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executable file /'eksɪ,kjutəb(ə)l faɪl/
noun a file that contains a program rather than data

executable form /'eksɪ,kjutəb(ə)l fɔrm/
noun a program translated or compiled into a machine code form that a processor can execute

execute /'eksɪ,kjut/ *verb* to run or carry out a computer program or process (NOTE: **executes** – **executing** – **executed**)

execute cycle /'eksɪkjut ,saɪk(ə)l/
noun events required to fetch, decode and carry out an instruction stored in memory. Also called **execution cycle**

execute mode /'eksɪkjut moud/
noun the process of entering a command in direct mode to start a program run

execute phase /'eksɪkjut feɪz/
noun a section of the execute cycle when the instruction is carried out. Also called **execution phase**

execute signal /'eksɪkjut ,sɪgn(ə)l/
noun a signal that steps the CPU through the execute cycle

execute statement /'eksɪkjut ,stetmənt/
noun a basic operating system command to start a program run

execute time /'eksɪkjut taɪm/
noun same as **execution time**

execution /,eksɪ'kjuʃ(ə)n/
noun the process of carrying out a computer program or process

execution address /,eksɪ'kjuʃ(ə)n ə ,dres/
noun a location in memory at which the first instruction in a program is stored

execution cycle /,eksɪ'kjuʃ(ə)n ,saɪk(ə)l/
noun same as **execute cycle**

execution error /,eksɪ'kjuʃ(ə)n ,erər/
noun an error occurring during program execution, due to bad inputs or a program error

execution phase /,eksɪ'kjuʃ(ə)n ,feɪz/
noun same as **execute phase**

execution time /,eksɪ'kjuʃ(ə)n ,taɪm/
noun 1. the time taken to run or carry out a program or series of instructions 2. the time taken for one execution cycle

executive /ɪg'zekjətɪv/
adjective normally refers to the operating system of a computer

executive control program /ɪg ,zekjətɪv kən'trəʊl ,prəʊgræm/
noun same as **OS**

executive information system /ɪg ,zekjətɪv ɪnfər'meɪʃ(ə)n ,sɪstəm/
noun full form of **EIS**

executive instruction /ɪg ,zekjətɪv ɪn'strʌkʃən/
noun an instruction used to

control and execute programs under the control of an operating system

executive program /ɪg ,zekjətɪv 'prəʊgræm/
noun same as **supervisory program**

exerciser /'eksəsaɪzər/
noun a tester for a device

exhaustive search /ɪg ,zɔstɪv 'sɜrtʃ/
noun a search through every record in a database

exit /'egzɪt/ *verb* to stop program execution or to leave a program and return control to the operating system or interpreter
○ *You have to exit to another editing system to add headlines.*

EXIT /'eksɪt/
noun an MS-DOS system command to stop and leave a child process and return to the parent process

exit point /'eksɪt pɔɪnt/
noun a point in a subroutine at which control is returned to the main program

exjunction /'eks ,dʒʌŋkʃən/
noun a logical function whose output is true if either of two inputs is true, and false if both inputs are the same

EXNOR /,eks 'nɔr/
noun a logical function whose output is true if all inputs are the same level, false if any are different. Full form **exclusive NOR**

EXNOR gate /,eks 'nɔr ,geɪt/
noun an electronic implementation of the EXNOR function

EXOR /,eks 'ɔr/
noun a logical function whose output is true if any input is true, and false if all the inputs are the same. Full form **exclusive OR**

EXOR gate /,eks 'ɔr ,geɪt/
noun an electronic implementation of the EXOR function

expandable system /ɪk ,spændəb(ə)l 'sɪstəm/
noun a computer system that is designed to be able to grow in power or memory by hardware or software additions

expanded memory /ɪk ,spændɪd 'mem(ə)ri/
noun the RAM memory installed a computer that is located at an address above 1MB

expanded memory board /ɪk ,spændɪd 'mem(ə)ri ,bɔrd/
noun an expansion board used to add extra memory to an IBM PC (NOTE: The memory follows the EMS standard.)

expanded memory manager /ɪk ,spændɪd 'mem(ə)ri ,mænɪdʒər/
noun full form of **EMM**

expanded memory specification /ɪk ,spændɪd 'mem(ə)ri ,spesɪfɪkeɪʃ(ə)n/
noun full form of **EMS**