Compound	EC90 (uM)
Example 49 (Diastereomeric mixture)	0.126
Fast Moving isomer of **Example 49**	0.03
Slow Moving isomer of **Example 49**	5.78

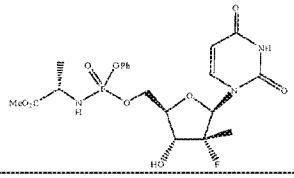
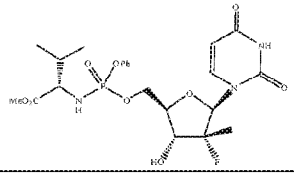
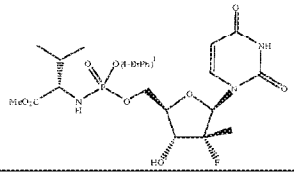
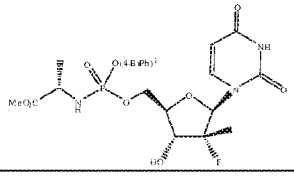
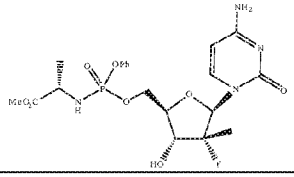
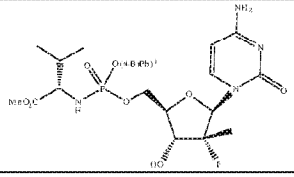
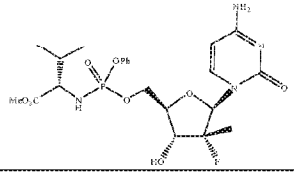
EXAMPLE 82

HCV replicon assay. HCV replicon RNA-containing Huh7 cells (clone A cells; Apath, LLC, St. Louis, Mo.) were kept at exponential growth in Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium (high glucose) containing 10% fetal bovine serum, 4 mM L-glutamine and 1 mM sodium pyruvate, 1× nonessential amino acids, and G418 (1,000 μg/ml). Antiviral assays were performed in the same medium without G418. Cells were seeded in a 96-well plate at 1,500 cells per well, and test compounds were added immediately after seeding. Incubation time 4 days. At the end of the incubation step, total cellular RNA was isolated (RNeasy 96 kit; Qiagen). Replicon RNA and an internal control (TaqMan rRNA control reagents; Applied Biosystems) were amplified in a single-step multiplex RT-PCR protocol as recommended by the manufacturer. The HCV primers and probe were designed with Primer Express software (Applied Biosystems) and covered highly conserved 5′-untranslated region (UTR) sequences (sense, 5′-AGCCATGGCGTTAGTA(T)GAGTGT-3′, and antisense, 5′-TTCCGCAGACCACTATGG-3′; probe, 5′-FAM-CCTCCAGGACCCCCCCTCCC-TAMRA-3′).

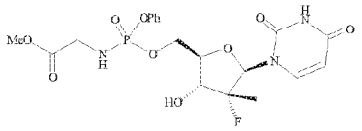
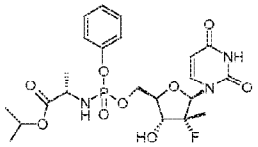
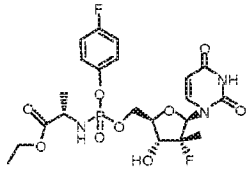
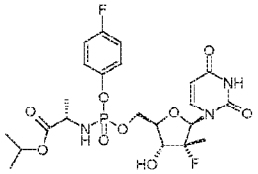
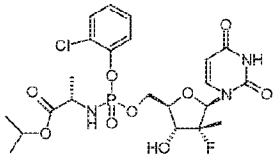
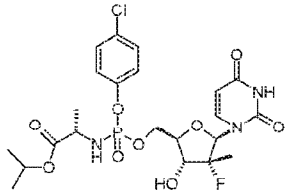
To express the antiviral effectiveness of a compound, the threshold RT-PCR cycle of the test compound was subtracted from the average threshold RT-PCR cycle of the no-drug control (ΔCt_{HCV}). A ΔCt of 3.3 equals a 1-log 10 reduction (equal to the 90% effective concentration [EC_{90}]) in replicon RNA levels. The cytotoxicity of the test compound could also be expressed by calculating the ΔCt_{rRNA} values. The ΔΔCt specificity parameter could then be introduced ($\Delta Ct_{HCV} - \Delta Ct_{rRNA}$), in which the levels of

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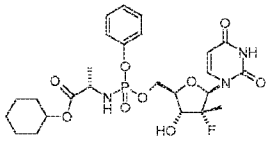
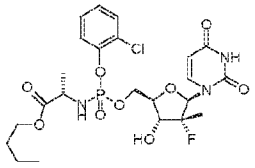
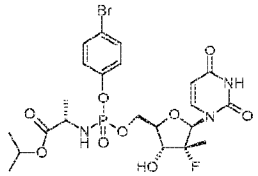
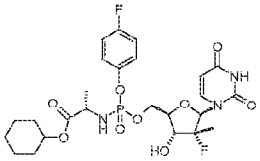
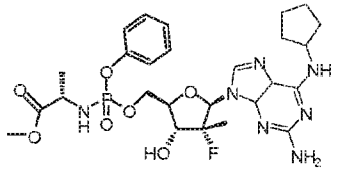
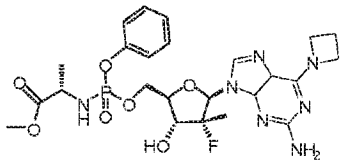
HCV RNA are normalized for the rRNA levels and calibrated against the no-drug control.

Ex #	Compound	Log10 Reduction at 50μM	EC90 (μM)
5		-1.21	3.0
6		-0.45	ND
7		0.31	ND
8		-1.48	2.11
10		-1.25	19.15
11		-0.55	ND
12		0.31	ND

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Ex #	Compound	Log10 Reduction at 50μM	EC90 (μM)
15		ND	0.86
25		-2.22	0.39
27		-2.25	0.66
28		-2.16	0.75
36		-1.64	21.9
39		-1.78	0.47

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Ex #	Compound	Log10 Reduction at 50μM	EC90 (μM)
49		-2.69	0.126
53		-1.33	<0.3
54		-1.55	0.57
55		-2.38	<0.3
69		-2.25	< 0.3
70		-2.25	<0.3

[1](4-BrPh): 4-bromo-phenyl.

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The entire contents of U.S. Provisional Application Nos. 60/909,315, filed March 30, 2007, and 60/982,309, filed October 24, 2007, are hereby incorporated by reference in the present application so far as needed to supplement the present disclosure and/or rectify any errors. Moreover, the patent and non-patent references disclosed herein are incorporated by reference. In the event that the incorporated patent and non-patent reference contains a term that conflicts with a term disclosed in either one of the two Provisional Applications or the present application text, the meaning of the term contained in the present application text and the two Provisional Applications controls provided that the overall meaning of the incorporated subject matter is not lost.

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Doc Code: CRF.TRNS.REQ
Document Description: Request for Transfer of a Computer Readable Form

PTO/SB/93 (11-14)
Approved for use through 07/31/2019. OMB 0651-0024
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number.

REQUEST FOR TRANSFER OF A COMPUTER READABLE FORM UNDER 37 CFR 1.821(e)

Application No.:	Not Yet Assigned	First Named Inventor:	Jinfa Du et al.
Filing Date:	Concurrently Herewith	Practitioner Docket No.:	37JD-199059-US13

Title of the Invention: NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

The sequence information in the paper copy or PDF file of the Sequence Listing submitted in this application in accordance with 37 CFR 1.821(c),

- [x] as part of the originally-filed specification of this application
- [ ] as a separate amendment of the specification filed
  - [ ] herewith
  - [ ] on _____

is identical to the sequence information in the

- [ ] only computer readable form
- [ ] last filed computer readable form
- [x] other computer readable form, which was filed on September 13, 2017

in application number 15/411,506, which was filed on January 20, 2017.

This computer readable form was compliant with 37 CFR 1.821-1.825, and applicant hereby requests that it be used as the computer readable form for the present application, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.821(e).

The above referenced paper copy or PDF file of the Sequence Listing contains no new matter.

A sequence listing text file submitted via EFS-Web that complies with the requirements of 37 CFR 1.824(a) (2)-(6) and (b) (i.e., is a compliant sequence listing ASCII text file), serves as both the paper copy required by 37 CFR 1.821(c) and the CRF required by 37 CFR 1.821(e). If a user submits a compliant sequence listing ASCII text file via EFS-Web, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office will not carry out a request to use a compliant computer readable "Sequence Listing" that is already on file for another application pursuant to 37 CFR 1.821(e) but will use the sequence listing submitted with the application as originally filed via EFS-Web.

It is understood that upon the transfer of a copy of the computer readable form to this application, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office will update the copy of the computer readable form to reflect the application number and filing date for this application.

Signature /Lorna L. Tanner/	Date October 22, 2020
Name (Print/Typed) Lorna L. Tanner	Practitioner Registration Number 50,782

Note: *This form must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33. See 37 CFR 1.4(d) for signature requirements and certifications. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required.**

[√] *Total of 1 forms are submitted.

SMRH:4843-5967-1759.1

PTO/AIA/15 (10-17)
Approved for use through 11/30/2020. OMB 0651-0032
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office; U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.	37JD-199059-US13
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Title	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS
Priority Mail Express® Label No.	E-FILED

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

1. [ ] **Fee Transmittal Form** (PTO/SB/17 or equivalent)
2. [ ] **Applicant asserts small entity status.** See 37 CFR 1.27
3. [ ] **Applicant certifies micro entity status.** See 37 CFR 1.29. Applicant must attach form PTO/SB/15A or B or equivalent.
4. [X] **Specification** [*Total Pages* 751]
   Both the claims and abstract must start on a new page.
   (See MPEP § 608.01(a) for information on the preferred arrangement)
5. [ ] **Drawing(s)** (35 U.S.C. 113) [*Total Sheets*]
6. **Inventor's Oath or Declaration** [*Total Pages* 4]
   (including substitute statements under 37 CFR 1.64 and assignments serving as an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.63(e))
   a. [ ] Newly executed (original or copy)
   b. [X] A copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
7. [X] **Application Data Sheet** ** See note below.*
   See 37 CFR 1.76 (PTO/AIA/14 or equivalent)
8. **CD-ROM or CD-R** in duplicate, large table, or Computer Program (*Appendix*)
   [ ] Landscape Table on CD
9. **Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission** (*if applicable, items a. – c. are required*)
   a. [ ] Computer Readable Form (CRF)
   b. [ ] Specification Sequence Listing on:
      i. [ ] CD-ROM or CD-R (2 copies); or
      ii. [ ] Paper
   c. [ ] Statements verifying identity of above copies

ADDRESS TO: **Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450**

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PAPERS

10. [ ] **Assignment Papers** (cover sheet & document(s))
    Name of Assignee
11. [ ] **37 CFR 3.73(c) Statement** (*when there is an assignee*) [ ] **Power of Attorney**
12. [ ] **English Translation Document** (*if applicable*)
13. [ ] **Information Disclosure Statement** (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449)
    [ ] Copies of citations attached
14. [X] **Preliminary Amendment**
15. [ ] **Return Receipt Postcard** (*MPEP § 503*) (*Should be specifically itemized*)
16. [ ] **Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)** (*if foreign priority is claimed*)
17. [ ] **Nonpublication Request** Under 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(i). Applicant must attach form PTO/SB/35 or equivalent.
18. [X] **Other:** Sequence Listing in PDF format and Request for Transfer of a Computer Readable Form

***Note:** (1) Benefit claims under 37 CFR 1.78 and foreign priority claims under 1.55 **must** be included in an Application Data Sheet (ADS).
(2) For applications filed under 35 U.S.C. 111, the application must contain an ADS specifying the applicant if the applicant is an assignee, person to whom the inventor is under an obligation to assign, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest in the matter. See 37 CFR 1.46(b).

19. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

[X] The address associated with Customer Number: 117796 **OR** [ ] Correspondence address below

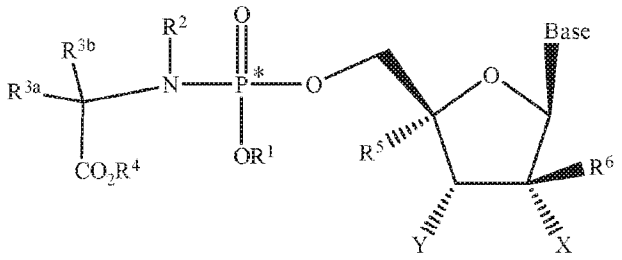
Name					
Address					
City		State		Zip Code	
Country		Telephone		Email	

Signature	/Lorna L. Tanner/	Date	October 22, 2020
Name (Print/Type)	Lorna L. Tanner	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)	50,782

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We claim:

1. A compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, represented by formula I:



I

wherein

(a) R^1 is hydrogen, n-alkyl; branched alkyl; cycloalkyl; or aryl, which includes, but is not limited to, phenyl or naphthyl, where phenyl or naphthyl are optionally substituted with at least one of C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, F, Cl, Br, I, nitro, cyano, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, $-N(R^{1'})_2$, C_{1-6} acylamino, $-NHSO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-SO_2N(R^{1'})_2$, $COR^{1''}$, and $-SO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl; ($R^{1'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{1''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{1'})_2$);

(b) R^2 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, R^{3a} or R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, $C(O)CR^{3a}R^{3b}NHR^1$, where n is 2 to 4 and R^1, R^{3a}, and R^{3b};

(c) R^{3a} and R^{3b} are (i) independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_e(NR^{3'})_2$, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, $-CH_2SH$, $-(CH_2)_2S(O)_dMe$, $-(CH_2)_3NHC(=NH)NH_2$, (1H-indol-3-yl)methyl, (1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl, $-(CH_2)_eCOR^{3''}$, aryl and aryl C_{1-3} alkyl, said aryl groups optionally substituted with a group selected from hydroxyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halogen, nitro and cyano; (ii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} both are C_{1-6} alkyl; (iii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} together are$(CH_2)_f$ so as to form a spiro ring; (iv) R^{3a} is hydrogen and R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that

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includes the adjoining N and C atoms (v) R^{3b} is hydrogen and R^{3a} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, where c is 1 to 6, d is 0 to 2, e is 0 to 3, f is 2 to 5, n is 2 to 4, and where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl and $R^{3''}$ is -OR' or –$N(R^{3'})_2$); (vi) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is H, CH_3, CH_2CH_3, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl; or (viii) R^{3a} is CH_3, $-CH_2CH_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl and R^{3b} is H, where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{3''}$ is OR' or $-N(R^{3'})_2$);

(d) R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with a lower alkyl, alkoxy, di(lower alkyl)-amino, or halogen, C_{1-10} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl alkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, aminoacyl, aryl, such as phenyl, heteroaryl, such as, pyridinyl,substituted aryl, or substituted heteroaryl;

(e) R^5 is H, a lower alkyl, CN, vinyl, O-(lower alkyl), hydroxyl lower alkyl, i.e., $-(CH_2)_pOH$, where p is 1 -6, including hydroxyl methyl (CH_2OH), CH_2F, N_3, CH_2CN, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or halogen, including F, Cl, Br, or I, with the provisos that when X is OH, base is cytosine and R^6 is H, R^5 cannot be N_3 and when X is OH, R^6 is CH_3 or CH_2F and B is a purine base, R^5 cannot be H;

(f) R^6 is H, CH_3, CH_2F, CHF_2, CF_3, F, or CN;

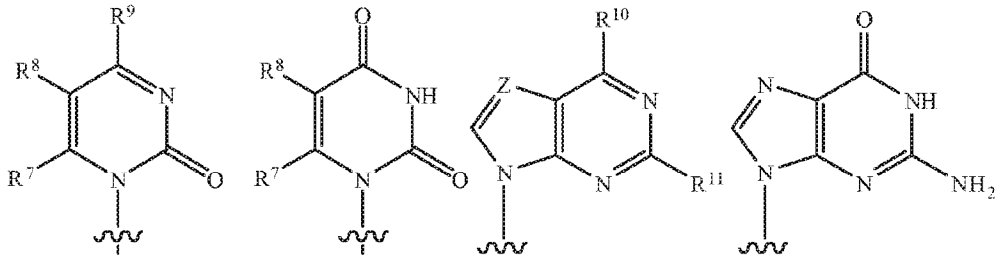
(g) X is H, OH, F, OMe, halogen, NH_2, or N_3;

(h) Y is OH, H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4} alkynyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4}

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alkenyl), OC_{1-10} haloalkyl, O(aminoacyl), $O(C_{1-10}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-18}$ acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optionally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $C(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-4}$ acyl)$_2$;

the base is a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base represented by the following structures:



a **b** **c** **d**

wherein

Z is N or CR^{12};

R^7, R^8,R^9, R^{10}, and $R^{11}$are independently H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkynyl of C_2-

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C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', $CONR'_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, or $CH=CHCO_2R'$,

wherein R' is an optionally substituted alkyl , which includes, but is not limited to, an optionally substituted C_{1-20} alkyl, an optionally substituted C_{1-10} alkyl, an optionally substituted lower alkyl; an optionally substituted cycloalkyl; an optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, an optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl, which includes but is not limited to C(O) alkyl, C(O)(C_{1-20} alkyl), C(O)(C_{1-10} alkyl), or C(O)(lower alkyl) or alternatively, in the instance of NR'_2, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

R^{12} is an H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'_2, NO_2 lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 , lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', $CONR'_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, or $CH=CHCO_2R'$; with the proviso that when base is represented by the structure c with R^{11} being hydrogen, R^{12} is not a: (i) –C≡C–H, (ii) $–C=CH_2$, or (iii) $–NO_2$.

2. A compound its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof selected from among

5 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

6 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

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7 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

8 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

9 N^4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylformamidinyl)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine;

10 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-C-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenyoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

11 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate (2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

12 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

13 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

14 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

15 {[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-acetic acid methyl ester;

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16 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

17 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

18 (S)-1-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphoryl}-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

19 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

20 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

21 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

22 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

23 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

24 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid sec-butyl ester;

25 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

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26 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

27 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid ethyl ester;

28 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

29 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

30 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

31 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

32 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

33 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

34 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

35 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

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36 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

37 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

38 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid pentyl ester;

39 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

40 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

41 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

42 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

43 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

44 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid methyl ester;

45 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 4-fluoro-benzyl ester;

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46 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

47 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 3-methyl-butyl ester;

48 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

49 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

50 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

51 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

52 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

53 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

54 (S)-2-{(4-Bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

55 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

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56 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-bromo-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

57 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

58 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

59 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

60 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4 R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

61 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2-difluoro-ethyl ester;

62 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-trifluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

63 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2-fluoro-1-fluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

64 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclopropyl methyl ester;

65 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclopentyl ester;

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66 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-Amino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

67 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-hydroxy-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

68 (S)-2-{(R)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,6-Diamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

69 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclopentylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

70 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-azetidin-1-yl-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

71 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-diethylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

72 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-propylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

73 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclobutylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

74 (S)-2-({(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-[2-Amino-6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-purin-9-yl]-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy}-phenoxy-phosphorylamino)-propionic acid methyl ester;

75 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(propylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

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76 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclobutylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

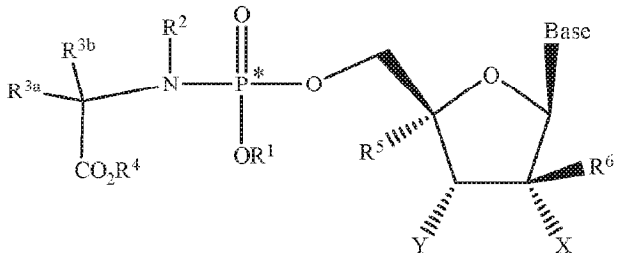
77 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclopentylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

78 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(aziridin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

79 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(piperidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate; and

80 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(azetidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate.

3. A composition for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of any of the viral agents disclosed herein said composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable medium selected from among an excipient, carrier, diluent, and equivalent medium and a compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, represented by formula I:



I

wherein

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(a) R^1 is hydrogen, n-alkyl; branched alkyl; cycloalkyl; or aryl, which includes, but is not limited to, phenyl or naphthyl, where phenyl or naphthyl are optionally substituted with at least one of C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, F, Cl, Br, I, nitro, cyano, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, $-N(R^{1'})_2$, C_{1-6} acylamino, $-NHSO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-SO_2N(R^{1'})_2$, $COR^{1''}$, and $-SO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl; ($R^{1'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{1''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{1'})_2$);

(b) R^2 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, R^{3a} or R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, $C(O)CR^{3a}R^{3b}NHR^1$, where n is 2 to 4 and R^1, R^{3a}, and R^{3b};

(c) R^{3a} and R^{3b} are (i) independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_c(NR^{3'})_2$, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, $-CH_2SH$, $-(CH_2)_2S(O)_dMe$, $-(CH_2)_3NHC(=NH)NH_2$, (1H-indol-3-yl)methyl, (1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl, $-(CH_2)_eCOR^{3''}$, aryl and aryl C_{1-3} alkyl, said aryl groups optionally substituted with a group selected from hydroxyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halogen, nitro and cyano; (ii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} both are C_{1-6} alkyl; (iii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} together are$(CH_2)_f$ so as to form a spiro ring; (iv) R^{3a} is hydrogen and R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms (v) R^{3b} is hydrogen and R^{3a} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, where c is 1 to 6, d is 0 to 2, e is 0 to 3, f is 2 to 5, n is 2 to 4, and where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl and $R^{3''}$ is -OR' or $–N(R^{3'})_2$); (vi) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is H, CH_3, CH_2CH_3, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl; or (viii) R^{3a} is CH_3, $-CH_2CH_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl and R^{3b} is H, where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or

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alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{3''}$ is –OR' or -$N(R^{3'})_2$);

(d) R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with a lower alkyl, alkoxy, di(lower alkyl)-amino, or halogen, C_{1-10} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl alkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, aminoacyl, aryl, such as phenyl, heteroaryl, such as, pyridinyl, substituted aryl, or substituted heteroaryl;

(e) R^5 is H, a lower alkyl, CN, vinyl, O-(lower alkyl), hydroxyl lower alkyl, i.e., -$(CH_2)_pOH$, where p is 1 -6, including hydroxyl methyl (CH_2OH), CH_2F, N_3, CH_2CN, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or halogen, including F, Cl, Br, or I, with the provisos that when X is OH, base is cytosine and R^6 is H, R^5 cannot be N_3 and when X is OH, R^6 is CH_3 or CH_2F and B is a purine base, R^5 cannot be H;

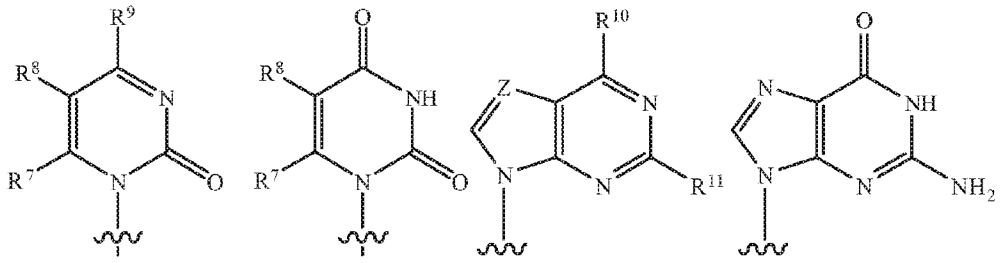
(f) R^6 is H, CH_3, CH_2F, CHF_2, CF_3, F, or CN;

(g) X is H, OH, F, OMe, halogen, NH_2, or N_3;

(h) Y is OH, H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4} alkynyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), OC_{1-10} haloalkyl, O(aminoacyl), O(C_{1-10} acyl), O(C_{1-4} alkyl), O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), S(C_{1-4} acyl), S(C_{1-4} alkyl), S(C_{2-4} alkynyl), S(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO(C_{1-4} acyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} acyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkenyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} acyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} alkyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH_2, NH(C_{1-4} alkyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkynyl), NH(C_{1-4} acyl), N(C_{1-4} alkyl)$_2$, N(C_{1-18} acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optionally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, C(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), C(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), C(O)O(C_{2-4} alkynyl), C(O)O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), O(C_{1-4} acyl), O(C_{1-4} alkyl), O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), S(C_{1-4} acyl), S(C_{1-4} alkyl), S(C_{2-4} alkynyl), S(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO(C_{1-4} acyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} acyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkenyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} acyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} alkyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH_2, NH(C_{1-4} alkyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkynyl), NH(C_{1-4} acyl), N(C_{1-4} alkyl)$_2$, N(C_{1-4} acyl)$_2$;

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the base is a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base represented by the following structures:



a b c d

wherein

Z is N or CR^{12};

R^7, R^8,R^9, R^{10}, and $R^{11}$are independently H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'_2, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', $CONR'_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, or $CH=CHCO_2R'$,

wherein R' is an optionally substituted alkyl , which includes, but is not limited to, an optionally substituted C_{1-20} alkyl, an optionally substituted C_{1-10} alkyl, an optionally substituted lower alkyl; an optionally substituted cycloalkyl; an optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, an optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl, which includes but is not limited to C(O) alkyl, C(O)(C_{1-20} alkyl), C(O)(C_{1-10} alkyl), or C(O)(lower alkyl) or alternatively, in the instance of NR'_2, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

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R^{12} is an H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, NO_2 lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 , lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', CONR'$_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, or $CH=CHCO_2R'$; with the proviso that when base is represented by the structure c with R^{11} being hydrogen, R^{12} is not a: (i) $-C\equiv C-H$, (ii) $-C=CH_2$, or (iii) $-NO_2$.

4. A composition for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of any of the viral agents disclosed herein said composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable medium selected from among an excipient, carrier, diluent, and equivalent medium and a compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, selected from among

5 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

6 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

7 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

8 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

9 N^4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylformamidinyl)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine;

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10 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-C-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenyoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

11 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate (2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

12 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

13 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

14 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

15 {[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-acetic acid methyl ester;

16 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

17 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

18 (S)-1-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphoryl}-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

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19 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

20 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

21 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

22 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

23 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

24 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid sec-butyl ester;

25 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

26 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

27 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid ethyl ester;

28 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

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29 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

30 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

31 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

32 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

33 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

34 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

35 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

36 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

37 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

38 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid pentyl ester;

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39 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

40 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

41 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

42 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

43 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

44 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid methyl ester;

45 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 4-fluoro-benzyl ester;

46 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

47 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 3-methyl-butyl ester;

48 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

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49 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

50 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

51 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

52 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

53 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

54 (S)-2-{(4-Bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

55 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

56 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-bromo-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

57 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

58 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

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59 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

60 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4 R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

61 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2-difluoro-ethyl ester;

62 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-trifluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

63 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2-fluoro-1-fluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

64 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclopropyl methyl ester;

65 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclopentyl ester;

66 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-Amino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

67 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-hydroxy-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

68 (S)-2-{(R)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,6-Diamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

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69 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclopentylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

70 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-azetidin-1-yl-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

71 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-diethylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

72 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-propylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

73 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclobutylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

74 (S)-2-({(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-[2-Amino-6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-purin-9-yl]-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy}-phenoxy-phosphorylamino)-propionic acid methyl ester;

75 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(propylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

76 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclobutylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

77 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclopentylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

78 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(aziridin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

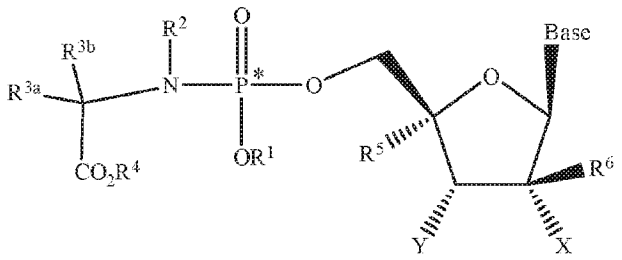
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79 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(piperidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate; and

80 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(azetidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate.

5. A use of the compound represented by formula I in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of any condition the result of an infection by hepatitis C virus, West Nile virus, yellow fever virus, dengue virus, rhinovirus, polio virus, hepatitis A virus, bovine viral diarrhea virus or Japanese encephalitis virus.

wherein the compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, are represented by formula I:



I

wherein

(a) R^1 is hydrogen, n-alkyl; branched alkyl; cycloalkyl; or aryl, which includes, but is not limited to, phenyl or naphthyl, where phenyl or naphthyl are optionally substituted with at least one of C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, F, Cl, Br, I, nitro, cyano, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, $-N(R^{1'})_2$, C_{1-6} acylamino, $-NHSO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-SO_2N(R^{1'})_2$, $COR^{1''}$, and $-SO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl; ($R^{1'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{1''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{1'})_2$);

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(b) R^2 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, R^{3a} or R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, $C(O)CR^{3a}R^{3b}NHR^1$, where n is 2 to 4 and R^1, R^{3a}, and R^{3b};

(c) R^{3a} and R^{3b} are (i) independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_c(NR^{3'})_2$, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, $-CH_2SH$, $-(CH_2)_2S(O)_dMe$, $-(CH_2)_3NHC(=NH)NH_2$, (1H-indol-3-yl)methyl, (1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl, $-(CH_2)_eCOR^{3''}$, aryl and aryl C_{1-3} alkyl, said aryl groups optionally substituted with a group selected from hydroxyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halogen, nitro and cyano; (ii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} both are C_{1-6} alkyl; (iii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} together are$(CH_2)_f$ so as to form a spiro ring; (iv) R^{3a} is hydrogen and R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms (v) R^{3b} is hydrogen and R^{3a} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, where c is 1 to 6, d is 0 to 2, e is 0 to 3, f is 2 to 5, n is 2 to 4, and where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl and $R^{3''}$ is -OR' or $-N(R^{3'})_2$); (vi) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is H, CH_3, CH_2CH_3, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl; or (viii) R^{3a} is CH_3, $-CH_2CH_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl and R^{3b} is H, where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{3''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{3'})_2$);

(d) R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with a lower alkyl, alkoxy, di(lower alkyl)-amino, or halogen, C_{1-10} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl alkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, aminoacyl, aryl, such as phenyl, heteroaryl, such as, pyridinyl, substituted aryl, or substituted heteroaryl;

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(e) R^5 is H, a lower alkyl, CN, vinyl, O-(lower alkyl), hydroxyl lower alkyl, i.e., -$(CH_2)_pOH$, where p is 1 -6, including hydroxyl methyl (CH_2OH), CH_2F, N_3, CH_2CN, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or halogen, including F, Cl, Br, or I, with the provisos that when X is OH, base is cytosine and R^6 is H, R^5 cannot be N_3 and when X is OH, R^6 is CH_3 or CH_2F and B is a purine base, R^5 cannot be H;

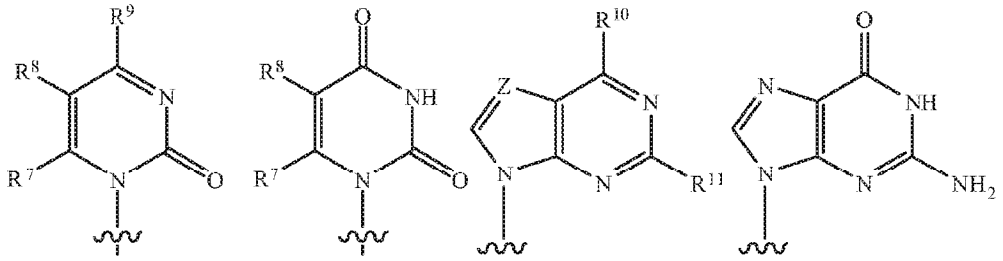
(f) R^6 is H, CH_3, CH_2F, CHF_2, CF_3, F, or CN;

(g) X is H, OH, F, OMe, halogen, NH_2, or N_3;

(h) Y is OH, H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, $OC(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OC(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OC(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $OC(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), OC_{1-10} haloalkyl, O(aminoacyl), $O(C_{1-10}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-18}$ acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optionally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $C(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-4}$ acyl)$_2$;

the base is a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base represented by the following structures:

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a b c d

wherein

Z is N or CR^{12};

R^7, R^8,R^9, R^{10}, and $R^{11}$are independently H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'_2, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', $CONR'_2$, CH=$CHCO_2H$, or CH=$CHCO_2R'$,

wherein R' is an optionally substituted alkyl , which includes, but is not limited to, an optionally substituted C_{1-20} alkyl, an optionally substituted C_{1-10} alkyl, an optionally substituted lower alkyl; an optionally substituted cycloalkyl; an optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, an optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl, which includes but is not limited to C(O) alkyl, C(O)(C_{1-20} alkyl), C(O)(C_{1-10} alkyl), or C(O)(lower alkyl) or alternatively, in the instance of NR'_2, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

R^{12} is an H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'_2, NO_2 lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 , lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', $CONR'_2$,

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CH=CHCO$_2$H, or CH=CHCO$_2$R'; with the proviso that when base is represented by the structure c with R^{11} being hydrogen, R^{12} is not a: (i) –C≡C–H, (ii) –C=CH$_2$, or (iii) –NO$_2$.

6. A use of

a compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, selected from among

5 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

6 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

7 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

8 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

9 N^4-(*N,N*-dimethylformamidinyl)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine;

10 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-C-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenyoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

11 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate (2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-

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yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

12 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

13 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

14 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

15 {[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-acetic acid methyl ester;

16 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

17 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

18 (S)-1-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphoryl}-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

19 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

20 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

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21 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

22 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

23 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

24 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid sec-butyl ester;

25 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

26 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

27 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid ethyl ester;

28 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

29 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

30 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

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31 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

32 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

33 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

34 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

35 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

36 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

37 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

38 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid pentyl ester;

39 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

40 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

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41 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

42 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

43 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

44 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid methyl ester;

45 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 4-fluoro-benzyl ester;

46 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

47 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 3-methyl-butyl ester;

48 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

49 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

50 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

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51 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

52 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

53 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

54 (S)-2-{(4-Bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

55 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

56 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-bromo-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

57 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

58 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

59 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

60 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4 R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

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61 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2-difluoro-ethyl ester;

62 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-trifluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

63 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2-fluoro-1-fluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

64 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclopropyl methyl ester;

65 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclopentyl ester;

66 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-Amino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

67 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-hydroxy-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

68 (S)-2-{(R)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,6-Diamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

69 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclopentylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

70 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-azetidin-1-yl-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

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71 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-diethylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

72 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-propylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

73 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclobutylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

74 (S)-2-({(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-[2-Amino-6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-purin-9-y l]-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy}-phenoxy-p hosphorylamino)-propionic acid methyl ester;

75 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(propylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

76 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclobutylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

77 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclopentylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

78 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(aziridin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

79 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(piperidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate; and

80 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(azetidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate

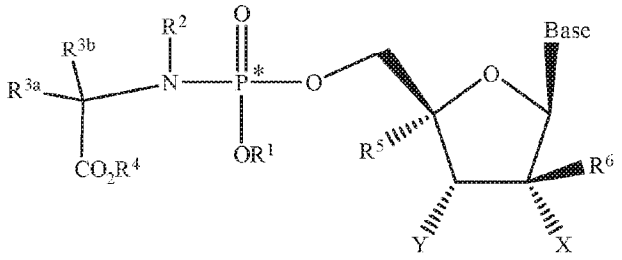
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in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of any condition the result of an infection by hepatitis C virus, West Nile virus, yellow fever virus, dengue virus, rhinovirus, polio virus, hepatitis A virus, bovine viral diarrhea virus or Japanese encephalitis virus.

7. A method of treatment in a subject in need thereof, which comprises:

administering a therapeutically effective amount of the compound represented by formula I to the subject;

wherein the compound or its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof represented by formula I:



I

wherein

(a) R^1 is hydrogen, n-alkyl; branched alkyl; cycloalkyl; or aryl, which includes, but is not limited to, phenyl or naphthyl, where phenyl or naphthyl are optionally substituted with at least one of C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, F, Cl, Br, I, nitro, cyano, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, $-N(R^{1'})_2$, C_{1-6} acylamino, $-NHSO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-SO_2N(R^{1'})_2$, $COR^{1''}$, and $-SO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl; ($R^{1'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{1''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{1'})_2$);

(b) R^2 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, R^{3a} or R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, $C(O)CR^{3a}R^{3b}NHR^1$, where n is 2 to 4 and R^1, R^{3a}, and R^{3b};

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(c) R^{3a} and R^{3b} are (i) independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_e(NR^{3'})_2$, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, $-CH_2SH$, $-(CH_2)_2S(O)_dMe$, $-(CH_2)_3NHC(=NH)NH_2$, (1H-indol-3-yl)methyl, (1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl, $-(CH_2)_eCOR^{3''}$, aryl and aryl C_{1-3} alkyl, said aryl groups optionally substituted with a group selected from hydroxyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halogen, nitro and cyano; (ii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} both are C_{1-6} alkyl; (iii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} together are$(CH_2)_f$ so as to form a spiro ring; (iv) R^{3a} is hydrogen and R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms (v) R^{3b} is hydrogen and R^{3a} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, where c is 1 to 6, d is 0 to 2, e is 0 to 3, f is 2 to 5, n is 2 to 4, and where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl and $R^{3''}$ is -OR' or $-N(R^{3'})_2$); (vi) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is H, CH_3, CH_2CH_3, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl; or (viii) R^{3a} is CH_3, $-CH_2CH_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl and R^{3b} is H, where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{3''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{3'})_2$);

(d) R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with a lower alkyl, alkoxy, di(lower alkyl)-amino, or halogen, C_{1-10} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl alkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, aminoacyl, aryl, such as phenyl, heteroaryl, such as, pyridinyl, substituted aryl, or substituted heteroaryl;

(e) R^5 is H, a lower alkyl, CN, vinyl, O-(lower alkyl), hydroxyl lower alkyl, i.e., $-(CH_2)_pOH$, where p is 1 -6, including hydroxyl methyl (CH_2OH), CH_2F, N_3, CH_2CN, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or halogen, including F, Cl, Br, or I, with the provisos that when X is OH, base is cytosine and R^6 is

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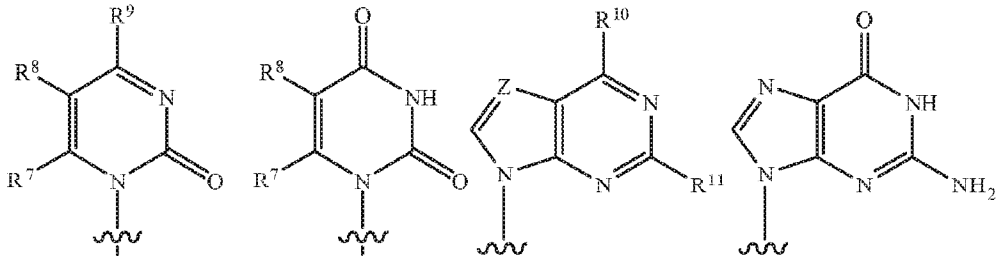
H, R^5 cannot be N_3 and when X is OH, R^6 is CH_3 or CH_2F and B is a purine base, R^5 cannot be H;

(f) R^6 is H, CH_3, CH_2F, CHF_2, CF_3, F, or CN;

(g) X is H, OH, F, OMe, halogen, NH_2, or N_3;

(h) Y is OH, H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, $OC(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OC(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OC(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $OC(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), OC_{1-10} haloalkyl, O(aminoacyl), $O(C_{1-10}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-18}$ acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optionally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $C(O)O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-4}$ acyl)$_2$;

the base is a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base represented by the following structures:



a **b** **c** **d**

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wherein

Z is N or CR^{12};

R^7, R^8,R^9, R^{10}, and $R^{11}$are independently H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', CONR'$_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, or $CH=CHCO_2R'$,

wherein R' is an optionally substituted alkyl , which includes, but is not limited to, an optionally substituted C_{1-20} alkyl, an optionally substituted C_{1-10} alkyl, an optionally substituted lower alkyl; an optionally substituted cycloalkyl; an optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, an optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl, which includes but is not limited to C(O) alkyl, C(O)(C_{1-20} alkyl), C(O)(C_{1-10} alkyl), or C(O)(lower alkyl) or alternatively, in the instance of NR'$_2$, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

R^{12} is an H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, NO_2 lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 , lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', CONR'$_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, or $CH=CHCO_2R'$; with the proviso that when base is represented by the structure c with R^{11} being hydrogen, R^{12} is not a: (i) –C≡C–H, (ii) –C=CH_2, or (iii) –NO_2.

8. A method of treatment in a subject in need thereof, which comprises:

administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, selected from among

5 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-

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hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

6 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

7 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

8 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

9 N^4-(*N,N*-dimethylformamidinyl)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine;

10 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-C-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenyoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

11 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate (2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

12 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

13 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

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14 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

15 {[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-acetic acid methyl ester;

16 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

17 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

18 (S)-1-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphoryl}-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

19 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

20 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

21 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

22 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

23 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

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24 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid sec-butyl ester;

25 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

26 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

27 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid ethyl ester;

28 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

29 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

30 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

31 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

32 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

33 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

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34 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

35 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

36 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

37 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

38 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid pentyl ester;

39 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

40 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

41 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

42 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

43 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

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44 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid methyl ester;

45 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 4-fluoro-benzyl ester;

46 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

47 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 3-methyl-butyl ester;

48 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

49 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

50 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

51 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

52 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

53 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

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54 (S)-2-{(4-Bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

55 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

56 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-bromo-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

57 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

58 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

59 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

60 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4 R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

61 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2-difluoro-ethyl ester;

62 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-trifluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

63 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2-fluoro-1-fluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

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64 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclopropyl methyl ester;

65 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclopentyl ester;

66 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-Amino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

67 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-hydroxy-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

68 (S)-2-{(R)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,6-Diamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

69 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclopentylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

70 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-azetidin-1-yl-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

71 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-diethylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

72 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-propylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

73 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclobutylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

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74 (S)-2-({(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-[2-Amino-6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-purin-9-y l]-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy}-phenoxy-phosphorylamino)-propionic acid methyl ester;

75 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(propylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

76 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclobutylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

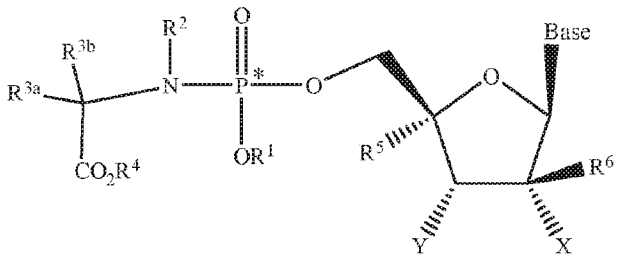
77 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclopentylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

78 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(aziridin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

79 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(piperidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate; and

80 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(azetidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate.

9. A process for preparing a compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, represented by formula I:



I

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wherein

(a) R^1 is hydrogen, n-alkyl; branched alkyl; cycloalkyl; or aryl, which includes, but is not limited to, phenyl or naphthyl, where phenyl or naphthyl are optionally substituted with at least one of C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, F, Cl, Br, I, nitro, cyano, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, $-N(R^{1'})_2$, C_{1-6} acylamino, $-NHSO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-SO_2N(R^{1'})_2$, $COR^{1''}$, and $-SO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl; ($R^{1'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{1''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{1'})_2$);

(b) R^2 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, R^{3a} or R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, $C(O)CR^{3a}R^{3b}NHR^1$, where n is 2 to 4 and R^1, R^{3a}, and R^{3b};

(c) R^{3a} and R^{3b} are (i) independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_c(NR^{3'})_2$, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, $-CH_2SH$, $-(CH_2)_2S(O)_dMe$, $-(CH_2)_3NHC(=NH)NH_2$, (1H-indol-3-yl)methyl, (1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl, $-(CH_2)_eCOR^{3''}$, aryl and aryl C_{1-3} alkyl, said aryl groups optionally substituted with a group selected from hydroxyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halogen, nitro and cyano; (ii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} both are C_{1-6} alkyl; (iii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} together are$(CH_2)_f$ so as to form a spiro ring; (iv) R^{3a} is hydrogen and R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms (v) R^{3b} is hydrogen and R^{3a} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, where c is 1 to 6, d is 0 to 2, e is 0 to 3, f is 2 to 5, n is 2 to 4, and where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl and $R^{3''}$ is -OR' or $-N(R^{3'})_2$); (vi) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is H, CH_3, CH_2CH_3, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl; or (viii) R^{3a} is CH_3, $-CH_2CH_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-

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Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl and R^{3b} is H, where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{3''}$ is –OR' or -$N(R^{3'})_2$);

(d) R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with a lower alkyl, alkoxy, di(lower alkyl)-amino, or halogen, C_{1-10} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl alkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, aminoacyl, aryl, such as phenyl, heteroaryl, such as, pyridinyl, substituted aryl, or substituted heteroaryl;

(e) R^5 is H, a lower alkyl, CN, vinyl, O-(lower alkyl), hydroxyl lower alkyl, i.e., -$(CH_2)_pOH$, where p is 1 -6, including hydroxyl methyl (CH_2OH), CH_2F, N_3, CH_2CN, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or halogen, including F, Cl, Br, or I, with the provisos that when X is OH, base is cytosine and R^6 is H, R^5 cannot be N_3 and when X is OH, R^6 is CH_3 or CH_2F and B is a purine base, R^5 cannot be H;

(f) R^6 is H, CH_3, CH_2F, CHF_2, CF_3, F, or CN;

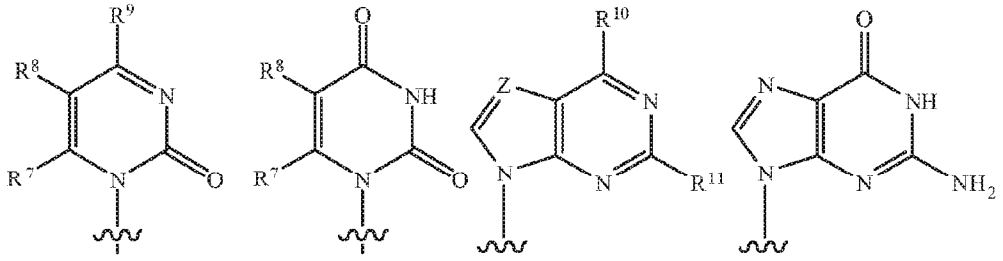
(g) X is H, OH, F, OMe, halogen, NH_2, or N_3;

(h) Y is OH, H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4} alkynyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), OC_{1-10} haloalkyl, O(aminoacyl), O(C_{1-10} acyl), O(C_{1-4} alkyl), O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), S(C_{1-4} acyl), S(C_{1-4} alkyl), S(C_{2-4} alkynyl), S(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO(C_{1-4} acyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} acyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkenyl), OS(O)$_2$(C_{1-4} acyl), OS(O)$_2$(C_{1-4} alkyl), OS(O)$_2$(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH_2, NH(C_{1-4} alkyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkynyl), NH(C_{1-4} acyl), N(C_{1-4} alkyl)$_2$, N(C_{1-18} acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optionally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, C(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), C(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), C(O)O(C_{2-4} alkynyl), C(O)O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), O(C_{1-4} acyl), O(C_{1-4} alkyl), O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), S(C_{1-4} acyl), S(C_{1-4} alkyl), S(C_{2-4} alkynyl), S(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO(C_{1-4} acyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} acyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO_2(C_{2-4}

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alkenyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $OS(O)_2(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{2-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-4}$ acyl)$_2$;

the base is a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base represented by the following structures:



a **b** **c** **d**

wherein

Z is N or CR^{12};

R^7, R^8,R^9, R^{10}, and $R^{11}$are independently H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', CONR'$_2$, CH=$CHCO_2H$, or CH=$CHCO_2R'$,

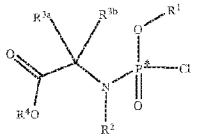
wherein R' is an optionally substituted alkyl , which includes, but is not limited to, an optionally substituted C_{1-20} alkyl, an optionally substituted C_{1-10} alkyl, an optionally substituted lower alkyl; an optionally substituted cycloalkyl; an optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, an optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl, which includes but is not limited to C(O) alkyl, C(O)(C_{1-20} alkyl), C(O)(C_{1-10} alkyl), or C(O)(lower alkyl) or alternatively, in the instance of NR'$_2$, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

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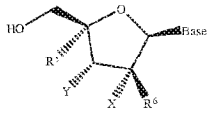
R^{12} is an H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, NO_2 lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 , lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', CONR'$_2$, CH=CHCO_2H, or CH=CHCO_2R'; with the proviso that when base is represented by the structure c with R^{11} being hydrogen, R^{12} is not a: (i) –C≡C–H, (ii) –C=CH_2, or (iii) –NO_2;

said process comprising:

reacting a substituted phosphochloridate compound **4** with a nucleoside analog **5**



4



5

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10. A process for preparing a compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, selected from among

5 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

6 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

7 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

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8 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

9 N^4-(*N,N*-dimethylformamidinyl)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine;

10 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-C-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenyoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

11 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate (2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

12 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

13 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

14 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

15 {[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-acetic acid methyl ester;

16 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

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17 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

18 (S)-1-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphoryl}-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

19 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

20 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

21 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

22 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

23 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

24 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid sec-butyl ester;

25 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

26 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

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27 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid ethyl ester;

28 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

29 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

30 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

31 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

32 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

33 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

34 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

35 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

36 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

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37 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

38 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid pentyl ester;

39 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

40 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

41 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

42 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

43 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

44 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid methyl ester;

45 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 4-fluoro-benzyl ester;

46 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

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47 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 3-methyl-butyl ester;

48 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

49 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

50 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

51 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

52 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

53 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

54 (S)-2-{(4-Bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

55 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

56 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-bromo-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

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57 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

58 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

59 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

60 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4 R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

61 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2-difluoro-ethyl ester;

62 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-trifluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

63 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2-fluoro-1-fluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

64 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclopropyl methyl ester;

65 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclopentyl ester;

66 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-Amino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

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67 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-hydroxy-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

68 (S)-2-{(R)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,6-Diamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

69 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclopentylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

70 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-azetidin-1-yl-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

71 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-diethylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

72 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-propylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

73 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclobutylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

74 (S)-2-({(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-[2-Amino-6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-purin-9-y l]-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy}-phenoxy-phosphorylamino)-propionic acid methyl ester;

75 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(propylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

76 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclobutylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

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77 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclopentylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

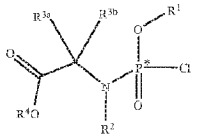
78 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(aziridin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

79 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(piperidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate; and

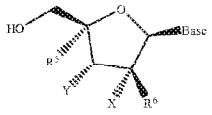
80 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(azetidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate

said process comprising:

reacting a substituted phosphochloridate compound **4** with a nucleoside analog **5**



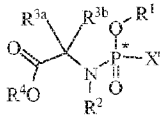
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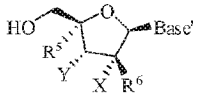
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11. A product its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate or crystalline form thereof, prepared a process comprising:

reacting a substituted phosphochloridate compound **4** with a nucleoside analog **5**



4



5

wherein

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(a) R^1 is hydrogen, n-alkyl; branched alkyl; cycloalkyl; or aryl, which includes, but is not limited to, phenyl or naphthyl, where phenyl or naphthyl are optionally substituted with at least one of C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, F, Cl, Br, I, nitro, cyano, C_{1-6} haloalkyl, $-N(R^{1'})_2$, C_{1-6} acylamino, $-NHSO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl, $-SO_2N(R^{1'})_2$, $COR^{1''}$, and $-SO_2C_{1-6}$ alkyl; ($R^{1'}$ is independently hydrogen or alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{1''}$ is –OR' or $-N(R^{1'})_2$);

(b) R^2 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, R^{3a} or R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, $C(O)CR^{3a}R^{3b}NHR^1$, where n is 2 to 4 and R^1, R^{3a}, and R^{3b};

(c) R^{3a} and R^{3b} are (i) independently selected from hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, cycloalkyl, $-(CH_2)_c(NR^{3'})_2$, C_{1-6} hydroxyalkyl, $-CH_2SH$, $-(CH_2)_2S(O)_dMe$, $-(CH_2)_3NHC(=NH)NH_2$, (1H-indol-3-yl)methyl, (1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl, $-(CH_2)_eCOR^{3''}$, aryl and aryl C_{1-3} alkyl, said aryl groups optionally substituted with a group selected from hydroxyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-6} alkoxy, halogen, nitro and cyano; (ii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} both are C_{1-6} alkyl; (iii) R^{3a} and R^{3b} together are$(CH_2)_f$ so as to form a spiro ring; (iv) R^{3a} is hydrogen and R^{3b} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms (v) R^{3b} is hydrogen and R^{3a} and R^2 together are $(CH_2)_n$ so as to form a cyclic ring that includes the adjoining N and C atoms, where c is 1 to 6, d is 0 to 2, e is 0 to 3, f is 2 to 5, n is 2 to 4, and where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl and $R^{3''}$ is -OR' or $–N(R^{3'})_2$); (vi) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is H, CH_3, CH_2CH_3, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl; or (viii) R^{3a} is CH_3, $-CH_2CH_3$, $CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, CH_2Ph, CH_2-indol-3-yl, $-CH_2CH_2SCH_3$, CH_2CO_2H, $CH_2C(O)NH_2$, CH_2CH_2COOH, $CH_2CH_2C(O)NH_2$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2CH_2NH_2$, $-CH_2CH_2CH_2NHC(NH)NH_2$, CH_2-imidazol-4-yl, CH_2OH, $CH(OH)CH_3$, CH_2((4'-OH)-Ph), CH_2SH, or lower cycloalkyl and R^{3b} is H, where $R^{3'}$ is independently hydrogen or

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alkyl, which includes, but is not limited to, C_{1-20} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl, or C_{1-6} alkyl, $R^{3''}$ is –OR' or -$N(R^{3'})_2$);

(d) R^4 is hydrogen, C_{1-10} alkyl, C_{1-10} alkyl optionally substituted with a lower alkyl, alkoxy, di(lower alkyl)-amino, or halogen, C_{1-10} haloalkyl, C_{3-10} cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl alkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, aminoacyl, aryl, such as phenyl, heteroaryl, such as, pyridinyl, substituted aryl, or substituted heteroaryl;

(e) R^5 is H, a lower alkyl, CN, vinyl, O-(lower alkyl), hydroxyl lower alkyl, i.e., -$(CH_2)_pOH$, where p is 1 -6, including hydroxyl methyl (CH_2OH), CH_2F, N_3, CH_2CN, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or halogen, including F, Cl, Br, or I, with the provisos that when X is OH, base is cytosine and R^6 is H, R^5 cannot be N_3 and when X is OH, R^6 is CH_3 or CH_2F and B is a purine base, R^5 cannot be H;

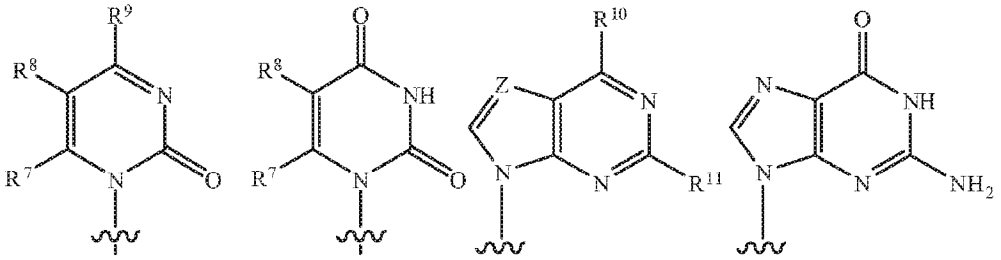
(f) R^6 is H, CH_3, CH_2F, CHF_2, CF_3, F, or CN;

(g) X is H, OH, F, OMe, halogen, NH_2, or N_3;

(h) Y is OH, H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{2-4} alkenyl, C_{2-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4} alkynyl), OC(O)O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), OC_{1-10} haloalkyl, O(aminoacyl), O(C_{1-10} acyl), O(C_{1-4} alkyl), O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), S(C_{1-4} acyl), S(C_{1-4} alkyl), S(C_{2-4} alkynyl), S(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO(C_{1-4} acyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} acyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkenyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} acyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} alkyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH_2, NH(C_{1-4} alkyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkynyl), NH(C_{1-4} acyl), N(C_{1-4} alkyl)$_2$, N(C_{1-18} acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optionally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, C(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), C(O)O(C_{1-4} alkyl), C(O)O(C_{2-4} alkynyl), C(O)O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), O(C_{1-4} acyl), O(C_{1-4} alkyl), O(C_{2-4} alkenyl), S(C_{1-4} acyl), S(C_{1-4} alkyl), S(C_{2-4} alkynyl), S(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO(C_{1-4} acyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO(C_{2-4} alkenyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} acyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkynyl), SO_2(C_{2-4} alkenyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} acyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{1-4} alkyl), $OS(O)_2$(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH_2, NH(C_{1-4} alkyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkenyl), NH(C_{2-4} alkynyl), NH(C_{1-4} acyl), N(C_{1-4} alkyl)$_2$, N(C_{1-4} acyl)$_2$;

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the base is a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base represented by the following structures:



a **b** **c** **d**

wherein

Z is N or CR^{12};

R^7, R^8,R^9, R^{10}, and $R^{11}$are independently H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'_2, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', $CONR'_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, or $CH=CHCO_2R'$,

wherein R' is an optionally substituted alkyl , which includes, but is not limited to, an optionally substituted C_{1-20} alkyl, an optionally substituted C_{1-10} alkyl, an optionally substituted lower alkyl; an optionally substituted cycloalkyl; an optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, an optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl, which includes but is not limited to C(O) alkyl, C(O)(C_{1-20} alkyl), C(O)(C_{1-10} alkyl), or C(O)(lower alkyl) or alternatively, in the instance of NR'_2, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

R^{12} is an H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'_2, NO_2 lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, lower alkenyl

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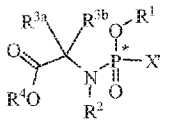
of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 , lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, $CONHR'$, $CONR'_2$, $CH{=}CHCO_2H$, or $CH{=}CHCO_2R'$; with the proviso that when base is represented by the structure c with R^{11} being hydrogen, R^{12} is not a: (i) $-C{\equiv}C-H$, (ii) $-C{=}CH_2$, or (iii) $-NO_2$

and

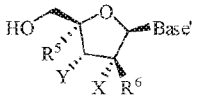
wherein X' is a leaving group, such as, Cl.

12. A product its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate or crystalline form thereof, prepared a process comprising:

reacting a substituted phosphochloridate compound **4** with a nucleoside analog **5**



4



5 ;

wherein the product comprises a compound, its stereoisomer, salt, hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, selected from among

5 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

6 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

7 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-

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pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

8 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

9 N^4-(*N*,*N*-dimethylformamidinyl)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine;

10 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-C-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-alanyl phosphate (((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenyoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester);

11 2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate (2'-Deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyluridine 5'-(4-bromophenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{(4-bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester);

12 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine 5'-(phenyl methoxy-valyl phosphate ((S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-oxo-3-amino-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-3-methyl-butyric acid methyl ester;

13 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

14 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

15 {[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-acetic acid methyl ester;

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16 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

17 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(naphthalen-1-yloxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

18 (S)-1-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphoryl}-pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid methyl ester;

19 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

20 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

21 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid methyl ester;

22 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

23 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

24 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid sec-butyl ester;

25 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

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26 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

27 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid ethyl ester;

28 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

29 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

30 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

31 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

32 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

33 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

34 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid butyl ester;

35 (S)-2-{(3,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

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36 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

37 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-methoxy-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid benzyl ester;

38 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid pentyl ester;

39 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

40 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

41 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

42 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

43 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-p-tolyloxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

44 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid methyl ester;

45 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 4-fluoro-benzyl ester;

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46 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

47 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 3-methyl-butyl ester;

48 (S)-2-{(2,4-Dichloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid ethyl ester;

49 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

50 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

51 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

52 (R)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid benzyl ester;

53 (S)-2-{(2-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid butyl ester;

54 (S)-2-{(4-Bromo-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid isopropyl ester;

55 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

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56 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-bromo-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-propionic acid cyclohexyl ester;

57 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

58 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

59 (S)-2-[[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-(4-fluoro-phenoxy)-phosphorylamino]-butyric acid cyclohexyl ester;

60 (S)-2-{(4-Chloro-phenoxy)-[(2R,3R,4 R,5R)-5-(2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid isopropyl ester;

61 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2-difluoro-ethyl ester;

62 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-trifluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

63 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid 2-fluoro-1-fluoromethyl-ethyl ester;

64 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo- 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid cyclopropyl methyl ester;

65 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,4-Dioxo-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrimidin-1-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-butyric acid cyclopentyl ester;

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66 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-Amino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

67 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-hydroxy-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

68 (S)-2-{(R)-[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2,6-Diamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

69 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclopentylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

70 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-azetidin-1-yl-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

71 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-diethylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

72 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-propylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

73 (S)-2-{[(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(2-Amino-6-cyclobutylamino-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy]-phenoxy-phosphorylamino}-propionic acid methyl ester;

74 (S)-2-({(2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-[2-Amino-6-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-purin-9-yl]-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-tetrahydro-furan-2-ylmethoxy}-phenoxy-phosphorylamino)-propionic acid methyl ester;

75 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(propylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

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76 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclobutylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

77 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(cyclopentylamino)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

78 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(aziridin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate;

79 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-5-(6-(piperidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate; and

80 (2S)-methyl 2-((((2R,3R,4R,5R)-5-(6-(azetidin-1-yl)-9H-purin-9-yl)-4-fluoro-3-hydroxy-4-methyltetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methoxy)(phenoxy)phosphorylamino)propanoate

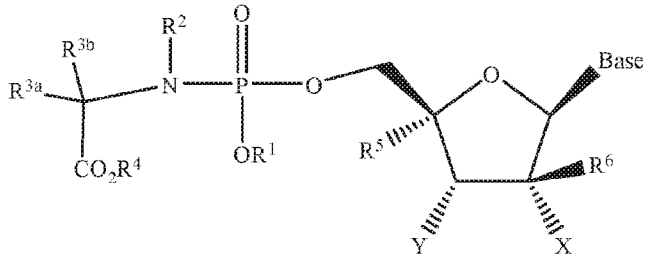
wherein Base' is as recited in each of compounds 5-74; and

wherein X' is a leaving group, such as, Cl.

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ABSTRACT

Disclosed herein are phosphoramidate prodrugs of nucleoside derivatives for the treatment of viral infections in mammals, which is a compound, its stereoisomer, salt (acid or basic addition salt), hydrate, solvate, or crystalline form thereof, represented by the following structure:



I

Also disclosed are methods of treatment, uses, and processes for preparing each of which utilize the compound represented by formula **I**.

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PTO/AIA/01 (06-12)
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DECLARATION (37 CFR 1.63) FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN APPLICATION USING AN APPLICATION DATA SHEET (37 CFR 1.76)

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

This declaration is directed to:

- [ ] The attached application, or
- [x] United States application or PCT international application number 14/013,237 filed on August 29, 2013

The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.

I believe that I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.

I hereby acknowledge that any willful false statement made in this declaration is punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001 by fine or imprisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.

WARNING:

Petitioner/applicant is cautioned to avoid submitting personal information in documents filed in a patent application that may contribute to identity theft. Personal information such as social security numbers, bank account numbers, or credit card numbers (other than a check or credit card authorization form PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes) is never required by the USPTO to support a petition or an application. If this type of personal information is included in documents submitted to the USPTO, petitioners/applicants should consider redacting such personal information from the documents before submitting them to the USPTO. Petitioner/applicant is advised that the record of a patent application is available to the public after publication of the application (unless a non-publication request in compliance with 37 CFR 1.213(a) is made in the application) or issuance of a patent. Furthermore, the record from an abandoned application may also be available to the public if the application is referenced in a published application or an issued patent (see 37 CFR 1.14). Checks and credit card authorization forms PTO-2038 submitted for payment purposes are not retained in the application file and therefore are not publicly available.

LEGAL NAME OF INVENTOR

Inventor: Jinfa Du Date (Optional):

Signature: 1/16/2014

Note: An application data sheet (PTO/SB/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire inventive entity, must accompany this form or must have been previously filed. Use an additional PTO/AIA/01 form for each additional inventor.

PTO/AIA/01 (08-12)
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DECLARATION (37 CFR 1.63) FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN APPLICATION USING AN APPLICATION DATA SHEET (37 CFR 1.76)

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

This declaration is directed to:

- ☐ The attached application, or
- ☒ United States application or PCT international application number 14/013,237 filed on August 29, 2013

The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.

I believe that I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.

I hereby acknowledge that any willful false statement made in this declaration is punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001 by fine or imprisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.

WARNING:

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LEGAL NAME OF INVENTOR

Inventor: Dhanapalan Nagarathnam Date (Optional): _____

Signature: _____

Note: An application data sheet (PTO/SB/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire inventive entity, must accompany this form or must have been previously filed. Use an additional PTO/AIA/01 form for each additional inventor.

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DECLARATION (37 CFR 1.63) FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN APPLICATION USING AN APPLICATION DATA SHEET (37 CFR 1.76)

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

This declaration is directed to:
- [ ] The attached application, or
- [x] United States application or PCT international application number 14/013,237 filed on August 29, 2013

The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.

I believe that I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.

I hereby acknowledge that any willful false statement made in this declaration is punishable under 18 U.S.C. 1001 by fine or imprisonment of not more than five (5) years, or both.

WARNING:

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LEGAL NAME OF INVENTOR

Inventor: Michael Joseph Sofia Date (Optional): 12/12/13

Signature: Michael Joseph Sofia

Note: An application data sheet (PTO/SB/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire inventive entity, must accompany this form or must have been previously filed. Use an additional PTO/AIA/01 form for each additional inventor.

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DECLARATION (37 CFR 1.63) FOR UTILITY OR DESIGN APPLICATION USING AN APPLICATION DATA SHEET (37 CFR 1.76)

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

This declaration is directed to:

- [ ] The attached application, or
- [x] United States application or PCT international application number 14/013,237 filed on August 29, 2013.

The above-identified application was made or authorized to be made by me.

I believe that I am the original inventor or an original joint inventor of a claimed invention in the application.

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WARNING:

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LEGAL NAME OF INVENTOR

Inventor: Peiyuan Wang Date (Optional): 1/16/2014

Signature: Peiyuan Wang

Note: An application data sheet (PTO/SB/14 or equivalent), including naming the entire inventive entity, must accompany this form or must have been previously filed. Use an additional PTO/AIA/01 form for each additional inventor.

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned
Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS	

The application data sheet is part of the provisional or nonprovisional application for which it is being submitted. The following form contains the bibliographic data arranged in a format specified by the United States Patent and Trademark Office as outlined in 37 CFR 1.76.
This document may be completed electronically and submitted to the Office in electronic format using the Electronic Filing System (EFS) or the document may be printed and included in a paper filed application.

Secrecy Order 37 CFR 5.2:

☐ Portions or all of the application associated with this Application Data Sheet may fall under a Secrecy Order pursuant to 37 CFR 5.2 (Paper filers only. Applications that fall under Secrecy Order may not be filed electronically.)

Inventor Information:

Inventor 1 Remove

Legal Name

Prefix	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name	Suffix
	Jinfa		Du	

Residence Information (Select One) ◉ US Residency ○ Non US Residency ○ Active US Military Service

City	Redwood City	State/Province	CA	Country of Residence	US

Mailing Address of Inventor:

Address 1	813 Bay Harbour Drive		
Address 2			
City	Redwood City	State/Province	CA
Postal Code	94065	Country	US

Inventor 2 Remove

Legal Name

Prefix	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name	Suffix
	Dhanapalan		Nagarathnam	

Residence Information (Select One) ◉ US Residency ○ Non US Residency ○ Active US Military Service

City	Bethany	State/Province	CT	Country of Residence	US

Mailing Address of Inventor:

Address 1	52 Virginia Rail Drive		
Address 2			
City	Bethany	State/Province	CT
Postal Code	06524	Country	US

Inventor 3 Remove

Legal Name

Prefix	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name	Suffix
	Michael	Joseph	Sofia	

Residence Information (Select One) ◉ US Residency ○ Non US Residency ○ Active US Military Service

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

City	Doylestown	State/Province	PA	Country of Residence	US

Mailing Address of Inventor:

Address 1	3066 Antler Drive		
Address 2			
City	Doylestown	State/Province	PA
Postal Code	18902	Country	US

Inventor 4 Remove

Legal Name

Prefix	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name	Suffix
	Peiyuan		Wang	

Residence Information (Select One) (•) US Residency ( ) Non US Residency ( ) Active US Military Service

City	San Mateo	State/Province	CA	Country of Residence	US

Mailing Address of Inventor:

Address 1	c/o Gilead Sciences, Inc.		
Address 2	333 Lakeside Drive		
City	Foster City	State/Province	CA
Postal Code	94404	Country	US

All Inventors Must Be Listed - Additional Inventor Information blocks may be generated within this form by selecting the **Add** button. Add

Correspondence Information:

Enter either Customer Number or complete the Correspondence Information section below.
For further information see 37 CFR 1.33(a).

☐ **An Address is being provided for the correspondence Information of this application.**

Customer Number	117796		
Email Address	SVIPdocketing@sheppardmullin.com	Add Email	Remove Email

Application Information:

Title of the Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS		
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13	Small Entity Status Claimed	☐
Application Type	Nonprovisional		
Subject Matter	Utility		
Total Number of Drawing Sheets (if any)		Suggested Figure for Publication (if any)	

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned
Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS	

Filing By Reference:

Only complete this section when filing an application by reference under 35 U.S.C. 111(c) and 37 CFR 1.57(a). Do not complete this section if application papers including a specification and any drawings are being filed. Any domestic benefit or foreign priority information must be provided in the appropriate section(s) below (i.e., "Domestic Benefit/National Stage Information" and "Foreign Priority Information").

For the purposes of a filing date under 37 CFR 1.53(b), the description and any drawings of the present application are replaced by this reference to the previously filed application, subject to conditions and requirements of 37 CFR 1.57(a).

Application number of the previously filed application	Filing date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Intellectual Property Authority or Country

Publication Information:

☐ Request Early Publication (Fee required at time of Request 37 CFR 1.219)

☐ **Request Not to Publish.** I hereby request that the attached application not be published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b) and certify that the invention disclosed in the attached application **has not and will not** be the subject of an application filed in another country, or under a multilateral international agreement, that requires publication at eighteen months after filing.

Representative Information:

Representative information should be provided for all practitioners having a power of attorney in the application. Providing this information in the Application Data Sheet does not constitute a power of attorney in the application (see 37 CFR 1.32).
Either enter Customer Number or complete the Representative Name section below. If both sections are completed the customer Number will be used for the Representative Information during processing.

Please Select One:	◉ Customer Number	○ US Patent Practitioner	○ Limited Recognition (37 CFR 11.9)
Customer Number	117796		

Domestic Benefit/National Stage Information:

This section allows for the applicant to either claim benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e), 120, 121, 365(c), or 386(c) or indicate National Stage entry from a PCT application. Providing benefit claim information in the Application Data Sheet constitutes the specific reference required by 35 U.S.C. 119(e) or 120, and 37 CFR 1.78.
When referring to the current application, please leave the "Application Number" field blank.

Prior Application Status	Pending		Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing or 371(c) Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
This Application	Continuation of	16/817318	2020-03-12

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned
Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS	

Prior Application Status	Abandoned		Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing or 371(c) Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
16/817318	Continuation of	16/516192	2019-07-18
Prior Application Status	Abandoned		Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing or 371(c) Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
16/516192	Continuation of	16/169878	2018-10-24
Prior Application Status	Patented		Remove

Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
16/169878	Continuation of	15/411506	2017-01-20	10183037	2019-01-22
Prior Application Status	Patented				Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
15/411506	Continuation of	14/656546	2015-03-12	9585906	2017-03-07
Prior Application Status	Patented				Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
14/656546	Continuation of	14/013237	2013-08-29	9085573	2015-07-21
Prior Application Status	Patented				Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
14/013237	Continuation of	13/609614	2012-09-11	8580765	2013-11-12
Prior Application Status	Patented				Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
13/609614	Continuation of	13/099671	2011-05-03	8334270	2012-12-18
Prior Application Status	Patented				Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Patent Number	Issue Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
13/099671	Continuation of	12/053015	2008-03-21	7964580	2011-06-21

Prior Application Status	Expired		Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing or 371(c) Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
12/053015	Claims benefit of provisional	60/982309	2007-10-24
Prior Application Status	Expired		Remove
Application Number	Continuity Type	Prior Application Number	Filing or 371(c) Date (YYYY-MM-DD)
12/053015	Claims benefit of provisional	60/909315	2007-03-30

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

Additional Domestic Benefit/National Stage Data may be generated within this form by selecting the **Add** button.

Foreign Priority Information:

This section allows for the applicant to claim priority to a foreign application. Providing this information in the application data sheet constitutes the claim for priority as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b) and 37 CFR 1.55. When priority is claimed to a foreign application that is eligible for retrieval under the priority document exchange program (PDX)[i] the information will be used by the Office to automatically attempt retrieval pursuant to 37 CFR 1.55(i)(1) and (2). Under the PDX program, applicant bears the ultimate responsibility for ensuring that a copy of the foreign application is received by the Office from the participating foreign intellectual property office, or a certified copy of the foreign priority application is filed, within the time period specified in 37 CFR 1.55(g)(1).

Remove

Application Number	Country[i]	Filing Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Access Code[i] (if applicable)

Additional Foreign Priority Data may be generated within this form by selecting the **Add** button.

Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications

☐ This application (1) claims priority to or the benefit of an application filed before March 16, 2013 and (2) also contains, or contained at any time, a claim to a claimed invention that has an effective filing date on or after March 16, 2013.
NOTE: By providing this statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78, this application, with a filing date on or after March 16, 2013, will be examined under the first inventor to file provisions of the AIA.

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned
Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS	

Authorization or Opt-Out of Authorization to Permit Access:

When this Application Data Sheet is properly signed and filed with the application, applicant has provided written authority to permit a participating foreign intellectual property (IP) office access to the instant application-as-filed (see paragraph A in subsection 1 below) and the European Patent Office (EPO) access to any search results from the instant application (see paragraph B in subsection 1 below).

Should applicant choose not to provide an authorization identified in subsection 1 below, applicant **must opt-out** of the authorization by checking the corresponding box A or B or both in subsection 2 below.

NOTE: This section of the Application Data Sheet is **ONLY** reviewed and processed with the **INITIAL** filing of an application. After the initial filing of an application, an Application Data Sheet cannot be used to provide or rescind authorization for access by a foreign IP office(s). Instead, Form PTO/SB/39 or PTO/SB/69 must be used as appropriate.

1. Authorization to Permit Access by a Foreign Intellectual Property Office(s)

A. Priority Document Exchange (PDX) - Unless box A in subsection 2 (opt-out of authorization) is checked, the undersigned hereby **grants the USPTO authority** to provide the European Patent Office (EPO), the Japan Patent Office (JPO), the Korean Intellectual Property Office (KIPO), the State Intellectual Property Office of the People's Republic of China (SIPO), the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), and any other foreign intellectual property office participating with the USPTO in a bilateral or multilateral priority document exchange agreement in which a foreign application claiming priority to the instant patent application is filed, access to: (1) the instant patent application-as-filed and its related bibliographic data, (2) any foreign or domestic application to which priority or benefit is claimed by the instant application and its related bibliographic data, and (3) the date of filing of this Authorization. See 37 CFR 1.14(h)(1).

B. Search Results from U.S. Application to EPO - Unless box B in subsection 2 (opt-out of authorization) is checked, the undersigned hereby **grants the USPTO authority** to provide the EPO access to the bibliographic data and search results from the instant patent application when a European patent application claiming priority to the instant patent application is filed. See 37 CFR 1.14(h)(2).

The applicant is reminded that the EPO's Rule 141(1) EPC (European Patent Convention) requires applicants to submit a copy of search results from the instant application without delay in a European patent application that claims priority to the instant application.

2. Opt-Out of Authorizations to Permit Access by a Foreign Intellectual Property Office(s)

☐ A. Applicant **DOES NOT** authorize the USPTO to permit a participating foreign IP office access to the instant application-as-filed. If this box is checked, the USPTO will not be providing a participating foreign IP office with any documents and information identified in subsection 1A above.

☐ B. Applicant **DOES NOT** authorize the USPTO to transmit to the EPO any search results from the instant patent application. If this box is checked, the USPTO will not be providing the EPO with search results from the instant application.

NOTE: Once the application has published or is otherwise publicly available, the USPTO may provide access to the application in accordance with 37 CFR 1.14.

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

Applicant Information:

Providing assignment information in this section does not substitute for compliance with any requirement of part 3 of Title 37 of CFR to have an assignment recorded by the Office.

Applicant 1

If the applicant is the inventor (or the remaining joint inventor or inventors under 37 CFR 1.45), this section should not be completed. The information to be provided in this section is the name and address of the legal representative who is the applicant under 37 CFR 1.43; or the name and address of the assignee, person to whom the inventor is under an obligation to assign the invention, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest in the matter who is the applicant under 37 CFR 1.46. If the applicant is an applicant under 37 CFR 1.46 (assignee, person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign, or person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest) together with one or more joint inventors, then the joint inventor or inventors who are also the applicant should be identified in this section.

Clear

◉ Assignee	○ Legal Representative under 35 U.S.C. 117	○ Joint Inventor
○ Person to whom the inventor is obligated to assign.	○ Person who shows sufficient proprietary interest	

If applicant is the legal representative, indicate the authority to file the patent application, the inventor is:

Name of the Deceased or Legally Incapacitated Inventor:	

If the Applicant is an Organization check here. ☒

Organization Name	Gilead Pharmasset LLC

Mailing Address Information For Applicant:

Address 1	c/o Gilead Sciences, Inc.		
Address 2	333 Lakeside Drive		
City	Foster City	**State/Province**	CA
Country	US	Postal Code	94404
Phone Number		Fax Number	
Email Address			

Additional Applicant Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.

Assignee Information including Non-Applicant Assignee Information:

Providing assignment information in this section does not substitute for compliance with any requirement of part 3 of Title 37 of CFR to have an assignment recorded by the Office.

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned

Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

Assignee 1

Complete this section if assignee information, including non-applicant assignee information, is desired to be included on the patent application publication. An assignee-applicant identified in the "Applicant Information" section will appear on the patent application publication as an applicant. For an assignee-applicant, complete this section only if identification as an assignee is also desired on the patent application publication.

If the Assignee or Non-Applicant Assignee is an Organization check here. ☐

Prefix	**Given Name**	Middle Name	**Family Name**	Suffix

Mailing Address Information For Assignee including Non-Applicant Assignee:

Address 1			
Address 2			
City		**State/Province**	
Country i		Postal Code	
Phone Number		Fax Number	
Email Address			

Additional Assignee or Non-Applicant Assignee Data may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.

Signature:

NOTE: This Application Data Sheet must be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.33(b). **However, if this Application Data Sheet is submitted with the INITIAL filing of the application and either box A or B is not checked in subsection 2 of the "Authorization or Opt-Out of Authorization to Permit Access" section, then this form must also be signed in accordance with 37 CFR 1.14(c).**

This Application Data Sheet **must** be signed by a patent practitioner if one or more of the applicants is a **juristic entity** (e.g., corporation or association). If the applicant is two or more joint inventors, this form must be signed by a patent practitioner, **all** joint inventors who are the applicant, or one or more joint inventor-applicants who have been given power of attorney (e.g., see USPTO Form PTO/AIA/81) on behalf of **all** joint inventor-applicants.

See 37 CFR 1.4(d) for the manner of making signatures and certifications.

Signature	/Lorna L. Tanner/			Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	2020-10-22
First Name	Lorna L.	Last Name	Tanner	Registration Number	50,782

Additional Signature may be generated within this form by selecting the Add button.

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Application Data Sheet 37 CFR 1.76	Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13
	Application Number	Not Yet Assigned
Title of Invention	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS	

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.76. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 23 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application data sheet form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. **SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.**

Privacy Act Statement

The Privacy Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-579) requires that you be given certain information in connection with your submission of the attached form related to a patent application or patent. Accordingly, pursuant to the requirements of the Act, please be advised that: (1) the general authority for the collection of this information is 35 U.S.C. 2(b)(2); (2) furnishing of the information solicited is voluntary; and (3) the principal purpose for which the information is used by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office is to process and/or examine your submission related to a patent application or patent. If you do not furnish the requested information, the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office may not be able to process and/or examine your submission, which may result in termination of proceedings or abandonment of the application or expiration of the patent.

The information provided by you in this form will be subject to the following routine uses:

1. The information on this form will be treated confidentially to the extent allowed under the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552) and the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a). Records from this system of records may be disclosed to the Department of Justice to determine whether the Freedom of Information Act requires disclosure of these records.

2. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, in the course of presenting evidence to a court, magistrate, or administrative tribunal, including disclosures to opposing counsel in the course of settlement negotiations.

3. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Member of Congress submitting a request involving an individual, to whom the record pertains, when the individual has requested assistance from the Member with respect to the subject matter of the record.

4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).

5. A record related to an International Application filed under the Patent Cooperation Treaty in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the International Bureau of the World Intellectual Property Organization, pursuant to the Patent CooperationTreaty.

6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).

7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.

8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspections or an issued patent.

9. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> DU, JINFA
NAGARATHNAM, DHANAPALAN
SOFIA, MICHAEL JOSEPH
WANG, PEIYUAN

<120> NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	40915551
Application Number:	17077267
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	4237
Title of Invention:	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Jinfa Du
Customer Number:	117796
Filer:	Joy Lynn Bala Nemirow/Joannah Laluces
Filer Authorized By:	Joy Lynn Bala Nemirow
Attorney Docket Number:	37JD-199059-US13
Receipt Date:	22-OCT-2020
Filing Date:	
Time Stamp:	13:55:04
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1		37JD-199059-US13_Specification.pdf	2944726 a24bac6c8167a8f24ac309290e0a68b1ddf62f39	yes	750

	Multipart Description/PDF files in .zip description				
	Document Description		Start	End	
	Specification		1	678	
	Claims		679	749	
	Abstract		750	750	
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Request for Transfer of a Computer Readable Form	37JD-199059-US13_Request_for_Transfer_of_Computer_Readable_Form.pdf	116452 24ff3d0ae07a6932d54cca4a7082005db91e1c40	no	1
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3	Sequence Listing	37JD-199059-US13_Sequence_Listing.pdf	38731 ea4151879c557e19f8af30d67d6441414c985301	no	2
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4	Preliminary Amendment	37JD-199059-US13_Preliminary_Amendment.pdf	104501 0e89d2331cf1fb76faf61f6c63b3adc7602b2da1	no	3
Warnings:					
Information:					
5	Application Data Sheet	37JD-199059-US13_Application_Data_Sheet.pdf	128473 4c87636aa6f2213666ed16efa0edb084fa44b1ee	no	10
Warnings:					
Information:					
This is not an USPTO supplied ADS fillable form					
6	Oath or Declaration filed	37JD-199059-US13_Executed_Declarations.pdf	785373 15e892e53da0adc7c498e19c5f700e4a01d15b9e	no	4
Warnings:					
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7	Transmittal of New Application	37JD-199059-US13_Utility_Patent_Application_Transmittal.pdf	120548 4861f58f2edc6a11deef43a653d98d0c0674a7b8	no	1
Warnings:					
Information:					
			Total Files Size (in bytes):	4238804	

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

RAW SEQUENCE LISTING

Loaded by SCORE, no errors detected.

Application Serial Number: 17077267
Source: OPAP
Date Processed by SCORE: 10/27/2020

ENTERED

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> DU, JINFA
NAGARATHNAM, DHANAPALAN
SOFIA, MICHAEL JOSEPH
WANG, PEIYUAN

<120> NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

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PGR2023-00046 - Page 00776

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Gilead Exhibit 2029
PGR2023-00046 - Page 00777

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
17/077,267	10/22/2020	Jinfa Du	37JD-199059-US13

CONFIRMATION NO. 4237

FORMALITIES LETTER

117796
Gilead Sciences, Inc.
c/o Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton LLP
650 Town Center Drive, 10th Floor
Costa Mesa, CA 92626

OC000000121686762

Date Mailed: 12/03/2020

NOTICE TO FILE MISSING PARTS OF NONPROVISIONAL APPLICATION

FILED UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

Filing Date Granted

Items Required To Avoid Abandonment:

An application number and filing date have been accorded to this application. The item(s) indicated below, however, are missing. Applicant is given **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice within which to file all required items below to avoid abandonment. Extensions of time may be obtained by filing a petition accompanied by the extension fee under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a).

- The statutory basic filing fee is missing.
- The application search fee must be submitted.
- The application examination fee must be submitted.
- Additional claim fees of $ **4320** as an undiscounted entity, including any required multiple dependent claim fee, are required. Applicant must submit the additional claim fees or cancel the additional claims for which fees are due.
- Surcharge as set forth in 37 CFR 1.16(f) must be submitted.
  The surcharge is due for any one of:
  - late submission of the basic filing fee, search fee, or examination fee,
  - late submission of inventor's oath or declaration,
  - filing an application that does not contain at least one claim on filing, or
  - submission of an application filed by reference to a previously filed application.

SUMMARY OF FEES DUE:

The fee(s) required within **TWO MONTHS** from the date of this Notice to avoid abandonment is/are itemized below. No entity status discount is in effect. If applicant is qualified for small entity status, a written assertion of small entity status must be submitted to establish small entity status. (See 37 CFR 1.27). If applicant is qualified for micro entity status, an acceptable Certification of Micro Entity Status must be submitted to establish micro entity status. (See 37 CFR 1.29 and forms PTO/SB/15A and 15B.)

- $ **320** basic filing fee.
- $ **4200** for **462** electronically equivalent pages in excess of **100** application size fee.
- $ **160** surcharge.
- $ **700** search fee.
- $ **800** examination fee.
- $ **4320** for **9** independent claims over 3.

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- $(**0**) previous unapplied payment amount.
- $ **10500** TOTAL FEE BALANCE DUE.

Replies must be received in the USPTO within the set time period or must include a proper Certificate of Mailing or Transmission under 37 CFR 1.8 with a mailing or transmission date within the set time period. For more information and a suggested format, see Form PTO/SB/92 and MPEP 512.

Replies should be mailed to:

Mail Stop Missing Parts
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria VA 22313-1450

Registered users of EFS-Web may alternatively submit their reply to this notice via EFS-Web, including a copy of this Notice and selecting the document description "Applicant response to Pre-Exam Formalities Notice". https://sportal.uspto.gov/authenticate/AuthenticateUserLocalEPF.html

For more information about EFS-Web please call the USPTO Electronic Business Center at 1-866-217-9197 or visit our website at http://www.uspto.gov/ebc.

If you are not using EFS-Web to submit your reply, you must include a copy of this notice.

Questions about the contents of this notice and the requirements it sets forth should be directed to the Office of Data Management, Application Assistance Unit, at **(571) 272-4000** or **(571) 272-4200** or **1-888-786-0101**.

/lqchau/

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PGR2023-00046 - Page 00779

PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD Substitute for Form PTO-875	Application or Docket Number 17/077,267

APPLICATION AS FILED - PART I

	(Column 1)	(Column 2)	SMALL ENTITY		OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY	
FOR	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE($)	FEE($)		RATE($)	FEE($)
BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	320
SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), or (m))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	700
EXAMINATION FEE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	800
TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(i))	12 minus 20 =	*			OR	x 100 =	0.00
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(h))	12 minus 3 =	* 9				x 480 =	4320
APPLICATION SIZE FEE (37 CFR 1.16(s))	If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is $310 ($155 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).						4200
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j))							0.00
* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.			TOTAL			TOTAL	10340

APPLICATION AS AMENDED - PART II

		(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY RATE($)	SMALL ENTITY ADDITIONAL FEE($)	OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY RATE($)	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY ADDITIONAL FEE($)
AMENDMENT A	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))							OR		
						TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	

		(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	RATE($)	ADDITIONAL FEE($)		RATE($)	ADDITIONAL FEE($)
AMENDMENT B	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))							OR		
						TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	

* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.
** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".
*** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".
The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest found in the appropriate box in column 1.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING or 371(c) DATE	GRP ART UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET.NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
17/077,267	10/22/2020	1673	0.00	37JD-199059-US13	12	12

CONFIRMATION NO. 4237

FILING RECEIPT

117796
Gilead Sciences, Inc.
c/o Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton LLP
650 Town Center Drive, 10th Floor
Costa Mesa, CA 92626

OC000000121686781

Date Mailed: 12/03/2020

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional utility patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF FIRST INVENTOR, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection.

Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a corrected Filing Receipt, including a properly marked-up ADS showing the changes with strike-through for deletions and underlining for additions. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" or other Notice requiring a response for this application, please submit any request for correction to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections provided that the request is grantable.

Inventor(s)

Jinfa Du, Redwood City, CA;
Dhanapalan Nagarathnam, Bethany, CT;
Michael Joseph Sofia, Doylestown, PA;
Peiyuan Wang, San Mateo, CA;

Applicant(s)

GILEAD PHARMASSET LLC, FOSTER CITY, CA;

Power of Attorney: None

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of 16/817,318 03/12/2020 ABN
which is a CON of 16/516,192 07/18/2019 ABN
which is a CON of 16/169,878 10/24/2018 ABN
which is a CON of 15/411,506 01/20/2017 PAT 10183037
which is a CON of 14/656,546 03/12/2015 PAT 9585906
which is a CON of 14/013,237 08/29/2013 PAT 9085573
which is a CON of 13/609,614 09/11/2012 PAT 8580765
which is a CON of 13/099,671 05/03/2011 PAT 8334270
which is a CON of 12/053,015 03/21/2008 PAT 7964580
which claims benefit of 60/982,309 10/24/2007
and claims benefit of 60/909,315 03/30/2007

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Foreign Applications for which priority is claimed (You may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.) - None.
Foreign application information must be provided in an Application Data Sheet in order to constitute a claim to foreign priority. See 37 CFR 1.55 and 1.76.

Permission to Access Application via Priority Document Exchange: Yes

Permission to Access Search Results: Yes

Applicant may provide or rescind an authorization for access using Form PTO/SB/39 or Form PTO/SB/69 as appropriate.

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 12/01/2020

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 17/077,267**

Projected Publication Date: To Be Determined - pending completion of Missing Parts

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No
Title

NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

Preliminary Class

514

Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications: No

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

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Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4258).

LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER

Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

GRANTED

The applicant has been granted a license under 35 U.S.C. 184, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" followed by a date appears on this form. Such licenses are issued in all applications where the conditions for issuance of a license have been met, regardless of whether or not a license may be required as set forth in 37 CFR 5.15. The scope and limitations of this license are set forth in 37 CFR 5.15(a) unless an earlier license has been issued under 37 CFR 5.15(b). The license is subject to revocation upon written notification. The date indicated is the effective date of the license, unless an earlier license of similar scope has been granted under 37 CFR 5.13 or 5.14.

This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

The grant of a license does not in any way lessen the responsibility of a licensee for the security of the subject matter as imposed by any Government contract or the provisions of existing laws relating to espionage and the national security or the export of technical data. Licensees should apprise themselves of current regulations especially with respect to certain countries, of other agencies, particularly the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (with respect to Arms, Munitions and Implements of War (22 CFR 121-128)); the Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce (15 CFR parts 730-774); the Office of Foreign AssetsControl, Department of Treasury (31 CFR Parts 500+) and the Department of Energy.

NOT GRANTED

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).

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SelectUSA

The United States represents the largest, most dynamic marketplace in the world and is an unparalleled location for business investment, innovation, and commercialization of new technologies. The U.S. offers tremendous resources and advantages for those who invest and manufacture goods here. Through SelectUSA, our nation works to promote and facilitate business investment. SelectUSA provides information assistance to the international investor community; serves as an ombudsman for existing and potential investors; advocates on behalf of U.S. cities, states, and regions competing for global investment; and counsels U.S. economic development organizations on investment attraction best practices. To learn more about why the United States is the best country in the world to develop technology, manufacture products, deliver services, and grow your business, visit http://www.SelectUSA.gov or call +1-202-482-6800.

Gilead Exhibit 2029
PGR2023-00046 - Page 00784

Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	42235070
Application Number:	17077267
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	4237
Title of Invention:	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Jinfa Du
Customer Number:	117796
Filer:	Joy Lynn Bala Nemirow/Joannah Laluces
Filer Authorized By:	Joy Lynn Bala Nemirow
Attorney Docket Number:	37JD-199059-US13
Receipt Date:	19-MAR-2021
Filing Date:	22-OCT-2020
Time Stamp:	19:59:36
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	yes
Payment Type	DA
Payment was successfully received in RAM	$6400
RAM confirmation Number	E20213IK00180086
Deposit Account	504561
Authorized User	Joannah Laluces
The Director of the USPTO is hereby authorized to charge indicated fees and credit any overpayment as follows: 37 CFR 1.16 (National application filing, search, and examination fees) 37 CFR 1.17 (Patent application and reexamination processing fees)	

37 CFR 1.19 (Document supply fees)

37 CFR 1.21 (Miscellaneous fees and charges)

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Preliminary Amendment	37JD-199059-US13_Second_Preliminary_Amendment.pdf	170153 960008681bff19aaa95a2feb6a204a07879950e3	no	7
Warnings:					
Information:					
2	Fee Worksheet (SB06)	fee-info.pdf	40679 a688b42aee8c5ca141c5c0204b3ef67763044e2a	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	210832		

This Acknowledgement Receipt evidences receipt on the noted date by the USPTO of the indicated documents, characterized by the applicant, and including page counts, where applicable. It serves as evidence of receipt similar to a Post Card, as described in MPEP 503.

New Applications Under 35 U.S.C. 111

If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.

National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371

If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.

New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office

If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

Electronic Patent Application Fee Transmittal

Application Number:	17077267
Filing Date:	22-Oct-2020
Title of Invention:	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Jinfa Du
Filer:	Joy Lynn Bala Nemirow/Joannah Laluces
Attorney Docket Number:	37JD-199059-US13

Filed as Large Entity

Filing Fees for Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Basic Filing:				
UTILITY APPLICATION FILING	1011	1	320	320
UTILITY SEARCH FEE	1111	1	700	700
UTILITY EXAMINATION FEE	1311	1	800	800
Pages:				
UTILITY APPL SIZE FEE PER 50 SHEETS >100	1081	9	420	3780
Claims:				
Miscellaneous-Filing:				
LATE FILING FEE FOR OATH OR DECLARATION	1051	1	160	160

Description	Fee Code	Quantity	Amount	Sub-Total in USD($)
Petition:				
Patent-Appeals-and-Interference:				
Post-Allowance-and-Post-Issuance:				
Extension-of-Time:				
Extension - 2 months with $0 paid	1252	1	640	640
Miscellaneous:				
		Total in USD ($)		**6400**

REMARKS

Applicant respectfully requests that the foregoing amendments be made prior to examination of the present application.

Amendments to the Claims

Claims 1-12 are canceled without prejudice or disclaimer. Claims 13-19 are newly added. Support for the newly added claims can be found in the specification as originally filed, including but not limited to pages 19, 51, 61, and 67-68 and Examples 67-80. Applicant submits that no new matter is added by this amendment and respectfully requests its entry. Applicant reserves the right to pursue any canceled subject matter in one or more continuing applications.

Upon entry of this amendment, claims 13-19 will be pending and under examination in this application.

CONCLUSION

Favorable consideration of the application as amended is respectfully requested. The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned by telephone if it is felt that a telephone interview would advance the prosecution of the present application.

Gilead Exhibit 2029
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The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required regarding this application under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16-1.17, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account No. 50-4561. If any extensions of time are needed for timely acceptance of papers submitted herewith, Applicant hereby petitions for such extension under 37 C.F.R. § 1.136 and authorizes payment of any such extensions fees to Deposit Account No. 50-4561.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: March 19, 2021

By /Lorna L. Tanner/

Lorna L. Tanner
Registration No.: 50,782
Attorney for Applicant
SHEPPARD MULLIN RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP
379 Lytton Avenue
Palo Alto, California 94301
(650) 815-2658
Customer Number: 117796

Gilead Exhibit 2029
PGR2023-00046 - Page 00790

Docket No.: 37JD-199059-US13
(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:
Gilead Pharmasset LLC

Application No.: 17/077,267 | Confirmation No.: 4237

Filed: October 22, 2020 | Art Unit: 1673

For: NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS | Examiner: Not Yet Assigned

SECOND PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.115

MS Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Commissioner:

Prior to examination on the merits, please amend the above-identified U.S. patent application as follows:

Amendments to the Claims are reflected in the listing of claims which begin on page 2 of this paper.

Remarks/Arguments begin on page 6 of this paper.

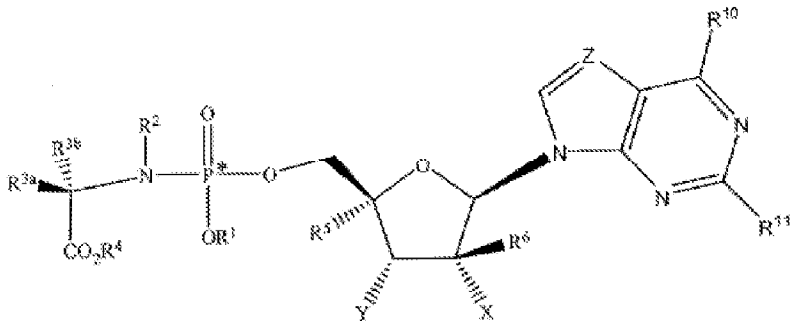
AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1.-12. (Canceled)

13. (New) A compound of formula **I-6**:



I-6

wherein:

(a) R^1 is H, $-CH_3$, phenyl, p-bromo-phenyl, p-chloro-phenyl or p-fluoro-phenyl;

(b) R^2 is H;

(c) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is H, $-CH_3$, $-CH(CH_3)_2$, $-CH_2CH(CH_3)_2$, $-CH(CH_3)CH_2CH_3$, $-CH_2Ph$ or lower cycloalkyl;

(d) R^4 is hydrogen, $-CH_3$, ethyl, *n*-propyl, *i*-propyl, *n*-butyl, 2-butyl, *t*-butyl, benzyl, cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, N-methyl-aziridin-2-yl, N-methyl-azetidin-3-yl, N-methyl-pyrrolidin-3-yl, N-methyl-pyrrolidin-4-yl, N-methyl-piperidin-4-yl, lower haloalkyl or di(C_{1-6} alkyl)amino-C_{1-6} alkyl;

(e) R^5 is H;

(f) R^6 is H, $-CH_3$, $-CH_2F$, $-CHF_2$, $-CF_3$ or -F;

(g) X is H, -OH, $-OCH_3$, -F, $-NH_2$ or $-N_3$;

with the proviso that X cannot be OH when R^6 is $-CH_3$ or $-CH_2F$;

(h) Y is -OH, $-NH_2$, $-OCH_3$ or $-OC(O)CH_3$;

Gilead Exhibit 2029
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(i) R^{10} and R^{11} are independently H, -F, -Br, -I, -OH, -OR', $-NH_2$, -NHR', $-NR'_2$, $-CO_2R'$, $-CONH_2$, -CONHR', $-CONR'_2$, $-CH=CHCO_2H$ or $-CH=CHCO_2R'$,

with the proviso that when R^{10} is -OH, R^{11} is not $-NH_2$;

(j) Z is N or $-CR^{12}$;

wherein R^{12} is H, halogen, -OR', $-NH_2$, -NHR', $-NR'_2$, $-NO_2$, C_{1-6} alkyl, $-CO_2R'$, $-CONH_2$, -CONHR', $-CONR'_2$, $-CH=CHCO_2H$ or $-CH=CHCO_2R'$;

(k) R' is C_{1-6} alkyl, a lower cycloalkyl or $-C(O)(C_{1-6}$ alkyl) or alternatively, in the instance of $-NR'_2$, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

(l) P* is a chiral phosphorus atom;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

14. (New) The compound of claim 13, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

(a) R^1 is phenyl;

(b) R^2 is H;

(c) R^{3a} is H and R^{3b} is $-CH_3$;

(d) R^4 is $-CH_3$, ethyl, *n*-propyl, *i*-propyl, *n*-butyl, 2-butyl or *t*-butyl;

(e) R^5 is H;

(f) R^6 is $-CH_3$;

(g) X is -F;

(h) Y is -OH;

(i) R^{10} is H, $-NH_2$, -NHR' or $-NR'_2$ and R^{11} is H, -OH or $-NH_2$;

(j) Z is N;

(k) R' is C_{1-6} alkyl or a lower cycloalkyl, or alternatively, in the instance of $-NR'_2$, each R' comprise at least one C atom that are joined to form a heterocycle comprising at least two carbon atoms; and

(l) P* is a chiral phosphorus atom.

15. (New) The compound of claim 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

(a) R^{10} is $-NH_2$, -NHR' or $-NR'_2$.

Gilead Exhibit 2029
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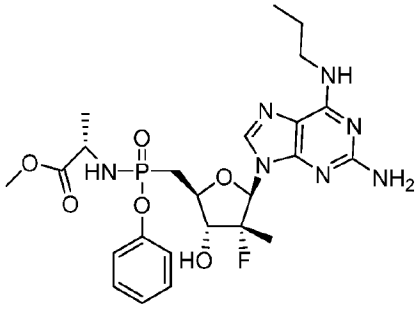
16. (New) The compound of claim 15, wherein:

(a) R^4 is $-CH_3$, ethyl, *n*-propyl or *i*-propyl;

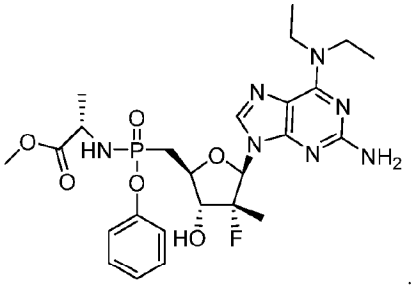
(b) R^{10} is -NHR' and R^{11} is $-NH_2$; and

(c) R' is C_{1-6} alkyl.

17. (New) The compound of claim 16, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound has a formula:

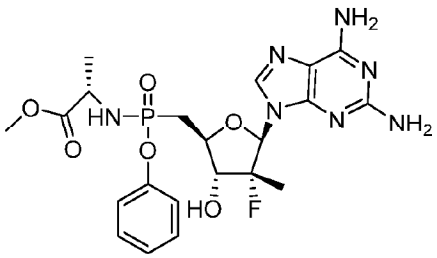


18. (New) The compound of claim 15, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound has a formula:



19. (New) The compound of claim 14, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the compound has a formula:

Gilead Exhibit 2029
PGR2023-00046 - Page 00794



United States Patent and Trademark Office

Office of the Chief Financial Officer

Document Code:WFEE

User :C46575

Sale Accounting Date:03/23/2021

Sale Item Reference Number	Effective Date
17077267	03/19/2021

Document Number	Fee Code	Fee Code Description	Amount Paid	Payment Method
I20213M951002053	1081	UTILITY APPL SIZE FEE PER 50 SHEETS >100	$420.00	Deposit Account

PATENT APPLICATION FEE DETERMINATION RECORD Substitute for Form PTO-875	Application or Docket Number 17/077,267

APPLICATION AS FILED - PART I

	(Column 1)	(Column 2)	SMALL ENTITY		OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY	
FOR	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE($)	FEE($)		RATE($)	FEE($)
BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a), (b), or (c))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	320
SEARCH FEE (37 CFR 1.16(k), (i), or (m))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	700
EXAMINATION FEE (37 CFR 1.16(o), (p), or (q))	N/A	N/A	N/A			N/A	800
TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(i))	7 minus 20 =	*			OR	x 100 =	0.00
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(h))	1 minus 3 =	*				x 480 =	0.00
APPLICATION SIZE FEE (37 CFR 1.16(s))	If the specification and drawings exceed 100 sheets of paper, the application size fee due is $310 ($155 for small entity) for each additional 50 sheets or fraction thereof. See 35 U.S.C. 41(a)(1)(G) and 37 CFR 1.16(s).						4200
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM PRESENT (37 CFR 1.16(j))							0.00
* If the difference in column 1 is less than zero, enter "0" in column 2.			TOTAL			TOTAL	6020

APPLICATION AS AMENDED - PART II

		(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	SMALL ENTITY RATE($)	SMALL ENTITY ADDITIONAL FEE($)	OR	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY RATE($)	OTHER THAN SMALL ENTITY ADDITIONAL FEE($)
AMENDMENT A	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))							OR		
						TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	

		(Column 1) CLAIMS REMAINING AFTER AMENDMENT		(Column 2) HIGHEST NUMBER PREVIOUSLY PAID FOR	(Column 3) PRESENT EXTRA	RATE($)	ADDITIONAL FEE($)		RATE($)	ADDITIONAL FEE($)
AMENDMENT B	Total (37 CFR 1.16(i))	*	Minus	**	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Independent (37 CFR 1.16(h))	*	Minus	***	=	x =		OR	x =	
	Application Size Fee (37 CFR 1.16(s))									
	FIRST PRESENTATION OF MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM (37 CFR 1.16(j))							OR		
						TOTAL ADD'L FEE		OR	TOTAL ADD'L FEE	

* If the entry in column 1 is less than the entry in column 2, write "0" in column 3.
** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 20, enter "20".
*** If the "Highest Number Previously Paid For" IN THIS SPACE is less than 3, enter "3".
The "Highest Number Previously Paid For" (Total or Independent) is the highest found in the appropriate box in column 1.

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING or 371(c) DATE	GRP ART UNIT	FIL FEE REC'D	ATTY.DOCKET.NO	TOT CLAIMS	IND CLAIMS
17/077,267	10/22/2020	1673	6180	37JD-199059-US13	7	1

CONFIRMATION NO. 4237

UPDATED FILING RECEIPT

117796
Gilead Sciences, Inc.
c/o Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton LLP
650 Town Center Drive, 10th Floor
Costa Mesa, CA 92626

OC000000124327444

Date Mailed: 03/24/2021

Receipt is acknowledged of this non-provisional utility patent application. The application will be taken up for examination in due course. Applicant will be notified as to the results of the examination. Any correspondence concerning the application must include the following identification information: the U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER, FILING DATE, NAME OF FIRST INVENTOR, and TITLE OF INVENTION. Fees transmitted by check or draft are subject to collection.

Please verify the accuracy of the data presented on this receipt. If an error is noted on this Filing Receipt, please submit a written request for a corrected Filing Receipt, including a properly marked-up ADS showing the changes with strike-through for deletions and underlining for additions. If you received a "Notice to File Missing Parts" or other Notice requiring a response for this application, please submit any request for correction to this Filing Receipt with your reply to the Notice. When the USPTO processes the reply to the Notice, the USPTO will generate another Filing Receipt incorporating the requested corrections provided that the request is grantable.

Inventor(s)

Jinfa Du, Redwood City, CA;
Dhanapalan Nagarathnam, Bethany, CT;
Michael Joseph Sofia, Doylestown, PA;
Peiyuan Wang, San Mateo, CA;

Applicant(s)

GILEAD PHARMASSET LLC, FOSTER CITY, CA;

Power of Attorney: None

Domestic Priority data as claimed by applicant

This application is a CON of 16/817,318 03/12/2020 ABN
which is a CON of 16/516,192 07/18/2019 ABN
which is a CON of 16/169,878 10/24/2018 ABN
which is a CON of 15/411,506 01/20/2017 PAT 10183037
which is a CON of 14/656,546 03/12/2015 PAT 9585906
which is a CON of 14/013,237 08/29/2013 PAT 9085573
which is a CON of 13/609,614 09/11/2012 PAT 8580765
which is a CON of 13/099,671 05/03/2011 PAT 8334270
which is a CON of 12/053,015 03/21/2008 PAT 7964580
which claims benefit of 60/982,309 10/24/2007
and claims benefit of 60/909,315 03/30/2007

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Foreign Applications for which priority is claimed (You may be eligible to benefit from the **Patent Prosecution Highway** program at the USPTO. Please see http://www.uspto.gov for more information.) - None.
Foreign application information must be provided in an Application Data Sheet in order to constitute a claim to foreign priority. See 37 CFR 1.55 and 1.76.

Permission to Access Application via Priority Document Exchange: Yes

Permission to Access Search Results: Yes

Applicant may provide or rescind an authorization for access using Form PTO/SB/39 or Form PTO/SB/69 as appropriate.

If Required, Foreign Filing License Granted: 12/01/2020

The country code and number of your priority application, to be used for filing abroad under the Paris Convention, is **US 17/077,267**

Projected Publication Date: 07/01/2021

Non-Publication Request: No

Early Publication Request: No
Title

NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS

Preliminary Class

514

Statement under 37 CFR 1.55 or 1.78 for AIA (First Inventor to File) Transition Applications: No

PROTECTING YOUR INVENTION OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

Since the rights granted by a U.S. patent extend only throughout the territory of the United States and have no effect in a foreign country, an inventor who wishes patent protection in another country must apply for a patent in a specific country or in regional patent offices. Applicants may wish to consider the filing of an international application under the Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT). An international (PCT) application generally has the same effect as a regular national patent application in each PCT-member country. The PCT process **simplifies** the filing of patent applications on the same invention in member countries, but **does not result** in a grant of "an international patent" and does not eliminate the need of applicants to file additional documents and fees in countries where patent protection is desired.

Almost every country has its own patent law, and a person desiring a patent in a particular country must make an application for patent in that country in accordance with its particular laws. Since the laws of many countries differ in various respects from the patent law of the United States, applicants are advised to seek guidance from specific foreign countries to ensure that patent rights are not lost prematurely.

Applicants also are advised that in the case of inventions made in the United States, the Director of the USPTO must issue a license before applicants can apply for a patent in a foreign country. The filing of a U.S. patent application serves as a request for a foreign filing license. The application's filing receipt contains further information and guidance as to the status of applicant's license for foreign filing.

Gilead Exhibit 2029
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Applicants may wish to consult the USPTO booklet, "General Information Concerning Patents" (specifically, the section entitled "Treaties and Foreign Patents") for more information on timeframes and deadlines for filing foreign patent applications. The guide is available either by contacting the USPTO Contact Center at 800-786-9199, or it can be viewed on the USPTO website at http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/doc/general/index.html.

For information on preventing theft of your intellectual property (patents, trademarks and copyrights), you may wish to consult the U.S. Government website, http://www.stopfakes.gov. Part of a Department of Commerce initiative, this website includes self-help "toolkits" giving innovators guidance on how to protect intellectual property in specific countries such as China, Korea and Mexico. For questions regarding patent enforcement issues, applicants may call the U.S. Government hotline at 1-866-999-HALT (1-866-999-4258).

LICENSE FOR FOREIGN FILING UNDER

Title 35, United States Code, Section 184

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, 5.11 & 5.15

GRANTED

The applicant has been granted a license under 35 U.S.C. 184, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" followed by a date appears on this form. Such licenses are issued in all applications where the conditions for issuance of a license have been met, regardless of whether or not a license may be required as set forth in 37 CFR 5.15. The scope and limitations of this license are set forth in 37 CFR 5.15(a) unless an earlier license has been issued under 37 CFR 5.15(b). The license is subject to revocation upon written notification. The date indicated is the effective date of the license, unless an earlier license of similar scope has been granted under 37 CFR 5.13 or 5.14.

This license is to be retained by the licensee and may be used at any time on or after the effective date thereof unless it is revoked. This license is automatically transferred to any related applications(s) filed under 37 CFR 1.53(d). This license is not retroactive.

The grant of a license does not in any way lessen the responsibility of a licensee for the security of the subject matter as imposed by any Government contract or the provisions of existing laws relating to espionage and the national security or the export of technical data. Licensees should apprise themselves of current regulations especially with respect to certain countries, of other agencies, particularly the Office of Defense Trade Controls, Department of State (with respect to Arms, Munitions and Implements of War (22 CFR 121-128)); the Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce (15 CFR parts 730-774); the Office of Foreign AssetsControl, Department of Treasury (31 CFR Parts 500+) and the Department of Energy.

NOT GRANTED

No license under 35 U.S.C. 184 has been granted at this time, if the phrase "IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED" DOES NOT appear on this form. Applicant may still petition for a license under 37 CFR 5.12, if a license is desired before the expiration of 6 months from the filing date of the application. If 6 months has lapsed from the filing date of this application and the licensee has not received any indication of a secrecy order under 35 U.S.C. 181, the licensee may foreign file the application pursuant to 37 CFR 5.15(b).

Gilead Exhibit 2029
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SelectUSA

The United States represents the largest, most dynamic marketplace in the world and is an unparalleled location for business investment, innovation, and commercialization of new technologies. The U.S. offers tremendous resources and advantages for those who invest and manufacture goods here. Through SelectUSA, our nation works to promote and facilitate business investment. SelectUSA provides information assistance to the international investor community; serves as an ombudsman for existing and potential investors; advocates on behalf of U.S. cities, states, and regions competing for global investment; and counsels U.S. economic development organizations on investment attraction best practices. To learn more about why the United States is the best country in the world to develop technology, manufacture products, deliver services, and grow your business, visit http://www.SelectUSA.gov or call +1-202-482-6800.

Gilead Exhibit 2029
PGR2023-00046 - Page 00801

Docket No.: 37JD-199059-US13
(PATENT)

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of:
Gilead Pharmasset LLC

Application No.: 17/077,267	Confirmation No.: 4237
Filed: October 22, 2020	Art Unit: 1623
For: NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS	Examiner: Not Yet Assigned

INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT (IDS)

MS Amendment
Commissioner for Patents
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Commissioner:

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.56, 1.97, and 1.98, the attention of the United States Patent and Trademark Office is hereby directed to the references listed on the attached PTO/SB/08. It is respectfully requested that the information be expressly considered during the prosecution of the above-identified application, and that the references be made of record therein and appear among the "References Cited" on any patent to issue therefrom.

This Information Disclosure Statement is filed before the mailing date of a first Office Action on the merits (37 C.F.R. § 1.97(b)(3)).

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(a)(2)(ii), copies of U.S. patents and U.S. patent application publications are not submitted. Submitted herewith are copies of non-patent literature in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(a)(2). In addition, Applicant requests that, in accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.98(d), the Examiner review all applications relied upon for an earlier effective filing date under 35 U.S.C. § 120, including U.S. Patent Application Nos. 16/817,318, filed March 12, 2020, 16/516,192, filed July 18, 2019, 16/169,878, filed

October 24, 2018, 15/411,506, filed January 20, 2017, 14/656,546, filed March 12, 2015, 14/013,237, filed August 29, 2013, 13/609,614, filed September 11, 2012, 13/099,671, filed May 3, 2011 and 12/053,015, filed March 21, 2008, for copies of references of record therein that are not being provided here; although Applicant would be pleased to provide copies of any such documents at the Examiner's request. See M.P.E.P. 609.02(II)(2).

The Examiner is further requested to review all official communications issued and responses filed in U.S. Patent Application Nos. 16/817,318, filed March 12, 2020, 16/516,192, filed July 18, 2019, 16/169,878, filed October 24, 2018, 15/411,506, filed January 20, 2017, 14/656,546, filed March 12, 2015, 14/255,833, filed April 17, 2014, 14/254,737, filed April 16, 2014, 14/057,675, filed October 18, 2013, 14/013,237, filed August 29, 2013, 13/609,614, filed September 11, 2012, 13/099,671, filed May 3, 2011 and 12/053,015, filed March 21, 2008.

Not all documents are in English. English abstracts or equivalents are provided where available. Applicant is happy to provide English translations upon request. Applicant submits that the absence of an English translation does not relieve the PTO from its duty to consider the submitted foreign language document (37 C.F.R. §1.98 and M.P.E.P. §609).

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(g), the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement shall not be construed as a representation that a search has been made. In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.97(h), the filing of this Information Disclosure Statement shall not be construed to be an admission that the information cited in this Information Disclosure Statement is, or is considered to be, material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56(b).

It is submitted that the Information Disclosure Statement is in compliance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.98, and the Examiner is respectfully requested to consider the listed references.

It is believed that no fees are due in connection with the submission of these papers. However, if it is determined that fees are due, the Director is hereby authorized to charge any deficiency in the fees filed, asserted to be filed or which should have been filed herewith to our Deposit Account No. 50-4561.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: April 19, 2021

By /Joy Lynn Nemirow/

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Electronic Acknowledgement Receipt	
EFS ID:	42487087
Application Number:	17077267
International Application Number:	
Confirmation Number:	4237
Title of Invention:	NUCLEOSIDE PHOSPHORAMIDATE PRODRUGS
First Named Inventor/Applicant Name:	Jinfa Du
Customer Number:	117796
Filer:	Joy Lynn Bala Nemirow/Joannah Laluces
Filer Authorized By:	Joy Lynn Bala Nemirow
Attorney Docket Number:	37JD-199059-US13
Receipt Date:	19-APR-2021
Filing Date:	22-OCT-2020
Time Stamp:	14:54:59
Application Type:	Utility under 35 USC 111(a)

Payment information:

Submitted with Payment	no

File Listing:

Document Number	Document Description	File Name	File Size(Bytes)/ Message Digest	Multi Part /.zip	Pages (if appl.)
1	Non Patent Literature	ExaminationReport_AU2019203002_2020-04-20.pdf	105514 741a0aab05f18330a0224cedcd861af2d383715d	no	5
Warnings:					

Information:					
2	Non Patent Literature	EESR_EP141690602_2014-10-10.pdf	350933 ea025ad12c553bc990c0cad1e70d8e4dd5a79473	no	9
Warnings:					
Information:					
3	Non Patent Literature	EESR_EP141795930_2014-12-17.pdf	221813 f408ab225ddb10beb1f20e3bfefb6fcfaf5f1c34	no	7
Warnings:					
Information:					
4	Non Patent Literature	FinalRejection_BRPI08096546_2020-12-28.pdf	99928 22f26aaf7bd2e2c7e6fcf9d29c25b3b2e56442ec	no	2
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Information:					
5	Non Patent Literature	NoticeReasonsRejection_JP2018138161_2019-07-09.pdf	162032 64d171bd9ca960c542a1daf0be18c1947bbbc272	no	4
Warnings:					
Information:					
6	Non Patent Literature	OASR_CN2018112800646_2019-09-09.pdf	6779567 d67380156880fd32c82bc0cd315a3ea6e05cf8a0	no	21
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Information:					
7	Non Patent Literature	OASR_CN2018113484345_2019-10-08.pdf	9465865 55cd39452e2ad78b740f168f31188c2a6b9556c4	no	29
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8	Non Patent Literature	OA_BRPI08096546_2020-08-06.pdf	251199 0e56e98b0838986582e08d2963ae7db392480a41	no	12
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Information:					

9	Non Patent Literature	OA_BRPI08096546_2019-12-18.pdf	323265 69ee21adce132e9d28a55356517130e8fcb4a8a3	no	13
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Information:					
10	Non Patent Literature	OASR_CN2018114322812_2020-01-22.pdf	8761250 c416faca0151656defcaa6d45257312ca39bd9de	no	17
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12	Non Patent Literature	OA_EP141690602_2018-12-20.pdf	155665 953f91da2165ed8acb156a25736b89646a7c3815	no	5
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13	Non Patent Literature	OA_EP141690602_2019-11-11.pdf	90595 41e751c5f6cef9f90c6581d15d2a56cfb3e80607	no	4
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14	Non Patent Literature	OA_EP141795930_2018-12-20.pdf	195408 b59a22eb1ddf645bdc462b7a1f5a9ddccd412613	no	6
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15	Non Patent Literature	Protide.pdf	169047 ff1a173a081d7a2808f7e8295dcb53b56e7ac90e	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					

16	Non Patent Literature	RejectionDecision_BRPI082351 98_2018-08-21.pdf	452843 c685d9cec7785334bf4f3dc2d6555865090c f829	no	20
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17	Non Patent Literature	RejectionDecision_CN2018114 322812_2021-02-02.pdf	6740166 301e646f23e1cf3d71e2dce43dc5de64a6a1 5cc0	no	18
Warnings:					
Information:					
18	Non Patent Literature	SecondExamReport_MYPI2013 700238_2020-07-28.pdf	170365 0cff66d65383675a0cd2b92a6f577456542e e5ac	no	2
Warnings:					
Information:					
19	Non Patent Literature	SecondExaminationReport_MY PI2013700240_2020-07-28.pdf	189388 ba6f0579b042779b08edfbaa093d1755bb2 8bac2	no	3
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Information:					
20	Non Patent Literature	SecondOA_CN2018114322812 _2020-07-29.pdf	6696787 3c12a9612a9ce0b517aebfcb5bcc39577e6 39d92	no	17
Warnings:					
Information:					
21	Non Patent Literature	SubstantiveExaminationReport _MYPI2013700238_2020-03-06. pdf	170363 908a3771f42f3c0d98e015a1343ebf2457a7 5047	no	3
Warnings:					
Information:					
22	Non Patent Literature	SubstantiveExaminationReport _MYPI2013700240_2019-08-15. pdf	305514 8d91248ed32ed097fd1a9534d4ea22e93bf 2e9c4	no	3
Warnings:					
Information:					

23	Non Patent Literature	SubstantiveExaminationReport_PH12014502771_2019-11-28.pdf	4233172 bcfbcc0f0f3c9905eaab03d420cbc234b6ca3f4b	no	5
Warnings:					
Information:					
24	Information Disclosure Statement (IDS) Form (SB08)	37JD-199059-US13_IDS_SB08.pdf	538283 c08fc0aae2e7ec027717715a1af0fd1b3fb53ce0	no	51
Warnings:					
Information:					
This is not an USPTO supplied IDS fillable form					
25	Transmittal Letter	37JD-199059-US13_IDS_Transmittal_Letter.pdf	99903 c298bef1305af245c0476dd15d63e3a4715a7701	no	3
Warnings:					
Information:					
26	Non Patent Literature	OA_AR120100340_2019-10-29.pdf	3526718 74b4e0638d0ab69d71ef71459e35d87bd3faa11b	no	7
Warnings:					
Information:					
		Total Files Size (in bytes):	50370146		

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If a new application is being filed and the application includes the necessary components for a filing date (see 37 CFR 1.53(b)-(d) and MPEP 506), a Filing Receipt (37 CFR 1.54) will be issued in due course and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the filing date of the application.
<u>National Stage of an International Application under 35 U.S.C. 371</u>
If a timely submission to enter the national stage of an international application is compliant with the conditions of 35 U.S.C. 371 and other applicable requirements a Form PCT/DO/EO/903 indicating acceptance of the application as a national stage submission under 35 U.S.C. 371 will be issued in addition to the Filing Receipt, in due course.
<u>New International Application Filed with the USPTO as a Receiving Office</u>
If a new international application is being filed and the international application includes the necessary components for an international filing date (see PCT Article 11 and MPEP 1810), a Notification of the International Application Number and of the International Filing Date (Form PCT/RO/105) will be issued in due course, subject to prescriptions concerning national security, and the date shown on this Acknowledgement Receipt will establish the international filing date of the application.

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 1 of 51

Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		US-20010034440	10-25-2001	Shepard et al.	
		US-20020058635	05-16-2002	Averett	
		US-20020198173	12-26-2002	Schinazi et al.	
		US-20030050229	03-13-2003	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20030060400	03-27-2003	LaColla et al.	
		US-20030109697	06-12-2003	Shepard et al.	
		US-20030120071	06-26-2003	McGuigan et al.	
		US-20030144502	07-31-2003	Pietrzkowski et al.	
		US-20030153744	08-14-2003	Mekouar et al.	
		US-20030187018	10-02-2003	Llinas-Brunet et al.	
		US-20040006007	01-08-2004	Gosselin et al.	
		US-20040014108	01-22-2004	Eldrup et al.	
		US-20040023240	02-05-2004	Marliere et al.	
		US-20040023901	02-05-2004	Cook et al.	
		US-20040059104	03-25-2004	Cook et al.	
		US-20040063622	04-01-2004	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20040067901	04-08-2004	Bhat et al.	
		US-20040072788	04-15-2004	Bhat et al.	
		US-20040097461	05-20-2004	Sommadossi et al.	

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3]-Number[4]-Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]
		CN-101108870	01-23-2008	YIXIN, LENG		
		DE-19914474	10-07-1999	F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE AG		
		EP-0180276	05-07-1986	OCE ANDENO BV		
		EP-0350287	01-10-1990	VICAL, INC		
		EP-1828217	09-05-2007	FEBIT BIOTECH GMBH		
		EP-1881001	01-23-2008	TIBOTEC PHARM LTD		
		EP-2097430	09-09-2009	CT BADAN MOLEKULAR I MAKRO		
		EP-2124555	12-02-2009	MERCK & CO., INC		
		EP-2207786	07-21-2010	EISAI INC		

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

(Use as many sheets as necessary)

Sheet 2 of 51

Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		US-20040097462	05-20-2004	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20040101535	05-27-2004	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20040102414	05-27-2004	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20040110717	06-10-2004	Carroll et al.	
		US-20040167140	08-26-2004	Schinazi et al.	
		US-20040191824	09-30-2004	Dempcy et al.	
		US-20040214844	10-28-2004	Otto et al.	
		US-20040229839	11-18-2004	Babu et al.	
		US-20040229840	11-18-2004	Bhat et al.	
		US-20040248892	12-09-2004	Wang	
		US-20040254141	12-16-2004	Schinazi et al.	
		US-20040259934	12-23-2004	Olsen et al.	
		US-20040265969	12-30-2004	Li et al.	
		US-20040266996	12-30-2004	Rabi	
		US-20050009737	01-13-2005	Clark	
		US-20050020825	01-27-2005	Storer et al.	
		US-20050026853	02-03-2005	Mekouar et al.	
		US-20050031588	02-10-2005	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20050059632	03-17-2005	Storer et al.	
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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3]-Number[4]-Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]
		JP-2007505742	03-15-2007	E.I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY		
		JP-5238939	07-17-2013	MITSUBISHI CHEMICALS CORP		
		WO-8902733	04-06-1989	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA		
		WO-9000555	01-25-1990	VICAL, INC.		
		WO-9116920	11-14-1991	VICAL, INC.		
		WO-9118914	12-12-1991	VICAL, INC.		

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Sheet 3 of 51

Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		US-20050080034	04-14-2005	Standring et al.	
		US-20050090660	04-28-2005	Watanabe et al.	
		US-20050124532	06-09-2005	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20050130931	06-16-2005	Boyer et al.	
		US-20050137161	06-23-2005	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20050148534	07-07-2005	Castellino et al.	
		US-20050154056	07-14-2005	Yang et al.	
		US-20050164960	07-28-2005	Olsen et al.	
		US-20050215513	09-29-2005	Boojamra et al.	
		US-20050227947	10-13-2005	Chen et al.	
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		WO-9119721	12-26-1991	GLAZIER, ARNOLD		
		WO-9300910	01-21-1993	VICAL, INC.		
		WO-9426273	11-24-1994	HOSTETLER, KARL		
		WO-9513090	05-18-1995	ENZON, INC.		
		WO-9524185	09-14-1995	ISIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
		WO-9615132	05-23-1996	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA		
		WO-9629336	09-26-1996	MEDICAL RESEARCH COUNCIL		

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Sheet 4 of 51

Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
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U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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		US-20060110727	05-25-2006	McGall et al.	
		US-20060116557	06-01-2006	Moore et al.	
		US-20060122146	06-08-2006	Chun et al.	
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		US-20060199783	09-07-2006	Wang et al.	
		US-20060241064	10-26-2006	Roberts et al.	
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		US-20060293306	12-28-2006	Beaulieu et al.	
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		US-20070037773	02-15-2007	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-20070042939	02-22-2007	LaColla et al.	
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		US-20070049754	03-01-2007	Boojamra et al.	
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		WO-9632403	10-17-1996	SCHERING AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT		
		WO-9712033	04-03-1997	EMORY UNIVERSITY		
		WO-9736554	10-09-1997	VIROPHARMA INCORPORATED		
		WO-9816184	04-23-1998	ICN PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
		WO-9817679	04-30-1998	VERTEX PHARMACEUTICALS INCORPORATED		
		WO-9822496	05-28-1998	F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE AG		

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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Art Unit	1623
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Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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		WO-9937753	07-29-1999	NEWBIOTICS, INC.		
		WO-9943691	09-02-1999	EMORY UNIVERSITY		

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Sheet 6 of 51

Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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Application Number	17/077,267
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First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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Art Unit	1623
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		WO-0232920	04-25-2002	PHARMASSET LIMITED		

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First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
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		WO-03037895	05-08-2003	GLAXO GROUP LIMITED		
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		WO-03053989	07-03-2003	MRC TECHNOLOGY LIMITED		
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		WO-03062256	07-31-2003	RIBAPHARM INC.		

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

U. S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Document Number Number-Kind Code[2] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages or Relevant Figures Appear
		US-6,555,677	04-29-2003	Petrillo et al.	
		US-6,573,248	06-03-2003	Ramasamy et al.	
		US-6,589,941	07-08-2003	Fahrig et al.	
		US-6,642,206	11-04-2003	Ramasamy et al.	
		US-6,660,721	12-09-2003	Devos et al.	
		US-6,677,314	01-13-2004	Klecker et al.	
		US-6,677,315	01-13-2004	Klecker et al.	
		US-6,680,303	01-20-2004	Schinazi et al.	
		US-6,682,715	01-27-2004	Klecker et al.	
		US-6,683,045	01-27-2004	Klecker et al.	
		US-6,703,374	03-09-2004	Klecker et al.	
		US-6,753,309	06-22-2004	Klecker et al.	
		US-6,777,395	08-17-2004	Bhat et al.	
		US-6,784,166	08-31-2004	Devos et al.	
		US-6,787,305	09-07-2004	Li et al.	
		US-6,787,526	09-07-2004	Bryant et al.	
		US-6,812,219	11-02-2004	LaColla et al.	

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		WO-03064456	08-07-2003	BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM INT		
		WO-03068244	08-21-2003	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-03101993	12-11-2003	NEOGENESIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
		WO-03104250	12-18-2003	KYLIX, B. V.		
		WO-03105770	12-24-2003	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-03106477	12-24-2003	ISIS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
		WO-2004000858	12-31-2003	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-2004002422	01-08-2004	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		

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		US-6,846,810	01-25-2005	Martin et al.	
		US-6,897,201	05-24-2005	Boyer et al.	
		US-6,908,924	06-21-2005	Watanabe et al.	
		US-6,911,424	06-28-2005	Schinazi et al.	
		US-6,914,054	07-05-2005	Sommadossi et al.	
		US-6,962,991	11-08-2005	Dempcy et al.	
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		US-7,105,493	09-12-2006	Sommadossi et al.	
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		US-7,163,929	01-16-2007	Sommadossi et al.	
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		US-7,390,791	06-24-2008	Becker et al.	

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		WO-2004002940	01-08-2004	PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY		
		WO-2004002944	01-08-2004	PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY		
		WO-2004002977	01-08-2004	PHARMACIA & UPJOHN COMPANY LLC		

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		US-7,601,820	10-13-2009	Wang et al.	
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		US-8,906,880	12-09-2014	Du et al.	
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		US-9,085,573	07-21-2015	Du et al.	
		US-9,585,906	03-07-2017	Du et al.	

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		WO-2004002999	01-08-2004	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		
		WO-2004003000	01-08-2004	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		
		WO-2004003138	01-08-2004	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-2004007512	01-22-2004	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-2004009020	01-29-2004	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-2004009610	01-29-2004	PTC THERAPEUTICS, INC.		
		WO-2004011478	02-05-2004	MICROLOGIX BIOTECH INC.		

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Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
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		WO-2004014313	02-19-2004	BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY		
		WO-2004014852	02-19-2004	BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY		
		WO-2004035571	04-29-2004	RIGEL PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
		WO-2004041201	05-21-2004	VIROPHARMA INCORPORATED		
		WO-2004046331	06-03-2004	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		
		WO-2004065367	08-05-2004	BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM INTERNATIONAL GMBH		
		WO-2004080466	09-23-2004	RIBAPHARM INC.		
		WO-2004094452	11-04-2004	BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY		
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		WO-2004096234	11-11-2004	GILEAD SCIENCES, INC.		
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		WO-2004106356	12-09-2004	SYDDANSK UNIVERSITET		
		WO-2005002626	01-13-2005	GILEAD SCIENCES, INC.		
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		WO-2005009418	02-03-2005	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		
		WO-2005012327	02-10-2005	UNIVERSITY COLLEGE CARDIFF CONSULTANTS LIMITED		
		WO-2005020884	03-10-2005	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		
		WO-2005021568	03-10-2005	BIOTA, INC.		
		WO-2005028502	03-31-2005	VERTEX PHARMACEUTICALS, INCORPORATED		

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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Sheet 16 of 51

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Application Number	17/077,267
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First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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		WO-2005030891	04-07-2005	E.I. DUPONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY		
		WO-2005037214	04-28-2005	INTERMUNE, INC.		
		WO-2005067900	07-28-2005	ACHILLION PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
		WO-2005072361	08-11-2005	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-2005082144	09-09-2005	GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		
		WO-2005087788	09-22-2005	THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA		
		WO-2005095403	10-13-2005	INTERMUNE, INC.		
		WO-2005103045	11-03-2005	GLAXO GROUP LIMITED		
		WO-2005123087	12-29-2005	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-2006000922	01-05-2006	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		
		WO-2006012078	02-02-2006	MERCK & CO., INC.		
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		WO-2006020082	02-23-2006	BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY		
		WO-2006029081	03-16-2006	NEOPHARM, INC.		
		WO-2006031725	03-23-2006	PHARMASSET, INC.		
		WO-2006035061	04-06-2006	TIBOTEC PHARMACEUTICALS LTD.		
		WO-2006037028	04-06-2006	IDENIX (CAYMAN) LIMITED		
		WO-2006050161	05-11-2006	BIOCRYST PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
		WO-2006063149	06-15-2006	REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA		

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		WO-2006063717	06-22-2006	UNIVERSITAT KARLSRUHE		
		WO-2006065335	06-22-2006	MERCK & CO., INC.		
		WO-2006065590	06-22-2006	XTL BIOPHARMACEUTICALS INC.		
		WO-2006067606	06-29-2006	INSTITUT NATIONAL DE LA SANTE ET DE LA RECHERCHE MEDICALE (INSERM)		
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		WO-2006100310	09-28-2006	TIBOTEC PHARMACEUTICALS LTD.		
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		WO-2007014926	02-08-2007	TIBOTEC PHARMACEUTICALS LTD.		
		WO-2007015824	02-08-2007	INTERMUNE, INC.		
		WO-2007020193	02-22-2007	F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE AG		
		WO-2007027248	03-08-2007	VALEANT RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT		

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		WO-2007039142	04-12-2007	GLAXO GROUP LIMITED		
		WO-2007039145	04-12-2007	GLAXO GROUP LIMITED		
		WO-2007065829	06-14-2007	F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE AG		
		WO-2007070556	06-21-2007	GENELABS TECHNOLOGIES, INC.		
		WO-2007076034	07-05-2007	ABBOTT LABORATORIES		
		WO-2007088148	08-09-2007	SMITHKLINE BEECHAM CORPORATION		
		WO-2007092000	08-16-2007	BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY		
		WO-2007093901	08-23-2007	PFIZER LIMITED		
		WO-2007095269	08-23-2007	MERCK & CO., INC.		
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		WO-2008048128	04-24-2008	CENTRUM BADAN MOLEKULARNYCH I MAKROMOLEKULARNYCH, POLSKIEJ AKADEMII NAUK		
		WO-2008062206	05-29-2008	UNIVERSITY COLLEGE CARDIFF CONSULTANTS LIMITED		
		WO-2008079206	07-03-2008	MERCK & CO., INC.		
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		WO-2008121634	10-09-2008	PHARMASSET, INC.		
		WO-2008142055	11-27-2008	ISTITUTO DI RICERCHE DI BIOLOGIA MOLECOLARE P. ANGELETTI SPA		

Examiner Signature		Date Considered	

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Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Foreign Patent Document Country Code[3]-Number[4]-Kind Code[5] *(if known)*	Publication Date MM-DD-YYYY	Name of Patentee or Applicant of Cited Document	Pages, Columns, Lines, Where Relevant Passages Or Relevant Figures Appear	T[6]
		WO-2009052287	04-23-2009	EISAL CORPORATION OF NORTH AMERICA		
		WO-2009115893	09-24-2009	HETERO RESEARCH FOUNDATION		
		WO-2009120878	10-01-2009	ALNYLAM PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.		
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		WO-2011123645	10-06-2011	PHARMASSET, INC.		

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(Use as many sheets as necessary)				Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
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Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT BY APPLICANT

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Sheet	35	of	51

Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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		Office Action dated 2016-02-24 for European Appl. No. 14179358.8.	

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		Office Action dated 2016-03-04 for Chinese Appl. No. 201410569402.3.	
		Office Action dated 2016-04-06 for Taiwan Appl. No. 097111505.	
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		Office Action dated 2017-06-28 for European Appl. No. 14151876.1.	
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		Office Action dated 2017-10-25 for Brazilian Appl. No. PI0809654-6.	
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		Opposition by Medecins Du Monde to European Application No. 08732818.3 dated 02/10/2015.	
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Sheet	44	of	51

Complete if Known	
Application Number	17/077,267
Filing Date	October 22, 2020
First Named Inventor	Jinfa Du et al.
Art Unit	1623
Examiner Name	Not Yet Assigned
Attorney Docket Number	37JD-199059-US13

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Examiner Initials*	Cite No.[1]	Include name of the author (in CAPITAL LETTERS), title of the article (when appropriate), title of the item (book, magazine, journal, serial, symposium, catalog, etc.), date, page(s), volume-issue number(s), publisher, city and/or country where published.	T[2]
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APPLICATION NUMBER	FILING OR 371(C) DATE	FIRST NAMED APPLICANT	ATTY. DOCKET NO./TITLE
17/077,267	10/22/2020	Jinfa Du	37JD-199059-US13

CONFIRMATION NO. 4237

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Gilead Sciences, Inc.
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650 Town Center Drive, 10th Floor
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(54) Title: MODIFIED FLUORINATED NUCLEOSIDE ANALOGUES

(57) Abstract: The disclosed invention provides compositions and methods of treating a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus, yellow fever virus, and a rhinovirus infection in a host, including animals, and especially humans, using a (2'R)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-C-methyl nucleosides, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof.

MODIFIED FLUORINATED NUCLEOSIDE ANALOGUES

This application is being filed on 21 April 2004 as a PCT International Patent application in the name of PHARMASSET LTD. a US resident, applicants for all designations except the US.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention includes (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleosides having the natural β-D configuration and methods for the treatment of *Flaviviridae* infections, especially hepatitis C virus (HCV).

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection is a major health problem that leads to chronic liver disease, such as cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma, in a substantial number of infected individuals, estimated to be 2-15% of the world's population. There are an estimated 4.5 million infected people in the United States alone, according to the U.S. Center for Disease Control. According to the World Health Organization, there are more than 200 million infected individuals worldwide, with at least 3 to 4 million people being infected each year. Once infected, about 20% of people clear the virus, but the rest can harbor HCV the rest of their lives. Ten to twenty percent of chronically infected individuals eventually develop liver-destroying cirrhosis or cancer. The viral disease is transmitted parenterally by contaminated blood and blood products, contaminated needles, or sexually and vertically from infected mothers or carrier mothers to their offspring. Current treatments for HCV infection, which are restricted to immunotherapy with recombinant interferon-α alone or in combination with the nucleoside analog ribavirin, are of limited clinical benefit as resistance develops rapidly. Moreover, there is no established vaccine for HCV. Consequently, there is an urgent need for improved therapeutic agents that effectively combat chronic HCV infection.

The HCV virion is an enveloped positive-strand RNA virus with a single oligoribonucleotide genomic sequence of about 9600 bases which encodes a

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polyprotein of about 3,010 amino acids. The protein products of the HCV gene consist of the structural proteins C, E1, and E2, and the non-structural proteins NS2, NS3, NS4A and NS4B, and NS5A and NS5B. The nonstructural (NS) proteins are believed to provide the catalytic machinery for viral replication. The NS3 protease releases NS5B, the RNA-dependent RNA polymerase from the polyprotein chain. HCV NS5B polymerase is required for the synthesis of a double-stranded RNA from a single-stranded viral RNA that serves as a template in the replication cycle of HCV. Therefore, NS5B polymerase is considered to be an essential component in the HCV replication complex (K. Ishi, et al., "Expression of Hepatitis C Virus NS5B Protein: Characterization of Its RNA Polymerase Activity and RNA Binding," *Heptology*, 29: 1227-1235 (1999); V. Lohmann, et al., "Biochemical and Kinetic Analysis of NS5B RNA-Dependent RNA Polymerase of the Hepatitis C Virus," *Virology*, 249: 108-118 (1998)). Inhibition of HCV NS5B polymerase prevents formation of the double-stranded HCV RNA and therefore constitutes an attractive approach to the development of HCV-specific antiviral therapies.

HCV belongs to a much larger family of viruses that share many common features.

Flaviviridae Viruses

The Flaviviridae family of viruses comprises at least three distinct genera: *pestiviruses*, which cause disease in cattle and pigs; *flavivruses*, which are the primary cause of diseases such as dengue fever and yellow fever; and *hepaciviruses*, whose sole member is HCV. The flavivirus genus includes more than 68 members separated into groups on the basis of serological relatedness (Calisher et al., *J. Gen. Virol*, 1993,70,37-43). Clinical symptoms vary and include fever, encephalitis and hemorrhagic fever (*Fields Virology*, Editors: Fields, B. N., Knipe, D. M., and Howley, P. M., Lippincott-Raven Publishers, Philadelphia, PA, 1996, Chapter 31, 931-959). Flaviviruses of global concern that are associated with human disease include the Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever viruses (DHF), yellow fever virus, shock syndrome and Japanese encephalitis virus (Halstead, S. B., *Rev. Infect. Dis.*, 1984, 6, 251-264; Halstead, S. B., *Science*, 239:476-481, 1988; Monath, T. P., *New Eng. J. Med*, 1988, 319, 64 1-643).

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The pestivirus genus includes bovine viral diarrhea virus (BVDV), classical swine fever virus (CSFV, also called hog cholera virus) and border disease virus (BDV) of sheep (Moennig, V. et al. *Adv. Vir. Res.* 1992, 41, 53-98). Pestivirus infections of domesticated livestock (cattle, pigs and sheep) cause significant economic losses worldwide. BVDV causes mucosal disease in cattle and is of significant economic importance to the livestock industry (Meyers, G. and Thiel, H.J., Advances in Virus Research, 1996, 47, 53-118; Moennig V., et al, Adv. Vir. Res. 1992, 41, 53-98). Human pestiviruses have not been as extensively characterized as the animal pestiviruses. However, serological surveys indicate considerable pestivirus exposure in humans.

Pestiviruses and hepaciviruses are closely related virus groups within the Flaviviridae family. Other closely related viruses in this family include the GB virus A, GB virus A-like agents, GB virus-B and GB virus-C (also called hepatitis G virus, HGV). The hepacivirus group (hepatitis C virus; HCV) consists of a number of closely related but genotypically distinguishable viruses that infect humans. There are at least 6 HCV genotypes and more than 50 subtypes. Due to the similarities between pestiviruses and hepaciviruses, combined with the poor ability of hepaciviruses to grow efficiently in cell culture, bovine viral diarrhea virus (BVDV) is often used as a surrogate to study the HCV virus.

The genetic organization of pestiviruses and hepaciviruses is very similar. These positive stranded RNA viruses possess a single large open reading frame (ORF) encoding all the viral proteins necessary for virus replication. These proteins are expressed as a polyprotein that is co- and post-translationally processed by both cellular and virus-encoded proteinases to yield the mature viral proteins. The viral proteins responsible for the replication of the viral genome RNA are located within approximately the carboxy-terminal. Two-thirds of the ORF are termed nonstructural (NS) proteins. The genetic organization and polyprotein processing of the nonstructural protein portion of the ORF for pestiviruses and hepaciviruses is very similar. For both the pestiviruses and hepaciviruses, the mature nonstructural (NS) proteins, in sequential order from the amino-terminus of the nonstructural protein coding region to the carboxy-terminus of the ORF, consist of p7, NS2, NS3, NS4A, NS4B, NS5A, and NS5B.

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The NS proteins of pestiviruses and hepaciviruses share sequence domains that are characteristic of specific protein functions. For example, the NS3 proteins of viruses in both groups possess amino acid sequence motifs characteristic of serine proteinases and of helicases (Gorbalenya et al. (1988) *Nature* 333:22; Bazan and Fletterick (1989) *Virology* 171:637-639; Gorbalenya et al. (1989) *Nucleic Acid Res.* 17.3889-3897). Similarly, the NS5B proteins of pestiviruses and hepaciviruses have the motifs characteristic of RNA-directed RNA polymerases (Koonin, E.V. and Dolja, V.V. (1993) *Crir. Rev. Biochem. Molec. Biol.* 28:375-430).

The actual roles and functions of the NS proteins of pestiviruses and hepaciviruses in the lifecycle of the viruses are directly analogous. In both cases, the NS3 serine proteinase is responsible for all proteolytic processing of polyprotein precursors downstream of its position in the ORF (Wiskerchen and Collett (1991) *Virology* 184:341-350; Bartenschlager et al. (1993) *J. Virol.* 67:3835-3844; Eckart et al. (1993) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* 192:399-406; Grakoui et al. (1993) *J. Virol.* 67:2832-2843; Grakoui et al. (1993) *Proc. Natl. Acad Sci. USA* 90:10583-10587; Hijikata et al. (1993) *J. Virol.* 67:4665-4675; Tome et al. (1993) *J. Virol.* 67:4017-4026). The NS4A protein, in both cases, acts as a cofactor with the NS3 serine protease (Bartenschlager et al. (1994) *J. Virol.* 68:5045-5055; Failla et al. (1994) *J. Virol.* 68: 3753-3760; Xu et al. (1997) *J. Virol.* 71:53 12-5322). The NS3 protein of both viruses also functions as a helicase (Kim et al. (1995) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* 215: 160-166; Jin and Peterson (1995) *Arch. Biochem. Biophys.*, 323:47-53; Warrener and Collett (1995) *J. Virol.* 69:1720-1726). Finally, the NS5B proteins of pestiviruses and hepaciviruses have the predicted RNA-directed RNA polymerases activity (Behrens et al. (1996) EMBO. 15:12-22; Lechmann et al. (1997) *J. Virol.* 71:8416-8428; Yuan et al. (1997) *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* 232:231-235; Hagedorn, PCT WO 97/12033; Zhong et al. (1998) *J. Virol.* 72.9365-9369).

Treatment of HCV Infection with Interferon

Interferons (IFNs) have been commercially available for the treatment of chronic hepatitis for nearly a decade. IFNs are glycoproteins produced by immune cells in response to viral infection. IFNs inhibit replication of a number of viruses,

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including HCV, and when used as the sole treatment for hepatitis C infection, IFN can in certain cases suppress serum HCV-RNA to undetectable levels. Additionally, IFN can normalize serum amino transferase levels. Unfortunately, the effect of IFN is temporary and a sustained response occurs in only 8%-9% of patients chronically infected with HCV (Gary L. Davis. Gastroenterology 18:S104-S114, 2000). Most patients, however, have difficulty tolerating interferon treatment, which causes severe flu-like symptoms, weight loss, and lack of energy and stamina.

A number of patents disclose Flaviviridae, including HCV, and treatments using interferon-based therapies. For example, U.S. Patent No. 5,980,884 to Blatt et al. discloses methods for retreatment of patients afflicted with HCV using consensus interferon. U.S. Patent No. 5,942,223 to Bazer et al. discloses an anti-HCV therapy using ovine or bovine interferon-tau. U.S. Patent No. 5,928,636 to Alber et al. discloses the combination therapy of interleukin-12 and interferon alpha for the treatment of infectious diseases including HCV. U.S. Patent No. 5,849,696 to Chretien et al. discloses the use of thymosins, alone or in combination with interferon, for treating HCV. U.S. Patent No. 5,830,455 to Valtuena et al. discloses a combination HCV therapy employing interferon and a free radical scavenger. U.S. Patent No. 5,738,845 to Imakawa discloses the use of human interferon tau proteins for treating HCV. Other interferon-based treatments for HCV are disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,676,942 to Testa et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,372,808 to Blatt et al., and U.S. Patent No. 5,849,696. A number of patents also disclose pegylated forms of interferon, such as U.S. Patent Nos. 5,747,646, 5,792,834 and 5,834,594 to Hoffmann-La Roche; PCT Publication No. WO 99/32139 and WO 99/32140 to Enzon; WO 95/13090 and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,738,846 and 5,711,944 to Schering; and U.S. Patent No. 5,908,621 to Glue et al.

Interferon alpha-2a and interferon alpha-2b are currently approved as monotherapy for the treatment of HCV. ROFERON®-A (Roche) is the recombinant form of interferon alpha-2a. PEGASYS® (Roche) is the pegylated (i.e. polyethylene glycol modified) form of interferon alpha-2a. INTRON®A (Schering Corporation) is the recombinant form of Interferon alpha-2b, and PEG-INTRON® (Schering Corporation) is the pegylated form of interferon alpha-2b.

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Other forms of interferon alpha, as well as interferon beta, gamma, tau and omega are currently in clinical development for the treatment of HCV. For example, INFERGEN (interferon alphacon-1) by InterMune, OMNIFERON (natural interferon) by Viragen, ALBUFERON by Human Genome Sciences, REBIF (interferon beta-la) by Ares-Serono, Omega Interferon by BioMedicine, Oral Interferon Alpha by Amarillo Biosciences, and interferon gamma, interferon tau, and interferon gamma-lb by InterMune are in development.

Ribivarin

Ribavirin (1-β-D-ribofuranosyl-1-1,2,4-triazole-3-carboxamide) is a synthetic, non-interferon-inducing, broad spectrum antiviral nucleoside analog sold under the trade name, Virazole (The Merck Index, 11th edition, Editor: Budavari, S., Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, NJ, p1304, 1989). United States Patent No. 3,798,209 and RE29,835 disclose and claim ribavirin. Ribavirin is structurally similar to guanosine, and has in vitro activity against several DNA and RNA viruses including *Flaviviridae* (Gary L. Davis. *Gastroenterology* 118: 5104-51 14, 2000).

Ribavirin reduces serum amino transferase levels to normal in 40% of patients, but it does not lower serum levels of HCV-RNA (Gary L. Davis, 2000). Thus, ribavirin alone is not effective in reducing viral RNA levels. Additionally, ribavirin has significant toxicity and is known to induce anemia. Ribavirin is not approved for monotherapy against HCV. It has been approved in combination with interferon alpha-2a or interferon alpha-2b for the treatment of HCV.

Ribavirin is a known inosine monophosphate dehydrogenease inhibitor that does not have specific anti-HCV activity in the HCV replicon system (Stuyver et al. *Journal of Virology*, 2003, 77, 10689-10694).

Combination of Interferon and Ribavirin

The current standard of care for chronic hepatitis C is combination therapy with an alpha interferon and ribavirin. The combination of interferon and ribavirin for the treatment of HCV infection has been reported to be effective in the treatment of interferon naïve patients (Battaglia, A.M. et al., *Ann. Pharmacother.* 34:487-494, 2000), as well as for treatment of patients when histological disease is present

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(Berenguer, M. et al. *Antivir. Ther.* 3(Suppl. 3):125-136, 1998). Studies have shown that more patients with hepatitis C respond to pegylated interferon-alpha/ribavirin combination therapy than to combination therapy with unpegylated interferon alpha. However, as with monotherapy, significant side effects develop during combination therapy, including hemolysis, flu-like symptoms, anemia, and fatigue. (Gary L. Davis, 2000). Combination therapy with PEG-INTRON® (peginterferon alpha-2b) and REBETOL® (Ribavirin, USP) capsules are available from Schering Corporation. REBETOL® (Schering Corporation) has also been approved in combination with INTRON® A (Interferon alpha-2b, recombinant, Schering Corporation). Roche's PEGASYS® (pegylated interferon alpha-2a) and COPEGUS® (ribavirin), as well as Three River Pharmacetical's Ribosphere® are also approved for the treatment of HCV.

PCT Publication Nos. WO 99/59621, WO 00/37110, WO 01/81359, WO 02/32414 and WO 03/02446 1 by Schering Corporation disclose the use of pegylated interferon alpha and ribavirin combination therapy for the treatment of HCV. PCT Publication Nos. WO 99/15 194, WO 99/64016, and WO 00/24355 by Hoffmann-La Roche Inc. also disclose the use of pegylated interferon alpha and ribavirin combination therapy for the treatment of HCV.

Additional Methods to Treat Flaviviridae Infections

The development of new antiviral agents for *Flaviviridae* infections, especially hepatitis C, is currently underway. Specific inhibitors of HCV-derived enzymes such as protease, helicase, and polymerase inhibitors are being developed. Drugs that inhibit other steps in HCV replication are also in development, for example, drugs that block production of HCV antigens from the RNA (IRES inhibitors), drugs that prevent the normal processing of HCV proteins (inhibitors of glycosylation), drugs that block entry of HCV into cells (by blocking its receptor) and nonspecific cytoprotective agents that block cell injury caused by the virus infection. Further, molecular approaches are also being developed to treat hepatitis C, for example, ribozymes, which are enzymes that break down specific viral RNA molecules, antisense oligonucleotides, which are small complementary segments of DNA that bind to viral RNA and inhibit viral replication, and RNA interference

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techniques are under investigation (Bymock et al. *Antiviral Chemistry & Chemotherapy*, 11:2; 79-95 (2000); De Francesco et al. in *Antiviral Research*, 58: 1-16 (2003); and Kronke et al., *J. Virol.*, 78:3436-3446 (2004).

Bovine viral diarrhea virus (BVDV) is a pestivirus belonging to the family *Flaviviridae* and has been used as a surrogate for *in vitro* testing of potential antiviral agents. While activity against BVDV may suggest activity against other flaviviruses, often a compound can be inactive against BVDV and active against another flavivirus. Sommadossi and La Colla have revealed ("Methods and compositions for treating flaviviruses and pestiviruses", PCT WO 01/92282) that ribonucleosides containing a methyl group at the 2' "up" position have activity against BVDV. However, it is unclear whether these compounds can inhibit other flaviviruses, including HCV in cell culture or at the HCV NS5B level. Interestingly while this publication discloses a large number of compounds that are 2'-methyl-2'-X-ribonucleosides, where X is a halogen, fluorine is not considered. Furthermore, a synthetic pathway leading to nucleosides halogenated at the 2' "down" position is not shown by these inventors.

Dengue virus (DENV) is the causative agent of Dengue hemorrhagic fever (DHF). According to the world Health Organization (WHO), two fifths of the world population are now at risk for infection with this virus. An estimated 500,000 cases of DHF require hospitalization each year with a mortality rate of 5% in children.

West Nile virus (WNV), a flavivirus previously known to exist only in intertropical regions, has emerged in recent years in temperate areas of Europe and North America, presenting a threat to public health. The most serious manifestation of WNV infection is fatal encephalitis in humans. Outbreaks in New York City and sporadic occurrences in the Southern United States have been reported since 1999.

There is currently no preventive treatment of HCV, Dengue virus (DENV) or West Nile virus infection. Currently approved therapies, which exist only against HCV, are limited. Examples of antiviral agents that have been identified as active against the hepatitis C flavivirus include:

1) Protease inhibitors:

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Substrate-based NS3 protease inhibitors (Attwood et al., PCT WO 98/22496, 1998; Attwood et al., *Antiviral Chemistry and Chemotherapy* 1999, 10, 259-273; Attwood et al., Preparation and use of amino acid derivatives as anti-viral agents, German Patent Pub. DE 19914474; Tung et al. Inhibitors of serine proteases, particularly hepatitis C virus NS3 protease, PCT WO 98/17679), including alphaketoamides and hydrazinoureas, and inhibitors that terminate in an electrophile such as a boronic acid or phosphonate (Llinas-Brunet et al, Hepatitis C inhibitor peptide analogues, PCT WO 99/07734) are being investigated.

Non-substrate-based NS3 protease inhibitors such as 2,4,6-trihydroxy-3-nitro-benzamide derivatives (Sudo K. et al., *Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications*, 1997, 238, 643-647; Sudo K. et al. *Antiviral Chemistry and Chemotherapy*, 1998, 9, 186), including RD3-4082 and RD3-4078, the former substituted on the amide with a 14 carbon chain and the latter processing a para-phenoxyphenyl group are also being investigated.

SCH 68631, a phenanthrenequinone, is an HCV protease inhibitor (Chu M. et al., Tetrahedron Letters 3 7:7229-7232, 1996). In another example by the same authors, SCH 351633, isolated from the fungus *Penicillium griseofulvum*, was identified as a protease inhibitor (Chu M. et al., *Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry Letters* 9:1949-1952). Nanomolar potency against the HCV NS3 protease enzyme has been achieved by the design of selective inhibitors based on the macromolecule eglin c. Eglin c, isolated from leech, is a potent inhibitor of several serine proteases such as S. griseus proteases A and B, α-chymotrypsin, chymase and subtilisin (Qasim M.A. et al., *Biochemistry* 36:1598-1607, 1997).

Several U.S. patents disclose protease inhibitors for the treatment of HCV. For example, U.S. Patent No. 6,004,933 to Spruce et al. discloses a class of cysteine protease inhibitors for inhibiting HCV endopeptidase 2. U.S. Patent No. 5,990,276 to Zhang et al. discloses synthetic inhibitors of hepatitis C virus NS3 protease. The inhibitor is a subsequence of a substrate of the NS3 protease or a substrate of the NS4A cofactor. The use of restriction enzymes to treat HCV is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,538,865 to Reyes et al. Peptides as NS3 serine protease inhibitors of HCV are disclosed in WO 02/008251 to Corvas International, Inc. and WO

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02/08187 and WO 02/008256 to Schering Corporation. HCV inhibitor tripeptides are disclosed in U.S. Patent Nos. 6,534,523, 6,410,531, and 6,420,380 to Boehringer Ingelheim and WO 02/060926 to Bristol Myers Squibb. Diaryl peptides as NS3 serine protease inhibitors of HCV are disclosed in WO 02/48172 to Schering Corporation. Imidazoleidinones as NS3 serine protease inhibitors of HCV are disclosed in WO 02/08198 to Schering Corporation and WO 02/48157 to Bristol Myers Squibb. WO 98/17679 to Vertex Pharmaceuticals and WO 02/48116 to Bristol Myers Squibb also disclose HCV protease inhibitors.

2) Thiazolidine derivatives which show relevant inhibition in a reverse-phase HPLC assay with an NS3/4A fusion protein and NS5A/5B substrate (Sudo K. et al., *Antiviral Research*, 1996, 32, 9-18), especially compound RD-1-6250, possessing a fused cinnamoyl moiety substituted with a long alkyl chain, RD4 6205 and RD4 6193;

3) Thiazolidines and benzanilides identified in Kakiuchi N. et al. *J. EBS Letters* 421, 217-220; Takeshita N. et al. *Analytical Biochemistry*, 1997, 247,242-246;

4) A phenanthrenequinone possessing activity against protease in a SDS-PAGE and autoradiography assay isolated from the fermentation culture broth of Streptomyces sp., Sch 68631 (Chu M. et al., *Tetrahedron Letters*, 1996, 37, 7229-7232), and Sch 351633, isolated from the fungus *Penicillium griseofulvum*, which demonstrates activity in a scintillation proximity assay (Chu M. et al., *Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry Letters* 9, 1949-1952);

5) Helicase inhibitors (Diana G.D. et al., Compounds, compositions and methods for treatment of hepatitis C, U.S. Pat. No. 5,633,358; Diana G.D. et al., Piperidine derivatives, pharmaceutical compositions thereof and their use in the treatment of hepatitis C, PCT WO 97/36554);

6) Nucleotide polymerase inhibitors and gliotoxin (Ferrari R. et al. *Journal of Virology*, 1999, 73, 1649-1654), and the natural product cerulenin (Lohmann V. et al, *Virology*, 1998, 249, 108-118);

7) Antisense phosphorothioate oligodeoxynucleotides (S-ODN) complementary to sequence stretches in the 5' non-coding region (NCR) of the virus (Alt M. et al.,

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Hepatology, 1995, 22, 707-717), or nucleotides 326-348 comprising the 3' end of the NCR and nucleotides 371-388 located in the core coding region of the HCV RNA (Alt M. et al., *Archives of Virology*, 1997, 142, 589-599; Galderisi U. et al., *Journal of Cellular Physiology*, 1999, 181, 251-257);

8) Inhibitors of IRES-dependent translation (Ikeda N. et al., Agent for the prevention and treatment of hepatitis C, Japanese Patent Pub. JP-8268890; Kai Y. et al. Prevention and treatment of viral diseases, Japanese Patent Pub. JP-101 01591);

9) Ribozymes, such as nuclease-resistant ribozymes (Maccjak, D. J. et al., *Hepatology* 1999, 30, abstract 995) and those disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 6,043,077 to Barber et al., and U.S. Patent Nos. 5,869,253 and 5,610,054 to Draper et al.;

10) Nucleoside analogs have also been developed for the treatment of Flaviviridae infections.

Idenix Pharmaceuticals discloses the use of certain branched nucleosides in the treatment of flaviviruses (including HCV) and pestiviruses in International Publication Nos. WO 01/90121 and WO 01/92282. Specifically, a method for the treatment of hepatitis C virus infection (and flaviviruses and pestiviruses) in humans and other host animals is disclosed in the Idenix publications that includes administering an effective amount of a biologically active 1', 2', 3' or 4'-branched β-D or β-L nucleosides or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or derivative thereof, administered either alone or in combination with another antiviral agent, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

WO 2004/002422 to Idenix published January 8, 2004 discloses a family of 2'-methyl nucleosides for the treatment of flavivirus infections. WO 2004/002999 to Idenix, published January 8, 2004 discloses a series of 2' or 3' prodrugs of 1', 2', 3', or 4' branch nucleosides for the treatement of flavivirus infections including HCV infections.

Other patent applications disclosing the use of certain nucleoside analogs to treat hepatitis C virus infection include: PCT/CAOO/01316 (WO 01/32153; filed November 3, 2000) and PCT/CAOI/00197 (WO 01/60315; filed February 19, 2001) filed by BioChem Pharma, Inc. (now Shire Biochem, Inc.); PCT/USO2/01531 (WO

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02/057425; filed January 18, 2002) and PCT/U502/03086 (WO 02/057287; filed January 18, 2002) filed by Merck & Co., Inc., PCT/EPOT/09633 (WO 02/18404; published August 21, 2001) filed by Roche, and PCT Publication Nos. WO 01/79246 (filed April 13, 2001), WO 02/32920 (filed October 18, 2001) and WO 02/48 165 by Pharmasset, Ltd.

WO 2004/007512 to Merck & Co. discloses a number of nucleoside compounds disclosed as inhibitors of RNA-dependent RNA viral polymerase. The nucleosides disclosed in this publication are primarily 2'-methyl-2'-hydroxy subsitituted nucleosides. WO 02/057287 to Merck et al. published July 25, 2002, discloses a large genus of pyrimidine derivative nucleosides of the 2'-methyl-2'-hydroxy substitutions. WO 2004/009020 to Merck et al. discloses a series of thionucleoside derivatives as inhibitors of RNA dependent RNA viral prolymerase. WO 03/105770 to Merck et al. discloses a series of carbocyclic nucleoside derivatives that are useful for the treatement of HCV infections.

PCT Publication No. WO 99/43691 to Emory University, entitled "2'-Fluoronucleosides" discloses the use of certain 2'-fluoronucleosides to treat HCV. U.S. Patent No. 6,348,587 to Emory University entitled "2'-fluoronucleosides" discloses a family of 2'-fluoronucleosides useful for the treatment of hepatitis B, HCV, HIV and abnormal cellular proliferation. The 2' subsitutent is disclosed to be in either the "up" or "down" position.

Eldrup et al. (Oral Session V, Hepatitis C Virus, Flaviviridae; 16th International Conference on Antiviral Research (April 27, 2003, Savannah, Ga.)) described the structure activity relationship of 2'-modified nucleosides for inhibition of HCV.

Bhat et al. (Oral Session V, Hepatitis C Virus, Flaviviridae; 16th International Conference on Antiviral Research (April 27, 2003, Savannah, Ga.); p A75) describe the synthesis and pharmacokinetic properties of nucleoside analogues as possible inhibitors of HCV RNA replication. The authors report that 2'-modified nucleosides demonstrate potent inhibitory activity in cell-based replicon assays.

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Olsen et al. (Oral Session V, Hepatitis C Virus, Flaviviridae; 16th International Conference on Antiviral Research (April 27, 2003, Savannah, Ga.) p A76) also described the effects of the 2'-modified nucleosides on HCV RNA replication.

11) Other miscellaneous compounds including 1-amino-alkylcyclohexanes (U.S. Patent No. 6,034,134 to Gold et al.), alkyl lipids (U.S. Pat. No. 5,922,757 to Chojkier el al.), vitamin E and other antioxidants (U.S. Pat. No. 5,922,757 to Chojkier et al.), squalene, amantadine, bile acids (U.S. Pat. No. 5,846,964 to Ozeki et al.), N-(phosphonoacetyl)-L-aspartic acid, (U.S. Pat. No. 5,830,905 to Diana et al.), benzenedicarboxamides (U.S. Pat. No. 5,633,388 to Diana et al.), polyadenylic acid derivatives (U.S. Pat. No. 5,496,546 to Wang et al.), 2,3-dideoxyinosine (U.S. Pat. No. 5,026,687 to Yarchoan et al.), benzimidazoles (U.S. Pat. No. 5,891,874 to Colacino et al.), plant extracts (U.S. Patent No. 5,837,257 to Tsai et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,725,859 to Omer et al., and U.S. Patent No. 6,056,961), and piperidenes (U.S. Patent No. 5,830,905 to Diana et al.).

12) Other compounds currently in preclinical or clinical development for treatment of hepatitis C virus infection include: Interleukin-10 by Schering-Plough, IP-SOl by Intemeuron, Merimebodib (VX-497) by Vertex, AMANTADINE® (Symmetrel) by Endo Labs Solvay, HEPTAZYME® by RPI, IDN-6556 by Idun Pharma., XTL-002 by XTL., HCV/MFS9 by Chiron, CIVACIR® (hepatitis C Immune Globulin) by NABI, LEVOVIRIN® by ICN/Ribapharm, VIRAMIDINE® by ICN/Ribapharm, ZADAXIN® (thymosin alpha-l) by SciClone, thymosin plus pegylated interferon by Sci Clone, CEPLENE® (histamine dihydrochloride) by Maxim, VX 950 / LY 570310 by Vertex/Eli Lilly, ISIS 14803 by Isis Pharmaceutical/Elan, IDN-6556 by Idun Pharmaceuticals, Inc., JTK 003 by AKROS Pharma, BILN-2061 by Boehringer Ingelheim, CellCept (mycophenolate mofetil) by Roche, T67, a β-tubulin inhibitor, by Tularik, a therapeutic vaccine directed to E2 by Innogenetics, FK788 by Fujisawa Healthcare, Inc., 1dB 1016 (Siliphos, oral silybin-phosphatdylcholine phytosome), RNA replication inhibitors (VP50406) by ViroPharma/Wyeth, therapeutic vaccine by Intercell, therapeutic vaccine by Epimmune/Genencor, IRES inhibitor by Anadys, ANA 245 and ANA 246 by Anadys, immunotherapy (Therapore) by Avant, protease inhibitor by Corvas/SChering, helicase inhibitor by Vertex, fusion inhibitor

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by Trimeris, T cell therapy by CellExSys, polymerase inhibitor by Biocryst, targeted RNA chemistry by PTC Therapeutics, Dication by Immtech, Int., protease inhibitor by Agouron, protease inhibitor by Chiron/Medivir, antisense therapy by AVI BioPharma, antisense therapy by Hybridon, hemopurifier by Aethlon Medical, therapeutic vaccine by Merix, protease inhibitor by Bristol-Myers Squibb/Axys, Chron-VacC, a therapeutic vaccine, by Tripep, UT 231 B by United Therapeutics, protease, helicase and polymerase inhibitors by Genelabs Technologies, IRES inhibitors by Immusol, R803 by Rigel Pharmaceuticals, INFERGEN® (interferon alphacon-l) by InterMune, OMNIFERON® (natural interferon) by Viragen, ALBUFERON® by Human Genome Sciences, REBIF® (interferon beta-la) by Ares-Serono, Omega Interferon by BioMedicine, Oral Interferon Alpha by Amarillo Biosciences, interferon gamma, interferon tau, and Interferon gamma- lb by InterMune. Rigel Pharmaceuticals is developing a non-nucleoside HCV polymerase inhibitor, R803, that shows promise as being synergistic with IFN and ribavirin.

13) A summary of several investigational drugs, including several discussed above, that are currently in various phases of development for the treatment of HCV, are summarized below:

Drug	**Mechanism / Target**	**Company**	**U.S. Status**
BILN-2061	NS3 Serine-protease inhibitor	Boehringer Ingelheim	Phase II
ISIS 14803	Antisense / Prevent Translation of RNA	ISIS / Elan	Phase II
Viramidine	Prodrug of Ribavirin	Ribapharm	Phase II
NM 283	Inhibitor of HCV RNA Polymerase	Idenix	Phase II / III
VX-497	IMPDH Inhibitor	Vertex	Phase I / II
JKT-003	Inhibitor of HCV RNA Polymerase	Japan Tobacco / Akros	Phase I / II
Levovirin	L-Ribavirin analog	Ribapharm / Roche	Phase I / II
Isatoribine; ANA245	Nucleoside analog Interact with TLR7 receptor	Anadys	Phase I
Albuferon	Immune modulator	Human Genome Sciences	Phase I

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Peg-Infergen	Immune modulator	Intermune	Phase I
VX-950	Inhibitor of HCV NS3-4A protease	Vertex	Preclinical
SCH 6	Inhibitor of HCV NS3-4A protease	Schering Plough	Preclinical
R803	Inhibitor of HCV RNA polymerase	Rigel	Phase I
HCV-086	--	ViroPharma/Wyeth	Phase I
R1479	Inhibitor of HCV RNA polymerase	Roche	Phase I

Nucleoside prodrugs have been previously described for the treatment of other forms of hepatitis. WO 00/09531 and WO 01/96353 to Idenix Pharmaceuticals, discloses 2'-deoxy-β-L-nucleosides and their 3'-prodrugs for the treatment of HBV. U.S. Patent No. 4,957,924 to Beauchamp discloses various therapeutic esters of acyclovir.

In light of the fact that HCV infection has reached epidemic levels worldwide, and has tragic effects on the infected patient, there remains a strong need to provide new effective pharmaceutical agents to treat hepatitis C that have low toxicity to the host.

Further, given the rising threat of other flaviviridae infections, there remains a strong need to provide new effective pharmaceutical agents that have low toxicity to the host.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

There is currently no preventive treatment of Hepatitis C virus (HCV), Dengue virus (DENV) or West Nile virus (WNV) infection, and currently approved therapies, which exist only against HCV, are limited. Design and development of pharmaceutical compounds is essential, especially those that are synergistic with other approved and investigational *Flaviviridae*, and in particular HCV, therapeutics

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for the evolution of treatment standards, including more effective combination therapies.

The present invention provides a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside (β-D or β-L), or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, and the use of such compounds for the treatment of a host infected with a virus belonging to the *Flaviviridae* family, including hepatitis C, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus. In addition, the nucleosides of the present invetion show actively against rhinovirus. Rhinoviruses (RVs) are small (30 nm), nonenveloped viruses that contain a single-strand ribonucleic acid (RNA) genome within an icosahedral (20-sided) capsid. RVs belong to the *Picornaviridae* family, which includes the genera Enterovirus (polioviruses, coxsackieviruses groups A and B, echoviruses, numbered enteroviruses) and Hepatovirus (hepatitis A virus). Approximately 101 serotypes are identified currently. Rhinoviruses are most frequently associated with the common cold, nasopharyngitis, croup, pneumonia, otitis media and asthma exacerbations.

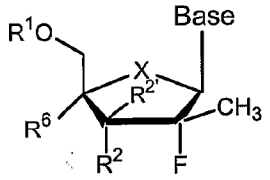
The inventor has made the unexpected discovery that the 2' substitutions on the β-D or β-L nucleosides of the present invention impart greater specificity for hepatitis C virus as well as exhibiting lower toxicity following administration to a host. The invention also includes a method for treating a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection, that includes the administration of an anti-virally effective amount of a β-D or β-L nucleoside disclosed herein, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent, optionally in combination or alternation with another effective antiviral agent.

The nucleosides of the present invention, possess the unique properties of having greater specificity for the hepatitis C virus and lower toxicity in culture or when administered into an animal. One potential, but non-limiting reason for this is the presence of the 2'-fluoro substitution on the ribose ring. For example, U.S. Patent No. 6,348,587 to Schinazi et al., discloses a family of 2'-fluoro nucleoside compounds that are useful in the treatment of hepatitis C virus infection. In contrast, are 2'-methyl subsitututions such as found in 2'-C-methylcytidine as shown in WO

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2004/02999 to Idenix wherein the 2'-methyl substitution on the nucleoside ring at the 2' position is not specific to hepatitis C.

Thus, in one aspect, the antivirally effective nucleoside is a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside (β-D or *β*-L) or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof of the general formula:



wherein

(a) Base is a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base;

(b) X is O, S, CH_2, Se, NH, N-alkyl, CHW (*R,S,* or racemic), $C(W)_2$, wherein W is F, Cl, Br, or I;

(c) R^1 and R^7 are independently H, phosphate, including 5'-monophosphate, diphosphate, triphosphate, or a stabilized phosphate prodrug, H-phosphonate, including stabilized H-phosphonates, acyl, including optionally substituted phenyl and lower acyl, alkyl, including lower alkyl, O-substituted carboxyalkylamino or its peptide derivatives, sulfonate ester, including alkyl or arylalkyl sulfonyl, including methanesulfonyl and benzyl, wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted, a lipid, including a phospholipid, an L or D-amino acid, a carbohydrate, a peptide, a cholesterol, or other pharmaceutically acceptable leaving group which when administered *in vivo* is capable of providing a compound wherein R^1 is H or phosphate; R^2 is OH or phosphate; R^1 and R^2 or R^7 can also be linked with cyclic phosphate group; and

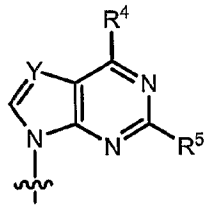
(d) R^2 and $R^{2'}$ are independently H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkenyl, C_{1-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl),

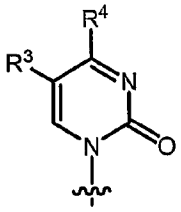
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$SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-18}$ acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optinally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-4}$ acyl)$_2$, R^2 and $R^{2'}$ can be together to form a vinyl optionally substituted by one or two of N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2; OR^7 and

(e) R^6 is an optionally substituted alkyl (including lower alkyl), cyano (CN), CH_3, OCH_3, OCH_2CH_3, hydroxy methyl (CH_2OH), fluoromethyl (CH_2F), azido (N_3), CHCN, CH_2N_3, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or fluoro.

In various aspects of the invention, the Base can be selected from





wherein

(a) Y is N or CH.

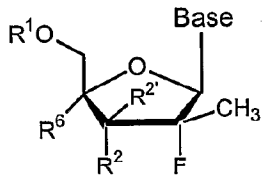
(b) R^3, R^4 and R^5 are independently H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6 such as CF_3 and CH_2CH_2F, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 such as $CH=CH_2$,

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halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 such as CH=CHCl, CH=CHBr and CH=CHI, lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6 such as CH_2OH and CH_2CH_2OH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, $CONHR'$, $CONR'_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, $CH=CHCO_2R'$;

wherein R' is an optionally substituted alkyl of C_1-C_{12} (particularly when the alkyl is an amino acid residue), cycloalkyl, optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl.

In still another aspect, the (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof can be of the formula:



wherein

(a) Base, Y, R^1, R^2, $R^{2'}$, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^6, R^7 and R' are as described above.

Various aspects of the present invention also include pharmaceutical compositions comprising any of the (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside (β-D or *β*-L) described herein or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

The present invention also provides in various aspects, methods for the treatment or prophylaxis of hepatitis C virus infection, West Nile virus infection, a yellow fever viral infection or a rhinovirus infection comprising administering to a host an antivirally effective amount of a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside disclosed herein. The invention also includes methods for treating or preventing *Flaviviridae* infection, including all members of the Hepacivirus genus

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(HCV), Pestivirus genus (BVDV, CSFV, BDV), or Flavivirus genus (Dengue virus, Japanese encephalitis virus group (including West Nile Virus), and Yellow Fever virus).

In various aspects, the (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl β-D-nucleoside has an EC_{50} (effective concentration to achieve 50% inhibition) when tested in an appropriate cell-based assay, of less than 15 micromolar, and more particularly, less than 10 or 5 micromolar. In other aspects, the nucleoside is enantiomerically enriched.

The present invention also provides methods for the treatment or prophylaxis of a hepatitis C virus infection, West Nile virus infection, a yellow fever viral infection or a rhinovirus infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleosides (*β* -D or *β*-L) disclosed herein, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in combination or alternation with one or more other effective antiviral agent(s), optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent thereof, as described herein. Nonlimiting examples of the types of antiviral agents or their prodrugs that can be used in combination with the compounds disclosed herein include, but are not limited to: interferon, including interferon alpha 2a, interferon alpha 2b, a pegylated interferon, interferon beta, interferon gamma, interferon tau and interferon omega; an interleukin, including interleukin 10 and interleukin 12; ribavirin; interferon in combination with ribavirin; a protease inhibitor including NS3 inhibitor; a helicase inhibitor; a polymerase inhibitor; gliotoxin; an IRES inhibitor; and antisense oligonucleotide; a thiazolidine derivative; a benzanilide, a ribozyme; another nucleoside, nucleoside prodrug or nucleoside derivative; a 1-amino-alkylcyclohexane; an antioxidant including vitamin E; squalene; amantadine; a bile acid; N-(phosphonoacetyl)-L-aspartic acid; a benzenedicarboxamide; polyadneylic acid; a benzimidazoles; thymosin; a beta tubulin inhibitor; a prophylactic vaccine; silybin-phosphatidlycholine phytosome; and mycophenolate.

The following non-limiting aspects illustrate some general methodology to obtain the nucleosides of the present invention. Specifically, the synthesis of the present nucleosides can be achieved by either of two general means:

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1) alkylating the appropriately modified carbohydrate building block, subsequent fluroination, followed by coupling to form the nucleosides of the present invention (Scheme 1) or

2) glycosylation to form the nucleoside followed by alkylation and fluorination of the pre-formed nucleosides of the present invention (Scheme 2).

In addition, the L-enantiomers corresponding to the compounds of the invention can be prepared following the same general methods (Schemes 1 or 2), beginning with the corresponding L-carbohydrate building block or nucleoside L-enantiomer as the starting material.

Thus, the present invention includes at least the following general features:

(a) β-D and β-L nucleosides of the general formulas disclosed, or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof, as described herein;

(b) processes for the preparation of the β-D and β-L nucleosides of the general formula disclosed, or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts or prodrugs thereof, as described herein;

(c) pharmaceutical compositions comprising a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent thereof, as described herein, for the treatment or prophylaxis of a viral infection in a host;

(d) pharmaceutical compositions comprising a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in combination with one or more other effective antiviral agent(s), optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent thereof, as described herein, for the treatment or prophylaxis of a viral infection in a host;

(e) methods for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection in a host comprising administering an effective

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amount of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent thereof, as described herein;

(f) methods for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in combination or alternation with one or more other effective antiviral agent(s), optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent thereof, as described herein;

(g) use of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as described herein, for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection in a host;

(h) use of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in combination or alternation with one or more other effective antiviral agent(s), optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as described herein, for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection in a host;

(i) use of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as described herein, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection in a host;

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(j) use of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, in combination or alternation with one or more other effective antiviral agent(s), optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, as described herein, in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection in a host;

(k) use of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent, as described herein, in a medical therapy, i.e. as antiviral for example for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection;

(l) use of a β-D or β-L nucleoside of the general formulas disclosed, as described herein, or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof, i.e. as antiviral agent, in combination or alternation with one or more other effective therapeutic agent(s), i.e. another antiviral agent, optionally in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent, as described herein, in a medical therapy, for example for the treatment or prophylaxis of a *Flaviviridae* infection, including hepatitis C virus, West Nile Virus and yellow fever virus and rhinovirus infection in a host.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE FIGURES

Figure 1 is a graphical depicition of the dose-dependant reduction of the replicon HCV RNA based on the treatement with β-D-(2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine. **(A):** The viral reduction was compared to the reduction of cellular RNA levels (ribosomal RNA) to obtain therapeuric index values. EC_{90} which represents the effective concentration 90% at 96 hours following the dose dependant administration of (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine was determined to be 5 μM. **(B):** HCV RNA was significantly reduced in a dose-dependent manner for 7 days following treatment with 25 μM.

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Figure 2 depcits the average weight change (%) of female Swiss mice in the toxicity study of β-D-(2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine at various doses. Intraperitneal injections were given on days 0 to day 5 of the 0, 3.3, 10, 33, 100 mg/kg. Each dosing group contained 5 mice and no mice died during the 30-day study.

Figure 3 depicts the pharmacokinetics of β-D-(2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine in Rhesus monkeys given a single dose (33.3 mg/kg) oral or intravenous dose of β-D-(2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methylcytidine.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Various embodiments of the invention are now described in detail. As used in the description herein and throughout the claims that follow, the meaning of "a," "an," and "the" includes plural reference unless the context clearly dictates otherwise. Also, as used in the description herein and throughout the claims that follow, the meaning of "in" includes "in" and "on" unless the context clearly dictates otherwise.

The terms used in this specification generally have their ordinary meanings in the art, within the context of the invention, and in the specific context where each term is used. Certain terms that are used to describe the invention are discussed below, or elsewhere in the specification, to provide additional guidance to the practitioner in describing the compositions and methods of the invention and how to make and use them. For convenience, certain terms may be highlighted, for example using italics and/or quotation marks. The use of highlighting has no influence on the scope and meaning of a term; the scope and meaning of a term is the same, in the same context, whether or not it is highlighted. It will be appreciated that the same thing can be said in more than one way. Consequently, alternative language and synonyms may be used for any one or more of the terms discussed herein, nor is any special significance to be placed upon whether or not a term is elaborated or discussed herein. Synonyms for certain terms are provided. A recital of one or more synonyms does not exclude the use of other synonyms. The use of examples anywhere in this specification, including examples of any terms discussed herein, is illustrative only, and in no way limits the scope and meaning of the

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invention or of any exemplified term. Likewise, the invention is not limited to various embodiments given in this specification.

As used herein, "about" or "approximately" shall generally mean within 20 percent, preferably within 10 percent, and more preferably within 5 percent of a given value or range. Numerical quantities given herein are approximate, meaning that the term "about" or "approximately" can be inferred if not expressly stated.

The present invention provides (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleosides and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts and prodrugs for the treatment of hepatitis C virus infection, West Nile virus infection, a yellow fever viral infection or a rhinovirus infection in a host.

The disclosed compounds or their pharmaceutically acceptable derivatives or salts or pharmaceutically acceptable formulations containing these compounds are useful in the prevention and treatment of HCV infections. In addition, these compounds or formulations can be used prophylactically to prevent or retard the progression of clinical illness in individuals who are anti-HCV antigen positive or who have been exposed to HCV.

The compounds disclosed herein can be converted into a pharmaceutically acceptable ester by reaction with an appropriate esterifying agent, for example, an acid halide or anhydride. The compound or its pharmaceutically acceptable derivative can be converted into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in a conventional manner, for example, by treatment with an appropriate base. The ester or salt of the compound can be converted into the parent compound, for example, by hydrolysis.

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Definitions

The term "independently" is used herein to indicate that the variable, which is independently applied, varies independently from application to application. Thus, in a compound such as R^aXYR^a, wherein R^a is "independently carbon or nitrogen", both R^a can be carbon, both R^a can be nitrogen, or one R^a can be carbon and the other R^a nitrogen.

As used herein, the terms "enantiomerically pure" or "enantiomerically enriched"refers to a nucleoside composition that comprises at least approximately 95%, and preferably approximately 97%, 98%, 99% or 100% of a single enantiomer of that nucleoside.

As used herein, the term "substantially free of" or "substantially in the absence of" refers to a nucleoside composition that includes at least 85 or 90% by weight, preferably 95% to 98% by weight, and even more preferably 99% to 100% by weight, of the designated enantiomer of that nucleoside. In a preferred embodiment, in the methods and compounds of this invention, the compounds are substantially free of enantiomers.

Similarly, the term "isolated" refers to a nucleoside composition that includes at least 85 or 90% by weight, preferably 95% to 98% by weight, and even more preferably 99% to 100% by weight, of the nucleoside, the remainder comprising other chemical species or enantiomers.

The term "alkyl," as used herein, unless otherwise specified, refers to a saturated straight, branched, or cyclic, primary, secondary, or tertiary hydrocarbon of typically C_1 to C_{10}, and specifically includes methyl, trifluoromethyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, butyl, isobutyl, *t*-butyl, pentyl, cyclopentyl, isopentyl, neopentyl, hexyl, isohexyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl, 3-methylpentyl, 2,2-dimethylbutyl, and 2,3-dimethylbutyl. The term includes both substituted and unsubstituted alkyl groups. Alkyl groups can be optionally substituted with one or more moieties selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino, arylamino, alkoxy, aryloxy, nitro, cyano, sulfonic acid, sulfate, phosphonic acid, phosphate, or phosphonate, or any other viable

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functional group that does not inhibit the pharmacological activity of this compound, either unprotected, or protected, as necessary, as known to those skilled in the art, for example, as taught in T.W. Greene and P.G.M. Wuts, "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis," 3rd ed., John Wiley & Sons, 1999, hereby incorporated by reference.

The term "lower alkyl," as used herein, and unless otherwise specified, refers to a C_1 to C_4 saturated straight, branched, or if appropriate, a cyclic (for example, cyclopropyl) alkyl group, including both substituted and unsubstituted forms. Unless otherwise specifically stated in this application, when alkyl is a suitable moiety, lower alkyl is preferred. Similarly, when alkyl or lower alkyl is a suitable moiety, unsubstituted alkyl or lower alkyl is preferred.

The terms "alkylamino" or "arylamino" refer to an amino group that has one or two alkyl or aryl substituents, respectively.

The term "protected," as used herein and unless otherwise defined, refers to a group that is added to an oxygen, nitrogen, or phosphorus atom to prevent its further reaction or for other purposes. A wide variety of oxygen and nitrogen protecting groups are known to those skilled in the art of organic synthesis. Non-limiting examples include: C(O)-alkyl, C(O)Ph, C(O)aryl, CH_3, CH_2-alkyl, CH_2-alkenyl, CH_2Ph, CH_2-aryl, CH_2O-alkyl, CH_2O-aryl, SO_2-alkyl, SO_2-aryl, *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl, *tert*-butyldiphenylsilyl, and 1,3-(1,1,3,3-tetraisopropyldisiloxanylidene).

The term "aryl," as used herein, and unless otherwise specified, refers to phenyl, biphenyl, or naphthyl, and preferably phenyl. The term includes both substituted and unsubstituted moieties. The aryl group can be substituted with one or more moieties selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, alkylamino, arylamino, alkoxy, aryloxy, nitro, cyano, sulfonic acid, sulfate, phosphonic acid, phosphate, or phosphonate, either unprotected, or protected as necessary, as known to those skilled in the art, for example, as taught in T.W. Greene and P.G.M. Wuts, "Protective Groups in Organic Synthesis," 3rd ed., John Wiley & Sons, 1999.

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The terms "alkaryl" or "alkylaryl" refer to an alkyl group with an aryl substituent. The terms "aralkyl" or "arylalkyl" refer to an aryl group with an alkyl substituent.

The term "halo," as used herein, includes chloro, bromo, iodo and fluoro.

The term "acyl" refers to a carboxylic acid ester in which the non-carbonyl moiety of the ester group is selected from straight, branched, or cyclic alkyl or lower alkyl, alkoxyalkyl including methoxymethyl, aralkyl including benzyl, aryloxyalkyl such as phenoxymethyl, aryl including phenyl optionally substituted with halogen (F, Cl, Br, I), C_1 to C_4 alkyl or C_1 to C_4 alkoxy, sulfonate esters such as alkyl or aralkyl sulphonyl including methanesulfonyl, the mono, di or triphosphate ester, trityl or monomethoxytrityl, substituted benzyl, trialkylsilyl (e.g. dimethyl-t-butylsilyl) or diphenylmethylsilyl. Aryl groups in the esters optimally comprise a phenyl group.

The term "lower acyl" refers to an acyl group in which the non-carbonyl moiety is lower alkyl.

The term "purine" or "pyrimidine" base includes, but is not limited to, adenine, N^6-alkylpurines, N^6-acylpurines (wherein acyl is C(O)(alkyl, aryl, alkylaryl, or arylalkyl), N^6-benzylpurine, N^6-halopurine, N^6-vinylpurine, N^6-acetylenic purine, N^6-acyl purine, N^6-hydroxyalkyl purine, N^6-allcylaminopurine, N^6-thioallcyl purine, N^2-alkylpurines, N^2-alkyl-6-thiopurines, thymine, cytosine, 5-fluorocytosine, 5-methylcytosine, 6-azapyrimidine, ncluding 6-azacytosine, 2- and/or 4-mercaptopyrmidine, uracil, 5-halouracil, including 5-fluorouracil, C^5-alkylpyrimidines, C^5-benzylpyrimidines, C^5-halopyrimidines, C^5-vinylpyrimidine, C^5-acetylenic pyrimidine, C^5-acyl pyrimidine, C^5-hydroxyalkyl purine, C^5-amidopyrimidine, C^5-cyanopyrimidine, ,C^5-iodopyrimidine, C^6-lodo-pyrimidine, C^5-Br-vinyl pyrimidine, C^6-Br-vinyl pyriniidine, C^5-nitropyrimidine, C^5-amino-pyrimidine, N^2-alkylpurines, N^2-alkyl-6-thiopurines, 5-azacytidinyl, 5-azauracilyl, triazolopyridinyl, imidazolopyridinyl, pyrrolopyrimidinyl, and pyrazolopyrimidinyl. Purine bases include, but are not limited to, guanine, adenine, hypoxanthine, 2,6-diaminopurine, and 6-chloropurine. Functional oxygen and nitrogen groups on the base can be protected as necessary or desired. Suitable protecting groups are well

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known to those skilled in the art, and include trimethylsilyl, dimethylhexylsilyl, *t*-butyldimethylsilyl, and *t*-butyldiphenylsilyl, trityl, alkyl groups, and acyl groups such as acetyl and propionyl, methanesulfonyl, and p-toluenesulfonyl.

The term "acyl" or "O-linked ester" refers to a group of the formula C(O)R', wherein R' is an straight, branched, or cyclic alkyl (including lower alkyl), amino acid, aryl including phenyl, ailcaryl, aralkyl including benzyl, alkoxyalkyl including methoxymethyl, aryloxyalkyl such as phenoxymethyl; or substituted ailcyl (including lower alkyl), aryl including phenyl optionally substituted with chioro, bromo, fluoro, iodo, C_1 to C_4 alkyl or C_1 to C_4 alkoxy, sulfonate esters such as alkyl or aralkyl sulphonyl including methanesulfonyl, the mono, di or triphosphate ester, trityl or monomethoxy-trityl, substituted benzyl, alkaryl, aralkyl including benzyl, alkoxyalicyl including methoxymethyl, aryloxyalkyl such as phenoxymethyl. Aryl groups in the esters optimally comprise a phenyl group. In particular, acyl groups include acetyl, trifluoroacetyl, methylacetyl, cyclopropylacetyl, cyclopropyl carboxy, propionyl, butyryl, hexanoyl, heptanoyl, octanoyl, neo-heptanoyl, phenylacetyl, 2-acetoxy-2-phenylacetyl, diphenylacetyl, α-methoxy-α-trifluoromethyl-phenylacetyl, bromoacetyl, 2-nitro-benzeneacetyl, 4-chloro-benzeneacetyl, 2-chloro-2,2-diphenylacetyl, 2-chloro-2-phenylacetyl, trimethylacetyl, chlorodifluoroacetyl, perfluoroacetyl, fluoroacetyl, bromodifluoroacetyl, methoxyacetyl, 2-thiopheneacetyl, chlorosulfonylacetyl, 3-methoxyphenylacetyl, phenoxyacetyl, tert-butylacetyl, trichloroacetyl, monochloro-acetyl, dichloroacetyl, 7H-dodecafluoro-heptanoyl, perfluoro-heptanoyl, 7H-dodeca-fluoroheptanoyl, 7-chlorododecafluoro-heptanoyl, 7-chloro-dodecafluoro-heptanoyl, 7H-dodecafluoroheptanoyl, 7*H*-dodeca-fluoroheptanoyl, nona-fluoro-3,6-dioxa-heptanoyl, nonafluoro-3,6-dioxaheptanoyl, perfluoroheptanoyl, methoxybenzoyl, methyl 3-amino-5-phenylthiophene-2-carboxyl, 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxy-benzoyl, 4-(1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-ethoxy)-benzoyl, 2-bromo-propionyl, omega-aminocapryl, decanoyl, n-pentadecanoyl, stearyl, 3-cyclopentyl-propionyl, 1 -benzene-carboxyl, O-acetyimandelyl, pivaloyl acetyl, 1-adamantane-carboxyl, cyclohexane-carboxyl, 2,6- pyridinedicarboxyl, cyclopropane-carboxyl, cyclobutane-carboxyl, perfluorocyclohexyl carboxyl, 4-methylbenzoyl, chloromethyl isoxazolyl carbonyl, perfluorocyclohexyl carboxyl, crotonyl, 1-methyl-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl, 2-

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propenyl, isovaleryl, 1-pyrrolidinecarbonyl, 4-phenylbenzoyl. When the term acyl is used, it is meant to be a specific and independent disclosure of acetyl, trifluoroacetyl, methylacetyl, cyclopropylacetyl, propionyl, butyryl, hexanoyl, heptanoyl, octanoyl, neo-heptanoyl, phenylacetyl, diphenylacetyl, ct-trifluoromethyl-phenylacetyl, bromoacetyl, 4-chloro-benzeneacetyl, 2-chloro-2,2-diphenylacetyl, 2-chloro-2-phenylacetyl, trimethylacetyl, chlorodifluoroacetyl, perfluoroacetyl, fluoroacetyl, bromodifluoroacetyl, 2-thiopheneacetyl, tert-butylacetyl, trichloroacetyl, monochloro-acetyl, dichloroacetyl, methoxybenzoyl, 2-bromo-propionyl, decanoyl, n-pentadecanoyl, stearyl, 3-cyclopentyl-propionyl, 1 -benzene-carboxyl, pivaloyl acetyl, 1-adamantane-carboxyl, cyclohexane-carboxyl, 2,6-pyridinedicarboxyl, cyclopropane-carboxyl, cyclobutane-carboxyl, 4-methylbenzoyl, crotonyl, 1-methyl-1H-indazole-3-carbonyl, 2-propenyl, isovaleryl, 4-phenylbenzoyl.

The term "amino acid" includes naturally occurring and synthetic α, β γ or δ amino acids, and includes but is not limited to, amino acids found in proteins, i.e. glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, phenylalanine, tryptophan, proline, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, glutamine, aspartate, glutamate, lysine, arginine and histidine. In a preferred embodiment, the amino acid is in the L-configuration. Alternatively, the amino acid can be a derivative of alanyl, valinyl, leucinyl, isoleucinyl, prolinyl, phenylalaninyl, tryptophanyl, methioninyl, glycinyl, serinyl, threoninyl, cysteinyl, tyrosinyl, asparaginyl, glutaminyl, aspartoyl, glutaroyl, lysinyl, argininyl, histidinyl, β-alanyl, β-valinyl, β-leucinyl, β-isoleucinyl, β-prolinyl, β-phenylalaninyl, β-tryptophanyl, β-methioninyl, β-glycinyl, β-serinyl, β-threoninyl, β-cysteinyl, β-tyrosinyl, β-asparaginyl, β-glutaminyl, β-aspartoyl, β-glutaroyl, β-lysinyl, β-argininyl or β-histidinyl. When the term amino acid is used, it is considered to be a specific and independent disclosure of each of the esters of α, β γ or δ glycine, alanine, valine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, phenylalanine, tryptophan, proline, serine, threonine, cysteine, tyrosine, asparagine, glutamine, aspartate, glutamate, lysine, arginine and histidine in the D and L-configurations.

The term "host," as used herein, refers to a unicellular or multicellular organism in which the virus can replicate, including cell lines and animals, and preferably a human. Alternatively, the host can be carrying a part of the viral

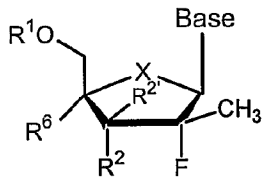
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genome, whose replication or functions can be altered by the compounds of the present invention. The term host specifically refers to infected cells, cells transfected with all or part of the viral genome, and animals, in particular, primates and humans. In most animal applications of the present invention, the host is a human patient. Veterinary applications, in certain indications, however, are clearly anticipated by the present invention.

The term "pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug" is used throughout the specification to describe any pharmaceutically acceptable form (such as an ester, phosphate ester, salt of an ester or a related group) of a compound which, upon administration to a patient, provides the active compound. Pharmaceutically acceptable salts include those derived from pharmaceutically acceptable inorganic or organic bases and acids. Suitable salts include those derived from alkali metals such as potassium and sodium, alkaline earth metals such as calcium and magnesium, among numerous other acids well known in the pharmaceutical art. Pharmaceutically acceptable prodrugs refer to a compound that is metabolized, for example hydrolyzed or oxidized, in the host to form the compound of the present invention. Typical examples of prodrugs include compounds that have biologically labile protecting groups on a functional moiety of the active compound. Prodrugs include compounds that can be oxidized, reduced, aminated, deaminated, hydroxylated, dehydroxylated, hydrolyzed, dehydrolyzed, alkylated, dealkylated, acylated, deacylated, phosphorylated, dephosphorylated to produce the active compound.

I. Active Compound, and Physiologically Acceptable Derivatives and Salts Thereof

A (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof is provided of the structure:



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wherein Base refers to a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base; X is O, S, CH_2, Se, NH, N-alkyl, CHW, $C(W)_2$, wherein W is F, Cl, Br, or I;

R^1 and R^7 are independently H, phosphate, including monophosphate, diphosphate, triphosphate, or a stabilized phosphate prodrug, H-phosphonate, including stabilized H-phosphonates, acyl, including optionally substituted phenyl and lower acyl, alkyl, including lower alkyl, O-substituted carboxyalkylamino or its peptide derivatives, sulfonate ester, including alkyl or arylalkyl sulfonyl, including methanesulfonyl and benzyl, wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted, a lipid, including a phospholipid, an L or D-amino acid, a carbohydrate, a peptide, a cholesterol, or other pharmaceutically acceptable leaving group which when administered *in vivo* is capable of providing a compound wherein R^1 is H or phosphate; R^2 is OH or phosphate; R^1 and R^2 or R^7 can also be linked with cyclic phosphate group; and

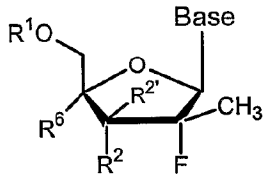
R^2 and $R^{2'}$ are independently H, C_{1-4} alkyl, C_{1-4} alkenyl, C_{1-4} alkynyl, vinyl, N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2, $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $SO_2(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O_3S(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), NH_2, $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $NH(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $N(C_{1-4}$ alkyl)$_2$, $N(C_{1-18}$ acyl)$_2$, wherein alkyl, alkynyl, alkenyl and vinyl are optinally substituted by N_3, CN, one to three halogen (Cl, Br, F, I), NO_2, $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $C(O)O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $O(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkynyl), $S(C_{1-4}$ alkenyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$ acyl), $SO(C_{1-4}$

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alkyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkynyl), SO(C_{1-4} alkenyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} acyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkynyl), SO_2(C_{1-4} alkenyl), O_3S(C_{1-4} acyl), O_3S(C_{1-4} alkyl), O_3S(C_{1-4} alkenyl), NH_2, NH(C_{1-4} alkyl), NH(C_{1-4} alkenyl), NH(C_{1-4} alkynyl), NH(C_{1-4} acyl), N(C_{1-4} alkyl)$_2$, N(C_{1-4} acyl)$_2$, OR^7, R^2 and $R^{2'}$ can be linked together to form a vinyl optionally substituted by one or two of N_3, CN, Cl, Br, F, I, NO_2; and

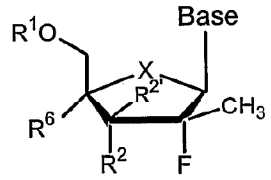
R^6 is an optionally substituted alkyl (including lower alkyl), cyano (CN), CH_3, OCH_3, OCH_2CH_3, hydroxy methyl (CH_2OH), fluoromethyl (CH_2F), azido (N_3), CHCN, CH_2N_3, CH_2NH_2, CH_2NHCH_3, $CH_2N(CH_3)_2$, alkyne (optionally substituted), or fluoro.

In a second embodiment, a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof is provided of the structure:



wherein Base, R^1, R^2, $R^{2'}$, R^6 and R^7 are as defined above.

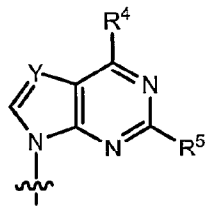
A third embodiment provides a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof of the structure:



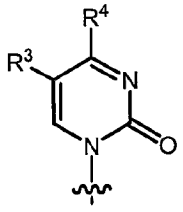
wherein X, R^1, R^2, $R^{2'}$, R^6 and R^7 are as defined above, and

Base is selected from

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(a)



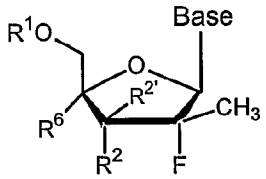
(b)

Y is N or CH;

R^3, R^4 and R^5 are independently H, halogen (including F, Cl, Br, I), OH, OR', SH, SR', NH_2, NHR', NR'$_2$, lower alkyl of C_1-C_6, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkyl of C_1-C_6 such as CF_3 and CH_2CH_2F, lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 such as $CH=CH_2$, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6 such as CH=CHCl, CH=CHBr and CH=CHI, lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6 such as C≡CH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkynyl of C_2-C_6, lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6 such as CH_2OH and CH_2CH_2OH, halogenated (F, Cl, Br, I) lower alkoxy of C_1-C_6, CO_2H, CO_2R', $CONH_2$, CONHR', CONR'$_2$, $CH=CHCO_2H$, $CH=CHCO_2R'$;

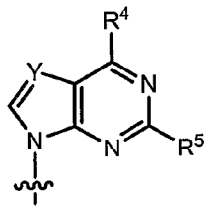
R' is an optionally substituted alkyl of C_1-C_{12} (particularly when the alkyl is an amino acid residue), cycloalkyl, optionally substituted alkynyl of C_2-C_6, optionally substituted lower alkenyl of C_2-C_6, or optionally substituted acyl.

In a fourth embodiment, a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof is provided of the structure:

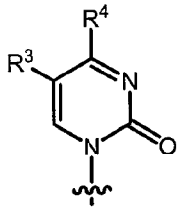


wherein Base is selected from

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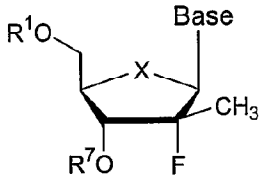
(a)



(b)

and, wherein R^1, R^2, $R^{2'}$, R3, R^4, R^5, R^6 and Y are as defined above.

A fifth embodiment provides a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof of the structure:



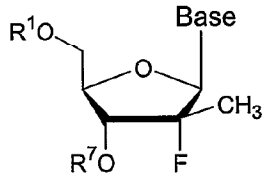
wherein Base refers to a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base;

R^7 is independently H, phosphate, including monophosphate, diphosphate, triphosphate, or a stabilized phosphate prodrug, H-phosphonate, including stabilized H-phosphonates, acyl, including optionally substituted phenyl and lower acyl, alkyl, including lower alkyl, O-substituted carboxyalkylamino or its peptide derivatives, sulfonate ester, including alkyl or arylalkyl sulfonyl, including methanesulfonyl and benzyl, wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted, a lipid, including a phospholipid, an L or D-amino acid, a carbohydrate, a peptide, a cholesterol, or other pharmaceutically acceptable leaving group which when administered *in vivo* is capable of providing a compound wherein R^1 or R^7 is independently H or phosphate; R^1 and R^7 can also be linked with cyclic phosphate group; and

wherein X and R^1 are as defined above.

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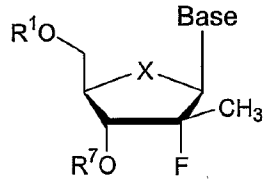
In a sixth embodiment, a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof is provided of the structure:



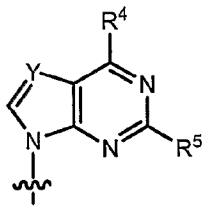
wherein Base refers to a naturally occurring or modified purine or pyrimidine base; and

wherein R^1 and R^7 are as defined above.

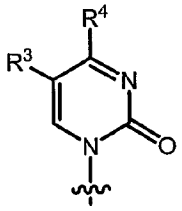
A seventh embodiment provides a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof of the structure:



wherein Base is selected from



(a)

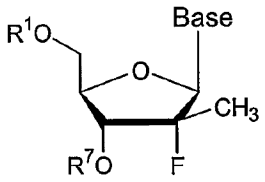


(b)

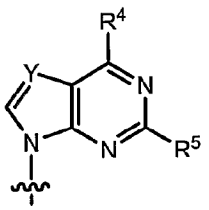
and wherein X, Y, R^1, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^7 and R'are as defined above.

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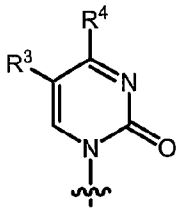
In an eighth embodiment, a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof is provided of the structure:



wherein Base is selected from



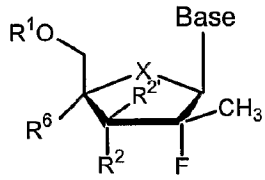
(a)



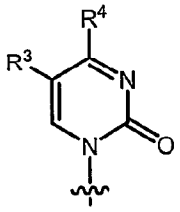
(b)

and, wherein Y, R^1, R^3, R^4, R^5, R^7 and R' are as defined above.

A ninth embodiment provides a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof of the structure:



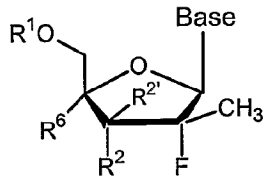
wherein Base is:



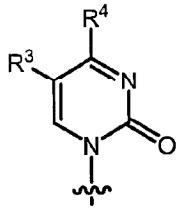
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and wherein X is defined as above, R^1 is H, R^2 is OH, $R^{2'}$ is H, R^3 is H, R^4 is NH_2 or OH, and R^6 is H.

In a tenth embodiment, a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof is provided of the structure:

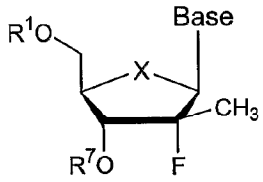


wherein Base is:

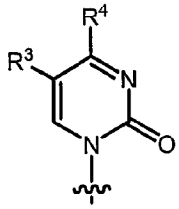


and wherein R^1 is H, R^2 is OH, $R^{2'}$ is H, R^3 is H, R^4 is NH_2 or OH, and R^6 is H.

An eleventh embodiment provides a (2'*R*)-2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro-2'-*C*-methyl nucleoside or its pharmaceutically acceptable salt or prodrug thereof of the structure:



wherein Base is:



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