

ATTO-TEC GmbH
 Martinshardt 7
 D-57074 Siegen
 Germany
 Phone: +49 271 23853 – 0
 FAX: +49 271 23853 – 11
 E-mail: info@atto-tec.com
 http: www.atto-tec.com



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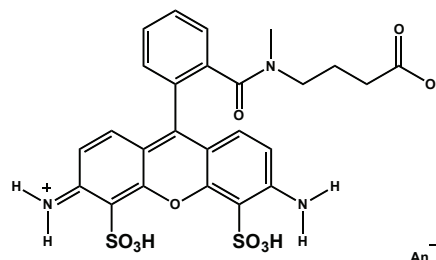
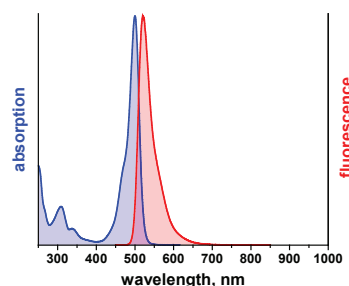
Product Information: **ATTO 488**



ATTO 488 is a new hydrophilic fluorescent label with excellent water solubility. The dye exhibits strong absorption, high fluorescence quantum yield and exceptional thermal and photo-stability. Thus **ATTO 488** is highly suitable for single-molecule detection applications and high-resolution microscopy such as SIM, STED etc. Additionally the dye highly qualifies to be applied in flow cytometry (FACS), fluorescence in-situ hybridization (FISH) and many more. The fluorescence is excited most efficiently in the range 480 - 515 nm. A suitable source of excitation is the 488 nm line of the Argon-Ion laser. For details of coupling see our recommended labeling procedure at www.atto-tec.com - Support - [User Guides & Protocols](#).

Optical data of the carboxy derivative (in PBS, pH 7.4):

λ_{abs}	= 500 nm
ϵ_{max}	= $9.0 \times 10^4 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$
λ_{fl}	= 520 nm
η_{fl}	= 80 %
τ_{fl}	= 4.1 ns
CF ₂₆₀	= 0.22
CF ₂₈₀	= 0.09



Spectra available in digitized form (excel file) on <http://www.atto-tec.com>

Modification	MW, g/mol	M ⁺ , g/mol	Order Code	
			Unit (1 mg)	Unit (5 mg)
carboxy	804	590	AD 488-21	AD 488-25
NHS-ester	981	687	AD 488-31	AD 488-35
maleimide	1067	712	AD 488-41	AD 488-45
biotin	1191	900	AD 488-71	AD 488-75
phalloidin	1473	1359	AD 488-81*	AD 488-82**
amine	860	632	AD 488-91	AD 488-95
Peg(3)-azide	828	790	AD 488-101	AD 488-105
iodoacetamide	914	800	AD 488-111	AD 488-115
hydrazide	717	604	AD 488-121	AD 488-125
alkyne	741	627	AD 488-141	AD 488-145
cadaverine	902	674	AD 488-231	AD 488-235
tetrazine (MeTet)	887	773	AD 488-2502 [#]	AD 488-2505 ^{##}
Peg(4)-DBCO <i>new</i>	1095	1095	AD 488-291	AD 488-295

*10 nmol **20 nmol #0.2 mg ##0.5 mg

General Information

Storage: The product is shipped solvent-free at ambient temperature. Upon receipt store at -20 °C. To avoid moisture condensation onto the product, vial must be equilibrated to room temperature before opening. When stored properly, protected from moisture and light, ATTO-TEC products are stable for at least three years.

Risk and safety: A material safety data sheet (MSDS) of each derivative can be downloaded from our website at www.atto-tec.com.

Solutions: The product is soluble in polar solvents, e.g. dimethylformamide (DMF) or dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO). However, due to their inherent reactivity, NHS-esters and maleimides must be well protected from OH-containing solvents like ethanol and, in particular, water. Prepare labeling solutions of NHS-esters and maleimides immediately before use by dissolving the vial content in anhydrous and amine-free DMF or DMSO. Depending on the quality of the solvent used, such solutions may be of limited stability.

Dye with **free carboxy group (COOH)** may be used for any kind of spectroscopy. Stock solutions can be prepared with water or aqueous buffer. Due to the high extinction coefficient and its high quantum yield of fluorescence this product is suitable for high-sensitivity detection including single-molecule work. The dye can be activated at the carboxy group for coupling to bio-molecules. For this purpose, dry and amine free DMF or DMSO must be used to dissolve the dye.

The **NHS-ester** of the dye reacts easily with amino-groups of proteins and other bio-molecules. Since the amino-group must be non-protonated to be reactive, the pH of the reaction solution has to be adjusted sufficiently high. As with all NHS-esters unavoidable hydrolysis takes place at high pH and competes with the desired labeling reaction. Therefore the solution has to be buffered carefully. For details see the Labeling Protocol on www.atto-tec.com.

The **maleimide** is suitable for labeling sulfhydryl (thiol) groups of proteins, in particular cystein residues. See Labeling Protocol on www.atto-tec.com.

The **biotin** derivative can be used as reagent for binding to proteins like avidin and streptavidin.

Phalloidin, a bicyclic heptapeptide, is a very strong binding reagent to actin. Fluorescent labeled phalloidin has become a useful tool to investigate the distribution of F-actin within the cytoskeleton of cells by fluorescence microscopy. To prepare a stock solution of the phalloidin-conjugate it is recommended dissolving the sample in 1 ml of methanol.

The **amine** derivative may be used for reactions with activated carboxy-groups like NHS-esters, TFP-esters etc.

The **azide** or **alkyne** and **DBCO** modification are “click-reagents” and used in the Huisgen reaction and in case of DBCO in a “strain-promoted” azide-alkyne cycloaddition (“click-chemistry”).

The **iodoacetamide** derivative reacts, like the maleimide, with a sulfhydryl group forming a thioether bond. It is predominantly used for tagging cystein residues of proteins.

The **hydrazide** derivative is used to modify aldehydes and ketones.

The **cadaverine** derivative can be used as a fluorescent amine donor substrate for transglutaminases.

The **tetrazine** derivative readily reacts in a bioorthogonal way with strained alkenes or alkynes such as trans-cyclooctenes (TCO) or cyclooctynes like bicyclo[6.1.0]non-4-yne (BCN), respectively.

Further Notes:

- ATTO-TEC products are high-quality reagents intended for research purposes only.
- The use of ATTO-TEC products must be supervised by technically qualified personnel experienced in handling potentially hazardous chemicals. For safety instructions please read the corresponding Material Safety Data Sheet.
- Most ATTO-TEC products and product applications are covered by European and foreign patents.
- Commercial use of ATTO-TEC products is not permitted without written agreement by ATTO-TEC GmbH. Inquiries for licensing may be directed to info@atto-tec.com.