Ninth New Collegiate Dictionary

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make, issue, or submit a report **3 :** to act in the capacity of a reporter — **re·port·able** \-'pōrt-ə-bəl, -'pȯrt-\ *adj*

re·port·age \ri-'pōrt-ij, -'pȯrt-, *esp for 2* ˌrep-ər-'täzh, ˌrep-ˌȯr-'\ *n* [F, fr. *reporter* to report] (ca. 1864) **1 a :** the act or process of reporting news **b :** something (as news) that is reported **2 :** writing intended to give an account of observed or documented events

report card *n* (1920) **1 :** a report on a student that is periodically submitted by a school to the student's parents or guardian **2 :** an evaluation of performance

re·port·ed·ly \ri-'pōrt-əd-lē, -'pȯrt-\ *adv* (1901) **:** according to report

re·port·er \ri-'pōrt-ər, -'pȯrt-\ *n* (14c) **:** one that reports: as **a :** one who makes authorized statements of law decisions or legislative proceedings **b :** one who makes a shorthand record of a speech or proceeding **c** (1) **:** one employed by a newspaper, magazine, or television company to gather and report news (2) **:** one who broadcasts news — **re·por·to·ri·al** \ˌrep-ə(r)-'tōr-ē-əl, ˌrēp-, -'tór-\ *adj* — **re·por·to·ri·al·ly** \-ē-ə-lē\ *adv*

report out *vt* (1907) **:** to return after consideration and often with revisions to a legislative body for action ⟨after much debate the committee *reported* the bill *out*⟩

report stage *n* (ca. 1906) **:** the stage in the British legislative process preceding the third reading and concerned esp. with amendments and details

re·pos·al \ri-'pō-zəl\ *n, obs* (1605) **:** the act of reposing

[1]re·pose \ri-'pōz\ *vb* **re·posed; re·pos·ing** [ME *reposen*, fr. MF *reposer*, fr. OF, fr. LL *repausare*, fr. L *re-* + LL *pausare* to stop, fr. L *pausa* pause] *vt* (15c) **:** to lay at rest ~ *vi* **1 a :** to lie at rest **b :** to lie dead ⟨*reposing* in state⟩ **c :** to remain still or concealed **2 :** to take a rest **3** *archaic* **:** RELY **4 :** to rest for support **:** LIE

[2]repose *n* (1509) **1 a :** a state of resting after exertion or strain; *esp* **:** rest in sleep **b :** eternal or heavenly rest ⟨pray for the ~ of a soul⟩ **2 a :** a place of rest **b :** PEACE, TRANQUILLITY ⟨the ~ of the bayous⟩ **c :** a harmony in the arrangement of parts and colors that is restful to the eye **3 a :** lack of activity **:** QUIESCENCE **b :** cessation or absence of activity, movement, or animation ⟨the appearance of his face in ~⟩ **4 :** composure of manner **:** POISE

[3]re·pose *vt* **re·posed; re·pos·ing** [ME *reposen* to replace, fr. L *reponere* (perf. indic. *reposui*)] (1548) **1** *archaic* **:** to put away or set down **:** DEPOSIT **2 a :** to place (as confidence or trust) in someone or something **b :** to place for control, management, or use

re·pose·ful \ri-'pōz-fəl\ *adj* (1852) **:** of a kind to induce ease and relaxation — **re·pose·ful·ly** \-fə-lē\ *adv* — **re·pose·ful·ness** *n*

re·pos·it *vt* **re·pos·it·ed** \-'päz-ət-əd, -'päz-təd\; **re·pos·it·ing** \-'päz-ət-iŋ, -'päz-tiŋ\ [L *repositus*, pp. of *reponere* to replace, fr. *re-* + *ponere* to place — more at POSITION] (1641) **1** \ri-'päz-ət\ **:** DEPOSIT, STORE **2** \(')rē-\ **:** to put back in place **:** REPLACE

[1]re·po·si·tion \ˌrē-pə-'zish-ən, ˌrep-ə-\ *n* (1588) **:** the act of repositing **:** the state of being reposited

[2]re·po·si·tion \ˌrē-pə-'zish-ən\ *vt* (1859) **:** to change the position of

[1]re·pos·i·to·ry \ri-'päz-ə-ˌtōr-ē, -ˌtór-\ *n, pl* **-ries** (15c) **1 :** a place, room, or container where something is deposited or stored **:** DEPOSITORY **2 :** a side altar in a Roman Catholic church where the consecrated Host is reserved from Maundy Thursday until Good Friday **3 :** one that contains or stores something nonmaterial ⟨considered the book a ~ of knowledge⟩ **4 :** a place or region richly supplied with a natural resource **5 :** a person to whom something is confided or entrusted

[2]repository *adj, of a drug* (1950) **:** designed to act over a prolonged period ⟨~ penicillin⟩

re·pos·sess \ˌrē-pə-'zes *also* -'ses\ *vt* (15c) **1 a :** to regain possession of **b :** to resume possession of in default of the payment of installments due **2 :** to restore to possession — **re·pos·ses·sion** \-'zesh-ən *also* -'sesh-\ *n* — **re·pos·sess·or** \-'zes-ər *also* -'ses-\ *n*

[1]re·pous·sé \rə-ˌpü-'sā, -'pü-ˌ\ *adj* [F, lit., pushed back] (1858) **1 :** shaped or ornamented with patterns in relief made by hammering or pressing on the reverse side — used esp. of metal **2 :** formed in relief

[2]repoussé *n* (ca. 1875) **1 :** repoussé work **2 :** repoussé decoration

re·pow·er \(')rē-'paù(-ə)r\ *vt* (1954) **:** to provide again or anew with power; *esp* **:** to provide (as a boat) with a new engine ~ *vi* **:** to repower something (as a boat)

repp *var of* REP

rep·re·hend \ˌrep-ri-'hend\ *vt* [ME *reprehenden*, fr. L *reprehendere*, lit., to hold back, fr. *re-* + *prehendere* to grasp — more at GET] (14c) **:** to voice disapproval of **:** CENSURE *syn* see CRITICIZE

rep·re·hen·si·ble \ˌrep-ri-'hen(t)-sə-bəl\ *adj* (14c) **:** worthy of or deserving reprehension **:** CULPABLE — **rep·re·hen·si·bil·i·ty** \-ˌhen(t)-sə-'bil-ət-ē\ *n* — **rep·re·hen·si·ble·ness** \-'hen(t)-sə-bəl-nəs\ *n* — **rep·re·hen·si·bly** \-blē\ *adv*

rep·re·hen·sion \-'hen-chən\ *n* [ME *reprehensioun*, fr. MF or L; MF *reprehension*, fr. L *reprehension-*, *reprehensio*, fr. *reprehensus*, pp. of *reprehendere*] (14c) **:** the act of reprehending **:** CENSURE

rep·re·hen·sive \-'hen(t)-siv\ *adj* (1589) **:** serving to reprehend **:** conveying reprehension or reproof

rep·re·sent \ˌrep-ri-'zent\ *vb* [ME *representen*, fr. MF *representer*, fr. L *repraesentare* to present] *vt* (14c) **1 :** to bring clearly before the mind **:** PRESENT ⟨a book which ~*s* the character of early America⟩ **2 :** to serve as a sign or symbol of ⟨the flag ~*s* our country⟩ **3 :** to portray or exhibit in art **:** DEPICT **4 :** to serve as the counterpart or image of **:** TYPIFY ⟨a movie hero who ~*s* the ideals of the culture⟩ **5 a :** to produce on the stage **b :** to act the part or role of **6 a** (1) **:** to take the place of in some respect (2) **:** to act in the place of or for usu. by legal right **b :** to serve esp. in a legislative body by delegated authority usu. resulting from election **7 :** to describe as having a specified character or quality ⟨~*s* himself as a friend⟩ **8 a :** to give one's impression and judgment of **:** state in a manner intended to affect action or judgment **b :** to point out in protest or remonstrance **9 :** to serve as a specimen, example, or instance of **10 a :** to form an image or representation of in the mind **b** (1) **:** to apprehend (an object) by means of an idea (2) **:** to recall in memory **11 :** to correspond to in essence **:** CONSTITUTE ~ *vi* **:** to make representations against something **:** PROTEST — **rep·re·sent·able** \-ə-bəl\ *adj* — **rep·re·sent·er** *n*

re–pre·sent \ˌrē-pri-'zent\ *vt* (1564) **:** to present again or anew — **re·pre·sen·ta·tion** \'rē-ˌprē-ˌzen-'tā-shən, -ˌprez-ᵊn-, -ˌprēz-ᵊn-\ *n*

rep·re·sen·ta·tion \ˌrep-ri-ˌzen-'tā-shən, -zən-\ *n* (15c) **1 :** one that resents: as **a :** an artistic likeness or image **b** (1) **:** a statement account made to influence opinion or action (2) **:** an incident collateral statement of fact on the faith of which a contract is en into **c :** a dramatic production or performance **d** (1) **:** a usu. f statement made against something or to effect a change (2) formal protest **2 :** the act or action of representing **:** the state of represented: as **a :** REPRESENTATIONALISM 2 **b** (1) **:** the action of one person standing for another so as to have the rights and tions of the person represented (2) **:** the substitution of an ind or class in place of a person (as a child for a deceased parent) action of representing or the fact of being represented esp. in a le tive body **3 :** the body of persons representing a constituency

re·sen·ta·tion·al \-shnəl, -shən-ᵊl\ *adj* — **rep·re·sen·ta·tion·al·ly** \-ē

rep·re·sen·ta·tion·al·ism \-shnəl-ˌiz-əm, -shən-ᵊl-\ *n* (1899) **1 :** the trine that the immediate object of knowledge is an idea in the distinct from the external object which is the occasion of percepti **:** the theory or practice of realistic representation in art — **rep·re·ta·tion·al·ist** \-əst\ *n*

[1]rep·re·sen·ta·tive \ˌrep-ri-'zent-ət-iv\ *adj* (14c) **1 :** serving to repre **2 a :** standing or acting for another esp. through delegated auth **b :** of, based on, or constituting a government in which the ma represented by persons chosen from among them usu. by electio **:** serving as a typical or characteristic example ⟨a ~ moviegoer⟩ or relating to representation or representationalism — **rep·re·se tive·ly** *adv* — **rep·re·sen·ta·tive·ness** *n* — **rep·re·sen·ta·tiv·i·ty** \-ˌ 'tiv-ət-ē\ *n*

[2]representative *n* (1647) **1 :** a typical example of a group, cla quality **:** SPECIMEN **2 :** one that represents another or others: (1) **:** one that represents a constituency as a member of a legisl body (2) **:** a member of the house of representatives of the U.S. gress or a state legislature **b :** one that represents another as deputy, substitute, or delegate usu. being invested with the auth the principal **c :** one that represents a business organization that represents another as successor or heir

re·press \ri-'pres\ *vb* [ME *repressen*, fr. L *repressus*, pp. of *repr* check, fr. *re-* + *premere* to press — more at PRESS] *vt* (14c) **1** check by or as if by pressure **:** CURB ⟨injustice was ~*ed*⟩ **b :** down by force **:** SUBDUE ⟨~ a disturbance⟩ **2 a :** to hold in control ⟨~*ed* a laugh⟩ **b :** to prevent the natural or normal sion, activity, or development of ⟨~*ed* his anger⟩ **3 :** to excl consciousness **4 :** to inactivate (a gene or formation of a g uct) by allosteric combination at a DNA binding site ~ *vi* repressive action — **re·press·ibil·i·ty** \-ˌpres-ə-'bil-ət-ē\ *n* — **re·p ible** \-'pres-ə-bəl\ *adj* — **re·pres·sive** \-'pres-iv\ *adj* — **re·pres·sive·ly** *adv* — **re·pres·sive·ness** *n*

re–press \(')rē-'pres\ *vt* (14c) **:** to press again ⟨~ a record⟩

re·pressed \ri-'prest\ *adj* (1665) **1 :** subjected to or marked by sion **2 :** characterized by restraint

re·pres·sion \ri-'presh-ən\ *n* (1533) **1 a :** the action or proce pressing **:** the state of being repressed ⟨~ of unpopular opini **:** an instance of repressing ⟨racial ~*s*⟩ **2 a :** a process by which acceptable desires or impulses are excluded from consciousness to operate in the unconscious **b :** an item so excluded — **re·pres ist** \-(ə-)nəst\ *adj*

re·pres·sor \ri-'pres-ər\ *n* [NL] (15c) **:** one that represses; *esp* **:** that is determined by a regulator gene and that inhibits the a genetic operator

re·priev·al \ri-'prē-vəl\ *n, archaic* (1586) **:** REPRIEVE

[1]re·prieve \ri-'prēv\ *vt* **re·prieved; re·priev·ing** [perh. fr. MF *repris*, *reprendre* to take back] (1596) **1 :** to delay the punishment of condemned prisoner) **2 :** to give relief or deliverance to for a time

[2]reprieve *n* (1598) **1 a :** the act of reprieving **:** the state of being prieved **b :** a formal temporary suspension of the execution of a tence esp. of death **2 :** an order or warrant for a reprieve porary respite (as from pain or trouble)

[1]rep·ri·mand \'rep-rə-ˌmand\ *n* [F *réprimande*, fr. L *reprimenda*, *reprimendus*, gerundive of *reprimere* to check — more at (1634) **:** a severe or formal reproof

[2]reprimand *vt* (1681) **:** to reprove sharply or censure formally a position of authority *syn* see REPROVE

[1]re·print \(')rē-'print\ *vt* (1551) **:** to print again **:** make a reprint of

[2]re·print \'rē-ˌprint, (')rē-'\ *n* (ca. 1611) **:** a reproduction of printed ter: as **a :** a subsequent printing of a book already pub preserves the identical text of the previous printing **b :** matter (as an article) that has appeared in print before

re·print·er \(')rē-'print-ər\ *n* (1689) **:** one that publishes a reprint

re·pri·sal \ri-'prī-zəl\ *n* [ME *reprisail*, fr. MF *reprisaille*, fr. *presaglia*, fr. *ripreso*, pp. of *riprendere* to take back, fr. *ri-* re- + *prendere* to take, fr. L *prehendere* — more at GET] (15c) **1** act or practice in international law of resorting to force short of retaliation for damage or loss suffered **b :** an instance of such **2** *obs* **:** PRIZE **3 :** the regaining of something (as by reprisal) **:** something (as a sum of money) given or paid in restitution used in pl. **5 :** a retaliatory act

[1]re·prise \ri-'prēz, *1 is also* -'prīz\ *n* [ME, fr. MF, lit., action of taking back, fr. OF, fr. *reprendre* to take back, fr. *re-* + *prendre* to take, fr. L *prehendere*] (15c) **1 :** a deduction or charge made yearly manor or estate — usu. used in pl. **2 :** a recurrence, repetition sumption of an action **3 a :** a musical repetition: (1) **:** of the exposition preceding the development (2) **:** a repeated performance **:** REPETITION

[2]re·prise \ri-'prīz, *3 is* -'prēz\ *vt* **re·prised; re·pris·ing** [ME of taking back] (15c) **1** *archaic* **:** TAKE BACK, *esp* **:** to repeat the **2** *archaic* **:** COMPENSATE **3 a :** to repeat the CAPITULATE

re·pris·ti·nate \(')rē-'pris-tə-ˌnāt\ *vt* **-nat·ed; -nat·ing** [*-ate*] (1659) **:** to restore to an original state or condition **tion** \(ˌ)rē-ˌpris-tə-'nā-shən\ *n*

re·pro \'rē-(ˌ)prō\ *n, pl* **repros** [short for *reproduction*] sharp proof made esp. from a letterpress printing photographic copy for a printing plate

[1]re·proach \ri-'prōch\ *n* [ME *reproche*, fr. MF, fr. OF, fr. reproach, fr. (assumed) VL *repropiare*, fr. L *re-* + *prope* near