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Europäisches Patentamt
European Patent Office
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(11) Publication number:

0 563 460 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION(21) Application number: **92200961.8**(51) Int. Cl.⁵: **C11D 3/39**(22) Date of filing: **03.04.92**

(43) Date of publication of application:
06.10.93 Bulletin 93/40

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL PT SE

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(54) **Acidic activated bleaching composition.**

(57) Aqueous bleaching compositions are disclosed which comprise hydrogen peroxide as well as an organic peracid precursor selected from a specific class of glycol and glycerin esters. The compositions have a pH in the range of from about 3.5 to about 6. The disclosed compositions are both physically and chemically stable.

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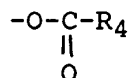
CLEAN CHEMISTRY EXH 1011
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Background

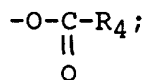
Summary of the invention

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 - \left[\begin{array}{c} \text{CH} \\ | \\ \text{R}_2 \end{array} \right] - \text{CH}_2 \\ | \qquad \qquad | \qquad \qquad | \\ \text{R}_1 \qquad \qquad \text{R}_2 \qquad \qquad \text{R}_3 \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{c} -\text{C}-\text{O}-\text{R}_4 \\ || \\ \text{O} \end{array}$$

or



where R₄ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, with the proviso that at least two of R₁, R₂ or R₃ are

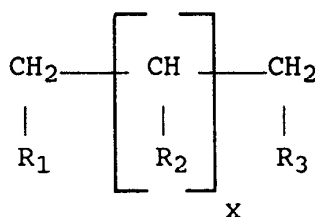


or mixtures thereof.

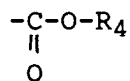
15 Detailed description of the invention

The compositions according to the present invention are clear aqueous liquid compositions which comprise hydrogen peroxide. Preferably, the compositions according to the present invention comprise from about 0.5 % to about 20 % by weight of the total composition of hydrogen peroxide, more preferably from about 2 % to about 15 %, most preferably from about 4 % to about 9%.

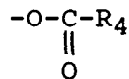
The compositions according to the present invention further comprise a specific organic peracid precursor according to the formula:



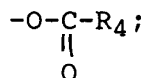
wherein x is 0 or 1, R₁, R₂, R₃ are independently selected from -H, -OH,



or



where R₄ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, with the proviso that at least two of R₁, R₂ or R₃ are



or mixtures thereof. All these compounds are well known chemicals which are commercially available or can be synthesized according to the chemical literature.

Preferred such peracid precursors for use in the compositions according to the present invention are selected from ethylene glycol diesters, triacetin and diacetin, or mixtures thereof. Particularly preferred compounds are triacetin and ethylene glycol diacetate. Tributyrin also displays excellent stability in the compositions according to the present invention but is less preferred because it is less soluble in the

compositions according to the present invention.

The compositions according to the present invention typically comprise from about 1 % to about 15 % by weight of the total composition of such an organic peracid precursor, or mixtures thereof. The desired amount of organic peracid precursor can also be defined in relation to the amount of hydrogen peroxide in the composition. Accordingly, the compositions according to the present invention preferably comprise from about 0.1 to about 2 moles of organic peracid precursor per mole of hydrogen peroxide.

The compositions according to the present invention have a pH in the range of from about 3.5 to about 6, most preferably from about 3.5 to about 5, most preferably about 4. The pH of the composition can be adjusted and buffered with such chemicals as organic and inorganic acids which are stable to oxidation, citric acid, sulphuric acid, sodium hydroxide, ammonia and amines. Preferred buffer for use in the compositions according to the present invention is citric acid. It is essential that the pH of the composition remains within the above range as said range is critical to ensure adequate chemical stability of the hydrogen peroxide and of the specific organic peracid precursors used in the compositions according to the present invention.

The compositions according to the present invention may comprise surfactants. Preferred surfactants for use herein are well known anionic surfactants such as alkyl benzene sulphonates and alkyl sulfates, and/or nonionic surfactants such as ethoxylated and/or propoxylated alcohols. All surfactants for use herein must be resistant to oxidation by peracids and hydrogen peroxide, and are preferably water-soluble. The compositions according to the present invention can comprise from 0% to about 30% by weight of the total composition of surfactants, preferably from about 0.5 % to about 15 %, most preferably from about 2 % to 8 %.

The compositions according to the present invention may further comprise peroxide stabilizers such as stannates, 8-hydroxyquinoline, pyrophosphates and phosphonates. Chelating agents may also be useful in the context of the present invention; suitable chelants include EDTA, NTA and DETPA, picolinic and dipicolinic acids and amino polyphosphonates, although some of these are poorly environmentally compatible. Radical scavengers can also be used herein, such as butylated hydroxy toluene and other hindered hydroxy benzenes, or sodium benzoate. Butylated hydroxy toluene is a highly preferred ingredient as it has been observed that it stabilizes the peracid precursors according to the present invention, as well as hydrogen peroxide.

The compositions according to the present invention can also comprise such optional ingredients as whitening agents, dyes, builders, thickeners, hydrotropes, perfumes, all of which need to be compatible with the mildly acidic pH and the oxidizing environment of the compositions according to the present invention.

The compositions according to the present invention are further illustrated in the following examples.

Examples

The following compositions are made by mixing together the listed ingredients in the listed proportions.

	Ingredients:	% by weight:				
		I	II	III	IV	
	Hydrogen peroxide	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	
	Na alkyl sulphate	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	
	Triacetin	4.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	
	Citric acid	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
	Na Stannate	0.0015	0.0010	0.0015	0.0015	
	Na hydroxide	pH 4	pH 4	pH 3.5	pH 5	pH 4
	Water & minors			up to 100 %		

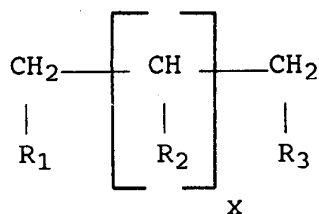
Ingredients:

% by weight:

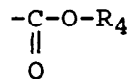
	V	VI	VII	VIII
Hydrogen peroxide	6.0	8.0	3.5	5.0
Na alkyl sulphate	2.8	2.0	4.0	3.5
Triacetin	-	3.0	5.0	-
Ethylene glycol diacetate	4.0	-	-	5.0
Citric acid	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Na stannate	0.0015	0.0015	0.0010	0.0015
Na hydroxide	pH 4	pH 4	pH 4	pH 4
Water & minors			up to 100 %	

25 Claims

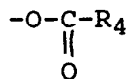
1. An aqueous bleaching composition comprising hydrogen peroxide and an organic peracid precursor, **characterized in** that the compositions have a pH in the range of from about 3.5 to about 6, and that the organic peracid precursor is a compound according to the formula:



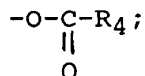
wherein x is 0 or 1, R₁, R₂, R₃ are independently selected from -H, -OH,



or



where R₄ is C₁-C₄ alkyl, with the proviso that at least two of R₁, R₂ or R₃ are



or mixtures thereof.

2. A composition according to claim 1 which has a pH in the range of from about 3.5 to about 5.

5 3. A composition according to claim 2 which has a pH of about 4.

4. A composition according to any of the preceding claims wherein the organic peracid precursor is selected from ethylene glycol diesters, triacetin, diacetin, or mixtures thereof.

10 5. A composition according to claim 4 wherein the organic peracid precursor is selected from triacetin and ethylene glycol diacetate.

6. A composition according to any of the preceding claims which comprises from about 0.5 % to about 20 % by weight of the total composition of hydrogen peroxide.

15 7. A composition according to any of the preceding claims which comprises from about 1 % to about 15 % by weight of the total composition of said organic peracid precursor.

20 8. A composition according to claim 6 which comprises from about 0.1 to about 2 moles of said organic peracid precursor per mole of hydrogen peroxide.

9. A composition according to any of the preceding claims which comprises from about 0.5 % to about 15 % by weight of the total composition of a surfactant.

25 10. A composition according to any of the preceding claims which comprises citric acid.

11. A composition according to any of the preceding claims which comprises butylated hydroxy toluene.

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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 92 20 0961

DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category	Citation of document with indication, where appropriate, of relevant passages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int. Cl.5)
X	EP-A-0 125 781 (INTEROX CHEMICALS LTD.) * page 11, line 37 - page 13, line 11 * * page 19, line 20 - page 23, line 36 * * page 25, line 14 - line 22 * * claims 1,2,19-23 * ---	1-6,9,10	C11D3/39
D,A	DATABASE WPIL Section Ch, Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class D25, AN 87-045571 [07] & JP-A-62 001 794 (KAO CORP.) * abstract * ---	1,4,5,9	
A	DATABASE WPIL Section Ch, Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class D25, AN 87-046869 [07] & JP-A-62 004 794 (KAO CORP.) * abstract * -----	1,4,5,9	
			TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int. Cl.5)
			C11D
The present search report has been drawn up for all claims			
Place of search THE HAGUE		Date of completion of the search 26 NOVEMBER 1992	Examiner SERBETSOGLOU A.
CATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS X : particularly relevant if taken alone Y : particularly relevant if combined with another document of the same category A : technological background O : non-written disclosure P : intermediate document		T : theory or principle underlying the invention E : earlier patent document, but published on, or after the filing date D : document cited in the application L : document cited for other reasons & : member of the same patent family, corresponding document	