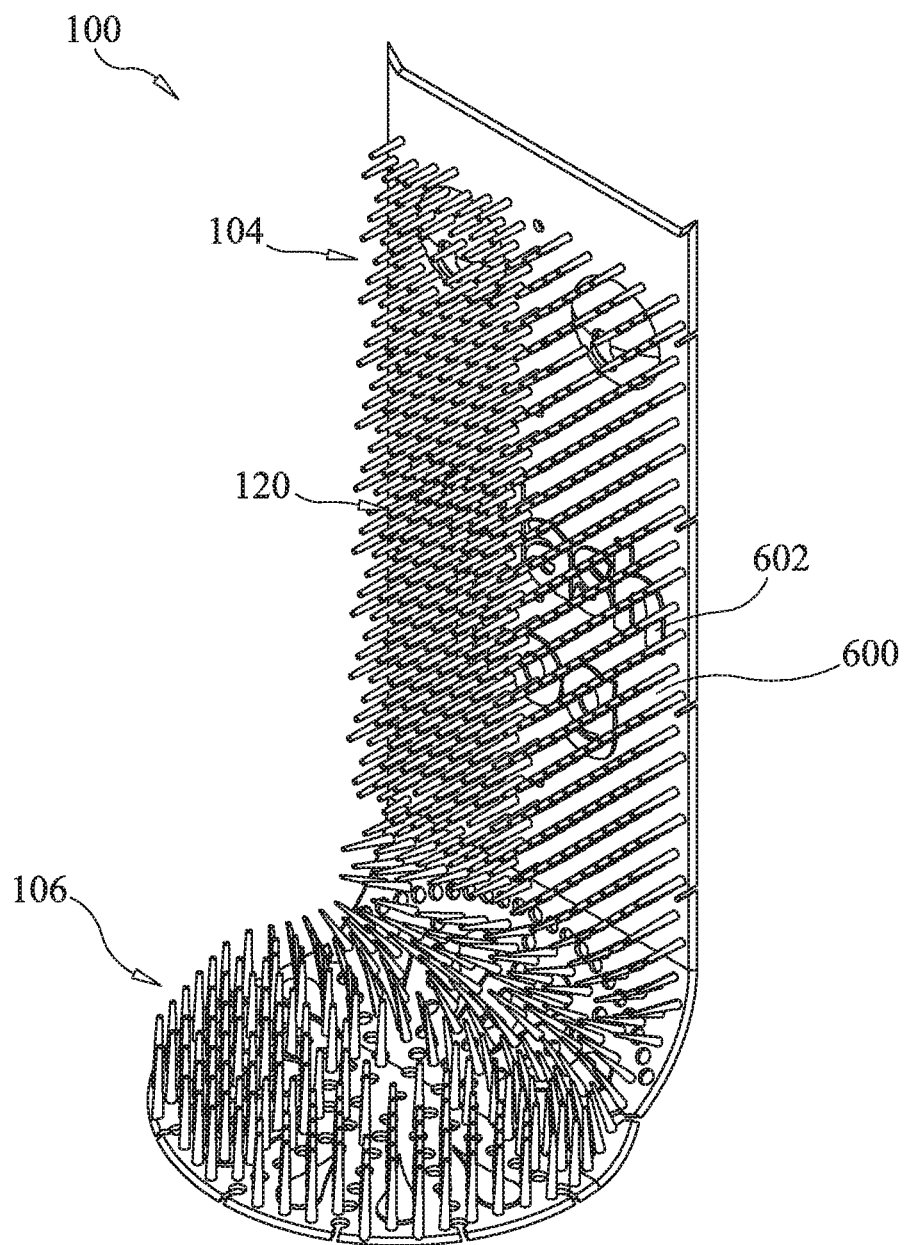


FIG. 6

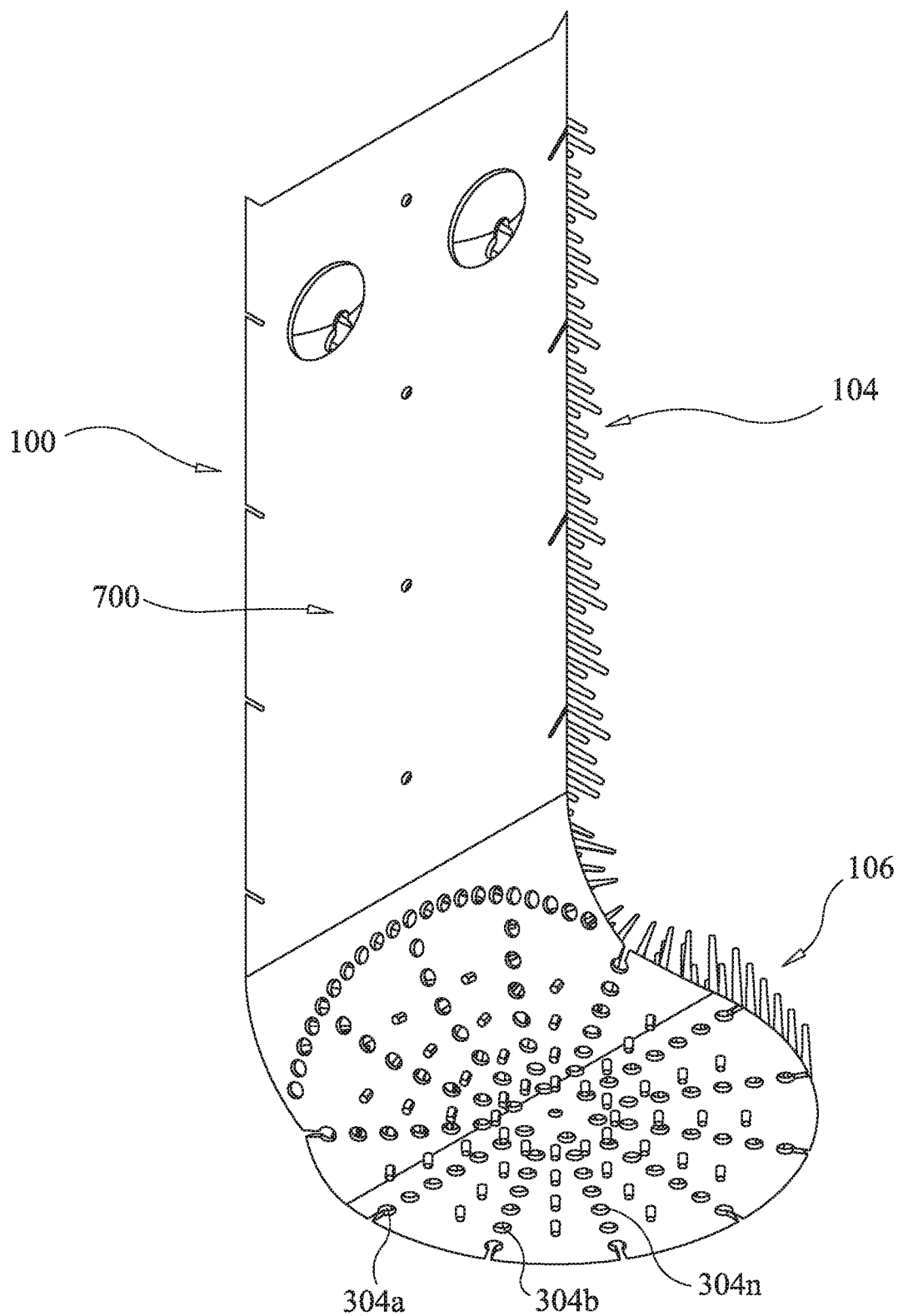


FIG. 7

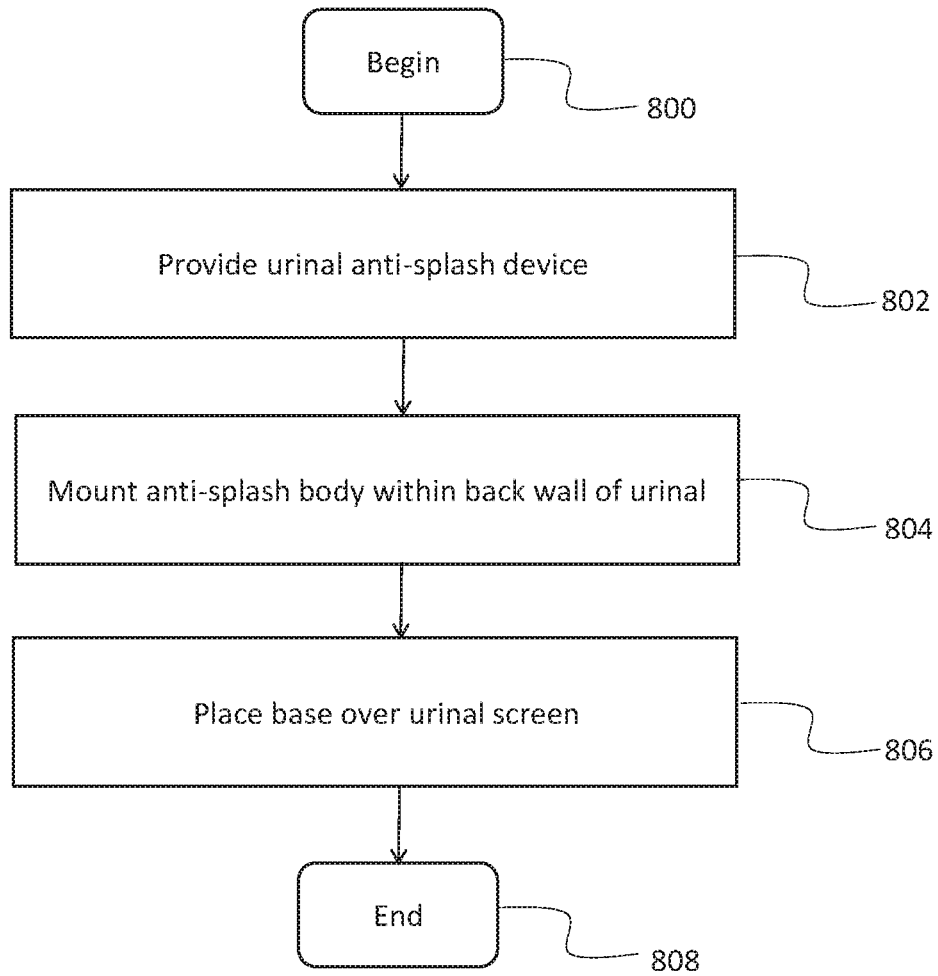


FIG. 8

1

URINAL ANTI-SPLASH DEVICE**CROSS REFERENCE**

This application is a continuation of U.S. application Ser. No. 15/342,543, titled "Urinal Anti-Splash Device," filed Nov. 3, 2016, the entirety of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to urinal accessories, and, more particularly, relates to a urinal anti-splash device for placement within a urinal.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A urinal, often installed for efficiency when compared to a general purpose toilet, is a sanitary plumbing fixture commonly located in male restrooms. The use of a urinal, in comparison to a general purpose toilet, is often more convenient for a user due to the absence of additional doors and locks. As an added convenience, urinals do not require a user to turn up a seat prior to use, which is both convenient and generally more sanitary than the toilet. Moreover, urinals occupy less space and consume less water per flush, or possibly no water at all, than a toilet which requires flushing.

Devices designed to be placed within urinals are well-known. For example, urinals found in public restrooms often have a plastic mesh guard to prevent large debris from entering the drain. Unfortunately, such plastic mesh guards fail to reduce or prevent the splashing of urine onto the user. In fact, such plastic mesh guards may actually increase the risk of the user being splashed by the urine as the urine ricochets from the plastic mesh guard. Moreover, these plastic mesh guards do not prevent the splashing of urine that is directed towards the back wall of the urinal.

Other known devices designed to be placed within urinals, often referred to as urinal screens or occasionally as urinal mats, are sized and shaped to cover either the urinal's back wall or the drain. Such urinal screens do not allow the user the option of covering both the back wall and the drain to prevent the urine from splashing onto the user from a maximum surface area of the urinal. Moreover, some urinal screens are made of a rigid material that may fail to conform to the various sizes and shapes of urinals.

Additional known devices designed for placement within a urinal often include protrusions that are densely compacted together, preventing a urine stream from flowing in a vertical direction toward the urinal screen. In this vein, such devices rely on the protrusions to break up the urine stream, leaving urine deposited on the protrusions, resulting in an unpleasant odor and the need for increased cleaning frequency of the device. Moreover, many urinal screens include urinal cakes or deodorizers which require costly and frequent replacement.

Therefore, a need exists to overcome the problems with the prior art as discussed above.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention provides a urinal anti-splash device that overcomes the hereinbefore-mentioned disadvantages of the heretofore-known devices and methods of this general type and that provides a urinal anti-splash device sized and shaped to mate with a urinal back wall and a urinal screen

2

to prevent urine from splashing on a user when urine is deposited in the direction of the urinal back wall and/or the urinal screen.

With the foregoing and other objects in view, there is provided, in accordance with the inventive embodiments of the invention, a urinal anti-splash device that includes an anti-splash body that is configured to be mounted vertically on a back wall of a urinal and which has a plurality of protrusions that extend from a front surface of the anti-splash body. The urinal anti-splash device can further include a base that is attached to the anti-splash body at a coupling region formed between the base and the anti-splash body. The base can be configured to cover at least a portion of a urinal drain, and can have a plurality of protrusions that extend away from the base on a surface of the base that is contiguous with the front surface of the anti-splash body. The coupling region can be configured to allow the base to move between a first position, including the base oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body, and a second position including the base oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the base.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the anti-splash body is of a shape different than a shape of the base.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the base is removably coupled to the anti-splash body at the coupling region.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the coupling region includes perforations between the base and the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the plurality of protrusions taper downwardly in a direction toward an front surface of the anti-splash body and the base.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the plurality of protrusions on the anti-splash body substantially span a longitudinal length of the anti-splash body and define a plurality of protrusion voids between the protrusions of the plurality of protrusions.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the anti-splash body includes a thermochromic material.

There is further provided in accordance with some inventive embodiments of the invention, a urinal anti-splash device that includes an anti-splash body that is configured to be mounted on a back wall of a urinal. The anti-splash body can include a plurality of protrusions that extend from a front surface of the anti-splash body, and at least some of the protrusions have a base at the front surface of the anti-splash body that is wider than a top of the protrusion at the opposite end of the protrusion. The urinal anti-splash device can further include a base that is attached to the anti-splash body and which is configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the anti-splash body to cover a drain of a urinal. The base can further include a plurality of protrusions that extend outwardly from the base, the plurality of protrusions of the base are arranged to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from plurality of protrusions of the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the base is of a shape different than a shape of the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the anti-splash body includes an elongated shape of a flexible material.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can further include at least one fastener that is sized and

shaped to orient the anti-splash body in a vertical direction parallel to a vertical direction of a urinal wall.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the base is removably coupled to the first portion by a row of perforations between the base and the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can further include a perforated coupling region disposed between the anti-splash body and the base. The perforated coupling region can be configured to allow the base move from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body to a second position including the base being in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the base is made of buoyant material.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the anti-splash body is a rectangular-like shape, and the base is a circular-like shape.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include that the plurality of protrusions on the anti-splash body are of a variable length.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can further include an angled surface at a top of the anti-splash body that is configured to direct a flow of water from the back wall of the urinal over the front surface of the anti-splash body when the anti-splash device is mounted in the urinal.

There is further provided in accordance with some inventive embodiments of the invention, a method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal that includes providing a urinal anti-splash device which includes an anti-splash body configured to be mounted on a back wall of a urinal. The anti-splash body can include a plurality of protrusions extending from a front surface of the anti-splash body. At least some of the protrusions can have a base at the front surface of the anti-splash body that is wider than a top of the protrusion at the opposite end of the protrusion. Providing the urinal anti-splash device can further include providing the urinal anti-splash device with a base that is attached to the anti-splash body and which is configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion to cover a drain of a urinal, and which further includes a plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base. The second plurality of protrusions can be arranged to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from plurality of protrusions of the anti-splash body. The method can further include mounting the anti-splash body on the back wall of a urinal, and placing the base over a urinal drain.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include providing the urinal anti-splash device with the base being removably coupled to the anti-splash body.

In accordance with another feature, some embodiments can include bending the urinal anti-splash device at a perforated coupling region disposed between the anti-splash body and the base, the perforated coupling region configured to allow the base to move relative to the anti-splash body, including to move from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body to a second position substantially perpendicular from the anti-splash body.

Although the invention is illustrated and described herein as embodied in a urinal anti-splash device, it is, nevertheless, not intended to be limited to the details shown because various modifications and structural changes may be made therein without departing from the spirit of the invention and within the scope and range of equivalents of the claims.

Additionally, well-known elements of exemplary embodiments of the invention will not be described in detail or will be omitted so as not to obscure the relevant details of the invention.

Other features that are considered as characteristic for the invention are set forth in the appended claims. As required, detailed embodiments of the present invention are disclosed herein; however, it is to be understood that the disclosed embodiments are merely exemplary of the invention, which can be embodied in various forms. Therefore, specific structural and functional details disclosed herein are not to be interpreted as limiting, but merely as a basis for the claims and as a representative basis for teaching one of ordinary skill in the art to variously employ the present invention in virtually any appropriately detailed structure. Further, the terms and phrases used herein are not intended to be limiting; but rather, to provide an understandable description of the invention. While the specification concludes with claims defining the features of the invention that are regarded as novel, it is believed that the invention will be better understood from a consideration of the following description in conjunction with the drawing figures, in which like reference numerals are carried forward. The figures of the drawings are not drawn to scale.

Before the present invention is disclosed and described, it is to be understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. The terms "a" or "an," as used herein, are defined as one or more than one. The term "plurality," as used herein, is defined as two or more than two. The term "another," as used herein, is defined as at least a second or more. The terms "including" and/or "having," as used herein, are defined as comprising (i.e., open language). The term "coupled," as used herein, is defined as connected, although not necessarily directly, and not necessarily mechanically. The term "providing" is defined herein in its broadest sense, e.g., bringing/coming into physical existence, making available, and/or supplying to someone or something, in whole or in multiple parts at once or over a period of time.

As used herein, the terms "about" or "approximately" apply to all numeric values, whether or not explicitly indicated. These terms generally refer to a range of numbers that one of skill in the art would consider equivalent to the recited values (i.e., having the same function or result). In many instances these terms may include numbers that are rounded to the nearest significant figure. In this document, the term "longitudinal" should be understood to mean in a direction corresponding to an elongated direction of the body of the urinal anti-splash device in a direction from a ground surface toward a ceiling.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The accompanying figures, where like reference numerals refer to identical or functionally similar elements throughout the separate views and which together with the detailed description below are incorporated in and form part of the specification, serve to further illustrate various embodiments and explain various principles and advantages all in accordance with the present invention.

FIG. 1 is an elevational front view of a urinal anti-splash device disposed in a urinal in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 2 is an elevational front view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 disposed outside of a urinal and depicting

5

a base disposed in a direction substantially parallel to an anti-splash body in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 3 is an elevational front view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting the base uncoupled from and disposed in a direction substantially perpendicular to the anti-splash body in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting further features of the base in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 5 is an elevational side view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting a plurality of protrusions of a variable length in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 6 is a perspective view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting the urinal anti-splash device having a thermochromic material added to the urinal anti-splash device in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 7 is a perspective rear view of the urinal anti-splash device of FIG. 1 depicting the anti-splash body having a substantially level rear surface and the base defining a plurality of apertures; and

FIG. 8 is a process flow diagram depicting a method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal in accordance with one embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

While the specification concludes with claims defining the features of the invention that are regarded as novel, it is believed that the invention will be better understood from a consideration of the following description in conjunction with the drawing figures, in which like reference numerals are carried forward. It is to be understood that the disclosed embodiments are merely exemplary of the invention, which can be embodied in various forms.

The present invention provides a novel and efficient urinal anti-splash device that prevents urine from splashing onto a user when the urine is deposited on the urinal wall, e.g., the urinal back wall, or in a direction toward the urinal drain. Advantageously, the urinal anti-splash device includes an anti-splash body and a base that may be separated from each other to provide a device that conforms to various types of urinals, while simultaneously covering a substantial portion of the overall surface area of the urinal. Embodiments of the invention also provide one or more protrusions that substantially span a longitudinal length of the anti-splash body and define one or more protrusion voids which allow the urine to flow in the direction toward the urinal drain.

Referring now to FIG. 1, one embodiment of the present invention is shown in an elevational front view. FIG. 1 shows several advantageous features of the present invention, but, as will be described below, the invention can be provided in several shapes, sizes, combinations of features and components, and varying numbers and functions of the components. The first example of a urinal anti-splash device 100 placed within a urinal 102, as shown in FIG. 1, includes an anti-splash body 104 coupled to a base 106. In one embodiment, the anti-splash body 104 is sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal 102, e.g., a standard sized urinal. The term “urinal” is defined herein in its broadest possible sense as a container or other receptacle normally found in a restroom and may include a standard sized adult urinal, a child’s urinal, or the like. The urinal 102 may be of a shape that is, without limitation, rectangular, square, round, oval, or the like. It is understood that the urinal dimensions and shapes described herein are merely exemplary and not intended to be limiting.

6

In one embodiment, the portion of the urinal 102 configured to receive the anti-splash body 104 is a back wall 114 of the urinal 102. In one embodiment, the back wall 114 may include a height of approximately 17.0-22.0 inches in length and a width that is approximately 9.0-14.0 inches in length. In other embodiments, the urinal 102 may include a length and a width that is outside of this range.

FIG. 1 depicts the anti-splash body 104 having a first portion 108, a second portion 110 opposite the first portion 108, and a length 112, i.e., a longitudinal length, extending from the first portion 108 to the second portion 110. In one embodiment, the length 112 permits the anti-splash body 104 to cover a substantial portion of the back wall 114 of the urinal 102 to prevent urine from splashing on a user when the urine strikes the anti-splash body 104. The term “substantial portion” is defined herein as covering at least 40%-50% of the back wall 114 of the urinal 102. In other embodiments, the length 112 covers less than the substantial portion of the back wall 114 of the urinal 102.

In one embodiment, the anti-splash body 104 includes an elongated shape of a flexible material configured to couple to the urinal 102. The term “elongated” is defined herein as having a length that is at least twice as long as a width. In other embodiments, the length may be less than twice as long as the width. For example, in one embodiment the length 112 is approximately 17.0-20.0 inches. In this embodiment, the anti-splash body may include a width 116 that is approximately 5.0-8.0 inches. In another embodiment, the length 112 may be approximately 13.0-16.0 inches and the width 116 may be approximately 3.0-6.0. In other embodiments, the length 112 and the width 116 may be outside of these ranges.

FIG. 1 depicts the elongated shape of the anti-splash body 104 being a rectangular-like shape. The term “rectangular-like” is defined herein as having at least one pair of opposing parallel sides of equal length. The term “rectangular-like” may encompass round or curved edges. In other embodiments, the anti-splash body 104 may be rectangular, square, round, oval, or another shape conducive for coupling to the back wall 114 of a urinal 102.

In one embodiment, the anti-splash body 104 may be made of a material that is flexible and tough, such as DuPont Elvax®250, PVC plastic, or the like. In other embodiments, the anti-splash body 104 may be composed of a composite material, a metallic material, or another material conducive for placement within a urinal. The material may or may not have elastically deformable properties (e.g., the ability to change its shape and return back to its static-state shape after its change in shape). In one advantageous embodiment, the material is a buoyant material that provides a base 106 that will rise above the water line where water remains in the urinal after flushing, thereby decreasing the risk of the urinal drain being blocked by the anti-splash device 100. In other embodiments, the material may be a non-buoyant material.

In one embodiment, the urine is prevented from splashing onto the user when striking the anti-splash body 104 at least partly due to a first plurality of protrusions 118 being coupled to an front surface 120 of the anti-splash body 104. The term “protrusion” is defined herein as a part that extends away from the front surface 120 and may include bristles, a wave pattern, one or more shapes, e.g., squares, or another configuration designed to prevent urine from splashing onto a user when using the anti-splash device 100. In use, such as when a urine stream strikes the protrusions 118, the urine may be broken apart by the protrusions 118. Said another way, the anti-splash device 100 may not rely on a capillary

action to reduce or prevent urine from splashing from the anti-splash device **100** onto a user.

Advantageously, the protrusions **118** define a plurality of protrusion voids **122** which permit the urine to effectively flow in a downward direction along the front surface **120** toward the lower portion **124** of the urinal **102** which houses the urinal drain. In one embodiment, such as when the device **100** is disposed in a vertical direction with respect to the back wall **114** of the urinal **102**, gravity may assist in causing the urine to effectively flow in the downward direction toward the lower portion **124** of the urinal **102**. The protrusion voids **122** may also provide space for the protrusions **118** to bend and deflect when struck by the urine.

In order to effectively mount the anti-splash body **104** to the back wall **114**, the anti-splash body **104** includes at least one fastener **126** sized and shaped to orient the anti-splash body **104** in the vertical direction parallel to a vertical direction of the back wall **114**. FIG. 1 depicts the anti-splash body **104** mounted to the back wall **114** using a first suction cup coupled to the fastener **126** and a second suction cup coupled to a second fastener **128**. The fasteners **126**, **128** are depicted as apertures defined by the anti-splash body **104**. In other embodiments, the fasteners **126**, **128** may be adhesive, e.g., tape, hooks, or another type of fastener configured to mount the anti-splash body **104** in a stationary position relative to the back wall **114**.

With reference now to FIG. 2, the base **106** is depicted as being coupled to the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**. Generally speaking, the first portion **108** includes the region extending approximately from a first end **200** to a midpoint along the length **112**. In the same vein, the second portion **110** includes the region extending approximately from a second end **202** to the midpoint along the length **112**. The midpoint is generally defined as being disposed approximately halfway between the first end **200** and the second end **202**.

With brief reference to FIG. 2, in conjunction with FIG. 3, in one advantageous embodiment, in order to effectively separate, e.g., removably couple, the anti-splash body **104** from the base **106** (FIG. 3), the first end **200** includes a perforated coupling region **204** disposed between the first portion **108** and the base **106**. More specifically, the perforated coupling region **204** extends from the first portion **108** to the base **106** and includes a perforated edge **206** that facilitates in the ability to simply tear, split, or otherwise separate the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104** from the base **106** along the perforated edge **206**. The term “perforated” is defined herein as visibly displaying a hole, perforation, puncture, or other visible marking such that the user is provided with a visual indication of where the anti-splash body **104** may be uncoupled, i.e., separated, from the base **106**. Said another way, the anti-splash body **104** may be removably coupled from the base **106**. Advantageously, the perforated coupling region **204** not only allows the user to remove the base **106** from urinals with raised drainage points, but it also provides the user with the ability to independently move and position the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106** relative to select locations on a urinal.

In one embodiment, the perforated coupling region **204** is configured to translate the base **106** from a first position in which the base **106** is oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body **104** (FIG. 2) to a second position including the base **106** being oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104** (FIG. 3). The term “substantially perpendicular” is defined herein as being disposed at an approximate 90 orientation (+/-15-20°) with respect to the first portion **108**.

The base **106** may be translated from the first position to the second position when coupled to the anti-splash body **104** or alternatively, when separated from the anti-splash body **104**.

With reference again to FIG. 1, the substantially perpendicular orientation of the base **106** enables the user to bend the urinal anti-splash device **100** in accordance with the dimensions of the urinal. In the same vein, this embodiment provides the urinal anti-splash device **100** that covers the urinal's back wall **114** and lower portion **124**, thereby reducing or preventing urine from splashing on the user when either or both the back wall **114** and the lower portion **124** are struck by a stream of urine. As an added advantage, the urinal anti-splash device **100** may be made from a single mold, effectively reducing the costs associated with making the urinal anti-splash device **100** in comparison to other existing urinal accessories that may require the manufacturing of separate components. In other embodiments, the anti-splash device **100**, e.g., the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106**, may be manufactured as separate components.

With reference now to FIG. 3, a second plurality of protrusions **300** can be seen extending outwardly from the base **106**. The second plurality of protrusions **300** are configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**. This configuration advantageously prevents urine from splashing onto the user when striking the base **106**. Similar to the protrusions **118** described above, in use, such as when a urine stream strikes the protrusions **300**, the urine may be broken apart by the protrusions **300**. Advantageously, the protrusions **300** define a plurality of protrusion voids **302** which permit the urine to effectively flow in the downward direction toward the urinal drain. In order to effectively allow the urine to flow into the urinal drain, the base **106** is depicted as defining a plurality of apertures **304** which define a urine flow path from the base **106** to the urinal drain. The protrusion voids **302** may also give space for the protrusions **300** to bend and deflect when struck by the urine.

With reference now to FIG. 4, in order to prevent urine from bouncing off of the urinal drain screen in a direction toward the user, the base **106** is sized and shaped to cover at least a portion of the surface area of a urinal drain screen. In one embodiment, the portion may be at least 30% of the surface area of the urinal drain screen. In other embodiments, the base **106** may cover less than the 30% of the surface area of the urinal drain screen. In one non-limiting embodiment the base **106** includes a diameter **400** that is approximately 5.0-7.0 inches in length. In others embodiments, the diameter **400** may be outside of this range.

FIG. 4 depicts the shape of the base **106** as being a circular-like shape, i.e., different than the shape of the anti-splash body **104**. The term “circular-like” is defined herein as having at least two round edges. The circular-like shape is conducive for covering the urinal drain which is commonly a circular shape. In other embodiments, the shape of the base **106** and the shape of the anti-splash body **104** may be the same, e.g., rectangular, circular, square, round, oval, or another shape conducive for fitting within the urinal.

With reference now to FIG. 5, an elevational side view of the urinal anti-splash device **100** is shown. More specifically, the first portion **108** is depicted having an angled region **500** to facilitate water and/or urine flow along the front surface **120** in a direction toward the urinal drain. Additionally, the protrusions **118**, **300** are depicted as having a variable length which may also increase the facilitation of water and/or urine flow along the front surface **120** toward the urinal drain. In other embodiments, the protrusions **118** and/or the protrusions **300** may have a uniform length. In

one embodiment, the protrusions **118** include a protrusion length **502** that is between approximately 0.25 to 1.0 inch. In other embodiments, the protrusion length **502** may be outside of this range. In the same vein, in one embodiment, the protrusions **300** include a protrusion length **504** that is the same as the protrusion length **502**. In other embodiments, the protrusion length **504** may be outside of this range, e.g., between approximately 0.50 to 1.5 inches.

The protrusions **118**, **300** can be seen tapering downwardly in a direction toward the front surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106** to further facilitate the water and/or urine flow. Said another way, the protrusions **118**, **300** are wider at the location of the base than at the top. Such configuration causes the protrusions **118**, **300** to break up the urine, while simultaneously allowing the urine to strike the front surface **120** and travel in the downward direction toward the drain when the urinal anti-splash device **100** is disposed in the vertical orientation. The tapering configuration also decreases the complexity associated with the manufacturing process of the device **100** because the protrusions **118**, **300** may be relatively simply removed from the molding during the manufacturing process due to the lack of edges. In another embodiment, either the protrusions **118** or the protrusions **300** may include the tapering configuration. In other embodiments, the protrusions **118**, **300** may be of a uniform width and devoid of the tapering configuration.

In one embodiment, the urinal anti-splash device **100** may include a fragrance embedded within the material of the urinal anti-splash device **100** during the manufacturing process, e.g., during the extrusion or molding phase of the manufacturing process. In another embodiment, the fragrance may be added to the material using a film process. The fragrance may be a volatile substance, such as a fragrant oil, an odor neutralizer, or the like. Such advantageous embodiments eliminate the need for the use of a room deodorizer or urinal cake that may be inconvenient and costly to consistently replace.

With reference now to FIG. **6**, the anti-splash body **104** is depicted as being coupled to and in the substantially perpendicular orientation relative to the base **106**. In one embodiment, the anti-splash body **104** and/or the base **106** made be made with a thermochromic material **600**. More specifically, a layer of thermochromic dye may be added to the front surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104**. In a preferred embodiment, the layer of thermochromic dye may be added to the front surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106**. The thermochromic dye may be, without limitation, spirolactone, fluoran, spiropyran, or fulgide, as commonly used by those of ordinary skill in the art. In other embodiments, another type of material may be used to form the thermochromic material **600**.

The thermochromic dye provides the user with the urinal anti-splash device **100** that changes color due to a change in temperature, e.g., that which occurs when urine strikes the thermochromic dye on the urinal anti-splash device **100**. Advantageously, the thermochromic dye is not only aesthetically appealing, but also allows a viewer, such as maintenance personnel, to observe rinse coverage and the flow of water in order to efficiently and effectively clean the anti-splash device **100**. As an added advantage, such configuration also allows businesses to advertise an insignia **602**, e.g., a business name and/or logo, which becomes visible when the anti-splash device **100** changes color during use.

FIG. **7** depicts a perspective rear view of the device **100** showing the anti-splash body **104** having a rear surface **700**

that facilitates in the anti-splash body **104** being flush with the back wall **114** of the urinal (FIG. **1**). In one embodiment, the rear surface **700** is substantially level with the back wall **114** of the urinal. The term “substantially level” is defined herein as having a relatively flat surface with minimal sloping. In other embodiments, the rear surface **700** may include an uneven rear surface **700**, although the level rear surface **700** is preferred.

To effectuate the flow of a stream of urine along the urine flow path from the base **106** in a direction toward the urinal drain, FIG. **7** depicts the apertures **304a-n** arranged in a substantially linear configuration. The indicator “a-n” is intended to represent any number of items, with “a” indicating 1 and “n” indicating any number greater than 1. The term “substantially linear” is defined herein as arranged in a nearly straight line allowing nominal deviation. The substantially linear configuration of the apertures **304a-n** forces the stream of urine and/or water to be directed toward the urinal drain. In another embodiment, the apertures **304a-n** may be arranged in another configuration, e.g., in a deviating configuration with respect to each other.

With reference now to the process flow chart of FIG. **8**, in conjunction with FIGS. **1-7**, an exemplary method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal is shown. Although FIG. **8** shows a specific order of executing the process steps, the order of executing the steps may be changed relative to the order shown in certain embodiments. Also, two or more blocks shown in succession may be executed concurrently or with partial concurrence in some embodiments. Certain steps may also be omitted in FIG. **8** for the sake of brevity. In some embodiments, some or all of the process steps included in FIG. **8** can be combined into a single process.

In said process, the method begins as step **800** and immediately proceeds to step **802** of providing a urinal anti-splash device, such as the urinal anti-splash device **100** described above. More specifically, in one embodiment, the urinal anti-splash device **100** includes the anti-splash body **104** coupled to the base **106**. As discussed above, the anti-splash body **104** may also include the first plurality of protrusions **118** extending outwardly from the front surface **120** of the anti-splash body **104** and the second plurality of protrusions **300** extending outwardly from the base **106**. The second plurality of protrusions **300** are configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**.

In step **804**, the process continues with mounting the anti-splash body **104** within a back wall of a urinal. In one embodiment, such mounting may be performed using suction cups coupled to at least one fastener disposed on the urinal anti-splash device **100**. In other embodiments, another type of fastener, e.g., adhesive, tape, hooks, etc., may be used to mount the anti-splash body **104** within the urinal.

Next, the process continues to the step of **806** of placing the base **106** over a urinal screen. Advantageously, in one embodiment, the process includes removably coupling, i.e., separating, the base **106** from the anti-splash body **104** such that the components may be independently positioned within the urinal. Such advantageous embodiment provides the urinal anti-splash device **100** that is not only conducive for placement within different size and shape urinals, but also may cover a portion of the surface area of the urinal, to prevent urine from splashing onto a user. The portion of the surface area of the urinal covered by the anti-splash device **100** may depend on the overall size of the urinal and the relative dimensions of the urinal anti-splash device **100**.

11

In another embodiment, the process may include bending the urinal anti-splash device **100** at a location of a perforated coupling region disposed between the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104** and the base **106**, as discussed above. The perforated coupling region is configured to translate the base **106** from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body **104** to a second position including the base **106** being in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion **108** of the anti-splash body **104**. In such configuration the base **106** may remain coupled to the anti-splash body **104**, or alternatively, may be detached from the anti-splash body **104**. The process then terminates at step **808**.

A urinal anti-splash device has been disclosed that not only includes an anti-splash body and a base that may be separated from each other to cover a back wall and a urinal screen to prevent urine from splashing onto a user of the urinal, but also provides an front surface conducive for allowing the urine and/or water to flow in a downward direction toward the urinal drain.

What is claimed is:

1. A urinal anti-splash device, comprising:
an anti-splash body configured to be mounted vertically on a back wall of a urinal and having a plurality of protrusions that extend from a front surface of the anti-splash body;
a base attached to the anti-splash body at a coupling region formed between the base and the anti-splash body, the base being configured to cover at least a portion of a urinal drain and having a plurality of protrusions extending away from the base on a surface of the base that is contiguous with the front surface of the anti-splash body;
the coupling region is configured allow the base to move between a first position including the base oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body and a second position including the base oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the base.
2. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein the anti-splash body is of a shape different than a shape of the base.
3. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein the base is removably coupled to the anti-splash body at the coupling region.
4. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 3, wherein the coupling region includes perforations between the base and the anti-splash body.
5. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of protrusions taper downwardly in a direction toward an front surface of the anti-splash body and the base.
6. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of protrusions on the anti-splash body substantially span a longitudinal length of the anti-splash body and define a plurality of protrusion voids between the protrusions of the plurality of protrusions.
7. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 1, wherein the anti-splash body includes a thermochromic material.
8. A urinal anti-splash device comprising:
an anti-splash body configured to be mounted on a back wall of a urinal, the anti-splash body including a plurality of protrusions extending from a front surface of the anti-splash body, wherein at least some of the protrusions have a base at the front surface of the anti-splash body that is wider than a top of the protrusion at the opposite end of the protrusion; and

12

a base that is attached to the anti-splash body and which is configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the anti-splash body to at least partially cover a drain of a urinal, and which further includes a plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base which are arranged to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular to plurality of protrusions of the anti-splash body.

9. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, wherein the base is of a shape different than a shape of the anti-splash body.

10. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, wherein the anti-splash body includes an elongated shape of a flexible material.

11. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, further comprising at least one fastener that is sized and shaped to orient the anti-splash body in a vertical direction parallel to a vertical direction of a urinal wall.

12. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, wherein the base is removably coupled to the first portion by a row of perforations between the base and the anti-splash body.

13. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, further comprising:

a perforated coupling region disposed between the anti-splash body and the base, the perforated coupling region configured to allow the base move from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body to a second position including the base being in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.

14. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, wherein the base is made of buoyant material.

15. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, wherein the anti-splash body is a rectangular-like shape, and the base is a circular-like shape.

16. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, wherein the plurality of protrusions on the anti-splash body are of a variable length.

17. The urinal anti-splash device according to claim 8, further comprising an angled surface at a top of the anti-splash body that is configured to direct a flow of water from the back wall of the urinal over the front surface of the anti-splash body when the anti-splash device is mounted in the urinal.

18. A method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal comprising:

providing a urinal anti-splash device including:

an anti-splash body configured to be mounted on a back wall of a urinal, the anti-splash body including a plurality of protrusions extending from a front surface of the anti-splash body, wherein at least some of the protrusions have a base at the front surface of the anti-splash body that is wider than a top of the protrusion at the opposite end of the protrusion;

a base that is attached to the anti-splash body and which is configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion to cover a drain of a urinal, and which further includes a plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions are arranged to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from plurality of protrusions of the anti-splash body;

mounting the anti-splash body on the back wall of a urinal; and
placing the base over a urinal drain.

13

19. The method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device within a urinal according to claim **18**, further comprising providing the urinal anti-splash device with the base being removably coupled to the anti-splash body.

20. The method of mounting a urinal anti-splash device 5 within a urinal according to claim **18**, further comprising bending the urinal anti-splash device at a perforated coupling region disposed between the anti-splash body and the base, the perforated coupling region configured to allow the base to move relative to the anti-splash body, including to 10 move from a first position parallel to the anti-splash body to a second position substantially perpendicular from the anti-splash body.

* * * * *

14

EXHIBIT C



[? Solutions](#) [🛒 Products ▾](#) [🌿 Fragrances](#) [📦 Resources ▾](#) [🔧 Customer Support ▾](#)

[✉ Contact Us](#) [🌐 About Us ▾](#) [🔍](#)

[Home](#) > [Products](#) > [Urinal & Bowl Care](#) > [Tsunami](#)



Tsunami Urinal Screen

A Surge of 60-Day Protection



Reversible



Patented
High
Fragrance
Load



Lasts 60
Days



Date
Tabs



Beneficial
Bacteria

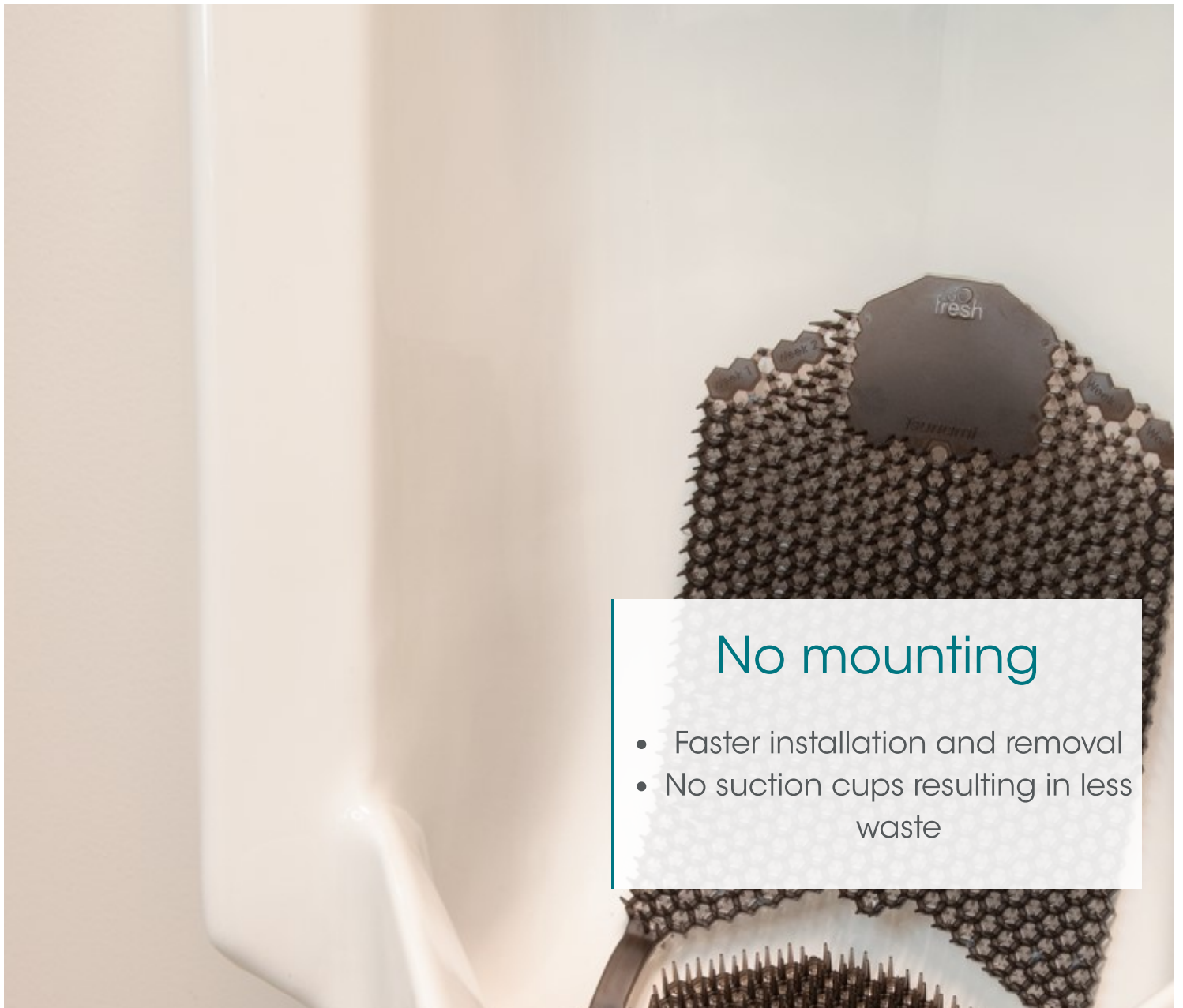


Private
Label-
able



60 days of fragrance

Almost 3x more fragrance than
competitive screens



No mounting

- Faster installation and removal
- No suction cups resulting in less waste



Reversible

- Creates better, more even fragrance evaporation
- No installation errors



As always:

- Beneficial bacteria consume the source of odors
- Indicator date tabs remind when to replace
- Patented fragrance load – no one freshens stronger

Video Preview

Available Fragrances

Product FAQs

- Can I private label the Tsunami?
- How much splash reduction does the Tsunami provide?
- How do you know which side should face out on Tsunami?
- Do you need suction cups or something else to install the Tusnami?
- Do you offer custom fragrances for any of your products?

Technical Specifications

Unit				
Image	Length	Width	Height	Weight
	15.5 in	6.5 in	0.875 in	148 g
Inner Box				
Codes				

Item Codes

Product Documents

QUICK NAVIGATION

- > Products
- > SDS – Safety Data Sheets
- > Career Opportunities
- > Contact Us
- > SB-258 Right to Know

DOWNLOAD OUR CATALOG



CONTACT US

Fresh Products Office

ADDRESS:

30600 Oregon Road
Perrysburg, OH 43551 -
USA

PHONE:

+1 419•531•9741

FAX:

+1 419•531•8472

MESSAGE US:

Contact Sales

Copyright © 2012 - 2023 Fresh Products LLC | All Rights Reserved

[Terms of Service](#) | [Privacy Policy](#)



EXHIBIT D

The '154 Patent

Claim 1

1. A urinal anti-splash device comprising



TSUNAMI PICTURE FROM FRESH PRODUCTS WEBSITE

an anti-splash body sized and shaped to couple to at least a portion of a urinal, the anti-splash body including;



Anti-splash Body sized and shaped to couple to a back-wall portion of the urinal

TSUNAMI PICTURE FROM FRESH PRODUCTS WEBSITE

a first portion;

a second portion opposite the first portion;

a length extending from the first portion to the second portion;

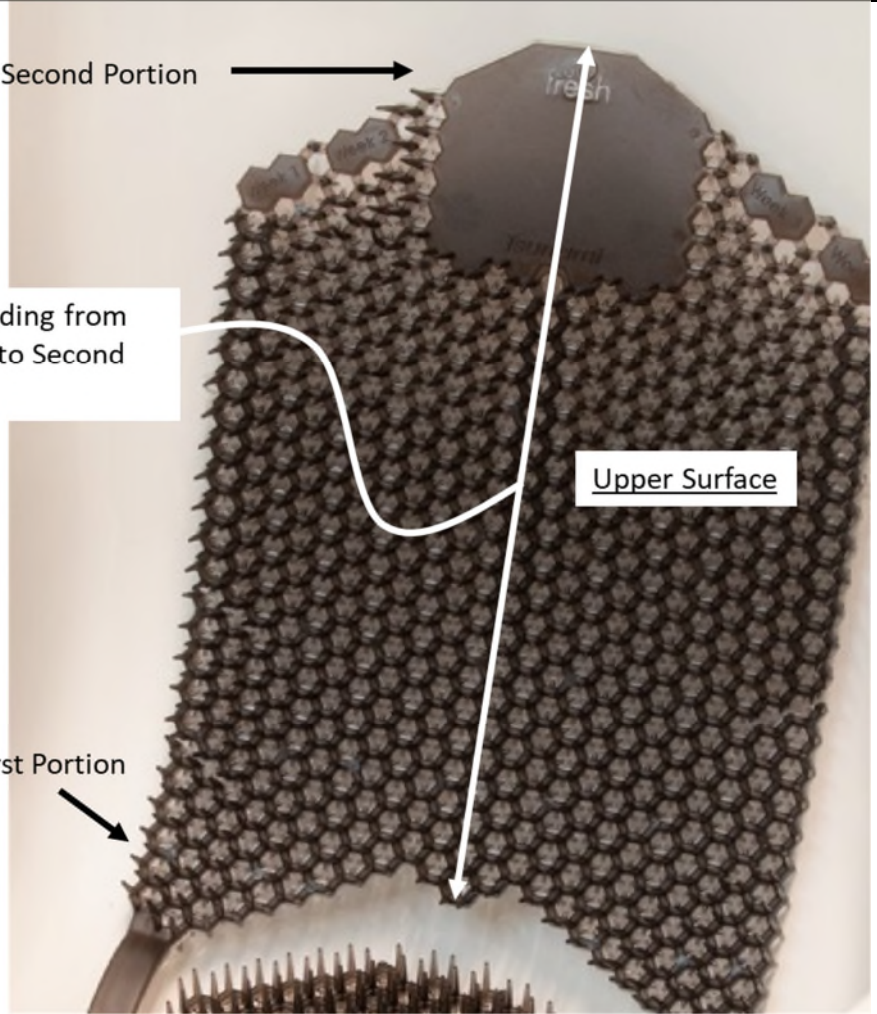
and an upper surface extending the length;

Length Extending from First Portion to Second Portion

Second Portion

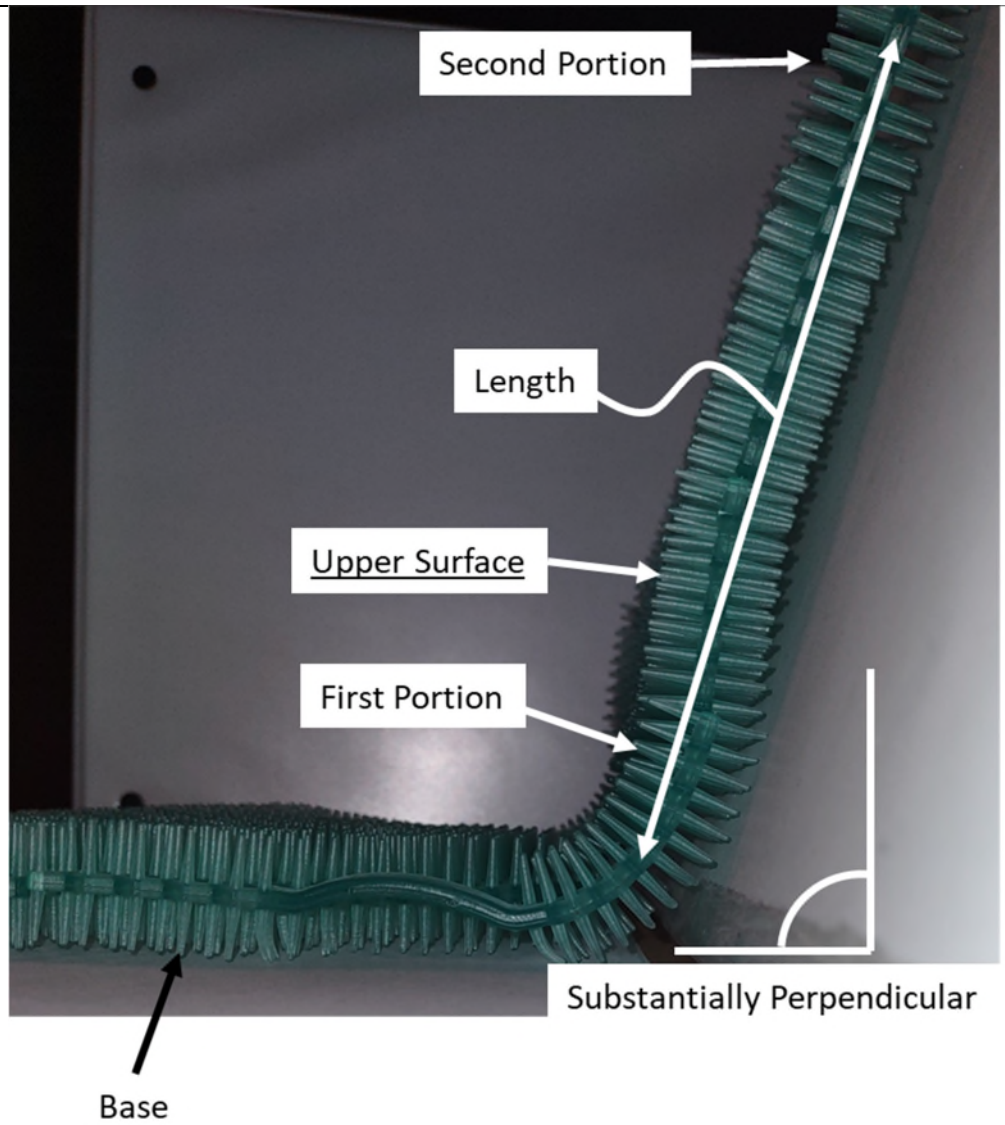
First Portion

Upper Surface

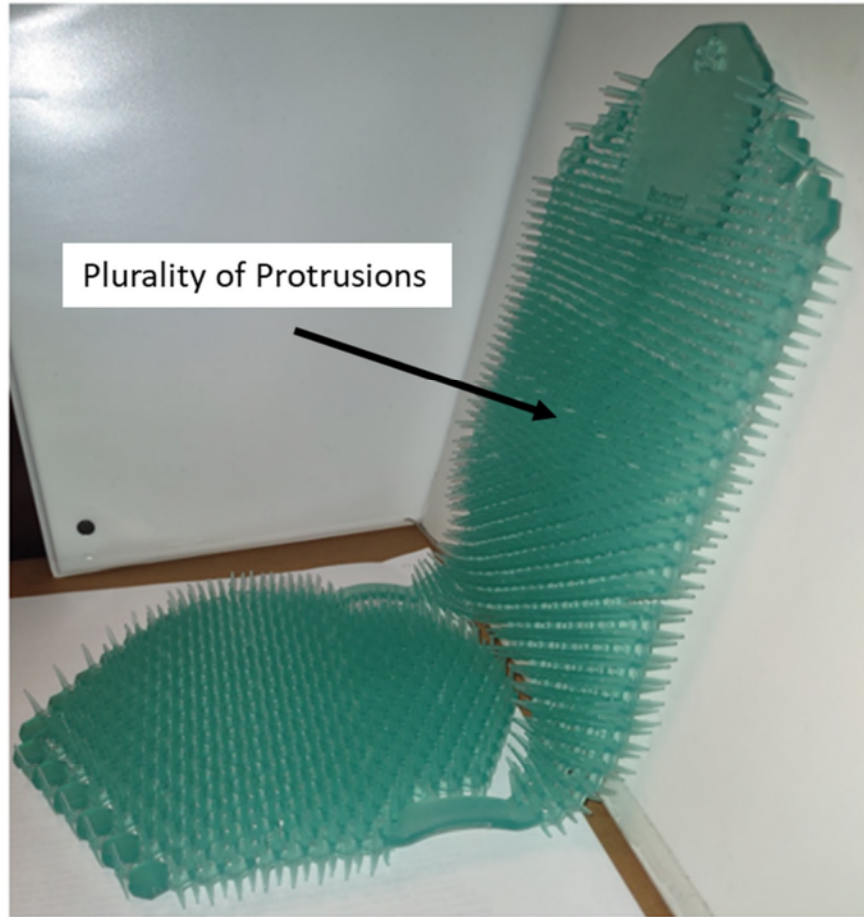


TSUNAMI PICTURE FROM FRESH PRODUCTS WEBSITE

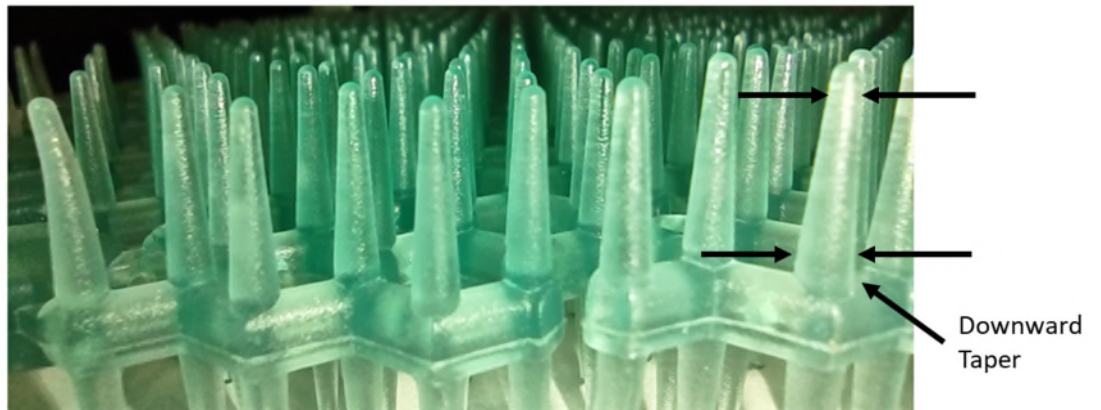
a base couplable to the first portion and configured to extend in a direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion;



a first plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the upper surface of the anti-splash body and which taper downwardly in a direction toward the upper surface of the anti-splash body; and



SIDE VIEW OF TSUNAMI DEVICE



DETAIL OF PROTRUSIONS OF TSUNAMI DEVICE

a second plurality of protrusions extending outwardly from the base, the second plurality of protrusions configured to extend in the direction substantially perpendicular from the first portion of the anti-splash body.



SIDE VIEW OF TSUNAMI DEVICE

The '649 Patent

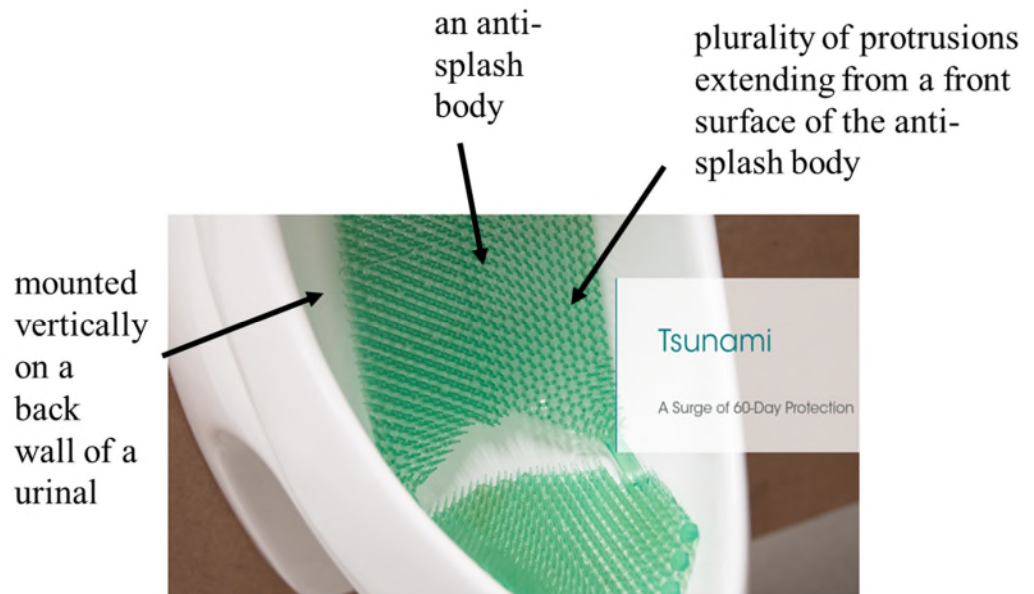
Claim 1

1. A urinal anti-splash device, comprising:

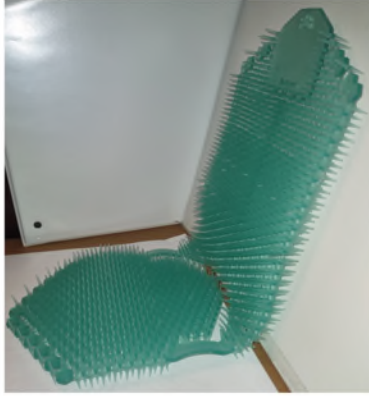


TSUNAMI PICTURE FROM FRESH PRODUCTS WEBSITE

an anti-splash body configured to be mounted vertically on a back wall of a urinal and having a plurality of protrusions that extend from a front surface of the anti-splash body;



TSUNAMI PICTURE FROM FRESH PRODUCTS WEBSITE

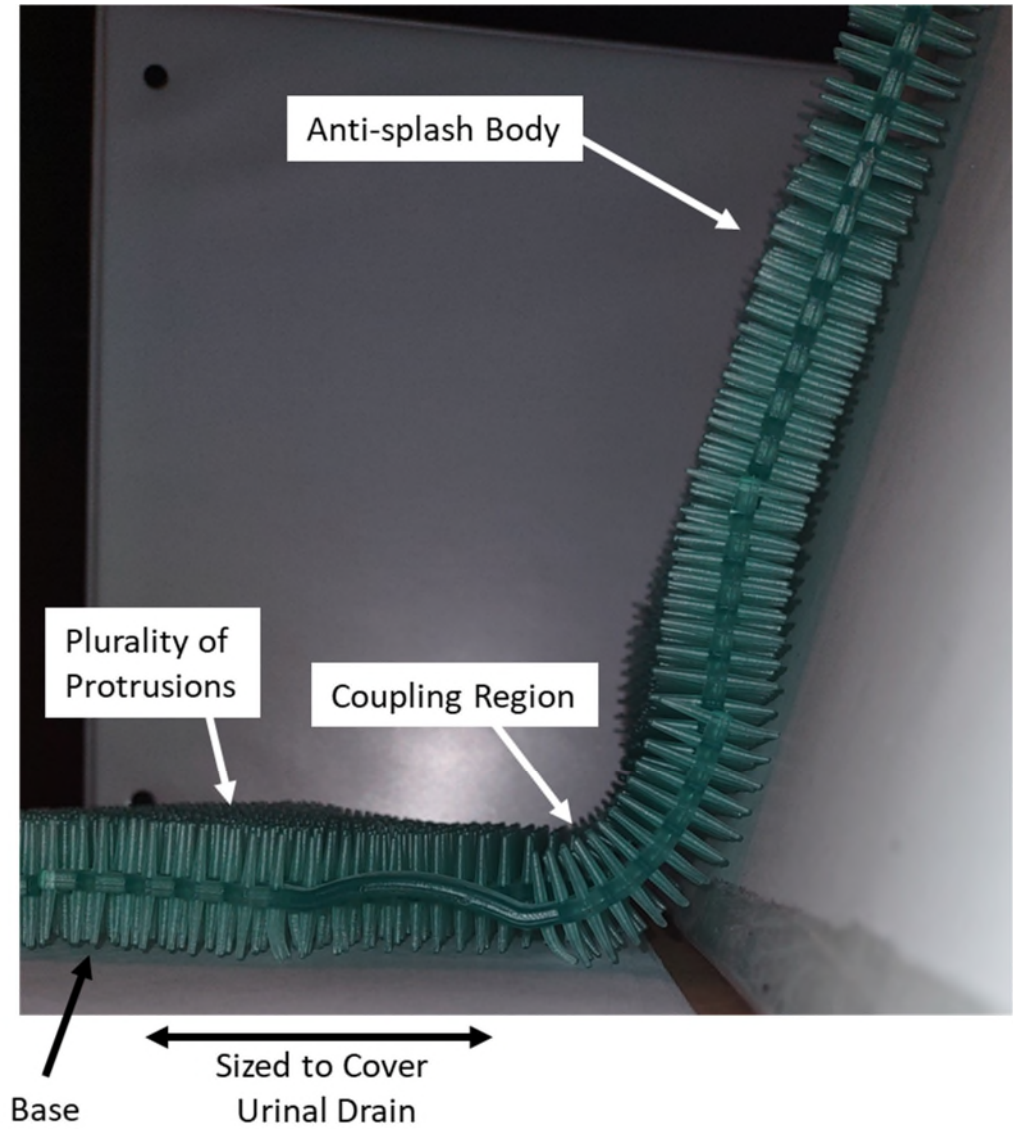


SIDE VIEW OF TSUNAMI DEVICE

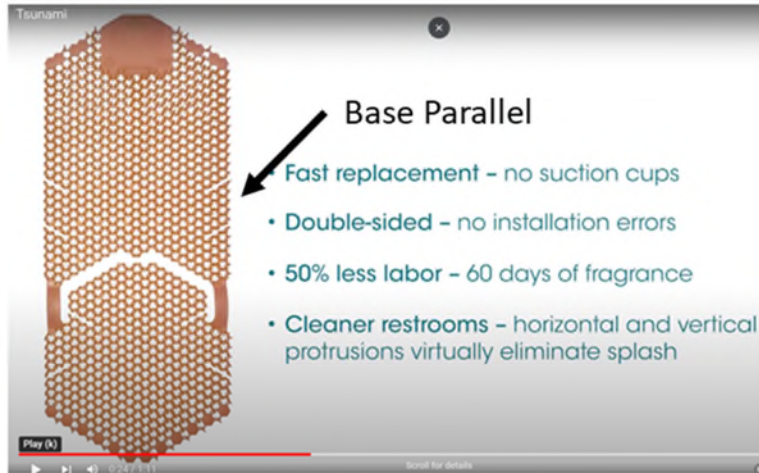


DETAIL OF PROTRUSIONS OF TSUNAMI DEVICE

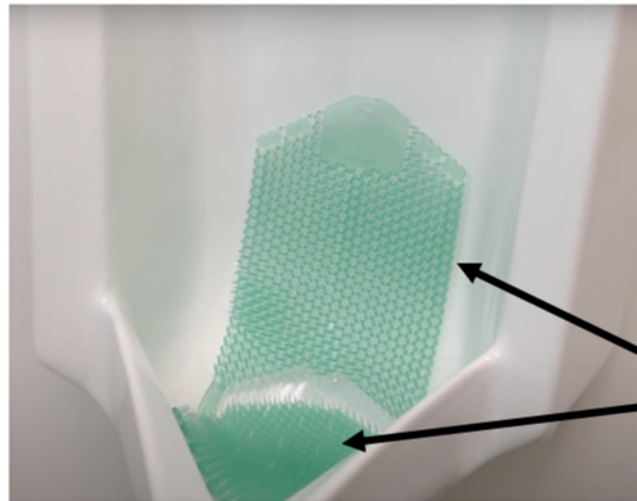
a base attached to the anti-splash body at a coupling region formed between the base and the anti-splash body, the base being configured to cover at least a portion of a urinal drain and having a plurality of protrusions extending away from the base on a surface of the base that is contiguous with the front surface of the anti-splash body;



the coupling region is configured [to] allow the base to move between a first position including the base oriented in a direction parallel to the anti-splash body and a second position including the base oriented in a direction substantially perpendicular from the base.



CAPTURE FROM FRESH PRODUCTS VIDEO ON YOUTUBE



CAPTURE FROM FRESH PRODUCTS VIDEO ON YOUTUBE

November 8, 2023

VIA EMAIL

Alexander Brown, Esq.
CONCEPT LAW GROUP
6400 N. Andrews Avenue, Suite 500
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309

Re: Infringement of Fresh Products Intellectual Property/
Our Ref No.: FRESHPR.113IS

Dear Mr. Brown:

Our firm represents Fresh Products, Inc. in intellectual property matters. Your letter of October 26, 2023, has been forwarded to us for response.

Fresh Products respects the valid intellectual property rights of others. It will take us at least until December 4th to perform our diligence and analyze your allegations.

In the meantime, however, we want to make sure that your client has advised you of Fresh Products' intellectual property rights.

Fresh Products has been at the forefront of developing innovative urinal screen technology and products and is a recognized market leader. One of Fresh Products' innovative urinal screens is sold by Fresh Products under the mark WAVE 3D. To protect its investment and technology incorporated in the WAVE 3D urinal screen and other innovations, Fresh Products has secured numerous U.S. and non-U.S. utility patents. Fresh Products has also protected the design aspects of its related innovations through US and non-U.S. Design Patents and has registered aspects of its urinal screen designs as Registered Community Designs (RCD's). With Brexit, these RCD's automatically were registered by the UK as "re-registered designs" (RRD's).

WizKid is well aware of Fresh Products innovative urinal screen product line and its intellectual property portfolio, having previously contracted with Fresh Products to manufacture its SPLASH HOG product which includes a vertical urinal screen and a generally horizontal urinal screen.

The SPLASH HOG product manufactured by Fresh Products incorporated Fresh Products' WAVE 3D innovations. It has now been some years since Fresh Products manufactured the SPLASH HOG product and it has come to our attention that the WizKid SPLASH HOG continues to incorporate Fresh Products patented innovations. Specifically, this is to advise you that the WizKid SPLASH HOG urinal screen is covered by Fresh Products intellectual property rights, including Claim 19 of U.S. utility Patent Number 10, 145,098; Claim 28 of U.S. Patent Number 10,501,924; and Claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 11,396,745. The WizKid SPLASH HOG product is

also covered by U.S. Design Patent No. D778,411. The foregoing list is merely exemplary and the WizKid SPLASH HOG is covered by other US and non-US intellectual property rights.

This is to put you on official notice that sales of the WizKid SPLASH HOG in the U.S. is an infringement of Fresh Products' intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to the rights itemized above. To avoid any confusion, Fresh Products has not granted any license or other rights to WizKid to the aforementioned intellectual property.

Fresh Products would like to resolve this matter in an amicable business manner, believes that it would be worthwhile to address these issues concurrently.

Nothing in this letter should be construed as a waiver of any rights or remedies of Fresh Products for sale of the WizKid SPLASH HOG urinal screen or any related products.

Very truly yours,

/Edward A. Schlatter/

Edward A. Schlatter

cc: Fresh Products, Inc.

58533622